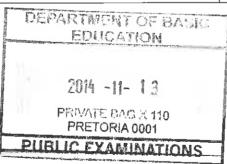
KEY TO TOPIC SYMBOLS:

F = Finance; M = Measurement; MP = Maps, Plans and other representations;

DH = **Data Handling**; **P** = **Probability**

QUES	TION 1 [38]		
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
1.1.1	17 % ✓✓RD	2 RD reading from diagrams	F L1
	OR $0,17 \checkmark \text{RD}$ OR $\frac{17}{100} \checkmark \checkmark \text{RD}$	Max 1 mark for 17 (2)	
1.1.2 (a)	R2 443,49 ÷ 24√M/A = R101,81√CA Accept correct answer only	1M/A division by 24 1CA only if using R2 100 NPR (2)	F L1
1.1.2 (b)	Original selling price = R1 989 + R210 ✓M/A = R2 199 ✓A Accept correct answer only	1M/A adding 1A simplify	F L1
1.1.2 (c)	$15\% \times R2\ 100 \ \mathbf{OR} \ \frac{15}{100} \times R2\ 100 \ \checkmark \mathbf{M/A}$ $\mathbf{OR} \ 0.15 \times R2\ 100$ $= R315 \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$ $\mathbf{Accept \ correct \ answer \ only}$	1M/A multiplying 1CA simplify	F L1
		(2)	



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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
1.1.2 (d)	Total payment = $R88 \times 30$ months = $R2 640 \checkmark M/A$ $\checkmark M$ Total cost = $R199 + R2640$ = $R2 839 \checkmark CA$	1RD reading values from advert 1M/A multiplication 1M addition of R199 1CA simplify	F L1(2) L2(2)
	Accept correct answer only	Accept R2 839,25 if the formula for Simple Interest is used	
		(4)	-
1.2.1	Clover milk ✓✓A	2A correct item	F L2
		Full marks if answer is given as 1 <i>l</i> (liter) OR milk only	
		(2)	
1.2.2	Cost of 1 tin of condensed milk = R16,95 - R1,00 = R15,95 ✓ M/A	1M/A subtracting	F L1
	Number of tins of condensed milk \checkmark M = R159,50 ÷ R15,95 = 10 \checkmark CA	1M division 1CA no. of tins	
	OR	OR	
	Cost of 1 tin of condensed milk = R159,50 \div R16,95 \checkmark M = 9,4 Number of tins of condensed milk $\approx 10 \checkmark \checkmark$ RO	1M division by R16,95 2 RO to 10 Max 1 mark for 9,4	
	Accept correct answer only DEPALTAL EDUCATION	with calculations Max 2 marks for 9 with calculations	
	59	(3)	

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
1.2.3	A = R289,52 + R29,07 = R318,59 OR	1M adding 1A simplify	F L1
	\checkmark M $A = 14,99 + 21,95 + R159,50 + R9,95 + R19,95 + R14,99 + R14,99 + R46,99 + R8,29 + R6,99$ $= R318,59 \checkmark A$ Accept correct answer only	1M adding 1A simplify 1 mark if one value is omitted	
1.2.4	12/10/2013 till 12/12/2013 ✓RD = 2 months ✓A OR 61 days OR 62 days OR 60 days Accept correct answer only	1RD Reading from slip 1A simplify Accept 2 or 3 days Max 1 mark for until (or up to) 12/12/2013	F L1
1.2.5	135 g ÷ 1000 = 0,135kg	1C Convert to kg 1M Dividing 1CA cost per kg	F L1
	R19,95 ÷ 135 g = R0,1477 per gram \checkmark M \checkmark C R0,14777 × 1 000 g = R147,78 OR \checkmark C 135 g : 1 000 g R19,95 : x \checkmark M $x = R19,95 \times 1 000 \div 135 = R147,78$ Accept correct answer only	OR 1M Dividing 1C convert to kg 1CA cost per kg OR 1C Convert to g 1M multiply & divide 1CA cost per kg	

