

Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian 30 Juni 2021 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2020 (Diaudit) dan untuk Periode Enam Bulan yang Berakhir pada Tanggal-tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020 (Tidak Diaudit) Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2020 (Audited) and For the Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (Unaudited)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN KONSOLIDASIAN 30 JUNI 2021 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2020 (DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
FINANCIAL POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED) AND
DECEMBER 31, 2020 (AUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/ Notes	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
ASET				ASSETS
ASET LANCAR				CURRENT ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
Pihak ketiga	3d,3t,3u,6,45	183.906	159.132	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3d,3f,3t,3u,6,42,45	10.360	1.905	Related parties
Piutang usaha - neto				Trade receivables - net
Pihak ketiga	3t,3u,7,45	101.213	67.082	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3f,3t,3u,7,42,45	1.520	2.036	Related parties
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,8,45	283	353	Other receivables - third parties
Persediaan	3g,9	255.937	261.810	Inventories
Uang muka dan beban				Advances and prepaid
dibayar dimuka	3h,10	57.390	47.208	expenses
Pajak dibayar dimuka	3r,38a	4.851	4.963	Prepaid taxes
Aset lancar lainnya				Other current assets
Pihak ketiga	3e,3t,3u,11,45	190.632	274.131	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3e,3f,3t,3u,11,42,45	18.321	18.418	Related parties
Total Aset Lancar		824.413	837.038	Total Current Assets
ASET TIDAK LANCAR				NON-CURRENT ASSETS
Piutang lain-lain -				Other receivables -
pihak berelasi - neto	3f,3t,3u,12,42,45	114.574	127.559	related parties - net
Aset pajak tangguhan - neto	3r,38d	1.158	1.178	Deferred tax asset - net
Investasi pada entitas asosiasi	3i,13	1.266.284	1.171.508	Investment in an associate
Aset biologis	3j,14	43.067	43.300	Biological assets
Aset hak guna - neto	3k,3l,15	13.685	14.154	Right-of-use assets - net
Aset tetap - setelah dikurangi				Fixed assets - net of
akumulasi penyusutan	3k,3m,16	840.938	873.379	accumulated depreciation
Aset tidak lancar lainnya		5.370	5.048	Other non-current assets
Total Aset Tidak Lancar		2.285.076	2.236.126	Total Non-Current Assets
TOTAL ASET		3.109.489	3.073.164	TOTAL ASSETS

DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN KONSOLIDASIAN 30 JUNI 2021 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2020 (DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2020 (AUDITED) (Amounts in tables are expressed in those

uan Dolar Amerika (Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/ Notes	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS				LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
LIABILITAS JANGKA PENDEK				CURRENT LIABILITIES
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	3t,3u,17,45	354.486	337.430	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -				Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	3t,3u,19,45	12.417	12.761	third parties
Utang usaha				Trade payables
Pihak ketiga	3t,3u,20,45	65.821	44.117	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3f, 3t,3u,20,42,45	74.092	85.741	Related parties
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,21,45	6.549	8.693	Other payables - third parties
Uang muka pelanggan				Advances from customers
Pihak ketiga	18	11.685	14.479	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3f,18,42	12.374	11.409	Related parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	3t,3u,22,45	11.921	11.067	Accrued expenses
Utang pajak	3r,38b	2.372	3.422	Taxes payable
Liabilitas jangka panjang				
yang jatuh tempo dalam				Current maturities of
waktu satu tahun:				long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa	3l,3t,3u,23,45	4.758	4.005	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,24,45	37.796	33.431	Bank loans - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah -				Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	3t,3u,25,45	7.761	7.179	third parties
Utang murabahah -				Murabahah payables -
pihak ketiga	3t,3u,26,45	841	820	third parties
Pinjaman	3t,3u,27,28,45	22.514	21.303	Loans and notes payable
Wesel bayar	3t,3u,27,28,45	342	280	Notes payable
Utang obligasi	3t,3u,29,45		9.375	Bonds payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Pendek		625.729	605.512	Total Current Liabilities
LIABILITAS JANGKA PANJANG				NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto	3r,38d	29.456	29.696	Deferred tax liability - net
Utang lain - lain - pihak berelasi	3f,3t,3u,42,45	14.039	13.611	Other payables - related parties
Liabilitas imbalan kerja	3p,30	36.272	37.684	Employee benefits liability
Liabilitas jangka panjang - setelah				
dikurangi bagian yang jatuh				Long-term liabilities -
tempo dalam waktu satu tahun:				net of current maturities:
Liabilitas sewa	3I,3t,3u,23,45	2.369	5.470	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,24,45	184.223	176.495	Bank loans - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah -				Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	3t,3u,25,45	16.209	20.647	third parties
Utang murabahah - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,26,45	20.695	21.712	Murabahah payables - third parties
Pinjaman	3t,3u,27,45	502.483	602.646	Loans
Wesel bayar	3t,3u,28,45	46.896	47.214	Notes payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Panjang		852.642	955.175	Total Non-Current Liabilities
Total Liabilitas		1.478.371	1.560.687	Total Liabilities

Catatan atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian terlampir merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari laporan keuangan konsolidasian secara keseluruhan.

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN KONSOLIDASIAN 30 JUNI 2021 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2020 (DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
FINANCIAL POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED) AND
DECEMBER 31, 2020 (AUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/ <i>Not</i> es	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
EKUITAS				EQUITY
Modal saham - nilai nominal				Share capital - par value of
Rp1.000 per saham				Rp1,000 per share
Modal dasar -				Authorized capital -
5.000.000.000 saham				5,000,000,000 shares
Ditempatkan dan disetor penuh -				Issued and fully paid -
3.113.223.570 saham biasa				3,113,223,570 shares on
pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021				June 30, 2021
dan 31 Desember 2020	31	684.810	684.810	and December 31, 2020
Tambahan modal disetor	32	29.215	29.215	Additional paid-in capital
Selisih transaksi dengan				Difference arising from transaction
kepentingan nonpengendali	3b,5	(1.986)	(1.986)	with non-controlling interest
Selisih kurs penjabaran				Translation adjustments on
laporan keuangan dalam				financial statements in
mata uang asing	3q	12.896	12.176	foreign currency
Akumulasi pengukuran kembali				Cumulative remeasurements on
dari liabilitas imbalan kerja	3p	(18.630)	(18.139)	employee benefits liability
Akumulasi bagian atas rugi				Accumulated share on other
komprehensif lain dari				comprehensive loss of
entitas asosiasi	3i	(332)	(339)	associate
Saldo laba	33			Retained earnings
Telah ditentukan penggunaannya		11.100	11.100	Appropriated
Belum ditentukan penggunaannya		914.045	795.640	Unappropriated
Ekuitas - Neto		1.631.118	1.512.477	Equity - Net
TOTAL LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS		3.109.489	3.073.164	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN LABA RUGI DAN PENGHASILAN KOMPREHENSIF LAIN KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE ENAM BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL-TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2021 DAN 2020 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS
AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED
JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

		Enam bulan yang ber Six-month per		
	Catatan/ Notes	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ Jun 30, 2020	
PENJUALAN NETO	3f,3o,3v,34,41,42	524.115	450.070	NET SALES
BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN	3f,3o,3v,35,41,42	450.035	391.628	COST OF GOODS SOLD
LABA BRUTO	_	74.080	58.442	GROSS PROFIT
BEBAN USAHA Penjualan Umum dan administrasi	3f,3o,3v,36,41	29.037 21.545	18.023 14.694	OPERATING EXPENSES Selling General and administrative
Total Beban Usaha	_	50.582	32.717	Total Operating Expenses
LABA USAHA	3v,41	23.498	25.725	OPERATING PROFIT
PENGHASILAN (BEBAN) LAIN-LAIN Bagian atas laba neto dari entitas asosiasi Keuntungan selisih kurs - neto Penghasilan bunga Beban murabahah Beban bagi hasil musyarakah Beban bunga Lain-lain - neto	3i,13 3q,3t,3u 30 26 19,25 3t,3u,37	94.769 18.406 1.250 (1.051) (1.878) (20.267) 5.431	71.814 7.016 1.561 (1.092) (2.140) (27.150) 14.511	OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) Share on net profit of associate Gain on foreign exchange - net Interest income Murabahah expense Musyarakah sharing expense Interest expense Others - net
Penghasilan Lain-lain - Neto	-	96.660	64.520	Other Income - Net
LABA SEBELUM TAKSIRAN BEBAN PAJAK PENGHASILAN	-	120.158	90.245	PROFIT BEFORE ESTIMATED INCOME TAX EXPENSE
TAKSIRAN BEBAN PAJAK PENGHASILAN - NETO	3r,38c	(1.753)	(641)	ESTIMATED INCOME TAX EXPENSE - NET
LABA NETO	<u>-</u>	118.405	89.604	NET PROFIT
PENGHASILAN (RUGI) KOMPREHENSIF LAIN Pos-pos yang tidak akan direklasifikasi lebih lanjut ke laba rugi: Pengukuran kembali dari liabilitas imbalan kerja Bagian atas penghasilan (rugi) komprehensif lain dari entitas asosiasi	3p,30	(606) 7	(2.752)	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Remeasurement of employee benefits liability Share on other comprehensive income (loss) of associate
Pajak penghasilan terkait	3r,38d	115	523	Related income tax
Pos yang akan direklasifikasi lebih lanjut ke laba rugi: Selisih kurs penjabaran laporan keuangan dalam mata uang asing	-	720_	742	Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Translation adjustments on financial statements in foreign currency
Penghasilan (Rugi) Komprehensif Lain - Setelah Pajak	<u>-</u>	236_	(1.509)	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) - Net of Tax
PENGHASILAN KOMPREHENSIF NETO	=	118.641	88.095	NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Catatan atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian terlampir merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari laporan keuangan konsolidasian secara keseluruhan.

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
LAPORAN LABA RUGI DAN PENGHASILAN
KOMPREHENSIF LAIN KONSOLIDASIAN
UNTUK PERIODE ENAM BULAN YANG BERAKHIR
PADA TANGGAL-TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2021 DAN 2020
(TIDAK DIAUDIT)
(Saldo dalam tabal disajikan dalam ribuan Dalar Ama

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS
AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED
JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

		Enam bulan yang ber Six-month per		
	Catatan/ Notes	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ Jun 30, 2020	
LABA NETO YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA: Pemilik entitas induk Kepentingan nonpengendali		118.405	89.604	NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest
TOTAL		118.405	89.604	TOTAL
PENGHASILAN KOMPREHENSIF NETO YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA: Pemilik entitas induk		118.641	88.095	NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest
Kepentingan nonpengendali TOTAL		118.641	88.095	TOTAL
LABA PER SAHAM DASAR YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK (dalam satuan penuh)	3w.39	0.0380	0.0288	BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE PARENT (in full amount)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
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TANGGAL-TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2021 DAN 2020 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)
(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED
JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

		Modal Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued	Tambahan Modal Disetor/ Additional	Selisih Transaksi dengan Kepentingan Nonpengendali/ Difference arising from Transaction with	Selisih Kurs Penjabaran Laporan Keuangan Dalam Mata Uang Asing/ Translation Adjustments on Financial Statements	Akumulasi Pengukuran Kembali dari Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja/ Cummulative Remeasurements on Employee	Bagian atas Rugi Komprehensif Lain dari Entitas Asosiasi/ Cummulative Share on Other Comprehensive	Saldo <i>Retained</i> Telah Ditentukan		Ekuitas -	
_	Catatan/ Notes	and Fully Paid Shares	Paid-in Capital	Non-controlling Interest	In Foreign Currency	Benefits Liability	Loss of Associate	Penggunaannya/ Appropriated	Penggunaannya/ Unappropriated	Neto/ Equity - Net	
Saldo 1 Januari 2020		684.810	29.215	(1.986)	11.750	(14.086)	(353)	10.100	665.873	1.385.323	Balance as of January 1, 2020
Penyesuaian sehubungan deng	jan										Adjustment in relation to
penerapan PSAK 71									(1.325)	(1.325)	implementation of PSAK 71
Saldo 1 Januari 2020											Balance as of January 1, 2020
setelah penyesuaian		684.810	29.215	(1.986)	11.750	(14.086)	(353)	10.100	664.548	1.383.998	after adjustment
Laba neto periode berjalan		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89.604	89.604	Net profit for the period
Penghasilan (rugi) komprehens	if lain										Other comprehensive income
periode berjalan					742	(2.229)	(22)			(1.509)	(loss) for the period
Saldo 30 Juni 2020		684.810	29.215	(1.986)	12.492	(16.315)	(375)	10.100	754.152	1.472.093	Balance as of June 30, 2020
Saldo 1 Januari 2021		684.810	29.215	(1.986)	12.176	(18.139)	(339)	11.100	795.640	1.512.477	Balance as of January 1, 2021
Laba neto periode berjalan		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118.405	118.405	Net profit for the period
Penghasilan (rugi) komprehens	if lain										Other comprehensive income (loss)
periode berjalan					720	(491)	7			236	for the period
Saldo 30 Juni 2021		684.810	29.215	(1.986)	12.896	(18.630)	(332)	11.100	914.045	1.631.118	Balance as of June 30, 2021

Akumulasi

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN ARUS KAS KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE ENAM BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL-TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2021 DAN 2020 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS
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(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Enam bulan yang ber		
	Six-month per		
	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	30 Jun 2020/ <i>Jun 30, 2020</i>	
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS OPERASI Penerimaan dari pelanggan Pembayaran kepada pemasok, karyawan dan untuk aktivitas operasi lainnya	488.388 (447.119)	447.639 (396.048)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers, employees and for other operating activities
Kas yang diperoleh			Cash provided by
dari aktivitas operasi Penerimaan penghasilan bunga Penerimaan (pembayaran) pajak - neto Pembayaran bunga dan beban keuangan lainnya	41.269 1.257 (2.796) (24.930)	51.591 1.568 4.771 (24.780)	operating activities Receipts of interest income Receipts (payments) of taxes - net Payments of interest and other financial charges
Kas Neto yang Diperoleh		<u> </u>	Net Cash Provided by
dari Aktivitas Operasi	14.800	33.150	Operating Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS INVESTASI Pengurangan (penambahan) investasi jangka pendek Penurunan piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi Penerimaan penjualan aset tetap Penurunan (kenaikan) aset lancar lainnya Penurunan (penambahan) aset biologis	88.000 13.911 412 170	(1.222) 237 23 (35) (252)	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Liquidation (additional) of short-term investment Decrease in other receivables - related parties Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Decrease (increase) in other current assets Decrease (increase) biological assets
Perolehan aset tetap	(9.048)	(2.316)	Acquisition of fixed assets
Kas Neto yang Diperoleh (Digunakan) untuk Aktivitas Investasi	93.445	(3.565)	Net Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS PENDANAAN Penerimaan liabilitas jangka panjang Kenaikan neto pinjaman bank jangka pendek	40.252	-	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts of long-term liabilities Net increase in short-term bank loans
dan pembiayaan musyarakah	16.712	62.701	and musyarakah financing
Pembayaran liabilitas jangka panjang	(130.968)	(102.062)	Payments of long-term liabilities
Pembayaran liabilitas sewa	(1.946)	(1.850)	Payments of lease liabilities
Kas Neto yang Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Pendanaan	(75.950)	(41.211)	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
LAPORAN ARUS KAS KONSOLIDASIAN
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PADA TANGGAL-TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2021 DAN 2020
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(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Ame

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(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

	Enam bulan yang bei Six-month pe		
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ Jun 30, 2020	
KENAIKAN (PENURUNAN) NETO KAS			NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN
DAN SETARA KAS	32.295	(11.626)	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
PENGARUH PERUBAHAN			NET EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN
KURS MATA UANG PADA KAS DAN			EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND
SETARA KAS	934	(58)	CASH EQUIVALENTS
KAS DAN SETARA KAS			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
AWAL PERIODE	161.037	182.364	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD
KAS DAN SETARA KAS			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
AKHIR PERIODE	194.266	170.680	AT END OF PERIOD

Lihat Catatan 43 atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian untuk informasi tambahan arus kas.

See Note 43 to the consolidated financial statements for the supplementary cash flows information.

1. UMUM

a. Pendirian Perusahaan

PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk ("Perusahaan") didirikan di Republik Indonesia berdasarkan akta No. 9 tanggal 2 Oktober 1972, yang dibuat dihadapan Ridwan Suselo, Notaris di Jakarta. Terhadap akta pendirian tersebut kemudian telah diubah kembali dengan akta-akta sebagaimana yang telah diumumkan dalam Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 70 tanggal 30 Agustus 1976, Tambahan No. 639/1976. Perusahaan terdaftar sebagai perusahaan penanaman modal dalam negeri pada tanggal 28 Februari 1975 dalam rangka Undang-undang Penanaman Modal Dalam Negeri No. 6 tahun 1968, yang diamandemen dengan Undang-undang No. 12 tahun 1970. Perubahan Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan untuk disesuaikan dengan Peraturan Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (POJK) 15/POJK.04/2020 tentang dan Penyelenggaraan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Perusahaan Terbuka juncto No. 16/POJK.04/2020 tentang Pelaksanaan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Perusahaan Terbuka Secara Elektronik, keduanya ditetapkan pada tanggal 20 April 2020 serta peraturan lainnya yang sebagaimana termuat dalam Akta terkait. Pernyataan Keputusan Rapat Perubahan Anggaran Dasar No. 40 tanggal 23 September 2020 yang dibuat dihadapan Aulia Taufani, S.H., Notaris di telah diterima Jakarta Selatan, akta mana dan dicatat dalam Sistem Administrasi Badan Hukum Kementerian Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia melalui Penerimaan Pemberitahuan Perubahan Anggaran No. AHU-AH.01.03-0395933 8 Oktober 2020.

Sesuai dengan Pasal 3 Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan, ruang lingkup usaha Perusahaan meliputi bidang industri, perdagangan dan bahanbahan kimia. Saat ini, Perusahaan bergerak di bidang industri produk kertas, kertas industri, produk pengemas dan lainnya.

Perusahaan berkedudukan di Kotamadya Jakarta Pusat beralamat di Sinar Mas Land Plaza Menara 2, Lantai 9, Jalan M.H. Thamrin No. 51, Kelurahan Gondangdia, Kecamatan Menteng dan pabriknya berlokasi di Jalan Raya Surabaya Mojokerto, Sidoarjo, Jawa Timur. Perusahaan mulai beroperasi secara komersial pada tahun 1977.

Entitas induk utama dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah PT Purinusa Ekapersada, didirikan di Republik Indonesia, yang merupakan bagian dari Kelompok Usaha Sinarmas. PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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1. GENERAL

a. Company's Establishment

PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk (the "Company") was established in the Republic of Indonesia based on Notarial Deed No. 9 dated October 2, 1972, of Ridwan Suselo, Notary in Jakarta. The said deed of Incorporation has been amended several times and published in the Indonesian State Gazette No. 70. dated August 30, 1976, Supplement No. 639/1976. The Company was registered as a domestic capital investment company on February 28, 1975 under the framework of the Domestic Capital Investment Law No. 6 of 1968, as amended by Law No. 12 of 1970. The amendment of the Company's Articles of Association was comply with Regulation of Financial Service Authority (POJK) No. 15/POJK.04/2020 concerning the Planning and Implementation of General Meeting of Shareholders of Public Company juncto POJK No. 16/POJK.04/2020 concerning the Implementation of Electronic General Meeting of Shareholders of Public Company, both dated April 20, 2020 and other related regulation, which is based on the Notarial Deed No. 40, September 23, 2020 of Aulia Taufani, S.H., Notary in South Jakarta. The amendment was recorded in the database of the Legal Entity Administration System of the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia in its decision letter No. AHU-AH.01.03-0395933 dated October 8, 2020.

Based on Article 3 of the Company's Articles of Association, its scope of activities comprises manufacturing, trading and chemicals. Currently, the Company is engaged in the manufacture of paper products, industrial paper, packaging products and others.

The Company is domiciled at the 9th floor of Sinar Mas Land Plaza Tower 2, Jalan M.H. Thamrin No. 51, Gondangdia, Menteng Subdistrict, Central Jakarta and its plant is located at Jalan Raya Surabaya Mojokerto, Sidoarjo, East Java. The Company commenced its commercial production in 1977.

The ultimate parent entity of the Company and Subsidiaries is PT Purinusa Ekapersada, incorporated in the Republic Indonesia, which is part of Sinarmas Group.

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

b. Penawaran Umum Saham Perusahaan

Pada tahun 1990, Perusahaan melakukan penawaran umum 9.300.000 saham dengan nilai nominal Rp1 ribu per saham dengan harga penawaran Rp9.500 per saham. Pada tanggal 3 April 1990, Perusahaan mencatatkan saham tersebut di Bursa Efek Jakarta dan Surabaya (keduanya sekarang Bursa Efek Indonesia). Perusahaan mendapat pernyataan efektif atas penawaran umum perdana dari Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal pada tanggal 2 April 1990.

Perusahaan telah melakukan beberapa penawaran umum terbatas dengan hak memesan efek terlebih dahulu yang terdaftar di bursa efek yang sama.

Total saham Perusahaan yang telah dicatatkan di Bursa Efek Indonesia pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, sebanyak 3.113.223.570 lembar saham.

Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi, Komite Audit, serta Karyawan

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, susunan Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut: PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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1. GENERAL (Continued)

b. Public Offering of the Company's Shares

In 1990, the Company issued to the public a total of 9,300,000 shares with a par value of Rp1 thousand each at the offering price of Rp9,500 per share. The Company listed its shares on the Jakarta and Surabaya Stock Exchanges (both currently known as Indonesia Stock Exchange) on April 3, 1990. The Company obtained effective statements for its public offering from Capital Market Supervisory Agency on April 2, 1990.

The Company has offered several rights issue with pre-emptive rights listed on the same stock exchange.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there were 3,113,223,570 of the Company's shares listed on the Indonesian Stock Exchange.

c. Boards of Commissioners and Directors, Audit Committee, and Employees

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the composition of the Company's Boards of Commissioners and Directors is as follows:

30 Jun 2021 dan 31 Des 2020/ Jun 30, 2021 and Dec 31 2020

Dewan KomisarisKomisaris UtamaSaleh Husin, SE. MSIKomisarisArthur Tahya (Arthur Tahija)KomisarisHendra Jaya KosasihKomisarisSukirta Mangku DjajaKomisaris IndependenDrs. Pande Putu Raka, MA.Komisaris IndependenDr. Ir. Deddy SalehKomisaris IndependenDR. Ramelan S.H., M.H.

Board of Commissioners
President Commissioner
Commissioner
Commissioner
Commissioner
Independent Commissioner
Independent Commissioner
Independent Commissioner

Direksi

Direkur UtamaSuhendra WiriadinataDirekturAnton MailoaDirekturAgustian R. PartawidjajaDirekturArman Sutedja

Board of Directors
President Director
Director
Director
Director

Manajemen kunci terdiri dari Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi.

Key management consists of the Boards of Commissioners and Directors.

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1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, susunan Komite Audit Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut: As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the composition of the Company's Audit Committee is as follows:

Ketua Anggota Anggota Drs. Ramelan S.H., M.H. Dr. Ir. Deddy Saleh Aditiawan Chandra, Ph.D

1. GENERAL (Continued)

Chairman Member Member

Total karyawan tetap Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah sekitar 5,5 ribu dan 5,6 ribu.

The Company and Subsidiaries' permanent employees as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were approximately 5.5 thousand and 5.6 thousand, respectively.

d. Struktur Entitas Anak

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, Perusahaan memiliki Entitas Anak dengan kepemilikan sebagai berikut:

d. Structures of the Subsidiaries

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had ownership interests in Subsidiaries as follows:

	Ruang Lingkup	Tanggal	Domisili, Tahun Usaha Komersial Dimulai/ Domicile, Year	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership		Total Aset Entitas Anak (Sebelum Eliminasi)/ Total Subsidiary's Assets (Before Elimination)		
Entitas Anak/ Subsidiaries	Usaha/ Scope of Activities	Pendirian/ Date of Establishment	Commercial Operations Started	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021 (%)	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020 (%)	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021 (USD)	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020 (USD)	
PT Mega Kertas Pratama	Distributor/ Distributor	4 Januari/ <i>January 4,</i> 1996	Tangerang, 1996	99,20	99,20	7	7	
Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	8 Agustus/ August 8, 1996	British Virgin Islands, 1996	100,00	100,00	35.167	37.464	
Tjiwi Kimia Finance Mauritius Limited	Bidang Keuangan/ Financing Company	11 Juli / <i>July 11,</i> 1997	Mauritus, 1997	100,00	100,00	38.469	38.469	
TK Trading Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	29 September/ September 29, 1997	Cayman Islands, 1997	100,00	100,00	0,001	0,001	
Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	31 Agustus/ <i>August 31,</i> 1998	Cayman Islands, 1998	100,00	100,00	37.767	40.233	
TK Import & Export Ltd	Distributor/ Distributor	23 Maret/ March 23, 2000	British Virgin Islands, 2001	100,00	100,00	5.682	5.682	
Marshall Enterprise Ltd	Investasi/ Investment	10 Mei / <i>May 10,</i> 2004	Malaysia, 2004	100,00	100,00	141.875	176.038	
PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya	Kehutanan/ Forestry	1 April / <i>April 1,</i> 1992	Jakarta, 1992	99,99	99,99	44.500	44.368	

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Ruang lingkup kegiatan usaha Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang keuangan adalah terutama menerbitkan wesel bayar dan memperoleh pinjaman lainnya untuk membiayai kegiatan usaha Perusahaan. Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang distribusi terutama bergerak dalam bidang penjualan produk untuk membantu distribusi produk Perusahaan, sedangkan ruang lingkup kegiatan usaha Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang kehutanan adalah menyediakan kayu sebagai bahan baku dalam industri kertas.

e. Penyelesaian Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian

Manajemen Perusahaan bertanggung jawab atas penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini, yang telah disetujui oleh Direksi untuk diterbitkan pada tanggal 23 Agustus 2021.

2. PERNYATAAN KEPATUHAN

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian telah disusun sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan ("SAK"), yang mencakup Pernyataan dan Interpretasi yang diterbitkan oleh Dewan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia dan Dewan Standar Akuntansi Syariah Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia, serta peraturan regulator pasar modal.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN

a. Dasar Penyusunan Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian

Kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini adalah selaras dengan kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Desember 2020.

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian, kecuali laporan arus kas konsolidasian, telah disusun secara akrual dengan menggunakan konsep biaya perolehan (historical cost), kecuali untuk akun-akun tertentu yang diukur berdasarkan basis lain seperti yang dijelaskan dalam kebijakan akuntansi terkait.

