

Declassified per Executive Order 12958, Section 3.5  
NND Project Number: NND 750168 By: NND Date: 1975

Prepared by  
AMERICAN DEFENSE -- HARVARD GROUP  
Committee on the Protection of Monuments

List of Monuments

SOUTH ITALY

Regions

Abruzzi e Molise  
Apulia  
Basilicata  
Calabria  
Campania

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LIST OF MONUMENTS IN ITALY

REGION OF CAMPANIA

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## Southern Italy

### Region of Campania

#### Provincia di Napoli (Province of Naples)

#### Napoli (Naples), Capital of the Province

#### Chiese (Churches)

Cattedrale (Cathedral) dedicated to San Gennaro (St. Januarius), patron saint of Naples. In the Cappella (Chapel) di San Gennaro, also the Tesoro (Treasury) of the Cathedral are the relics of the saint, two small vessels containing his blood. Three times a year there takes place a ceremony at which the saint's blood liquifies; the first Saturday in May at the Church of Santa Chiara, and September 19th and December 16th at the Cathedral. These ceremonies draw enormous crowds.

In popular belief rapid liquification of the blood is a good omen for Naples, while slow liquification, or none at all, is a bad one.

Chiesa di Sant' Angelo a Nilo (Church of St. Angelus on the Nile):  
Tomb by Michelozzo and Donatello

" dell' Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation)

" dell' Ascensione (Church of the Ascension)

\*\* " di Santa Chiara (Church of Santa Clara): noteworthy XIV century tombs. First Saturday in May, liquification of the blood of St. Januarius, see above under Cattedrale.

\* " di San Domenico Maggiore (Church of St. Domenic Major):  
noteworthy tombs

" di San Filippo Neri (Church of St. Philip Neri):  
Baroque paintings

" di San Gennaro (Church of St. Januarius)

" del Gesu Nuovo (Trinità Maggiore) (Church of Jesus or  
Trinity Major: Good frescoes

" di San Giacomo degli Spagnuoli (Church of St. James of the  
Spaniards): Baroque paintings

" di San Giorgio Maggiore (Church of St. George Major):  
original structure of the IV century

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SOUTHERN ITALY - CAMPANIA

Chiesa di San Giovanni a Carbonara (Church of St. John):  
important tombs

" di San Giovanni Maggiore (Church of St. John Major):  
rests on ruins of temple of Hercules

" dell' Incoronata (Church of the Virgin Encrowned):  
Mediaeval frescoes

" di San Lorenzo Maggiore (Church of St. Lawrence Major)

\*\* " di Santa Maria del Carmine (Carmelite Church of St. Mary):  
miraculous statue of the Virgin on the  
high altar

\* " di Santa Maria Donna Regina (Church of St. Mary the Queen):  
important tombs and museums containing  
13th-14th century frescoes by Cavallini

" di Santa Maria la Nuova (New Church of St. Mary) with  
adjacent cloisters

" di Santa Maria del Parto (Church of St. Mary of Childbirth):  
tomb of Sannazaro (Tomb of St. Nazarius)

" di Santa Maria di Piedigrotta (Church of St. Mary of Piedi-  
grotta) (festival September 7-8)

\* " del Monte della Misericordia (Church of the Mount of Pity)  
Painting by Caravaggio

\* " del Monte Oliveto (Church of the Mount of Olives):  
sculpture by Antonio Rossellino

" di San Pietro a Maiella (Church of St. Peter at Maiella)  
Baroque frescoes

" di San Paolo Maggiore (Church of St. Paul Major): built  
area of temple of the Dioscures

\* " di San Restituta (Church of St. Restituta): Mediaeval  
sculpture

" del Sannazaro (Church of St. Nazarius)

Palazzi (Palaces)

Palazzo della Borsa (Exchange Building) on the Piazza Giovanni Bovio:  
within it, Chapel of Sant' Asprezza Porto contains  
beneath it an ancient Roman bath transformed  
into a church.

\* " Cuomo contains Museo Civico Filangieri (Civic Museum)

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## Southern Italy

### Campania

#### Palazzo Foni

- " Gravina (now Post and Telegraph offices)
- \* " Gualtiere: collection of Neapolitan paintings
- " Reale (Royal Palace)
- " Regio di Capodimonte: contains museum chiefly of Neapolitan paintings

#### Other buildings and structures.

##### \* Aquario (Aquarium)

##### Castles:

##### Castel Capuano

##### \* Castel Nuovo with triumphal arch of the Renaissance

##### Castel Sant' Elmo: old fort

Castello d' Ovo (Castle of the Egg). Founded 12th century, reconstructed 16th. On island.

