

DATA AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



Introduction to Data Analytics

DATA AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



Data Analytics, Data Science, and Machine Learning

Learning Objectives

By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

- 🕒 Define data science and machine learning
- 🕒 Differentiate between data science, machine learning, and data analytics



Introduction to Data Science

Data Science

Data science is the study of data, which involves gathering, storing, analyzing, and plotting data, to effectively extract useful information.



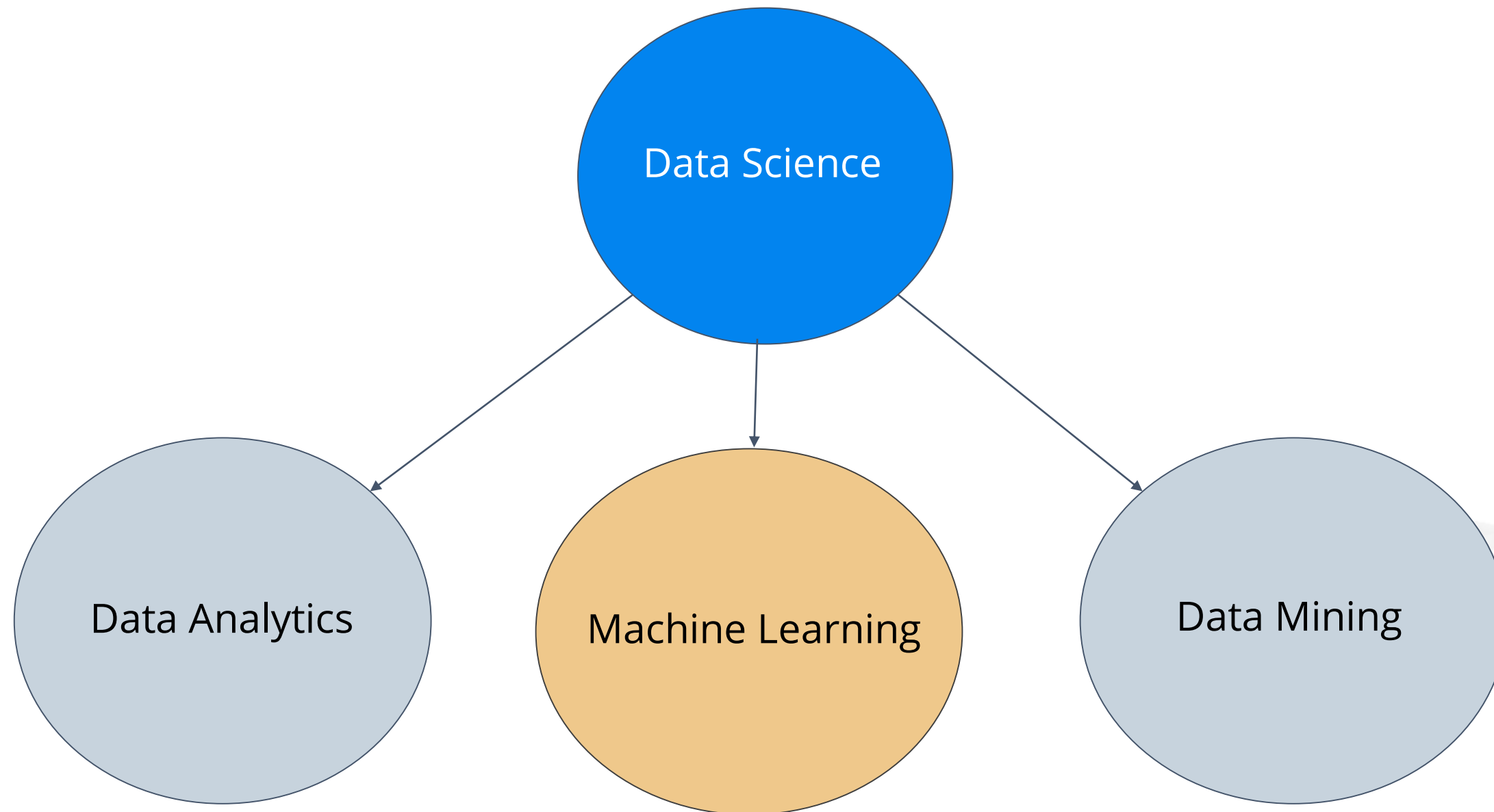
Aim: Gain meaningful insights from both structured and unstructured data.



Data Science



Types of Data Science



Data Analytics

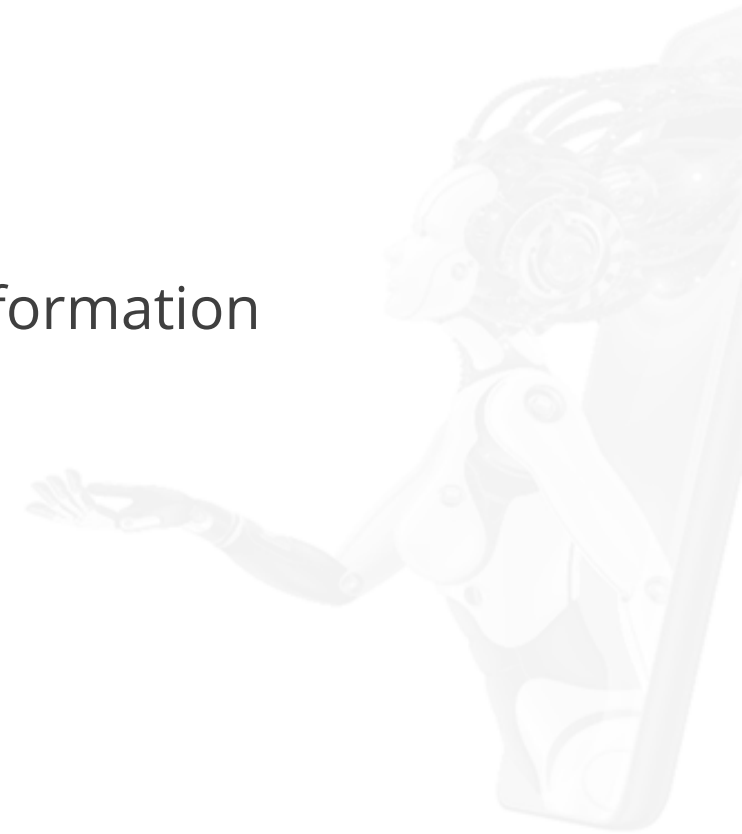
Data analytics is the process of examining and analyzing raw data sets to:

