THE ARMENIAN ALPHABET

Printed	WRITTEN	Name	ROMANIZATION	Pronunciation Numeric	C VALUE
Ц ш	lh uu	ayb	[a]	as in car	1
F F	k k	ben	[b]	as in b ar	2
9 q	9, 9	gim	[g]	as in good	3
7 7	1. 1 ₁	da	[d]	as in d oor	4
<i>b</i> #	li ti	yeçh ^h	[ye] or [e] ¹	as in yes or there	5
2 4	2 y	za	[z]	as in zest	6
<i>\$ 5</i>	/ /	e	[e]	as in there	7
<u> </u>	ſ, p	ətħ	[ə]	as in a bout	8
P P	BB	t ^h O	[t ^h]	as in team	9
d 4	d d	zhe	[zh]	as in pleasure	10
<u></u>	p p	ini	[i]	as in b ee	20
L	41	lyun	[1]	as in light	30
h p	pj fu	khe	[kh]	as in Bach or Jose	40
ው የ	ð Þ	ţ s a	[ts]	a plosive ts	50
44	4 4	ken	[k]	as in stock	60
25	h h	ho	[h]	as in h ot	70
2 &	9 3	dza	[dz]	as in o dds	80
2 7	7 1	ghat	[gh]	as the French r	90
2 6	a b	çhe	[ch]	a plosive ch	100
U is	ll d	men	[m]	as in m e	200
8 ,	3/	he	[y]	as in yard	300
<i>ប</i>	1/2 Tu	nu	[n]	as in n ine	400
? .	62	sha	[s <u></u> h]	as in sh ine	500

THE ARMENIAN ALPHABET (cont'ed)

PRINTED	WRITTEN	NAME	ROMANIZATION	Pronunciation Numer	RIC VALUE
<i>n</i>	n	VO	[vo] or [o] ²	as in vocal or for	600
Q ¿	9 {	çh⁴a	$[ch^h]$	as in ch air	700
n 4	M W	pe	[p]	as in copper	800
22	R q	je	[j]	as in j ournal	900
<i>[]</i>	/ n	ra	[r]	trilled 'r'	1000
<i>U "</i>	ll u	se	[s]	as in s ay	2000
4.4	4 4	vev	[v]	as in vase	3000
S un	l11 in	tyun	[t]	as in rotten	4000
ρ μ	pp	re	[r]	liquid 'r'	5000
8 9	y y	ţş⁴o	[tsh]	as in lo ts	6000
Nr mr	Me ne	u	[u]	as in t oo l	7000
Ф ф	ip ip	p ^h yur	$[p^{\mathbf{h}}]$	as in p aper	8000
f p	Pf	k ^h e	$[k^{\mathbf{h}}]$	as in k ind	9000
0 .	0 0	0	$[o]^3$	as in a ll	
3 3	8 \$	fe	[f]	as in f ile ⁴	

NOTES

- 1. On the pronunciation of **b** t see p. 61.
- 2. On the pronunciation of n see p. 84.
- 3. The last two letters, $\boldsymbol{\theta} \circ \text{and } \boldsymbol{\delta} \cdot \boldsymbol{\delta}$, do not have a numeric value, since they are later additions to the alphabet.
- 4. There is an additional letter, the ligament \boldsymbol{L} which, although widely used in East Armenian, does not constitute an integral part of the alphabet (see pp. xix and 110). The ligament \boldsymbol{L} has no capital counterpart. It is pronounced:

 a) [yev] in initial position and after vowels (cf. \boldsymbol{L} [yev] and, \boldsymbol{L} [mayev] also).

 b) [ev] in medial and final position of words after consonants (cf. \boldsymbol{upL} [arev] \boldsymbol{sun})

 In initial position of words, it is replaced by \boldsymbol{L} or \boldsymbol{L} : \boldsymbol{L} [pruque [Yevropa] Europe, \boldsymbol{L} [pruque [yevropakan] European. In word formation, this \boldsymbol{L} may also appear in medial position of words: \boldsymbol{L} [undulated pruque [hamaevropakan] All-European, \boldsymbol{L} [undulated pruque [hamaevropakan] Indo-European, etc.