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
1.2.6		1M adding values 1A simplify	F L1
	OR ✓M R318,59 – (R21,95 + R8,29 + R46,99 + R159,50) = R318,59 – R236,73 = R81,86 ✓A Accept correct answer only	OR 1M adding values 1A simplify If one value is omitted only 1 mark	
1.2.7 (a)	B = R318,59 round down ✓CA =R318,55 ✓CA OR	1CA identify correct value for rounding 1CA rounding down from Q 1.2.3	F L1
	B = R318,59 round up ✓ CA =R318,60 ✓ CA Accept correct answer only	OR 1CA identify correct value for rounding 1CA rounding up from Q 1.2.3	
1.2.7 (b)	$C = R200 + (2 \times R100) = R400 \checkmark M/A$ $V M$ $D = R400 - R318,55$ $= R81,45 \checkmark CA$ $V M$ OR	1M/A adding money 1M Subtracting 1CA from Q 1.2.7(a) OR	F L1
	✓M D = R400 - R318,50 = R81,40 ✓CA Accept correct answer only	1M Subtracting 1CA from Q 1.2.7(a)	

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
1.2.8 (a)	Profit per packet = R14,99 - R12,00 = R2,99 \checkmark A Profit per dozen = $12 \times R2,99$ = R35,88 \checkmark CA	1M calculate profit per packet 1A profit 1A multiply by 12 1CA profit of 1 dozen	F L1
	OR	OR	
	Cost price per dozen = $12 \times R12,00$ = $R144 \checkmark A$ Selling price per dozen = $12 \times R14,99$ = $R179,88 \checkmark A$ Profit per dozen = $R179,88 - R144 \checkmark M$ = $R35,88 \checkmark CA$	1A cost price per dozen 1A selling price per dozen 1M calculate profit per dozen 1CA profit (4)	
1.2.8 (b)	Percentage mark up $= \frac{\text{selling price} - \text{cost price}}{\text{cost price}} \times 100\%$ $= \frac{\text{R14,99} - \text{R12,00}}{\text{R12,00}} \times 100\%$ $= 24,916\% \checkmark \text{A}$ $\approx 25\% \checkmark \text{RO}$	1 SF substitute in formula 1A simplify 1RO rounding to whole percentage	F L2
	OR	OR	
	Profit = $R14,99 - R12,00$ = $R2,99 \checkmark M$	1M profit	
	Percentage profit = $\frac{R2,99}{R12,00} \times 100 \%$ = 24,916 % \checkmark M $\approx 25 \% \checkmark$ RO	1M % profit simplify 1RO rounding to whole percentage	
	Accept correct answer only		
		(3)	[38]

