Assignment 06

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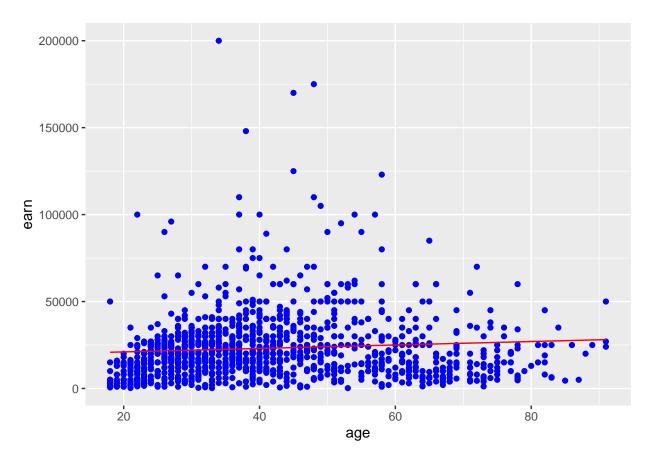
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```
## Set the working directory to the root of your DSC 520 directory
#setwd("~/Github Desktop/dsc520")
## Load the `data/r4ds/heights.csv` to
library(readr)
heights_df <- read_csv("data/r4ds/heights.csv")
## Rows: 1192 Columns: 6
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (2): sex, race
## dbl (4): earn, height, ed, age
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## Load the ggplot2 library
library(ggplot2)
## Fit a linear model using the `age` variable as the predictor and `earn` as the outcome
age_lm <- lm(earn~age, data = heights_df)</pre>
## View the summary of your model using `summary()`
summary(age_lm)
##
## lm(formula = earn ~ age, data = heights_df)
##
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                            3Q
                                 Max
## -25098 -12622 -3667
                         6883 177579
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 19041.53
                          1571.26 12.119 < 2e-16 ***
## age
                                   2.804 0.00514 **
                 99.41
                            35.46
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 19420 on 1190 degrees of freedom
```

```
## Multiple R-squared: 0.006561, Adjusted R-squared: 0.005727
## F-statistic: 7.86 on 1 and 1190 DF, p-value: 0.005137
```

```
## Creating predictions using `predict()`
age_predict_df <- data.frame(earn = predict(age_lm, newdata = heights_df), age=heights_df$age)

## Plot the predictions against the original data
ggplot(data = heights_df, aes(y = earn, x = age)) +
    geom_point(color='blue') +
    geom_line(color='red',data = age_predict_df, aes(y=earn, x=age))</pre>
```



```
mean_earn <- mean(heights_df$earn)
## Corrected Sum of Squares Total
sst <- sum((mean_earn - heights_df$earn)^2)
## Corrected Sum of Squares for Model
ssm <- sum((mean_earn - age_predict_df$earn)^2)
## Residuals
residuals
residuals <- heights_df$earn - age_predict_df$earn
## Sum of Squares for Error
sse <- sum(residuals^2)
## R Squared R^2 = SSM\SST
r_squared <- ssm/sst

## Number of observations
n <- nrow(age_predict_df)</pre>
```

```
## Number of regression parameters
p <- 2
## Corrected Degrees of Freedom for Model (p-1)
dfm <- p-1
## Degrees of Freedom for Error (n-p)
dfe <- n-p
## Corrected Degrees of Freedom Total: DFT = n - 1
dft \leftarrow n-1
## Mean of Squares for Model: MSM = SSM / DFM
msm \leftarrow ssm/dfm
## Mean of Squares for Error: MSE = SSE / DFE
mse <- sse/dfe
## Mean of Squares Total: MST = SST / DFT
mst <- sst/dft
## F Statistic F = MSM/MSE
f_score <- msm/mse</pre>
## Adjusted R Squared R2 = 1 - (1 - R2)(n - 1) / (n - p)
adjusted_r_squared \leftarrow 1 - (1 - r_squared)*(n - 1) / (n - p)
## Calculate the p-value from the F distribution
p_value <- pf(f_score, dfm, dft, lower.tail=F)</pre>
```