##### Catacombs and Cemetery:

##### \*\* Catacombe di San Gennaro (Via S. Gennaro dei Poveri)

##### \* Catacombe di San Severo: early V century painting

##### Campo Santo (Burial Ground)

##### Fountains:

Pontana dell' Immacolatella (Fountain of Mary Immaculate) in the via Nazario Sauro

Pontana in the Large Monteoliveto

Pontana del Nettuno (Fountain of Neptune) in the Piazz Giovanni Bovio

Pontana della Sireno (Fountain of the Siren) in the via Giuseppuacci Nobile

##### \*\* Monastero di San Martino (Monastery of St. Martin) with church sacristy and museums. Baroque paintings



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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

Museo Artistico Industriale (Museum of Industrial Art): ancient sculpture; mosaics and paintings

\*\*\* Museo, Nazionale (National Museum): contains most of the objects found in Pompei and Herculaneum. The most important museum of classical antiquities in the world.

Porta Capuana (Capua Gate)

Tomba di Vergilio: the reputed tomb of Virgil, the Latin poet

Teatro San Carlo (St. Charles Theatre)

Libraries: Naples has 28 libraries mostly connected with learned and ecclesiastical institutions. Only the most important are listed here.

\*\* Regia Università degli Studi (University) with \*\* Biblioteca Universitaria: 610,000 books, 117 manuscripts, engravings, early printed books, early editions, illustrated books, works on Dante. State property.

\*\*\* Biblioteca Nazionale (National Library): 1,270,000 books, 10,647 manuscripts, 4,500 engravings. One of Italy's most important libraries. State property.

\* Biblioteca Privata Benedetto Croce (Private Library of Benedetto Croce, Italy's outstanding philosopher. Books on Philosophy, History, Literature, many autographs.

\* Biblioteca Historiana dei Girolamini (Library) of 283 manuscripts, 46 with illuminations

\* Reale Archivio di Stato (Royal State Archives): Manuscripts, 2 with illuminations

Villa Florentine: contains ceramic museum

Grotta Vecchia di Posillipo (Roman tunnels to connect Naples with Pozzuoli)

### Acerra

\* Duomo (Cathedral) (perhaps built on Roman temple of Hercules).

Castello

Agnano Terme

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Acerra (cont.)

- \*\* Imposing ruins of Roman bath

#### Arienzo

Chiesa di Sant' Agostino (Church of St. Augustine): XIII century;  
wooden statue of the Madonna

- \* " " Sant' Andrea (Church of St. Andrew): noteworthy  
church furniture

" dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation)

#### Atella

Ruins of the ancient city of Atella, including walls,  
arches, streets

#### Aversa

Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation)

" di San Francesco (Church of St. Francis)

- \* " " Santa Maria a piazza (Church of St. Mary at the  
square) Mediaeval frescoes

- \* Duomo (Cathedral): founded 12th cent., much altered later

- \* Convento (Convent of St. Lawrence) di San Lorenzo. The church  
of the convent has fine Romanesque portal  
and antique columns within.

Palazzo Sanfelice (or Paolizzi) (Sanfelice Palace)

Porta Napoli (Naples Gate): Renaissance arch

#### Bacoli

- \* Cento Camerelle, huge Roman water reservoir
- \*\* Piscina Mirabile, largest and best preserved water reservoir  
in the Roman world, built for the Roman  
fleet stationed in Misenum

#### Near Bacoli

"Sepolcro di Agrippina" or Agrippina's Tomb, really a Roman  
theater



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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

- Baia The most fashionable resort of ancient Rome in the first cent. B.C.
- \* So-called Tempio di Diana (Temple of Diana) really a Roman bath
  - \* So-called Tempio di Mercurio (Temple of Mercury)
  - \* So-called Tempio di Venere (Temple of Venus)
- Many ruins nearby
- "Palazzo di Cesare" ("Caesar's Palace") belonging to temple of Venus Lucrina

