

## Index

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Problem Definition
- 3. Solutions
- 4. Exploded and Collapse View
- 5. Real Prototype
- 6. Environmental, Economical and Safety considerations
- 7. Limitations
- 8. Teamwork
- 9. Conclusion
- 10. References

# 1 out of 400

Canadians are diagnosed with cerebral palsy, a disorder that prevents the individual from freely moving. [5]



# Exorbitant prices.

Wheelchairs will **range in price** depending on the **make**, **model**, and **accessories**.

But countless **families cannot afford** the **abrupt prices** for mobility aid that their child needs.

That's why a **low-cost** made out of **recyclable material** wheelchair is an excellent option.



### **Problem Definition**

#### **Objectives**

- Safe for a 2-3year-old child.
- **Affordable** for low-income families.
- Environmental friendly with recyclable material.
- Easy to use and easy to assemble.

#### **Constraints**

- Can take more than 35 pounds.
- No sharp edges or small parts that can pose a choking hazard.
- All surfaces must be adequately sealed.



**Objective tree** Wheelchair Affordability Safety Ease of use Safe for the Affordable Affordable Easy everyday Easy installation Safe to use environment materials consumer price use Best quality-price Recyclabe Easy assemble Robust relationship Cheap to produce Lightweight material materials Environmental Cheap to Durable materials Easy dissasemble Small footprint friendly maintain No dangerous Easy to move Cheap to fix pieces around

# Importance chart

Safe for a 2-3-year-old kid	10
Easy to assemble/disassemble	7
Easy to store	6
Easy to move around	9
Comfortable	8
Low retail price	8
Low manufacturing cost	7

# Design process

We started by identifying needs and constraints of children with cerebral palsy. We looked at **current solutions** and how they were being solved. After we **brainstormed** and came up with different ideas. We selected the best features and worked on implementing them all on a single design. We built a prototype to get a clearer idea. We tested the prototype and then we revised our design and created a new improved design.



### **Solution 1**

We wanted to make something standard but at the same time different too. We came up with a design that focused on the freedom of movement.

In the end, we found that we could structure everything more efficiently, with same functions on a smaller form factor.

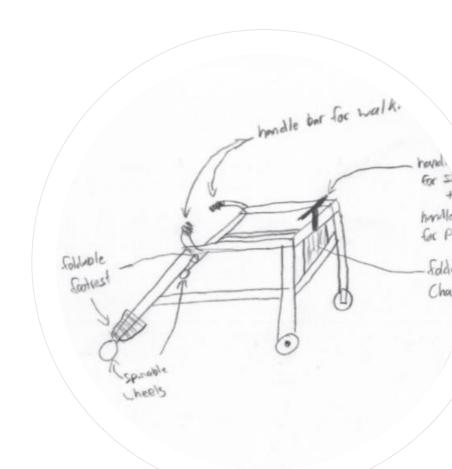


### Solution 2

Our approach was to make a **simpler** design able to be used as a **walker** and a **chair**.

It also has 2 sets of **handlebars**, one for the **user** and one for a **parent** to **push**.

We did **not choose** this design as we found that the frame did **not** have **enough** structural **support**.



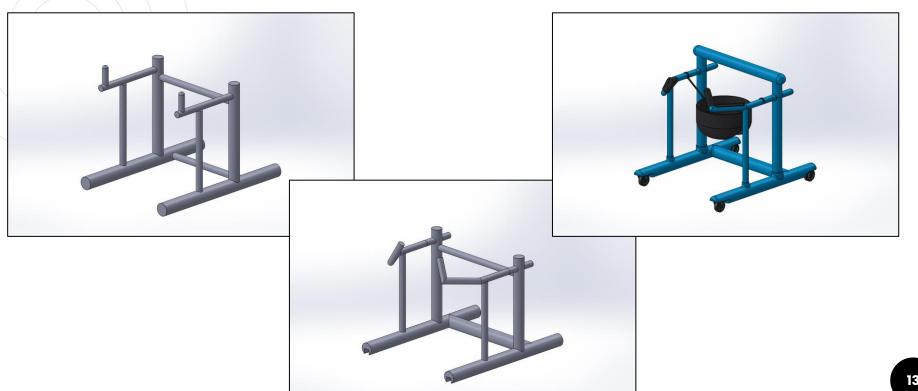
### **Final Solution**

This design is **lightweight** and compact, we used aluminum in Solidworks and cardboard in the real prototype, so it can be **portable** and **easy to use**.

