## CS35L – Software Construction Lab Fall 2013 Final Exam

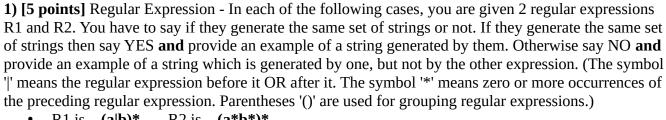
Instructor/TA – Paul Eggert/Sharath Gopal

Date: 9th December 2013
Time: 8AM to 11AM
Total points – 100
Duration – 3 hours

Student Name:	IIID:
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## **Instructions:**

- I) Please write your response clearly in the allocated space. Unreadable answers will not be graded. It may help to first formulate and write your answers on the back of each sheet. The space provided on the front of each sheet, should have just the answer.
- II) This examination is open-book, open-notes. Any printed or hand-written materials are permitted. **Electronic devices are NOT permitted.**
- III) If you have confusions on questions, raise your hand and TA will come to you and clarify the question for you. Any questions other than clarification of the exam will not be answered.



• R1 is (a|b)\* R2 is (a\*b\*)\*

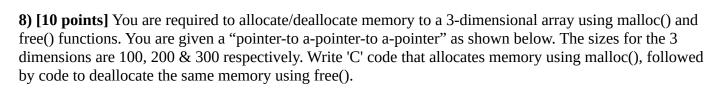
R1 is a|ba R2 is **(a|b)a** 

R1 is (ab|a)\*a R2 is a(ba|a)\*

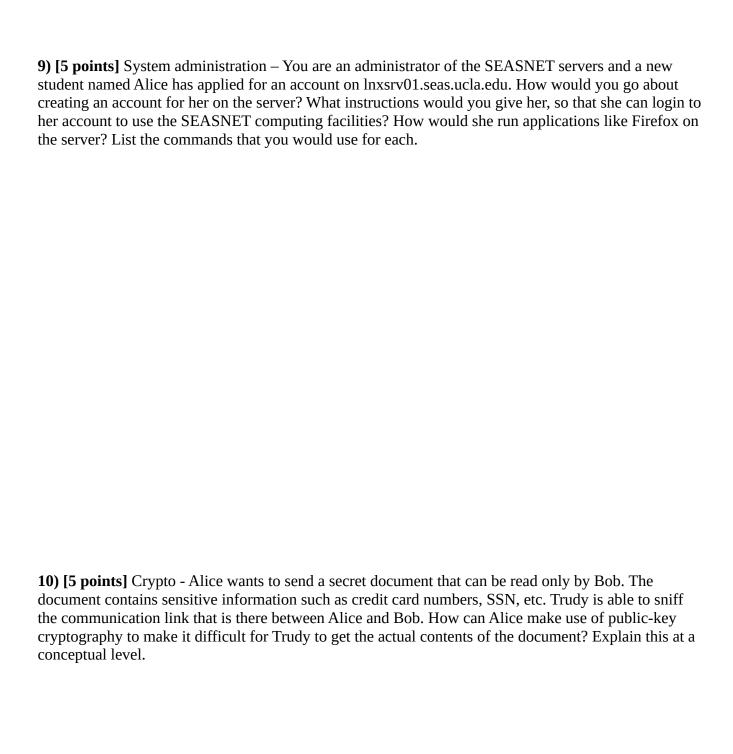
**2)** [**2 points**] Shell - What is the use of the \$PATH environment variable? (Example - PATH=/usr/local/cs/bin:/usr/lib64/qt-3.3/bin:/usr/local/bin:/bin:/usr/bin:/usr/X11R6/bin)

<b>3) [3 points]</b> Shell - You just created a shell script named buildwords.sh in your HOME folder. When you try to run the script as ./buildwords.sh, you get an error
bash: ./buildwords.sh: Permission denied
What could be a possible reason for this? How would you go about fixing this issue?
<b>4) [3 points]</b> Make - You have written a 'C' program in 'srot.c' that does not use any special libraries. Write a simple Makefile that has two rules. The first is the default rule that generates the executable file 'srot', and the other is a rule to clean the build (remove the 'srot' executable).
<b>5) [8 points]</b> Shell - You just wrote a srot.c that compiles only with gcc version 4.7.2. You are giving this code to your friend, but you don't know if he has the right version of gcc. Therefore, in addition to the file srot.c, you have to give him a shell script named 'configure.sh' that generates a 'Makefile' only if the 4.7.2 version of gcc exists on his system. The output of the command
gccversion
gcc (GCC) 4.7.2 Copyright (C) 2012 Free Software Foundation, Inc. This is free software; see the source for copying conditions. There is NO warranty; not even for MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
can be used for getting the version number. If the right version is found, then your script should create a Makefile that you wrote for the previous question 4. This should be created on the fly. If the required version is not found on your friend's system then it should print a message 'This software requires gcc 4.7.2 version', and NOT generate the Makefile.

