

NHRH 604

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NND Project Number: NND 750168 By: NND Date: 1975

Prepared by

AMERICAN DEFENSE -- HARVARD GROUP

Committee on Protection of Monuments

List of Monuments

CENTRAL ITALY

Regions:

Lazio (Latium)

Le Marche (The Marches)

Toscana (Tuscany)

Umbria

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LIST OF MONUMENTS IN ITALY

REGION OF LATIUM (INCLUDING ROME)

SEARCHED

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CENTRAL ITALY

LAZIO (LATIUM)

Roma (Rome) -- Roma Provincia (Province of Rome)

(Note: The monuments, libraries etc. of the Vatican City are excluded from the following lists, as the Papacy is a neutral power. Since, however, they are so intimately connected with Rome, they are given in a separate list at the end.)

The lists for Rome are arranged as follows:

- A. Ancient buildings, monuments, etc. Grouped in districts.
- B. Medieval and later monuments. Grouped according to type; alphabetically within each group.
- C. Museums and Picture Galleries. Grouped according to type; alphabetically within each group.
- D. Miscellaneous buildings and monuments, arranged alphabetically.
- E. Libraries. Grouped as Roman, Papal, Foreign; alphabetically within each group.

A. Ancient Buildings and Monuments

I. Piazza Venezia and Campidoglio (Capitol).

Tomb of Bibulus at the foot of National Monument to Victor Emmanuel II.

*Large ancient Roman House at foot of National Monument.

II.***Forum Romanum, literally: Roman Market-place, including Museo del Foro (Museum of the Forum). Area of excavations still in progress. Center of public life and administration of justice in ancient Rome.

III.***Buildings on the Palatine Hill. Area of Excavations still in progress. The cradle of Rome, and site of the palaces of ancient Imperial Rome.

IV.***Fori Imperiali; the Fora (business and judicial centres) built by Caesar and Augustus, Nerva and Trajan, with the ***Mercati di Trajan (market of Trajan). ***Basilica of Constantine and ancient street behind it.
***Colosseum: The monumental Amphitheatrum Flavianum (Amphitheatre of Flavius). Area of Excavations connected by Via dell'Impero.

**Antiquarium Comunale (Important museum of antiquities)

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

Domus Aurea (The Golden House of the Roman Emperor Nero)

- V. The region of Monte Caelic (Caelian hill)
(a) ***Passeggiata Archeologica (Archeological walk),
so-called on account of the numerous ruins
*Church of Santa Sabina and House of Fabius Cilo
*** Terme (Baths) di Caracalla, the most imposing
structure of its kind in Italy B
Via Appia (Appian Road to Capua and Benevento)
** Tombe degli Scipioni (Cemetery of the Scipios)
* Columbaria (burial places) of Vigna Codini
* Arch of Drusus
** Porta di San Sebastiano (Gate of St. Sebastian,
Built of Roman materials, formerly Appian Gate)
* Porta Metronia
** San Stefano Rotondo (Round church of St. Stephen)
* Roman house beneath the church Santi Giovanni e
Paolo (Sts. John and Paul)
* The temple of Divus Claudius
(b) Via Appia outside the city
*Church of Domine quo vadis (reputed meeting place
of Christ and St. Peter)
Caffarella Valley: with so-called grotta (Cave)
di Egeria, so-called Tempio (temple) del Dio
Redicolo, San Urbano (built over mausoleum of
Annia Regilla)
** Catacombs of San Callisto (St. Calixtus)
** Catacombs of San Priscusto on Via Appia Pignatelli
with important museums (early Christian
antiquities)
** Basilica, museum and catacombs of San Sebastiano
Catacombs of Domitilla
Circus of Maxentius
** Tomb of Caecilia Metella
* Villa of the Quintili
Tomb called Casal Rotondo
The Via Latina in and near Rome
* Porta Latina (the Latin Gate)
* Columbarium of Pomponius Hylas
** Tombs of Via Latina (Tomba dei Pancrazii and dei
Valerii)
* Basilica (church) of San Stefano (St. Stephen)
- VI. Between the Lateran, the Colosseum, and Porta Maggiore
(the Great gate on East) C
The Ludus Magnus (Great) Near the Colosseum
Remains of the House of the Laterani beneath the
Baptistery
Section of the Wall of Aurelian between Lateran and
Porta Maggiore
*Amphitheatre Castranese (Roman Amphitheater of the
third century A.D.)

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Latium-Rome

- ** Porta Maggiore (Great Gate) and nearby
Tomb of the baker Eurusaces
- The Via Praenestina in and near Rome, with
- * Basilica of Porta Maggiore (Via Praenestina 7)
- * Tor de' Schiavi (remains of Villa of the Gordiani,
Emperors of the third century A.D.)
- * Ponte di Nona (Roman bridge)
- * Ruins of the ancient city of Gabii with temple of Juno
- The Via Casilina
- * Tor Pignatarra (tomb of the Empress Helen, mother
of Constantine the Great)
- ** So-called Tempio di Ilinerva Medica
- * Hypogeum of the Viale Manzoni

- VII. The Esquiline Hill and the Church of San Lorenzo
fuori le Mura
- * Terme di Trajano (Baths of Trajan) in Parco Brancaccio,
with
Sette Sale (Seven Rooms), with large reservoir
So-called Auditorio di Macenate (Auditorium of Maecenas)
part of a Roman Villa
 - Roman house beneath Church of Santa Pudenziana
 - Walls of Servius in Via Lanza N. 156 and via Carlo
Alberto N. 45
 - * Arch of Gallienus
 - So-called Trofei di Mario (fountain) in Piazza Vittorio
Emanuele
 - ** Porta Tiburtina
 - Via Tiburtina near Rome:
Catacombs of San Lorenzo and San Ippolito at the Church
of San Lorenzo fuori le Mura
 - ** Ponte Lucano (Roman bridge) and Tomb of the Plautii
nearby

- VIII. Between the Piazza Venezia and Castro Pretorio.
- Servian Wall on Piazza Magnanapoli
 - Roman buildings in Villa Albobrandini
 - ** Wall of Servius near the station (best preserved fragment)
 - * Castro Pretorio (Camp of the Imperial Guard)

- IX. Between Piazza Venezia and Via Nomentana
- * Dioscuri di Monte Cavallo (statues of horsetamers)
 - * Remains of the villa of Sallust on Piazza Sallustio
 - Via Nomentana
 - Jewish catacombs in Villa Torlonia
 - Catacombs of Sant' Agnese fuori le Mura
 - Tomb called Sedia del Diavolo (Devil's Seat)
 - ** Ponte Nomentano (Roman bridge)
 - Catacombs of San Alessandro
- X. Region between Piazza Venezia and Via Salaria
- * Mithraeum (Sanctuary of Mithras) of Palazzo Barberini
 - * Porta Salaria
 - * Catacombs of S. Priscilla
 - Ponte Salario (Roman bridge)

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

- XI. Corso Umberto I and Via Flaminia
Roman constructions beneath Santa Maria in Via Lata
**Temple of Hadrian in Piazza di Pietra
*Column of Marcus Aurelius in Piazza Colonna
"Wall of Horti Aciliani in Viale Muro Torto
Via Flaminia:
**Ponte Milvio (or: Molle)
- XII. From Monte Pincio (Pincian Hill) to the Valle Giulia
Numerous ancient remains in the park of Villa Borghese
- XIII. Between Corso Umberto I, Corso Vittorio Emanuele and
the Tiber
***Pantheon (the only completely preserved Roman building
in the city)
*Wall of the Saepta Iulia
*Remains of the Stadium of Domitian on Piazza Navona
The Pasquino (famous remains of antique sculpture group
on Piazza del Pasquino
*Mausoleum of Augustus
***The Ara Pacis (Altar of Peace), reconstructed nearby
- XIV. The Corso Vittorio Emanuele
***The four temples of the period of the Roman Republic
of the archaeological area of the Largo Argentina
"L'abate Luigi", popular statue on Piazza delle Valle
- XV. Between Corso Vittorio Emanuele, Palatine Hill, and Tiber
***Theater of Marcellus
*Temple of Apollo (nearby)
**The three temples of Foro Olitorio (the vegetables market
of Ancient Rome), connected with the church San Nicola
in Carcere
*Portico in Forum Holitorium
**So-called Temple of Fortuna, in the Forum Boarium
**So-called Temple of Vesta, in the Forum Boarium
*Statio Annona (headquarters of administration of food
supply) beneath the Church of San Maria in Cosmedin
*Arch of Janus
**Arco degli Argentarii (Arch of the Bankers)
*Ponte Rotto (Roman bridge)
**Ponte Fabricio and Ponte Cestio (Roman bridges leading to
the Isola Tiberina, island in the Tiber)
*Porticus of Octavia (Church of San Angelo in Pescheria)
Monte Cencio on the ruins of Theater of Balbus
*Temple of Bellona
- XVI. Aventine Hill and Monte Testaccio
*Circus Maximus
Arco di Lazzaro in Via Marmorata
Remains of the Port, and of the Docks of Rome: Porticus
Aemilia

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

Monte Testaccio (isolated mound of fragments of ancient pottery)
The Via Ostiense, with
**Porta San Paolo and the Bryanide (tomb) of Cestius
*Christian cemetery of San Paolo fuori le Mura
*Abbazia delle tre Fontane (Abbey of the three Fountains, place of execution of S. Paul)

XVII. Castel Sant' Angelo, and districts of Borgo and Prati
di Castello
*Ponte Sant' Angelo (bridge largely Roman)
***Castel Sant' Angelo (mausoleum of the Roman Emperor Hadrian)

XVIII. Trastevere, Monte Gianicolo (the Janiculum Hill), the Lungara
Roman house beneath Santa Cecilia
Syrian temple in Via Pandolo
Station of the cohort of Vigiles in Piazza San Crisogono

B. Mediaeval and Later Monuments
Piazze (Squares)

***Piazza del Campidoglio (Square of the Capitol), designed by Michelangelo, with palaces by him, a Roman equestrian statue of the Emperor Marcus Aurelius, and other ancient statues.