Draw conclusion



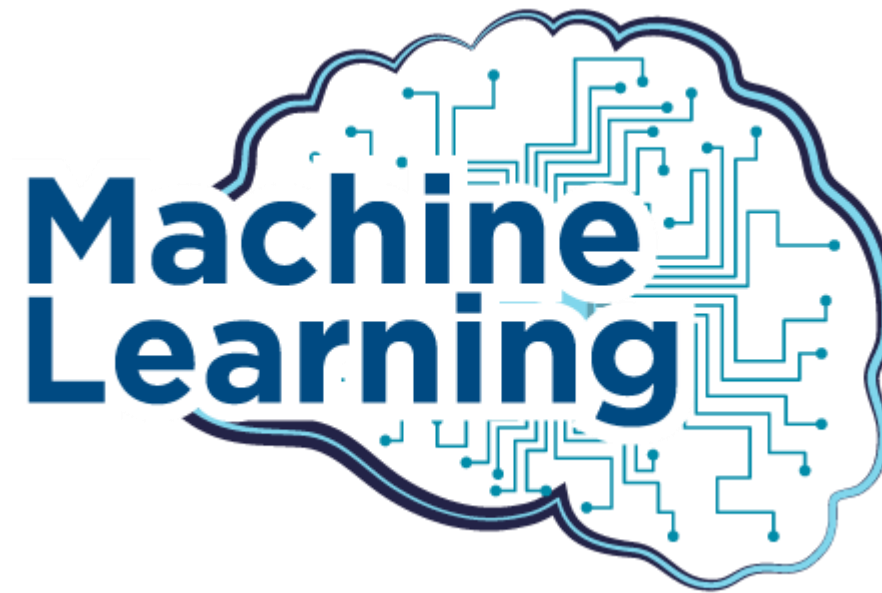
Derive insights from raw data
sources

Derive information

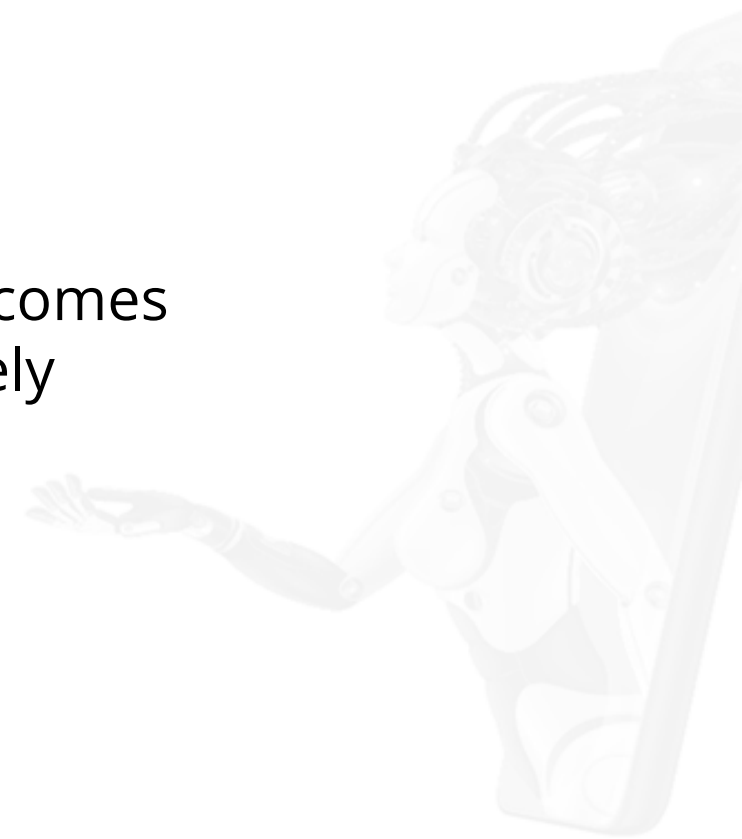


Machine Learning

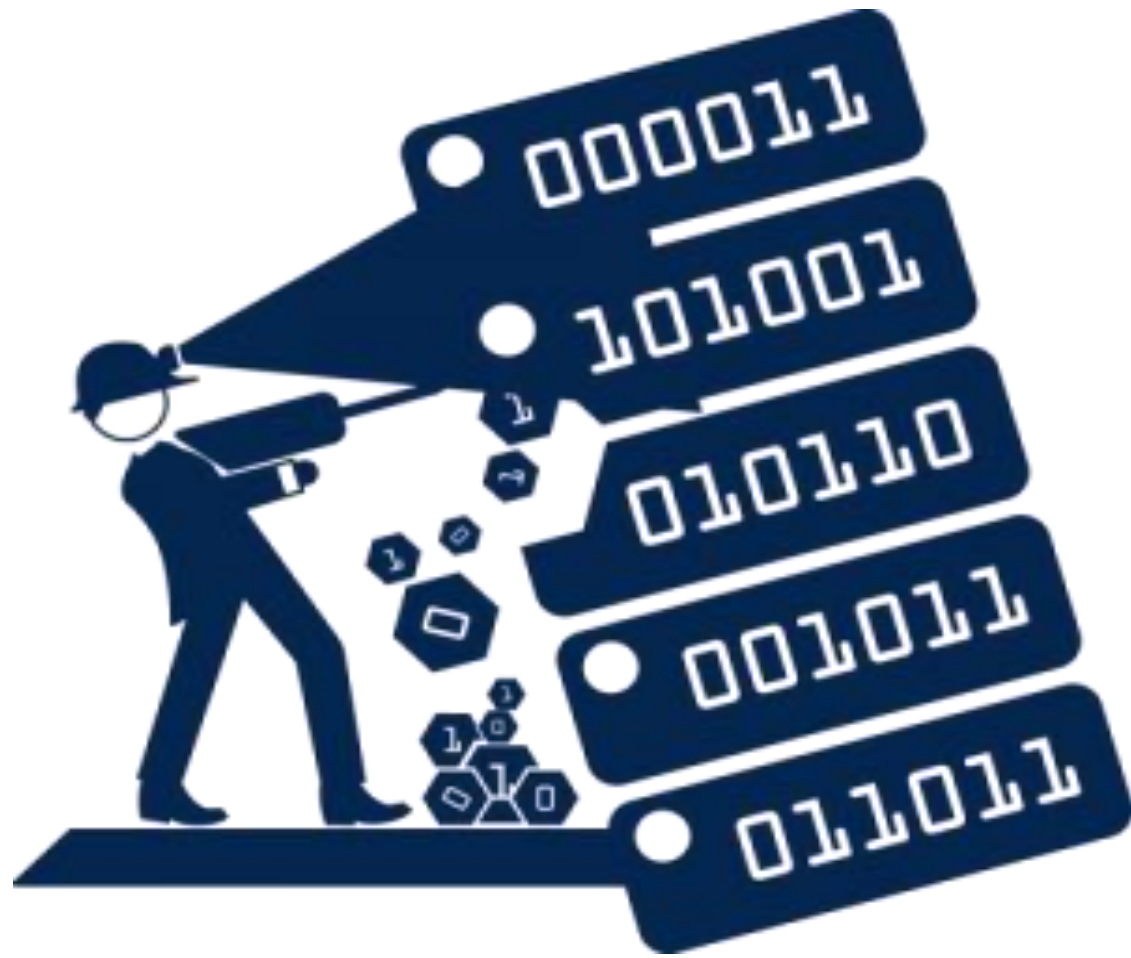
Learns from patterns in the past
using a set of algorithms



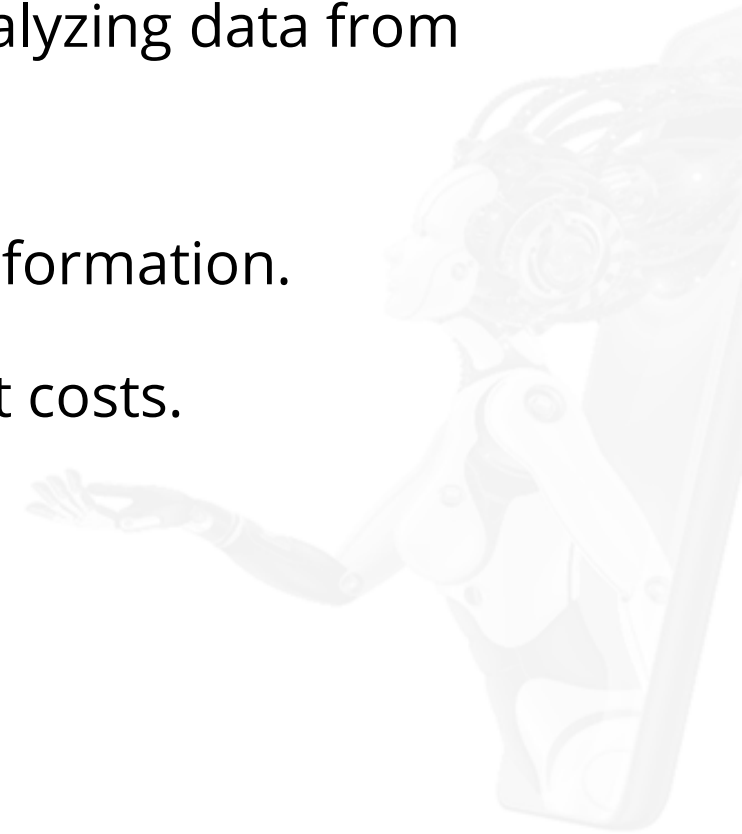
Predicts outcomes
accurately



Data Mining

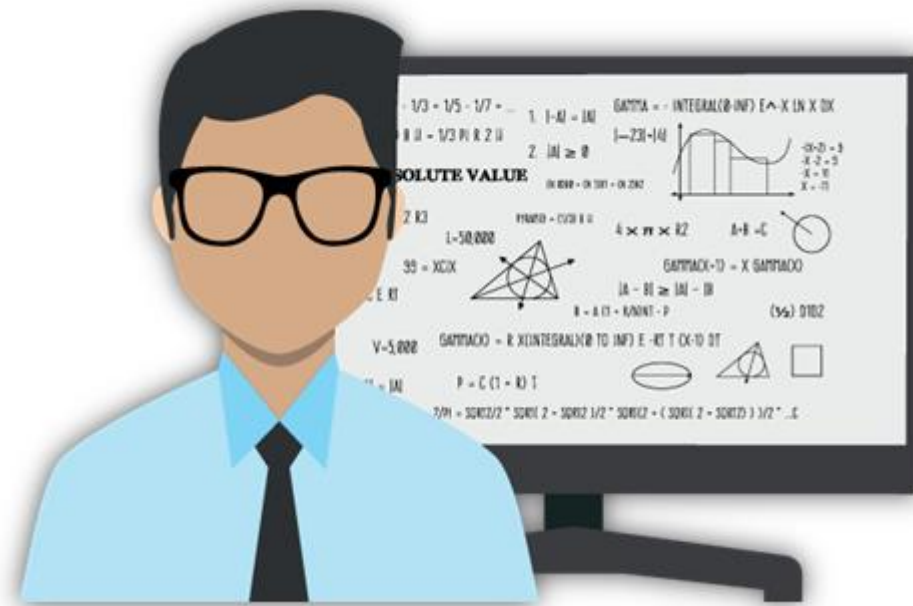


- Data mining is the process of analyzing data from different perspectives.
- It summarizes data into useful information.
- It helps increase revenue and cut costs.



Data Science, Data Analytics, and Machine Learning

Data Science and Data Analytics



Data Scientist



Forecasts the future
based on past patterns



Extracts meaningful insights
from various data sources

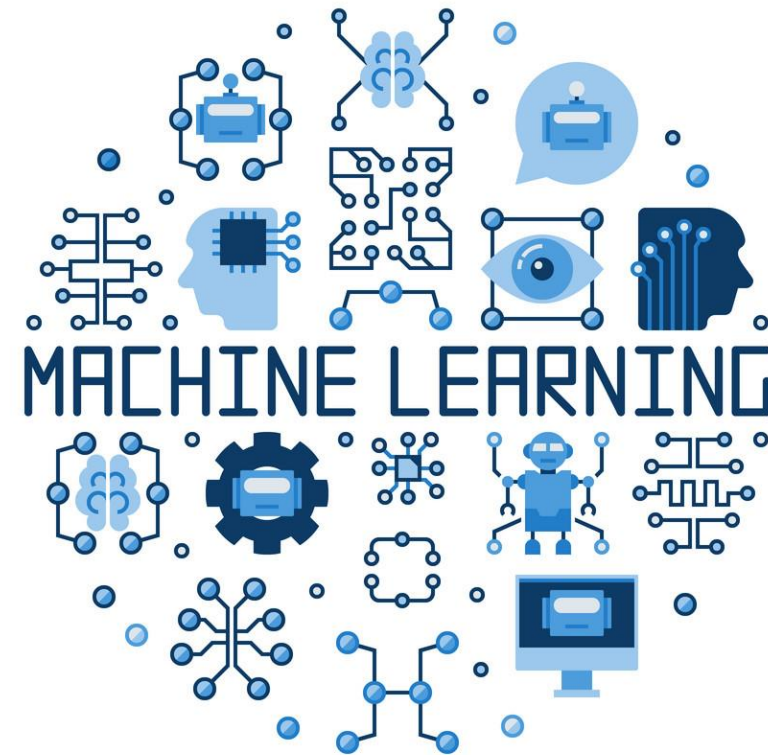


Data Analyst



Machine Learning

Machine learning creates systems that can learn from the data.



It is the ability of machines to predict outcomes based on patterns in the past.