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2.1.1 7 ✓ A 2A number of fields Accept 2 as answer (2) Length of fencing = 33 m ÷ 33 m = 66 m ✓ A Total length to buy = 70 m ✓ RO OR 14 rolls OR Length of fencing = 33 m × 2 = 66 m ✓ A Total length to buy = 70 m ✓ RO OR 14 rolls Accept correct answer only Max 2 marks for 1RO rounding to nearest 5 Max 2 marks for 1RO rounding to nearest 5 Max 2 marks for 165m or 33 rolls (3) Mumber of poles = 66 m ÷ 1,5 m = 44 poles Number of poles = 66 m ÷ 1,5 m = 44 poles OR Number of poles = (33 ÷ 1,5) × 2 = 44 poles OR Number of poles = (33 ÷ 1,5) × 2 = 44 poles Number of poles = (35 m + 33 m = 158 m ✓ A Length of old field : Length of extended field 125 : 158 ✓ M Accept correct answer only 1A length IM divide by 1,5 1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) (3) M L1 IA length	QUES	TION 2 [26]	PURUC FX	ere i ny jenetra penna majara
2.1.1 7 ✓ A 2A number of fields Accept 2 as answer	Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
Length of fencing = 33 m + 33 m = 66 m \checkmark A Total length to buy = 70 m \checkmark RO OR 14 rolls OR Length of fencing = 33 m × 2 = 66 m \checkmark A Total length to buy = 70 m \checkmark RO OR 14 rolls OR Length of fencing = 33 m × 2 = 66 m \checkmark A Total length to buy = 70 m \checkmark RO OR 14 rolls Accept correct answer only Accept correct answer only 1.1.2 OR Number of poles = 66 m \div 1,5 m = 44 poles OR IM multiplying by 2 1A length 1RO rounding to nearest 5 Max 2 marks for 165m or 33 rolls (3) IM using 66 m 1M dividing by 1,5 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) OR OR IM divide by 1,5 1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) (3) IN Maddition 1A length 1RO rounding to nearest 5 OR IM dividing by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) (3) IN Matting as a ratio using at least 125	2.1.1	7✓∕A	Accept 2 as answer	L1
Length of fencing = $33 \text{ m} \times 2 = 66 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$ Total length to buy = $70 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{RO}$ OR 14 rolls Accept correct answer only Accept correct answer only (3) Max 2 marks for 165m or 33 rolls (3) Musing 66 m 1M dividing by 1,5 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) OR OR Mumber of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ 1M divide by 1,5 1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) OR 1M divide by 1,5 1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) (3) New length = $125 \text{ m} + 33 \text{ m}$ = $158 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$ Length of old field: Length of extended field 125: $158 \checkmark \text{M}$ Accept correct answer only.	2.1.2 (a)	Length of fencing = 33 m + 33 m = 66 m \checkmark A Total length to buy = 70 m \checkmark RO OR 14 rolls	1M addition 1A length 1RO rounding to nearest 5	M
1.2 Number of poles = 66 m ÷ 1,5 m = 44 poles 1M using 66 m 1M dividing by 1,5 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) OR OR IM divide by 1,5 1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) IM multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) (3) IA length IA length IA length IA length IA length IA length IM writing as a ratio using at least 125 IM writing at least		Length of fencing = $33 \text{ m} \times 2 = 66 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$	1A length 1RO rounding to	
Number of poles = $66 \text{ m} \div 1,5 \text{ m} = 44 \text{ poles}$ Number of poles = $66 \text{ m} \div 1,5 \text{ m} = 44 \text{ poles}$ OR OR Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ IM using 66 m IM dividing by 1,5 1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) (3) New length = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \text{ poles}$ IA length Length of old field: Length of extended field 125: $(33 \times 1,5) \times 2 = 44 \times 1,5 \times $		Accept correct answer only	165m or 33 rolls	
Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44$ poles 1M divide by 1,5 1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) 1.3 New length = $125 \text{ m} + 33 \text{ m}$ = $158 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$ 1A length Length of old field: Length of extended field 125: $158 \checkmark \text{M}$ 1M divide by 1,5 1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 1.2 (a) 1A length 1A length 1M writing as a ratio using at least 125	2.1.2 b)	Number of poles = $66 \text{ m} \div 1,5 \text{ m} = 44 \text{ poles}$	1M using 66 m 1M dividing by 1,5 1CA no. of poles as whole number from	1 1
Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44$ poles 1 M multiply by 2 1 CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) 1.3 New length = $125 \text{ m} + 33 \text{ m}$ $= 158 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$ 1 A length 1 M multiply by 2 1 CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) 1 M L2 1 M multiply by 2 1 CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) 1 M multiply by 2 1 CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) 1 M multiply by 2 1 CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) 1 M multiply by 2 1 CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a) 1 M L2 1 M L2 1 M L2 1 M writing as a ratio using at least 125		OR	OR	
New length = 125 m + 33 m = 158 m ✓ A Length of old field: Length of extended field 125: 158 ✓ M Accept correct answer only M L2 IA length IM writing as a ratio using at least 125		Number of poles = $(33 \div 1,5) \times 2 = 44$ poles	1M multiply by 2 1CA no. of poles as whole number from Q 2.1.2 (a)	
125 : 158 ✓M 1M writing as a ratio using at least 125	.1.3			1
Accent correct answer only				
(2)		Accept correct answer only	using at least 125 (2)	