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The scope activities of the Subsidiaries engaged in financing activities are primarily for issuing debt and obtaining loans to finance the Company's operations. The distributor Subsidiaries are primarily engaged in the trading business to assist the distribution of the Company's goods, while the forestry Subsidiary is engaged in supplying woods as main material for paper manufacture.

e. Completion of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The management of the Company is responsible of the preparation of these consolidated financial statements, which have been authorized for issued by the Board of Directors on August 23, 2021.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards ("SAK"), which comprise the Statements and Interpretations issued by the Board of Financial Accounting Standards of the Indonesian Institute of Accountants and Board of Syariah Financial Accounting Standards of the Indonesian Institute of Accountants, and capital market regulations.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

a. Basis of Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are consistent with the accounting policies applied in the preparation of the Company and Subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The consolidated financial statements, except for the consolidated statements of cash flows, have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting using the historical cost concept, except for certain accounts that are measured on the other bases described in the related accounting policies.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Laporan arus kas konsolidasian disusun dengan menggunakan metode langsung, dan dikelompokkan ke dalam aktivitas operasi, investasi dan pendanaan.

Pengungkapan tambahan disajikan untuk mengevaluasi perubahan pada liabilitas yang timbul dari aktivitas pendanaan, termasuk perubahan yang timbul dari arus kas maupun perubahan non kas.

Mata uang penyajian yang digunakan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian adalah mata uang Dolar Amerika Serikat (USD), yang juga merupakan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tertentu.

b. Prinsip-prinsip Konsolidasian

Entitas (entitas induk) yang mengendalikan satu atau lebih entitas lain (entitas anak) menyajikan laporan keuangan konsolidasian. Investor, terlepas dari sifat keterlibatannya dengan entitas (*investee*), menentukan apakah investor merupakan entitas induk dengan menilai apakah investor tersebut mengendalikan *investee*.

Investor mengendalikan *investe*e ketika investor terekspos atau memiliki hak atas imbalan hasil variabel dari keterlibatannya dengan *investe*e dan memiliki kemampuan untuk memengaruhi imbalan hasil tersebut melalui kekuasaannya atas *investe*e. Dengan demikian, investor mengendalikan *investe*e jika dan hanya jika investor memiliki seluruh hal berikut ini:

- (a) kekuasaan atas investee;
- (b) eksposur atau hak atas imbalan hasil variabel dari keterlibatannya dengan investee; dan
- (c) kemampuan untuk menggunakan kekuasaannya atas *investee* untuk memengaruhi jumlah imbalan hasil investor.

Investor menilai kembali apakah investor mengendalikan *investee* jika fakta dan keadaan mengindikasikan adanya perubahan terhadap satu atau lebih dari tiga (3) elemen pengendalian.

Konsolidasi atas *investee* dimulai sejak tanggal investor memperoleh pengendalian atas *investee* dan berakhir ketika investor kehilangan pengendalian atas *investee*.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

The consolidated statements of cash flows are prepared using the direct method, and classified into operating, investing and financing activities.

Additional disclosure is presented to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including the changes using from cash flows or non cash changes.

The presentation currency used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is United States Dollar (USD), which is also the functional currency of the Company and certain of its Subsidiaries.

b. Principles of Consolidation

An entity (the parent) that controls one or more other entities (subsidiaries), presents consolidated financial statements. An investor, apart from the nature of its involvement with an entity (investee), determine whether the investor is a parent by assessing whether its controls the investee.

An investor controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Therefore, the investor controls the investee if, and only if the investor has all of the following:

- (a) power over the investee;
- (b) exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.

An investor reassess whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that one or more of the three (3) control elements have changed.

Investee is consolidated from the date the investor obtains control of investee and continues to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Entitas induk menentukan apakah entitas induk adalah entitas investasi. Entitas investasi adalah entitas yang:

- (a) memperoleh dana dari satu atau lebih investor dengan tujuan memberikan investor tersebut jasa manajemen investasi;
- (b) menyatakan komitmen kepada investor bahwa tujuan bisnisnya adalah untuk menginvestasikan dana yang semata-mata untuk memperoleh imbalan hasil dari kenaikan nilai modal, penghasilan investasi, atau keduanya; dan
- (c) mengukur dan mengevaluasi kinerja dari seluruh investasinya berdasarkan nilai wajar.

Entitas induk yang adalah entitas investasi mengukur investasi dalam entitas anak pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi.

Kepentingan nonpengendali mencerminkan bagian atas laba rugi dan aset neto yang tidak diatribusikan kepada entitas induk dan disajikan secara terpisah dalam laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian dan ekuitas pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian, dipisahkan dari ekuitas yang dapat diatribusikan kepada entitas induk.

Total penghasilan komprehensif lain diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk dan pada kepentingan nonpengendali bahkan jika hal ini mengakibatkan kepentingan nonpengendali mempunyai saldo defisit.

Seluruh saldo akun dan transaksi yang material antar entitas yang dikonsolidasi telah dieliminasi.

Perubahan bagian kepemilikan

Perubahan dalam bagian kepemilikan entitas induk pada entitas anak yang tidak mengakibatkan hilangnya pengendalian dicatat sebagai transaksi ekuitas, dimana jumlah tercatat kepentingan pengendali dan nonpengendali disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan perubahan bagian relatifnya atas entitas anak. Perbedaan antara jumlah kepentingan nonpengendali disesuaikan dan nilai wajar imbalan yang diberikan atau diterima diakui secara langsung dalam ekuitas dan diatribusikan pada pemilik entitas induk.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

A parent determines whether it is an investment entity. An investment entity is an entity that:

- (a) obtains funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing investment management services:
- (b) its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- (c) measures and evaluates the performance of its investments on a fair value basis.

A parent that is an investment entity measures its investments in particular subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss.

Non-controlling interest represents a portion of the profit or loss and net assets not attributable to the parent and is presented separately in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position, separately from equity attributable to the parent.

Total other comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Changes in the ownership interests

Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, in which the carrying amounts of the controlling and noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. The difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the parent.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Jika entitas induk kehilangan pengendalian pada entitas anak, maka entitas induk:

- (a) menghentikan pengakuan aset (termasuk setiap goodwill) dan liabilitas entitas anak terdahulu dari laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.
- (b) mengakui sisa investasi pada entitas anak terdahulu pada nilai wajarnya pada tanggal hilangnya pengendalian, dan selanjutnya mencatat sisa investasi tersebut dan setiap jumlah terutang oleh atau kepada entitas anak terdahulu. Nilai wajar tersebut dianggap sebagai nilai wajar pada saat pengakuan awal aset keuangan atau, jika sesuai, biaya perolehan pada saat pengakuan awal investasi pada entitas asosiasi atau ventura bersama.
- (c) mengakui keuntungan atau kerugian terkait dengan hilangnya pengendalian yang dapat diatribusikan pada kepentingan pengendali terdahulu.

c. Kombinasi Bisnis

Kombinasi bisnis dicatat dengan menggunakan metode akuisisi. Jika aset yang diperoleh bukan suatu bisnis, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mencatatnya sebagai akuisisi aset. Biaya perolehan dari sebuah akuisisi diukur berdasarkan nilai agregat imbalan yang dialihkan yang diukur pada nilai wajar tanggal akuisisi dan jumlah setiap kepentingan nonpengendali pada pihak yang diakuisisi. Untuk setiap kombinasi bisnis, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memilih mengukur kepentingan nonpengendali pada pihak yang diakuisisi baik pada nilai wajar atau pada bagian proporsional dari aset neto yang teridentifikasi dari pihak diakuisisi. Biaya terkait akuisisi dibebankan pada saat terjadi dan diakui dalam laba rugi.

Jika kombinasi bisnis dilakukan secara bertahap, setiap kepentingan ekuitas yang dimiliki sebelumnya diukur kembali pada nilai wajar tanggal akuisisi dan setiap keuntungan atau kerugian yang dihasilkan diakui dalam laba rugi.

Setiap imbalan kontinjensi yang dialihkan oleh pihak pengakuisisi diakui pada nilai wajar pada tanggal akuisisi. Imbalan kontinjensi yang diklasifikasikan sebagai aset atau liabilitas yang merupakan instrumen keuangan dan termasuk dalam ruang lingkup PSAK No. 71, "Instrumen Keuangan", diukur pada nilai wajar dengan perubahan pada nilai wajar diakui baik dalam laba rugi atau penghasilan komprehensif lain. Jika imbalan kontinjensi tidak termasuk dalam ruang lingkup PSAK No. 71 diukur dengan PSAK yang sesuai. Imbalan kontinjensi yang diklasifikasikan sebagai ekuitas tidak diukur kembali dan penyelesaian selanjutnya dicatat dalam ekuitas.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

If a parent loses control of a subsidiary, the parent:

- (a) derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the former subsidiary from the consolidated statements of financial position.
- (b) recognizes any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value at the date when control is lost, and subsequently accounts for it and for any amounts owed by or to the former subsidiary. That fair value shall be regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, if appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.
- (c) recognizes the gain or loss associated with the loss of control attributable to the former controlling interest.

c. Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. If the asset acquired is not a business, the Company and Subsidiaries account for it as asset acquisition. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition-date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Company and Subsidiaries elect whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and recognized in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of PSAK No. 71, "Financial Instruments", is measured at fair value with the changes in fair value recognized either in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of PSAK No. 71, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate PSAK. Contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Goodwill pada awalnya diakui sebesar biaya perolehan, menjadi selisih lebih nilai gabungan dari imbalan yang dialihkan dan jumlah yang diakui untuk kepentingan nonpengendali, dan setiap kepentingan yang dimiliki sebelumnya, atas jumlah neto aset teridentifikasi yang diperoleh dan liabilitas yang diambil-alih. Dalam kasus pembelian dengan diskon, jika nilai wajar atas aset neto yang diakuisisi melebihi nilai gabungan imbalan yang dialihkan, maka selisih tersebut diakui langsung dalam laba rugi. Setelah pengakuan awal, goodwill diukur pada biaya perolehan dikurangi akumulasi rugi penurunan nilai. Untuk tujuan pengujian penurunan nilai, goodwill yang diperoleh dari suatu kombinasi bisnis, sejak tanggal akuisisi, dialokasikan ke setiap unit penghasil kas dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang diharapkan bermanfaat untuk kombinasi tersebut, terlepas dari apakah aset atau liabilitas lain dari pihak yang diakuisisi ditetapkan ke unit-unit tersebut.

Jika goodwill yang telah dialokasikan pada suatu unit penghasil kas dan bagian operasi atas unit tersebut dilepas, maka goodwill yang terkait dengan operasi yang dilepas tersebut dimasukkan ke dalam jumlah tercatat operasi ketika menentukan keuntungan atau kerugian dari pelepasan. Goodwill yang dilepas dalam keadaan tersebut diukur berdasarkan nilai relatif operasi yang dilepas dan porsi unit penghasil kas yang ditahan.

d. Kas dan Setara Kas

Kas dan setara kas terdiri dari saldo kas dan bank, serta deposito berjangka yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu tiga (3) bulan atau kurang sejak tanggal penempatan dan tidak digunakan sebagai jaminan atau dibatasi penggunaannya.

e. Aset Lancar Lainnya

Kas di bank dan deposito berjangka sehubungan dengan restrukturisasi utang, jaminan atas fasilitas impor *Letter of Credit* dan deposito berjangka yang jatuh tempo lebih dari tiga (3) bulan tetapi kurang dari satu (1) tahun disajikan sebagai "Aset Lancar Lainnya."

f. Transaksi dengan Pihak-pihak Berelasi

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengungkapkan transaksi dengan pihak-pihak berelasi.

Transaksi yang signifikan dengan pihak-pihak berelasi, diungkapkan dalam catatan atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian. PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for noncontrolling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination, from the acquisition date. allocated to each of the Company and Subsidiaries' cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

If goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed of operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed of operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and time deposits with original maturities within three (3) months or less and not pledged as collateral or restricted in use.

e. Other Current Assets

Cash in bank and time deposits in connection with the debt restructuring, as margin deposits for Letter of Credit import facility and time deposits with maturities more than three (3) months but less than one (1) year are presented as "Other Current Assets."

f. Transactions with Related Parties

The Company and Subsidiaries disclose transactions with related parties.

Significant transactions with related parties, are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

g. Persediaan

Persediaan dinyatakan sebesar nilai yang lebih rendah antara biaya perolehan atau nilai realisasi neto (the lower of cost or net realizable value). Biaya perolehan ditentukan dengan metode rata-rata tertimbang (weighted-average method). Biaya barang jadi yang diproduksi dan barang dalam proses termasuk alokasi sistematis overhead produksi. Penyisihan persediaan usang ditentukan berdasarkan hasil penelaahan atas keadaan persediaan pada akhir tahun.

h. Beban Dibayar Dimuka

Beban dibayar dimuka diamortisasi selama masa manfaat masing-masing biaya.

i. Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi

Entitas asosiasi adalah entitas yang mana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki pengaruh signifikan dan bukan merupakan entitas anak maupun bagian partisipasi dalam ventura bersama. Pemilikan, secara langsung maupun tidak langsung, 20% atau lebih hak suara *investee* dianggap pemilikan pengaruh signifikan, kecuali dapat dibuktikan dengan jelas hal yang sebaliknya.

Entitas dengan investasinya pada entitas asosiasi mencatat investasinya dengan menggunakan metode ekuitas. Dalam metode ekuitas, investasi pada entitas asosiasi pada awalnya diakui sebesar biaya perolehan dan jumlah tercatat tersebut ditambah atau dikurang untuk mengakui bagian investor atas laba atau rugi *investee* setelah tanggal perolehan.

Selanjutnya, bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas laba rugi entitas asosiasi, setelah penyesuaian yang diperlukan terhadap dampak penyeragaman kebijakan akuntansi dan eliminasi laba atau rugi yang dihasilkan dari transaksi antara Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dan entitas asosiasi, akan menambah atau mengurangi jumlah tercatat investasi tersebut dan diakui sebagai laba rugi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penerimaan distribusi dari entitas asosiasi mengurangi nilai jumlah tercatat investasi. Penyesuaian terhadap jumlah tercatat tersebut juga diperlukan jika terdapat perubahan dalam proporsi bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas entitas asosiasi yang timbul dari penghasilan komprehensif lain dari entitas asosiasi. Bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas perubahan tersebut diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

g. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Cost of finished goods produced and work in process includes a systematic allocation of production overheads. Allowance for diminution in value of inventories is provided based on a review of the condition of inventories at the end of the year.

h. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are amortized over the periods benefited.

i. Investment in an Associate

An associate is an entity, over which the Company and Subsidiaries have significant influence but is neither a Subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Direct or indirect ownership of 20% or more of the voting power of an investee is presumed to be an ownership of significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case.

An entity with investment in an associated company accounts for its investment using the equity method. Under the equity method, investment in an associated company is initially recognized at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition.

Subsequently, the Company and Subsidiaries' share of the profit or loss of the associate, after any adjustments necessary to give effect to uniform accounting policies and elimination of profits or losses resulting from transactions between the Company and Subsidiaries and the associate, increases or decreases its carrying amount and is recognized in the Company and Subsidiaries' profit or loss. Distributions received from the associate reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Adjustments to the carrying amount may also be necessary for changes in the Company and Subsidiaries' proportionate interest in the associate arising from changes in the associate other comprehensive income. The Company Subsidiaries' share of those changes is recognized in other comprehensive income of the Company and Subsidiaries.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Goodwill yang terkait dengan akuisisi entitas asosiasi termasuk dalam jumlah tercatat investasi. Goodwill tidak diamortisasi dan dilakukan uji penurunan nilai setiap tahun.

Apabila nilai tercatat investasi telah mencapai nilai nol, kerugian selanjutnya akan diakui hanya jika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai komitmen untuk menyediakan bantuan pendanaan atau menjamin kewajiban entitas asosiasi yang bersangkutan.

Jika investasi pada entitas asosiasi menjadi investasi pada ventura bersama atau sebaliknya, maka entitas melanjutkan penerapan metode ekuitas dan tidak mengukur kembali kepentingan yang tersisa.

j. Aset Biologis

Aset biologis atau produk agrikultur diakui saat memenuhi beberapa kriteria yang sama dengan kriteria pengakuan aset. Aset tersebut diukur pada saat pengakuan awal dan pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan keuangan pada nilai wajar dikurangi biaya untuk menjual. Selisih yang timbul dari perubahan nilai wajar aset diakui dalam laba rugi pada periode terjadinya. Aset biologis Entitas Anak merupakan hutan tanaman industri (HTI).

k. Aset Tetap

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak telah memilih untuk menggunakan model biaya sebagai kebijakan akuntansi pengukuran aset tetapnya, kecuali hak atas tanah.

Penyusutan dihitung dengan metode garis lurus selama masa manfaat aset. Taksiran masa manfaat aset adalah sebagai berikut: PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Goodwill on acquisition of associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Goodwill is no longer amortized but annually assessed for impairment.

Once an investment's carrying value has been reduced to zero, further losses are taken up only if the Company and Subsidiaries have committed to provide financial support to, or have guaranteed the obligations of the associate.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the entity continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

j. Biological Assets

Biological assets or agricultural products are recognized when meeting certain criteria equivalent to the asset recognition criteria. The assets are measured at initial recognition and at the end of each financial reporting period at fair value less cost to sell. Any difference arising from changes in the fair value of an asset is recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Biological asset of the Subsidiary is industrial timber estate (HTI).

k. Fixed Assets

The Company and Subsidiaries have chosen the cost model as the accounting policy for their fixed assets measurement, except land rights.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Tahun/Years

Bangunan dan prasarana	20
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	20-25
Alat pengangkutan	5
Perabot dan peralatan kantor	5

Masa manfaat aset tetap dan metode penyusutan ditelaah dan disesuaikan, jika sesuai keadaan, pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan.

Tanah dinyatakan sebesar biaya perolehan dan tidak disusutkan.

Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment

The fixed assets' useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each end of reporting period.

Land is stated at cost and is not depreciated.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan ISAK No. 36, "Interpretasi atas Interaksi antara Ketentuan mengenai Hak atas Tanah dalam PSAK No. 16, Aset Tetap dan PSAK No 73, Sewa".

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menganalisa fakta dan keadaan untuk masing-masing jenis hak atas tanah dalam bentuk Hak Guna Usaha (HGU), Hak Guna Bangunan (HGB) dan Hak Pakai (HP) dalam menentukan akuntansi untuk masing-masing hak tanah tersebut sehingga dapat merepresentasikan dengan tepat suatu kejadian atau transaksi ekonomik yang mendasarinya. Jika hak atas tanah tersebut tidak mengalihkan pengendalian atas pendasar aset Perusahaan dan **Entitas** Anak, melainkan mengalihkan untuk menggunakan hak aset Perusahaan pendasar, dan Entitas menerapkan perlakuan akuntansi atas transaksi tersebut sebagai sewa berdasarkan PSAK No. 73. Jika hak atas tanah secara substansi menyerupai pembelian tanah, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan PSAK No. 16. Sementara, biaya pengurusan atas perpanjangan atau pembaruan legal hak atas tanah dalam bentuk HGU, HGB dan HP diakui sebagai bagian dari akun "Beban Tangguhan Hak atas Tanah - Neto" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian dan diamortisasi sepanjang mana yang lebih pendek antara umur hukum dan umur ekonomis tanah.

Aset dalam pengerjaan dinyatakan sebesar biaya perolehan dan disajikan sebagai bagian dari "Aset Tetap" dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian. Akumulasi biaya perolehan akan dipindahkan ke masing-masing akun aset tetap yang bersangkutan pada saat aset tersebut selesai dikerjakan dan siap digunakan.

Beban perbaikan dan pemeliharaan dibebankan pada laba rugi pada saat terjadinya; biaya penggantian atau inspeksi yang signifikan dikapitalisasi pada saat terjadinya dan jika besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomis di masa depan berkenaan dengan aset tersebut akan mengalir ke Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, dan biaya perolehan aset dapat diukur secara andal. Aset tetap dihentikan pengakuannya pada saat dilepaskan atau ketika tidak ada manfaat ekonomis masa depan diharapkan dari penggunaan pelepasannya. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang dari penghentian pengakuan aset dimasukkan dalam laba rugi pada tahun aset tersebut dihentikan pengakuannya.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

The Company and Subsidiaries applied ISAK No. 36, "Intrepretation of Interaction between Provisions regarding Land Rights in PSAK No. 16, Fixed Assets, and PSAK No. 73, Leases".

The Company and Subsidiaries analyzes the facts and circumstances for each type of land rights in the form of Business Usage Rights ("Hak Guna Usaha" or HGU), Building Usage Right ("Hak Guna Bangunan" or HGB) and Usage Rights ("Hak Pakai" or HP) in determining the accounting for each of these land rights so that it can accurately represent an underlying economic event or transaction. If the land rights do not transfer control of the underlying assets to the Company and Subsidiaries, but gives the rights to use the underlying assets, the Company and Subsidiaries applies the accounting treatment of these transactions as leases under PSAK No. 73. If land rights substantially similar to land purchases, the Company and Subsidiaries applies PSAK No. 16. Meanwhile, the extension or the legal renewal costs of land rights in the form of HGU, HGB and HP are recognized as part of "Deferred Costs of Land Rights - Net" account in the consolidated statements of financial position and are amortized over the shorter of the rights' legal life and land's economic life.

Assets under construction are stated at cost and presented as part of "Fixed Assets" in the consolidated statements of financial position. The accumulated costs will be reclassified to the appropriate fixed assets account when construction is completed and the assets are ready for their intended use.

The cost of repairs and maintenance is charged to profit or loss as incurred; replacement or major inspection costs are capitalized when incurred and if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and Subsidiaries, and the cost of the item can be reliably measured. An item of fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year in which the asset is derecognized.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

I. Sewa

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan PSAK No. 73 (2017) "Sewa" yang mensyaratkan pengakuan liabilitas sewa sehubungan dengan sewa yang sebelumnya diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa operasi.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak sebagai Penyewa

Pada tanggal permulaan kontrak, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai apakah kontrak merupakan, atau mengandung sewa. Suatu kontrak merupakan, atau mengandung sewa jika kontrak tersebut memberikan hak untuk mengendalikan penggunaan aset selama jangka waktu tertentu untuk dipertukarkan dengan imbalan.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menyewa aset tetap tertentu dengan mengakui aset hak guna dan liabilitas sewa. Aset hak guna diakui sebesar biaya perolehan, dikurangi dengan akumulasi penyusutan dan penurunan nilai. Aset hak guna disusutkan selama jangka waktu yang lebih pendek antara umur manfaat aset hak guna atau masa sewa.

Liabilitas sewa diukur pada nilai kini pembayaran sewa yang belum dibayar. Setiap pembayaran sewa dialokasikan antara porsi pelunasan liabilitas dan biaya keuangan. Liabilitas sewa, disajikan sebagai liabilitas jangka panjang kecuali untuk bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu dua belas (12) bulan atau kurang yang disajikan sebagai liabilitas jangka pendek. Unsur bunga dalam biaya keuangan dibebankan ke laba rugi selama masa sewa yang menghasilkan tingkat suku bunga konstan atas saldo liabilitas.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tidak mengakui aset hak guna dan liabilitas sewa untuk:

- (a) sewa jangka-pendek yang memiliki masa sewa dua belas (12) bulan atau kurang; atau
- (b) sewa yang asetnya bernilai rendah. Pembayaran yang dilakukan untuk sewa tersebut dibebankan ke laba rugi dengan dasar garis lurus selama masa sewa.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

I. Leases

The Company and Subsidiaries have applied PSAK No. 73 (2017) "Leases," which sets the requirement for the recognition of lease liabilities in relation to leases that had previously been classified as operating leases.

The Company and Subsidiaries as a Lessee

At inception of a contract, the Company and Subsidiaries assess whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an asset for a period of time in exchange for a consideration.

The Company and Subsidiaries lease certain fixed assets by recognizing the right-of-use asset and lease liabilities. The right-of-use assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the assets or the lease term.

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not yet paid. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability portion and finance cost. Lease liabilities are classified in long-term liabilities, except for those with maturities of twelve (12) months or less which are included in current liabilities. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

The Company and Subsidiaries do not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for:

- (a) short-term leases that have a lease term of twelve (12) months or less; or
- (b) leases with low-value assets. Payments made under those leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

m. Penurunan Nilai Aset Nonkeuangan

Pada setiap tanggal pelaporan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai apakah terdapat indikasi aset mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat indikasi tersebut, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengestimasi jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut. Jumlah terpulihkan suatu aset atau unit penghasil kas adalah jumlah yang lebih tinggi antara nilai wajar dikurangi biaya untuk menjual dan nilai pakainya. Jika jumlah terpulihkan suatu aset lebih kecil dari jumlah tercatatnya, jumlah tercatat aset harus diturunkan menjadi sebesar jumlah terpulihkan. Kerugian penurunan nilai diakui segera dalam laba rugi.

Pembalikan rugi penurunan nilai untuk aset nonkeuangan selain goodwill diakui jika, dan hanya jika, terdapat perubahan estimasi yang digunakan dalam menentukan jumlah terpulihkan aset sejak pengujian penurunan nilai terakhir kali. Pembalikan rugi penurunan nilai tersebut diakui segera dalam laba rugi, kecuali aset yang disajikan pada jumlah revaluasian sesuai dengan PSAK lain. Rugi nilai yang diakui atas goodwill tidak dibalik lagi.

n. Biaya Pinjaman

Biaya pinjaman, baik yang secara langsung maupun tidak langsung digunakan untuk mendanai suatu proses pembangunan aset tertentu yang memenuhi syarat ("aset kualifikasian"), dikapitalisasi hingga saat proses pembangunannya selesai. Untuk pinjaman yang secara khusus digunakan untuk perolehan aset kualifikasian, jumlah yang dikapitalisasi adalah sebesar biaya pinjaman yang terjadi selama periode berjalan, dikurangi dengan pendapatan investasi jangka pendek dari pinjaman tersebut.

Untuk pinjaman yang tidak secara khusus digunakan untuk perolehan aset kualifikasian, jumlah biaya pinjaman yang dikapitalisasi ditentukan dengan mengalikan tingkat kapitalisasi tertentu terhadap pengeluaran untuk aset kualifikasian tersebut.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

m. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company and Subsidiaries estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered to be impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Reversal on impairment loss for non-financial assets other than goodwill is recognized if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment test is carried out. Reversal on impairment losses is immediately recognized in profit or loss, except for assets presented using the revaluation model in accordance with another PSAK. Impairment losses relating to goodwill are not reversed.

n. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs, either directly or indirectly used in financing the construction of a qualifying asset, are capitalized up to the date construction is complete. For borrowings that are specific to the acquisition of a qualifying asset, the amount to be capitalized is determined as the actual borrowing costs incurred during the period, less any income earned from the temporary investment of such borrowings.