**Piazza Navona, one of the finest squares in the city, formerly the Stadium of Domitian. Containing the church of Sant' Agnese, the Palazzo Pamphili, and two XVII century fountains by Bernini

**Piazza del Popolo. Obelisk and Baroque Churches.

***Piazza di San Pietro (Square of St. Peter's) with seventeenth century colonnades designed by Bernini, and fountains, and an obelisk.

*Piazza di Spagna (Spanish Square) at the foot of the Scala di Spagna (Spanish Steps), with churches and palaces. Well known to tourists for its agencies, hotels, etc. Contains a well known fountain in form of a war-vessel.

*Piazza di Venezia with the Palazzo Venezia (containing a fine museum of mediaeval and Renaissance art, and the Library of the Reale Istituto d'Archeologia e Storia dell'Arte (Royal Institute of Archaeology and the History of Art) and the National Monument to Victor Emmanuel II containing the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier.

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-RomeChiese (Churches)

- * Chiesa di S. Agnese in Agone, 17th century, from the Greek "Agon" or circus contests held in the circus of Domitian formerly near the church
* " " S. Agnese fuori le Mura (St. Agnes outside the walls): VII century mosaics
* " " S. Agostino: painting by Raphael, and Madonna traditionally ascribed to St. Luke
" " S. Andrea delle Fratte (St. Andrew of the Thickets)
* " " S. Andrea al Quirinale (at the Quirinal), 17th century, by Bernini
* " " S. Andrea delle Valle (of the Valley), 16th-17th-century
" " S. Antonio dei Portoghesi (St. Anthony of the Portuguese)
" " Santi Apostoli (Holy Apostles)
" " S. Atanasio dei Greci (St. Athanasius of the Greeks)
" " S. Bartolomeo (St. Bartholomew of the Baths)
" " S. Bernardo delle Terme (Built in the Bath of Diocletian: see Museo Nazionale delle Terme)
" " S. Bibiana
" " S. Carlo ai Catinari (St. Charles), 17th century
" " S. Carlo al Corso
* " " S. Carlo alle Quattro Fontane (at the Four Fountains), 17th century, by Borromini
* " " S. Caterina (St. Catherine) dei Funari, 16th century facade
" " S. Cecilia
* " " S. Cecilia in Trastevere: IX century mosaics
" " S. Cesareo
*** " " S. Clemente: Mediaeval mosaics and frescoes; ruins of Mithraeum (Sanctuary of Mithras)
* " " Santi Cosma e Damiano: Early Christian mosaics
** " " S. Costanza (St. Constance): Early Christian mosaics
" " Santi Domenico e Sisto (SS. Domenico and Sextus)
" " S. Eligio degli Orefici (St. Ely of the Goldsmiths)

Chiesa di S. Eusebio

- " " S. Francesco di Paola (St. Francis de Paul)
" " S. Francesca Romana (Saint Frances the Roman) and adjacent convent
" " S. Francesco a Ripa
* " " Gesù: principal church of the Jesuits, 16th century, by Vignola and Giacomo della Porta
" " Gesù e Maria
" " S. Giacomo (St. James) in Augusta (S. Giacomo degli Spagnuoli)
" " S. Giacomo degli Spagnuoli (of the Spaniards. Formerly S. Cuore di Maria)
" " S. Giorgio (St. George) in Velabro: XIII century frescoes
** " " S. Giovanni in Laterano (St. John in the Lateran) founded by Constantine the Great, present building 16th century; adjacent, Baptistry (S. Giovanni in Fonte) founded 5th century

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

Chiesa di S. Giovanni in Oleo (St. John in oil, referring to
martyrdom of St. John the Evangelist)
" " Santi Giovanni e Paolo (SS. John and Paul)
" " S. Giovanni a Porta Latina (St. John at the Latin Gate,
the place of his martyrdom)
" " S. Gregorio Magno (St. Gregory the Great)
* " " S. Ignazio di Loyola (St. Ignatius Loyola): Baroque frescoes
" " S. Lorenzo in Damaso: XIV century crucifix in wood
* " " S. Lorenzo (St. Lawrence) in Lucina: Founded 4th century. Tomb of Nicholas Poussin
* * " " S. Lorenzo fuori le Mura (outside the walls)
* " " S. Luigi dei Francesi (St. Louis of the French) 16th century. Important 17th century paintings.
" della Maddalena
" " Madonna dei Monti
" di S. Marcello
* " " S. Marco: founded 9th century, with IX century mosaics
" " S. Marcello

*Chiesa di S. Maria Antiqua (old St. Mary's): frescoes of VII and following centuries
" " S. Maria degli Angeli: built in the tepidarium of the Bath of Diocletian: see Museo Nazionale delle Terme
" " S. Maria dell' Anima
* " " S. Maria in Aracoeli (St. Mary on the Altar of Heaven)
On ruins of Temple of Juno Moneta, dates from before 7th century. At Christmas, a famous tableau of the Nativity is arranged
* " " S. Maria in Campitelli, 17th century
" " S. Maria della Concezione o Cappuccini
* " " S. Maria in Cosmedin: XII century pavement
* " " S. Maria in Domus: IX century mosaics
" " S. Maria di Loreto
** " " S. Maria Maggiore: founded 4th century, much extended later. Early Christian mosaics. One of the five patriarchal churches of Rome, much visited by pilgrims.
* " " S. Maria sopra Minerva. On ruins of temple of Minerva.
13th century. Contains a statue by Michelangelo.
" " S. Maria dei Miracoli, 17th century
" " S. Maria di Monserrato
" " S. Maria in Montesanto, 17th century
" " S. Maria dell' Orto
* " " S. Maria della Pace: frescoes by Raphael
* " " S. Maria del Popolo. Founded 10th century, much remodeled later. Tombs by Andrea Sansovino; Paintings by Pinturicchio and others: Capella Chigi designed by Raphael
* " " S. Maria in Trastevere: XII and XIII century mosaics

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: CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

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Chiesa di S. Maria in Via
" " S. Maria in Via Lata
* " " S. Maria della Vittoria, 17th century, by Maderna
" " S. Martina e S. Luca (St Martina and Luke) contains
famous group by Bernini, 17th century, by
Pietro da Cortona
" " S. Martino ai Monti
" " Santi Neri e Achilleo

Chiesa Nuova (New Church) (S. Maria in Vallicella) and
adjacent Oratorio dei Filippini

Chiesa di S. Paolo alle Tre Fontane (St Paul at the Three
Fountains)

** " " S. Paolo fuori le Mura (outside the walls) and
adjacent cloisters. Founded 4th century;
largely destroyed by fire 1823. One of five
patriarchal churches. 5th century mosaics;
important sculpture.
* " " S. Pietro in Montorio, 15th century; Tempioetto by
Bramante in adjacent courtyard
** " " S. Pietro in Vincoli, founded 5th century;
Monument to Pope Julius II, by Michelangelo
" " Porta Maggiore and adjacent catacombs (SAINTS:
Arcellino e Pietro, and Jewish catacombs)
* " " S. Prassede: IX century mosaics
* " " S. Pudenziana (S. Pudens) Traditionally oldest
church in Rome; of 5th century.
" " Santi Quattro Coronati: XIII century frescoes
" " S. Sabba, founded 5th century
** " " S. Sabina: Early Christian mosaics and 5th
century wooden doors
" " S. Sebastiano al Palatino
" " S. Silvestro al Quirinale
" " S. Silvestro in Capite: relic of head of John
the Baptist
" " S. Spirito in Sassia
" " S. Stefano Rotondo
* " " S. Susanna; facade by Maderna, 1603,
" " Santissima Trinità dei Monti
" " Santi Vincenzo e Anastasio
* Scala Santa (built of marble steps bought from Jerusalem
during Crusades) and Cappella di S. Lorenzo

Palazzi (Palaces)

Palazzo del Banco di San Spirito:
* " Barberini: 17th century, by Maderna, Bernini, and
Borromini; Collection of paintings

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

Palazzo Bernini
" Bolognetti
* " Borghese, 16-17th century
" di Orfezza (Maccarezi)
" Cuoracilli
** " della Cancelleria, late 15th century, probably
by A. San Gallo
" Chigi
" Cicciaporeci-Senni
* " del Collegio Romano, occupied by a school;
museum (prehistory and ethnography) and library
Colonna; 15-18th centuries, Collection of
paintings
** " dei Conservatori: built from plans of Michelangelo;
museum of painting and sculpture
della Consulta
** " Corsini; 17th century; contains National [redacted]
Gallery of paintings and sculpture
Costa
Costaguti: baroque paintings
** " Doria: Important collection of paintings
del Drago
Falconieri
** " Farnese; 16th century, by A. San Gallo and
Michelangelo. Frescoes by Annibale Carracci.
Formerly French Embassy, and Ecole Francaise
de Roma (French School in Rome)

Palazzo di Firenze
" Giustiniani
* " Lancellotti
** " del Laterano, 16th century. Belongs to Pope.
Famous collection of antique sculpture and
early Christian art
" Linotte
" del Littorio (Vidoni)
* " Madama: seat of Italian senate
* " Massimi alle Colonne, 16th century, by
B. Peruzzi
" Mattei
* " di Montecitorio
" Niccolini-Aanicci
* " Odescalchi, 17th century. Central part by
Bernini
" Orsini
* " Pignatelli, 17th century, by G. Rainaldi
" dei Pecci
" dei Pugazzi (Toni)
* " del Quirinale, 16th century; Residence of King of Italy.
Now Danini (now Sanseverino); Contains Michelangelo
statue.

