Performance Analysis Formula Sheet

Probability Review Identities

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B)$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} \qquad P(A) = P(A|B)P(B) + P(A|\bar{B})P(\bar{B})$$

$$f(x) = \frac{dF(x)}{dx}, \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) = 1$$

$$P(a < X < b) = \int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx$$

$$F(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{y} f(x)dx \qquad P(X < x) = F(X)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[X^n] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^n f(x) dx \qquad Var(X) = \mathbb{E}[X^2] - \mathbb{E}[X]^2 \quad D_i \text{ [Processing time of cycle]}$$

Uniform Distribution: $X \sim uniform(a, b)$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a}, & \text{if } a < x < b \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (pdf)

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < a \\ \frac{x-a}{b-a}, & \text{if } a \le x \le b \\ 1, & \text{if } x > b \end{cases}$$
 (cdf)

$$\mathbb{E}[X] = \frac{a+b}{2} \qquad \qquad Var[X] = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

Exponential Distribution: $X \sim exp(\lambda)$

$$f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \tag{pdf}$$

$$F(x) = 1 - \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \tag{cdf}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[X] = \frac{1}{\lambda} \qquad Var[X] = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

$$P(X > s + t | X > s) = P(X > t)$$
 [Memoryless]

Poisson Distribution: $X \sim pois(\lambda)$

$$P(N(t) = n) = \frac{(\lambda t)^t}{n!} e^{-\lambda t}$$
 [pmf]

$$\mathbb{E}[X] = Var(X)$$

Poisson Process

$$N(0) = 0$$

$$f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}$$
 [Arrival See Time Average]
$$P(X > s + t | X > s) = P(X > t)$$
 [Memoryless]

$$P(X > s + t | X > s) = P(X > t)$$

$$\lambda = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_i, Y = \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i\right) \sim \text{pois}(\lambda) \qquad \text{[Merge Poisson Processes]} \quad \mathbb{E}[R] \geq \max(D, ND_{max} - \mathbb{E}[Z])$$

$$X \sim pois(\lambda), X = [X_1, X_2]$$

$$\implies X_{1,2} \sim pois(\frac{\lambda}{2})$$
 [Split Poisson Processes]

Performance Analysis Identities

$$A_i(t)$$
 [Number of arrivals] $\lambda_i(t) = \frac{A_i(t)}{t}$ [Arrival Rate]

$$C_i(t)$$
 [Completions]

$$B_i(t)$$
 [Busy time]

$$S_i(t) = \frac{B_i(t)}{C_i(t)}$$
 [Avg process time]

$$D_i$$
 [Processing time of cycle

$$V_i(t)$$
 [Visits to device]

$$\lim_{t \to \infty} \frac{A_i(t)}{t} = \lim_{t \to \infty} \frac{C_i(t)}{t}$$

$$N(t) = A(t) - C($$

(cdf)
$$R(t) \approx \int_0^t \frac{A(s) - C(s)}{A(t)} ds$$

$$Var[X] = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12} \qquad \frac{\bar{N}(t) \approx \int_0^t \frac{A(s) - C(s)}{t} ds}{\bar{N}(t) = \frac{R(t)A(t)}{t}}$$

$$\bar{N}(t) = \frac{R(t)A(t)}{t}$$

$$Z$$

$$\mathbb{E}[N] = N, \lambda = X, R = R + Z$$

Operation Laws

$$Var[X] = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$
 $\rho_i = \mathbb{E}[S_i]X_i = \frac{\lambda_i}{\rho_i}$

$$\rho_i = \mathbb{E}[S_i]\mathbb{E}[V_i]X = \mathbb{E}[D_i]X$$

$$X_i = \mathbb{E}[V_i]X$$

$$\mathbb{E}[N] = \lambda \mathbb{E}[R]$$

$$\mathbb{E}[N_i] = \lambda_i \mathbb{E}[R_i]$$

$$\mathbb{E}[R] = \frac{N}{X} - \mathbb{E}[Z]$$

[Closed System Response Time Law]

Bottleneck Analysis

$$D_{max}$$
 [Bottleneck Device]

$$\mathbb{E}[R] \geq D$$

$$\mathbb{E}[R] \ge \max(D, ND_{max} - \mathbb{E}[Z])$$

$$X \leq \min(\frac{1}{D_{max}}, \frac{N}{D + \mathbb{E}[Z]}) \quad \mathbb{E}[R] = \frac{1}{\mu} = \mathbb{E}[S]$$

$$N^* = \frac{D + \mathbb{E}[Z]}{D_{max}}$$
 \Longrightarrow optimal X and $\mathbb{E}[R]$