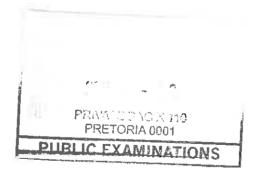
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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
2.1.4	Area = $158 \text{ m} \times 95 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{SF}$ $\checkmark \text{ CA}$ = $15\ 010 \text{ m}^2 \checkmark \text{A}$	1SF substitution 1CA area 1A unit of m ²	M L1(1) L2(2)
2.2.1	Diameter = $2\ 200\ \text{mm} \div 1\ 000 = 2,2\ \text{m} \checkmark \text{A}$ Accept correct answer only	1RT 2200 mm 1A diameter in m	M L1
2.2.2	Radius = 1,1 m \checkmark CA Volume = 3,142 × (1,1) 2 × 3 \checkmark SF = 11,40546 m 3 \checkmark CA = 11,40546 m 3 × 1 000 ℓ /m 3 \checkmark C = 11 405,46 litres \checkmark CA	1CA radius from Q 2.2.1 1SF substitution 1CA volume 1C multiply by 1 000 1CA litres	M L2
	OR	OR	
	Radius = 1,1 m \checkmark CA Volume = 3,142 × (1,1) 2 × 3000 \checkmark SF = 11 405,46 litres \checkmark \checkmark CA	1CA radius from 2.2.1 1C multiply by 1 000 1SF substitution 2CA litres Max 3 marks if calculation is simplified (with	
		out squaring) (5)	



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NSC-Memorandum

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
2.3.1	Time = $11:56 \checkmark RD$ Time it switched on = $11h56 - 2h45$ = $09h11$	1RD reading time 1M subtracting time	M L1(2) L2(1)
	Time it switched on = 09:11 ✓ A OR 9.11 am OR 11 minutes past nine in the morning.	1A simplify 09h11 only 2 marks	
	OR Time = 11:56 ✓RD Subtract 2 hours = 9h56 Subtract 45 minutes = 9h11 ✓M Time it switched on = 09:11 ✓A OR 9.11 am OR 11 minutes past nine in the morning	OR 1RD reading time 1M subtracting time 1A simplify Full marks if time is read as 11:55 with answer 09:10 or 09.10 a.m. or 10 minutes past nine in the morning	
2.3.2	Temperature in ${}^{\circ}F=(1,8\times25^{\circ})+32^{\circ}\checkmark SF$ $= 45^{\circ}+32^{\circ}$ $= 77^{\circ}\checkmark CA$ Accept correct answer only	1SF substitute 1A simplify 1CA degrees Fahrenheit	M L2
			[26]

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QUESTION 3 [25]		PRETORIAO	
		PUBLIC EXAMI	MATIONS
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
3.1.1	✓A The actual size of the shirt is 18 times bigger in reality than shown on the diagram	1A actual size 1A 18 times bigger	MP L1
	OR ✓A	OR	
	*Every unit in the diagram represents 18 units in reality	1A unit on diagram 1A 18 units in reality	
	VA OR VA *Every mm/cm on diagram = 18 mm/cm in reality	1A mm/cm diagram 1A 18 mm/cm reality	
	\checkmark_A OR The diagram is $\frac{1}{18}$ of the actual size of shirt. \checkmark_A	$1A\frac{1}{18}$	
		1A actual size of shirt	
	✓A OR ✓A The diagram is 18 times smaller than the actual shirt.	1A 18 times smaller 1A actual size of shirt	
		* Both units must be the same	
		(2)	
3.1.2	✓M 486 mm ÷ 18 = 27 mm ✓A	1M dividing by 18 1A scaled length	MP L2
	OR		
	$1:18=s:486 \ \checkmark M$	1M ratio	
	$18s = 486$ $s = \frac{486}{18} \text{ mm}$		
	= 27 mm ✓A	1A scaled length	
	Accept correct answer only	(2)	
		(2)	MD
.1.3	10 buttons (as seen on diagram) ✓✓A OR	2A number of buttons	MP L1
	11 buttons for assuming the collar has a button ✓✓A	2A number of buttons	
		(2)	i