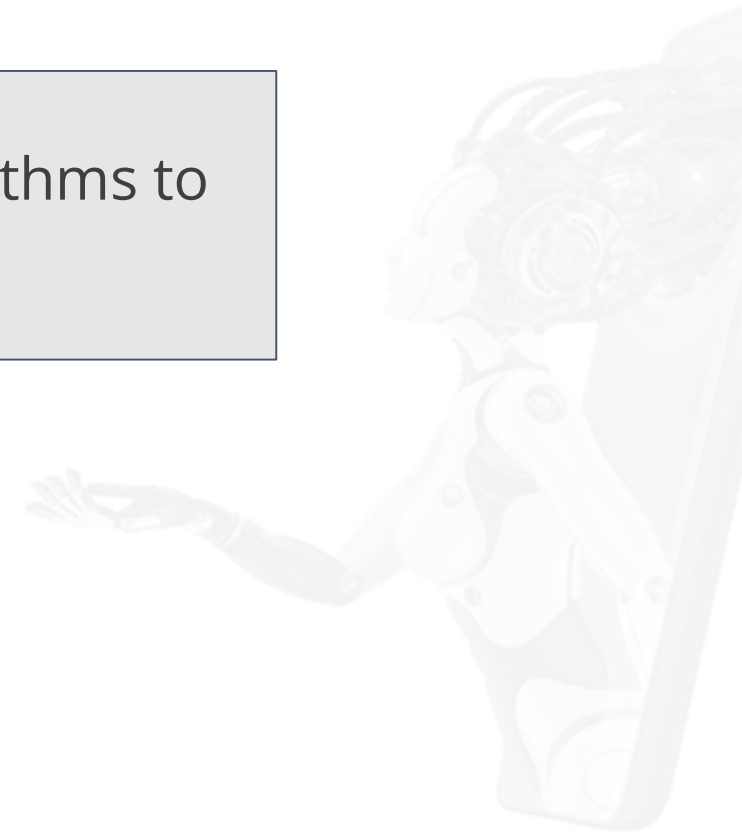


Machine Learning



Leverages various algorithms to train the machine

ML Engineer

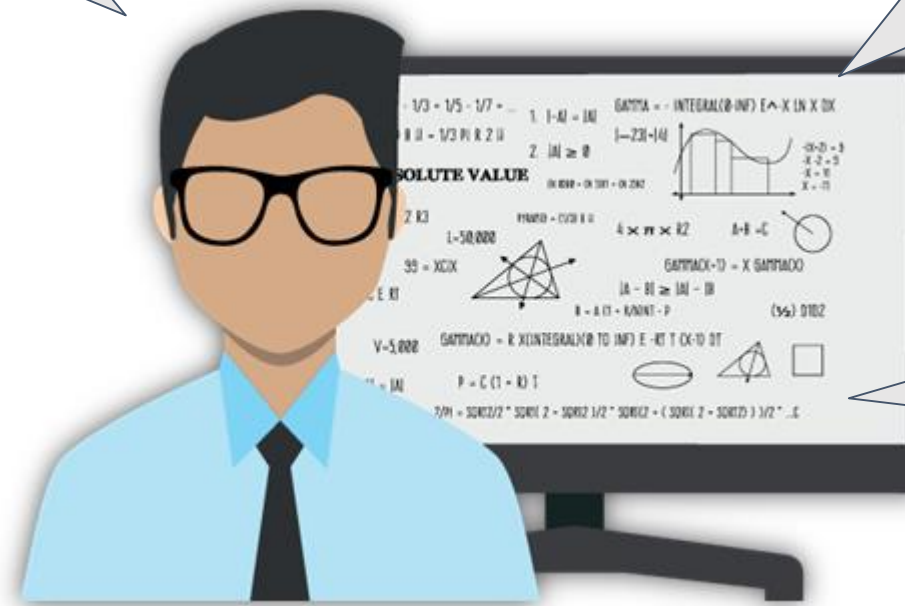


Data Science and Machine Learning

Extracts useful information from collected data sets

Understands data from a business point of view

Gathers data from various sources

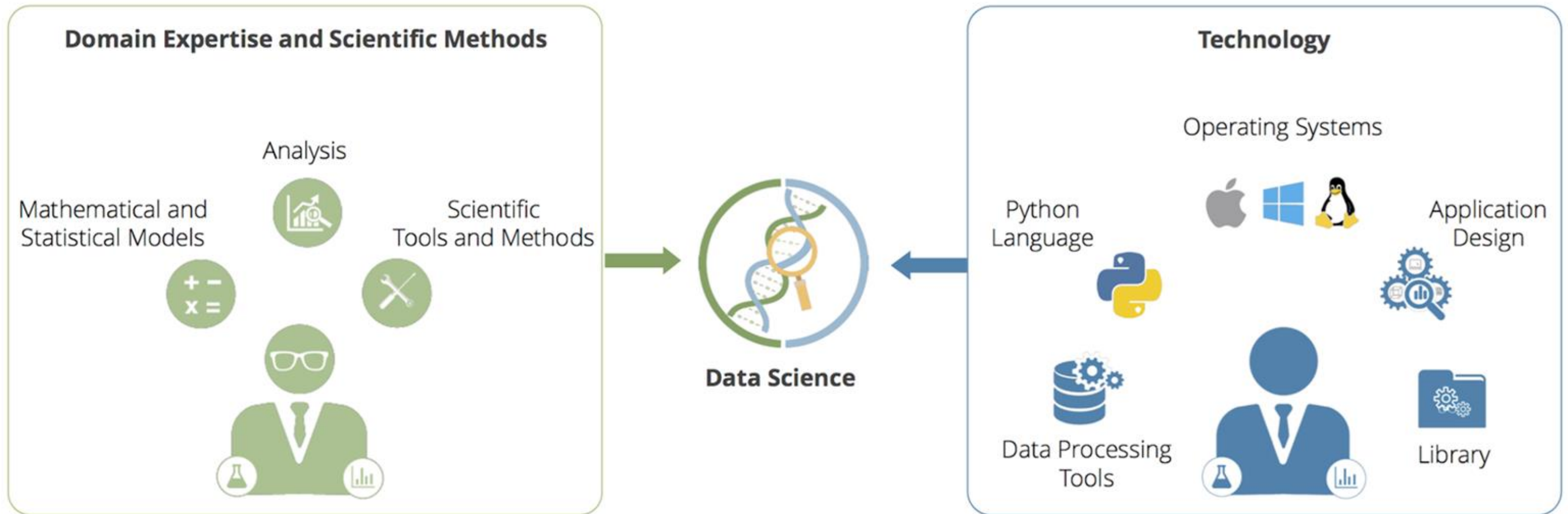


Data Scientist

Provides accurate predictions to improve key business decisions

Understanding Data Science

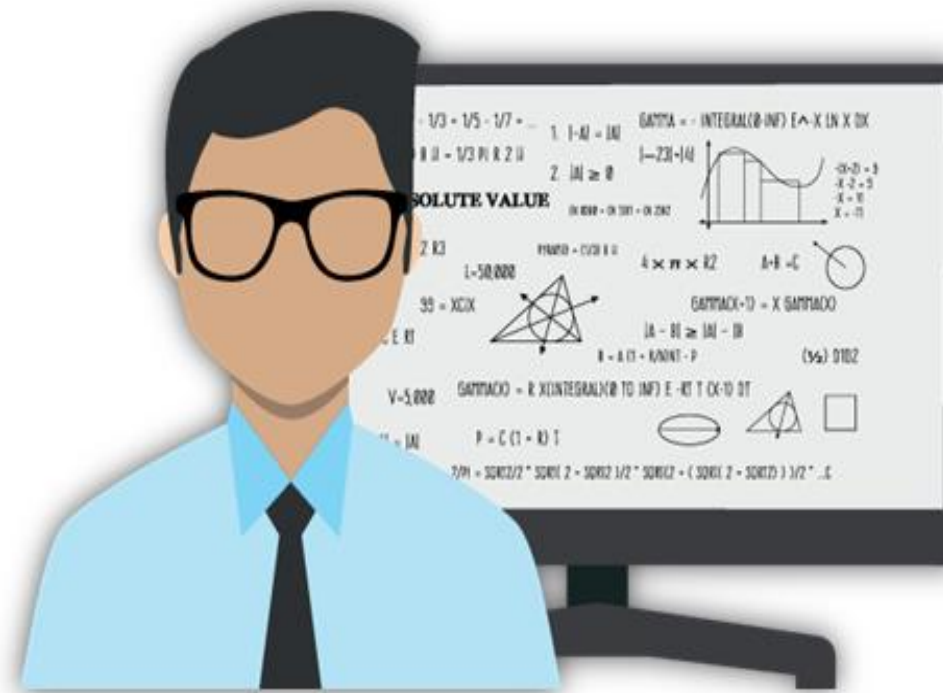
Understanding Data Science



A data scientist combines both domain and technology perspectives.

