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Democracy Dies in Darkness

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ELECTION 2024

With verdict, a voter choice on knife's edge sharpens again

BY DAN BALZ

The felony conviction of former president Donald Trump might or might not become a turning point in the 2024 presidential election. But its precedent-breaking outcome has sharpened the competition between him and President Biden to define the stakes and the choices for voters in November.

Almost nothing has been normal about this election, and now, above all, is the sobering reality

ANALYSIS

two likely major candidates for president

that one of the

will run as a felon convicted on 34 counts by a Manhattan jury. No former president has ever been so judged nor sought the nation's highest office with such a badge of dishonor.

Nearly as striking is the degree to which the hierarchy of the Republican Party — and presumably tens of millions of ordinary citizens who follow its lead have rallied behind Trump in questioning and in many cases condemning a judicial system that has been a pillar of American democracy. Measured responses about the jury's work have been the exception rather than the

Two big questions could define the debate between Trump and Biden from here forward. The first is which candidate poses the bigger threat to the future of the country. The second is which candidate will make the lives of Americans better than they are today. Though related, the first focuses on character and temperament, the second on substance and policy.

For supporters of the incumbent president, the answers to both are simple and straightforward. It is the former president who is the clear danger, someone who vows retribution against his adversaries; would allow a restriction of freedoms, including access to abortion; favors an expansion of executive power that could lead to authoritarian rule SEE **VOTERS** ON $\mathbf{A2}$

Verdict as vindication: Bragg is lauded for a quiet, no-fuss tack. A3

Key moments: Explaining the verdict in the hush money trial. A10

'In the name of God'

Native American children endured sexual abuse for decades at Catholic-run boarding schools



Clarita Vargas, 64, who attended St. Mary's Mission School in Omak, Wash., exits the church there. Of 500 such schools, most run or funded by the U.S. government, at least 80 were operated by the Catholic Church or affiliates.

BY SARI HORWITZ, DANA HEDGPETH, EMMANUEL MARTINEZ, SCOTT HIGHAM AND SALWAN GEORGES

larita Vargas was 8 when she was forced to live at St. Mary's Mission, a Catholic-run Indian boarding school in Omak, Wash., that was created under a U.S. government policy to strip Native American children of their identities. A priest took her and other girls to his office to watch a TV movie, then groped and fondled her as she sat on his lap — the beginning of three years of sexual abuse, she said. ¶ "It haunted me my entire life," said Vargas, now 64. ¶ Jay, a 70-year-old member of the Assiniboine and Gros Ventre tribes whose surname is not being used to protect his privacy, was sent to St. Paul Mission and Boarding School in Hays, Mont. When he was 11, Jay said, a Jesuit brother raped him in a shack next to the pine grove where the priests cut down Christmas trees. ¶ "He said if I ever told anybody that I would go to hell," Jay recalled. ¶ Geraldine Charbonneau Dubourt was one of nine sisters who said they were sexually or physically abused by priests at an Indian boarding school in Marty, S.D. She said that she was 16 when a Catholic priest repeatedly raped her in a church basement and that a doctor and several Catholic sisters later forced her to undergo an abortion. ¶ "If somebody says you get over the abuse, trust me, you don't get over it," said Dubourt, 75. SEE PRIESTS ON A24

> The hidden legacy of Indian boarding schools in the United States For 150 years, the U.S. government separated Native American children from their families. A23

As U.S. debated, Russia **blitzed**

KHARKIV PUMMELED **BEFORE NEW POLICY**

Pivot on weapons limits may be too little, too late

This article is by Michael Birnbaum, Ellen Nakashima, Siobhán O'Grady, Kostiantyn Khudov and Alex Horton

The White House last week said it moved at "lightning speed" to allow Kyiv to use U.S. weaponry to strike limited targets inside Russia, just 17 days after Ukraine came begging for the capability. But for Ukrainians who have weathered a punishing Russian assault on the northeast Kharkiv region, those 17 days of waiting are emblematic of a White House that has lagged repeatedly behind battlefield developments at the cost of Ukrainian lives.

The new policy is aimed at shifting the strategic balance in a vital border region that is home to Ukraine's second-largest city an area that, if it fell, could crack the gate to a broader rout of Kyiv's forces. Russia's military has been attacking there for months, knowing that Ukraine's strength is at a low point because of a seven-month lag in U.S. military assistance following congressional delay.

But until Thursday, President Biden had fiercely guarded a ban on Ukraine using U.S. military equipment to strike inside Russian territory. The fear was that the Kremlin would view those attacks as a dangerous provocation, tantamount to a direct U.S. attack on Russian soil.

Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelensky offered measured appreciation on Friday after Biden changed course on the weapons limits. For front-line soldiers, though, the gap between May 13, when Ukraine formally requested the change, and May 30, when U.S. officials gave the green light, was a bitter stretch of some of the most brutal attacks in the two-year-old war.

The assault on Kharkiv, located SEE UKRAINE ON A8

Mexico City may be weeks away from running dry

BY KASHA PATEL IN MEXICO CITY

aquel Campos's water issues started in January, when her condo building's manager sent residents a message saying that the city hadn't delivered water to its cistern. Four days later, taps in the upscale residence went dry.

Campos has lived in the wealthy Polanco neighborhood for 18 years and said she has never experienced water issues like this. Her husband paid to shower at a nearby hotel, and she called water delivery companies that were overwhelmed with a sudden deluge of requests from the neighborhood. The water in Campos's building came back within a few days, but with much lower pressure. Water is now delivered about



A soldier in the Mexican army carries a jug of water in April.

A vital water system is at historic lows amid ongoing drought.

every two weeks. Each unit has paid to cover the cost, increasing their monthly condo expenses by 30 percent.

Water scarcity has long been an issue in Mexico City, with the brunt of the shortages happening in lower-income neighborhoods on the outskirts of the city center. But recently, residents in some of the city's wealthier neighborhoods have also been running out of water as hot weather, low rainfall and poor infrastructure have converged to create a crisis across the sprawling metropolis.

Mexico City gets about a quarter of its water from the Cutzamala system, a series of reservoirs, water treatment plants SEE MEXICO ON A16

Mexico election: Voters go to the polls today to pick a president. A12

Former hostage recalls the brutality of Hamas captivity

BY SHIRA RUBIN

BEER SHEVA, ISRAEL — Moran Stella Yanai has told her story more times than she can count. She does not want to keep reliving Oct. 7, does not want that day to define her. But it feels like a duty now, she said, to speak for those who are not yet free.

They cannot defend themselves in there," Moran, 40, said, speaking from her living room in this southern Israeli city — just 25 miles from Gaza — surrounded by her jewelry and her art, Jewish religious texts, and by her dog and cat, both rescues.

"I want my sisters and brothers out of this hell."

Six months after her release, Moran shared her experience in Hamas captivity with The Wash-



Israeli hostage Moran Stella Yanai says she wants to speak for the hostages who aren't yet free.

ington Post, recounting the terror of her abduction, the cruelty of her captors, and the lasting toll of the ordeal on her mind and body. She hoped it would remind the public of the 125 hostages remaining in Gaza, she said. They include 17 women, and two children under the age of 5. At least 39 are already confirmed dead.

SEE HOSTAGE ON A14

Cease-fire: Pressure mounts on Netanyahu to back proposal. A15

BOOK WORLD

Critic Peter Schjeldahl's bold prose is shown in a posthumous collection.

ARTS & STYLE

Joni Mitchell made music with the boys but stayed her own woman.

BUSINESS

Are home prices still rising? Check the trends in your area.

A Hong Kong festival's tradition is racing up a tower covered in buns.

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