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

- * Palazzo Rospigliosi: fresco by Guido Reni and collection of paintings
- " Ruspoli (Caetani)
- " Sacchetti
- " di S. Callisto
- " Sciarra-Colonna
- ** " Senatore (Palace of the Senate) built on the ancient Tabularium. Faendo 16th century, by Giacomo della Porta. Contains offices of Governor of Rome.
- * Palazzo Spada alla Regola: 16th century Roman sculpture and a gallery of paintings
- " Torlonia (formerly Giraud), 15th-16th century
- * " Venezia, 15th century. Official headquarters of Il Duce: offices of Duezione Generale per le Antichità e le Belle Arti: Museum
- " Vidoni
- ** Villa Farnesina: 16th century, by B. Peruzzi and Raphael. Frescoes by Raphael
- * Villa Madama, 16th century, designed by Raphael
- * Villa Medici, 16th century. Until recently, occupied by French Academy of Art.
- ** Villa di Papa Giulio (Villa Giulia), 16th century, by Vignola for Pope Julius III. Decorated by Taddeo Zuccaro. Museum of Antiquities

C. Museums and Picture Galleries

I. Public collections of Painting and Sculpture

- Accademia di San Luca. Collection of 17th and 18th century Italian painting.
- **Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Antica (in the Palazzo Corsini). Collection of European painting of the Renaissance and Baroque periods and the Royal Collection of Drawings and Engravings.
- Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Moderna
- *Galleria Spada (paintings and Roman sculpture in the Palazzo Spada)
- ***Museo e Galleria Borghese in the Villa Borghese (Antiquities and Renaissance painting and sculpture)
- *Museo Barracco (ancient sculpture)
- ***Museo Capitolino (Capitoline Museum). Municipal collection of ancient sculpture.
- **Museo Lateranense in the Lateran Palace (ancient and Early Christian Art)
- Museo Massolini di Arte Antica (in the Palazzo Conservatori)
- Museo Nazionale di Castel Sant' Angelo (in Castel S. Angelo)
- ***Museo Nazionale di Villa Giulia; the most important collection of Etruscan art in Rome)

MUSEUMS

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

- ***Museo Nazionale delle Terme (one of the most important collections of antiquities in the world) within the ruins of the Terme di Diocleziano (Baths of Diocletian)
- ***Museo del Palazzo dei Conservatori. Ancient sculpture. Gallery of Renaissance and Baroque paintings.
- *Museo del Palazzo Venezia (Renaissance art)
- *Museo Petriano (Museum of St. Peter's Church)
- ***Museo Preistorico ed Etnografico L. Pigorini in the Collegio Romano.

- II. Private Collections of Painting and Sculpture
 - *Galleria Barberini in the Palazzo Barberini (paintings)
 - *Galleria Colonna in the Palazzo Colonna (paintings)
 - ** " Doria-Pamphili in the Palazzo Doria (paintings--semi antiquities)
 - " Pallavicini in the Palazzo Rospigliosi-Pallavicini (paintings)
 - **Museo di Villa Albani in the Villa Albani (ancient sculpture)
 - **Museo Torlonia, via della Lungara 5, (ancient art)

III. Other Museums

- Museo Copernicano (devoted to Astronomy). In the Observatory on Monte Mario.
- " Coloniale Italiano (Colonial Museum). Via Aldovrandini 16.
- " Geografico. In the Villa Celimontana.
- *" dell' Impero Romano (Museum of the Roman Empire). (casts, etc. of Roman monuments). Piazza dei Cerchi
- " Napoleonic (collection of souvenirs of Bonaparte family). Via Giuseppe Zanardelli 1.
- " di Storia della Medicina (near Ospedale di S. Spirito)
- " Storico dell' Arma dei Carabinieri Reali. Via Crescenzo 92.
- " Sterico del Genio Militare. Lungotevere Castello 96.
- " Storica dei Granatieri (military weapons and projectiles). Piazza S. Croce in Gerusalemme.
- " Missionarie-Etnologico (ethnographical collection with special reference to missionary activities of the Catholic Church). In the Palazzo Lateranense
- " Tassiana (Tasso Museum). In the convent adjacent to the Church of S. Onofrio.

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium-Rome

IV. Miscellaneous Buildings, Monuments, Fountains, etc.

- Casa di Raffaello, via de' Coronari 124 (House of Raphael)
Casa di Crescenzo, Piazza Bocca della Verità,
mediaeval house
" in Via Sistina 126 where Gogol, the Russian
author lived
" in Corso Umberto 20, where Goethe lived,
Mediaeval houses in the via della Bufala, via di
S. Cecilia.
*Casino di Pio IV (16th century. Built for guests
of Pope Pius IV)
Cimitero protestante (Protestant Cemetery) the grave
of Shelley and other well-known English men and
women
Collegium Germanicum
Collegio di Propaganda Fide. 17th century. Jesuit
college for missionaries
**Collegio Romano, 16th century. Contains the Biblioteca
Nazionale (National Library) and the Museo
Preistorico ed Etnografico L. Pigorini
Curia dei Padri Gesuiti (House of the Jesuit Fathers)
Fontana dell' Acqua Felice (Fountain of the Happy
Waters)
Quattro Fontane (at intersection of via Quattro
Fontane with Via del Quirinale)
*Fontana delle Tartarughe (Fountain of the Tortoises)
1585. In Piazza Mattei
*Fontana del Tritone (Fountain of the Tritons),
1640, by Bernini. In Piazza Barberini
*Fontana di Trevi. Probably designed by Bernini;
erected 18th century.
*Ospedale di Santo Spirito (Hospital of the Holy Spirit)
Contains a medical library and wall paintings
of the Renaissance.
*Porta Pia. Large gateway to the City of Rome, by
Michelangelo.
Torre delle Milizie (mediaeval tower), also called
Torre de Nerone
Torri de' Capocci
*Università della Sapienza, founded 14th century.
In court, the Cappella di S. Ivo (Chapel of
St. Ivo), 17th century, by Borromini.

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Central Italy

Latium - Rome

Libraries in Rome.

PCMA (Rome).

Rome has 126 officially registered public libraries, connected with educational, cultural, governmental, academic and ecclesiastical institutions. A descriptive list of these libraries is contained in the Guide-manuel des Bibliothèques de Rome published in 1932 by the Dutch Historical Institute of Rome.

- *#* Biblioteca Nazionale Centrale Vittorio Emanuele II 900,000 bks., 5,374 mss., 14,063 autographs. Composed of the library of the Jesuit "Collegio Romano" and 69 libraries of Roman monasteries and convents. Large collection of books on Rome; Arab, Chinese and Japanese collections, incunabula, rare editions, engravings, documents. Complete depository of Italian books since 1873. State property.
- *** Biblioteca Casanatense. 220,000 books, 2,000 engravings, 5,091 mss. Outstanding collections of Mediaeval and Renaissance mss., incunabula, rare editions, music, classic authors, Polish books and works on archeology. State property.
- ** Biblioteca Universitaria Alessandrina. 280,000 bks., 350 mss. Complete depository of books printed in the Pontifical State from 1815 to 1870. Large reference library. Important collections of incunabula, Italian literature of the Renaissance, rare editions, classical authors; more than 60,000 dissertations. State property.
- ** Biblioteca, Museo ed Archivio del Risorgimento. ca. 200,000 bks., 2,314 mss., 35,000 autographs and documents, 26,000 engravings and photographs, 17,500 drawings. Devoted to the history of the Italian wars of independence and to contemporary history. Property of the state.
- ** Biblioteca Angelica. 125,000 bks., 2,616 mss., first public library of Rome. Valuable manuscripts and early editions, incunabula, Dante collections, old Italian statutes. State property.
- ** Biblioteca Vallicelliana. 35,000 bks., 2,333 mss. Greek and Latin mss., rare editions, incunabula. Specializing in the history of Rome. State property.
- * Biblioteca Medicea. 50,000 bks. Modern medical books and periodicals. State property.

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Central Italy

Latium - Rome

Roma (cont.)