Understanding Data Science

Knows multiple analytical functions



Works with data from video and social media sources

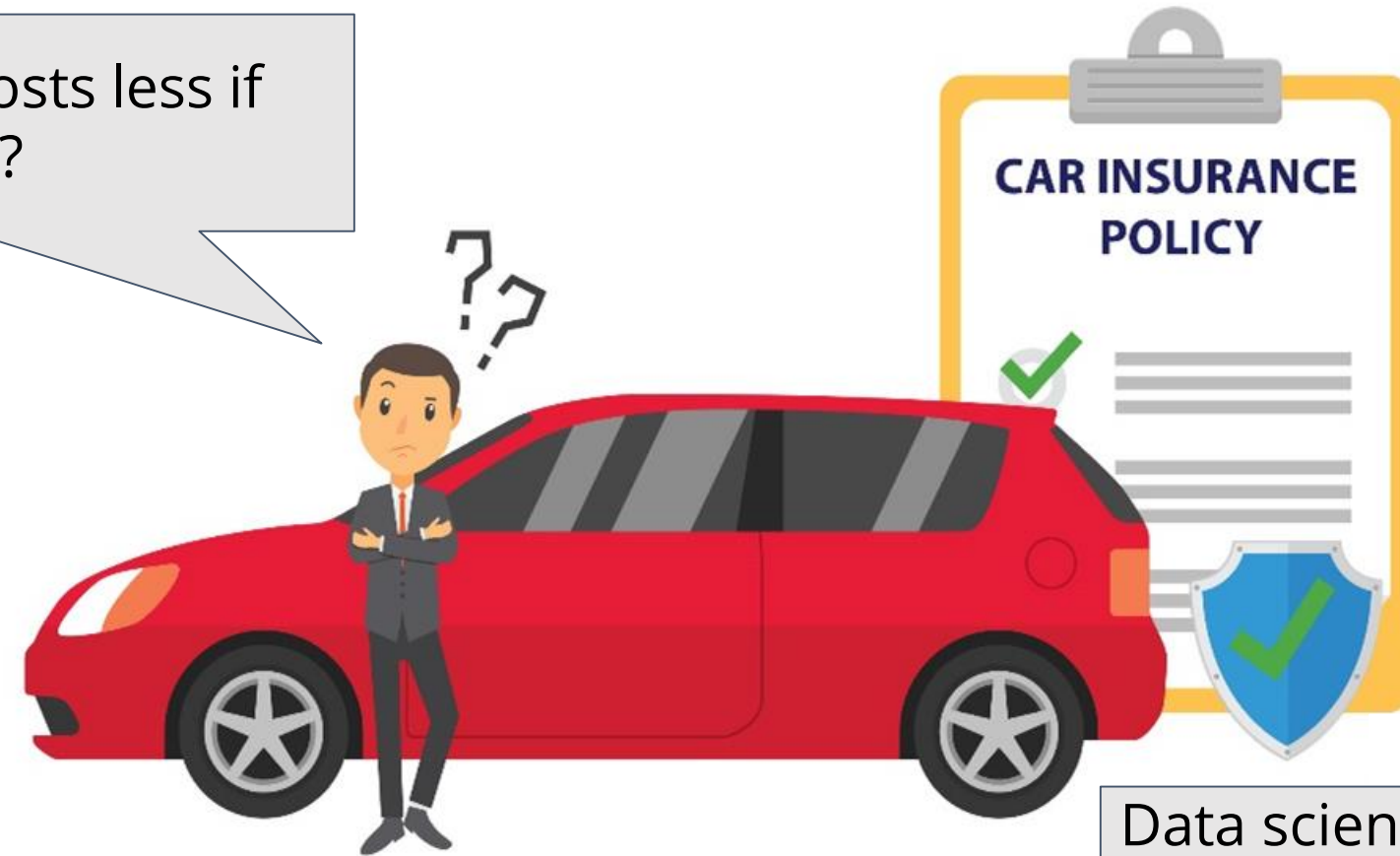
Data Scientist

Has a sound knowledge of technologies such as Python, SAS, R, Scala, visualization libraries, SQL database, and machine learning



Data Science: Process Flow

How car insurance costs less if you pay bills on time?



Data scientists found that the people who pay bill promptly are less prone to the accidents



Data Science: Process Flow

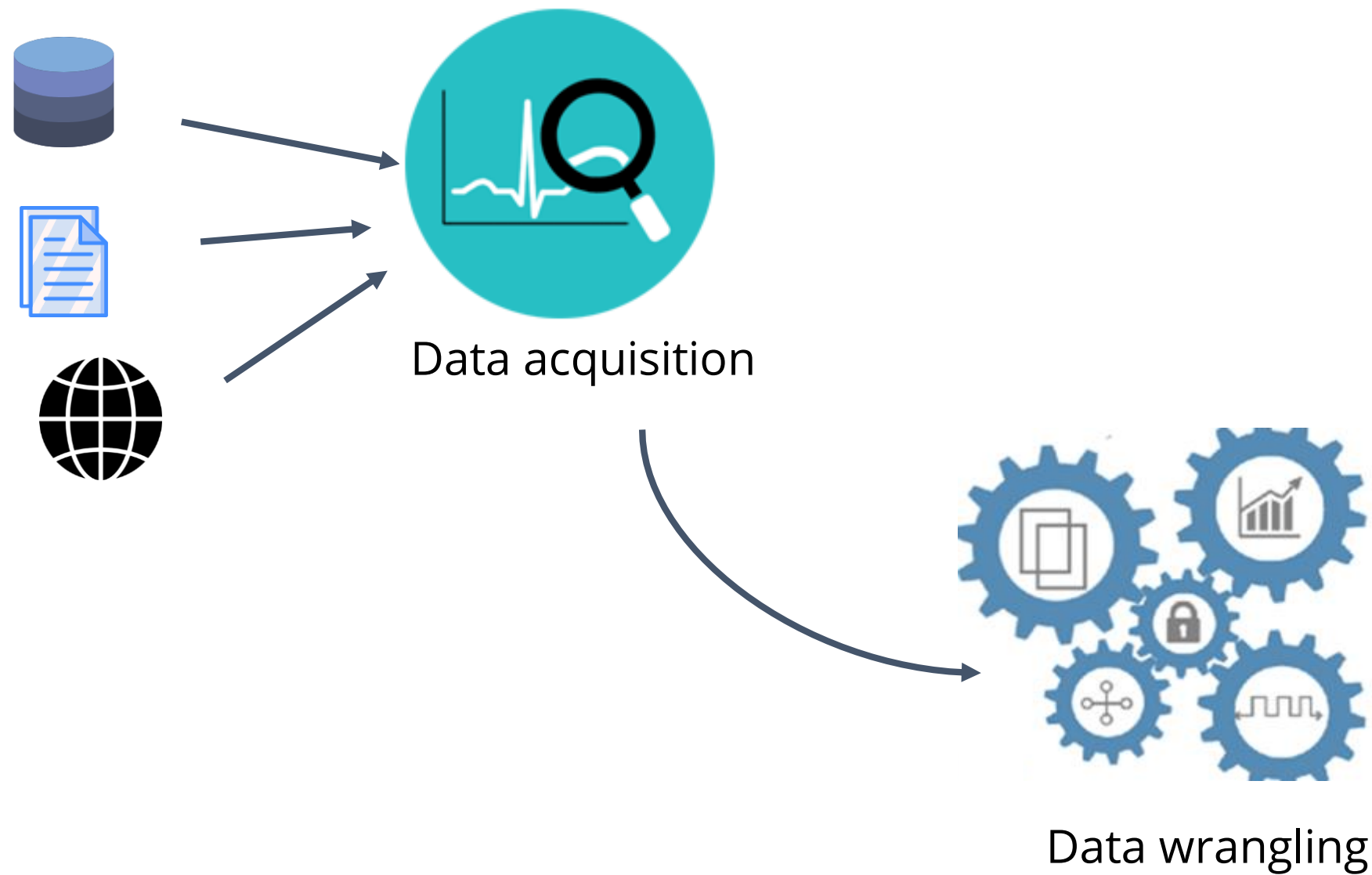


Step 1: Data acquisition

Data scientists work with existing data sets or gather them from various sources.

The most important part of the whole process is to have the correct data.

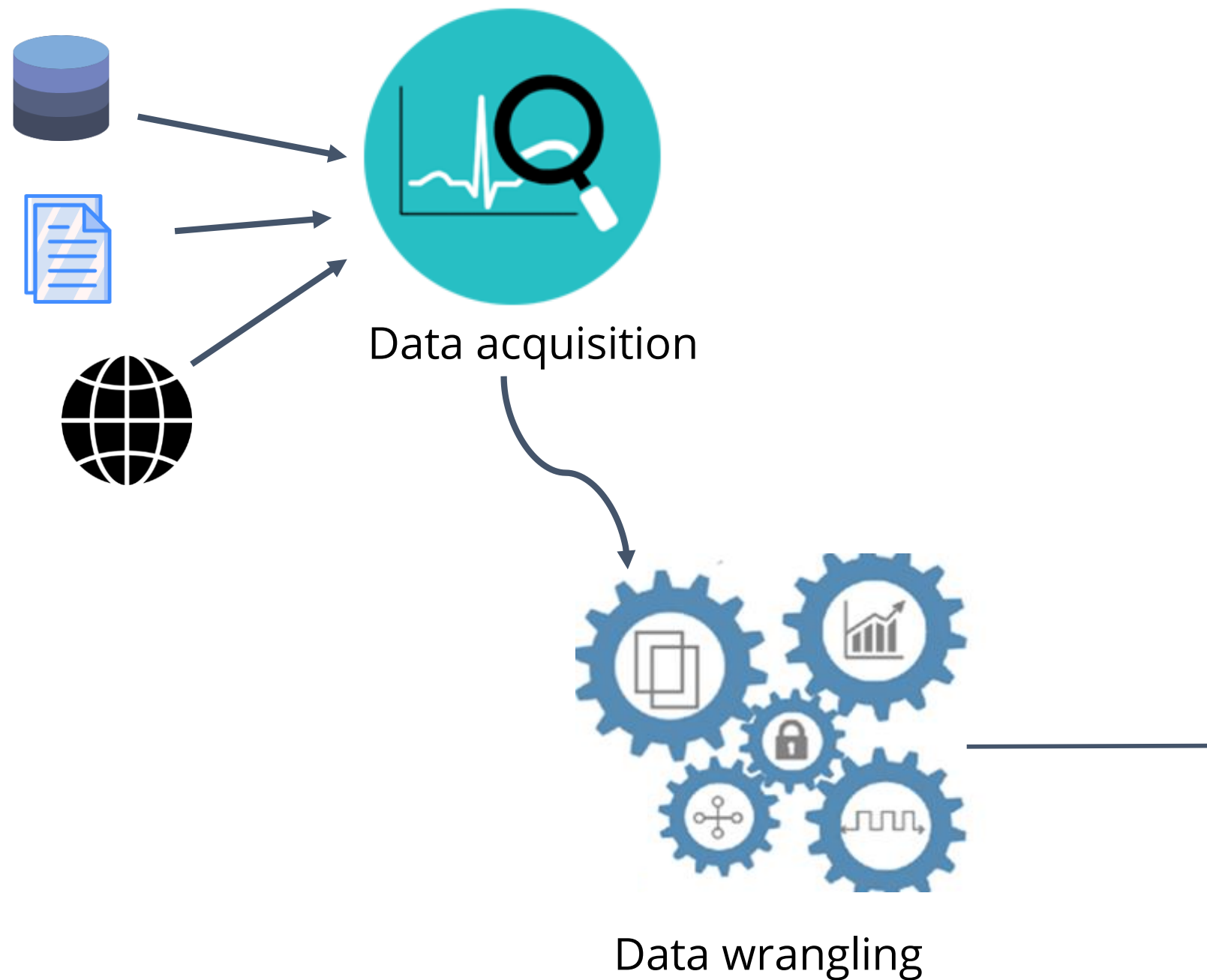
Data Science: Process Flow



Step 2: Data wrangling

- Choose the right tools from Python, R, and SQL
- Derive a clean data set
- Apply pick-and-shovel algorithms
- Obtain meaningful data

Data Science: Process Flow



Step 3: Machine learning

- Validate the model
- Perform necessary statistical analysis
- Apply machine learning or recursive analysis
- Run regression testing
- Compare results against other techniques or sources

Challenge of a Data Scientist

The most challenging part of being a data scientist is taking the results and presenting them to the stakeholders in an easy and consumable manner.