### Baia e Latina

Ponte dell'Olierno or dell'Inferno, remains of Roman bridge

### Bellona

So-called Cammarelle delle Fate, remains of Roman reservoir

### Boscotrese

Ruins of two famous Roman villas almost completely covered

### Calvi Resorta

- \* Remains of ancient Cales, including Roman amphitheater, theatre, Temple of Mercurius, another temple, now Church of Santa Costanza, section of Via Latina (Roman Road)
- \* Cattedrale (Cathedral)
- Castello (Castle) in ruins
- \* Grotta dei Santi (Saints' Grotto) with Mediaeval frescoes

### Camaldoli di Napoli

Convento (Convent) dei Camaldoli

### Campanella (See Punta della Campanella)

### Cancello

- \* Ruins of ancient Suessual at La Pagliara
- \*\* Villa Spinelli

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Capri (Island of)

##### Anacapri

Chiesa di San Michele (Church of St. Michael)

\*\* Big Roman Villa (in ruins) called Torre di Damecuta

##### Environs of Anacapri

Chiesa del Santuario di Santa Maria Cetrella (Church of the  
Sanctuary of St. Mary Cetrella) and  
adjacent monastery

Torre di Materita (Tower of Materita)

##### Bagno di Tiberio

\* Roman villa called Palazzo a Mare

##### Capri (town of)

Chiesa parrocchiale di San Stefano (Parish church of St. Stephen)

Monastero della Certose (Carthusian Monastery) with church and  
cloisters

Palazzo Cerio (Cerio Palace): contains Natural History Museum

Near town: at Belvedere di Tragara

Roman villas including

\*\* Villa of the Roman Emperor Tiberius (all in ruins) also

Grotta di Matromania, ancient sanctuary

##### Marina Grande

Chiesa di San Costanzo (Church of St. Costantius): contains  
the body of St. Costantius, patron of  
the island

#### Capua

Chiesa dell'Annunciata (Church of the Annunciation) founded  
13th cent. remodelled 16th cent.

Chieaa di San Marcello Maggiore (Church of the St. Marcellus  
Major)

" " San Michele a Corte (Church of St. Michael)

" " Santi Rufo e Carponio (Church of Saints Rufus and  
Carponius)

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Capua (cont.)

Chiesa di San Salvatore Maggiore a Corte (Church of St. Savior Major)

- \* Duomo (Cathedral) with Archivio del Duomo (Cathedral Archives) with important 11th cent. manuscript (Exultet Roll)

Seminario Arcivescovile (Archepiscopal Seminary): Two 11th cent. manuscripts

Palazzo del Municipio (City Hall)

- \*\* Museo Provinciale Campano in Palazzo Antignano (Provincial Museum of Campania): important Roman and late sculpture

Roman Bridge

#### Castellamare di Stabia

On the site of ancient Stabiae destroyed in 79 A.D. with Pompeii and Herculaneum by Mt. Vesuvius

- \* Museo Stabiano, Museum with antiquities of Stabiae, in the charter-house of the Cattedrale (Cathedral)

Chiesa di Santa Maria Pozzano (Church of St. Mary Pozzano)

Palazzo del Liceo (Palace of the Lyceum): contains observatory

Villa Quisisana

#### - Environs of Castellamare di Stabia

Castello di Cisterna (Cistern Castle)

Chiesa di Santa Maria Assunta (Church of the Ascended Virgin)

#### Carinola

##### Mansions:

Casa Aceti, 15th cent.

- \* " Martulo, " " , with courtyard
- \* " Novelli, " "
- " Parascandolo

Cattedrale (Cathedral). Early; basilican form



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Southern Italy

CAMPANIA

Caserta

- \*\* Palazzo Reale (Royal Palace) and gardens

Caserta Vecchia

- \*\* Cattedrale (Cathedral)
- Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation)
- Castello (Castle) of the counts of Caserta

Casaluce

- Castello (Castle) founded in XI cent. now a factory

Castelvolturno - Remains of the ancient town of Volturnum.