For borrowings that are not specific to the acquisition of a qualifying asset, the amount to be capitalized is determined by applying a capitalization rate to the amount expensed on the qualifying asset.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

o. Pengakuan Pendapatan dan Beban

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan PSAK No. 72 (2017) "Pendapatan dari Kontrak dengan Pelanggan". Standar ini menyediakan model lima langkah untuk pengakuan pendapatan untuk diterapkan pada semua kontrak dengan pelanggan. Standar ini juga memberikan panduan spesifik yang mensyaratkan jenis biaya tertentu untuk memperoleh dan/atau memenuhi kontrak yang akan dikapitalisasi dan diamortisasi secara sistematis yang konsisten dengan pengalihan barang atau jasa kepada pelanggan.

Pengakuan pendapatan harus memenuhi lima (5) langkah sebagai berikut:

- (a) Mengidentifikasi kontrak dengan pelanggan.
- (b) Mengidentifikasi kewajiban pelaksanaan dalam kontrak.
- (c) Menetapkan harga transaksi.
- (d) Mengalokasikan harga transaksi ke setiap kewajiban pelaksanaan.
- (e) Mengakui pendapatan ketika kewajiban pelaksanaan telah dipenuhi dengan menyerahkan barang atau jasa yang dijanjikan ke pelanggan yaitu ketika pelanggan telah memiliki kendali atas barang atau jasa tersebut.

Pendapatan dari penjualan barang diakui bila kewajiban pelaksanaan dipenuhi oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Pendapatan diukur pada harga transaksi, yaitu jumlah imbalan yang diperkirakan menjadi hak Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Beban diakui pada saat terjadinya atau sesuai dengan masa manfaatnya (*accrual basis*).

p. Imbalan Kerja

Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek

Imbalan kerja jangka pendek merupakan kompensasi yang diberikan oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak seperti gaji, tunjangan, bonus dan pembayaran manfaat pensiun, yang diakui pada saat terutang kepada karyawan.

Imbalan Pascakerja

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menentukan liabilitas imbalan pascakerja sesuai dengan Undang-undang Ketenagakerjaan No. 13/2003 ("Undang-Undang") tanggal 25 Maret 2003. PSAK No. 24 mensyaratkan entitas menggunakan metode "*Projected Unit Credit*" untuk menentukan nilai kini kewajiban imbalan pasti, biaya jasa kini terkait, dan biaya jasa lalu.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

o. Revenue and Expense Recognition

The Company and Subsidiaries have applied PSAK No. 72 (2017) "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." This standard provides a five-step model for revenue recognition to be applied to all contracts with customers. This standard also provides specific guidance that requires certain types of costs to obtain and/or fulfill contracts to be capitalized and amortized systematically consistent with the transfer of goods or services to customers.

Revenue recognition has to fulfill five (5) steps as follows:

- (a) Identify the contract with a customer.
- (b) Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
- (c) Determine the transaction price.
- (d) Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation.
- (e) Recognize revenue when performance obligation is satisfied by transferring promised goods or services to a customer, when the customer obtains control of that goods or services.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied by the Company and Subsidiaries. Revenue is measured at the transaction price, which is the amount of consideration to which the Company and Subsidiaries are estimated to be entitled.

Expenses are recognized when incurred or according to their beneficial periods (accrual basis).

p. Employee Benefits

Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits represent compensation provided by the Company and Subsidiaries such as salaries, allowance, bonus and pension contribution paid, which are recognized when they accrue to the employees.

Post-employment Benefits

The Company and Subsidiaries determine their post-employment benefits liabilities under Labor Law No. 13/2003 dated March 25, 2003 (the "Law"). PSAK No. 24 requires the present value of the defined benefit obligation, the related current service cost, and past service cost to be determined using the "Projected Unit Credit" method.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Ketika entitas memiliki surplus dalam program imbalan pasti, maka entitas mengukur aset imbalan pasti pada jumlah yang lebih rendah antara surplus program imbalan pasti dan batas atas aset yang ditentukan dengan menggunakan tingkat diskonto.

Entitas mengakui komponen biaya imbalan pasti, kecuali SAK mensyaratkan atau mengizinkan biaya tersebut sebagai biaya perolehan aset, sebagai berikut:

- (a) biaya jasa dalam laba rugi;
- (b) bunga neto atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto dalam laba rugi; dan
- (c) pengukuran kembali liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain.

Pengukuran kembali atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto yang diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain tidak direklasifikasi ke laba rugi pada periode berikutnya. Akan tetapi, entitas dapat mengalihkan jumlah yang diakui sebagai penghasilan komprehensif lain tersebut pada pos lain dalam ekuitas.

Pengukuran kembali liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto terdiri atas:

- (a) keuntungan dan kerugian aktuarial;
- (b) imbalan hasil atas aset program, tidak termasuk jumlah yang dimasukkan dalam bunga neto atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto; dan
- (c) setiap perubahan dampak batas atas aset, tidak termasuk jumlah yang dimasukkan dalam bunga neto atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto.

Entitas mengakui biaya jasa lalu sebagai beban pada tanggal yang lebih awal antara ketika amandemen atau kurtailmen program terjadi dan ketika entitas mengakui biaya restrukturisasi terkait atau pesangon.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengakui keuntungan atau kerugian atas penyelesaian program imbalan pasti pada saat penyelesaian terjadi. Kurtailmen terjadi ketika entitas mengurangi secara signifikan jumlah pekerja yang ditanggung oleh program, atau mengubah ketentuan program imbalan pasti sehingga unsur yang signifikan dari jasa masa depan karyawan saat ini tidak lagi memenuhi syarat atas imbalan, atau akan memenuhi syarat hanya untuk imbalan yang dikurangi.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

When an entity has a surplus in a defined benefit plan, it measures the defined benefit asset at the lower amount between the surplus of defined benefit plan and the upper limit on assets determined using a discount rate.

An entity recognizes the components of defined benefit cost, except SAK requires or permits such costs as the acquisition cost of the asset, as follows:

- (a) service cost in profit or loss;
- (b) net interest on net liability (asset) of defined benefit in profit or loss; and
- (c) remeasurement of the net liability (asset) of defined benefit in other comprehensive income.

Remeasurement of net liability (asset) of defined benefit recognized in other comprehensive income is not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. However, the entity may transfer the amounts recognized as other comprehensive income in another account in equity.

Remeasurement of the net liability (asset) of defined benefit consists of:

- (a) actuarial gains and losses;
- (b) return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset); and
- (c) any change in the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset).

The entity recognizes past service cost as an expense at the earlier of when the amendments or curtailment of program occurs and when the entity recognizes related restructuring costs or severances.

The Company and Subsidiaries recognize gains or losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when such occur. A curtailment occurs when an entity make a material reduction in the number of employees covered by a plan, or amends the terms of a defined benefit plan so that a significant element of future service by current employees will no longer qualify for benefits, or will qualify only for reduced benefits.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Kurtailmen dapat terjadi karena suatu peristiwa yang sendiri, seperti penutupan pabrik, penghentian operasi, atau terminasi penghentian program. Sebelum menentukan biaya jasa lalu, atau keuntungan dan kerugian atas penyelesaian, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengukur kembali liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto menggunakan nilai wajar kini dari aset program dan asumsi aktuarial kini (termasuk suku bunga pasar dan harga pasar kini yang lain) yang mencerminkan imbalan yang ditawarkan dalam program sebelum amandemen. kurtailmen. atau penvelesaian program.

g. Transaksi dan Saldo dalam Mata Uang Asing

Transaksi dalam mata uang selain USD dijabarkan ke dalam mata uang USD dengan kurs yang berlaku pada saat transaksi dilakukan. Pada akhir periode pelaporan, seluruh aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang selain USD dijabarkan ke USD dengan menggunakan kurs tengah yang ditetapkan oleh Bank Indonesia pada tanggal tersebut. Keuntungan atau kerugian selisih kurs yang timbul diakui dalam laba rugi tahun berjalan.

Kurs penutup yang digunakan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah sebagai berikut (dalam satuan penuh):

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

A curtailment may arise from an isolated event, such as the closing of a plant, discontinuance of an operation or termination or suspension of a plan. Before determining the past service cost, or gains and losses on the settlement, the Company and Subsidiaries shall remeasure the net liability (asset) of defined benefit using current fair value of plan assets and current actuarial assumptions (including current market interest rates and other current market prices) that reflects the rewards offered in the program prior to the amendment, curtailment or settlement program.

q. Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Transactions in currencies other than USD are translated into USD currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the time the transactions are made. At the end of the reporting period, all monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than the USD are translated into USD at the middle exchange rates quoted by Bank Indonesia on that date. The resulting foreign exchange gains or losses are recognized in current year's profit or loss.

The closing exchange rates used as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows (in full amounts):

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Dolar AS/Rupiah Indonesia	14.496,00	14.105,01	US Dollar/Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS/Yen Jepang	110,61	103,35	US Dollar/Japanese Yen
Dolar AS/Yuan Cina	6,46	6,53	US Dollar/Chinese Yuan
Dolar AS/Dolar Singapura	1,34	1,33	US Dollar/Singapore Dollar
Dolar AS/Euro Eropa	0,84	0,81	US Dollar/European Euro

r. Perpajakan

1. Pajak Penghasilan

Beban pajak kini ditetapkan berdasarkan taksiran laba kena pajak tahun berjalan.

Pajak penghasilan dalam laba rugi periode berjalan terdiri dari pajak kini dan tangguhan. Pajak penghasilan diakui dalam laba rugi, kecuali untuk transaksi yang berhubungan dengan transaksi yang diakui langsung dalam ekuitas atau penghasilan komprehensif lain, dalam hal ini diakui dalam ekuitas atau penghasilan komprehensif lain.

r. Taxation

1. Income Taxes

Current tax expense is provided based on the estimated taxable profit for the year.

Income tax in profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income in which case it is recognized in equity or other comprehensive income.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Aset pajak kini dan liabilitas pajak kini dilakukan saling hapus jika, dan hanya jika, entitas memiliki hak yang dapat dipaksakan secara hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus jumlah yang diakui; dan memiliki intensi untuk menyelesaikan dengan dasar neto, atau merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitas secara bersamaan.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diakui atas perbedaan temporer antara aset dan liabilitas untuk tuiuan komersial dan perpajakan setiap tanggal pelaporan. tujuan Aset pajak tangguhan diakui untuk seluruh perbedaan temporer yang boleh dikurangkan tersebut dapat dimanfaatkan untuk mengurangi laba kena pajak pada masa yang akan datang. Manfaat pajak di masa mendatang, seperti saldo rugi fiskal yang belum digunakan, diakui sejauh besar kemungkinan realisasi atas manfaat pajak tersebut

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diukur pada tarif pajak yang diharapkan akan digunakan pada periode ketika aset direalisasi atau ketika liabilitas dilunasi berdasarkan tarif pajak (dan peraturan perpajakan) yang berlaku atau secara substansial telah diberlakukan pada akhir periode pelaporan.

Aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan dilakukan saling hapus jika, dan hanya jika, entitas memiliki hak secara hukum untuk saling hapus aset pajak kini terhadap liabilitas pajak kini, dan aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan terkait dengan pajak penghasilan yang dikenakan oleh otoritas perpajakan atas entitas kena pajak, yang sama atau entitas kena yang pajak berbeda bermaksud memulihkan aset dan liabilitas pajak kini dengan dasar neto, atau merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitas secara bersamaan, pada setiap periode masa depan yang mana jumlah signifikan atas aset atau liabilitas pajak tangguhan diharapkan diselesaikan atau dipulihkan.

Perubahan terhadap kewajiban perpajakan diakui pada saat penetapan pajak diterima dan/atau, jika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengajukan keberatan dan/atau banding, pada saat keputusan atas keberatan dan/atau banding telah ditetapkan.

2. Aset dan Liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak

Entitas Anak menerapkan PSAK No. 70, "Akuntansi Aset dan Liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak".

PSAK ini mengatur perlakuan akuntansi atas aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak sesuai dengan Undang-Undang No. 11/2016 tentang Pengampunan Pajak ("UU Pengampunan Pajak"), yang berlaku efektif tanggal 1 Juli 2016.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the financial and tax bases of assets and liabilities at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Future tax benefits, such as the carryforward of unused tax losses, are also recognized to the extent that realization of such benefits is probable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity, or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Amendments to tax obligations are recorded when an assessment is received and/or, if objected to and/or appealed against by the Company and Subsidiaries, when the result of the objection and/or appeal is determined.

2. Assets and Liabilities under Tax Amnesty

The Subsidiaries applied PSAK No. 70, "Accounting for Tax Amnesty Assets and Liabilities".

This PSAK provides accounting treatment for assets and liabilities from Tax Amnesty in accordance with Law No. 11/2016 about Tax Amnesty ("Tax Amnesty Law"), which became on July 1, 2016.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

PSAK No. 70 memberikan pilihan kebijakan dalam pengakuan awal aset atau liabilitas yang timbul dari pelaksanaan UU Pengampunan Pajak, yaitu dengan mengikuti SAK yang relevan menurut sifat aset dan/atau liabilitas yang diakui (PSAK No. 70 Par. 06) atau mengikuti ketentuan yang diatur dalam PSAK No. 70 paragraf 10 hingga 23 (Pendekatan Opsional). Keputusan yang dibuat oleh entitas harus konsisten untuk semua aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak yang diakui.

Aset pengampunan pajak diakui sebesar biaya perolehan berdasarkan Surat Keterangan Pengampunan Pajak (Surat Keterangan). Liabilitas pengampunan pajak diakui sebesar kewajiban kontraktual untuk menyerahkan kas untuk menyelesaikan kewajiban yang berkaitan langsung dengan perolehan aset pengampunan pajak.

Entitas Anak mengakui selisih antara aset pengampunan pajak dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak sebagai bagian dari tambahan modal disetor di ekuitas. Selisih tersebut tidak dapat diakui sebagai laba atau rugi direalisasi maupun direklasifikasi ke saldo laba.

Entitas Anak telah memilih untuk mengukur kembali aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak sesuai dengan SAK pada tanggal Surat Keterangan. Selisih pengukuran kembali antara nilai wajar tersebut dengan biaya perolehan yang telah diakui sebelumnya, disesuaikan dalam saldo "Tambahan modal disetor".

Setelah Entitas Anak melakukan pengukuran kembali aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak sesuai SAK, Entitas Anak mereklasifikasi aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak tersebut ke dalam pos aset dan liabilitas serupa.

s. Provisi dan Kontinjensi

Provisi diakui jika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki kewajiban kini (baik bersifat hukum maupun bersifat konstruktif) yang akibat peristiwa masa lalu, besar kemungkinannya penyelesaian kewajiban tersebut mengakibatkan arus keluar sumber daya yang mengandung manfaat ekonomi dan estimasi yang andal mengenai jumlah kewajiban tersebut dapat dibuat.

Provisi ditelaah pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan dan disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan estimasi terbaik yang paling kini. Jika arus keluar sumber daya untuk menyelesaikan kewajiban kemungkinan besar tidak terjadi, maka provisi dibatalkan.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

PSAK No. 70 provides options in the initial recognition of the assets or liabilities arising from the implementation of the Tax Amnesty Law, whether to follow the relevant existing SAK according to the nature of the assets and/or liabilities recognized (PSAK No. 70 Par. 06) or to follow the provisions stated in PSAK No. 70 paragraphs 10 to 23 (Optional Approach). The decision made by the entity must be consistent for all recognized tax amnesty assets and/or liabilities.

Tax amnesty assets are measured at acquisition cost based on Tax Amnesty Acknowledgement Letter (Surat Keterangan). Tax amnesty liabilities are measured at contractual obligation to deliver cash to settle the obligations directly related to the acquisition of tax amnesty assets.

The Subsidiaries shall recognize the difference between assets and liabilities of tax amnesty as part of additional paid-in capital in equity. This difference shall not be recycled to profit or loss or reclassified to retained earnings subsequently.

The Subsidiaries have opted to remeasure their tax amnesty assets and liabilities according to SAK on the date of the Surat Keterangan. The difference between the aforementioned fair values with the acquisition cost initially recognized is adjusted to "Additional paid-in capital".

After the Subsidiaries remeasures their tax amnesty assets and liabilities according to SAK, the Subsidiaries reclassify the tax amnesty assets and liabilities into similar line items of assets and liabilities.

s. Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company and Subsidiaries have a present obligation (legal or constructive) where, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are reviewed at each end of reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Aset dan liabilitas kontinjensi tidak diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian. Liabilitas kontinjensi diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian, kecuali arus keluar sumber daya yang mengandung manfaat ekonomi kemungkinannya kecil. Aset kontinjensi diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian, jika terdapat kemungkinan besar arus masuk manfaat ekonomis akan diperoleh.

t. Instrumen Keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan PSAK No. 71 (2017) "Instrumen Keuangan", yang mensyaratkan pengaturan instrumen keuangan terkait klasifikasi dan pengukuran, penurunan nilai atas instrumen aset keuangan dan akuntansi lindung nilai.

Sesuai dengan persyaratan transisi pada PSAK No. 71 (2017), Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memilih penerapan ini secara retrospektif dengan dampak kumulatif pada awal penerapan diakui pada saldo laba tanggal 1 Januari 2020.

1. Aset Keuangan

Pengakuan Awal

Aset keuangan pada awalnya diakui sebesar nilai wajarnya ditambah biava transaksi. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengklasifikasikan aset keuangan menjadi (i) aset keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi, (ii) aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui penghasilan komprehensif lain (FVOCI) (iii) aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi (FVTPL), Klasifikasi dan pengukuran aset keuangan harus didasarkan pada bisnis model dan arus kas kontraktual. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menentukan keuangan tersebut klasifikasi aset pengakuan awal dan tidak melakukan perubahan atas klasifikasi yang telah dibuat.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, aset keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terdiri dari aset keuangan pada FVTPL dan biaya perolehan diamortisasi. PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

t. Financial Instruments

The Company and Subsidiaries have applied PSAK No. 71 (2017) "Financial Instruments," which sets the requirements in classification and measurement, impairment in value of financial assets and hedging accounting.

In accordance with PSAK No. 71 (2017), the Company and Subsidiaries have elected to apply this retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initial implementation recognized in retained earnings as of January 1, 2020.

1. Financial Assets

Initial Recognition

Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs. The Company and Subsidiaries classify their financial assets in the following categories: (i) financial assets measured at amortized cost; (ii) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and; (iii) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Classification and measurement of financial assets are based on business model and contractual cash flows. The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition and does not change the classification already made.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company and Subsidiaries' financial assets consist of financial assets at FVTPL and amortized cost.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Pengukuran Selanjutnya

 Aset keuangan yang diukur pada biaya diamortisasi

Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai aset keuangan yang diukur pada biaya diamortisasi dimana perolehan aset keuangan dikelola dalam model bisnis yang bertujuan untuk memiliki aset keuangan dalam rangka mendapatkan arus kas kontraktual. Aset keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi pada awalnya diakui sebesar nilai wajarnya ditambah dengan biaya-biaya transaksi dan selanjutnya diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif.

Aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi

Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai FVTPL jika aset keuangan tersebut tidak memenuhi kriteria sebagai aset keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dan FVOCI.

Penurunan Nilai Aset Keuangan

Pada setiap periode pelaporan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai apakah risiko kredit dari instrumen keuangan telah meningkat secara signifikan sejak pengakuan awal. Ketika melakukan penilaian, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan perubahan atas risiko gagal bayar yang terjadi sepanjang perkiraan umur instrumen keuangan daripada perubahan atas jumlah kerugian kredit ekspektasian. Dalam melakukan penilaian tersebut, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak membandingkan antara risiko gagal bayar yang terjadi atas instrumen keuangan pada saat periode pelaporan dengan risiko gagal bayar yang terjadi atas instrumen keuangan pada saat pengakuan awal, yang mempertimbangkan kewajaran serta ketersediaan informasi, yang tersedia tanpa biaya atau usaha yang tidak semestinya pada saat tanggal pelaporan terkait dengan kejadian masa lalu, kondisi terkini dan perkiraan atas kondisi ekonomi di masa depan, yang mengindikasikan kenaikan signifikan risiko kredit sejak pengakuan awal.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan metode yang disederhanakan untuk mengukur kerugian kredit ekspektasian. PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost where the financial assets are held within the business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL if those financial assets do not meet the criteria for financial assets measured at amortized cost and FVOCI.

Impairment of Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Company and Subsidiaries assess whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Company and Subsidiaries use the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument instead of the change in the amount of expected credit losses. To make that assessment, the Company and Subsidiaries compare the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition, considering reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, which is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

The Company and Subsidiaries apply a simplified approach to measure expected credit loss.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Penghentian Pengakuan Aset Keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghentikan pengakuan aset keuangan jika, dan hanya jika, hak kontraktual atas arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan tersebut berakhir, atau mengalihkan hak kontraktual untuk menerima arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan, atau tetap memiliki hak kontraktual untuk menerima arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan namun juga menanggung kewajiban kontraktual untuk membayar arus kas yang diterima tersebut kepada satu atau lebih pihak penerima melalui suatu kesepakatan yang memenuhi persyaratan tertentu. Ketika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengalihkan aset keuangan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi sejauh mana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tetap memiliki risiko dan manfaat atas kepemilikan aset keuangan tersebut.

2. Liabilitas Keuangan

Pengakuan Awal

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengklasifikasikan liabilitas seluruh keuangannya pada saat pengakuan awal. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki liabilitas keuangan yang diklasifikasikan dalam liabilitas keuangan yang diukur dengan biaya perolehan diamortisasi. Seluruh liabilitas keuangan diakui pada awalnya sebesar nilai wajar dan, dalam hal pinjaman dan utang, termasuk biaya transaksi yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung.

Pengukuran Selanjutnya

Setelah pengakuan awal, liabilitas keuangan dalam kategori ini selanjutnya diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif. Amortisasi suku bunga efektif termasuk di dalam biaya keuangan dalam laporan laba rugi.

Penghentian Pengakuan Liabilitas Keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghentikan pengakuan liabilitas keuangan jika, dan hanya jika, kewajiban Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dilepaskan, dibatalkan atau kedaluwarsa.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Derecognition of Financial Assets

The Company and Subsidiaries derecognize financial assets if, and only if: the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire; or the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset are transferred; or the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset are retained but a contractual obligation is assumed to pay those cash flows to one or more recipients in an arrangement that meets certain conditions. When the Company and Subsidiaries transfer a financial asset, it evaluates the extent to which it retains the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.

2. Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition

The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of their financial liabilities at initial recognition. The Company and Subsidiaries have financial liabilities classified into the financial liabilities measured at amortized cost. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, inclusive of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent Measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities in this category are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortization of the effective interest rate is included in finance costs in the profit or loss.

Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

The Company and Subsidiaries derecognize financial liabilities if, and only if, the Company and Subsidiaries' obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

3. Saling hapus instrumen keuangan

Aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan saling hapus dan jumlah netonya dilaporkan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian jika, dan hanya jika, saat ini memiliki hak yang berkekuatan hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus atas jumlah yang telah diakui dan terdapat niat untuk menyelesaikannya secara neto, atau untuk merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitasnya secara simultan.

4. Instrumen keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi

Biaya perolehan diamortisasi dihitung menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif dikurangi dengan penyisihan atas penurunan nilai dan pembayaran pokok atau nilai yang tidak dapat ditagih. Perhitungan tersebut mempertimbangkan premium atau diskonto pada saat perolehan dan termasuk biaya transaksi dan biaya yang merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari suku bunga efektif.

u. Musyarakah

Musyarakah adalah akad kerjasama antara dua pihak atau lebih untuk suatu usaha tertentu, dimana masing-masing pihak memberikan kontribusi dana dengan ketentuan bahwa keuntungan dibagi berdasarkan kesepakatan, sedangkan kerugian berdasarkan porsi kontribusi dana.

Musyarakah dinyatakan sebesar saldo pembiayaan.

v. Murabahah

Murabahah adalah transaksi penjualan barang dengan menyatakan harga perolehan dan keuntungan (marjin) yang disepakati oleh penjual dan pembeli.

Murabahah pada awalnya diukur pada nilai neto yang dapat direalisasi. Setelah pengakuan, murabahah diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi menggunakan metode tingkat imbal hasil efektif.

w. Pengukuran Nilai Wajar

Nilai wajar instrumen keuangan yang diperdagangkan di pasar aktif pada setiap tanggal pelaporan ditentukan dengan mengacu pada kuotasi harga pasar atau kuotasi harga pedagang efek (harga penawaran untuk posisi beli dan harga permintaan untuk posisi jual), tidak termasuk pengurangan apapun untuk biaya transaksi.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

3. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4. Financial instruments measured at amortized cost

Amortized cost is computed using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. The calculation takes into account any premium or discount on acquisition and includes transaction costs and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

u. Musyarakah

Musyarakah financing is an agreement between two or more parties for a particular business, in which each party contributes funds provided that the profits are divided according to the agreement, while losses are based on the portion of fund contributions.

Musyarakah financing is stated at outstanding balance.

v. Murabahah

Murabahah is sales transaction for goods that provides the purchase price and margin agreed by both buyer and seller.

Murabahah are initially measured at net realizable value. After initial recognition, murabahah are measured at amortized cost based on effective rate of return method.

w. Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets at each reporting date is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long position and price demand for short position), excluding any deduction for transaction costs.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Untuk instrumen keuangan yang tidak memiliki pasar aktif, nilai wajar ditentukan dengan menggunakan teknik penilaian. Teknik penilaian mencakup penggunaan transaksi pasar terkini yang dilakukan secara wajar oleh pihak-pihak yang berkeinginan dan memahami (recent arm's length market transactions), penggunaan nilai wajar terkini instrumen lain yang secara substansial sama, analisa arus kas yang didiskonto, atau model penilaian lain.

x. Informasi Segmen

Entitas mengungkapkan informasi yang memungkinkan pengguna laporan keuangan untuk mengevaluasi sifat dan dampak keuangan dari aktivitas bisnis dan menggunakan "pendekatan manajemen" dalam menyajikan informasi segmen menggunakan dasar yang sama seperti halnya pelaporan internal. Segmen operasi dilaporkan dengan cara yang konsisten dengan pelaporan internal yang disampaikan kepada pengambil keputusan operasional. Dalam hal ini pengambil keputusan operasional yang mengambil keputusan strategis adalah Direksi.

y. Laba atau Rugi per Saham

Laba atau rugi per saham dasar dihitung dengan membagi laba atau rugi neto yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk, dengan jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham biasa yang beredar, dalam suatu tahun.

z. Beban Emisi Saham

Beban emisi saham merupakan beban-beban yang dikeluarkan dalam rangka Penawaran Umum Terbatas II dengan Hak Memesan Efek Terlebih Dahulu (PUT II), disajikan sebagai pengurang akun tambahan modal disetor dan tidak diamortisasi.