Data Science and Business Strategy

Data Science and Business Strategy

Business owners used to measure their success based only on the Profit and Loss Statement.

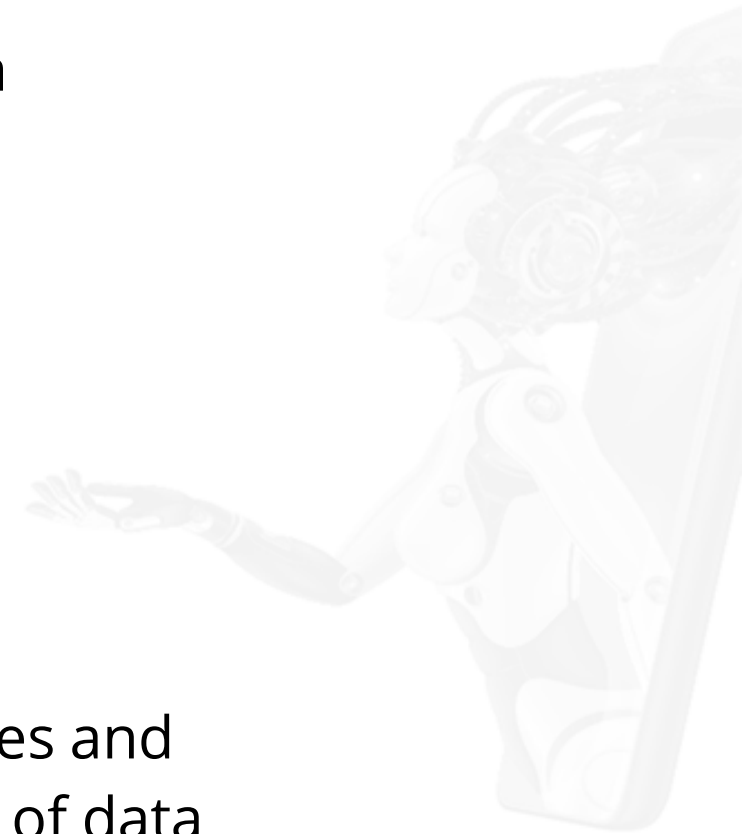


Current era of technology leverages data science for efficient prediction on what will work.



Data Science and Business Strategy

The process flow of a data-driven decision-making process:



Data Scientist: Asset to the Business

Empowers management to make better decisions

Provides insights on various KPIs and parameters

Enables strategic changes for better results



Identifies and refines the target audience

Identifies areas of improvement

Identifies opportunities

Data Scientist

Companies Using Data Science

Successful Companies Using Data Science

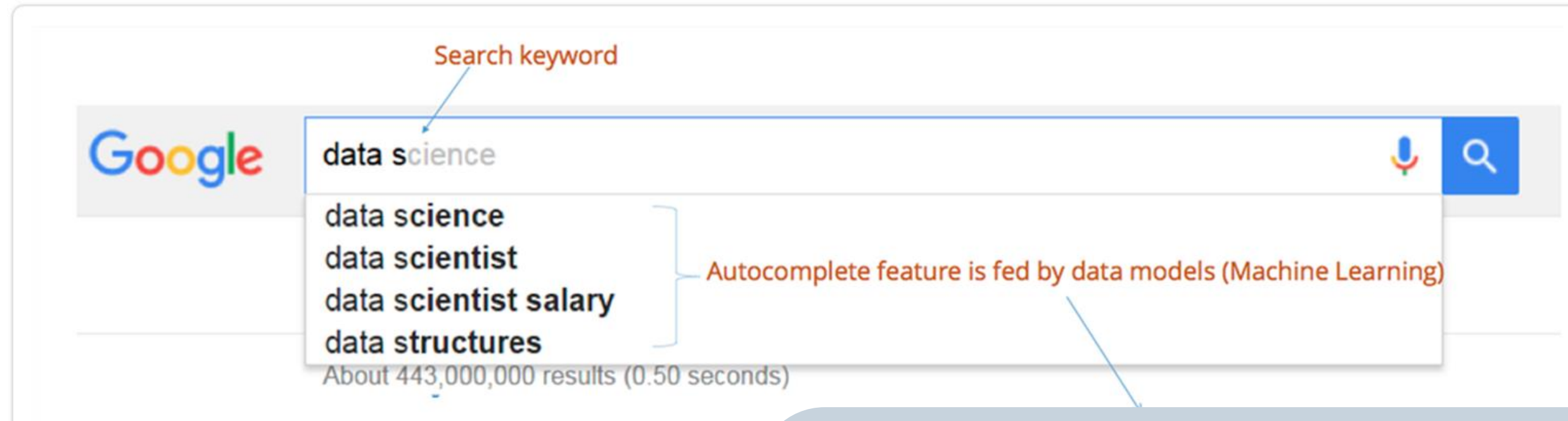
Few successful companies that use data science



Google Search Engine

Google Search Engine

Google uses data science to provide relevant search recommendations.



The influencing factors include:

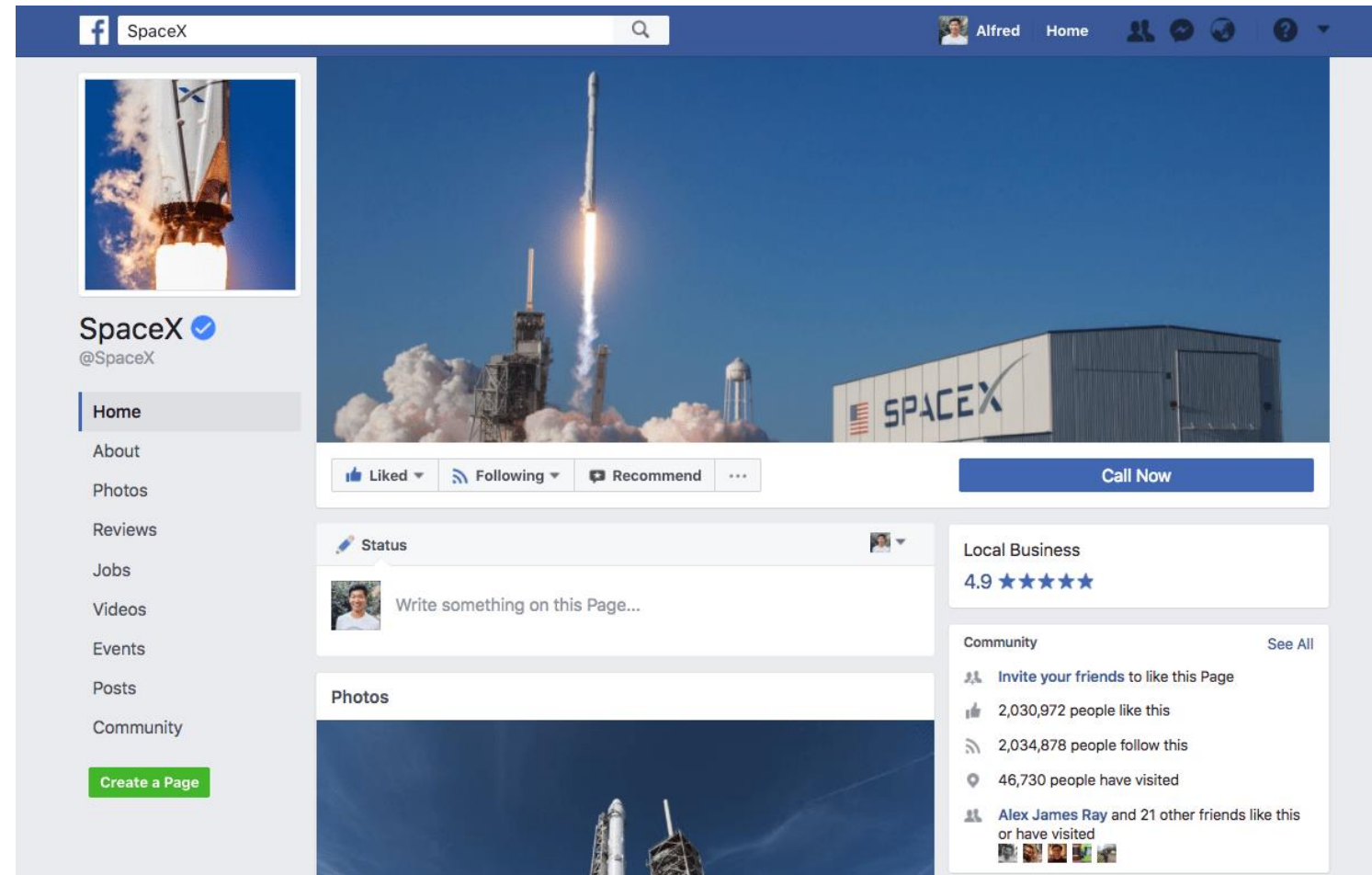
- Query volume: unique and verifiable users
- Geographical locations
- Keyword or phrase matches on the web
- Scrubbing for inappropriate content

Facebook Tags

Facebook Tags

Facebook uses machine learning in every aspect including:

Scrolling the news feed



Browsing images or videos

Facebook Tags



facebook®

Uses clustering algorithm to:

Find mutual friends

Send friend suggestions

DATA AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Alibaba

Alibaba's Aliloan

Aliloan is an automated online system that provides flexible microloans to entrepreneurial online vendors.



