# Assignment 1 Brute Force Attack Estimation

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November 5, 2019

#### 1 Password List

Below is the password list that I have decided to use for this exercise.

N	Password
1	abc
2	P@ssW0rD
3	Th!\$IsAV3ryL0n9pA\$\$w0rd

### 2 Salt and Iteration Count

For the purpose of this coursework I have hardcoded the salt used within this program, I have also decided to use an iteration count of 1024. The below table shows the time per run and the average time taken in milliseconds over 5 iterations to encrypt and decrypt the string "This is an example string" using the defined salt and iteration counts.

The below timings have been recorded running the program on a Macbook air with an Intel core i5 processor and 16GB of RAM. Timings on other machines are likely to differ.

Iteration time in milliseconds (ms)				
N	abc	P@ssW0rD	Th!\$IsAV3ryL0n9pA\$\$w0rd	
1	155.77	2.45	1.46	
2	8.55	1.66	1.19	
3	6.27	1.65	1.24	
4	12.94	4.0	1.25	
5 1.57 2.01 2.69				
Average	7.33	2.35	1.57	
The first iteration of abc has been omitted from the average				

#### 3 Brute Force Attack Estimation

Given that it is specified that the attacker knows the salt, iteration count, encryption type, input string and cipher text used to encrypt the input string then the only piece of information the attacker would need to find is the password used to encrypt the string. In order to work out the password using a Brute force attach the attacker is going to have to iterate through each possible character that could be used in each different combination.

If we presume that passwords are made of uppercase, lowercase numbers and special characters and they are limited to traditional ASCII encoded characters then this gives the attacker a possible 95 characters for each character in the password. The equation for working out a password via brute force attack is therefore  $95^n$  where n is the number of characters within the password. The table below shows the amount of possible combinations for N character lengths.

Number of characters	Possible password combinations
1	95
2	9025
3	857375
4	81450625
5	7737809375
6	735091890625
7	69833729609375
8	6634204312890620
9	630249409724609000
10	59873693923837900000
15	46329123015975300000000000000000000000000000000000
20	35848592240854200000000000000000000000000000000
23	307356867725024000000000000000000000000000000000
25	277389573121834000000000000000000000000000000000000

In order to estimate the time taken to brute force an attack we need to look at the time taken to iterate through every combination possible considering that in the worse case the last combination will be the password we are attempting to discover. The calculation for estimating time taken to discover a password is therefore the time taken to try one password (one iteration) multiplied by the number of possible combinations. For example if we say the time taken for 1 iteration is 1ms then we can assume that it would take in the worst case to crack a 3 character password (abc) which would be 95<sup>3</sup> (857375 combinations) \* the taken to complete one iteration e.g. 1ms per attempt would take 857375ms or 857.375 seconds or 14.3 minutes.

Figure. 1 is a table of estimated time taken to discover passwords of varying character lengths using the brute force method. You can see that the longer the character length the longer the time taken growing to time periods which will never be broken within our lifetime after just 5 characters.

Taking *Figure*. 1 into account I have estimated the time taken to break my passwords using my average encryption time of 1.56ms per iteration in the table below.

Password	characterLength	Estimation to discover
abc	3	142.5ms
P@ssW0rD	8	315,554 years
Th!\$IsAV3ryL0n9pA\$\$w0rd	23	105 Septillion Years