Cimitile

- Chiesa di Santa Felice in Pineis (Church of St. Felice in the Pine Woods): XIV cent. frescoes and tomb of Saints Paolino and Felice

Coroglio

- \*\* Big Roman drainage tunnel, called Grotta di Seiano

Crapolla, Marina di

- Abbazia di San Pietro (Abbey of St. Peter) with ancient columns

Cuma

- \*\* Walls of the citadel of ancient Cumae (Greek and Roman City)
- \*\* Grotta (Grotto) of the Sibyl connected with
- \*\* Temple Apollo
- \*\* So-called Sepolcro della Sibilla (Tomb of the Sibyl) really a Roman villa
- \* Roman Amphitheater
- \*\* So-called Arco Felice, viaduct of the Via Domitiana, a Roman road
- \* So-called Tempio dei Giganti (Temple of the Giants) a Roman building

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Eremo Stazione

Osservatorio Vesuviano (Vesuvian observatory)

#### Ercolano

\*\*\* The ancient Herculaneum, which was buried by the same eruption of Mt. Vesuvius in 79 A.D. that buried Pompeii; partly excavated

\*\* In the modern village Resina above the excavations; Ancient theater of Herculaneum

#### Calluccio

Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation): 14th cent. modified later

" di San Stefano (Church of St. Stephen)

Palazzo Ducale (Ducal Palace)

#### Ischia, Island of

Castello d'Ischia (Ischia Castle)

\* Cattedrale antica (old Cathedral): frescoed crypt

Chiesa della "Madonna della Libera" (Church of the Madonna)

" dell'Immacolata (Church of Mary Immaculate)

" di San Pietro (Church of St. Peter)

#### Forio

Chiesa di Santa Maria di Loreto (Church of St. Mary of Loreto)

" Parrocchiale di San Vito (Parish Church of St. Vitus)

#### Lacco Ameno

Chiesa di Santa Restituta (Church of St. Restituta): Festival May 15-17

#### Porto d'Ischia

Villa Masturzi: art collection

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Lago Lucrine (railway station only)

- \* Remains of Roman bath to SW
- \* Near Lago d'Averno (Lake Avernus): so-called Grotta della Sibilla (Sibyl's Cave). Really a Roman drainage tunnel between two lakes
- \* So-called Tempio d'Apollo, really part of Roman villa
- \*\* So-called Stufe (hothouses) del Tritolo, or di Nerone, really the ruins of Roman Bath

#### Marcianese

Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation)

Castello di Lorianò (Castle of Lorianò)

#### Marechiaro

Ruins along the beach

So-called Tempio della Fortuna (Temple of Fortune)

- \*\* Villa Pausilypon, or di Vedius Pollio, big Roman villa with ancient theater
- \* So-called Scuola di Vergilio (School of Vergil) really Roman ruins

#### Meta

Basilica della Madonna del Laure (Church of the Madonna of the Laurel)

Environs of Meta:

Basilica di San Michele (Church of St. Michael)

#### Miseno

Numerous tombs of sailors of the ancient Roman fleet

- \*\* Ancient theater in ruins
- Ruins of Roman villa and bath
- \* Villa of Lucullus (in ruins) on Punta di Pennata; the Roman Emperor Tiberius died here

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Mondragone

Remains of the Via Appia or Appian Way, ancient Roman road

Chiesa di San Michele intra moenia (Church of St. Michael within the walls)

Chiesa di San Rufino (Church of St. Rufinus) containing antique columns

In the Northwest of the town, ruins of ancient Sinuessa, including Roman aqueduct, house, arch, tombs

#### Massalubrense

##### Environs.

Chiesa di Santa Maria della Misericordia (Church of St. Mary of Mercy). XIV century statue of Madonna

#### Monte Vesuvio (Mount Vesuvius)

Chiesa di Santa Maria di Castello (Church of St. Mary of the Castle). Pilgrimage church (see also Eremo)

#### Nola

Remains of Roman amphitheater

- \* Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation). Cloisters of XIV cent. in adjacent monastery with Roman remains and remains of XIV century frescoes

- \* Chiesa di Santa Chiara (Saint Clara) and adjacent monastery with frescoes of the XIV century

Chiesa della Misericordia (Church of Pity)

Chiesa del convento di Sant' Angelo e di San Francesco (Church of the convent of St. Angelus and St. Francis)

- \* Duomo (Cathedral). 14th-15th cent., reconstructed 19th cent. On site of temple of love

- \* Seminario (Seminary), containing Museum with the cippus abellanus second in importance among the ancient Oscan inscriptions

#### Palma Campania

Castello Baronale (Baronial Castle)