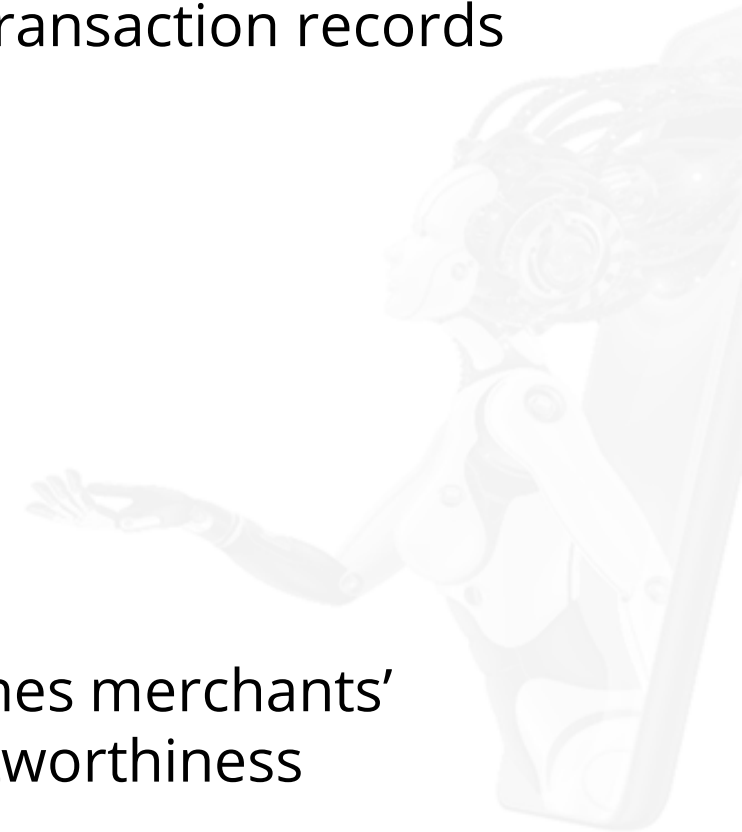
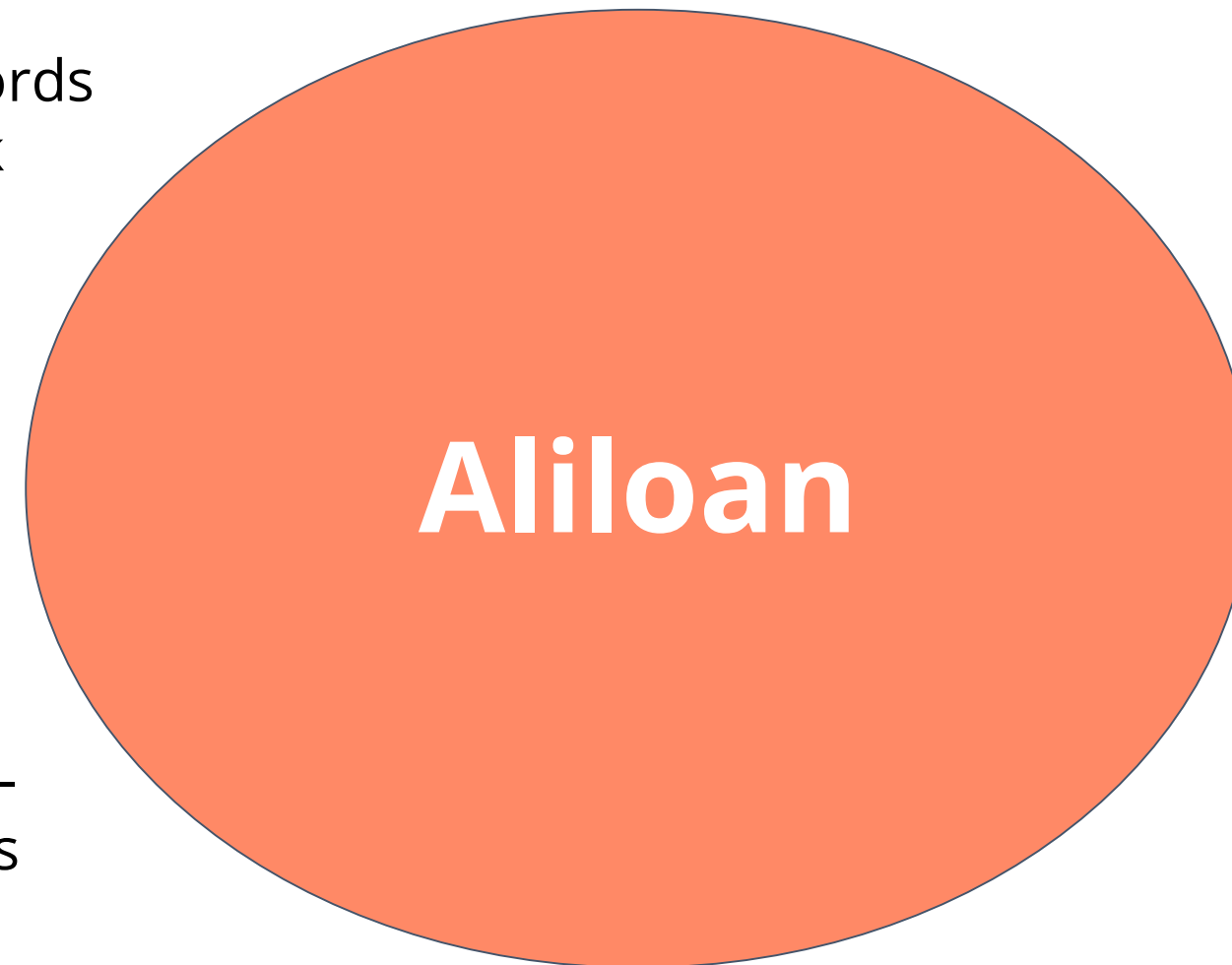
Alibaba's Aliloan

Analyzes trading records
and evaluates risk

Uses predictive models to
analyze transaction records

Collects data from e-
commerce platforms

Determines merchants'
creditworthiness



Travel Industry

Travel Industry

Travel companies use datasets from social media, itineraries, predictive analytics, and location tracking to arrive at the 360-degree view.



The sensors from different modes of transport provide real-time data on various parameters to predict and prevent problems.

Travel Industry

Integrates historical data to ensure maximum yield



Offers deals based on the user's preferences or recommended local attractions

Predictive algorithms help drivers predict fuel needs, ETAs, and delays.

Retail

Retail

RFM analysis is a marketing technique that leverages data to determine the target customer.



Recency



Frequency



Monetary

Retailers use data science to segment customers into RFM groups and target marketing and promotions.

E-Commerce

E-Commerce

Amazon is an e-commerce giant that leverages data science to the fullest extent.




Amazon prefers an *everything under one roof* model.



E-Commerce

E-commerce companies use data science to upsell through their websites.

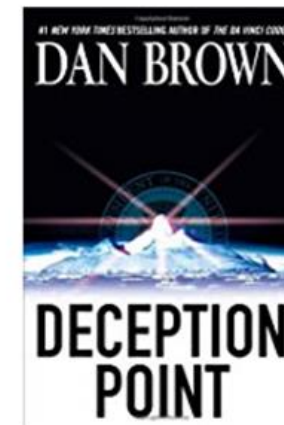
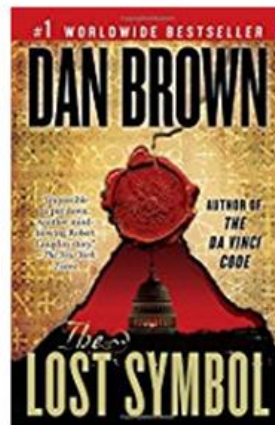
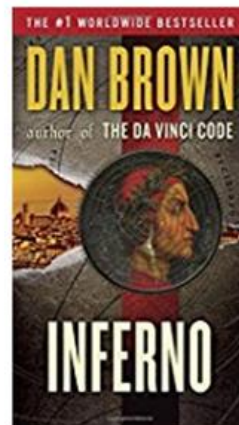
 Added to Cart

Cart subtotal (1 item): **\$17.96**
To qualify for **FREE Shipping**, add **\$7.04** of eligible items. [Details](#)

Cart

Proceed to checkout (1 item)

Customers who bought *Origin: A Novel* also bought



Amazon's *People who viewed that product, also liked this* functionality uses sophisticated mining techniques and boosts business.

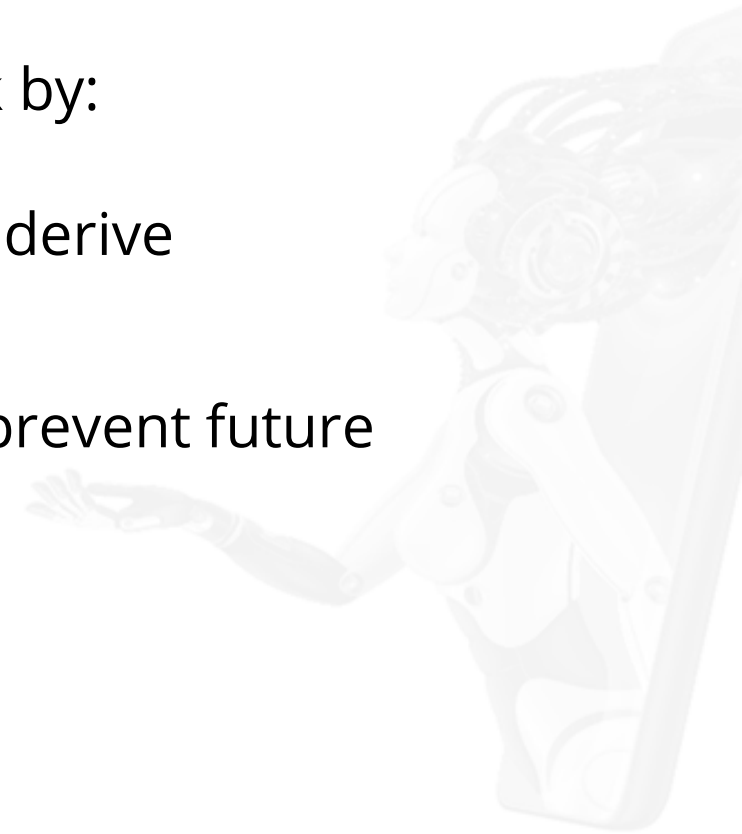
Crime Agencies

Crime Agencies



Analytics keeps crime in check by:

- Using identified patterns to derive prediction techniques
- Analyzing previous data to prevent future burglaries



Crime Agencies

- Data mining can help identify pattern in from domestic violence to terrorism.
- Advanced analytics helps prevent crime by using information from social media.