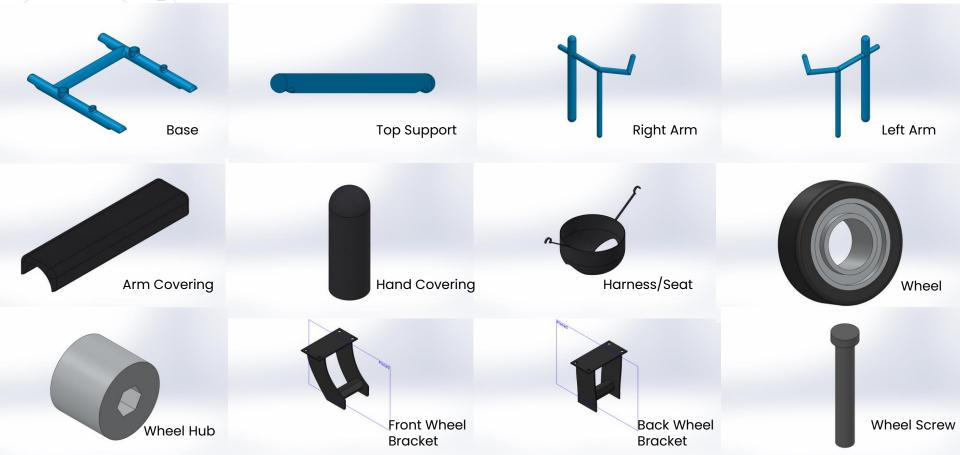
This is an **improved design** based on our second solution, which will let the user be able to **sit** down by using a harness being **more comfortable**.



## **Iterative Process**



# Components



#### Allow movement with **Function tree** wheels Mount structure to the Move structure around wheels Distribute weight into four contact points Hold all parts together Direct weight into wheels Hold a 2-3 year old kid Hold parts and distribute and allow free weight movement. Aid user grab onto wheelchair with handlebars Secure user by having good structural support Actuate as a holder/support for the kid Secure child in position Hold kid in place avoiding accidental falls Satisfy normal comfort

standards for use in long periods of time

## **Decision matrix**

Design criteria Weighting factor	Use of standard parts	Safe	Simplicity and maintenance	Durability	Public acceptance	Reliability	Cost to develop	Cost to buyer	Performance	Sum
Alternatives	0.05	0.16	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.13	0.10	0.13	0.11	1.0
Solution 1	4 0.2	7	6 0.66	8 0.88	8 0.8	6	5 0.5	5 0.65	6 0.66	6.25
Solution 2	7 0.35	8 1.28	8 0.88	9 0.99	8 0.8	7 0.91	7 0.7	6 0.68	8 0.88	7.47
Solution 3	8 0.4	9 1.44	9 0.99	9 0.99	8 0.8	9 /1.17	7 0.7	8 1.04	10 1.1	8.63

# Environmental Considerations.

We built our SolidWorks version out of aluminum 6061 alloy. It is sustainable, can be recycled multiple times. For our real life prototype, we used cardboard, which can be recycled easily and be used for other purposes. [6][7]



# Economical Considerations.

We worked with **aluminum 6061 alloy** in our SolidWorks version. **Other** metals are far more **expensive**. For our real prototype, we worked with **cardboard tubes**. In total we spent around **\$40.00** for all necessary supplies.



## Safety Considerations.

The entire design has **no sharp edges** to prevent from getting cuts. We went with a **harness** kind of seat that would protect the user by **safely securing** them, unlike a normal seat, where they could fall out.