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING

Penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian, sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia, mewajibkan manajemen untuk membuat estimasi dan pertimbangan yang memengaruhi jumlah-jumlah yang dilaporkan dalam laporan keuangan. Sehubungan dengan adanya ketidakpastian yang melekat dalam membuat estimasi, hasil sebenarnya yang dilaporkan di masa mendatang dapat berbeda dengan jumlah estimasi yang dibuat.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

For financial instruments where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques may include using recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis. or other valuation models.

x. Segment Information

Entities disclose information that enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business activities and use "management approach" under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes. Operating segment is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

y. Earnings or Loss Per Share

Basic earnings or losses per share are calculated by dividing net profits or losses attributable to owner of the parent entity, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, during the year.

z. Stock Issuance Costs

Stock issuance costs are expenses paid by the Company for Limited Public Offering II with Preemptive Rights / HMETD (PUT II), deducted from additional paid in capital and are not amortized.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of consolidated financial statements, in conformity with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards, requires management to make estimations and judgments that affect amounts reported therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods may differ from those estimates.

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mendasarkan estimasi dan pertimbangannya pada parameter yang tersedia pada saat laporan keuangan konsolidasian disusun. Situasi mengenai perkembangan masa depan mungkin berubah akibat perubahan pasar atau situasi diluar kendali Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Perubahan tersebut dicerminkan dalam perimbangan terkait pada saat terjadinya.

Estimasi dan pertimbangan berikut ini dibuat oleh manajemen dalam rangka penerapan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang memiliki pengaruh paling signifikan atas jumlah yang diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian:

Menentukan mata uang fungsional

Faktor-faktor yang dipertimbangkan dalam menentukan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan masing-masing Entitas Anak termasuk, antara lain, mata uang:

- yang paling memengaruhi harga jual barang dan jasa;
- dari negara yang kekuatan persaingan dan peraturannya sebagian besar menentukan harga jual barang dan jasa entitas;
- yang paling memengaruhi biaya tenaga kerja, bahan baku, dan biaya lain dari pengadaan barang atau iasa;
- yang mana dana dari aktivitas pendanaan dihasilkan; dan
- yang mana penerimaan dari aktivitas operasi pada umumnya ditahan.

Menentukan klasifikasi aset dan liabilitas keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi atas aset dan liabilitas tertentu sebagai aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan dengan mempertimbangkan apakah definisi yang ditetapkan PSAK No. 71 dipenuhi. Dengan demikian, aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan diakui sesuai dengan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak seperti diungkapkan pada Catatan 3.

Menentukan nilai wajar dan perhitungan amortisasi biaya perolehan dari instrumen keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mencatat aset dan liabilitas keuangan tertentu pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi, yang mengharuskan penggunaan estimasi akuntansi. Sementara komponen signifikan atas asumsi yang digunakan dalam perhitungan amortisasi biaya perolehan ditentukan menggunakan bukti objektif yang dapat diverifikasi, jumlah amortisasi dapat berbeda bila Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan metodologi penilaian atau asumsi yang berbeda. Perubahan

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

The Company and Subsidiaries based their estimations and judgments on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements are prepared. Existing circumstances about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Company and Subsidiaries. Such changes are reflected in the judgments as they occur.

The following estimations and judgments made by management in the process of applying the Company and Subsidiaries' accounting policies have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

Determining functional currency

The factors considered in determining the functional currency of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries include, among others, the currency:

- that mainly influences sales prices for goods and services:
- of the country whose competitive forces and regulations mainly determine the sales prices of its goods and services;
- that mainly influences labor, material and other costs of providing goods or services;
- in which funds from financing activities are generated;
 and
- in which receipts from operating activities are usually retained.

<u>Determining classification of financial assets and financial liability</u>

The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of certain assets and liabilities as financial assets and financial liabilities by judging if they meet definition set forth in PSAK No. 71. Accordingly, the financial assets and financial liabilities are accounted for in accordance with the Company and Subsidiaries' accounting policies disclosed in Note 3.

<u>Determining fair value and calculation of cost</u> <u>amortization of financial instruments</u>

The Company and Subsidiaries record certain financial assets and liabilities at amortized costs, which require the use of accounting estimates. While significant components of assumptions used in the calculation of cost amortization are determined using verifiable objective evidence, the fair value or amortization amount would differ if the Company and Subsidiaries utilize different valuation methodology or assumptions. Such changes would directly affect the Company and

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

tersebut dapat memengaruhi secara langsung laba rugi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 45.

Menentukan penyisihan kerugian kredit ekspektasian atas piutang usaha

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan matriks provisi untuk menghitung kerugian kredit ekspektasian untuk piutang usaha. Tingkat provisi didasarkan pada piutang yang telah jatuh tempo.

Matriks provisi pada awalnya didasarkan pada tingkat gagal bayar historis yang diobservasi oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menyesuaikan pengalaman kerugian kredit historis dengan informasi masa depan. Misalnya, jika perkiraan kondisi ekonomi diperkirakan akan memburuk selama setahun ke depan yang dapat menyebabkan peningkatan jumlah gagal bayar, pada setiap tanggal pelaporan, tingkat gagal bayar historis yang diobservasi diperbarui dan perubahan perkiraan masa depan dianalisis oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Jumlah kerugian kredit ekspektasian sensitif terhadap perubahan keadaan dan perkiraan kondisi ekonomi. Pengalaman kerugian kredit historis Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dan perkiraan kondisi ekonomi juga tidak dapat mewakili gagal bayar aktual pelanggan di masa depan. Rincian lebih lanjut diungkapkan di Catatan 7.

Menilai penyisihan penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan

Penyisihan penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan diestimasi berdasarkan fakta dan situasi yang tersedia, termasuk namun tidak terbatas kepada, kondisi fisik persediaan yang dimiliki, harga jual pasar, estimasi biaya penyelesaian dan estimasi biaya yang timbul untuk penjualan. Penyisihan dievaluasi kembali dan disesuaikan jika terdapat tambahan informasi yang memengaruhi jumlah yang diestimasi.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan.

Menilai penurunan nilai aset nonkeuangan tertentu

PSAK No. 48 mensyaratkan bahwa penilaian penurunan nilai dilakukan pada aset nonkeuangan tertentu apabila terdapat kejadian atau perubahan keadaan yang mengindikasikan bahwa nilai tercatat tidak dapat diperoleh kembali. Faktor-faktor yang dianggap penting oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang dapat memicu penelaahan atas penurunan nilai adalah sebagai berikut:

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

Subsidiaries' profit or loss. Further details are disclosed in Note 45.

<u>Determining provision for expected credit losses of trade</u> receivables

The Company and Subsidiaries use a provision matrix to calculate expected credit losses for trade receivables. The level of provision rates are based on accounts receivable that are past due.

The provision matrix is initially based on historical default rates observed by the Company and Subsidiaries. The Company and Subsidiaries adjust their historical credit losses experience with future information. For example, if the forecast for economic conditions is expected to deteriorate over the next year, which could lead to an increase in the amount of default, at each reporting date, the observed historical default rates are updated and changes in future forecasts are analyzed by the Company and Subsidiaries.

The amount of expected credit losses is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company and Subsidiaries' historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. Further details are disclosed in Note 7.

Assessing allowance for decline in market value and obsolescence of inventories

Allowance for impairment in market value and obsolescence of inventories is estimated based on available facts and circumstances, including but not limited to, the inventories own physical condition, their market selling prices, estimated costs of completion and estimated costs to be incurred for their sales. The provisions are re-evaluated and adjusted as additional information received affects the estimated amount.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company and Subsidiaries assessed that there was no indication of decline in market value and obsolescence of their inventories.

Assessing impairment of certain non-financial assets

PSAK No. 48 requires that an impairment review be performed on certain non-financial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company and Subsidiaries consider important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

- (a) kinerja yang relatif kurang signifikan terhadap expected historical atau hasil operasional yang diharapkan dari proyek masa depan;
- (b) perubahan signifikan dalam cara penggunaan aset yang diperoleh atau strategi bisnis secara keseluruhan: dan
- (c) tren industri atau ekonomi yang negatif secara signifikan.

Kerugian akibat penurunan nilai diakui apabila nilai tercatat aset nonkeuangan melebihi jumlah yang dapat dipulihkan. Menentukan jumlah yang dapat dipulihkan atas aset-aset tersebut membutuhkan estimasi atas arus kas yang diharapkan dapat dihasilkan dari penggunaan lanjutan dan disposisi akhir dari aset tersebut.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan nilai aset tetap, investasi pada entitas asosiasi dan aset tidak lancar lainnya.

<u>Menentukan metode penyusutan dan estimasi masa</u> manfaat aset tetap

Biaya perolehan aset tetap disusutkan dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus berdasarkan estimasi masa manfaatnya. Manajemen mengestimasi masa manfaat aset tetap lima (5) tahun sampai dengan dua puluh lima (25) tahun. Ini adalah ekspektasi umur yang secara umum diterapkan dalam industri dimana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjalankan bisnisnya. Perubahan tingkat pemakaian dan perkembangan teknologi dapat memengaruhi masa manfaat dan nilai sisa aset, dan karenanya biaya penyusutan masa depan mungkin direvisi. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 15 dan 16.

Menilai pengendalian atau pengaruh signifikan pada entitas lain

Perusahaan menilai apakah Perusahaan memiliki pengendalian atau pengaruh signifikan pada entitas lain melalui:

- adanya dewan perwakilan Perusahaan pada entitas lain dan pernyataan kontraktual.
- Perusahaan merupakan pemegang saham mayoritas dengan kepentingan ekuitas yang lebih besar dari pemegang saham lainnya.
- memiliki kekuatan untuk berpartisipasi dalam pengambilan keputusan keuangan dan operasi.

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

- (a) significant under performance relative to the expected historical or future project operating results;
- (b) significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; and
- (c) significant negative industry or economic trends.

An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of a non-financial asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Determining the recoverable amount of such assets requires the estimation of cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company and Subsidiaries assessed that there was no indication of impairment on their fixed assets, investment in associates and other non-current assets.

<u>Determining</u> depreciation method and estimated useful lives of fixed assets

The costs of fixed assets are depreciated on a straightline basis over their estimated useful lives. Management properly estimates the useful lives of these fixed assets to be within five (5) years up to twenty-five (25) years. These are common life expectancies applied in the industries in which the Company and Subsidiaries conduct their business. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact on the useful lives and the residual values of these assets, and therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. Further details are disclosed in Note 15 and 16.

Assessing control or significant influence on other entities

The Company has assessed the significant influence of the Company on other entities through:

- the presence of the board representative of the Company and the contractual term.
- the Company is the majority shareholder with greater interest than the other shareholders.
- has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions.

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Alokasi harga beli dalam suatu kombinasi bisnis

Akuntansi akuisisi mensyaratkan penggunaan estimasi dan pertimbangan akuntansi untuk mengalokasikan harga perolehan terhadap nilai pasar wajar dari aset dan liabilitas yang teridentifikasi dari entitas yang diakuisisi. Setiap kelebihan dari harga perolehan atas nilai pasar wajar yang diestimasikan dari aset neto yang diakuisisi diakui sebagai *goodwill* dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian. Dengan demikian, pertimbangan yang dibuat dalam mengestimasi nilai pasar wajar yang diatribusikan ke aset dan liabilitas entitas yang diakuisisi dapat memengaruhi kinerja keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak secara material.

Estimasi biaya dan liabilitas imbalan pascakerja

Penentuan liabilitas dan biaya imbalan pascakerja Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak bergantung pada pemilihan asumsi yang digunakan dalam menghitung jumlah-jumlah tersebut. Asumsi tersebut termasuk antara lain, tingkat diskonto, tingkat kenaikan gaji, tingkat pengunduran diri, tingkat cacat, umur pensiun normal dan tingkat mortalitas. Sementara Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak berkeyakinan bahwa asumsi tersebut adalah wajar dan sesuai, perbedaan signifikan pada hasil aktual atau perubahan signifikan dalam asumsi yang ditetapkan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dapat memengaruhi secara material liabilitas dan beban imbalan pascakerja. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 30.

Menentukan pajak penghasilan

Pertimbangan signifikan dilakukan dalam menentukan provisi atas pajak penghasilan badan. Terdapat transaksi dan perhitungan tertentu yang penentuan pajak akhirnya adalah tidak pasti sepanjang kegiatan usaha normal. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengakui liabilitas atas pajak penghasilan badan yang diharapkan berdasarkan estimasi apakah akan terdapat tambahan pajak penghasilan badan yang akan jatuh tempo.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menelaah aset pajak tangguhan pada setiap tanggal pelaporan dan mengurangi jumlah tercatat sepanjang tidak ada kemungkinan bahwa laba kena pajak memadai untuk mengompensasi sebagian atau seluruh aset pajak tangguhan. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak juga menelaah waktu yang diharapkan dan tarif pajak atas pemulihan perbedaan temporer dan menyesuaikan pengaruh atas pajak tangguhan yang sesuai. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 38.

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

Purchase price allocation in a business combination

Acquisition of accounting requires extensive use of accounting estimates and judgments to allocate the purchase price to the fair market values of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liability at the acquisition date. Any excess in the purchase price over the estimated fair market values of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill in the consolidated financial statements. Thus, the numerous judgments made in estimating the fair market value to be assigned to the acquiree's assets and liability can materially affect the Company and Subsidiaries' financial performance.

Estimate of post-employment benefits expense and liability

The determination of the Company and Subsidiaries' liability and expense for post-employment benefits is dependent on their selection of certain assumptions used in calculating such amounts. These assumptions include among others, discount rates, salary increment rate, turnover rate, disability rate, normal pension age and mortality rate. While the Company and Subsidiaries' believe that their assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the Company and Subsidiaries' actual results or significant changes in the Company and Subsidiaries' assumptions may materially affect their post-employment liability and expense. Further details are disclosed in Note 30.

Determining income taxes

Significant judgment is involved in determining provision for corporate income tax. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company and Subsidiaries recognize liabilities for expected corporate income tax based on estimates as to whether additional corporate income tax will be due.

The Company and Subsidiaries review their deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduce the carrying amount to the extent it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. The Company and Subsidiaries also review the expected timing and tax rates upon reversal of temporary differences and adjust the impact of deferred tax accordingly. Further details are disclosed in Note 38.

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Menentukan masa sewa kontrak dengan opsi perpanjangan dan penghentian serta tingkat diskonto ketika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak sebagai penyewa

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menentukan masa sewa sebagai masa sewa yang tidak dapat dibatalkan, bersama dengan periode apa pun yang dicakup oleh opsi untuk memperpanjang sewa jika cukup pasti untuk dilaksanakan, atau periode apa pun yang dicakup oleh opsi untuk mengakhiri sewa, jika cukup pasti untuk tidak dilaksanakan.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki beberapa kontrak sewa yang mencakup opsi perpanjangan dan penghentian. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan pertimbangan dalam mengevaluasi apakah secara wajar cukup yakin bahwa opsi untuk memperpanjang atau mengakhiri sewa akan dilaksanakan.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tidak dapat menentukan suku bunga implisit. Oleh karena itu, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan suku bunga pinjaman inkremental sebagai tingkat diskonto untuk menghitung nilai kini pembayaran sewa yang belum dibayar untuk mengakui liabilitas sewa. Dalam menentukan suku bunga pinjaman inkremental, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempertimbangkan faktor-faktor utama antara lain: suku bunga pinjaman Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, jangka waktu sewa, pembayaran sewa, dan mata uang dimana pembayaran sewa ditentukan. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 23 dan 42d.

Mengevaluasi provisi dan kontinjensi

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak melakukan pertimbangan untuk membedakan antara provisi dan kontinjensi serta mempersiapkan provisi yang sesuai untuk proses hukum atau kewajiban konstruktif, jika ada, sesuai dengan kebijakan provisinya dan mempertimbangkan risiko dan ketidakpastian yang relevan.

Dalam situasi tertentu, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tidak dapat menentukan secara pasti jumlah liabilitas pajak mereka pada saat ini atau masa depan karena proses pemeriksaan, atau negosiasi dengan otoritas perpajakan. Ketidakpastian timbul terkait dengan interpretasi dari peraturan perpajakan yang kompleks serta jumlah dan waktu dari laba kena pajak di masa depan. Dalam menentukan jumlah yang harus diakui terkait dengan liabilitas pajak yang tidak pasti, Entitas Anak menerapkan Perusahaan dan pertimbangan yang sama yang akan mereka gunakan dalam menentukan jumlah cadbangan yang harus diakui sesuai dengan PSAK No. 57, "Provisi, Liabilitas Kontinjensi, dan Aset Kontinjensi".

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

Determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options, and discount rate when the Company and Subsidiaries are lessee

The Company and Subsidiaries determine the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company and Subsidiaries have several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company and Subsidiaries apply judgment in evaluating whether or not it is reasonably certain that the option to renew or terminate the lease will be exercised.

The Company and Subsidiaries are unable to determine the implicit rate. Therefore, the Company and Subsidiaries use the incremental borrowing rate as a discount rate to calculate the present value of the unpaid lease payments in order to recognize lease liabilities. In determining the incremental borrowing rate, the Company and Subsidiaries consider these main factors, among others: the Company and Subsidiaries' loan interest rates, lease term, lease payments and the currency in which the lease payments are determined. Further details are disclosed in Notes 23 and 42d.

Evaluating provisions and contingencies

The Company and Subsidiaries exercise their judgment to distinguish between provisions and contingencies and set up appropriate provisions for their legal or constructive obligations, if any, in accordance with their policies on provisions and take the relevant risks and uncertainty into account.

In certain circumstances, the Company and Subsidiaries may not be able to determine the exact amount of their current or future tax liabilities due to ongoing investigations by, or negotiations with, the taxation authority. Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable profit. In determining the amount to be recognized in respect of an uncertain tax liability, the Company and Subsidiaries apply similar considerations as it would use in determining the amount of a provision to be recognized in accordance with PSAK No. 57, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets."

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Menentukan nilai wajar dikurangi biaya untuk menjual dari aset biologis

Entitas Anak mengakui produk bertumbuh pada nilai dikurangi biava untuk meniual. mengharuskan penggunaan estimasi dan asumsi akuntansi. Nilai wajar ditentukan dengan menggunakan metode pendapatan berdasarkan nilai kini dari ekspektasi arus kas neto masa depan, didiskontokan pada tingkat diskonto yang berlaku. Ekspektasi arus kas neto masa depan diperkirakan menggunakan jumlah panen yang diproyeksikan, setelah dikurangi, antara lain, biaya penanaman, pemeliharaan dan panen. Asumsi tersebut diterapkan untuk menentukan nilai wajar dari aset biologis, termasuk harga jual yang diproyeksikan, tingkat diskonto dan tingkat inflasi.

Jumlah perubahan nilai wajar akan berbeda jika ada perubahan asumsi yang digunakan. Perubahan apapun dalam nilai wajar dari produk bertumbuh akan memengaruhi laba rugi dan ekuitas konsolidasian.

5. AKUISISI KEPENTINGAN NONPENGENDALI

Pada tanggal 13 Juni 2011, Perusahaan menandatangani Perjanjian Jual Beli Saham dengan PT Inhutani I (Persero) untuk membeli 4.801.000 lembar saham PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya yang mewakili 40% kepemilikan dengan nilai akuisisi sebesar Rp14,75 miliar. Perjanjian tersebut termuat dalam akta Jual Beli Saham No. 36 tertanggal 13 Juni 2011 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., Notaris di Jakarta Pusat.

Pada tanggal 21 Desember 2011, Perusahaan menandatangani Akta Pernyataan Keputusan Para Pemegang Saham No. 65 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., Notaris berkedudukan di Kota Jakarta Pusat untuk menyetujui penjualan 10 lembar saham milik Perusahaan di PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya kepada PT Purinusa Ekapersada. Akta Pernyataan Keputusan Para Pemegang Saham diterima dan dicatat oleh Kementerian Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dalam suratnya No. AHU-AH.01.10-00267 tertanggal 3 Januari 2012.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, jumlah penyertaan Perusahaan di PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya adalah sebesar 99,99% dan saldo selisih transaksi dengan kepentingan nonpengendali adalah sebesar USD2,0 juta.

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

<u>Determining fair value less costs to sell of biological assets</u>

The Subsidiary recognizes produces growing at fair value less costs to sell, which requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions. Fair value is determined using income approach based on the present value of the expected net future cash flows discounted at applicable discount rate. The expected net future cash flows are estimated using the projected harvest cost, net of, among others, plantation, maintenance and harvesting costs. The assumptions applied to determine the fair value of biological assets include the projected selling price, discount rate and inflation rate.

The amount of changes in fair value will differ if there are changes to the assumptions used. Any changes in fair values of produce growing would affect consolidated profit or loss and equity.

5. ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

On June 13, 2011, the Company entered into a Share Sale and Purchase Agreement with PT Inhutani I (Persero) to purchase the 4,801,000 shares of PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya representing 40% ownership at acquisition price amounting to Rp14.75 billion. The agreement was stated on the deed of Share Sale and Purchase No. 36 dated June 13, 2011 of Linda Herawati, S.H., Notary in Central Jakarta.

On December 21, 2011, the shareholders signed a Statement of Shareholders Resolutions No. 65 made by Linda Herawati, S.H., Notary based in Central Jakarta to sell 10 shares owned by the Company in PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya to PT Purinusa Ekapersada. The Statement of Shareholders Resolution was received and recorded by Ministry of Law and Human Rights Republic of Indonesia dated January 3, 2012 in its decree No. AHU-AH.01.10-00267.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the percentage of ownership of the Company in PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya is 99.99% and the difference arising from transactions with non-controlling interest amounted to USD2.0 million.

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6. KAS DAN SETARA KAS

Akun ini terdiri dari:

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

This account consists of:

31 Des 2020/

	Jun 30, 2021	Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Kas	14	16	Cash on hand
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in banks</u>
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	39.696	5.049	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	19.155	28.137	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	11.632	2.152	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
Ningbo Commerce Bank	3.551	2.958	Ningbo Commerce Bank
PT Bank Mualamat Indonesia Tbk	3.455	4	PT Bank Mualamat Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Bukopin Tbk	1.647	1.457	PT Bank Bukopin Tbk
PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk	1.626	1.777	PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	1.526	1.192	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD1 juta)	1.956	1.990	USD1 million)
Total kas di bank	84.244	44.716	Total cash in banks
Deposito berjangka			<u>Time deposits</u>
<u>Dolar AS</u>			<u>US Dollar</u>
Ningbo Commerce Bank	99.400	114.400	Ningbo Commerce Bank
Rupiah Indonesia			<u>Indonesian Rupiah</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	248		(Persero) Tbk
Total setara kas	99.648	114.400	Total cash equivalents
Total pihak ketiga	183.906	159.132	Total third parties
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 42f)			Related party (Note 42f)
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in bank</u>
PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	10.360	1.905	PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Total pihak berelasi	10.360	1.905	Total related party
Total	194.266	161.037	Total
Rincian kas dan setara kas berdasarkan adalah sebagai berikut:	mata uang	Detail of cash a is as follows:	and cash equivalents based on currencies
	30 Jun 2021/	31 Des 2020/	
<u></u>	Jun 30, 2021	Dec 31, 2020	
Dolar AS	137.617	143.121	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	55.277	15.812	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	705	820	European Euro
Yuan Cina	361	376	Chinese Yuan
Yen Jepang	131	490	Japanese Yen
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	100	340	United Arab Emirates Dirham
Dolar Hong Kong	71	72	Hong Kong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	4	6	Singaporean Dollar
Total	194.266	161.037	Total
Kisaran bunga tahunan deposito berjan sebagai berikut:	gka adalah	Annual interest	rates of time deposits ranged as follows:

30 Jun 2021/

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6. KAS DAN SETARA KAS (Lanjutan)

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i> (%)	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020 (%)	
Rupiah Indonesia	3,5 - 3,6	6,5	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	2,0	2,3	US Dollar

Kas dan setara kas kepada pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 0,33% dan 0,06% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020.

Cash and cash equivalents to related parties represent 0.33% and 0.06% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

7. PIUTANG USAHA

7. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Ekspor	119.531	85.153	Export
Lokal	40	3	Local
Dikurangi penyisihan kerugian			
penurunan nilai	(18.358)	(18.074)	Less allowance for impairment loss
Piutang usaha - pihak ketiga - neto	101.213	67.082	Trade receivables - third parties - net
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 42a)			Related parties (Note 42a)
<u>Lokal</u>			<u>Local</u>
PT Arara Abadi	791	739	PT Arara Abadi
PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills	584	1.301	PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills
Subtotal	1.375	2.040	Subtotal
Ekspor			<u>Export</u>
Yalong Paper Product			Yalong Paper Product
(Kunshan) Co. Ltd.	109	-	(Kunshan) Co. Ltd.
Jinxin (Qingyuan) Paper, Ind.Pte	39		Jinxin (Qingyuan) Paper, Ind.Pte
Subtotal	148		Subtotal
Dikurangi penyisihan kerugian			
penurunan nilai	(3)	(4)	Less allowance for impairment loss
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - neto	1.520	2.036	Trade receivables - related parties - net
Total	102.733	69.118	Total

Rincian umur piutang usaha berdasarkan tanggal jatuh temponya pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah sebagai berikut:

Detail of the aging based on the credit terms of trade receivables as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Belum jatuh tempo	89.376	54.779	Current
Sudah jatuh tempo:			Overdue:
< 1 bulan	10.785	10.728	< 1 month
> 1 bulan - 2 bulan	1.907	2.396	> 1 month - 2 months
> 2 bulan - 3 bulan	-	566	> 2 months - 3 months
> 3 bulan - 4 bulan	158	198	> 3 months - 4 months
> 4 bulan	507	451	> 4 months
Total	102.733	69.118	Total

7. PIUTANG USAHA (Lanjutan)

Rincian piutang usaha berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

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7. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Detail of trade receivables based on currencies is as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Dolar AS	86.117	48.470	US Dollar
Yuan Cina	8.930	14.468	Chinese Yuan
Euro Eropa	2.446	2.195	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	1.955	1.825	British Poundsterling
Yen Jepang	1.749	119	Japanese Yen
Rupiah Indonesia	1.392	2.041	Indonesian Rupiah
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	144		United Arab Emirates Dirham
Total	102.733	69.118	Total

Mutasi penyisihan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang usaha adalah sebagai berikut:

Movements in the allowance for impairment loss of trade receivables are as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Saldo awal tahun	18.078	16.230	Balance at beginning of year
Penyesuaian saldo atas			Opening balance adjustment upon
penerapan awal PSAK 71	-	1.923	initial application of PSAK 71
Penambahan penyisihan (pembalikan)	283	(75)	Additional allowance (reversal)
Saldo Akhir Tahun	18.361	18.078	Balance at End of Year

Perusahaan dan Anak Perusahaan telah menerapkan metode yang disederhanakan untuk menghitung kerugian kredit ekspektasian sesuai dengan PSAK No. 71 pada tanggal 1 Januari 2020 yang mengizinkan penggunaan cadangan kerugian ekspektasian seumur hidup untuk seluruh piutang usaha.