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Ques	Solution	Explanding C EXAM	A 0001
3.1.4	Length of strip = 21,5 mm \checkmark A Actual length = 21,5 mm \times 18 \checkmark M = 387 mm \checkmark CA OR	1A length in mm 21mm OR 22mm 1M multiplication by 18 1CA simplify	MP L1(1) L2(2)
	Alternative possible measurements: Accept: 378 mm to 396 mm	(3)	
3.1.5	Right hand side ✓✓A	2A interpret diagram (2)	MP L1
3.2.1	$\sqrt{M/A}$ $K = 60 \text{ cm} + 90 \text{ cm} + 60 \text{ cm}$ $= 210 \text{ cm} \sqrt{A}$ Accept correct answer only	1M/A adding 1A simplify	MP L1
		(2)	7.50
3.2.2	Maximum number of persons= 9×4 = $36 \checkmark A$ Accept correct answer only	1M/A multiplying 1A no of persons	MP L1
3.2.3	$T = 900 \text{ cm} - 150 \text{ cm} - (3 \times 210 \text{ cm}) - (2 \times 50 \text{ cm})$ = 20 cm \checkmark CA	1RD length of 900 cm 1 CA tables × 3 1M subtracting values 1CA simplify	MP L2
	OR	OR 1M length of 210 cm 1M subtracting 1M correct values 1CA length	
	OR $\checkmark M \checkmark M \checkmark M$ $T = 900 - (60 \times 6) - (90 \times 3) - (50 \times 2) - 150$ $= 900 - 880$ $= 20 \text{ cm } \checkmark \text{CA}$ Accept correct answer only	OR 1M length of 6 chairs 1M length of 3 tables 1M spaces between tables 1CA simplify	
		(4)	

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NSC - Memorandum

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
3.2.4	TABLE 7	TABLE 1	MP L2
	TABLE 8 TABLE 5	TABLE 2	
	TABLE 9 TABLE 4	TABLE 3	
	1A line drawn northern direction (up), passing between 1A line drawn western direction (left) to point Y Does not have to be horizontal or vertical straight line indication of the route.	s. Accept any	
3.2.5	South West ✓✓A	1	MP L1
	Accept exact direction only	1 mark for North East Accept SSW or WSW or NNE or ENE	
		(2)	

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
3.2.6	Two tables joined requires 6 chairs $ \checkmark M \qquad \checkmark A $ Number of tables = $24 \div 6 = 4$ pairs OR 8	1M method 1A number of tables	MP L1
	OR	OR	
	2 Tables requires 6 chairs Ratio of tables as to chairs = 2:6 = 1:3	1M method (ratio)	
	Number of tables = $24 \div 3 = 8$ OR $24 \times \frac{2}{6}$	1A number of tables	
	Accept correct answer only	(2)	
			[25]

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0220	Solution	- I	-
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
4.1.1	R13,78 ✓✓RD	2 RD Class C cost (2)	DH L1
4.1.2	✓A ✓A Ihobhe and Sunbird	1A Ihobhe 1A Sunbird	DH L1
		Only 1 mark if two incorrect names added. No mark if more than two names added	
4.1.3 (a)	Mean = $\frac{\checkmark RT}{7,50 + 7,50 + 7,28 + 7,28 + 6,90 + 6,90 + 8,40 + 8,40 + 6,45}$ 17	1RT correct values	DH L2
	$+\frac{6,45+8,03+8,03+7,13+7,13+6,30+6,30+1,50}{17 \checkmark A}$	1A dividing by 17	
	$=\frac{117,48}{17}\checkmark\mathbf{M}$	1M sum of values	
	= R6,91 ✓CA Accept correct answer only	1CA mean (4)	
l.1.3 b)	Ordering: $\checkmark \checkmark M/A$ 1,50; 6,30; 6,30; 6,45; 6,45; 6,90; 6,90; 7,13; 7,13; 7,28; 7,28; 7,50; 7,50; 8,03; 8,03; 8,40; 8,40	2M/A ordering of values	DH L2
	Median = R7,13 ✓ CA Accept correct answer only	1CA median	
		(3)	

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
4.1.3 (c)	Median is the better representation \checkmark A V J The mean is affected by the R1,50 which is an outlier. OR VA Both the mean and the median are suitable representations because the difference between them (R0,22) is negligible \checkmark VJ	1A Identify the correct central tendency (with a possible reason) 2J Correct reason OR 1A both mean and median (with a possible reason) 2J Correct reason	DH L3
4.1.4	Difference = $R6.50 - R4.87 \checkmark M/A$ = $R1.63 \checkmark CA$	1RT reading values from table 1M/A subtraction (one value correct) 1CA difference (3)	DH L1
4.1.5	\checkmark M \checkmark CA $3,21:8,03=321:803$ OR $1:2,5$	1M ratio 1CA ratio simplified (2)	DH L1
4.1.6	Amount saved = $R5,63 - R2,91$ = $R2,72 \checkmark CA$	1M/A subtracting correct values of Pikoko 1CA value (2)	DH L1

