# Exercise 3 - Functional Specification

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# 1 Objectives

# 1.1 Mandatory criteria

#### • Analysis

- Composition of the Bundestag by party, taking into consideration:
  Direkt-, Überhangs- and Ausgleichsmandate. Figure 1.
- Overview for each Wahlkreis. Figure 4.
- Each vote has to be stored separately.
- Compare results of current elections to former elections, especially those from 2009 and 2013

#### • Voting

- Accept and store votes from people who are eligible to vote.
- Only one first and second vote per person allowed

# • Privacy

- Votes have to be completely anonymous.
- Access to sensitive information (voters, adresses, names, ...) is to be restricted in such a way as to guarantee privacy.

### • Robustness

- Consistent state even after power loss or resetting of the system.

#### • Scalability

- An input of 150 million votes can be handled in 12 hours.
- Over the next 6 hours after voting has ended: 200,000 requests per minute can be handled at peak.

#### • Performance

- The average vote has to be registered in less than 15 seconds.
- $\,$  Calculation of the partial election results in less than 10 minutes.
- A web-page, showing the current election status has to be served in less than 20 seconds.
- Security: The system has to be SQL-Injection-proof.

#### 1.2 Desired criteria

• **Security**: The system has to reasonably resist attempts of intrusion or disruption (e.g. DDoS ...)

#### • Performance

- The vote has to be registered in less than 5 seconds.
- A web-page, showing the current election status has to be served in less than 2 seconds on average.

### 1.3 Optional critria

- Votes can be aggregated on Wahlkreis-level for faster analysis.
- Votes from former elections don't have to be kept.

### 1.4 Demarcation criteria

- No full compliance with the BWahlGV (partial results during running election, . . .).
- Voting Frontend running not only on hardware compliant with the BWahlGV.

# 2 Technical implementation

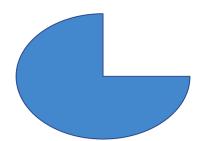
- **DBMS** storing the data specified in the data model.
- **Application Server** allows access to the data while ensuring privacy and security.
- Web-Frontend to show an analysis of the gathered data.
- Voting-Terminal has access to the database over the Application Server to register votes.

# 3 GUI-Mockups

See figures 1 to 5.

### 4 Data Model

See Figure 6.



| Party        | Direct Seats | Patry Seats | Additional Seats | Procent (%) |
|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| Х            | х            | х           | Х                | Х           |
| Х            | х            | х           | х                | Х           |
| Х            | х            | Х           | х                | Х           |
| Х            | х            | Х           | х                | Х           |
| Х            | х            | х           | х                | Х           |
| Х            | х            | х           | х                | х           |
| Unafilliated | х            | -           | -                | Х           |

Figure 1: Homepage

Figure 2: Candidate List

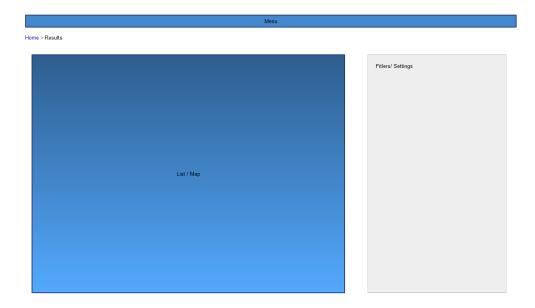


Figure 3: Overview Wahlkreise

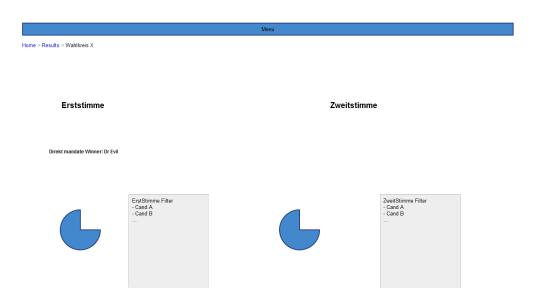


Figure 4: Detailed view for Wahlkreis

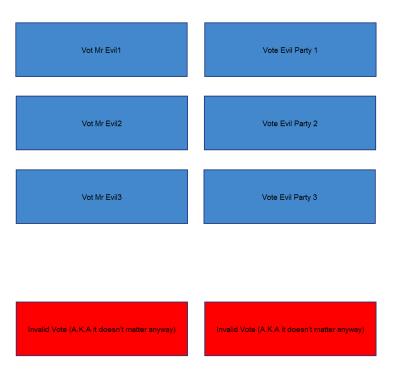


Figure 5: Voting GUI