1319	48157912000318400000000000000000000000000000	11557898880076400000000000000000000000000000	25
146193	53360567313372200000000000000000000000	1280653615520930000000000000000000000000	23
170512710430243000000000000000	62237139307038600000000000000000	1493691343368930000000000000000000	20
	8043250523606830000000	193038012566564000000000	15
	1039473852844	24947372468266	10
	10941830030	262603920719	9
	115177158	2764251797	8
	1212391.14	29097387	7
	12762.01	306288	6
	1.00	3224	5
	1.41	34	4
	0.01	0	3
	0.00	0	2
	0.00	0	1
Years	Days	Hours	N of Characters
6934739328045850000000000000000000000000000000	41608435968275100000000000000000000000000000000	4.16084E+49	25
76839216931256000000000000000000000000000	4610353015875360000000000000000000000000000	4.61035E+45	23
89621480602135600000000000000000000	5377288836128130000000000000000000000	5.37729E+39	20
11582280753993800000000000	694936845239630000000000000	6.94937E+29	15
	89810540885756800	8.98105E+19	10
	945374114586914	9.45374E+17	9
	9951306469336	9.95131E+15	8
	104750594414	1.04751E+14	7
	1102637836	1.10264E+12	6
	11606714	11606714063	5
	122176	122175937.5	4
	1286	1286062.5	з
	14	13537.5	2
	0.14	142.5	1
Minutes	Time in seconds	N of Characters   Time in milliseconds	N of Characters 1

Figure 1: Table of time taken to discover characters assuming 1 iteration takes 1 millisecond.

# 4 How Does Iteration Count Affect Brute Force Timing?

What does iteration count mean?
What is the maximum value of iteration count?

# 5 Brute Force Attack Estimation Without Known Iteration Count

Essentially if a hacker does not know the iteration count of an application then they have to try the same brute force attack multiple times for multiple iteration counts which essentially means that the time taken grows exponentially. E.g. If the iteration count was 300 and the hacker started their hack attempt with an iteration count of 1 they would have to work out the characters in the password  $95^n * i$  where i is the number of iterations needed to reach the one initially used when hashing the password.

# 6 Comparison with Online Services

Password	My Estimation	Online Estimation
abc	400 ns	1
P@ssW0rD	?	9  hrs
Th!\$IsAV3ryL0n9pA\$\$w0rd	1	19 Septillion Years

# Appendices

# A Password Encryption & Decryption Program

```
import javax.crypto.Cipher;
import javax.crypto.SecretKeyFactory;
import javax.crypto.spec.PBEKeySpec;
import javax.crypto.spec.PBEParameterSpec;
import java.math.BigDecimal;
import java.math.RoundingMode;
import java.security.Key;
 * Example of using Password-based encryption
public class PasswordBasedEncryption {
   public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
       // setup iteration count
       int iterationCount = 5;
       // Setup passwords used to encrypt values
       String[] passwords = new String[] { "abc", "P@ssWOrD", "Th!$IsAV3ryLOn9pA$$wOrd" };
       System.out.println("Password based encryption timings");
       for (int i = 0; i < passwords.length; i++) {</pre>
          System.out.println("-----
           // initialise time array
          double[] time = new double[6];
           System.out.println("Password used: " + passwords[i]);
           for (int j = 0; j < iterationCount; j++) {</pre>
              PBEKeySpec pbeKeySpec;
              PBEParameterSpec pbeParamSpec;
              SecretKeyFactory keyFac;
              // start timing
              long startTime = System.nanoTime();
              // Salt
              byte[] salt = { (byte) 0xc7, (byte) 0x73, (byte) 0x21, (byte) 0x8c, (byte) 0x7e,
                  (byte) 0xc8,
                      (byte) 0xee, (byte) 0x99 };
              // Iteration count
              int count = 1024;
              // Create PBE parameter set
              pbeParamSpec = new PBEParameterSpec(salt, count);
              // Initialization of the password
              char[] password = passwords[i].toCharArray();
              // Create parameter for key generation
              pbeKeySpec = new PBEKeySpec(password);
              // Create instance of SecretKeyFactory for password-based encryption
              // using DES and MD5
              keyFac = SecretKeyFactory.getInstance("PBEWithMD5AndDES");
              // Generate a key
              Key pbeKey = keyFac.generateSecret(pbeKeySpec);
```

```
Cipher pbeCipher = Cipher.getInstance("PBEWithMD5AndDES");
           // Initialize PBE Cipher with key and parameters
           pbeCipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, pbeKey, pbeParamSpec);
           // Our plaintext
           byte[] cleartext = "This is an example string".getBytes();
           // Encrypt the plaintext
           byte[] ciphertext = pbeCipher.doFinal(cleartext);
           System.out.println("Cipher text: " + Utils.toHex(ciphertext));
           pbeCipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE, pbeKey, pbeParamSpec);
           // Decrypt the plaintext
           byte[] ciphertext2 = pbeCipher.doFinal(ciphertext);
           String plainText = new String(ciphertext2);
           // end time
           long endTime = System.nanoTime();
           // calculate total time and add to the time array
           long totalTime = endTime - startTime;
           double totalTimeMs = totalTime / 1000000.0;
           BigDecimal totalTimeMsRounded = new BigDecimal(totalTimeMs).setScale(2,
              RoundingMode.HALF_EVEN);
           double roundedTotalTime = totalTimeMsRounded.doubleValue();
           time[j] = roundedTotalTime;
           // output of all times and key components of the encryption algorithm
           System.out.println("Decrypted text: " + plainText);
           System.out.println("loop " + (j + 1) + ": " + roundedTotalTime + "ms");
       // summed time calculation to output average over the iteration counts.
       double summedTime = 0;
       for (var k = 0; k < time.length; k++) {</pre>
           summedTime += time[k];
       // Work out and print the average time for each password
       System.out.println("Total time:" + new BigDecimal(summedTime).setScale(2,
           RoundingMode.HALF_EVEN));
       double avgTime = summedTime / iterationCount;
       System.out.println("average time:" + new BigDecimal(avgTime).setScale(2,
           RoundingMode.HALF_EVEN));
}
```