Manajemen Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak berkeyakinan bahwa penyisihan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari tidak tertagihnya piutang usaha.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, piutang usaha tertentu digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek Perusahaan (Catatan 17).

Piutang usaha dari pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 0,05% dan 0,07% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020.

8. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN - PIHAK KETIGA

Piutang lain-lain terdiri dari akrual penghasilan bunga deposito dan lain-lain, yang bersaldo masing-masing sebesar USD0,3 juta dan USD0,4 juta pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020.

The Company and Subsidiaries have applied the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by PSAK No. 71 on January 1, 2020, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables.

The managements of the Company and Subsidiaries believed that the allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were adequate to cover possible losses on uncollectible trade receivables.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, certain trade receivables were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans (Note 17).

Trade receivables from related parties represent 0.05% and 0.07% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES - THIRD PARTIES

Other receivables consist of accrual of interest income from time deposit and others, with the outstanding balances of USD 0.3 million and USD0.4 million as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

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9. PERSEDIAAN

Akun ini terdiri dari:

9. INVENTORIES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Barang jadi	131.848	158.597	Finished goods
Barang dalam proses	21.072	18.440	Work-in-process
Bahan baku	54.290	40.691	Raw materials
Bahan pembantu, suku cadang			Indirect materials, spare parts
dan lainnya	48.727	44.082	and others
Total	255.937	261.810	Total

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, tidak ada penyisihan persediaan usang yang diakui karena manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak ada kerugian yang timbul dari persediaan usang.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, Perusahaan telah mengasuransikan persediaan dan aset tetap secara *all risk* (Catatan 16). Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian yang timbul dari risiko-risiko tersebut.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, persediaan tertentu digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek (Catatan 17 dan 19) dan pinjaman bank jangka panjang Perusahaan (Catatan 24).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, no allowance for inventories obsolescence was recognized since management believed that there were no possible losses arising from obsolete inventories.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had insured the inventories and fixed assets by all risk (Note 16). The management believed that the insurance coverage was adequate to cover any possible losses arising from such risks.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, certain inventories were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans (Notes 17 and 19) and long-term bank loans (Note 24).

10. UANG MUKA DAN BEBAN DIBAYAR DIMUKA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

10. ADVANCES AND PREPAID EXPENSES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/	31 Des 2020/	
	Jun 30, 2021	Dec 31, 2020	
Uang Muka			Advances
Pemasok	37.973	33.765	Suppliers
Karyawan	67	74	Employees
Lain-lain	1.544	244	Others
Total uang muka	39.584	34.083	Total advances
Beban dibayar dimuka			Prepaid expenses
Asuransi	14.158	12.351	Insurance
Sewa	3	6	Rent
Lain-lain	3.645	768	Others
Total beban dibayar dimuka	17.806	13.125	Total prepaid expenses
Total	57.390	47.208	Total

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11. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA

11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak ketiga Kas di bank PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	37_	65_	Third parties <u>Cash in bank</u> PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
Deposito berjangka Dolar AS PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Central Asia Tbk Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited PT Bank Negara Indonesia	16.000 9.000 3.750 2.200 2.003	16.000 9.000 3.750 2.200 2.003	Time deposits US Dollar PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Central Asia Tbk Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk Subtotal	<u>2.000</u> 34.953	2.000 34.953	(Persero) Tbk Subtotal
Investasi jangka pendek Dolar AS Venture Capital Investment Fund	155.642	239.113	Short-term investment <u>US Dollar</u> Venture Capital Investment Fund
Total aset lancar lainnya - pihak ketiga	190.632	274.131	Total other current assets - third parties
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 42g) <u>Kas di bank</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	490	632	Related parties (Note 42g) <u>Cash in bank</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Investasi jangka pendek Rupiah Indonesia Danamas Stabil Total aset lancar lainnya -	17.831	17.786	Short-term investment Indonesian Rupiah Danamas Stabil Total other current assets -
pihak berelasi	18.321	18.418	related party
Total	208.953	292.549	Total
Rincian aset lancar lainnya berdasarkan adalah sebagai berikut:	mata uang	Detail of other	er current assets based on currencies is as
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Dolar AS Rupiah Indonesia Total	191.122 17.831 208.953	274.763 17.786 292.549	US Dollar Indonesian Rupiah Total

11. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA (Lanjutan)

Kisaran bunga tahunan deposito berjangka adalah sebagai berikut:

 Jun 30, 2021

 (%)

 Rupiah Indonesia
 6,32 - 7,08

 Dolar AS
 0,2 - 1,0

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, deposito tertentu digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek yang diperoleh dari bank tersebut (Catatan 17).

Investasi jangka pendek Danamas Stabil pada PT Sinarmas Asset Management merupakan penyertaan reksadana. Perusahaan mengklasifikasikan investasi pada reksadana sebagai aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi. Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021, jumlah penyertaan reksadana tersebut sebesar Rp258,5 miliar (setara dengan USD17,8 juta), dengan 65,0 juta unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar Rp3.978 (dalam angka penuh). Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2020, jumlah penyertaan reksadana tersebut sebesar Rp250,9 miliar (setara dengan USD17,8 juta), dengan 65,0 juta unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar Rp3.861 (dalam angka penuh).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021, jumlah penyertaan investasi jangka pendek Venture Capital Investment Fund adalah sebesar USD155,6 juta dengan 125,0 ribu unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar USD1.245,4 (dalam angka penuh). Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2020, jumlah penyertaan investasi jangka pendek Venture Capital Investment Fund adalah sebesar USD239,1 juta dengan 196,2 ribu unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar USD1.218,6 (dalam angka penuh).

Keuntungan atas perubahan nilai wajar penyertaan investasi jangka pendek sebesar USD5,1 juta dan USD7,3 juta masing-masing pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020.

Aset lancar lainnya kepada pihak berelasi masingmasing sebesar 0,59% dan 0,60% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020. PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

Annual interest rates of time deposits ranged as follows:

31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020 (%) 6,75 - 12,94 0,3 - 1,75

30 Jun 2021/

Indonesian Rupiah US Dollar

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, certain time deposits were pledged as collateral for the short-term bank loans obtained from such banks (Note 17).

Short-term investment Danamas Stabil in PT Sinarmas Asset Management consist of investment in mutual fund. The Company classifies investment in mutual fund as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of this investment amounted to Rp258.5 billion (equivalent to USD17.8 million), with 65.0 million units and Net Asset Value per of Rp3,978 (in full amount). December 31, 2020, the balance of this investment amounted to Rp250.9 billion (equivalent to USD17.8 million), with 65.0 million units and Net Asset Value per unit of Rp3,861 (in full amount).

As of June 30, 2021, the balance of short-term investment in Venture Capital Investment Fund amounted to USD155.6 million with 125.0 thousand units and Net Asset Value per unit of USD1,245.4 (in full amount). As of December 31, 2020, the balance of short-term investment in Venture Capital Investment Fund amounted to USD239.1 million with 196.2 thousand units and Net Asset Value per unit of USD1,218.6 (in full amount).

Gain on changes in fair value of short-term investment amounted to USD5.1 million and USD7.3 million as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Other current assets to related parties represent 0.59% and 0.60% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

12. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR

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12. NON-CURRENT OTHER RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd.,			APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd.,
British Virgin Islands (APP IF)	77.697	77.697	British Virgin Islands (APP IF)
PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Purinusa)	42.720	57.220	PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Purinusa)
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			Others (each below
USD1.000.000)	1.560	971	USD1,000,000)
Dikurangi penyisihan kerugian			Total at nominal value
penurunan nilai			Net adjustment on the implementation
PSAK No. 71	(7.403)	(8.329)	of PSAK No. 71
Total	114.574	127.559	Total

Piutang dari APP IF merupakan penempatan dana yang tidak dikenakan bunga dari Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Ltd. dan Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Ltd., Entitas Anak Perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 12 Januari 2006, Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian penyelesaian utang-piutang (*Settlement Agreement*) dengan APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd., dengan jangka waktu pengembalian piutang tidak lebih dari sepuluh (10) tahun. Sampai dengan tanggal penyelesaian laporan keuangan konsolidasian, perpanjangan perjanjian tersebut masih dalam proses.

Piutang dari Purinusa terutama berasal dari pengambilalihan utang Purinusa oleh Marshall Enterprise Limited, Entitas Anak, sehubungan dengan syarat dan ketentuan yang tercantum dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang dengan para kreditur Perusahaan.

Manajemen Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak berkeyakinan bahwa penyisihan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari tidak tertagihnya piutang lain-lain.

Piutang lain-lain tidak lancar dari pihak berelasi masingmasing sebesar 3,68% dan 4,15% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020. Receivables from APP IF represent placements of noninterest bearing funds of Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Ltd. and Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Ltd., Subsidiaries of the Company.

On January 12, 2006, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement with APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd., with a repayment term of not more than ten (10) years. As of the completion date of the consolidated financial statements, the amendment of such agreement is still in process.

Due from Purinusa mainly related to take over of Purinusa's debt by Marshall Enterprise Limited, a Subsidiary, in relation to the terms and condition of the debt restructuring agreement with the Company's creditors.

The managements of the Company and Subsidiaries believed that the allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were adequate to cover possible losses on uncollectible other receivables.

Non-current other receivables from related parties represent 3.68% and 4.15% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

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13. INVESTASI PADA ENTITAS ASOSIASI

13. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

Rincian akun ini adalah sebagai berikut:

The detail of this account is as follows:

			30 .	luni 2021/ <i>Jun</i> e	30, 2021			
Perusahaan	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Jumlal tercata awal tahı Carrying V at Beginn Balanc	t un/ alue ing	Bagian ata Laba Neto Share on Net Profit	Po s Komp / Sha Con	agian atas enghasilan orehensif Lain/ are on other nprehensive income	Jumlah Tercatat Akhir Tahun/ Carrying Amount at End of Year	Investee
PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills	49,08%	1.1	71.508	94	4.769	7	1.266.284	PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills
-			31 Dese Penyesu	mber 2020/ <i>Decei</i>	mber 31, 2020			_
Perusahaan	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Jumlah tercatat awal tahun/ Carrying Value at Beginning Balance	sehubur dengan PSA Adjustm in Relatio Implementa of PSAK I	gan K No.71/ eent E on to I ttion of	Bagian atas Laba Neto/ Share on Net Profit	Bagian atas Penghasilan Komprehensif La Share on other Comprehensive Income	Tahun/	Investee
PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills	49,08%	1.029.701		(4.309)	146.102		1.171.50	8 PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills

Informasi keuangan entitas asosiasi adalah sebagai berikut:

Financial information of an associate is as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun</i> 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Total aset	5.264.602	5.203.237	Total assets
Total liabilitas	2.578.229	2.674.478	Total liabilities
Laba neto	193.091	297.682	Net profit

14. ASET BIOLOGIS

14. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

Akun ini merupakan biaya-biaya yang dikeluarkan Entitas Anak untuk mengembangkan hutan tanaman industri (HTI) yang terletak di beberapa lokasi di Kalimantan Timur.

This account represents costs incurred by Subsidiary, for development of industrial timber estate located in several locations in East Kalimantan.

Saldo dan mutasi aset biologis pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah sebagai berikut: Balances and movements of biological assets as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Saldo awal	43.300	42.100	Beginning balance
Mutasi periode berjalan	-	33	Movement in current period
Keuntungan (Kerugian) atas			Gain (Loss) arising from changes in
perubahan nilai wajar aset biologis	(233)	1.167	fair value of biological assets
Saldo akhir	43.067	43.300	Ending balance

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15. ASET HAK GUNA

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menyewa beberapa aset termasuk bangunan dan peralatan pengangkutan yang memiliki masa sewa lebih dari satu (1) tahun sampai dengan tiga (3) tahun.

Hak guna pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah sebagai berikut:

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

The Company and Subsidiaries lease several assets including office buildings and transportation equipment, with the lease terms more than one (1) year up to three (3) years.

Right-of-use assets as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	30 Ju	ıni 2021/ <i>Jun</i> e 30,		
	Saldo Awal/		Saldo Akhir/	
	Beginning	Penambahan/	Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Balance	
Biaya Perolehan				Acquisition Costs
Bangunan	729	-	729	Building
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	14.352	-	14.352	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	176_		176_	Transportation equipment
Total Biaya Perolehan	15.257		15.257	Total Acquisition Cost
Akumulasi Penyusutan				Accumulated Depreciation
Bangunan	243	182	425	Building
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	826	287	1.113	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	34		34	Transportation equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan	1.103	469	1.572	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Jumlah Tercatat	14.154		13.685	Carrying Amounts

	31	Desember 2020/	20		
	Saldo Awal/ Beginning Balance	Saldo atas Penerapan PSAK 73/ Adjustment upon Application of PSAK 73	Penambahan/ Additions	Saldo Akhir/ Ending Balance	
Biaya Perolehan					Acquisition Costs
Bangunan	-	-	729	729	Building
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	-	14.352	-	14.352	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan			176	176	Transportation equipment
Total Biaya Perolehan		14.352	905	15.257	Total Acquisition Cost
Akumulasi Penyusutan					Accumulated Depreciation
Bangunan	-	-	243	243	Building
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	-	252	574	826	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan			34	34	Transportation equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan		252	851	1.103	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Jumlah Tercatat				14.154	Carrying Amounts

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15. ASET HAK GUNA (Lanjutan)

Laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 menyajikan saldo-saldo berikut berkaitan dengan sewa:

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

The consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 show the following amounts related to leases:

	Jun 30, 2021	
Penyusutan aset hak guna		Depreciation of righ-of-use assets
Beban pabrikasi	287	Manufacturing overhead
Beban umum dan		General and administrative
administrasi (Catatan 36b)	182	(Note 36b)
Beban bunga	11	Interest expense

20 1.... 2024/

16. ASET TETAP

16. FIXED ASSETS

Saldo dan mutasi aset tetap adalah sebagai berikut:

Balances and movements of fixed assets are as follows:

	Saldo Awal/ Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Additions	Juni 2021/June 30 Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassifications	Saldo Akhir/ Ending Balance	
Biaya Perolehan Pemilikan Langsung						Acquisition Costs Direct Ownership
Hak atas tanah	37.725	_	_	_	37.725	Land rights
Bangunan dan prasarana	229.739	_	_	345	230.084	Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	2.473.462	-	555	6.762	2.479.669	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	8.625	-	221	-	8.404	Transportation equipment
Perabot dan peralatan kantor	32.363	12		51	32.426	Furniture and office equipment
Subtotal	2.781.914	12	776	7.158	2.788.308	Subtotal
Aset dalam Pengerjaan	30.999	9.036		(7.158)	32.877	Asset Under Construction
Total Biaya Perolehan	2.812.913	9.048	776		2.821.185	Total Acquisition Costs
Akumulasi Penyusutan						Accumulated Depreciation
Pemilikan Langsung						Direct Ownership
Bangunan dan prasarana	167.981	2.635	-	-	170.616	Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	1.738.529	38.278	161	-	1.776.646	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	8.425	52	221	-	8.256	Transportation equipment
Perabot dan peralatan kantor	24.599	130			24.729	Furniture and office equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan	1.939.534	41.095	382		1.980.247	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Jumlah Tercatat	873.379				840.938	Carrying Amounts

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16. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

16. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

	31 Desember 2020/December 31, 2020						
	Saldo Awal/ Beginning Balance	Penyesuaian Saldo atas Penerapan PSAK baru/ Adjustment upon Application of New PSAKs	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassifications	Saldo Akhir/ Ending Balance	
Biaya Perolehan							Acquisition Costs
Pemilikan Langsung							<u>Direct Ownership</u>
Hak atas tanah	37.725	-	-	-	-	37.725	Land rights
Bangunan dan prasarana	227.590	-	-	-	2.149	229.739	Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	2.447.987	-	11	-	25.464	2.473.462	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	9.399	-	30	884	80	8.625	Transportation equipment
Perabot dan peralatan kantor	32.579		125	390	49_	32.363	Furniture and office equipment
Subtotal	2.755.280	-	166	1.274	27.742	2.781.914	Subtotal
Aset dalam Pengerjaan	52.125	-	6.536	-	(27.662)	30.999	Asset Under Construction
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset sewaan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan	14.352	(14.352)		-	(80)	-	Indirect Ownership Leased asset Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment
Total Biaya Perolehan	2.821.837	(14.352)	6.702	1.274		2.812.913	Total Acquisition Costs
Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung							Accumulated Depreciation <u>Direct Ownership</u>
Bangunan dan prasarana	162.695	-	5.286	-	-	167.981	Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	1.655.922	-	82.607	-	-	1.738.529	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	9.169	-	111	884	29	8.425	Transportation equipment
Perabot dan peralatan kantor	24.712		259	372		24.599	Furniture and office equipment
Subtotal	1.852.498		88.263	1.256	29	1.939.534	Subtotal
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan	252 29	(252)		<u>-</u>	- (29)	<u>-</u>	Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan	1.852.779	(252)	88.263	1.256	-	1.939.534	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Jumlah Tercatat	969.058					873.379	Carrying Amounts

Pembebanan penyusutan adalah sebagai berikut:

Depreciation expenses are charged as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ <i>Jun 30, 2020</i>	
Beban pabrikasi	40.542	43.944	Manufacturing overhead
Beban umum dan administrasi			General and administrative
(Catatan 36b)	452	444	(Note 36b)
Beban penjualan (Catatan 36a)	2	1	Selling expenses (Note 36a)
Aset biologis	99	85	Biological asset
Total	41.095	44.474	Total

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16. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

16. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

Rincian aset tetap dalam pengerjaan adalah sebagai berikut:

Detail of asset under construction is as follows:

30 Juni	2021/June	30	. 2021
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Persentase Penyelesaian	Bangunan/ <i>Buildin</i> gs	Mesin/ <i>Machinery</i>	Total	Estimasi Waktu Penyelesaian/ Estimated Time of Completion	Percentage of Completion
0% - 50%	1.119	7.524	8.643	2024	0% - 50%
51% - 65%	-	781	781	2023	51% - 65%
66% - 80%	270	1.951	2.221	2023	66% - 80%
81% -100%	3.420	17.812	21.232	2022	81% -100%
Total	4.809	28.068	32.877		Total

31 Desember 2020/December 31, 2020

Persentase Penyelesaian	Bangunan/ Buildings	Mesin/ <i>Machinery</i>	Total	Estimasi Waktu Penyelesaian/ Estimated Time of Completion	Percentage of Completion
0% - 50%	941	2.719	3.660	2023	0% - 50%
51% - 65%	-	658	658	2022	51% - 65%
66% - 80%	146	1.298	1.444	2022	66% - 80%
81% -100%	3.765	21.472	25.237	2021	81% -100%
Total	4.852	26.147	30.999		Total

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak ada hambatan yang dapat mengganggu penyelesaian atas aset dalam pengerjaan tersebut.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, aset tetap sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek (Catatan 17), pinjaman musyarakah jangka pendek (Catatan 19) dan pinjaman bank jangka panjang Perusahaan (Catatan 24).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, jumlah tercatat bruto aset tetap yang telah disusutkan penuh dan masih digunakan masing-masing sebesar USD742,4 juta dan USD718,8 juta.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, Perusahaan telah mengasuransikan aset tetap (tidak termasuk hak atas tanah) dan persediaan secara *all risk* dengan nilai pertanggungan masing-masing sekitar USD3,0 miliar. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian yang timbul dari risiko-risiko tersebut.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak terdapat indikasi penurunan nilai atas aset tetap.

The management believed that there were no obstacles that can interfere with the completion of assets under construction.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, certain fixed assets were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans (Note 17), short-term musyarakah financing (Note 19) and long-term bank loans (Note 24).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the gross carrying amount of fixed assets that have been fully depreciated and still in use amounted to USD742.4 million and USD718.8 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company insured its fixed assets (excluding land rights) and inventories by all risks with the insurance coverage of amounting to USD3.0 billion, respectively. Management believed that the insurance coverage was sufficient to cover any possible losses arising from such risks.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the management believed that there was no indication of impairment on its fixed assets.

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17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK

17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	63.425	30.662	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	42.648	57.545	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mega Tbk	34.493	35.449	PT Bank Mega Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	34.187	16.522	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk	28.536	25.000	PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank China Construction			PT Bank China Construction
Bank Indonesia Tbk	28.000	28.000	Bank Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk	25.869	28.359	PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	17.251	12.574	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
Agroniaga Tbk	13.797	14.179	Agroniaga Tbk
PT Bank Ganesha Tbk	13.107	13.470	PT Bank Ganesha Tbk
PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk	12.486	21.886	PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Maspion Indonesia Tbk	10.972	11.322	PT Bank Maspion Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Victoria International Tbk	10.348	10.635	PT Bank Victoria International Tbk
PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk	7.000	7.000	PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk
PT Bank Bukopin Tbk	4.227	13.021	PT Bank Bukopin Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	4.216	3.334	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	3.924	4.258	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited		4.214	Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Total	354.486	337.430	Total

Rincian pinjaman bank jangka pendek berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Detail of short-term bank loans based on currencies is as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ 	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Rupiah Indonesia	242.925	256.868	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	110.792	79.192	US Dollar
Yuan Cina	273	-	Chinese Yuan
Poundsterling Inggris	248	-	British Poundsterling
Euro Eropa	228	195	European Euro
Dolar Singapura	20	913	Singaporean Dollar
Yen Jepang		262	Japanese Yen
Total	354.486	337.430	Total

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BNI") berupa fasilitas *Letter of Credit* (Fasilitas L/C) sebesar USD20,0 juta dan fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja sebesar Rp300,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 25 Maret 2023 dan fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (*Revolving*) terbatas sebesar Rp600,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 25 Maret 2022.

Fasilitas pembukaan *L/C Import* dan/atau SKBDN dijamin dengan *cash margin*, persediaan, hak atas tanah, mesin dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 9 dan 16) dan *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada. Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja dijamin dengan seluruh jaminan yang telah dijaminkan oleh Perusahaan kepada BNI serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada. Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja R/C terbatas dijamin dengan tanah, mesin dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan dan *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari BNI masing-masing sebesar USD63,4 juta dan USD30,7 juta.

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Non-Cash Loan* dari PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk ("Bank Mandiri") berupa fasilitas *Sight* dan *Usance L/C Import* dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD80,0 juta dan fasilitas Pembiayaan Wesel Ekspor Non L/C dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD35,0 juta. Fasilitas-fasilitas ini berlaku sampai dengan 10 September 2021 dan dijamin dengan persediaan, piutang usaha, deposito berjangka dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 7, 9, 11 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Mandiri masing-masing sebesar USD42,6 juta dan USD57,5 juta.

PT Bank Mega Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Demand Loan Sublimit LC*/SKBDN dari PT Bank Mega Tbk (Bank Mega) sebesar Rp500,0 miliar (*LC*/SKBDN maksimal Rp200,0 miliar) yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 29 Agustus 2022. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan tanah tertentu milik Perusahaan serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 16).

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

The Company has a credit facility from PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BNI") in the form of Letter of Credit facility (L/C facility) amounting to USD20.0 million and Working Capital Credit facility amounting to Rp300.0 billion which is valid until March 25, 2023 and Working Capital Credit Facility Limited (Revolving) amounting to Rp600,0 billion which is valid until March 25, 2022.

The opening L/C Import and/or SKBDN facility is secured with cash margin, certain inventories, land right, machinery and buildings owned by the Company (Notes 9 and 16), and Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada. The Working Capital Credit facility is also secured by the collaterals which all guarantees have been pledged by the Company to BNI, as well as the Corporate Guarantee of PT Purinusa Ekapersada. The working Capital Credit Facility Limited R/C is secured by certain land right, machinery and buildings owned by the Company and Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loans from BNI amounted to USD63.4 million and USD30.7 million, respectively.

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

The Company has a Non-Cash Loan facility from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk ("Bank Mandiri") in the form of Sight and Usance L/C Import at a total amount not exceeding USD80.0 million and Wesel Export Financing Non L/C facility at a total amount not exceeding USD35.0 million. This facility is valid until September 10, 2021 and secured by the Company's inventories, trade receivables, time deposits and certain machinery, as well as a Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Notes 7, 9, 11 and 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Mandiri amounted to USD42.6 million and USD57.5 million, respectively.

PT Bank Mega Tbk

The Company has Demand Loan Sublimit LC/SKBDN facility from PT Bank Mega Tbk (Bank Mega) amounting to Rp500.0 billion (LC/SKBDN maximum amounting to Rp200.0 billion) which is valid until August 29, 2022. This facility is secured by certain machinery and land owned by the Company and Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Note 16).

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Mega masing-masing sebesar USD34,5 juta dan USD35,4 juta.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BRI") berupa Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja Impor/Penangguhan Jaminan Impor (KMKI/PJI) dengan total fasilitas tidak melebihi USD45,0 juta, fasilitas *Standby Letter of Credit* sebesar USD30,0 juta yang bersifat *Interchangeable* dengan fasilitas KMKI/PJI, fasilitas *Foreign Exchange Line* sebesar USD40,0 juta, fasilitas Bank Garansi sebesar USD20,0 juta dan fasilitas *Commercial Line* dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD40,0 juta. Fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 12 April 2023. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan jaminan yang sama dengan jaminan yang telah diserahkan oleh Perusahaan untuk menjamin fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (untuk fasilitas *Foreign Exchange Line* bersifat *clean basis*).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari BRI masing-masing sebesar USD34,2 juta dan USD16,5 juta.

PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk ("Maybank") berupa fasilitas Pinjaman Promes Berulang (PBB)/L/C/SKBDN/Bank Guarantee/Negotiation/ Discounting Line maksimum sebesar USD40,0 juta dengan sub-limit fasilitas PPB maksimum sebesar USD25,0 juta dan fasilitas Forex Line dengan jumlah maksimal yang diperkirakan (notional amount) sebesar USD10,0 juta. Seluruh fasilitas tersebut dijamin dengan hak atas tanah, mesin, persediaan, cash margin atau security deposit tertentu dan Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (untuk fasilitas Forex Line bersifat clean basis). Fasilitas ini berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 22 Februari 2022 (Catatan 9, 11 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Maybank masing-masing sebesar USD28,5 juta dan USD25,0 juta.