- ** Biblioteca del Senato. 150,000 bks., 450 mss. Large collections of books and periodicals on history, law, economics and public administration. Special collection of Italian Mediaeval statutes. State property.
- * Biblioteca della Camera dei Deputati. 320,000 bks., 500 maps. Complete collection of Italian and foreign parliaments acts, books on law, sociology, geography and history. State property.
- * Biblioteca dell'Istituto Centrale di Statistica. 50,000 bks. Special collections of books and periodicals on economics and statistics. State property.
- *** Biblioteca Musicale di Santa Cecilia. 180,000 bks., 6,000 mss. One of the world's outstanding musical libraries, with valuable manuscripts, rare old music books, scores, librettos, and autographs of musicians. State Property.
- ** Biblioteca del R. Istituto di Archeologia e Storia dell'Arte. 120,000 bks., 189 mss. Largest collection of books on art and archeology in Rome. Property of the state.
- ** Biblioteca Corsiniana (dei Lincei); 170,000 bks., 2,288 engravings, 3,000 mss. Rare editions, incunabula, oriental books, large collection of academy publications. It was the library of the R. Accademia dei Lincei before it was suppressed in 1939. State property.
- * Biblioteca della Casa di Dante. 3,000 bks. One of the most complete collection of books on Dante. Early editions of Dante's works. Private property.
- * Biblioteca della R. Società Geografica. 50,000 bks. 5,000 maps and atlases. Valuable collection of books on geography. Property of the Geographical Society.
- * Biblioteca Lancisiana. 40,000 bks., 341 mss. One of the largest libraries in Europe of old and valuable medical books. State property.
- * Biblioteca fondazione Besso. 45,000 bks. Fine Dante collection, books on Roman history and art. Private property.
- * Biblioteca dell'Università Gregoriana. 150,000 bks. Large collection of reference books and theological periodicals. Vatican property.

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Central Italy
Latium - Rome

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Rome (cont.)

- * Biblioteca della R. Accademia d'Italia. Reference library. Academy publications, de luxe editions. Periodicals.
- * Biblioteca di Propaganda Fide. 60,000 books. Special collections on Catholic missions, theology and church history. Vatican property.
- * Biblioteca dell' Istituto Pontificio Biblico. 65,000 bks., 380 periodicals. Devoted to biblical history, exegetical and philology. Vatican property.

LIBRARIES OF THE PRINCIPAL FOREIGN INSTITUTIONS.

- Biblioteca dell' Accademia Americana (American Academy). 45,000 bks., 210 periodicals. Classical, archeological, photographic collections, books on art. Property of U.S.A.
- * Biblioteca di Studi Americani. 20,000 books on America and of American authors. American literature. Private property.
- * Biblioteca dell' Accademia di Francia (Villa Medici). 11,000 books. Early and rare editions, books on art (confiscated by the Italian government in June 1940). Special class.
- ** Biblioteca della Scuola francese (Palazzo Farnese). 70,000 bks., Valuable collections. French property.
- ** Biblioteca dell' Istituto Internazionale di Agricoltura. 270,000 bks., 3,366 periodicals, 1 ms., 35 incunabula. Large collections of books on botany, agriculture, early editions, Chinese books. International property.
- * Biblioteca dell' Istituto Internazionale per l' Unificazione del diritto privato. 23,000 bks., 150 periodicals. International property.
- * Biblioteca della fondazione Primoli. 32,000 bks. Rich Napoleonic collection. Original editions of French authors, English books, fine bindings, valuable furniture. French property.
- ** Biblioteca dell' Istituto Archeologico Germanico. 60,000 bks., 230 periodicals. Important collection of works on classical archaeology. German state property.
- * Biblioteca Hertziana. 30,000 books. Valuable collections of books on art, 18,000 photographs, some rare books. German state property.
- * Biblioteca dell' Istituto Prussiano di Studi Storici. 40,000 books. Valuable collection of historical works and documents. German state property.

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Central Italy

Latium - Rome

LIBRARIES OF THE PRINCIPAL FOREIGN INSTITUTIONS (cont.)

- * Biblioteca dell'Istituto Italiano di Studi Germanici. 30,000 bks. Large collection of German and Scandinavian books. State property.
- * Biblioteca del Collegio del Campo Santo Teutonico. 15,000 bks. Some mss. and incunabula. Collection of works on Christian Archaeology. Ecclesiastical property.
- * Biblioteca della Scuola Britannica. 25,000 bks., 150 periodicals. Fine collections of books on art, history and archaeology. English property.
- * Biblioteca del Collegio Inglese. 25,000 bks. Some mss. and incunabula, old and valuable English books. British ecclesiastical property.
- * Biblioteca del Collegio Beda. 7,000 books (the Beda Centenary Library). British Ecclesiastical property.
- * Biblioteca di S. Isidoro. 50,000 bks., 200 mss., autographs. Early editions of theological and English books. Large franciscan collection. Irish ecclesiastical property.
- * Biblioteca del Collegio Scozzese. 10,000 bks. Special Scottish collection. Some incunabula, fine collection of engravings. Ecclesiastical property.
- * Biblioteca dell'Istituto Storico Olandese. 12,000 books. Dutch collections. 7,000 photographs of Dutch works of art in Italy. Dutch state property.
- * Biblioteca dell'Accademia Polacco. 14,000 bks., 60,000 photographs. Polish collections. Polish state property.

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Central Italy

CITTÀ DEL VATICANO

(VATICAN CITY)

Note. The monuments, museums, libraries etc. of the Vatican are not included in the lists for Rome, since the Papacy is a neutral power. They are, however, so intimately connected with Rome that they are given in a separate list below.

A. Mediaeval and Later Monuments & Buildings

- *** San Pietro in Vaticano (St. Peters): Founded by Emperor Constantine, over grave of St. Peter. Present church designed by Michelangelo, with important variations by Maderna and Bernini. The largest, and the most famous Christian church. Beneath, Sacre Grotte Vaticane (Crypts) burial place of popes and the nobilities. Nearby, Museo Pistriano, with antiquities and objects relating to St. Peters.
- *** Palazzo Vaticano (The Vatican). Residence of the Pope, and centre of Papal Administration. Present buildings largely date from 15th Cent.; with 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th Century additions. World famous are: Appartamento Borgia, decorated by Pinturicchio; Stanze and Logge, decorated by Raphael and assistants; Cappella di Niccolo V (chapel of Nicholas V) decorated by Fra Angelico; Sistine Chapel, with frescoes by leading 15th Century painters; ceiling and Last Judgment by Michelangelo.

B. Museums and Picture Galleries. These include:

- ** 1) Museo Egiziano (Egyptian Museum)
- *** 2) Museo Pio-Clementino - Greek and Roman sculpture; mosaics etc.
- *** 3) Museo Chiaramonti - Greek and Roman sculpture
- *** 4) Museo Etrusco (Etruscan Museum)
- *** 5) Sala delle Nozze Aldobrandini (famous Roman painting)
- ** 6) Gallerie dei Candelabri, etc.
- 7) Picture Gallery - mediaeval, renaissance and baroque
- 8) Original tapestries woven from cartoons by Raphael

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Central Italy

Citta del Vaticano

(Vatican City)

C. Libraries

*** Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana. 500,000 books; 60,000 mss.; 8000 engravings. One of the oldest and most famous libraries in the world.

** Archivio della Basilica di Ssn Pietro. Many early mss., among them the famous Codex of Hilary, dated A.D. 509-10, and a 9th cent. ms. of Cicero's Philippus
Biblioteca della Pontificia Accademia delle Scienze. Property of the Pontifical Academy.

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Central Italy

Latium

Province of Rome (Small towns)

Affile

Remains of Roman walls

Albano

- * Villa of Pompey in the area of the Villa Comunale
- * Nymphaeum of the Villa of the Emperor Domitian,
now Church of Santa Maria della Rotonda
- Ruins of Roman bath on which Church of San Pietro
is built
- * Wall and gate of the ancient castrum (camp)
- * Il Cisternone, famous Roman cistern in via San
Francesco
- Ruins of the Roman amphitheater
- Catacombe (Catacombs) di S. Senatore beneath the
church of Santa Maria della Stella
- In front of the church: ruins of the so-called
temple of Aesculapius
- * Tomba degli Orazi e Curiazi (so-called tomb of
the Horatii and Curiatii)

Allumiere

Hermitage of Santissima Trinità (Most Holy Trinity)

Anquillara Sabina

- * Important ruins of temple of Serapis, of an exedra,
of pavement of Via Claudia, and of the villa
Rutilia Polla

Environs: "Muri di San Stefano", ruins of Roman villa,
converted into a conventAnticoli Corrado

Chiesa di San Pietro

Anzio

Walls of the Volscian and of the Roman city.

- ** Remains of the villa of Nero and the so-called
Grotte di Nerone by the shore
- Odeon or Roman music hall

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Central Italy

Latium

Arcinazzo

So-called Palazzo di Nerone at Piano d'Arcinazzo

Ardea

- * City walls (pre-Roman or early Roman)
- * Ruins of temple
- * Tombs

Ariacca

Remains of Roman road leading to Monte Cavo
(in Villa Chigi) (cf. Rocca di Pana below)

Roman tombs

Chiesa di Santa Maria dell' Assunzione, by Bernini
(1664)

Arsoli

Cappella di San Rocco

Chiesa parrocchiale di San Salvatore

- * Castello Lassimo (Castle): valuable furniture and frescoes of the XVI cent. Also collection of inscriptions and other antiquities

Artena

- * Walls consisting of large blocks

Egnatia Albula

Remains of Bath of Agrippa near Lago della Regina

Pellegra

Built on the ruins of ancient city

- * Remains of walls consisting of large blocks

Bracciano

Castello Orsini: 1470; Renaissance frescoes,
furniture

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Central Italy

Latium

Borghetto

- * Castello Savelli (ruins) X cent.