Crime Agencies

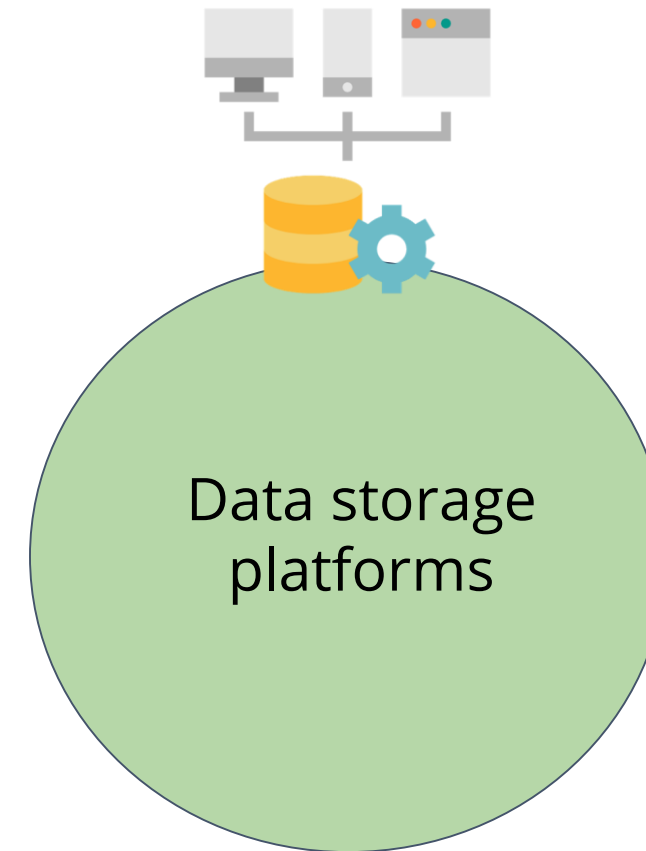
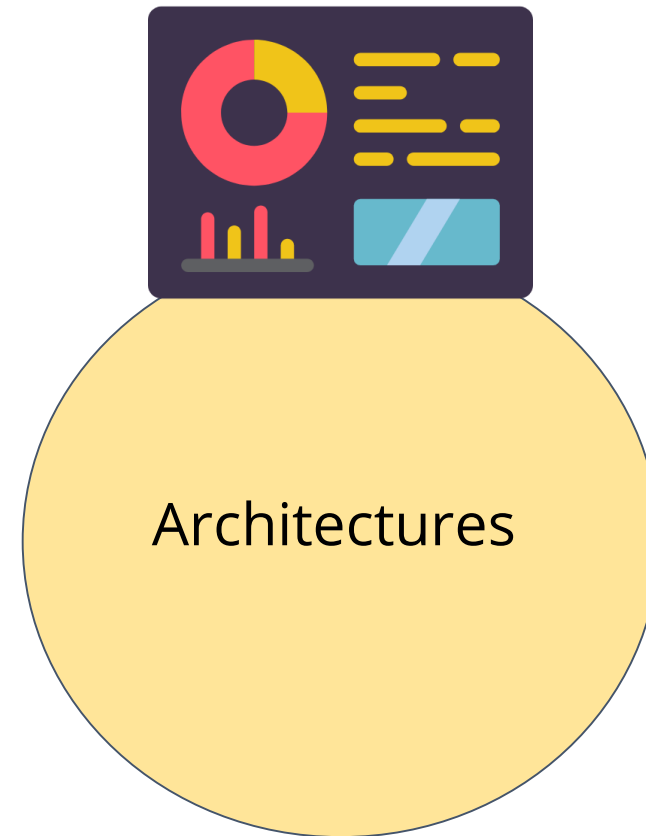
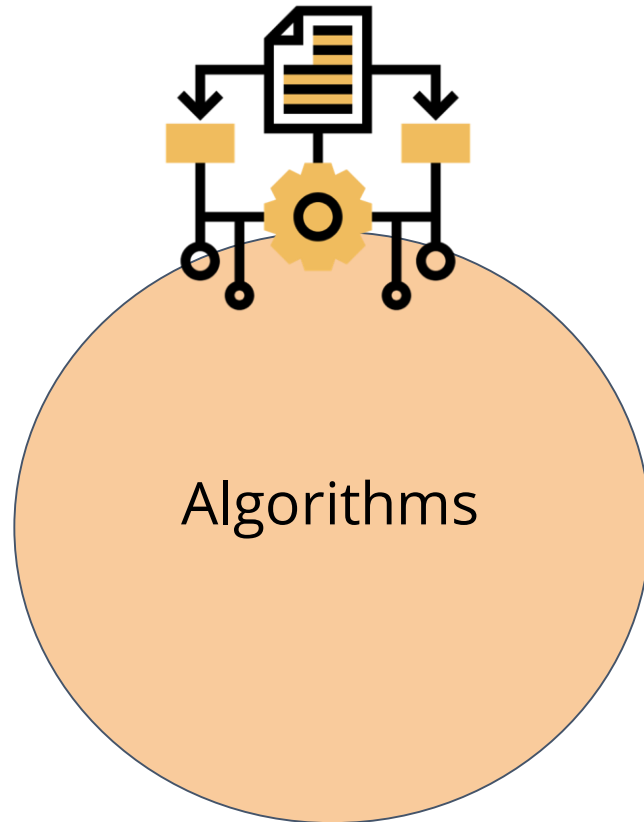
Crime prevention agencies use data science in deciding:

- Where to deploy police manpower?
- Who to search at a border crossing?
- Which intelligence to consider in counter-terrorism activities?