<b>6) [2 points]</b> System calls - What are system calls? Why should you use them judiciously?
<b>7) [4 points]</b> System calls - Here is a simple implementation of putchar(), where the write() system call is used to write a character to STDOUT
File: myputchar.c
<pre>#include<unistd.h> int putchar(int c) {    unsigned char cC = (unsigned char)c;    int rv = write(1, &amp;cC, 1);    return rv == 1 ? c : EOF; }</unistd.h></pre>
Discuss a drawback of the putchar() implementation in the context of a program using it to write a huge file to STDOUT.



float \*\*\*M;



11) [6 points] The make-log.txt of a student contains the following output of her/his ray tracer

time ./srt 1-test.ppm >1-test.ppm.tmp && mv 1-test.ppm.tmp 1-test.ppm real 0m49.987s user 0m46.851s sys 0m0.020s

You have to write a single line command (pipes are ok), that reads in a make-log.txt file and extracts just the number of seconds in the "real" time. For example, in the above case it should print just 49.

**12) [6 points]** C Programming - The signature of the gets() function is given below

char \*gets(char \*s);

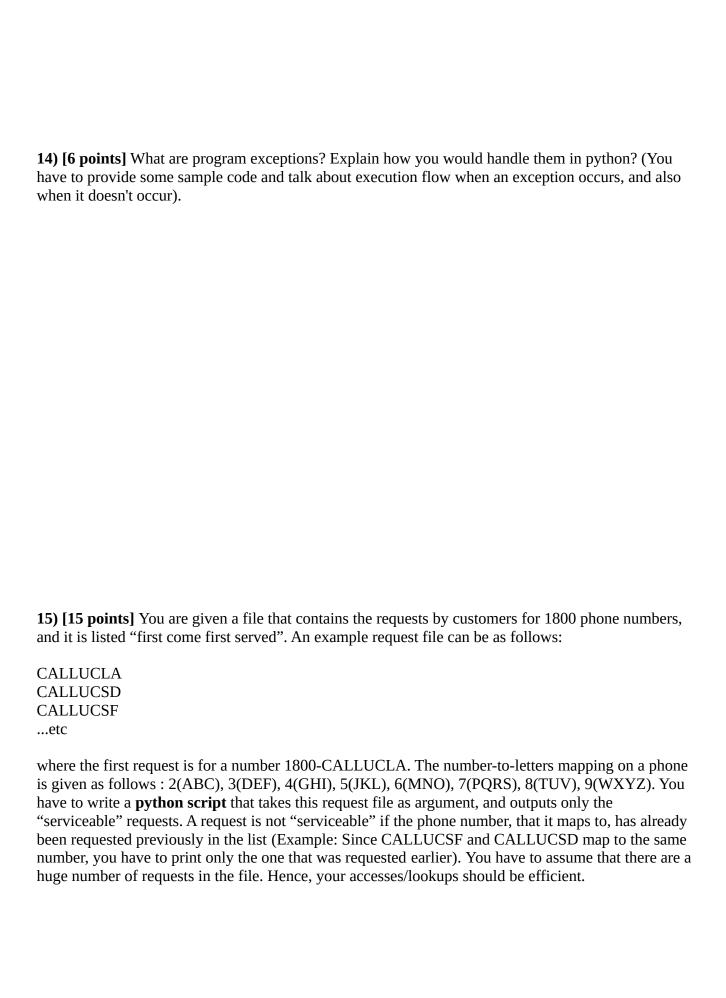
The documentation of gets() says the following

"reads a line from STDIN into the buffer pointed to by s until either a terminating newline or EOF, which it replaces with '\0'."

You are an administrator of a system and have written and installed software that uses gets() to get input from a user on the system, and store it in an array (pointed to by 's') on the stack. Discuss any vulnerability that has been introduced in your software. How can the user exploit it?

**13)** [12 points] You are given starter code to sort a set of spheres. The spheres have to be sorted in ascending order according to radii. If there is a tie, then they have to be sorted in ascending order according to their center's distance to the origin. The comments in the starter code provide more description and direction. Rewrite the main() and CompareSpheres() to sort the spheres. If you are reusing some of the starter code, then you don't have to rewrite it.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
enum { SPHERE COUNT = 20 };
typdef struct
  float X, Y, Z;
} Point3D;
typedef struct
  Point3D center;
  float radius;
} Sphere;
float Distance(Point3D a, Point3D b)
{
  //Returns the distance between 2 points
  return sqrt(pow(a.X - b.X, 2) + pow(a.Y - b.Y, 2) + pow(a.Z - b.Z, 2));
}
int CompareSpheres(void *r1, void *r2)
{
   //You need to implement this compare function
}
int main(int argc, char** argv)
  Sphere *s = (Sphere*) malloc(sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERE_COUNT);
  if(!s) {
         fprintf(stderr, "Cannot allocate memory!\n"); exit(-1);
  }
  // Assume the following function call loads values into the spheres in 's'.
  // Your task is just to call qsort and write the compare function
  LoadSpheres(s);
  //Replace the following call with your qsort() call
  qsort(....);
  free(s);
  return 0:
}
```



<b>16) [2 points]</b> GIT - State any 2 benefits of using a version control system.
<b>17) [2 points]</b> GIT - State any 2 advantages of a distributed version control system, when compared to a centralized version control system.
<ul> <li>18) [4 points] GIT - You are working on code that is being tracked by GIT on your local machine. You just made some modifications to files that were existing before, and also added a new header and a source file (foo.h and foo.c).</li> <li>How would you know what changes have been made since the last commit?</li> </ul>
How would you commit the changes that you just made to your code?
How would you refer to the commit you just made, in the future?