Camaldoli o San Eremo Tuscolano

Chiesa di San Romualdo and convent

Capena (formerly Leonignano)

- * Cemeteries (early) nearby: Civitucola, Le Saliere, Le Macchie, San Martino

- * Temple of Augustus on the hill of Castellaccio

Castel Gandolfo

- ** Emissario del Lago Albano (outlet of the Alban Lake)

Chiesa di San Tommaso da Villanova, by Bernini (1661)

Fountain by Bernini in the Piazza

- ** Palazzo Papale (Papal Summer Palace), by Maderna (1629). In the garden, remains of the villa of Domitian (atrium, nymphaeum, theatre, cryptoporticus, sculptures)

Villa Barberini (Papal property containing ancient Roman remains)

Castel Madama

- * Remains of Roman aqueduct

Cerveteri

- * Remains of city walls (medieval)

- *** Large Etruscan cemetery, a city of the dead, "with streets between the many tombs"

Cesano di Roma

Pavement of Roman road

- * Ruins of ancient Galerie nearby

Ciciliano

Ancient walls consisting of large blocks

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Central Italy

Latum

Environs of Ciciliano

Remains of two ancient cities: Empulum and
Saxula

Civitavecchia

- ** Terme Taurine (Baths of Trajan)
- ** Remains of the ancient Roman port
- Two Roman bridges
- Tombs
- * Museo Civico (Communal Museum) on via Umberto I, N. 48, contains many ancient objects
- * Forte (Renaissance fortifications, begun by Bramante, finished by Michelangelo)

Environs: city walls at S. Severa

Frascati

- ** Remains of ancient Tusculum above Frascati: amphitheater, so-called villa of Cicero, Forum and theater, Roman cistern
- * Citadel of Tusculum
- * Etruscan well
- * Paved Roman streets
- Cathedral (St. Pietro) 1700
- Chiesa del Gesu; paintings by Adel Pozzo
- Many historic villas of the XVI and XVII centuries distinguished for their architecture and for their parks and gardens:
 - ** Villa Aldobrandini, 1598-1603. Fine park.
 - * Villa Falconieri: by Borromini (1643)
 - * Villa Lancellotti
 - * Villa Pandragone (now a Jesuit school)

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Central Italy

Latium

Frascati (cont.)

Villas (cont.)

* Villa Torlonia

On the road to Monte Forzio Catone at right: Roman villa,,
called Le Cappellette

Gallianano

Claudian aqueduct

Remains of Roman street

* Environs: Ruins of ancient ScaptiaeGenazzano

* Cappella della Madonna del Buon Consiglio which
attracts crowds of devotees on festivals of
the Virgin Mary (April 25 and September 8).
Contains a much venerated statue of the
Madonna.

Chiesa di S. Croce

Chiesa di S. Nicola

In the suburbs: remains of ancient building called
"Tempio della Dea Ragine" (? a nymphaeum);
Roman bridge; aqueduct.

Grottaferrata

- * Abbazia (abbey) Founded 1004; fortified by Pope Julius II 1484. Renaissance fortifications; church (founded 11th century, largely rebuilt 1704), mosaics and frescoes. Small museum in adjacent cloisters with examples of religious art and some antiquities. Also contains a library (biblioteca) 12,000 books, 369 mss. including famous collection of early Greek manuscripts and books on Byzantine music and liturgy. State property.
- * Library (biblioteca) 12,000 books, 369 mss.

Labico (formerly Legnano Labicano)

Cisterne romane (Roman cistern), called Grotta
Manose

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Latium

Lanuvio

- ** Museum in Palazzo Comunale (City Hall)
- * Remains of the walls of ancient (pre-Roman) Lanuvium
- * Remains of the temple of Hercules
- ** Remains of temple of Juno Sospita
- Chiesa delle Grazie
- La Collegiata (church) containing paintings and tombs
- Palazzo Colonna

Licenza

- ** Villa of Horace
- * Museo Cazzanico (with objects from this villa)

Magliana

Grove of the Arvalis (brotherhood of ancient Latin origin) with remains of the sacred buildings and of a tomb

Catacomb of S. Generosa

Marano Equo

Remains of aqueduct

Marino

On the first Sunday of October: Sagra dell'uva (harvest festival for wine)

In the vicinity: numerous remains of Roman villas

Montecelio

Citadel of ancient Corniculum with remains of Roman temple

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Latium

Monterotondo

Remains of the walls of the ancient city

Nazzano

- * Chiesa di S. Antimo: mediaeval mosaics and an XI cent. pulpit

Nemi

Sagra delle fragole (festival on occasion of harvest of strawberries) on a Sunday in June

Emissario del Lago di Nemi (outlet of the lake)

Remains of the temple of Diana

- ** Museum with the famous "two ships" of the Emperor Caligula recovered from the Lake of Nemi

Nettuno

On the shore, between Nettuno and Torre Astura: remains of Roman villa, called Le Grottacce

- * At Torre Astura (situated in the province of Littoria): remains of Roman villa, called Villa of Cicero

Olevano Romano

Walls consisting of large blocks

Environs: (East) Remains of Roman villa, called Villa Magna

Ostia Antica. The ancient port of Rome.

- *** Excavations of Roman City

Environs:

- *** The ancient cemetery of Isola Sacra (well preserved; belonged to the other port of Rome, Portus (see below, Porto)

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Central Italy

Latium

Palestrina

Many remains of ancient walls and of Roman buildings, some incorporated in buildings of the middle ages and Renaissance

- * Museo dell'Associazione Archeologica Frenestina (Museum of the Archaeological Association of Palestrina) on Vicolo del Duomo, N. 34
- ** Temple of Fortuna Primigenia, main monument of Palestrina, the ruins of which extend over much of the city
- * Erario pubblico (Treasury of ancient Fraeneste)
- * Duomo (Cathedral of S. Agapitus) incorporates remains of an ancient building
- ** Palazzo Baronale dei Barberini, 1493, containing the Museo Frenestino-Barberiniano (Museum of ancient art: important Etruscan collections, and the famous mosaic with scenes of the Nile valley)

Environs: Villa di Adriano (a villa of Hadrian)

Pontra. Ancient port of Rome.

- ** Partly excavated, on land belonging to the Prince Torlonie

Pratica di Mare

Remains of ancient walls

Environs: Roman villas in Castel Forziano

Prima Porta (on Via Flaminia)

- ** Villa of Livia, wife of Augustus, with famous wall painting
- * Casale del Borghetto (farmhouse in remains of monument erected by Constantine the Great to celebrate his victory of Saxa Rubra, 312 A.D.)

Rignano Flaminio

Church of S. Abbondio founded on a Roman temple

Catacombs in chiesa dei Martiri (church of the Martyrs)

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Central Italy

Latiun

Riofreddo

Roman bridge

Chiese dell' Annunziata: frescoes

Rocca di Papa

** Monte Cavo: well preserved Roman road leading to top (see also under Ariccia)

* Palazzolo (Convent) on the east side of Lago Albano (Alban Lake); in garden, the tomb of a Roman consul

Roviano

Environs: Ruins of a Roman villa

Sacrifano

On the top of Mt. Musino: remains of a circular building, perhaps the Arae Matiae

Sant'Angelo Romano

Remains of walls consisting of large blocks, near the church of S. Liberata and near the village

Sant'Oneste

* Church of S. Silvestro on Mt. Soracte built on temple of Apollo

Serini

** Walls consisting of large polygonal blocks with gates: Porta Saracena and Porta in Lucino

** Citadel of ancient Signia

Temple, the middle cell now occupied by the Church of S. Pietro (St. Peter's church)

Cisterna romana (Roman circular cistern)

Subiaco

Remains of the Villa of Nero

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28.

Latium

Subiaco (cont.)

- * Monastery of Santa Scolastica founded by St. Benedict in the VI cent., consists of three monasteries and a church. First books published in Italy, printed here. Includes some Romanesque buildings and mosaics and some objects from the Villa of Nero; also library (Biblioteca del Abbazia e del Monasterio di Santa Scolastica) - 8,000 books over 400 manuscripts including 21 illuminated manuscripts. Valuable palimpsest. A number of the earliest Italian printed books, printed at Subiaco.
- * Sacro Speco (Sacred Grotto) built over cave occupied by St. Benedict. Upper and lower church containing mediaeval paintings

Church of San Francesco

Castello (Castle) of the XI cent., formerly occupied by the Popes

Tivoli

- ** Ruins of Roman villas in the Villa Gregoriana
- *** Tempio detta della Sibilla (so-called temple of the Sibyl) and rectangular temple nearby
- Tempio detta della Tosse (temple called "of the cough")
- ** The temple of Hercules Victor, so-called Villa di Lecenate (Villa of Maecenas), by a paper factory
- * Mensa ponderaria (office of regulation of measures), on via del Duomo, N. 76
- * Rocca Pia, fortress built on ruins of ancient amphitheater
- Chiesa di Biagio (Renaissance portal)
 - " della Carita, altered 12th cent. (Madonna by Giulio Romano)
 - " di Santa Maria Maggiore e di San Francesco, 11th cent.
- * " di San Silvestro: frescoes of the XI or XII cent.