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DBE/12 November 2014 Explanation, Topic PRIVATA 6AG X 1DH PRETORIA 0001L2 PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS Sunbird (5)DH 2A reading data L1(2)DН 1M sum of all given % L1 1CA required % OR

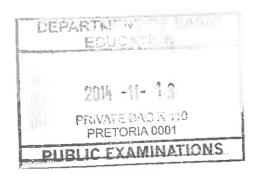
Solution Ques 4.1.7 E-toll tariffs of five selected gantries 20 16 12 VA A **Fariff** in rand 8 Flamingo Name of gantry 5A correctly drawing the 5 (five) bars/plotting the points correctly. NB: Sunbird may NOT be drawn on a gridline. MUST be between the 16 and 16,50 line. Max 3 marks if values of other columns are used on condition that all 5 bars are used from the same column of values 4.2.1 External Loans VVA OR E < **✓**CA 4.2.2 100% - (11% + 2% + 12% + 3% + 14%) = 58%OR 11%+2%+12%+3%+14% = 42% ✓M 1M sum of all given % $100\% - 42\% = 58\% \checkmark CA$ 1CA required % 1 mark if 1 value is Accept correct answer only omitted (2)

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
4.2.3	Value of External Loans = $\frac{\sqrt{RG}}{100} \times R587 646 376 \sqrt{M}$ = R82 270 492,64 \sqrt{CA}	1RG correct % 1M multiplying by R587 646 376 1CA loan amount	DH L1
	OR	OR	
	\sqrt{RG} $100\% - 14\% = 86\%$	1RG correct %	
	Value of External Loans ✓ M = R587 646 376 – 86% of R587 646 376 = R82 270 492,64 ✓ CA Accept correct answer only	1M subtracting 86 % of amount 1CA loan amount Penalty for incorrect rounding (3)	
4.2.4	Recreation Facilities ✓✓RG OR L ✓✓RG	2RG reading data (2)	DH L1
4.2.5	Twenty eight million , four hundred and one thousand, seven hundred and thirty six rand. \checkmark A	1A millions 1A word format of number	DH L1
		No penalty for units	
		(2)	
			[37]



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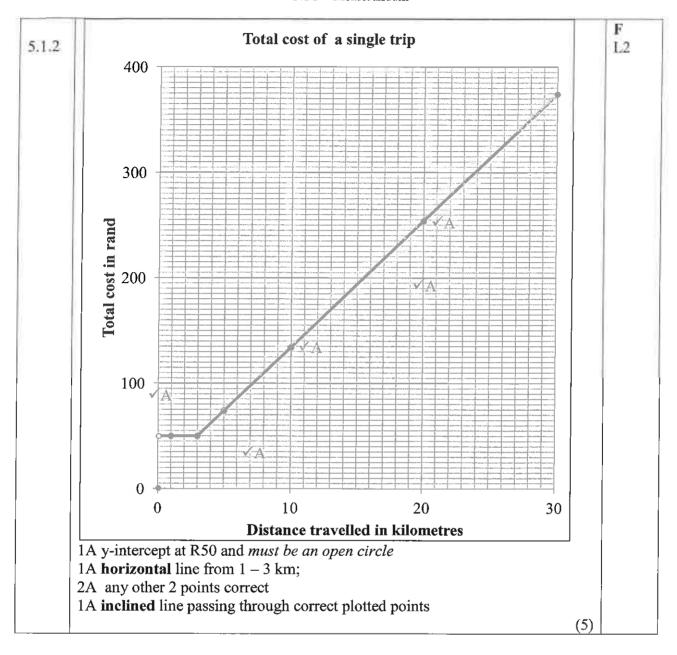
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
5.1.1		1A R50 call-out fee 1A R12 × no km	F L2
		1A no. km – 3 OR 1A R50 call-out fee 1A R12 × no km 1A no. km – 36	
	Cost (R) = $14 + 12 \times \text{number of kilometres}$	OR	
		2A R14 1A R12 × no. km	
	OR		
	Cost (R) = $50 + 12 \times (k - 3)$ Where k = number of kilometres	OR 1A 50 call-out fee 1A 12 1A k – 3 (with description of k)	
	Cost (R) = $14 + 12 \times k$ Where $k = \text{number of kilometres}$	OR 1A 50 – 36 1A 12 1A k (with description)	
	EDUCATION	Max 2 marks if variable is used and explained incorrectly	
		(3)	

