

Simple Command Line Debugger (JDI)

Usage

1. `javac -g Debuggee.java`
2. launch debugger
3. input command "launch Debuggee"
4. use "help" to list other commands

Example

launching:

```
> launch Debuggee
VM started
1: public class Debuggee {
2:     boolean field = true;
3:     String name = "Debuggee";
4:     public static void main(String[] args) {
5:         printHello();
6:         int i = 1;
7:         Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:         int j = i * 2;
9:         for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
10:             j += k;
11:         }
12:         System.out.println(j);
13:     }
14:
15:     public static void printHello() {
> break 10
1: public class Debuggee {
2:     boolean field = true;
3:     String name = "Debuggee";
4:     public static void main(String[] args) {
5:         printHello();
6:         int i = 1;
7:         Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:         int j = i * 2;
9:         for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
*:             j += k;
11:         }
12:         System.out.println(j);
13:     }
14:
15:     public static void printHello() {
Breakpoints:
1: Debuggee:10
> 
```

breakpoints:

```

> break 7
1: public class Debuggee {
2:     boolean field = true;
3:     String name = "Debuggee";
4:     public static void main(String[] args) {
5:         printHello();
6:         int i = 1;
*:        Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:         int j = i * 2;
9:         for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
*:            j += k;
11:        }
12:        System.out.println(j);
13:    }
14:
15:    public static void printHello() {
Breakpoints:
1: Debuggee:10
2: Debuggee:7
> remove 2
1: public class Debuggee {
2:     boolean field = true;
3:     String name = "Debuggee";
4:     public static void main(String[] args) {
5:         printHello();
6:         int i = 1;
7:         Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:         int j = i * 2;
9:         for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
*:            j += k;
11:        }
12:        System.out.println(j);
13:    }
14:
15:    public static void printHello() {
Breakpoints:
1: Debuggee:10
> 

```

stepping, locals, and stack trace:

```

> into
Event: StepEvent@Debuggee:16 in thread main
Current position: printHello at line 16
7:      Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:      int j = i * 2;
9:      for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
*:      j += k;
11:     }
12:     System.out.println(j);
13: }
14:
15: public static void printHello() {
16:     System.out.println("Hello World");
17: }
18: }
> into
Event: StepEvent@java.io.PrintStream:1027 in thread main
Current position: println at line 1027
java.lang.String x = "Hello World"
Source file not found in local directory: java/io/PrintStream.java
1018:
1019: /**
1020:  * Prints a String and then terminate the line.  This method behaves as
1021:  * though it invokes {@link #print(String)} and then
1022:  * {@link #println()}.
1023:  *
1024:  * @param x  The {@code String} to be printed.
1025:  */
1026: public void println(String x) {
1027:     if (getClass() == PrintStream.class) {
1028:         writeln(String.valueOf(x));
1029:     } else {
1030:         synchronized (this) {
1031:             print(x);
1032:             newLine();
1033:         }
1034:     }
1035: }
1036:
1037: /**
> locals
java.lang.String x = "Hello World"
> trace
java.io.PrintStream.println(java.lang.String) at line 1027
Debuggee.printHello() at line 16
Debuggee.main(java.lang.String[]) at line 5
> 

```

other step commands:

```

> out
Event: StepEvent@Debuggee:17 in thread main
Current position: printHello at line 17
8:      int j = i * 2;
9:      for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
*:          j += k;
11:     }
12:     System.out.println(j);
13: }
14:
15:     public static void printHello() {
16:         System.out.println("Hello World");
17:     }
18: }
> out
Event: StepEvent@Debuggee:6 in thread main
Current position: main at line 6
java.lang.String[] args = []
1: public class Debuggee {
2:     boolean field = true;
3:     String name = "Debuggee";
4:     public static void main(String[] args) {
5:         printHello();
6:         int i = 1;
7:         Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:         int j = i * 2;
9:         for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
*:             j += k;
11:         }
12:         System.out.println(j);
13:     }
14:
15:     public static void printHello() {
16:         System.out.println("Hello World");
> over
Event: StepEvent@Debuggee:7 in thread main
Current position: main at line 7
java.lang.String[] args = []
int i = 1
1: public class Debuggee {
2:     boolean field = true;
3:     String name = "Debuggee";
4:     public static void main(String[] args) {
5:         printHello();
6:         int i = 1;
7:         Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:         int j = i * 2;
9:         for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
*:             j += k;
11:         }
12:         System.out.println(j);
13:     }
14:
15:     public static void printHello() {
16:         System.out.println("Hello World");
17:     }
> 

```

continue to breakpoint:

```

1: public class Debuggee {
2:     boolean field = true;
3:     String name = "Debuggee";
4:     public static void main(String[] args) {
5:         printHello();
6:         int i = 1;
7:         Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:         int j = i * 2;
9:         for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
10:             j += k;
11:         }
12:         System.out.println(j);
13:     }
14:
15:     public static void printHello() {
16:         System.out.println("Hello World");
17:     }
18: }
> locals
java.lang.String[] args = []
int i = 1
Debuggee d = { field = true , name = "Debuggee" , }
int j = 2
int k = 0
> continue
Event: BreakpointEvent@Debuggee:10 in thread main
Hit breakpoint: 10 in Debuggee.main(java.lang.String[])
java.lang.String[] args = []
int i = 1
Debuggee d = { field = true , name = "Debuggee" , }
int j = 2
int k = 1
1: public class Debuggee {
2:     boolean field = true;
3:     String name = "Debuggee";
4:     public static void main(String[] args) {
5:         printHello();
6:         int i = 1;
7:         Debuggee d = new Debuggee();
8:         int j = i * 2;
9:         for (int k = 0; k < 10; k++) {
10:             j += k;
11:         }
12:         System.out.println(j);
13:     }
14:
15:     public static void printHello() {
16:         System.out.println("Hello World");
17:     }
18: }
> locals
java.lang.String[] args = []
int i = 1
Debuggee d = { field = true , name = "Debuggee" , }
int j = 2
int k = 1
> 

```