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Central Italy

Latium

Tivoli (cont.)

- * Duomo (Cathedral of San Lorenzo): Medieval sculptures in wood
- Palazzo Bandini, renaissance
- Palazzo Tomei, renaissance
- ** Villa d'Este, XVI cent. palace, gardens, and fountains

Environs: Villa of Quintilius Varus on the via del Cascate

*** Villa Adriana (Villa of Hadrian), the most imposing villa built by a Roman emperor

On the Colle S. Angelo (Hill of S. Angelo) so-called Tempio della Bona Dea (temple of Bona Dea)

Trevignano Romano

Remains of Roman buildings in the church of S. Caterina.

Duomo (Cathedral)

Tusculo(Tusculum)

Site of ancient Tusculum, favorite residence of Cicero

Amphitheater (sometimes called School of Cicero)

So-called Villa of Cicero

Remains of Forum

Theater

Ancient Well House

Vallenpietra

Pilgrimage on the Sunday of Trinity and on July 26 (S. Ann) to the Santuario Santissima Trinità (Sanctuary of the most Holy Trinity) built on Roman ruins

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Central Italy

Latiuum

Valmontone

Chiesa della Virgine delle Grazie

La Collegiata

Veio

** Partially excavated: Temple of Apollo; Roman street; "Ponte Sodo"; Tomba Campane; wall of citadel (called Piazza d'Armi)

Velletri

* Museo Civico (Communal Museum) in Palazzo Comunale contains antiquities

Numerous ruins of Roman villas in the vicinity

* Cattedrale (Cathedral). Crypt with antique columns

* Cathedral Museum (paintings and manuscripts)

Chiesa di Santa Maria del Trivio

* Palazzo Comunale: contains Museo Civico, with antiquities

Palazzo Ginnetti (formerly Lancellotte). Baroque stair-case

Oratorio of Santa Maria del Sangue (consecrated to those who fell in the Great War)

Torre del Trivio (mediaeval tower)

Vicarello (on Lago Bracciano)

Ruins of Roman bath

Vicovalo

* Walls and Roman road of ancient Varia near Palazzo Bolognetti

Chiesa di San Giacomo (St. James) c.1450, with sculptured portals

Orsino Palazzo, 13th cent.

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31.

Central Italy
Latium

Frosinone Provincia (Province of Frosinone)

Frosinone (capital of province)

Roman amphitheater near the town

Alatri

- *** Walls consisting of large blocks; the most important example of the type. (Some incorporated in the convent of San Pietro)
- * Near by: foundation of an Etruscan temple, called "Temple di Alatri"
- * Chiesa di Santa Maria Maggiore, with painted wood sculptures, 12th cent.

Duomo, on ancient substructure

Anagni

- * Walls called "gli Arcacci di Piscina" (probably Roman)
- * Duomo (Cathedral), founded 11th cent., rebuilt 14th. Frescoes, mosaics and noteworthy church furniture. The Tesoro (Treasury) contains priceless vestments and other ecclesiastical objects. Episcopal Museum with antiquities. Biblioteca e Archivio Capitolare (Cathedral Library and Archives) - some manuscripts and charters of which many are Papal.

Palazzo Comunale (Town Hall)

Remains of Palazzo of Pope Boniface VIII

Aquino. Birthplace of Juvenal and St. Thomas Aquinas b. 1227

Roman arch, called Arco di Marcantonio below which Le Forme flowed

- * Church of Santa Maria della Libera (11th cent.) built on the ruins of the temple of Hercules
- * Church of San Tomaso is incorporated in an ancient temple
- * Roman basilica, now church of Ss. Filippo & Giacomo

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Central Italy
Latium

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Aquino (contd.)

- * Temple of Ceres Elvina, now church of San Pietro Vetere, the earliest church of Aquino
- Church of the Maddalena, with remains of the temple of Diana
- * Roman amphitheater
- Remains of the Via Latina
- * Roman walls
- * Roman city gate, called Porta di San Lorenzo
- Casa Quagliazzi
- * Mediaeval towers and houses many centuries old.

Arpino

- ** Walls consisting of large blocks; Porta dell' Arco (antique gateway)
- ** Citadel of ancient Arpinum with imposing walls and gate.
- Chiesa dell' Assunta
- Chiesa del Castello
- * Chiesa di San Michele on site of a temple of Mars containing paintings

Atina

- "Porta Aurea", ancient city gate
- Substructure of a temple
- Tombs; inscriptions

Ausonia

- * Walls consisting of large blocks in front of church of Santa Maria a Correano, built on a Roman temple.
- * Church of San Michele built on Roman temple, contains two Roman altars.

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33.

Central Italy

Latium

Poville Crnica

walls consisting of large blocks on hill called Le
Murelle

Cassino (Montecassino)

walls consisting of large blocks

* Forum with church of Santa Maria delle cinque torri
(St. Mary of the five towers) erected on ancient foundations

** Roman theater

Roman amphitheater

Remains of the villa of Varro

Chiesa di San Vittore del Lazio: (pulpit of XII cent.)

Castello, probably 12th-13th cent.

** Abbazia di Montecassino (Abbey of Monte Cassino,
founded by St. Benedict in 529 A.D.). Includes church (17th-18th cent., 11th cent.
bronze door); picture gallery and monastic buildings; also,

** Library (Biblioteca dell'Abbazia di Monte-
cassino). One of the greatest monastic libraries in the world. 20,000 books,
1,000 manuscripts (including the 6th cent.
"Ambrosiaster"), rich collection of charters and autographs. State property administered
by the Benedictine monks of the Abbey

Castro del Volsci

Near by: ruins of ancient Castriminum

Remains called Terme di Nerone

Geccano

Chiesa di Santa Maria a Fiume. Frescoes; ancient inscriptions built into walls

Chiesa di Santa Nicola

Civita d'Antino

walls consisting of large blocks

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Central Italy

Latium

Civita d'Antino (cont.)

- * Porta Campanile, ancient gate

Capranico

Roman houses with mosaics at Sant'Angelo

Ferentino

- * Ancient walls
- Porta Stupa
- ** Porta Sanguinaria
- * Porta di Casamari, ancient city gates
- Citadel of ancient Ferentinum
- * Roman theatre
- Roman bath
- Near Porta di Casamari: the will of Aulus Quintilius inscribed on a rock
- Chiesa di San Francesco
- * Chiesa di Santa Maria Maggiore. 13th cent.: fine portal
- Chiesa di San Valentino
- * Duomo: mosaic pavement, pulpit etc. 12th cent.
- Palazzo Comunale
- Palazzo Episcopale: built on ancient substructure
- many mediaeval houses

Guarcino

- Remains of Roman bath
- Remains of Roman aqueduct

Isola del Liri

- Roman bridge, called Ponte Marmone
- Chiesa di San Domenico, 12th cent. (much restored)

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Central Italy

Latium

Montecassino (see Cassino)

Falani

La Collegiata (Church), with tombs of the Colonna family

Fatrica []

Ruins of aqueduct and other remains

Pignataro Interamno

Walls and aqueduct

Rocca d'Arce

Walls consisting of large blocks

Eccasecca

Chiesa dell'Annunziata

Chiesa di San Tomaso

Casa di San Tomaso

Ruins of Castle where St. Thomas Aquinas was born, 1227

San Giovanni Incarico

Walls

Remains of the temple of Fabrateria Nova. Mosaics.

* Chiesa di Santa Maria della Forma (mediaeval frescoes)

Serrone

Remains of walls consisting of large blocks

Sora

Walls of the citadel of ancient Sora

Duomo (Cathedral), 13th cent. Rests on ancient [] substructure

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Central Italy

36.

Latium

Trevi nel Lazio

walls of the citadel of ancient Treba

VeroliPre-Roman walls consisting of large blocks, Roman
wallsChiesa di Sant'Erasmo (Erasmus), with library
(manuscripts)

* 6 miles distance:- Abbazia di Casamari (Abbey
of Casamari). Early 13th cent. Gothic of
type rare in Italy

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Central Italy

Latinum

Littoria Provincia (Province of Littoria)

Littoria(Capital of province,). No monuments.

Castelforte see Suio Terme, below

Cori

** Walls consisting of large blocks

* Church of Santa Maria della Pietà (or Collegiata)
founded on Forum of ancient Cora and Temple of
Fortuna

* Church of San Salvatore erected on temple of
Castor and Pollux

* Church of Santa Oliva, built on temple of Janus.
Ceiling paintings, antique columns

** Temple of Hercules and altar of temple of Hercules,
partly incorporated in Church of San Pietro

* Roman bridge, called Ponte della Catena

Fondi

Walls consisting of polygonal blocks

Church of San Pietro (13th cent. Romanesque portal)
built on site of temple of Jupiter

Remains of aqueduct in Piazza Vittorio Emanuele

Convent of San Domenico in which St. Thomas Aquinas
once taught. Built on Roman amphitheater

Chiesa di San Francesco. Contains a Museum

" " Santa Maria Assunta. Early Renaissance
portal

* Cathedral San Pietro (Gothic; Romanesque portal).
12th-13th cent. pulpit and Episcopal throne

* Palazzo del Principe (13th cent., with Renaissance
additions)

Formis

* Antiquarium on via Rubino N. 75

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Central Italy
Latium

Formia (cont.)