PT Bank China Construction Bank Indonesia Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank China Construction Bank Indonesia Tbk ("CCB") berupa Demand Loan sebesar USD28,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 24 Agustus 2021. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan dan Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari CCB adalah sebesar USD28,0 juta.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Mega amounted to USD34.5 million and USD35.4 million, respectively.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

The Company has facilities from PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Tbk ("BRI") in the form of Import Working Capital/Import Suspension (KMKI/PJI) Credit Facility with total facility not exceeding USD45.0 million, Standby Letter of Credit facility of USD30.0 million which is interchangeable with KMKI/PJI facility, Foreign Exchange Line of USSD40.0 million, Bank Guarantee facility of USD20.0 million and Commercial Line facility with total amount not exceeding USD40.0 million. The facilities are valid until April 12, 2023. These facilities are secured by the same collaterals as the collaterals which have been submitted by the Company for the Working Capital Credit facility (Clean basis for Foreign Exchange Line Facility).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loans from BRI amounted to USD34.2 million and USD16.5 million, respectively.

PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk

The Company has several facilities from PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk ("Maybank") in the form of Pinjaman Promes Berulang (PBB)/L/C/SKBDN/Bank Guarantee/Negotiation/Discounting Line facility amounting to maximum USD40.0 million with sub-limit of PBB facility amounting to maximum USD25.0 million and Forex Line facility with a notional amount of USD10.0 million. These facilities are secured by land right, machinery, inventories, cash margin or certain security deposit and Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (for Forex Line Facility is clean basis). These facilities are valid until February 22, 2022 (Notes 9, 11 and 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loans from Maybank amounted to USD28.5 million and USD25.0 million, respectively.

PT Bank China Construction Bank Indonesia Tbk

The Company has a credit facility from PT Bank China Construction Bank Indonesia Tbk ("CCB") in the form of Demand Loan amounting to USD28.0 million which is valid until August 24, 2021. This facility is secured by certain machinery of the Company and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loans from CCB amounted to USD28.0 million.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Demand Loan* dari PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk ("Bank QNB") sebesar Rp400,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 22 Nopember 2021 dan dalam proses perpanjangan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan piutang usaha, tanah dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 7 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank QNB masing-masing sebesar USD25,9 juta dan USD28,4 juta.

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

Perusahaan memiliki Fasilitas Wesel Diskonto (*Bills Discounted Facility*) dan Fasilitas Garansi Akseptasi (*Acceptance Guarantee Facility*) dari PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia ("Mizuho"), untuk mendukung kegiatan usaha Perusahaan dan digunakan bersama dengan PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills dan PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry dengan jumlah maksimum sebesar USD85,5 juta. Fasilitas - fasilitas ini berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 30 September 2021.

Fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut adalah sebagai berikut:

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk

The Company has Demand Loan facility from PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk ("Bank QNB") at the amount Rp400.0 billion which is valid until November 22, 2021 and in the process of extention. This facility is secured by certain trade receivables, land and machinery owned by the Company (Notes 7 and 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank QNB amounted to USD25.9 million and USD28.4 million, respectively.

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

The Company has Bills Discounted Facility and Acceptance Guarantee Facility from PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia, ("Mizuho") in order to support the Company's operations and can be used together with PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills, and PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry with maximum amount of USD85.5 million. These facilities are valid until September 30, 2021.

Detail of available facilities is as follows:

Fasilitas Maksimum/ Maximum Facility
(dalam ribuan Dolar AS)/ (in thousand of US Dollar)
30 Jun 2021/
31 Desember 2020/

	00 0uii 202 ii	0 1 2000111201 2020/	
Fasilitas	Jun 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	Facilities
Fasilitas Akseptasi Fasilitas Wesel Diskonto	58.500	65.000	Acceptance Facility Bills Discounted Facility
(tanpa letters of credit)	45.000	50.000	(without letters of credit base)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Mizuho masing-masing sebesar USD17,3 juta dan USD12,6 juta.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk ("BRI Agro") berupa kredit modal kerja sebesar Rp200,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 27 Oktober 2021. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan piutang, persediaan dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 7, 9, dan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari BRI Agro masing-masing sebesar USD13,8 juta dan USD14,2 juta.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Mizuho amounted to USD17.3 million and USD12.6 million, respectively.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

The Company has a credit facility from PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk ("BRI Agro") in the form of working capital credit of Rp200.0 billion valid until October 27, 2021. This facility is secured by receivables, inventories and certain machinery property of the Company (Notes 7, 9, and 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loans from BRI Agro amounted to USD13.8 million and USD14.2 million, respectively.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Ganesha Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit STL dari PT Bank Ganesha Tbk ("Bank Ganesha") sebesar Rp190,0 miliar, dan berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 30 September 2021. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank Ganesha masing-masing sebesar USD13,1 juta dan USD13,5 juta.

PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Panin") berupa fasilitas *Letter of Credit* sebesar USD30,0 juta ("Fasilitas L/C") dan fasilitas Transaksi Valuta Asing sebesar USD10,0 juta. Seluruh fasilitas tersebut berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 30 Nopember 2021. Fasilitas L/C tersebut dijamin dengan deposito berjangka milik Perusahaan (Catatan 11).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Panin masing-masing sebesar USD12,5 juta dan USD21,9 juta.

PT Bank Maspion Indonesia Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas Modal Kerja Revolving (interchange facility) sebesar maksimum Rp175,0 miliar dengan sublimit fasilitas Pinjaman Rekening Koran (PRK), Time Loan 3 dan Trust Receipt dengan jumlah maksimum Rp160,0 miliar dari PT Bank Maspion Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Maspion") yang berlaku sampai dengan 29 Juli 2022. Fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut dijamin dengan mesin dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Maspion masing-masing sebesar USD11,0 juta dan USD11,3 juta.

PT Bank Victoria International Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Demand Loan* dari PT Bank Victoria International Tbk ("Bank Victoria") sebesar Rp150,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 28 Januari 2022. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Victoria masing-masing sebesar USD10,3 juta dan USD10,6 juta.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank Ganesha Tbk

The Company has STL credit facility from PT Bank Ganesha Tbk ("Bank Ganesha") at the amount of Rp190.0 billion and is valid until September 30, 2021. This facility is secured by certain machinery and equipment owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan to Bank Ganesha amounted to USD13.1 million and USD13.5 million, respectively.

PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk

The Company has several facilities from PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Panin") in the form of Letter of Credit facility amounting to USD30.0 million ("L/C Facility") and Foreign Exchange Transaction facility amounting to USD10.0 million. All those facilities are valid until November 30, 2021. L/C Facility is secured by time deposit owned by the Company (Note 11).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of the loans from Bank Panin amounted to USD12.5 million and USD21.9 million, respectively.

PT Bank Maspion Indonesia Tbk

The Company has Working Capital Facility Revolving (interchange facility) amounting to maximum Rp175.0 billion with sublimit with overdraft facility, Time Loan 3 and Trust Receipt with maximum amount of Rp160.0 billion from PT Bank Maspion Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Maspion") until July 29, 2022. The facility is secured by certain machinery and equipment own by the Company (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Maspion amounted to USD11.0 million and USD11.3 million, respectively.

PT Bank Victoria International Tbk

The Company has Demand Loan facility from PT Bank Victoria International Tbk ("Bank Victoria") amounting to Rp150.0 billion, which is valid until January 28, 2022. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Victoria amounted to USD10.3 million and USD10.6 million, respectively.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas Pinjaman Tetap sebesar USD7,0 juta dari PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk ("Bank MNC") yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 7 April 2022. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin, hak atas tanah dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank MNC adalah sebesar USD7,0 juta.

PT Bank Bukopin Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki Fasilitas L/C UPAS dari PT Bank Bukopin Tbk ("Bank Bukopin") sebesar Rp192,0 miliar, dengan jangka waktu per penerbitan adalah enam (6) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin oleh setoran *margin* milik Perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Bukopin masing-masing sebesar USD4,2 juta dan USD13,0 juta.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") berupa Sight L/C, Usance L/C dan SKBDN dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD10,0 juta dan fasilitas Negosiasi/Diskonto dengah Kondisi Khusus sebesar USD40,0 juta yang dapat digunakan bersamasama dengan PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills, PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry dan PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 28 Februari 2023. Fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut dijamin dengan persediaan barang, hak atas tanah dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 9 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari BCA masing-masing sebesar USD4,2 juta dan USD3,3 juta.

PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Letter of Credit (L/C) Revolving* dalam bentuk LC/SKBDN sebesar Rp62,0 miliar dari PT Bank ICBC Indonesia ("Bank ICBC") yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 7 Februari 2022. Fasilitas L/C tersebut dijamin dengan mesin dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari Bank ICBC masing-masing sebesar USD3,9 juta dan USD4,3 juta.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk

The Company has Fixed Loan facility at the amount of USD7.0 million from PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk ("Bank MNC") which is valid until April 7, 2022. This facility is secured by certain machinery, land right and building owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank MNC amounted to USD7.0 million.

PT Bank Bukopin Tbk

The Company has L/C UPAS Facility from PT Bank Bukopin Tbk ("Bank Bukopin") at the amount of Rp192.0 billion, which is valid for six (6) months per issued. This facility is secured by certain margin payment owned by the Company.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Bukopin amounted to USD4.2 million and USD13.0 million, respectively.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

The Company has some facilities from PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") in the form of Sight L/C, Usance L/C and SKBDN facilities up to an amount of USD10.0 million and Negotiation/Discounting with Special Condition facility amounting to USD40.0 million which can be used together with PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills, PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry and PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills which are valid until Febuary 28, 2023. The facilities are secured by certain inventories, land right, and building owned by the Company (Notes 9 and 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loans from BCA amounted to USD4.2 million and USD3.3 million, respectively.

PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

The Company has Letter of Credit (L/C)-Revolving facility in the form of LC/SKBDN at the amount of Rp62.0 billion from PT Bank ICBC Indonesia ("Bank ICBC") which is valid until February 7, 2022. This L/C facility is secured by certain machinery and equipment owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank ICBC amounted to USD3.9 million and USD4.3 million, respectively.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited ("BOC") berupa Combine Facility Sight & Usance L/C atau SKBDN & T/R Facility sebesar USD10,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 31 Oktober 2021. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin deposito tertentu milik Perusahaan Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 11 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman dari BOC masing-masing sebesar nihil dan USD4,2 juta.

bunga pinjaman bank iangka pendek berdasarkan mata uang signifikan adalah sebagai berikut:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i> (%)	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020 (%)	
Rupiah Indonesia	9,70 - 11,00	7,00 - 11,00	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	3,61 - 5,25	3,65 - 5,76	US Dollar

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian pinjaman.

18. UANG MUKA PELANGGAN

Akun ini merupakan uang muka yang diterima dari pelanggan masing-masing sebesar USD24,1 juta dan USD25,9 juta pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020.

19. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PENDEK

Akun ini terdiri dari:

AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2020 (AUDITED) AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED) (Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

The Company has credit facility from Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited ("BOC") in the form of Combine Facility Sight Usance L/C or SKBDN & T/R Facility amounting to USD10.0 million, which is valid until October 31, 2021. This facility is secured by certain machinery and time deposits owned by the Company and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Notes 11 and 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan from BOC amounted to nil and USD4.2 million, respectively.

The range of interest rates of short-term bank loans based on significant currencies are as follows:

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the loan agreements.

18. ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

This account represents advance payments from customers amounting to USD24.1 million and USD25.9 million as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

19. SHORT-TERM MUSYARAKAH FINANCING

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
Rupiah Indonesia			Indonesian Rupiah
PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk	8.968	9.216	PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank BCA Syariah	3.449	3.545	PT Bank BCA Syariah
Total	12.417	12.761	Total

19. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki *Line Facility* Al-Musyarakah (*Revolving*) dan *Line Facility Al-Kafalah Bil Ujroh* dari PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Muamalat") dengan total fasilitas sebesar Rp130,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 31 Maret 2023. Fasilitasfasilitas ini digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku Perusahaan dan dijamin dengan mesin tertentu dan persediaan barang milik Perusahaan (Catatan 9 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pembiayaan musyarakah kepada Bank Muamalat masing-masing sebesar USD9,0 juta dan USD9,2 juta.

PT Bank BCA Syariah

Perusahaan memiliki *Line Facility* Musyarakah (*Revolving*) dari PT Bank BCA Syariah dengan total *limit* fasilitas sebesar Rp50,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 19 Juni 2023. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan mesin tertentu milik perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo utang pembiayaan musyarakah kepada PT Bank BCA Syariah masing-masing sebesar USD3,4 juta dan USD3,5 juta.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian.

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19. SHORT-TERM MUSYARAKAH FINANCING (Continued)

PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk

The Company has Line Facility Al-Musyarakah (Revolving) and Line Facility Al-Kafalah Bil Ujroh from PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Muamalat") with a total facility amounting to Rp130.0 billion which are valid until March 31, 2023. These facilities are used for purchase of raw materials and are secured by certain machinery and inventories owned by the Company (Notes 9 and 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of the musyarakah financing to Bank Muamalat amounted to USD9.0 million and USD9.2 million, respectively.

PT Bank BCA Syariah

The Company has Line Facility Musyarakah (Revolving) from PT Bank BCA Syariah with a total facility limit amounting to Rp50.0 billion which is valid until June 19, 2023. This facility is secured by certain land and machinery owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balance of the musyarakah financing to PT Bank BCA Syariah amounted to USD3.4 million and USD3.5 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the agreements.

20. UTANG USAHA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

20. TRADE PAYABLES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Lokal	50.404	28.611	Local
Impor	15.417	15.506	Import
Total utang usaha - pihak ketiga	65.821	44.117	Total trade payables - third parties
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 42b)			Related parties (Catatan 42b)
<u>Lokal</u>			<u>Local</u>
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	64.014	71.751	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
PT Berau Coal	3.033	4.046	PT Berau Coal
PT Sinar Syno Kimia	2.561	3.950	PT Sinar Syno Kimia
PT Asia Trade Logistics	1.545	947	PT Asia Trade Logistics
PT Borneo Indobara	616	3.647	PT Borneo Indobara
Lain-lain (masing-masing			
dibawah USD1 juta)	550	984	Others (each below USD1 million)
Subtotal	72.319	85.325	Subtotal

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20. UTANG USAHA (Lanjutan)

20. TRADE PAYABLES (Continued)

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
<u>Impor</u>			<u>Import</u>
Asia Pulp & Paper (Canada) Ltd	1.008	-	Asia Pulp & Paper (Canada) Ltd
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD1.000.000)	765	416	USD1,000,000)
Subtotal	1.773	416	Subtotal
Total utang usaha - pihak berelasi	74.092	85.741	Total trade payables - related parties
Total	139.913	129.858	Total
Rincian utang usaha berdasarkan ma sebagai berikut:	ata uang adalah	Detail of trade follows:	e payables based on currencies is as

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Rupiah Indonesia	123.019	119.897	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	16.149	8.783	US Dollar
Euro Eropa	359	683	European Euro
Yen Jepang	139	163	Japanese Yen
Dolar Singapura	137	237	Singaporean Dollar
Poundsterling Inggris	77	87	British Poundsterling
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD100.000)	33	8	USD100,000)
Total	139.913	129.858	Total

Utang usaha kepada pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 5,01% dan 5,49% dari total liabilitas konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020.

Trade payables to related parties represent 5.01% and 5.49% of the total consolidated liabilities as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

21. UTANG LAIN-LAIN - PIHAK KETIGA

21. OTHER PAYABLES - THIRD PARTIES

Akun ini terdiri dari utang atas ongkos angkut pembelian barang dan lain-lain masing-masing sebesar USD6,5 juta dan USD8,7 juta pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020.

This account consists of freight payable on purchased goods and others amounting to USD6.5 million and USD8.7 million as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

22. BEBAN MASIH HARUS DIBAYAR

22. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Bunga	4.420	4.644	Interest
Ongkos angkut	2.996	4.352	Freight
Listrik, air dan gas	1.730	1.031	Electricity, water and gas
Lain-lain	2.775	1.040	Others
Total	11.921	11.067	Total

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23. LIABILITAS SEWA

Pada tanggal 16 April 2019 and 28 Oktober 2019, Perusahaan menandatangani perjanjian sewa guna usaha dengan PT Mitsubishi UFJ Lease & Finance Indonesia atas mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 22 Nopember 2019, Perusahaan menandatangani perjanjian sewa pembiayaan dengan PT ORIX Indonesia Finance atas mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan.

Saldo atas liabilitas sewa pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah sebagai berikut:

23. LEASE LIABILITIES

On April 16, 2019 and October 28, 2019, the Company signed a lease agreement with PT Mitsubishi UFJ Lease & Finance Indonesia for certain machinery owned by the Company.

On November 22, 2019, the Company signed a lease agreement with PT ORIX Indonesia Finance for certain machinery owned by the Company.

The balances of lease liabilities as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Liabilitas sewa Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam	7.127	9.475	Lease liabilities
waktu satu tahun	(4.758)	(4.005)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	2.369	5.470	Long-term Portion
Pembayaran sewa minimum masa perjanjian sewa adalah sebagai berikut:	datang dalam	Future minimum le are as follows:	ease payments in the lease agreements
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Kurang dari satu tahun Lebih dari satu tahun sampai	4.917	4.216	Less than one year
lima tahun Dikurangi: Bagian bunga	2.399 (189)	5.613 (354)	Above one year up to five years Less: Interest portion
Neto Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam	7.127	9.475	Net
waktu satu tahun	(4.758)	(4.005)	Current maturities

2.369

5.470

Berdasarkan perjanjian sewa, tidak terdapat utang sewa kontinjen. Selain itu, tidak ada pembatasan-pembatasan yang ditetapkan dalam perjanjian sewa.

Bagian Jangka Panjang

Based on the lease agreements, there is no contingent lease debt. In addition, there is no negative covenant specified in the lease agreements.

Long-term portion

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24. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG

Akun ini terdiri dari:

24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	116.431	96.591	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	75.000	85.000	(Persero) Tbk
The Export-Import Bank of China	13.100	19.650	The Export-Import Bank of China
PT Bank Mega Tbk	10.348	-	PT Bank Mega Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
Agroniaga Tbk	7.140	8.685	Agroniaga Tbk
Total	222.019	209.926	Total
Bagian yang jatuh tempo			
dalam waktu satu tahun	(37.796)	(33.431)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	184.223	176.495	Long-term Portion

Rincian pinjaman jangka panjang berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

The detail of long-term bank loan based on currencies is as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Dolar AS	112.781	124.051	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	109.238	85.875	Indonesian Rupiah
Total	222.019	209.926	Total

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Pada tanggal 4 April 2016, PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") setuju untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp39,5 miliar untuk jangka waktu lima (5) tahun. Fasilitas ini telah dilunasi pada tanggal 4 April 2021.

Perusahaan juga memiliki fasilitas Kredit Lokal sebesar USD25,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 28 Februari 2023.

Pada tanggal 6 Juni 2018, BCA setuju untuk memberikan fasilitas Kredit Investasi (KI) sebesar Rp1,4 triliun kepada Perusahaan, untuk jangka waktu enam (6) tahun.

Pada tanggal 7 Juni 2021, Perusahaan menerima tambahan fasilitas dari PT Bank Central Asia Tbk berupa *Installment Loan* sebesar Rp350,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu lima (5) tahun.

Fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut dijamin dengan persediaan barang, mesin, hak atas tanah dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 9 dan 16).

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

On April 4, 2016, PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") agreed to provide an investment credit facility to the Company amounting to Rp39.5 billion for the period of five (5) years. This facility was paid on April 4, 2021.

The Company also has a Local Credit facility amounting to USD25.0 million which is valid until February 28, 2023.

On June 6, 2018, BCA agreed to provide Credit Investment facility (KI) amounting to Rp1.4 trillion to the Company for the period of six (6) years.

On June 7, 2021, the Company received Installment Loan facility from PT Bank Central Asia Tbk amounting to Rp350.0 Billion for the period of five (5) years.

The facilities are secured by certain inventories, machinery, land right and building owned by the Company (Notes 9 and 16).

24. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari BCA masing-masing sebesar USD116,4 juta dan USD96,6 juta.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Perusahaan memiliki Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (KMK) dari PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BRI") sebesar USD85,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 12 April 2023. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan persediaan barang, mesin, dan hak atas tanah tertentu atas nama Perusahaan (Catatan 9 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari BRI masing-masing sebesar USD75,0 juta dan USD85,0 juta.

The Export-Import Bank of China

Pada tanggal 14 Juli 2014, The Export-Import Bank of China ("China Eximbank") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD78,6 juta untuk jangka waktu sampai dengan delapan (8) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan hak atas tanah, bangunan, mesin, dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan, serta Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari China Eximbank masing-masing sebesar USD13,1 juta dan USD19,7 juta.

PT Bank Mega Tbk

Pada tanggal 7 Juni 2021, PT Bank Mega Tbk ("Bank Mega") setuju untuk memberikan Fasilitas Kredit *Term Loan* sebesar Rp475,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai tanggal 7 Juni 2028. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan jaminan yang sama dengan jaminan yang telah diserahkan oleh Perusahaan untuk menjamin fasilitas *Demand Loan*.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari Bank Mega masing-masing sebesar USD10,3 juta dan nihil.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 September 2015, Bank Agro telah setuju untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi refinancing kepada Sumalindo sebesar Rp100,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu tujuh (7) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan "tegakan pohon" milik Sumalindo.

Pada tanggal 20 Juni 2017, Bank Agro menyetujui memberikan Kredit Investasi-Pinjaman Angsuran Tetap sebesar Rp73,0 miliar kepada Sumalindo dengan jangka waktu tujuh (7) tahun.

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24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of long-term bank loans from BCA amounted to USD116.4 million and USD96.6 million, respectively.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

The Company has Working Capital Credit (KMK) Facility amounting to USD85.0 million from PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Tbk ("BRI") which is valid until April 12, 2023. This facility is secured by certain inventories, machinery and land rights of the Company (Notes 9 and 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of the long-term bank loans from BRI amounted to USD75.0 million and USD85.0 million, respectively.

The Export-Import Bank of China

On July 14, 2014, The Export-Import Bank of China ("China Eximbank") agreed to provide loan facility at the amount of USD78.6 million for a period of up to eight (8) years. This facility is secured by certain land right, building, machinery, and certain equipment also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of long-term bank loan from China Eximbank amounted to USD13.1 million and USD19.7 million, respectively.

PT Bank Mega Tbk

On June 7, 2021, PT Bank Mega Tbk ("Bank Mega") agreed to grant Term Loan Credit Facility amounting to Rp475.0 billion valid untul June 7, 2028. This facility is secured by the same collaterals as the collaterals which have been submitted by the Company for the Demand Loan.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of long-term bank loan from China Eximbank amounted to USD10.3 million and nil, respectively.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

On September 30, 2015, Bank Agro agreed to provide credit investment refinancing to Sumalindo amounting to Rp100.0 billion for a period of seven (7) years. This facility is secured by "tegakan pohon" owned by Sumalindo.

On June 20, 2017 Bank Agro agreed to provide Investment Credit-Fixed Installment Loan amounting to Rp73.0 billion to Sumalindo for a period of seven (7) years.

24. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari Bank Agro masing-masing sebesar USD7,1 juta dan USD8,7 juta.

Kisaran bunga pinjaman bank jangka panjang berdasarkan mata uang signifikan adalah sebagai berikut:

	30 Jun 2021/	31 Des 2020/	
	Jun 30, 2021 (%)	Dec 31, 2020 (%)	
Rupiah Indonesia	8.25 - 11.00	8.50 - 10.50	
Dolar AS	2,63 - 4,75	2,68 - 5,70	

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian pinjaman.

JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 (UNAUDITED) (Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated) 24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued) As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the

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outstanding balances of long-term bank loans from Bank Agro amounted to USD7.1 million and USD8.7 million, respectively.

The range interest rates of long-term bank loans based on significant currencies are as follows:

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the loan agreements.

Indonesian Rupiah

US Dollar

25. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PANJANG

Akun ini terdiri dari:

25. LONG-TERM MUSYARAKAH FINANCING

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
Rupiah Indonesia			<u>Indonesian Rupiah</u>
PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk	17.072	20.736	PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tbk	6.898	7.090	PT Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tbk
Total	23.970	27.826	Total
Bagian yang jatuh tempo			
dalam waktu satu tahun	(7.761)	(7.179)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	16.209	20.647	Long-term Portion

PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 7 Juni 2018, Perusahaan memperoleh Line Facility Musyarakah Mutanagishah dari PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk (BSI), dahulu PT Bank Syariah Mandiri, sebesar Rp450,0 miliar dan berlaku untuk jangka waktu enam puluh (60) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin, hak atas tanah dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pembiayaan musyarakah dari BSI masing-masing sebesar USD17,1 juta dan USD20,7 juta.

PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk

On June 7, 2018, the Company received a Musyarakah Mutanaqisah Line Facility from PT Bank Syariah indonesia Tbk (BSI), formerly PT Bank Syariah Mandiri, amounting to Rp450.0 billion for the period of sixty (60) months. This facility is secured by certain machinery, land right and building owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of musyarakah financing to BSI amounted to USD17.1 million and USD20.7 million, respectively.

25. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tbk

Pada tanggal 29 Juni 2015, PT Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tbk ("Bank Panin") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas berupa *line facility* Musyarakah sebesar Rp100,0 miliar kepada Perusahaan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16) dan berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 25 Oktober 2021.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo pembiayaan musyarakah dari Bank Panin masingmasing sebesar USD6,9 juta dan USD7,1 juta.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian.

26. UTANG MURABAHAH JANGKA PANJANG

Akun ini terdiri dari:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
Rupiah Indonesia			<u>Indonesian Rupiah</u>
PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk	20.695	21.268	PT Bank Syariah indonesia Tbk
PT Bank BCA Syariah	841	1.264	PT Bank BCA Syariah
Total	21.536	22.532	Total
Bagian yang jatuh tempo			
dalam waktu satu tahun	(841)	(820)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	20.695	21.712	Long-term Portions

PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 27 Februari 2013, PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk ("BSI"), dahulu PT Bank Syariah Mandiri, setuju untuk memberikan kepada Perusahaan *Line Facility* dalam jenis pembiayaan *Al-Murabahah* dengan *limit* plafon pembiayaan sebesar Rp200,0 miliar, yang akan digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku produksi, bahan penolong, logistik dan *spare-part* mesin.