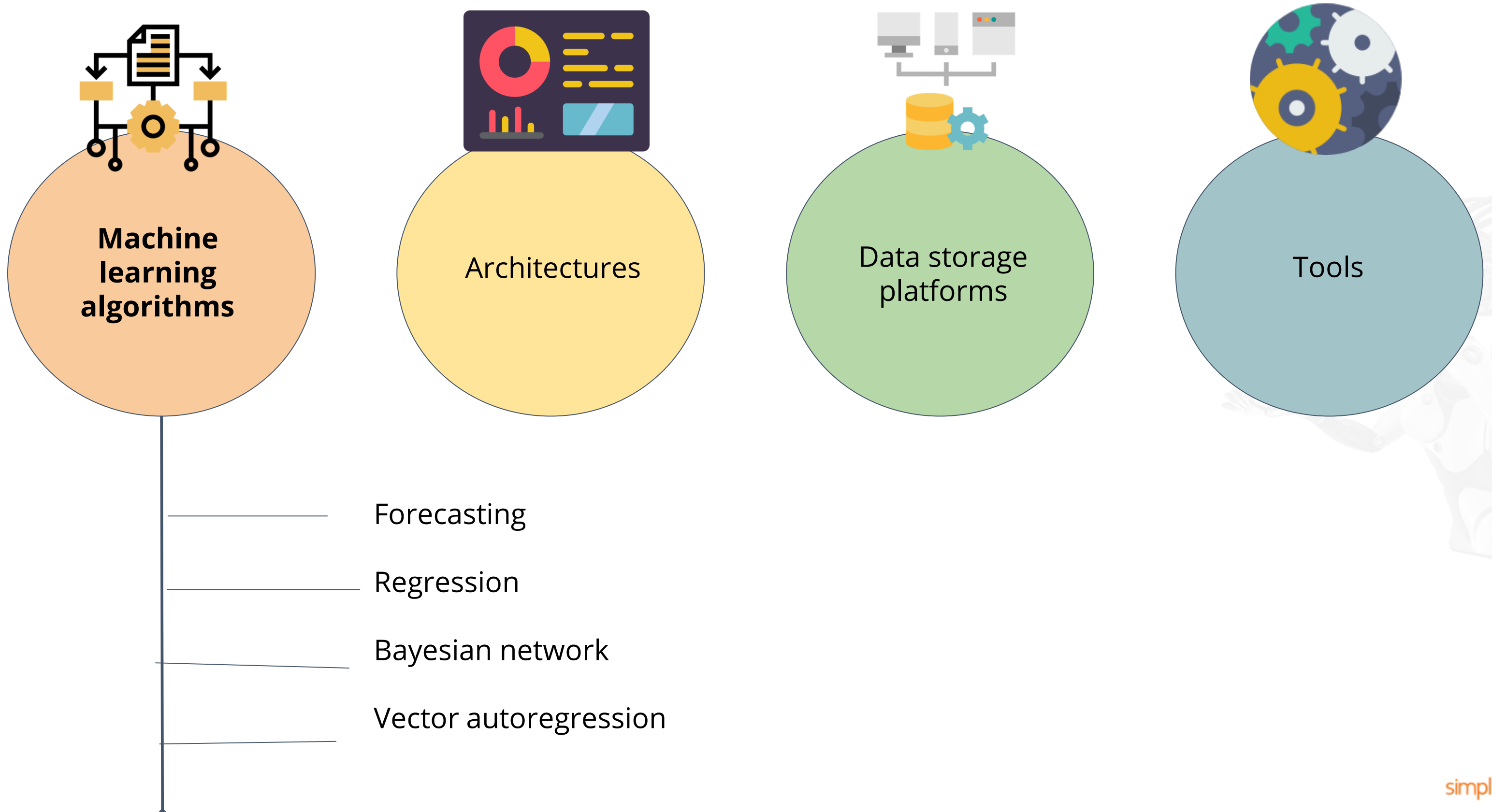


Analytical Platforms across Industries

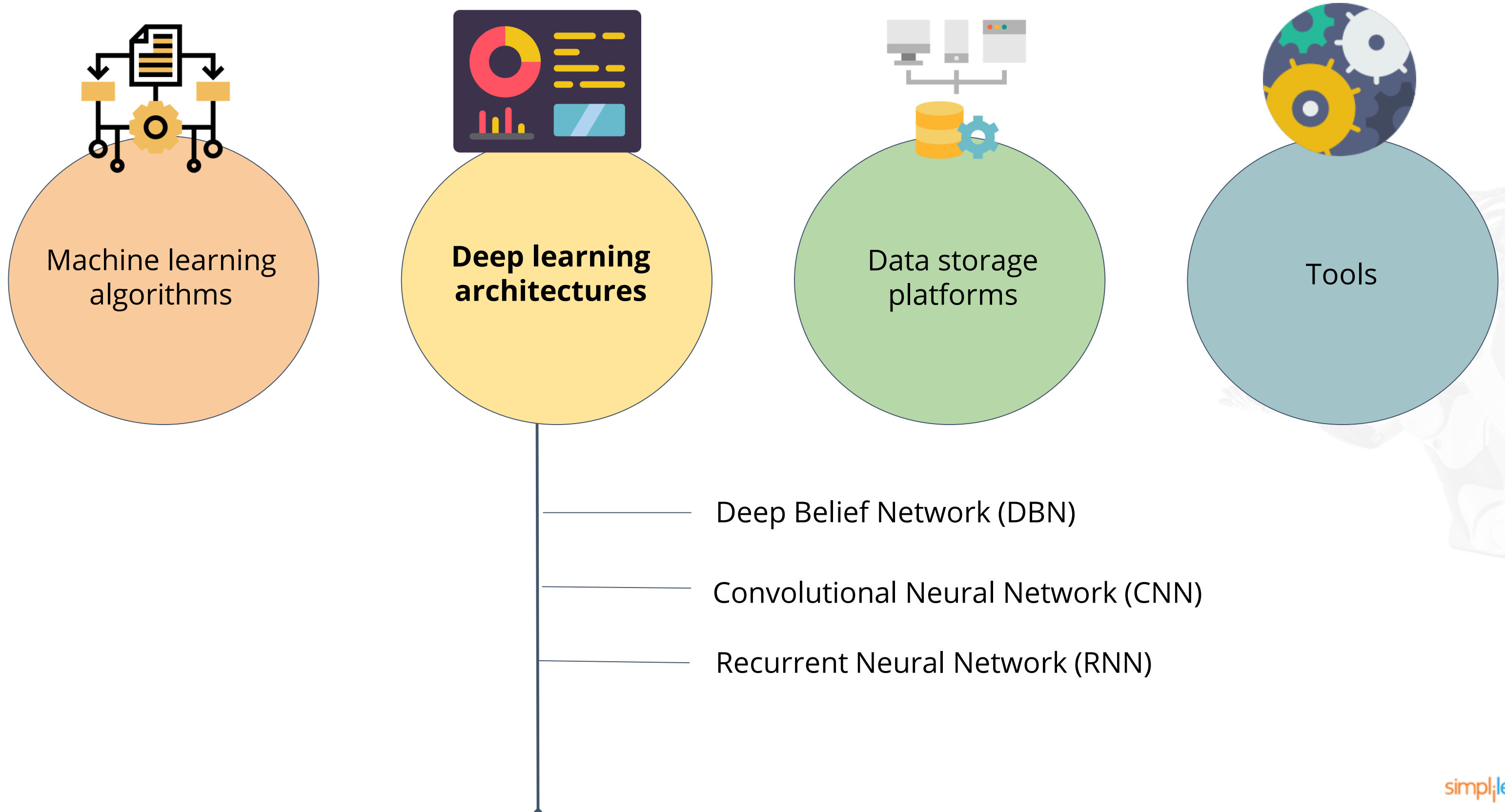
Analytical Platforms across Industries



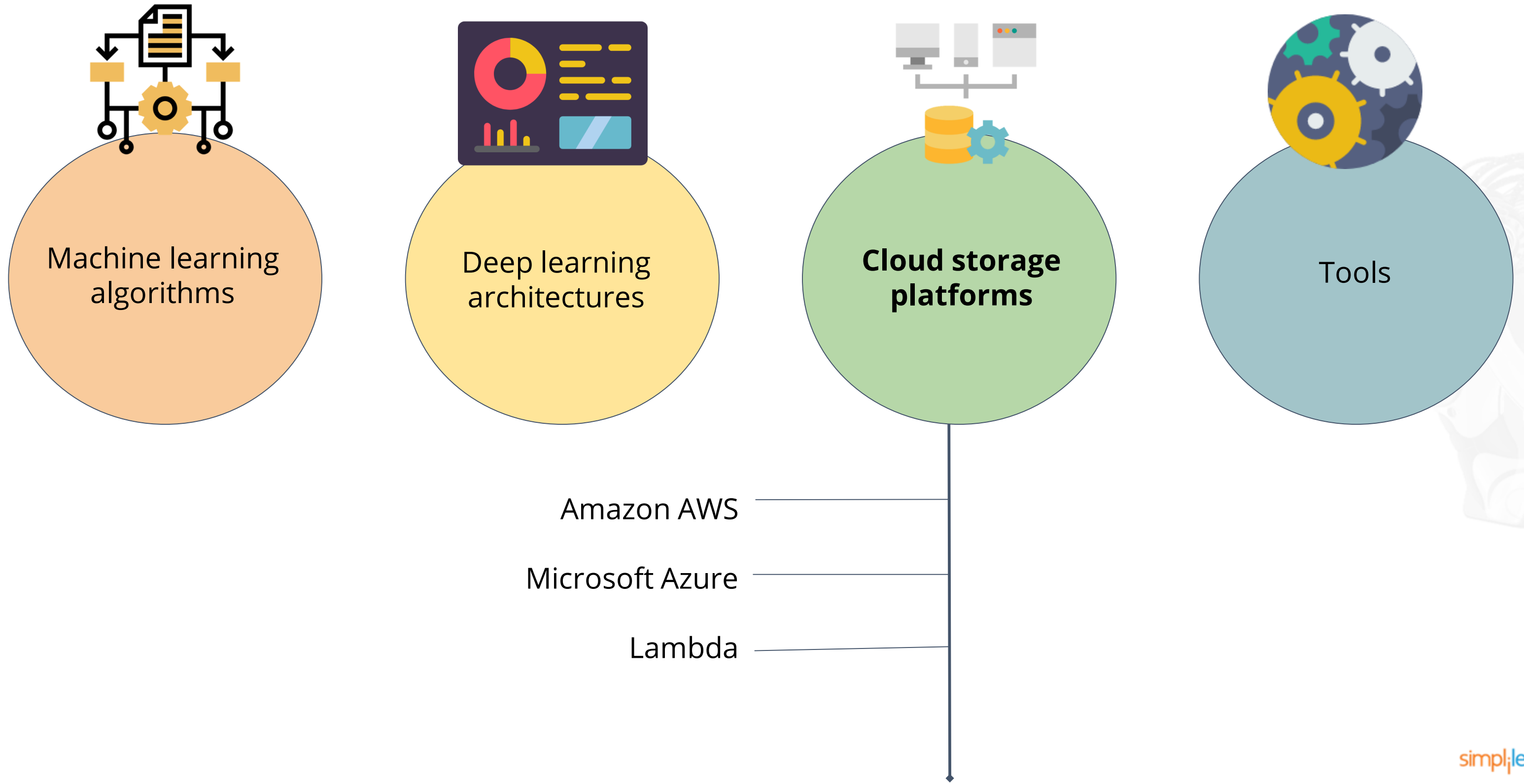
Analytical Platforms across Industries



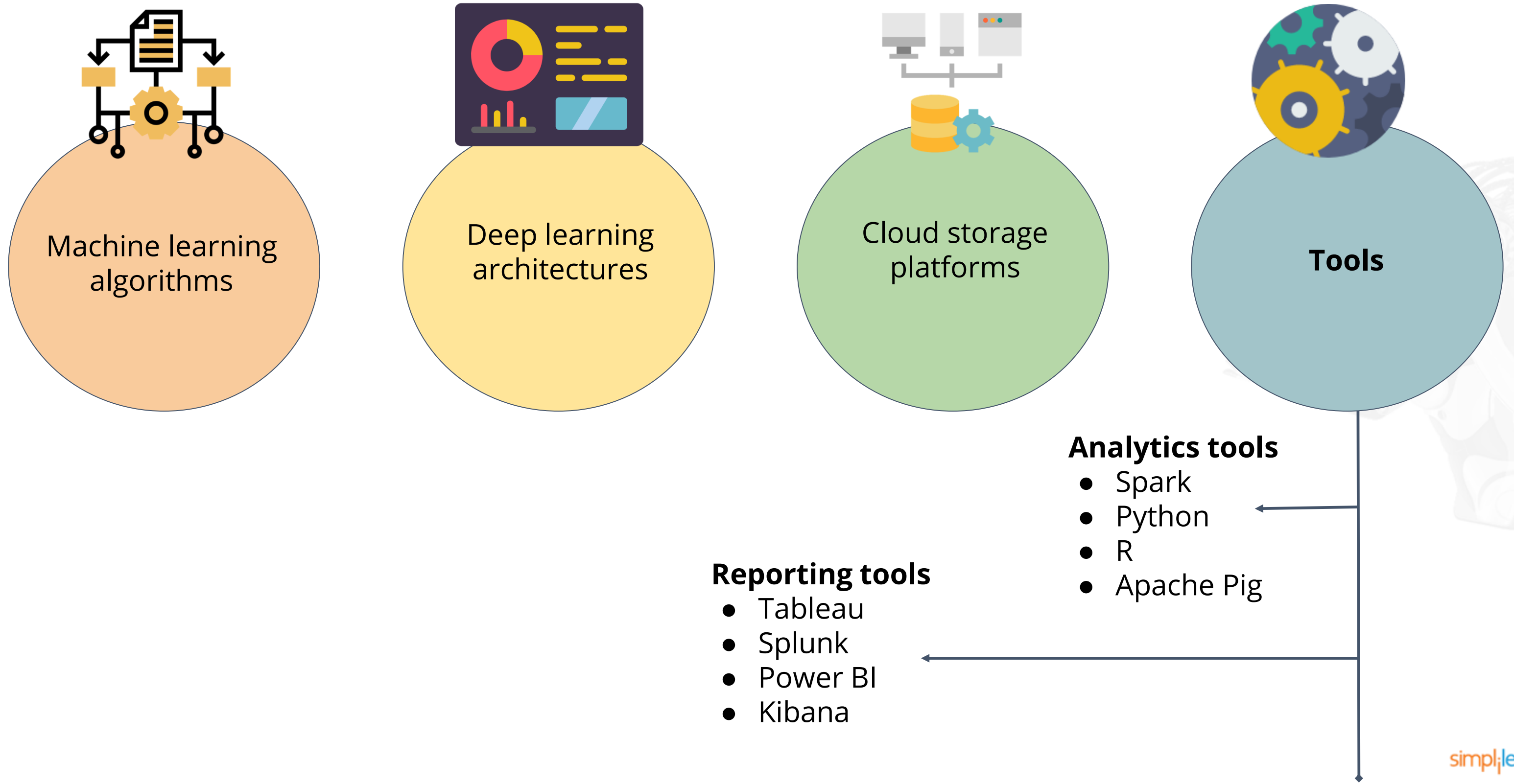
Analytical Platforms across Industries



Analytical Platforms across Industries



Analytical Platforms across Industries



Key Takeaways

- Data science is the study of data, which involves gathering, storing, analyzing, and plotting data, to effectively extract useful information.
- Data science is an umbrella that contains data analytics, data mining, and machine learning.
- Data science is used by many successful companies such as Google, Facebook, and Alibaba.
- Analytical platforms across industries include algorithms, architecture, data storage platforms, and tools.