Temple of Venus Formiana, near Municipio (City Hall)

* Bases with inscriptions, in Piazza d. Vittoria

walls of the Roman city

Church of San Erasmo, built on Roman temple

Torre di San Erasmo on the Roman citadel; contains inscriptions

So-called amphitheater (theater)

Roman tombs at Colle Pagano

* Villa di Fava contains remains of Villa of Cocceius Nerva

** Villa Rubino contains remains of ancient villa called Villa di Cicerone, (supposed to have belonged to Cicero). Collection of antiquities

* Villa Comunale Umberto I, contains remains of Roman villa with large piscina

Between Formia and Gaeta:

Fontana romana (Roman fountain) on the Via Appia

** Roman tomb, called Tomba di Cicerone

Roman tomb, called Tomba di Tulliola

Remains of ancient Via Appia with milestone

** Roman villas: Villa Marina at Vendicio, Villa Cinquanta de Mane, Villa Caracciolo

Between Formia and Minturno:

Mausoleum, called Torre Gianola (Tower of Janus)

Cistern, called Trentasei colonne. (Thirty-six columns)

Ancient street leads to porticciuolo di Gianola, with piscina

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Central Italy

Latiun

Between Formia and Cassino

- * Chiesa di Santa Maria del Piano o delle Frate
(XI century frescoes)

Gaeta

Chiesa di San Domenico o del Rosario

" " " Francesco (Gothic)

" " Santa Lucia

" della Trinità and adjacent monasteries

- * Duomo (Cathedral). Incorporates ancient remains; Campanile (12-13th cent.); Easter candlestick (c. 1200); bell tower; banner of Don John of Austria. In Archivio del Duomo (Cathedral Archives), 3 manuscripts (Exultet Rolls) of the 11th-12th century.

Castello Angioino (Angevin castle)

Near the city:

Tomb of Munstius Flancus (called Torre d'Orlando)
on Mt. Orlando

So-called villa of Flancus

At Porto Salvo: tomb of Sempronius Atratinus

Spiaggia (Beach) di Serapo: remains of Roman villa
near rock Le Nave

Minturno

- * Chiesa di San Pietro: 13th cent. pulpit and Easter candelabrum, with mosaic inlay

Environs: Ruins of ancient Minturnae (with the theater)

Torre Garigliano (temple of dea Marica)

Monte S. Biagio

Milestone of the Via Appia

Near by: ruins of Roman villa or mausoleum.

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Central Italy

Latium

Minfa

Ruins of a mediaeval city, mainly 12-13th cent.
Include castle of Caetane, two churches,
and monastery

Norma

** Ruins of ancient Norba, including citadel, walls,
two temples, aqueduct

In neighbourhood:

Abbazia (Abbey) di Valvisciolo, with Gothic 13th
cent. church

Ponza (Principal island of Ponza group)

* Near village of Ponza four galleries

At Santa Laria ruins of Roman villas, one with
amphitheater

* Imperial villa in the South: Piscina Marrittima

Priverno (formerly Piperno)

Duomo (Cathedral), 13th cent.

Palazzo Comunale. Gothic

In neighbourhood:

* So-called villa of Sejanus

Temple of Ceres (?) and Roman bath

* Ruins of ancient Primum, including so-called
Palace of Tiberius and the so-called temple
of Isis

Church of the Madonna di Mezz'Agosto on the ruins
of ancient temple

** Abbazia di Fossanova (famous abbey church 12th-
13th cent. with cloisters and monastic build-
ings) where Thomas Aquinas died, 1274

Sabaudia

* Villa of Domitian

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Central Italy

Latium

Sabaudia (cont.)

- * "Rovine di Circe", ruins of ancient Circeia
- * Museo archeologico dell'Agro Fontino e del Circeo
(Archaeological Museum of the Pontine region
and the Circeo) in Palazzo Comunale (City
Hall)

San Felice Circeo

Polygonal masonry walls of ancient Circeii; near
lighthouse

- * Remains of temple of Circe, on top of Monte Circe
- Remains of Roman villa in the sea, near shore
- Fossa Augusta: Roman canal (porto-canale di
Paola), near S. Felice

Scauri

Walls consisting of large blocks

- * Villa of Scaurus

Sezze

- * Remains of ancient Suessa Pometia: curia, walls
consisting of large blocks, amphitheater,
bath, bridge, so-called villas of Maecenas and
Marc Antony

Sperlonga

- ** Grotta di Tiberio, remains of Villa of Tiberius

Sutri Terme (near Castelforte)

- * Ruins of Roman bath, still in use for therapeutic
purposes

Terracina

- * Walls of polygonal masonry
- ** Forum (Piazza del Municipio), with ancient pave-
ment (inscriptions)

Buildings around it are based on ancient construct-
ions, among them:

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Central Italy

Latium

Terracina (cont.)

- * Duomo (Cathedral) 12th cent.? with Campanile.
Mosaics 13th cent., on floor, pulpit,
and Easter candlestick. Built on temple of
Apollo
- * Remains of the Curia and of the House of the
Augustales
- Remains of the ancient port visible in the present
port
- Chiesa di San Salvatore
- * Museo civico (Communal Museum). Roman antiquities;
few pictures

In neighbourhood:

Ruins of bath and amphitheater

- * Taglio di Pisco Montano, rock over the Via Appia
cut by Trajan in making road

Above the city

- ** Temple of Jupiter Anxur, the chief sanctuary of
Terracina

Between Terracina and Fondi:

- * Torre del Epitaffio, an imposing tomb

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium

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Rieti Provincia (Province of Rieti).

Rieti (capital of province)

Chiese (Churches)

*Chiesa di S. Agostino

" " SS. Camillo e Rufo

" " S. Francesco

" " S. San Giovenale or Madonna della Santa

" " S. Pietro Apostolo

" " S. Pietro Martire

*Duomo (Cathedral), 1456. Figure of St. Barbara designed by Bernini

*Palazzo Comunale, containing the Museo Civico (Town Museum with paintings)

Palazzo del Podestà (Mayor's Palace)

Palazzo Vincentini

Medieval City Walls

In the convent of S. Agostino the *Municipal Library (Biblioteca Comunale), 23,000 books; 229 manuscripts, including illuminated ones from Sant' Antonio al Monte. Early printed books.

Near Rieti are four convents associated with the life of St. Francis of Assisi:

*Convento di Fonte Colombo

*Convento di Greccio

*Convento da Foresta

*Convento di San Giacomo

Anatrice

Walls

Section of Via Salaria (Roman) preserved

Antrodoco

To north: wall of substructure of the Via Salaria; and milestone thereon.

Aspra

Remains of polygonal walls.

Roman remains near the town.

Borgo Colleferato

Church of S. Giovanni in Leopardi built on walls consisting of large blocks.

Cantelupo in Sabina

In Palazzo Cumuccini collection of art and antiquities.

Castel Sant' Angelo

Remains of baths of ancient Aquae Cutiliae.

Remains of Roman villa called Terme di Tito or Palazzo di Vespasiano.

Cittareale

Church of S. Silvestro built on Roman temple.

Fara in Sabina

No colossal walls of Sabine town (Cures?).

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium

Rieti Province (contd.)

Farfa

Abbadia (Abbey), with a church containing paintings and frescoes. Library (Biblioteca) has some manuscripts.

Magliano Sabina

Roman remains.

*Roman bridge, called Ponte Felice.

Monteleone Sabino

Church of S. Vittoria, with ancient remains

Poggio Catino

To east: remains of Roman bath called Terme di Silla.

Poggio Mirteto

Numerous ruins of villas in the environs.

Poggio Moiano

In neighborhood: Osteria Nuova, built on large tomb, called Grotta dei Massaci.

Poggio S. Lorenzo

Remains of Roman bath, called Terme di Tito.

San Tommaso

*Chiesa di San Tommaso with 13th century frescoes, 12th century portal

Toffia

--Castello (Castle)

Torri in Sabina

Church of S. Maria in Vescovo erected on building of ancient Forum Novum. Crypt in part ancient.

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium

Viterbo Provincia (Province of Viterbo)

Viterbo (capital of province)

Chiese (Churches)

- S. Angelo in Spirito. At the right of the entrance: ancient sarcophagus called tomba della bella Galiana
- S. Francesco. Gothic; contains tombs of three popes.
- *S. Giovanni in Zoccoli. 11th century; Fine rose window.
- *Cattedrale di S. Lorenzo (Cathedral of St. Lawrence), 12th century gothic campanile (bell-tower) within; 12th century pavement.
- Chiesa di S. Maria della Salute, 13th century
- " S. Rosa. Lammy of St. Rose of Viterbo, carried annually (Sept. 2) through city.
- " S. Bisto. Founded 9th century, additions 12th century.
- *" SS. Trinità and adjacent cloister

*Biblioteca Comunale (Town Library). 49,000 books. Manuscripts and early charters number 5,846. 16 illuminated manuscripts.

*Museo Civico in old monastic church of S. Maria della Verità; mediaeval cloister to left. Antiquities; paintings by Lorenzo da Viterbo and others; renaissance sculpture.