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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Pompeii

- \*\*\* Ancient Pompeii. The most famous ruins of a Roman town, buried during the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius in 79 A.D., now largely excavated. Museum within excavation

Chiesa della Santuario della Madonna del Rosario (Church of the Sanctuary of the Madonna of the Rosary):  
festival August 15

Museo Vesuviano (Vesuvius Museum) and observatory

#### Pórtici

Palazzo Reale (Royal Palace)

#### Pozzuoli

- \* Remains of the ancient Port
- \* Pissina Cardito, ancient reservoir still in use
- \*\* Two Roman amphitheatres
- So-called Temple of Honor (Tempio dell'Onore)
- Ruins of Roman bath, called Tempio di Nettuno (Temple of Neptune)
- \*\* So-called Tempio di Serapide, really a building for commercial purposes
- Ruins of the Roman circus
- \* Duomo (Cathedral), built on the temple of Augustus
- Convento dei Cappuccini (Capuchin Convent)

#### Presario

Environs: At San Felice, ruins of ancient theater

#### Punta della Campanella

Torre Minerva (Minerva Tower)

#### Roccamonfina

Santuario di Santa Maria dei Lattani (Sanctuary of St. Mary)  
with choir and cloister

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Sant' Angelo in Formis

- \*\* Basilica di Sant'Angelo in Formis (Church of St. Angel):  
important Mediaeval frescoes

#### Santa Maria Capua Vetere

Museo Civico (Communal Museum), Greek and Roman antiquities

- \* Covered corridor belonging to a Roman bath
- Roman theater
- \*\* Anfiteatro Campano, one of the most import Roman amphitheaters
- \* Mithraeum, sanctuary of the ancient Mithras on a lane called  
vicolo Quartiere
- \* Arco di Adriano, Roman triumphal arch

Environs: at San Prisco

Chiesa di Santa Maria Maggiore (St. Mary Major)

" " San Prisco (Church of St. Priscus) with mosaics of  
5th cent. A.D.

#### Santa Maria in Vico

Chiesa dell'Assunta (Church of the Ascended Virgin): old  
wooden crucifix

" di San Nicola Magno (Church of St. Nicholas the Great)

#### Sessa Aurunca

- \*\* Ponte degli Aurunci (called also Ponte Ronaco), Roman bridge  
over the rio (river) della Travata
  - \* Roman theater with covered corridor
- Nearby: ruins of Roman bath
- \* Duomo (Cathedral) 12th century, built with ancient material,  
containing important works of art, notably  
sculpture of the 12th century

#### Sorrento

Roman arch in via Parsano

Roman ruins near the Albergo Sirene

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Sorrento (cont.)

- \* Chiesa della Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation) built on the ruins of the Roman temple of Cybele
- Casa Correale (Correale Mansion) with Museum of antiquities
- Casa Veniero (Veniero Mansion)
- Cattedrale (Cathedral)
- Chiesa di San Francesco d'Assisi (Church of St. Francis of Assisi): Gothic cloister
- Villa Correale with Museo (Museum) Correale di Terranuova
- Basilica di Sant'Antonio (Church of St. Anthony)
- Palazzo Sersale (Sersale Palace)

At Capo di Sorrento: Roman villa of Pollius Felix (in ruins)

#### Teano

- \* Walls of the ancient town of Teanum, with Porta Romana (city gate)
- \* Roman amphitheater
- Roman circus
- Palazzo Fondi (Fondi Palace) is on the site of the ancient citadel
- Roman building near cemetery
- Chiesa di San Benedetto (Church of St. Benedict) 10th cent.
- " " Santa Maria de Foris (Church of St. Mary of the Markets) founded 10th cent., remodelled 11th and 12th cent.
- Duomo (Cathedral) founded 12 cent., remodelled 17th cent.