Pada tanggal 30 September 2013, BSI setuju untuk memberikan penambahan *limit* sebesar Rp100,0 miliar, sehingga total *limit* fasilitas ini menjadi Rp300,0 miliar. Fasilitas ini telah diperpanjang sampai dengan tanggal 30 Nopember 2022 dan dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

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25. LONG-TERM MUSYARAKAH FINANCING (Continued)

PT Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tbk

On June 29, 2015, PT Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tbk ("Bank Panin") agreed to provide line facility Musyarakah at the amount Rp100.0 billion to the Company. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 16) and valid until October 25, 2021.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of musyarakah financing from Bank Panin amounted to USD6.9 million and USD7.1 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the agreements.

26. LONG-TERM MURABAHAH PAYABLES

This account consists of:

PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk

On February 27, 2013, PT Bank Syariah Indonesia Tbk ("BSI"), formerly PT Bank Syariah Mandiri, greed to provide Line Facility to the Company in kind of Al-Murabahah financing with the limit amounting to Rp200.0 billion, and shall be used to purchase raw materials, indirect materials, logistics and spare-part machine.

On September 30, 2013, BSI agreed to give additional limit facility amounting to Rp100.0 billion, so the total limit of the facility became Rp300.0 billion. This facility has been extended up to November 30, 2022 and is secured by certain machinery own by the Company (Note 16).

26. UTANG MURABAHAH JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo utang murabahah kepada BSI masing-masing sebesar USD20,7 juta dan USD21,3 juta.

PT Bank BCA Syariah

Pada tanggal 19 Juni 2017, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas pembiayaan *Al-Murabahah* dari PT Bank BCA Syariah dengan total *limit* fasilitas sebesar Rp50,0 miliar, yang akan digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku dan bahan pendukung produksi, dengan jangka waktu lima (5) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo utang *murabahah* kepada PT Bank BCA Syariah masing-masing sebesar USD0,8 juta dan USD1,3 juta.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian.

27. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG

Saldo pinjaman jangka panjang berikut merupakan bagian dari pinjaman Perusahaan yang telah direstrukturisasi adalah sebagai berikut: PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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26. LONG-TERM MURABAHAH PAYABLES (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of the murabahah payable to BSI amounted to USD20.7 million and USD21.3 million, respectively.

PT Bank BCA Syariah

On June 19, 2017, the Company obtained an Al-Murabahah financing facility with a total facility limit amounting to Rp50.0 billion and used to purchase raw material and supporting raw material, with a period of five (5) years. This facility is secured by certain land and machinery owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balance of the murabahah payable to PT Bank BCA Syariah amounted to USD0.8 million and USD1.3 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the agreements.

27. LONG-TERM LOANS

The following long-term loans balances as part of the Company's restructured liabilities are as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak yang Berpartisipasi <i>Tranche</i> C	520.391	617.436	Participants Tranche C
Pihak yang Belum Berpartisipasi	13.179	13.179	Non-Participants
Total pada nilai nominal Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan PSAK No. 71	533.570 (8.573)	630.615 (6.666)	Total at nominal value Net adjusment on the implemetation of PSAK No. 71
Total pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam	524.997	623.949	Total at amortized cost
waktu satu tahun	(22.514)	(21.303)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	502.483	602.646	Long-Term Portion

States Dollar, unless otherwise stated) 27. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan) 27. LONG-TERM LOANS (Continued)

Pihak yang Berpartisipasi

Rincian piniaman jangka panjang adalah sebagai berikut:

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The detail of long-term loans is as follow:

		30 Juni 202	1/June 30, 2021		
		Dalam Satuan Pe	nuh / <i>In Full Amount</i>		
	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	
Fasilitas					Facilities
Tranche C	433.853.025	29.430.527	4.216.018.432	194.110.247.668	Tranche C
Total Nilai Nominal	433.853.025	29.430.527	4.216.018.432	194.110.247.668	Total at Nominal
		31 Desember 202	0/December 31, 2020		
		Dalam Satuan Pe	nuh / <i>In Full Amount</i>		
	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	
Fasilitas					Facilities
Tranche C	514.150.542	31.141.304	5.023.392.976	231.603.008.426	Tranche C
Total Nilai Nominal	514.150.542	31.141.304	5.023.392.976	231.603.008.426	Total at Nominal

Pada tanggal 12 Juni 2020, Perusahaan melakukan penawaran terhadap pemegang wesel bayar untuk menukarkan wesel bayar yang dimilikinya meniadi utang bilateral dan proses penawaran ini telah selesai pada tanggal 10 Juli 2020. Sebagai hasil dari proses ini, menandatangani bilateral . Perusahaan Agreement dengan sejumlah pemegang wesel bayar yang bersedia menukarkan wesel bayarnya menjadi utang bilateral.

Berikut ini adalah syarat dan ketentuan penting atas jangka panjang sehubungan restrukturisasi utang Perusahaan yang terbagi dalam Fasilitas Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C berdasarkan Multi Lender Credit Agreement (MLCA) tanggal 28 April 2005 dan bilateral Facility Agreement tertanggal 10 Juli 2020:

Fasilitas Tranche A dan Tranche B memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan tiga (3) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro Eropa), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 6%); dan
 - tiga (3) bulanan bunga BI (untuk Rupiah Indonesia) ditambah 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 14%);
- dari tiga (3) tahun sampai dengan lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro Eropa), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 2% per tahun; dan
 - tiga (3) bulanan bunga BI (untuk Rupiah Indonesia) ditambah dengan 2% per tahun;

On June 12, 2020, the Company made an offering to the noteholders to exchange the notes payable into bilateral loan and such offering process has been completed on July 10, 2020. As the result of such process, the Company has entered into bilateral Facilty Agreements with several noteholders who have exchanged their notes with bilateral loan.

Below is the summary of significant terms and conditions of the long-term loans under the Company's debt restructuring which are divided into Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Facilities under the Multi Lender Credit Agreement (MLCA) dated April 28, 2005 and bilateral Facility Agreement dated July 10, 2020:

The Tranche A facility and the Tranche B facility bear annual interest at rates as follows:

- from the effective date to the date three (3) years after the effective date:
 - o Three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars), EURIBOR (for European Euro), TIBOR (for Japanese Yen), for each case where in each case plus 1% per annum (capped at 6%); and
 - o three (3)-month BI Rate (for Indonesian Rupiah) plus 1% per annum (capped at 14%);
- from the date three (3) years to five (5) years after the effective date:
 - o three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars), EURIBOR (for European Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese Yen), for each case where in each case plus 2% per annum; and
 - three (3)-month BI Rate (for Indonesian Rupiah) plus 2% per annum;

27. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

- dari dan sesudah lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro Eropa), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang) dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 3% per tahun; dan
 - o tiga (3) bulanan bunga BI (untuk Rupiah Indonesia) ditambah dengan 3% per tahun.

Fasilitas *Tranche* C memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar semuanya, tidak ada bunga yang harus diakui. Tetapi biaya restrukturisasi diakui dan dikapitalisasi pada tahun ke-9 dan tahun ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif;
- setelah tanggal dimana semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B, dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar penuh, dikenakan tarif tetap 2% per tahun;
- jika tanggal jatuh tempo final Fasilitas *Tranche* C diperpanjang sesuai dengan persyaratannya, LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro Eropa), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang) dan tiga (3) bulanan bunga BI (untuk Rupiah Indonesia), masingmasing ditambah dengan 1% per tahun.

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang kapitalisasi biaya restrukturisasi untuk tahun ke-9 dan ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif telah dilakukan masingmasing pada tahun 2014 dan tahun 2020.

Fasilitas *Tranche* A jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2019 dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A.

Fasilitas *Tranche* B jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2022 dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* B.

Fasilitas *Tranche* C jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2029 (dapat diperpanjang sampai dengan bulan April 2031) dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* C.

Pada tanggal 3 November 2020, Perusahaan mengajukan penawaran kepada kreditur MLCA agar menukarkan utang MLCA menjadi utang bilateral. Proses penawaran ini telah selesai pada tanggal 20 November 2020 dan para kreditur yang berpartisipasi telah menandatangani Facility Agreement bilateral dengan Perusahaan yang mempunyai jadwal pembayaran, tanggal jatuh tempo dan ketentuan bunga yang sama dengan utang MLCA.

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27. LONG-TERM LOANS (Continued)

- from more than five (5) years after the effective date:
 - three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars), EURIBOR (for European Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese Yen), for each case where in each case plus 3% per annum; and
 - three (3)-month BI Rate (for Indonesian Rupiah) plus 3% per annum.

The Tranche C Facility bears an annual interest rate as follows:

- from the effective date until all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, no interest will be accrued. However, a restructuring fee will be accrued and be capitalized on the dates falling the 9th year and 15th year after the effective date;
- after the date on which all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, a fixed rate of 2% per annum; and
- if the final maturity date of the Tranche C Facilities is extended in accordance with their terms, three (3) month LIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for European Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese Yen) and three (3) months BI Rate (for Indonesian Rupiah), for each case where in each case plus 1% per annum.

In accordance with the Company's restructuring agreement, capitalization of the restructuring fee for the ninth (9th) and fifteenth (15th) year after the effective date has been applied in year 2014 and year 2020.

The Tranche A Facility has a stated maturity date in April 2019 and shares the same terms as the Tranche A Notes.

The Tranche B Facility has a stated maturity date in April 2022 and shares the same terms as the Tranche B Notes.

The Tranche C Facility has a stated maturity date in April 2029 (subject to extension to a date in April 2031) and shares the same terms as the Tranche C Notes.

On November 3, 2020, the Company has made an offering to the MLCA creditor to exchange the MLCA debt into bilateral loan. The offering process has been completed on November 20, 2020 and the participating creditors have executed the bilateral Facility Agreement with the Company which has the same payment schedule, maturity date and interest rate as the MLCA debt.

27. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pihak yang Belum Berpartisipasi

Kesepakatan atas saldo utang kepada kreditur yang belum berpartisipasi dalam restrukturisasi utang memerlukan telaah internal lebih lanjut oleh Perusahaan, dan/atau penyelesaiannya tergantung dari selesainya proses verifikasi saldo pinjaman (*proof of debt*) dan/atau pemenuhan semua persyaratan sebagaimana diatur di dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang Perusahaan.

28 WESEL BAYAR

Wesel bayar merupakan bagian dari utang Perusahaan yang telah direstrukturisasi. Rincian wesel bayar yang direstrukturisasi adalah sebagai berikut:

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27. LONG-TERM LOANS (Continued)

Non-Participants

The resolution on the outstanding indebtedness to creditors who did not participate in the debt restructuring are subject to further review by the Company and/or successful completion of the relevant (proof of debts) process and/or fulfillment of all relevant requirements under the Company's debt restructuring agreement.

28. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable are part of the Company's restructured liabilities. The detail of the restructured notes payable is af follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak yang Berpartisipasi: Secured Company Global Notes	7.894	8.124	Participants: Secured Company Global Notes
Pihak yang Belum Berpartisipasi	38.450	38.450	Non-Participants
Total pada nilai nominal Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan PSAK No. 71	46.344 894	46.574 920	Total at nominal value Net adjustment on the implementation of PSAK No. 71
Total pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Bagian yang jatuh tempo	47.238	47.494	Total at amortized cost
dalam waktu satu tahun	(342)	(280)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	46.896	47.214	Long-Term Portion

Pihak yang Berpartisipasi

Berikut ini adalah syarat dan ketentuan penting dalam perjanjian tersebut:

Wesel Tranche A

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang, Perusahaan menerbitkan Secured Company Global Notes sebesar USD19,3 juta dan Tjiwi Kimia Finance BV ("TKFBV") menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Global Notes sebesar USD116,7 juta (keduanya disebut sebagai "Wesel Tranche A"). Pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV ditukarkan dengan Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dengan syarat dan ketentuan yang sama sehingga Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV sudah tidak berlaku lagi. Wesel Tranche A jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2019, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo.

Participants

Following are the important terms and conditions based on the agreement:

Tranche A Notes

In line with the debt restructuring agreement, the Company issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD19.3 million and Tjiwi Kimia Finance BV ("TKFBV") issued Guaranteed Secured Global Notes amounting to USD116.7 million (both referred to the "Tranche A Notes"). On June 25, 2014, Notes issued by TKFBV were exchanged with the Notes issued by the Company with the same terms and conditions and therefore the Notes issued by TKFBV were no longer valid. The Tranche A Notes have a stated maturity date on April 2019, unless redeemed, purchased or cancelled prior to the maturity date.

28. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

Wesel *Tranche* A memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan tiga (3) tahun setelah tanggal efektif: LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 6%):
- lebih dari tiga (3) tahun sampai dengan lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif: LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 2% per tahun; dan
- lebih dari dan setelah lima (5) tahun dari tanggal efektif: LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 3% per tahun.

Ketentuan jumlah batas maksimum bunga adalah sebagai berikut:

- untuk setiap bulan dimana Wesel Tranche A atau Pinjaman Tranche A (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) masih terutang, jumlah seluruh utang bunga terhadap Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) dan Pinjaman Tranche B (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) yang masih terutang dibatasi maksimum 50% dari jumlah Monthly Mandatory Debts Service (MMDS) untuk bulan tersebut; dan
- untuk setiap bulan setelah seluruh Wesel Tranche A dan Pinjaman Tranche A dilunasi, jumlah seluruh utang bunga terhadap Wesel Tranche B dan Pinjaman Tranche B yang masih terutang dan jika memungkinkan, Wesel Tranche C dan Pinjaman Tranche C yang masih terutang dibatasi maksimum 33% dari jumlah MMDS untuk bulan tersebut.

Bunga dibayar secara tiga (3) bulanan pada hari kerja terakhir hari di bulan Januari, April, Juli dan Oktober setiap tahunnya, dimulai pada bulan Juli 2005. Berdasarkan CAL X, pembayaran pokok pinjaman dilakukan setiap 3 bulan.

Wesel Tranche B

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang, Perusahaan juga menerbitkan Secured Company Global Notes sebesar USD49,7 juta dan TKFBV menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Global Notes USD300,3 juta (keduanya disebut sebagai "Wesel Tranche B"). Pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV ditukarkan dengan Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dengan syarat dan ketentuan yang sama sehingga Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV sudah tidak berlaku lagi. Wesel Tranche B akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2022, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo atau dilakukan pendanaan kembali sesuai prasyarat. Prasyarat Wesel Tranche B sama dengan Wesel Tranche A.

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28. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

These Tranche A Notes bear annual interest rates as follows:

- from the effective date of the to three (3) years after the effective date: three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 1% per annum (capped at 6%);
- from more than three (3) years to five (5) years after the effective date: three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 2% per annum; and
- from and after more than five (5) years after the effective date: three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 3% per annum.

Subject to an interest amount cap as follows:

- for any month in which any Tranche A Notes or Tranche A Debt (as defined below) remains outstanding, the aggregate amount of interest payable in respect of the Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes (as defined below) and Tranche B Debt (as defined below) outstanding is limited at 50% of the Monthly Mandatory Debts Service (MMDS) amount for that month; and
- for any month after all Tranche A Notes and Tranche A Debt have been repaid, the aggregate amount of interest payable in respect of the Tranche B Notes and Tranche B Debt outstanding and, if applicable, Tranche C Notes and Tranche C Debt outstanding is limited at 33% of the MMDS amount for that month.

Interest is paid quarterly in arrears on the last business day in January, April, July and October of each year commencing in July 2005. Based on CAL X, payment of principal is made quarterly.

Tranche B Notes

In line with the debt restructuring agreement, the Company has also issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD49.7 million and TKFBV has issued Guaranteed Secured Global Notes amounting to USD300.3 million (both referred to the "Tranche B Notes"). On June 25, 2014, Notes issued by TKFBV were exchanged with the Notes issued by the Company with the same terms and conditions and therefore the Notes issued by TKFBV were no longer valid. The Tranche B Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2022, unless redeemed, purchased, or cancelled prior to the maturity date or refinanced in accordance with their terms. The Tranche B Notes share the same terms as the Tranche A Notes.

28. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

Wesel Tranche C

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang, Perusahaan menerbitkan Secured Company Global Notes sebesar USD64,6 juta TKFBV menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Company Global Notes sebesar (keduanya disebut iuta "Wesel Tranche C"). Pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV ditukarkan dengan Wesel vang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dengan svarat dan ketentuan yang sama sehingga Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV sudah tidak berlaku lagi. Wesel Tranche C akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2029, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo atau diperpanjang sesuai dengan persyaratan sampai dengan bulan April 2031. Prasyarat Wesel Tranche C sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A dan Wesel *Tranche* B, kecuali Wesel Tranche C memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar semuanya, tidak ada bunga yang harus diakui. Tetapi biaya restrukturisasi diakui dan dikapitalisasi pada tahun ke-9 dan tahun ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif:
- setelah tanggal dimana semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B, dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar penuh akan dikenakan bunga tetap 2% per tahun; dan
- jika tanggal jatuh tempo diperpanjang sesuai dengan prasyarat Wesel *Tranche* C, LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 1% per tahun dan dikenakan tingkat bunga maksimum yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A dan Wesel *Tranche* B.

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang, kapitalisasi biaya restrukturisasi untuk tahun ke-9 dan ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif telah dilakukan masingmasing pada tahun 2014 dan tahun 2020.

Pada tanggal 12 Juni 2020, Perusahaan melakukan penawaran terhadap pemegang wesel bayar hasil restrukturisasi untuk menukarkan wesel bayar yang dimilikinya menjadi utang bilateral, penawaran ini Exchange dilakukan melalui pengadaan Offer Memorandum yang diajukan oleh Perusahaan kepada para pemegang wesel bayar melalui Clearing System dan Euroclear. Proses Exchange Offer ini telah diselesaikan pada tanggal 10 Juli 2020 dan sebagian besar pemegang wesel bayar berpartisipasi dalam proses ini dan menandatangani Perjanjian Utang Bilateral dengan Perusahaan. Perjanjian Utang Bilateral ini mempunyai ketentuan jadwal pembayaran, tanggal jatuh tempo dan ketentuan bunga yang sama seperti wesel bayar yang ditukarkan.

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28. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Tranche C Notes

In line with the debt restructuring agreement, the Company issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD64.6 million and TKFBV issued Guaranteed Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD381.2 million (both referred to "Tranche C Notes"). On June 25, 2014, Notes issued by TKFBV were exchanged with the Notes issued by the Company with the same terms and conditions and therefore the Notes issued by TKFBV were no longer valid. The Tranche C Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2029, unless redeemed, purchased or cancelled prior to the maturity date or extended in accordance with their terms to a date in April 2031. Tranche C Notes share the same terms as the Tranche A and Tranche B Notes except that the Tranche C Notes bear annual interest rates as follows:

- from the effective date until all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, no interest will be accrued. However, a restructuring fee will be accrued and be capitalized on the dates falling the 9th year and 15th year after the effective date;
- after the date on which all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, bears a fixed interest rate of 2% per annum; and
- if the final maturity date is extended in accordance with the terms of the Tranche C Notes, three (3)-month LIBOR (for US dollar) plus 1% per annum, but subject to the same interest amount limit as the Tranche A Notes and the Tranche B Notes.

In accordance with the debt restructuring agreement, capitalization of the restructuring fee for the 9th and 15th year after the effective date has been applied in year 2014 and year 2020, respectively.

On June 12, 2020, the Company made an offering to the noteholders for the notes under the restructuring to exchange the notes into bilateral loan, such offer has been made by the Company through the Exchange Offer Memorandum which was distributed by the Company to the noteholders through Clearing System and Euroclear. On July 10, 2020, the process of the exchange of the notes has been completed and majority of the noteholders has participated in the process and have executed the Bilateral Facility Agreement with the Company. The Bilateral Facility Agreement has the same payment schedule, maturity date and interest rate as the exchanged Notes.

28. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

Pihak yang Belum Berpartisipasi

Kesepakatan atas saldo utang kepada pihak yang belum berpartisipasi dalam restrukturisasi utang sangat tergantung dari penelaahan lebih lanjut oleh Perusahaan, dan/atau penyelesaiannya tergantung dari proses verifikasi saldo pinjaman (*proof of debt*) dan/atau pemenuhan semua persyaratan yang berhubungan sebagaimana diatur dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang Perusahaan.

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28. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Non-Participants

The resolution on the outstanding indebtedness to creditors who did not participate in the debt restructuring are subject to further review by the Company and/or successful completion of the relevant proof of debts process and/or fulfillment of all relevant requirements under the Company's debt restructuring agreement.

29. UTANG OBLIGASI

Akun ini terdiri dari:

29. BONDS PAYABLE

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pihak Ketiga Shinhan Investment Corporation & Hana Financial Investment Co., Ltd	-	9.375	Third Parties Shinhan Investment Corporation & Hana Financial Investment Co., Ltd
Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun	<u>-</u>	(9.375)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang			Long-term Portions

Pada tanggal 7 September 2018, Perusahaan menerbitkan 1st non-guaranteed floating rate bonds PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk sebesar USD25,0 juta dengan jangka waktu tiga (3) tahun. Perusahaan menunjuk Shinhan Investment Corporation ("Shinhan") sebagai lead manager dan Hana Financial Investment Co., Ltd sebagai penjamin emisi. Utang obligasi ini telah dilunasi pada tanggal 14 Juni 2021.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, saldo utang obligasi dari Shinhan adalah masing-masing sebesar nihil dan USD9,4 juta.

On September 7, 2018, the Company issued the 1st nonguaranteed floating rate bonds of PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk amounting to USD25.0 million for the period of three (3) years. The Company appoints Shinhan Investment Corporation ("Shinhan") as lead manager and Hana Financial Investment Co., Ltd as the underwriters. This bonds payable has been paid on June 14, 2021.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the outstanding balances of loan to Shinhan amounted to nil and USD9.4 million, respectively.

30. LIABILITAS IMBALAN KERJA

Liabilitas imbalan kerja karyawan untuk tanggal 30 Juni 2021 adalah estimasi manajemen, sedangkan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2020 telah dihitung oleh PT Sentra Jasa Aktuaria, aktuaris independen, dalam laporannya tertanggal 5 Maret 2021, dengan menggunakan metode "Projected Unit Credit" dan asumsi-asumsi sebagai berikut:

30. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY

Employee benefits liability for the as of June 30, 2021 was estimated by management, while as of December 31, 2020 was calculated by PT Sentra Jasa Aktuaria, an independent actuary, in its reports dated March 5, 2021, using the "Projected Unit Credit" method and the following assumptions:

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30. LIABILITAS IMBALAN KERJA (Lanjutan)

Tingkat kecacatan

30. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY (Continued)

Tingkat diskonto 3,64% - 7,18% per tahun, Discount rate 3.64% - 7.18% per annum, 5% per tahun/5% per annum Tingkat kenaikan gaji Salary increment rate Tingkat pengunduran diri 8% untuk karyawan berumur dibawah 30 tahun Voluntary resignation rate secara sukarela dan akan secara sukarela terus berkurang sampai 0% pada usia 50 tahun/ 8 % for employees below the age of 30 years and will linearly decrease until 0% at the age of 50 years Tabel Mortalita Indonesia 2019 (TMI'19) Tingkat mortalitas Mortality rate Indonesian Mortality Table 2019 (TMI'19) 55 tahun/55 years Usia pensiun normal Normal retirement age

10% dari tingkat kematian/

10% of the mortality rate

Analisa liabilitas imbalan keria yang diakui dalam laporan

Analysi

posisi keuangan konsolidasian adalah sebagai berikut:

Analysis of employee benefits liability recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position is as follows:

Disability rate

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Nilai kini kewajiban imbalan pasti Nilai wajar atas aset program	36.272 	37.684	Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets
Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja	36.272	37.684	Employee Benefits Liability

Mutasi liabilitas imbalan kerja karyawan adalah sebagai berikut:

Movement of employee benefits liability is as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Saldo awal	37.684	41.469	Beginning balance
Beban yang			Expense recognized
diakui dalam laba rugi	570	4.764	in profit or loss
Pengukuran kembali yang diakui dalam			Remeasurements recognized in
penghasilan komprehensif lain	606	5.004	other comprehensive income
Pembayaran manfaat	(1.574)	(12.975)	Benefits paid
Transfer masuk	-	22	Transfer in
Penyesuaian selisih kurs	(1.014)	(600)	Foreign exchange adjustment
Saldo Akhir Tahun	36.272	37.684	Ending Balance

31. MODAL SAHAM

Susunan pemegang saham Perusahaan dan total kepemilikan saham pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020, berdasarkan catatan Biro Administrasi Efek (BAE) Kustodian Sentral Efek Indonesia (KSEI) adalah sebagai berikut:

31. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's shareholders and their respective shareholdings as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, based on the Securities Administration Agency's (BAE) and Central Custodian Stock Indonesian (KSEI) records are as follows:

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31. MODAL SAHAM (Lanjutan)

31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

	30 Juni 202	1 dan 31 Desembe	r 2020/	
	June 30, 202	21 and December 3	31, 2020	
	Jumlah Saham			
	Ditempatkan dan			
	Disetor Penuh			
	(dalam satuan			
	penuh)/	Persentase		
	Number of Shares	Kepemilikan/		
	Issued and	Percentage of	Jumlah/	
Pemegang Saham	Fully Paid (in full amounts)	Ownership (%)	Amounts (USD)	Shareholders
PT Purinusa Ekapersada	1.857.744.987	59,67	408.645	PT Purinusa Ekapersada
Masyarakat (masing-masing				•
dibawah 5%)	1.255.478.583	40,33	276.165	Public (each below 5%)
Total	3.113.223.570	100,00	684.810	Total

32. TAMBAHAN MODAL DISETOR

32. ADDITIONAL PAID - IN CAPITAL

Rincian tambahan modal disetor adalah sebagai berikut:

Detail of additional paid-in capital is as follow:

	30 Jun 2021 dan 31 Des 2020/ Jun 30, 2021 and Dec 31, 2020	
Dividen saham	104.388	Share dividends
Penawaran umum perdana	34.059	Initial public offering
Konversi obligasi	22.533	Bond conversion
Penerbitan saham bonus	(130.779)	Issuance of bonus shares
Lainnya	(986)	Others
Total	29.215	Total

33. SALDO LABA DAN DIVIDEN

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan pada tanggal 25 Agustus 2020, pemegang saham setuju untuk membagikan dividen tunai tahun 2019 sebesar USD5,3 juta (setara dengan Rp77,8 miliar) atau setara dengan Rp25 per lembar saham. Dividen tersebut dibagikan kepada pemegang saham yang terdaftar pada tanggal 4 September 2020. Dividen kas ini dibayarkan pada tanggal 25 September 2020.