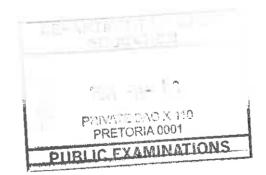
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PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS

UMALUSI EXT. MODERATOR DR. R. I. SINGH





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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
5.1.3	Cost (without call out fee) = R1 214 – R50 = R 1 164 \checkmark M Kilometres charged = R1 164 ÷ 12 = 97 km \checkmark M Distance travelled = 97 + 3 = 100 km \checkmark A	1M/A subtracting R50 1M dividing by 12 1M adding 3 km 1A distance	F L2
	OR $\checkmark M/A \checkmark M \checkmark M$ Distance = [(R1 214 - R50) ÷ R12] + 3 km = (R1 164 ÷ R12) + 3 km = 97 km + 3 km = 100 km \checkmark A	OR 1M/A subtract R50 1M divide by R12 1M Adding 3 km 1A distance in km	
	OR	OR	
	If number of kilometeres = n^{\checkmark} SF 1 214 = 50 + [12 × (n - 3)] 1 214 = 50 + 12 n - 36 12 n = 1 214 - 50 + 36 \checkmark S $n = \frac{1214 - 50 + 36}{12} \checkmark$ M	1SF substitution 1S simplify 1M dividing by 12	
	$=100$ \checkmark A	1A distance in km	
	OR	OR	
	Table used:	4A distance in km	
	Distance travelled = $\frac{\frac{1214 - R14}{R12 \cdot M} \text{ km}}{R12 \cdot M}$ = 100 km $\checkmark A$	OR 1M value of 14 1M divide by 12 2A distance	8 6 X 3 3
	Accept correct answer only	(4)	

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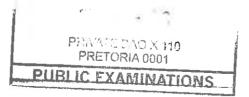
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
5.1.4	Total taxi fare = $R50 + (2 \times R12) + R100 + (5 \times R12)$ $\begin{array}{c} \checkmark S \\ = R50 + R24 + R100 + R60 \\ = R234,00 \checkmark CA \end{array}$	1M/A R50 call out fee 1M add R100 1S cost of R24 1S cost of R60 1CA cost of trip	F L1 (2) L2 (3)
	Return distance from meeting = $5 \text{km} \times 2 = 10 \text{ km} \checkmark A$ Reading from table: R134 for $10 \text{ km} \checkmark RT$ Taxi fare = R134 + R100 $\checkmark M$ = R234 \checkmark CA OR	OR 1M multiply 1A 10 km 1RT R134 1M add R100 1CA cost of trip OR 1M/A R50 call out fee 1M subtract 3 km 1M add R100 1S 84 1CA cost of trip OR 1M multiply 1A 10 km 1RG R134 1M add R100 1CA cost of trip Max three marks if answer is R174 or	
		R248 (5)	

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
5.2.1	W	w w	P L3
	\bigvee WIN (W) \bigvee A	WD	
	L	WL	
	▼ w	DW	
	\longrightarrow DRAW (D) \longrightarrow D	DL	
	L L	DL	
	VA W	LW	
	LOSE (L)	L D ✓A	
	L	LL	
	NOTE: Accept answers if written in words.	(3)	
5.2.2	C ✓✓A	2A statement (2)	P L1
5.2.3	5 √CA 9 √CA	1CA numerator 1CA denominator	P L3
	OR	OR	
	≈55,56% ✓ CA	2CA in % form	
	OR	OR	
	≈0,56√√CA	2CA in decimal form	
			[24]



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