#### Torre del Greco

Convento (convent) dei Camaldoli delle Torre

#### Treglia (near Pontelatone)

- \* Roman remains: theater, aqueduct, walls of ancient town of Trebula of large stone blocks

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Southern Italy

CAMPANIA

Valle di Maddaloni

Ponti della Valle (great aqueduct built 1753-59)

Ventaroli

Cattedrale (Cathedral), early basilican form with Renaissance additions

Vico Equense

Small museum in Municipio (City Hall)

Roman bath

Church: Ex-Cattedrale (former Cathedral)



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# Southern Italy

## Region of CAMPANIA

### Benevento Provincia (Province of Benevento)

#### Benevento, Capital of the Province

- \*\*\* Arco di Traiano (Arch of Trajan) also called Port 'Aurea,  
Roman triumphal arch

Arco del Sacramento (Arch of the Sacrament) Roman, in via  
Carlo Torre  
Roman walls

- \* Roman theater

Ponticello, Roman bridge

- \* Ponte Leproso, Roman bridge (Via Appia)

- \* Roman building near church Madonna delle Grazie, remains of  
the Roman emporium or market, called  
I Santi Quaranta

Roman statue of the bull Apis on Piazza San Lorenzo

Outside of the City, beyond Ponte Leproso: remains of Via  
Appia (Roman Road) with tombs

Chiesa della Madonna delle Grazie (Church of the Madonna of  
Graces)

- \* " di Santa Sofia (Church of St. Sophia) with a noteworthy  
Chiestro (cloister) of the XII century

- \*\* Cattedrale (Cathedral) with famous bronze doors of XIII cent.  
and a Tesoro (Treasury) containing valu-  
able ecclesiastical objects and vestments.  
Biblioteca Capitolare (Cathedral Library)  
has over 40 manuscripts (9th to 13th cent.

- \* Castello containing the Museo Provinciale (Provincial Museum)  
Roman and Mediaeval sculpture and antiqui-  
ties  
Palazzo Comunale (City Hall)

- \* Biblioteca Provinciale: 14,000 books; 1,116 manuscripts

#### Airola

Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation)

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Alife

- \* Walls of ancient town of Alifae
- \* Tomb of the ancient Roman family of the Glabrones transformed into church of San Giovanni Gerosolomitano (St. John of Jerusalem)
- \* Covered Roman Gallery in street called via Crittoportico  
Near the town (NW): Roman tomb, called il Torrione  
Cattedrale (Cathedral) 12th century, with earlier elements  
Roman and Medieval walls

#### Alvignano

Chiesa di San Fernando (Church of St. Ferdinand) built on ancient temple

#### Arpaia

Ruins of feudal Castello (castle)

#### Buonalbergo

Chiesa della Madonna della Macchia containing a Byzantine statue of the Madonna

#### Caiazzo

- \* Forum of the ancient town of Caiatia, now Piazza Porta Vetere: beneath it is reservoir  
Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation): Renaissance portal  
Cattedrale (Cathedral): remodelled 13th century  
Castello (Castle) Lombard period

#### Cusano Mutri

- \*\* Chiesa di San Nicola (Church of St. Nicholas): precious silver reliquary of XIV cent. containing part of Christ's crown of thorns  
Chiesa di Santa Maria (Church of St. Mary) del Castagneto: Byzantine statue of the Madonna in wood

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Southern Italy

CAMPANIA

Faicchio

- \* Very ancient walls of polygonal masonry; Roman bridge

Forchia

- Chiesa di Santa Maria in Iugo (Church of St. Mary in the Yoke):  
erected perhaps on ancient temple

MARCONO

- Palazzo Colesanti (Colesanti Palace)

- Palazzo Ucci (Ucci Palace)

Paduli

- Convento di Santa Maria di Loreto (Convent of St. Mary of Loreto)

Pescola Mazza

- \*\* Chiesa di San Salvatore (Church of the Holy Savior) containing  
the body of the martyr St. Reparata, an  
object of great veneration

Piedimonte d'Alife

- \* Walls consisting of large blocks, particularly on Monte Cila
- \* Museo Civico (Municipal Museum) contains prehistoric collection.

Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation)

- " di San Biagio (Church of St. Blaize): Mediaeval  
frescoes.
- " " San Salvatore (Church of the Holy Savior)
- " " Tomaso d'Aquino (Church of St. Thomas Aquinas)  
built on Roman temple

Museo Civico (Municipal Museum)

Sant'Agata dei Goti

Chiesa dell'Annunziata (Church of the Annunciation)

- \* " di Santa Menna (Church of St. Menna), 12th cent.
- Duomo (Cathedral) 10th-12th cent.
- Castello (castle) remains

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**Southern Italy**

**CAMPANIA**

San Bartolomeo in Galdo

Chiesa di San Bartolomeo (Church of St. Bartholomew)

