



Codebook SUBTITLE

Wave XX

INSTITUTE UNIVERSITY

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Labelling Scheme

The coding of variable labels follows a uniform scheme. The first two digits denote the wave. For example, for all variables gathered in the first wave, every variable starts with the two identical digits $w1_*$, accordingly with $w12_*$ for the eleventh wave.

The subsequent digits indicate the number of the question, equivalent to its position in the questionnaire. For example, w10_q4 denotes Question 4 of the Wave 10 questionnaire. A similar labeling applies to treatment variables or meta data variables. When the order of questions was randomized for respondents, this is mentioned explicitly.

The last few digits determine the position of an item or answer option in case of an item battery or multiple-answer question. For example, questions might allow multiple answers coded as binary variables for the respective answer choice. Likewise, there are many matrix questions that comprise several items. For example, w12_q5x3 would denote Item 3 from Question 5 in Wave 12. When the order of items was randomized for respondents, this is mentioned explicitly.

Missing Code Scheme

If applicable, missing values are coded as follows:

-22	not in panel
-33	unit nonresponse
-44	missing by m.o.p.
-55	missing by technical error
-66	missing by design
-77	not reached
-88	missing by filter
-97	nonvalid answer in survey (e.g. ambigious)
-99	item nonresponse

Presentation of randomisation

This wave included survey experiments. Randomly defined groups received different treatments in form of information and question texts. The treatment variables display the exact information and question texts for each group. If the treatment concerns the question text of a variable, the different versions will be presented along with the corresponding variable. The following scheme is used to present the different treatments (see Question 40 as an example):

- {...} indicates all treatment values belonging to one treatment variable,
- [...] indicates one treatment value within a treatment variable,
- // delimits the different treatment values and can be interpreted as an exclusive OR.

The control group often receives no information or a shortened question text (without additional information). The absence of an information or text is indicated with an empty field. Control group information are either recorded by a general treatment group variable or a specific treatment variable referring to the information/text. In the latter case, [] is used to refer to the (empty) control group value. Otherwise, {} indicates the (empty) control group value.





Question Types

The given question types explain the way respondents were allowed to answer a specific question. This is, either selecting a limited (single choice) or open (multiple choice) number of response options from a given list, inserting text or numeric values in open text boxes, or showing one's opinion via rating on a predefined continuum. The question type meta data does not result from respondents' answers, but records basic information on individual survey rounds and respondents.



CHAPTER

TITLE

w6_N_reg1

Variable name	w6_N_reg1
Variable label	NA
Dataset	dataframe_name
Item source	Data Source Name
Question type	MC
Chapter	CHAPTER
Title	TITLE
Comment	NA
Intro text	NA
Intro text (BN)	NA
Question text	Interviewer
Question text (BN)	ইন্টারভটি যে নচ্ছি
Item text	NÀ `
Item text (BN)	NA
` ,	
Value Labels	
1	Fahim
2	Farjana
3	Golam
4	Mukta
5	Tamim
6	Rahul
7	Sazak
8	Sumaiya
9	Shuprio
10	Md. Al Amin
11	Bonhi
12	Dania
13	Fozle
14	Kakoly
15	Parvej
16	Rakib
17	Subrina
18	Sunny
19	Ria
20	Rahe
21	Mousumi
22	Rabit
23	Other:
TT 1 T 1 1 (max-1)	
Value Labels (BN)	. •
1 (BN)	ফাহমি
2 (BN)	ফারজানা
3 (BN)	গণেলাম



. (===)		
4 (BN)	মুক্তা	
5 (BN)	তামমি	
6 (BN)	রাহুল	
7 (BN)	ফারদনি	
8 (BN)	সুমাইযা়	
9 (BN)	সুপ্রযি	
10 (BN)	আল-আমনি	
11 (BN)	বহ্ন	
12 (BN)	ডানযিূা	
13 (BN)	ফজল	
14 (BN)	কাকল	
15 (BN)	পারভজে	
16 (BN)	রাকবি	
17 (BN)	সাবব্রনিা	
18 (BN)	সান	
19 (BN)	রঘি়া	
20 (BN)	রাহ্যে	
21 (BN)	Mousumi	
22 (BN)	Rabit	
23 (BN)	অন্যান্যঃ	





w6_N_reg1_txt

Variable name	w6_N_reg1_txt
Variable label	NA
Dataset	dataframe_name
Item source	Data Source Name
Question type	MC
Chapter	CHAPTER
Title	TITLE
Comment	NA
Intro text	NA
Intro text (BN)	NA
Question text	Interviewer
Question text (BN)	ইন্টারভটি যে নচ্ছি:
Item text	NA
Item text (BN)	NA

The code scheme for missing valules can be found on page ${\color{black} \mathbf{2}}.$





w6_N_reg2

Variable name	w6_N_reg2
Variable label	NA
Dataset	dataframe_name
Item source	Data Source Name
Question type	MC
Chapter	CHAPTER
Title	TITLE
Comment	NA
Intro text	NA
Intro text (BN)	NA
Question text	Type of respondent [make sure to choose the right type!]
Question text (BN)	
Item text	NA
Item text (BN)	NA
Value Labels	
1	Household head (code ending in -H)
2	Youth (code ending in -YF or -YM)
Value Labels (BN)	
3	Female (code ending in -F)
4	Left-behind member of migrated respondent





w6_N_reg3

Variable name	w6_N_reg3
Variable label	NA
Dataset	dataframe_name
Item source	Data Source Name
Question type	TE
Chapter	CHAPTER
Title	TITLE
Comment	NA
Intro text	NA
Intro text (BN)	NA
Question text	Respondent code [copy&paste from the Google Sheet]
Question text (BN)	
Item text	NA
Item text (BN)	NA





w6_N_reg4

Variable name	w6_N_reg4
Variable label	NA
Dataset	dataframe_name
Item source	Data Source Name
Question type	MC
Chapter	CHAPTER
Title	TITLE
Comment	NA
Intro text	NA
Intro text (BN)	NA
Question text	Does the respondent code end in -F?
Question text (BN)	
Item text	NA
Item text (BN)	NA
Value Labels	
1	Yes
Value Labels (BN)	
2	No