1 If \mathcal{H} is a Hilbert space, $\mathscr{A} = \mathscr{B}(\mathcal{H})$ is a C*-algebra where for each A in $\mathscr{B}(\mathcal{H})$, A*=the adjoint of A

VIII.1.1 (pg 236) $\langle Ah, k \rangle = \langle h, A^*k \rangle = \overline{\langle A^*k, h \rangle}$ $\langle A^*k, h \rangle = \langle k, A^{**}h \rangle = \overline{\langle A^{**}h, k \rangle}$

The above are justified by the definition of the adjoint and inner product, for all values h and k in \mathcal{H} .

Taking the complex conjugate of the bottom row shows that $\langle Ah, k \rangle = \langle A^{**}h, k \rangle$, hence A=A**.

$$\begin{split} &\langle (AB)^*h,k\rangle = \langle h,(AB)k\rangle = \langle h,A(B(k))\rangle = \langle A^*h,Bk\rangle = \langle B^*A^*h,k\rangle \\ &\text{Hence, } (AB)^* = B^*A^* \\ &\langle (\alpha A + B)^*h,k\rangle = \langle h,(\alpha A + B)k\rangle = \langle h,\alpha Ak + Bk\rangle \\ &\langle \bar{\alpha}A^*h + B^*h,k\rangle \text{ (kind of ran out of steam by this point)} \end{split}$$

2 If X is a compact Hausdorff space, show that X is totally disconnected if and only if C(X) is the closed linear span of its projections (\equiv hermitian idempotents)

VIII.2.3 (pg 239)

Assume X is totally disconnected. Consider a bounded function f. Ignoring net vs sequence issues (TODO: is this justified?), we must show that f can be written as the convergence of $a_1e_1+a_2e_2+...$ where $a_n\in\mathbb{C}$ and e_n are hermitian idempotents.

In this context, a hermitian idempotent is one whose range is $\{0,1\}$, since those are the only complex numbers equal to their own square. Consider a series of function e_{q_1}, e_{q_2} , where for each $q_i \in X$, define

$$e_{q_i}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x = q_i \\ 0 & x \neq q_i \end{cases}$$

f can therefore be written as a countably infinite linear sum of such a series, thus is in the closed linear span of the projections.

Hm, I didn't use the fact that X is totally disconnected so something is missing here.