Palazzo Martini (Martini Palace)

Santa Croce del Sannio

Chiesa di San Francesco (Church of St. Francis)

San Leucio

Casino di San Leucio (Royal country house) 18th century

San Marco dei Cavoti

Environs: at Zenna remains of walls and aqueduct of ancient city of Genna

San Potito Sannitico

Remains of Roman bath called Le Torrelle

Solopaca

Chiesa della Madonna di Roseto (Church of the Madonna): Byzantine statue of the Madonna in wood

Telese

\*\* Well-preserved walls of the ancient town of Telesia, with city gates

\* Circus, amphitheater, theater



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Southern Italy

Region of CAMPANIA

Salerno Provincia (Province of Salerno)

Salerno

Churches

Duomo: \*\* San Matteo (Cathedral of St. Matthew 11th cent. with important mosaics, tombs, pulpits, ivories. Festival, eve and day of St. Mathew, Sept. 20-21. Archivio Arcivescovile (Archepiscopal Archives): many ancient charters. Also Biblioteca Capitolare (Cathedral Library): early manuscripts including Exultet Roll of 13th century

Castle: ☐ Castello (Castle) Mediaeval

Amalfi

Churches

Duomo: \*\* Sant'Andrea (Cathedral of St. Andrew) 11th cent. with valuable bronze doors. The Saints room is in the crypt. Festival November 30.

Santa Maria Dolorata (St. Mary of Sorrows) with ancient Greek columns from Paestum

Ascea

Ruins: \* Nearby at Castellamare della Stabia (or di Veglia) widely-scattered, scanty ruins of Elea or Velia), ancient Greek colony, home of the Eleatic School of philosophers

Atrani

Church: \*\* San Salvatore (St. Savior), with important bronze doors, 11th century

Cava dei Tirreni

Library: \*\* Biblioteca della Badia della Santissima Trinità ☐  
(Library of the Abbey of the Most Holy Trinity): 40,000 books, 300 manuscripts, 13,000 early charters. State property administered by the Benedictine monks.

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Nocera Superiore

##### Church

Santa Maria Maggiore (St. Mary Major), round church, 4th cent.

Nearby is pilgrimage place of Mater Domini (Mother of Our Lord) Festival, August 15

#### Padula

##### Monastery

\*\*\* Certosa di San Lorenzo (Carthusian Monastery of St. Lawrence)  
a national monument

#### Paestum - Ruins:

\*\*\* Among the most important monuments of all Italy are the three well-preserved Greek temples: 1) The Basilica. 2) Tempio di Nettuno (Temple of Neptune). 3) Tempio di Cerere (Temple of Ceres). Original Greek town walls, Roman theatre, forum, amphitheater

##### Museum

Small museum for objects discovered at the Tempio di Hera (Heraion or Temple of Hera) at the mouth of the river Sele

#### Ravello

##### Churches

\*\* Duomo di San Pantaleone (Cathedral of St. Pantaleon) with famous bronze doors and fine pulpit. Festival at which the Saint's blood liquifies, July 27.

San Giovanni del Toro (St. John of the Bull)

##### Palaces

Palazzo Cimbrone (Cimbrone Palace) in Norman Saracenic style

Palazzo dei Rufoli (Rufolo Palace) in Norman Saracenic style

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## Southern Italy

### CAMPANIA

#### Avellino

Castle: Ruins of mediaeval castle  
Provincial Library: \*Biblioteca Provinciale: 70,000; 400 manuscripts  
Ruins: Ruins of Roman town nearby at Atripalda

#### Ariano Irpino

Church: Duomo (Cathedral) 11th cent. much rebuilt  
Castle: Ruined Norman castle

#### Mirabella Eclano

Archive della Chiesa Collegiata (Archives of the Collegiate Church. 2 manuscripts of 11th-12th centuries (Exultet Rolls))

#### Montevergine

Convent: \*\* Convent of Montevergine (Mt. of the Virgin), 5 miles from Avellino famous pilgrimage-place. Festivals, Whitsuntide (7th Sunday after Easter) and September 7-8 (vast throngs of pilgrims attend)

#### Sant'Angelo dei Lombardi

Churches: Ruins of two fine mediaeval churches

#### Rocca San Felice

Castle: Castle of Frederick II