Palazzi (Palaces)

- Palazzo Chigi, 15th century.
- Palazzo Farnese, 15th century.
- Palazzo Municipale (Comunale), 13th-15th century. Porch (15th century). fountain (17th century), in court; frescoes 15th-17th century. Contains also collection of art and antiquities.
- *Palazzo Papale and Loggia. Begun 1266. (Scenes of 3 papal elections in 13th century.)
- Palazzo di Piazza San Lorenzo: XIII century.

Piazza (Squares)

- **Piazza della Cattedrale
- *Piazza Fontana Grande: XIII century fountain (Fontana Grande)
- Piazza della Morte: mediaeval fountain
- Piazza di Fontana di Piano: XIV century fountain (Fontana di Pianoscarano)
- Piazza del Plebiscito (center of city).
- Piazza della Rocca: XVI century fountain.
- * Piazza San Pellegrino with mediaeval houses including Casa Poschi. Palazzo degli Alessandri, Adjacent, San Pellegrino quarter with many mediaeval houses

Environs of Viterbo

- Torre (tower) di S. Biagio
- Chiesa di Santa Maria in Gradi (13th century: remodelled 16th century) and adjacent cloister.
- *Convento di S. Maria del Paradiso and XIII century cloister

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium

Viterbo (contd.)

- *Chiesa di S. Maria della Quercia (15th-16th century, sculptures and fine ceiling. Adjoining, Convent with two cloisters, with fountains. Pilgrimage Church.
- *Remains of bath and villa, and of Via Cassia, at Bagno delle Bussete.
- *Two Roman bridges, called Ponte Camillario and Ponte S. Nicolaus at Piano dei Bagni.
- *Ferentia, ruins of Etruscan Ferentium, including theater, bath, hippodrome, ancient street, cemetery.
- *Castel d'Asso: Remains of Etruscan Castellum Axia, including Etruscan walls, city gate, street, cemetery.

Acquapendente

- *Chiesa di S. Sepolcro: 9th century crypt

Bagnacina

- Piazza di centro; with fountain
- *Villa Lante with Casino by Vignola and fountains (1477-1508)

Bagnoregio (formerly Bagnorea)

- Archivio Comunale
- *Cattedrale: Bible of St. Bernardaventura (born Bagnoregio 1221)

Barbarano

- Nearby, at S. Giuliano remains of Etruscan town Marturano.

Bassano di Sutri

- Palazzo Anguillara

Bieda

- *Etruscan walls
- *Two Roman bridges over the Biedano.
- *Etruscan tomb called Grotta del Drago, from local legend of a dragon.
- Cemetery.

Bolsena

- *Remains of temple of the Etruscan goddess Mortia.

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CENTRAL ITALY

Latium

Province of Viterbo (contd.)

Bolsena (contd.)

*Remains of Roman amphitheater.

Castello (Castle): 13th century

*Chiesa di Collegiat: 9th-10th century ciborio (altar-canopy)

**Chiesa di Santa Cristina: 11th and 16th centuries. Contains

Renaissance sculpture; Museum with Etruscan monuments.

Beneath the church: Catacombs of S. Cristina and her tomb.

Scene of the miracle of Bolsena in 1263, the appearance of blood on the host, to convince a sceptic of doctrine of transubstantiation. Led to institution of festival of Corpus Christi, 1204.

*Palazzo Comunale containing Museo Comunale, with antiquities.

Environs (South): substructure of ancient temple on Via Cassia.

Bomarzo

*Collection of Etruscan objects in Palazzo Ursini.

For the cemetery of ancient Neonia see Sipicciano below.

Capodimonte

Castello, 10th century

*Environs: ruins of Visentium (at Bisenzio) including Roman road and cemetery.

Capranica

Chiesa di Madonna del Piano

Chiesa di San Francesco, with 15th century tombs

Ospedale (Hospital) with Romanesque portal

Caprarola

*Palazzo Farnese 1547-59, by Vignola. Casino and park; renaissance frescoes

Carbognano

*Environs:

Etruscan tombs.

Ruins of a temple near S. Donato.

Castel Sant'Elia

*Chiesa di S. Elia(c. 1000) Romanesque pulpit and frescoes (11thcent)

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium
Province of Viterbo

Civita Castellana

Temple of Juno
Etruscan tombs. For ancient Faleria see below Faleri.
*Duomo (s. Maria): 13th century portal. Crypt with ancient
columns.
Forte (fortress), 15th-16th century. Decorative paintings.

Corciano

Collection of antiquities in possession of Crescenzi family.
On road to Fabriano di Rora: Etruscan inscriptions on the rocks.
*On road to Vignanello: Important Etruscan tomb, called
Puntone del Ponte.

Faleri (Falleri, Faleria)

***Ruins of the Roman city of Faleria. City wall almost completely preserved; other remains inside.
Chiesa di s. Maria di Faleri: 12th century ruins

Farnese

*Environs: ruins of Castro, mediaeval town.

Gradoli

Palazzo Farnese

Grotte di Castro

Etruscan tombs

Argignano

Near Grotte S. Stefano people live in Etruscan tombs.

Marta (outskirts)

Castello dell' Araldo: ruins

Montalto di Castro

*Ponte dell'Abbadia (Etruscan-Roman) bridge near the city.
**Environs:
Remains of the Etruscan city of Vulci, including walls, temple, bath, tombs.

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium
Province of Viterbo

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Montefiascone

*Chiesa di San Flaviano, 1030 and 1262, on building of 5th-6th century. 14th century frescoes: unusual capitals to columns.
*Duomo (s. Margherita), 1483-1519, by Sangallo and C. Fontana.

Nepi

Etruscan walls, remains
Amphitheater.
Duomo, 11th century, with older crypt
Chiesetta di S. Biagio
Palazzo Municipale (contains Roman sculpture and inscriptions)
and adjacent fountain
Environs:
Castello: ruins (15th century)

Orte

Church of S. Silvestro, built on temple of Pax.
Remains of aqueduct, in the NW of the town, near Tiber.
Remains of Roman bridge (Via Amerina). Etruscan tombs near Church dei Capuccini.

Proceno

Etruscan tombs.

Ronciglione

Chiesa di S. Andrea
Chiesetta di S. Maria della Provvidenza
Medieval houses

San Martino al Cimino

*Chiesa di S. Martino: 13th-14th centuries.

Sipicciano

*Remains of the Etruscan town of Meonia; chiefly walls and tombs, among them Grotta Dipinta and Grotta della Colonna. (see above under Bomarzo).

Soriano nel Cimino

*Torre di S. Maria di Luco, ancient temple transformed into church.
Etruscan cemetery and catacombs of the third century B.C.
Palazzo Chigi with baroque fountains and park.
On Mt. Cimino Sasso Ionicante, famous balanced rock, mentioned by Varro and Pliny.

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CENTRAL ITALY
Latium
Province of Viterbo

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Sutri

- *Porta Veia, Porta Furia, ancient city gates.
- **Roman crypt [unclear]
- *Madonna del Porto, Etruscan tomb transformed into church
- *Duomo: Romanesque campanile and crypt
- *Palazzo Comunale: contains Etruscan, Roman, mediaeval antiquities
In neighborhood: Mediaeval castle in ruins, called Castello
di Carlonagno. Many Etruscan tombs on road leading to
Bassano di Sutri.

Tarquinia (Corneto)

- Chiesa di San Francesco
- Chiesa di S. Maria di Castello, 12th century,--Portal; 12th century--Tabernacle; XIII century pulpit, with mosaic decoration.
- Chiesa di S. Pancrazio (Romanesque)
- Duomo, with early 16th century frescoes
- Castello della Contessa Matilda (d. 1115)
- **Palazzo Vitelleschi (13th-15th century) containing Museo Nazionale Tarquiniese, one of the most important Etruscan collections
- *Palazzo dei Priori (old Municipio), and adjacent mediaeval houses
- Palazzo Comunale
- *Torre del Seminario surrounded by mediaeval houses.
- *** East and South-east of the city: Famous Etruscan Necropolis (cemetery); with numerous painted tombs.
- * Remains of the ancient city, including wall, streets, temple.

Tuscania (formerly Toscanella)

- Eleven sarcophagi in front of Palazzo Campanari.
- * Chiesa di S. Maria Maggiore: VII-XII centuries. 14th century frescoes.
- * Chiesa di S. Pietro: VIII-XII centuries. Choir screens: 11th century frescoes.
- Chiesa della Rosa
- Chiesa in Via della Pace with XIV century frescoes
- Mediaeval house at No. 26, Via della Valle
- Outside of Porta Viterbo: Remains of Roman bath.
- Environs:
Many Etruscan tombs, among them Grotta della Regina beneath the church of Madonna dell'Olivo.

Vallerano

- Palazzo Comunale containing Archives
- Environs: [unclear]
- Grotte di S. Salvatore: IX-X century frescoes
- Chiesa della Madonna del Ruscello

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CENTRAL ITALY

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Province of Viterbo

Vetralla

Duomo
Chiesa di S. Francesco, 12th century
Palazzo Comunale containing small museum
**Environs:
*Important Etruscan necropolis of Norchia.
*Ruins of the Etruscan town of Orte.

Vignanello

Remains of Etruscan city and Necropolis
Castello Ruspoli (medieval)

Vitorchiano

Palazzo Comunale containing Archives

Vulci

See above under Montalto di Castro