Queuing Models

(Arrivals / Service Times / Number of servers / Room in system)

M/M/1

$$\rho = \lambda / \mu$$

$$\mu>\lambda$$
 [Stability condition]

$$X_i(t) = \frac{C_i(t)}{t}$$
 [Throughput] $\pi_0 = 1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu} = 1 - \rho$

$$\pi_i = \pi_0(\frac{\lambda}{\mu})^i = (1 - \rho)\rho^i$$

$$\rho_i(t) = \frac{B_i(t)}{t} \text{ [Utilization]} \qquad \mathbb{E}[N] = \frac{\lambda}{\mu - \lambda} = \frac{\rho}{1 - \rho}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[N_Q] = \mathbb{E}[N] - \rho$$

$$S_i(t) = \mathbb{E}[S]$$

$$\mathbb{E}[R] = \frac{1}{\mu - \lambda}$$

 $V_{user} = V_0 = 1$

 $\lambda_i = X_i$ [Steady state]

[Avg response time]

[Think time]

[Closed System]

[Utilization Law]

[Forced Flow Law]

[Little's Law]

[Number of jobs in system]

[Avg number of jobs in system]

$$\mathbb{E}[R_Q] = \frac{1}{\mu - \lambda} - \frac{1}{\mu}$$



M/M/c

$$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{c\mu}$$

 $c\mu > \lambda$ [Stability condition]

$$\pi_0 = (\frac{\lambda}{\mu})^c \frac{1}{1 - \rho}$$

$$\pi_i = \begin{cases} \frac{\lambda^i}{i!\mu^i} \pi_0, & \text{if } i < c \\ \frac{\lambda^i}{c!\mu^i c^{i-c}} \pi_0, & \text{if } i \ge c \end{cases}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[N] = \lambda \mathbb{E}[R]$$

$$\mathbb{E}[R] = \mathbb{E}[R_Q] + \mathbb{E}[S] = \mathbb{E}[R_Q] + \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[R_Q] = \frac{(\frac{\lambda}{\mu})^c \mu}{(c-1)!(c\mu - \lambda)^2}$$

[Bottleneck Law]
$$P(\text{job is queued}) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \pi = \frac{1}{c!} (\frac{\lambda}{\mu})^c \frac{1}{1-\rho} \pi_0$$

[Erlang C Formula]

 $\mathbb{E}[N_O] = \lambda \mathbb{E}[R_O]$



$M/M/\infty$

$$\rho = \lambda/\mu$$

$$\mu > \lambda$$
 [Always Stable]

$$\pi_0 = e^{-\frac{\lambda}{\mu}} = e^{-\mu}$$

$$\pi_i = \frac{(\lambda/\mu)^i}{i!} e^{-\frac{\lambda}{\mu}} = \frac{\rho^i}{i!} e^{-\rho}$$

$$D = \sum_{i} D_{i}$$

$$T_{i} = e^{-\frac{\lambda}{\mu}} = e^{-\rho}$$

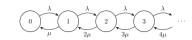
$$T_{i} = \frac{\rho_{max}}{D_{max}}$$

$$T_{i} = \frac{\lambda}{\mu} = \rho$$

$$\mathbb{E}[N_Q] = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}[R] = \frac{1}{\mu} = \mathbb{E}[S$$

$$\mathbb{E}[R_Q] = 0$$



Birth-Death Process

CTMC where state transitions increase or decrease by a constant factor.

$$\pi_0 = \frac{1}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \prod_{i=1}^{k} \frac{\lambda_{i-1}}{\mu_i}}$$
$$\pi_i = \frac{\prod_{j=0}^{i-1} \lambda_j}{\prod_{j=1}^{i} \mu_j} \pi_0$$

Threshold System

T>0, Arrival rate s, processing rate s. If $r>s,N\to 0.$ If $s>r,N\to \infty.$

$$\pi_0 = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{r}{s}} \left(\frac{s}{r}\right)^T - 1$$

$$\pi_i = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{s}{r}\right)^i \pi_0, & \text{if } i < T \\ \left(\frac{s}{r}\right)^{i-T} \left(\frac{r}{s}\right)^2 \pi_0, & \text{if } i \ge T \end{cases}$$

Misc

- $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \alpha^i = \frac{1}{1-\alpha}, |\alpha| < 1.$
- $h = \frac{f}{g} \implies h' = \frac{f'g fg'}{g^2}$
- Blocking system structure $\implies X_1 = X_2 = ... = X_n$
- Want to minimize $\mathbb{E}[R]$ and maximize X.
- Operation Laws work regardless of distributions of random variables
- exponential distributions are a very good assumption for modeling arrivals, but only moderately good for modelling processing times