

# The Pickup and Delivery Problem

*Intelligent Agents*  
*Course 2015/2016*

# Pickup and Delivery Problem PDP

- Constrained (multiple) Travelling Salesman Problem
- Logistic company with a fleet of trucks
- Goal: satisfy customer requests:
  - loads have to be transported from their origin location to their delivery point
- Several constraints can be added to the problem, such as the costs of the vehicles and crews or the fuel capacities
- GOAL: optimize profit

# Real World Problem!

- Real problem:
  - Companies are applying agent technology to Logistics

Classical Approach	Agents Systems
Large hierarchical apps	Societies of Small Agents
Batch	Real-time
Sequential Processing	Concurrent
Follow instructions	Negotiations on-the-fly
Static	Dynamic







# Satisfying Customer Requests

- Customer requests:
  - Tasks are spread over the topology
- Transportation tasks:
  - Pickup city
  - Delivery city
  - Loads in kg
  - Reward in CHF

# Lifecycles and Companies

- **Logistic companies :**
  - Owns one or more trucks
  - Fulfill customer requests
  - Several companies for the last exercises
- **Lifecycle:**
  - Working without interruption
  - until all tasks delivered
  - Exception: reactive agent (1st ex) will travel all the time

# Vehicles

- Fixed load capacity
- In some exercises, several loads at a time
- Starting place
- Obligated to deliver a load to its destination
- Cost function for a specific task:  
*function(route)*

# Planners/Behaviors

- «Brain» of the intelligent agents
- used to compute advanced plans
- decide what to do at every time step
- 4 planners to implement -> 4 exercises
  - Vehicle planners:
    - Reactive planner/behavior for a reactive agent;
    - Deliberative planner/behavior for a deliberative agent;
  - Company planners:
    - Centralized planner of cooperative agents;
    - Decentralized planner of self-interested agents.



# Exercises configurations

Exercise	Company	Vehicles	Tasks	Planner
<b>Reactive Agent</b>	1 company	N Reactive agents Move through the topology, sensing tasks	Spread out in the topology	Reactive planner: sensing function of tasks; selects actions on the basis of a learned state-action table
<b>Deliberative Agent</b>	1 company	1 Deliberative ag. Implements an optimal plan with state-based search algorithm.	Spread out in the topology	Deliberative planner: models all possible states; returns optimal plan
<b>Centralized Coordination</b>	1 company establishes a centralized plan for its cooperative vehicles	N veh. move with assigned tasks	Spread out in the topology	Centralized planner: models a constraint satisfaction problem
<b>Distributed Coordination</b>	N companies compete through an auction for tasks	Each company has its vehicles	Tasks attributed to different companies & exchanged through auctions	Decentralized planner prescribes a bidding strategy & computes plans for vehicles

# LogistPlatform

- A simulation platform for the Pickup and Delivery Problem
- Implements the PDP as presented
- Built on RePast
  - Discrete scheduler
  - Dynamic visualization
- Version 1.0

# LogistPlatform (continued)

- 3 configuration files:
  - e.g. topology.xml, reactive.xml, tasks.xml
- topology configuration file specifies the routes
- tasks configuration file specifies probabilities/tasks
- reactive.xml (deliberative.xml, ...) specifies the framework setup, for example the classpath to behaviors, number of agents and their parameters
- Implement custom agent behaviors, which act upon signals and generate appropriate responses
- Implement custom agents, which can interface with the platform in order to create more sophisticated behaviors (e.g. auction).

# Reactive Agent Exercise

- Study simple aspects of LogistPlatform (behaviors, configuration files)
- Program the Reactive Agent