// Create PBE Cipher

}

# B Output of Appendix A when ran in terminal

Password based encryption timings Password used: abc  ${\tt Cipher\ text:\ c4d03d30be1dfdd3c5ace92ebe5bacb959c80a9e9213a21dd5615cf275e8688ffc8d648ffc$ Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 1: 117.31ms  ${\tt Cipher\ text:\ c4d03d30be1dfdd3c5ace92ebe5bacb959c80a9e9213a21dd5615cf275e8688ff}$ Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 2: 1.56ms Cipher text: c4d03d30be1dfdd3c5ace92ebe5bacb959c80a9e9213a21dd5615cf275e8688f Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 3: 2.09ms Cipher text: c4d03d30be1dfdd3c5ace92ebe5bacb959c80a9e9213a21dd5615cf275e8688f Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 4: 1.96ms Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 5: 2.32ms Total time: 125.24 average time:25.05 \_\_\_\_\_ Password used: P@ssWOrD Cipher text: b639839be3610610478c09998f8ede508799d641f60110840dd59b2e0790b125 Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 1: 2.11ms Cipher text: b639839be3610610478c09998f8ede508799d641f60110840dd59b2e0790b125 Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 2: 2.14ms  ${\tt Cipher text: b639839be3610610478c09998f8ede508799d641f60110840dd59b2e0790b12512}$ Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 3: 1.74ms  ${\tt Cipher text: b639839be3610610478c09998f8ede508799d641f60110840dd59b2e0790b12512}$ Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 4: 1.67ms  ${\tt Cipher\ text:}\ b639839be3610610478c09998f8ede508799d641f60110840dd59b2e0790b125$ Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 5: 1.7ms Total time:9.36 average time:1.87 \_\_\_\_\_ Password used: Th!\$IsAV3ryL0n9pA\$\$w0rd Cipher text: fffecd4d43d0e33255d4c82f86a71f235257be392215d5f1aa9a33a14b884e51 Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 1: 1.7ms Cipher text: fffecd4d43d0e33255d4c82f86a71f235257be392215d5f1aa9a33a14b884e51 Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 2: 1.67ms Cipher text: fffecd4d43d0e33255d4c82f86a71f235257be392215d5f1aa9a33a14b884e51 Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 3: 1.64ms Cipher text: fffecd4d43d0e33255d4c82f86a71f235257be392215d5f1aa9a33a14b884e51 Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 4: 1.62ms Cipher text: fffecd4d43d0e33255d4c82f86a71f235257be392215d5f1aa9a33a14b884e51 Decrypted text: This is an example string loop 5: 1.6ms Total time:8.23

average time: 1.65