## Limitations

Had to be made out of cardboard, which made the overall structure less durable. Was not weather resistant as it can lose durability when sitting in wet conditions. Needs different sidearm components in order to change heights which would cost more money.

## Teamwork



### Meeting 1

Team Member	<b>Current Task</b>	<b>Completion State</b>	Next Task
Luka	Coming up with	50%	Continuing to look
	Solutions		for other solutions
Toma	Coming up with	50%	Starting
	Solutions		report/research
Emiliano	Coming up with	50%	Design/Building 1st
	Solutions		solution

### Meeting 2

Team Member	<b>Current Task</b>	<b>Completion State</b>	Next Task
Luka	Coming up with Solutions		Build an iteration of
		80%	final design on
			SolidWorks
Toma	Designing 2nd	90%	Starting
	Solution		report/research
Emiliano	Designing 1st	70%	Build 1st solution on
	Solution		SolidWorks

## Teamwork



### Meeting 3

Team Member	Current Task	<b>Completion State</b>	Next Task
	Finish building first		Start the final
Luka	iteration of final	95%	iteration of final
	solution		design
Toma	Researching and	30%	Continue to research
	writing report		and write report
Emiliano	Finish building first solution on SolidWorks	85%	Start writing the Design Problem

### Meeting 4

Team Member	<b>Current Task</b>	<b>Completion State</b>	Next Task
Luka	Finishing the final solution design on SolidWorks	95%	Building Real-Life Prototype
Toma	Continuing to research and write report	60%	Building Real-Life Prototype
Emiliano	Working on various charts and tables	60%	Researching for the report

## Teamwork



Team Member	Current Task	<b>Completion State</b>	Next Task
Luka	Create Sketches for final design and help finish the report	85%	Record testing of Real Life Prototype
Toma	Finishing Report	89%	Record testing of Real Life Prototype
Emiliano	Start making Exploded/Collapse Video	60%	Start making Powerpoint

### Meeting 6

Team Member	Current Task	<b>Completion State</b>	Next Task
Luka	Making Powerpoint Video	40%	Hand in Project 3
Toma	Making Powerpoint Video	40%	Hand in Project 3
Emiliano	Making Powerpoint Video	40%	Hand in Project 3



We achieved plenty of designs on how to create a cerebral palsy walker. We came up with designs to make the best possible walker that can also be used as a chair. Our objective was to build a prototype on SolidWorks from the sketches we came up with. After that we built and assembled a simple, lightweight version made out of cardboard, being cheap, accessible and sustainable.

In the final design, we achieved all of our functions, objectives and constraints. Our final solution designed on SolidWorks was made out of aluminum, while the real-life prototype was built out of cardboard tubes. Both materials are affordable, highly recyclable, lightweight and durable.

For future improvements, we would add telescopic pieces in the arms and the base to adjust the width and height. We would also add a variety of different colours for children to choose from, allowing them to be personalizable. Finally, we would test different types of weather coating to further protect the design from corroding.

# Thanks!

### If you have any questions

don't hesitate to contact us.

Luka Aitken Toma Aitken Emiliano Garcia

## References

- 1. Leigh Day, 2017.
- 2. iStock, 2017.
- 3. Nicklaus Children's Hospital, 2018.
- 4. LER Pediatrics, 2015.
- 5. "Cerebral Palsy Diagnosis." CanChild. https://www.canchild.ca/en/diagnoses/cerebral-palsy#:~:text=400,common%20physical%20disability%20in%20children [Accessed November 20, 2020].
- 6. "Why is Recycling Aluminum so important?" Alupro. https://alupro.org.uk/consumers/why-is-recycling-aluminium-so-important/#:~:text=Aluminium%20can%20be%20recycled%20forever,the%20metal%20from%20raw% 20materials [Accessed November 23, 2020]
- 7. "Multi-Purpose White Glue Features and Benefits." Lepage. https://www.lepage.ca/en/lepage-products/build-things/wood-glue/multi-purpose\_whiteglue.html [Accessed November 23, 2020]
- 8. Gettylmages, 2020.