Dalam Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan tersebut, pemegang saham juga menetapkan saldo laba yang ditentukan penggunaannya sebesar USD1,0 juta (setara dengan Rp14,7 miliar) sebagai cadangan dana umum dalam rangka memenuhi ketentuan pasal 70 Undang-undang Perseroan Terbatas No. 40 Tahun 2007.

33. RETAINED EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS

Based on the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated August 25, 2020, the shareholders approved the distribution of cash dividends for the year 2019 amounting to USD5.3 million (equivalent to Rp77.8 billion) or equivalent to Rp25 per share. The dividends were distributed to all of its registered shareholders as of September 4, 2020. These cash dividends were paid on September 25, 2020.

In the said Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the shareholders also approved the appropriation of retained earnings amounting to USD1.0 million (equivalent Rp14.7 billion) for general reserve in compliance with the article 70 of Corporation Law No. 40 of 2007.

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34. PENJUALAN NETO

34. NET SALES

Rincian penjualan neto diklasifikasikan sebagai berikut:

The detail of net sales is classified as follows:

⊑nam b	ulan ya	ng beraki	iir pada	tanggai/

	Six-month pe		
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ <i>Jun 30, 2020</i>	
Jenis Barang			Type of Goods
Kertas budaya	368.082	346.493	Cultural paper
Kertas industri dan lainnya	156.033	103.577	Industrial paper and others
Penjualan Neto (Catatan 41)	524.115	450.070	Net Sales (Note 41)

Rincian penjualan berdasarkan pelanggan adalah sebagai berikut:

The detail of sales based on customers is as follows:

	Enam bulan yang ber Six-month pe		
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ <i>Jun 30, 2020</i>	
Pihak ketiga (masing-masing dibawah 10% dari penjualan neto)	319.814	290.285	Third parties (each below 10% of net)
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 42a) <u>Lokal</u>			Related parties (Note 42a) <u>Local</u>
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah	193.600	155.381	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah Others (each below 10% of
10% dari penjualan neto)	5.024	4.290	net sales)
Sub-total	198.624	159.671	Sub-total
Ekspor Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			<u>Export</u> Others (each below 10% of
10% dari penjualan neto)	5.677	114_	net sales)
Total penjualan - pihak berelasi	204.301	159.785	Total sales - related parties
Penjualan Neto	524.115	450.070	Net Sales

35. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN

35. COST OF GOODS SOLD

Rincian beban pokok penjualan adalah sebagai berikut:

The detail of cost of goods sold is as follows:

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Six-month per	iods ended	
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ Jun 30, 2020	
Bahan baku			Raw materials
Saldo awal periode	40.691	39.952	At beginning of period
Pembelian	244.257	224.811	Purchases
Bahan baku tersedia			Raw materials
untuk diproduksi	284.948	264.763	available for manufacturing
Bahan baku pada akhir periode	(54.290)	(60.313)	Raw materials at end of period

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35. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN (Lanjutan)

35. COST OF GOODS SOLD (Continued)

Enam bulan yang	berakhir p	ada tanggal/
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	Six-month per	iods ended	
	30 Jun 2021/	30 Jun 2020/	
	Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	
Pemakaian bahan baku	230.658	204.450	Raw materials used
Tenaga kerja langsung	9.752	10.833	Direct labor
Beban pabrikasi	185.508	181.716	Manufacturing overhead
Total beban produksi	425.918	396.999	Total production costs
Persediaan barang dalam proses			Work-in-process inventory
Saldo awal periode	18.440	15.282	At beginning of period
Saldo akhir periode	(21.072)	(21.584)	At end of period
Beban pokok produksi Persediaan barang jadi	423.286	390.697	Cost of goods manufactured Finished goods inventory
Saldo awal periode	158.597	148.696	At beginning of period
Saldo akhir periode	(131.848)	(147.765)	At end of period
Beban Pokok Penjualan	450.035	391.628	Cost of Goods Sold

Perusahaan melakukan transaksi pembelian dengan pihak berelasi (Catatan 42b).

The Company had purchase transactions with related parties (Note 42b).

Rincian pembelian bahan baku, bahan baku tidak langsung dan suku cadang dari pemasok adalah sebagai berikut:

The detail of purchase from suppliers for raw material, indirect material and spare-parts is as follows:

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Six-month per	iods ended	
	30 Jun 2021/	30 Jun 2020/	
	Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	
<u>Pemasok</u>			<u>Suppliers</u>
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
(masing-masing dibawah			(each below 10% of
10% dari penjualan neto)	155.472	104.311	net sales)
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 42b)			Related parties (Note 42b)
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	168.401	184.057	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			Others (each below
10% dari penjualan neto)	22.102	15.604	10% of net sales)
Subtotal	190.503	199.661	Subtotal
Total pembelian	345.975	303.972	Total purchases
Pembelian bahan pembantu			Purchases of indirect material
dan suku cadang	(101.718)	(79.161)	and spare parts
Total Pembelian Bahan Baku	244.257	224.811	Total Purchases of Raw Materials

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35. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN (Lanjutan)

Rincian pemasok dengan nilai pembelian melebihi 10% dari total penjualan neto adalah sebagai berikut:

35. COST OF GOODS SOLD (Continued)

The detail of supplier with the purchase value exceeding 10% of the total net sales is as follows:

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Six-month pe	riods ended	
	30 Jun 2021/	30 Jun 2020/	
	Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	168.401	184.057	PT Cakrawala Mega I.

36. BEBAN USAHA

36. OPERATING EXPENSES

The account consists of:

a. Beban Penjualan

Akun ini terdiri dari:

a. Selling Expenses

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Six-month per	rioas enaea	
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ Jun 30, 2020	
Ongkos angkut	23.667	12.610	Freight
Gaji dan upah	1.969	1.614	Salaries and wages
Komisi	721	767	Commission
Administrasi bank	490	389	Bank charges
Beban kantor (Catatan 42d)	227	312	Office expenses (Note 42d)
Perjalanan dinas	12	129	Traveling
Penyusutan (Catatan 16)	2	1	Depreciation (Note 16)
Lain-lain	1.949	2.201	Others
Total	29.037	18.023	Total

b. Beban Umum dan Administrasi

b. General and Administrative Expenses

:nam	bulan	yang	bera	Knir	pada	tanggai	,
	~ .					-	

	Six-month per	noas enaea	
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ <i>Jun 30, 2020</i>	
Gaji dan upah	12.553	5.540	Salaries and wages
Jasa manajemen dan			Management and
profesional (Catatan 42c)	5.541	5.370	professional fees (Note 42c)
Perbaikan dan pemeliharaan	767	479	Repairs and maintenance
Penyusutan (Catatan 15 dan 16)	634	444	Depreciation (Notes 15 and 16)
Beban kantor (Catatan 42d)	500	672	Office expenses (Note 42d)
Asuransi	54	652	Insurance
Perjalanan dinas	30	93	Traveling
Lain-lain	1.466	1.444	Others
Total	21.545	14.694	Total

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37. BEBAN BUNGA

Beban bunga berasal dari bunga atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan jangka panjang, pinjaman jangka panjang, wesel bayar, utang obligasi dan liabilitas sewa.

37. INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense is derived from interest incurred on short-term and long-term bank loans, long-term loans, notes payable, bond payable and lease liabilities.

		Six-month periods ended		
	-	30 Jun 2021/	30 Jun 2020/	
		Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	
	Beban bunga kontraktual	22.220	27.287	Contractual interest expense
	Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan		•	Net adjustment on implementation
	PSAK No. 71 dan 73	(1.953)	(137)	of PSAK No. 71 and 73
	Beban Bunga Efektif	20.267	27.150	Effective Interest Expense
38.	PERPAJAKAN		38. TAXATION	
	a. Pajak Dibayar Dimuka		a. Prepaid Taxes	
		30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
	Pajak Pertambahan Nilai	4.833	4.953	Value-Added Tax
	Pajak penghasilan	18	10	Income taxes
	Total	4.851	4.963	Total
	b. Utang Pajak		b. Taxes Payable	
		30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
	Pajak penghasilan			Income taxes
	Pasal 21	403	786	Article 21
	Pasal 22	65	41	Article 22
	Pasal 23/26	200	186	Article 23/26
	Pasal 29	1.704	2.409	Article 29
	Total	2.372	3.422	Total

c. Taksiran Manfaat (Beban) Pajak Penghasilan

Taksiran manfaat (beban) pajak penghasilan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah sebagai berikut:

c. Estimated Income Tax Benefit (Expense)

Estimated income tax benefit (expense) of the Company and Subsidiaries is as follows:

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

Six-month per		
30 Jun 2021/ 30 Jun 2020/		
Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	
		Current
(1.858)	(1.286)	Company
		Deferred
125	725	Company
(20)	(80)	Subsidiaries
		Estimated Income Tax
(1.753)	(641)	Expense - Net
	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021 (1.858) 125 (20)	Jun 30, 2021 Jun 30, 2020 (1.858) (1.286) 125 725 (20) (80)

38. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

Rekonsiliasi antara laba Perusahaan sebelum beban pajak penghasilan dan estimasi laba kena pajak untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020, berdasarkan laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain dalam Rupiah Indonesia, adalah sebagai berikut:

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38. TAXATION (Continued)

Reconciliation between profit before income tax expense attributable to the Company and estimated taxable profit for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, based on the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in Indonesian Rupiah. is as follows:

	2021 (Dalam ribuan Rupiah/ In thousands of Rupiah)	2020 (Dalam ribuan Rupiah/ In thousands of Rupiah)	
Laha Dawashaan	or Kupian j	Of Rapian j	Duesit hasawa inaawaa tay
Laba Perusahaan			Profit before income tax
sebelum beban			expense attributable
pajak penghasilan			to the Company
Januari-Juni	146.868.275	43.962.418	January-June
Juli-Desember (taksiran)	211.289.305	219.594.047	July-December (estimated)
Beda waktu:			Temporary differences:
Penyusutan aset tetap	119.291.548	74.318.750	Depreciation of fixed assets
Beban imbalan kerja	(29.101.325)	(54.553.395)	Employee benefit expense
Lain-lain	(79.321.242)	540.417	Others
Beda tetap:			Permanent differences:
Penghasilan bunga final	(9.868.353)	(14.121.048)	Final interest income
Penghasilan sewa final	(4.569.764)	(3.898.417)	Final rental income
Sewa	(55.899.892)	(54.563.422)	Leasing
Lain-lain	(15.103.028)	(17.547.751)	Others
Estimasi Akumulasi Laba			Estimated Fiscal Profit
Fiskal - Akhir Tahun	283.585.524	193.731.599	Carry - forward - at End of Year

Beda temporer terutama terdiri dari penyusutan aset tetap, penyesuaian neto atas penerapan PSAK No. 71 dan cadangan imbalan kerja. Beda tetap terutama terdiri dari penghasilan bunga yang sudah merupakan obyek pajak bersifat final.

d. Pajak Tangguhan

Mutasi aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan - neto dan manfaat (beban) pajak yang terkait adalah sebagai berikut: Temporary differences consist mainly of depreciation of fixed assets, net adjustment on adoption of PSAK No. 71 and provision for employee benefits. Permanent differences consist mainly of interest income already subjected to final tax.

d. Deferred Tax

Movement of deferred tax assets (liabilities) - net and the related tax benefit (expense) is as follows:

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38. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

38. TAXATION (Continued)

Dikreditkan

	31 Desember/ December 31, 2020	Dibebankan ke Laba Rugi/ Charged to Profit or Loss	(Dibebankan) ke Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain/ Charged to Other Comprehensive Income	30 Juni 2021/ June 30, 2021	
Perusahaan					Company
Aset pajak tangguhan					Deferred tax assets
Revaluasi aset tetap setelah					Revaluation of fixed assets -
dikurangi penyusutan	598	(33)	-	565	net of depreciation
Imbalan kerja	7.085	(286)	115	6.914	Employee benefits
Penyisihan rugi penurunan					Allowance for impairment loss
nilai piutang	1.933	(148)	-	1.785	of receivables
Aset hak guna	2	1	-	3	Right-of-use asset
Laba (rugi) neto belum					Net unrealized gain (loss)
direalisasi atas perubahan					on fair value changes of
nilai wajar aset dan					financial assets
liabilitas keuangan	(1.166)	(383)		(1.549)	and liabilities
Total	8.452	(849)	115	7.718	Total
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan					Deferred tax liability
Aset tetap	(38.148)	974		(37.174)	Fixed assets
Liabilitas Pajak					Deferred Tax
Tangguhan - Neto	(29.696)	125	115	(29.456)	Liability - Net
Entitas anak					Subsidiaries
Aset Pajak					Deferred Tax
Tangguhan - Neto	1.178	(20)	-	1.158	Assets - Net

	31 Desember/ December 31, 2019	Dibebankan ke Laba Rugi/ Charged to Profit or Loss	(Dibebankan) ke Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain/ Charged to Other Comprehensive Income	Penyesuaian Akibat Perubahan Tarif Pajak/ Adjustment	Penyesuaian Saldo atas Penerapan PSAK Baru/ Adjustment upon Application of New PSAKs	31 Desember/ December 31, 2020	
Perusahaan							Company
Aset pajak tangguhan							Deferred tax assets
Revaluasi aset tetap setelah							Revaluation of fixed assets -
dikurangi penyusutan	873	(231)	-	(44)	-	598	net of depreciation
Imbalan kerja	8,215	(1,669)	950	(411)	-	7,085	Employee benefits
Penyisihan rugi penurunan							Allowance for impairment loss
nilai piutang	-	23	-	(100)	2,010	1,933	of receivables
Aset hak guna	-	2	-	-	-	2	Right-of-use asset
Laba (rugi) neto belum							Net unrealized gain (loss)
direalisasi atas perubahan							on fair value changes of
nilai wajar aset dan							financial assets
liabilitas keuangan	(977)	(238)		49		(1,166)	and liabilities
Total	8,111	(2,113)	950	(506)	2,010	8,452	Total

Dikreditkan

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38. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

38. TAXATION (Continued)

	31 Desember/ December 31, 2019	Dibebankan ke Laba Rugi/ Charged to Profit or Loss	Dikreditkan (Dibebankan) ke Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain/ Charged to Other Comprehensive Income	Penyesuaian Akibat Perubahan Tarif Pajak/ Adjustment Due to Changes in Tax Rates	Penyesuaian Saldo atas Penerapan PSAK Barul Adjustment upon Application of New PSAKs	31 Desember/ December 31, 2020	
<u>Liabilitas pajak tangguhan</u> Aset tetap	(40,074)	(78)	-	2,004	-	(38,148)	<u>Deferred tax liability</u> Fixed assets
Liabilitas Pajak Tangguhan - Neto	(31,963)	(2,191)	950	1,498	2,010	(29,696)	Deferred Tax Liability - Net
Entitas anak Aset Pajak Tangguhan - Neto	2,154	(731)		(260)	14	1,178	Subsidiaries Deferred Tax Assets - Net

e. Surat Ketetapan Pajak

Pada tanggal 18 Mei 2020, Perusahaan menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) No. 00056/406/18/092/20 atas pajak penghasilan badan tahun pajak 2018 sebesar Rp58,2 miliar dan rugi fiskal neto Perusahaan ditetapkan sebesar Rp120,5 miliar.

Pada tanggal 2 Maret 2021, Perusahaan menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Kurang Bayar (SKPKB) No. 00003/206/19/092/21 atas pajak penghasilan badan tahun pajak 2019 sebesar Rp1,3 milyar dan laba fiskal neto Perusahaan ditetapkan sebesar Rp1,4 triliun (dalam proses pembetulan Surat Ketetapan Pajak).

f. Administrasi

Berdasarkan Undang-undang perpajakan yang berlaku di Indonesia, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghitung dan membayarkan sendiri besarnya total pajak yang terutang. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak lokal melakukan perhitungan dan melaporkan SPT sendiri. SPT konsolidasian tidak diperkenankan dalam peraturan perpajakan Indonesia. Direktorat Jenderal Pajak dapat menetapkan dan mengubah liabilitas pajak dalam batas waktu lima (5) tahun sejak tanggal terutang pajak.

g. Tarif Pajak

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2020, Pemerintah menerbitkan Peraturan Pemerintah No. 1/2020 terkait kebijakan keuangan negara dan stabilitas sistem keuangan untuk penanganan pandemi *Coronavirus Disease* ("COVID-19") yang di antara lain, merubah tarif pajak penghasilan badan dari 25% menjadi 22% untuk tahun pajak 2020-2021 dan 20% untuk tahun pajak 2022 dan seterusnya.

e. Tax Assessment

On May 18, 2020, the Company received Tax Overpayment Assessment Letter (SKPLB) No. 00056/406/18/092/20 on corporate income tax for the fiscal year 2018 amounting to Rp58.2 billion and net taxable loss of the Company settled at Rp120.5 billion.

On March 2, 2021, the Company received Tax Underpayment Assessment Letter (SKPKB) No. 00003/206/19/092/21 on corporate income tax for he fiscal year 2019 amounting to Rp1.3 billion and net taxable profit of the Company settled at Rp1.4 trillion (in the process of correcting the Assessment Letter).

f. Administration

Under the taxation laws of Indonesia, the Company and certain domestic Subsidiaries submit their tax returns on the basis of self - assessment. The Company and certain domestic Subsidiaries calculate and submit their annual tax calculation and returns, consolidated tax returns being prohibited under the taxation laws of Indonesia. The Directorate General of Taxation may assess or amend taxes within five (5) years from the date the tax became due.

g. Tax Rate

On March 31, 2020, the Government issued Government Regulation No. 1/2020 relating to state financial policies and financial system stability in response to Coronavirus Disease ("COVID-19") outbreak in which among others, changed the corporate income tax rate from 25% to 22% for fiscal year 2020-2021 and 20% for fiscal year 2022 onwards.

38. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

Januari - Juni 2021

Januari - Juni 2020

Berdasarkan Peraturan Pemerintah No.30 Tahun 2020 dan Undang-undang No. 2 Tahun 2020, Perusahaan Terbuka dapat memperoleh pengurangan tarif Pajak Penghasilan 3% lebih rendah dari tarif tertinggi, jika memenuhi persyaratan-persyaratan yang telah ditentukan. Perusahaan telah memenuhi ketentuan tersebut, oleh karena itu telah menggunakan pengurangan tarif pajak dalam penghitungan pajak penghasilan badan.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan telah dihitung menggunakan tarif pajak tersebut.

39. LABA PER SAHAM DASAR YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK

Perhitungan laba neto per saham dasar adalah sebagai berikut:

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38. TAXATION (Continued)

Based on the Government Regulation No. 30 year 2020 and Law No. 2 Year 2020, a Public Company could obtain 3% tax rate reduction from the highest rate after fulfilling the requirements determined. The Company complies with the requirements, therefore has affected the tax rate reduction in its corporate income tax computation.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have been calculated using thiese tax rates.

39. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE PARENT

Laba per Saham

The following presents the computation of basic earnings per share:

		Dasar/	
		yang dapat	
	Total Rata-rata	Diatribusikan	
Laba Neto	Tertimbang Saham	kepada Pemilik	
yang Dapat	Biasa yang Beredar	Entitas Induk (USD)	
Diatribusikan	(Dalam Satuan	(Dalam Satuan Penuh)/	
kepada Pemilik	Penuh)/	Basic/	
Entitas Induk /	Weighted Average	Earnings Per	
Net Profit	Number of	Share Attributable	
Attributable to	Common Shares	to Owners	
Owners of	Outstanding	of the Parent (USD)	
the Parent	(In Full Amount)	(In Full Amount)	
118.405	3.113.223.570	0,0380	January
89.604	3.113.223.570	0,0288	January

Perusahaan tidak menghitung laba per saham dilusian karena Perusahaan tidak memiliki saham yang mempunyai efek dilutif potensial pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020.

The Company did not calculate diluted earnings per share since the Company had no shares that have a potential dilutive effect as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

- June 2021

- June 2020

40. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT

Saldo aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang selain Dolar Amerika Serikat pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 adalah sebagai berikut:

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40. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR

The outstanding monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than United States Dollar as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

		30 Jun 2021/.	Jun 30. 2021	
		Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS (dalam ribuan)/ Currency Other than US Dollar (in thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	
ASET				ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
dan aset lancar lainnya	_			and other current assets
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	801.288.187	55.277	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	592	705	European Euro
Yuan Cina	CNY	2.330	361	Chinese Yuan
Yen Jepang	JPY	14.440	131	Japanese Yen
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	AED	367	100	United Arab Emirates Dirham
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	552	71	Hong Kong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	6	4	Singaporean Dollar
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil				Investment in Danamas Stabil
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	258.467.934	17.831	Indonesian Rupiah
Piutang usaha dan piutang lain-lain				Trade and other receivables
Yuan Cina	CNY	57.681	8.930	Chinese Yuan
Euro Eropa	EUR	2.055	2.446	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	1.412	1.955	British Poundsterling
Yen Jepang	JPY	193.451	1.749	Japanese Yen
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	22.173.801	1.529	Indonesian Rupiah
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	AED	530	144	United Arab Emirates Dirham
Piutang lain-lain -				Other receivables -
pihak berelasi				related parties
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	19.041.286	1.314	Indonesian Rupiah
Ringgit Malaysia	MYR	7	2	Malaysian Ringgit
Uang jaminan				Refundable deposits
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	33.384.478	2.303	Indonesian Rupiah
Total Aset	•		94.852	Total Assets
LIABILITAS			0 1.002	LIABILITIES
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan				Short-term bank loans and
pembiayaan musyarakah				musyarakah financing
Rupiah Indonesia	Dn	3.701.407.610	255.342	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	Rp CNY	3.701.407.610 1.762	255.342 273	Thaonesian Rupian Chinese Yuan
			248	
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	180		British Poundsterling
Euro Eropa	EUR	192	228	European Euro
Dolar Singapura	SGD	27	20	Singaporean Dollar

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40. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

40. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

		30 Jun 2021/J	lun 30. 2021	
	_	Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS (dalam ribuan)/ Currency Other than US Dollar (in thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	
Utang usaha dan				Trade payables
utang lain-lain				and other payables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	1.809.198.804	124.807	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	493	588	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	110	152	British Poundsterling
Yen Jepang	JPY	16.549	150	Japanese Yen
Dolar Singapura	SGD	185	137	Singaporean Dollar
Yuan Cina	CNY	210	33	Chinese Yuan
Dolar Canada	CAD	39	31	Canadian Dollar
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi				Other payables - related parties
Yen Jepang	JPY	10.769	98	Japanese Yen
Indonesian Rupiah	Rp	17.814	1	Indonesian Rupiah
Beban masih harus dibayar dan				Accrued expenses and
liabilitas imbalan kerja				employee benefits liabilities
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	639.603.715	44.123	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	16.409	148	Japanese Yen
Euro Eropa	EUR	115	137	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	73	101	British Poundsterling
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	40	5	Hong Kong Dollar
Liabilitas jangka panjang, pembiayaan musyarakah dan utang murabahah				Long term liabilities, musyarakah financing and murabahah payable
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	2.439.652.502	168.299	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	4.139.811	37.427	Japanese Yen
Euro Eropa	EUR	29.599	35.231	European Euro
Total Liabilitas			667.579	Total Liabilities
Liabilitas Neto			(572.727)	Net Liabilities

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40. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

40. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

	_	31 Des 2020/ <i>L</i>	Dec 31, 2020	
	_	Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS (dalam ribuan)/ Currency Other than US Dollar (in thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	
ASET				ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
dan aset lancar lainnya				and other current assets
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	473.887.643	33.598	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	667	820	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	50.629	490	Japanese Yen
Yuan Cina	CNY	2.456	376	Chinese Yuan
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	AED	1.248	340	United Arab Emirates Dirham
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	561	72	Hong Kong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	8	6	Singaporean Dollar
Piutang usaha dan piutang lain-lain				Trade and other receivables
Yuan Cina	CNY	94.413	14.468	Chinese Yuan
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	31.350.239	2.223	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	1.787	2.195	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	1.349	1.825	British Poundsterling
Yen Jepang	JPY	12.284	119	Japanese Yen
Piutang lain-lain -				Other receivables -
pihak berelasi	_			related parties
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	10.213.281	724	Indonesian Rupiah
Ringgit Malaysia	MYR	7	2	Malaysian Ringgit
Uang jaminan				Refundable deposits
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	27.984.478	1.984	Indonesian Rupiah
Total Aset			59.242	Total Assets
LIABILITAS				LIABILITIES
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan				Short-term bank loans and
pembiayaan musyarakah				musyarakah financing
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	3.803.107.134	269.629	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar Singapura	SGD	1.209	913	Singaporean Dollar
Yen Jepang	JPY	27.097	262	Japanese Yen
Euro Eropa	EUR	159	195	European Euro
Utang usaha dan				Trade payables
utang lain-lain				and other payables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	1.734.425.323	122.966	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	677	832	European Euro
Dolar Singapura	SGD	314	237	Singaporean Dollar
.				3 ,

40. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

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40. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

	_	31 Des 2020/L	Dec 31, 2020	
	_	Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS (dalam ribuan)/ Currency Other than US Dollar (in thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	
Yen Jepang	JPY	20.838	202	Japanese Yen
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	79	107	British Poundsterling
Dolar Canada	CAD	85	66	Canadian Dollar
Yuan Cina	CNY	180	28	Chinese Yuan
Franc Swiss	CHF	1	1	Swiss Franc
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi Yen Jepang Indonesian Rupiah	JPY Rp	6.194 23.009	60 2	Other payables - related parties Japanese Yen Indonesian Rupiah
Beban masih harus dibayar dan liabilitas imbalan kerja Rupiah Indonesia Euro Eropa Yen Jepang Poundsterling Inggris Dolar Hong Kong	Rp EUR JPY GBP HKD	607.549.449 145 17.553 125 40	43.074 179 170 169 5	Accrued expenses and employee benefits liabilities Indonesian Rupiah European Euro Japanese Yen British Poundsterling Hong Kong Dollar
Liabilitas jangka panjang, pembiayaan musyarakah dan utang murabahah Rupiah Indonesia Yen Jepang Euro Eropa	Rp JPY EUR	2.161.502.013 4.960.389 31.332	153.244 47.993 38.497	Long term liabilities, musyarakah financing and murabahah payable Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen European Euro
Total Liabilitas			678.831	Total Liabilities
Liabilitas Neto			(619.589)	Net Liabilities

41. INFORMASI SEGMEN

Perusahaan bergerak dalam dua (2) segmen usaha yaitu produk kertas budaya, kertas industri dan lainnya. Segmen kertas budaya terutama terdiri dari kertas cetak dan tulis serta produk kertas terkait lainnya. Segmen kertas industri terdiri dari kotak karton dan *brown paper*. Segmen produk lainnya termasuk di dalamnya adalah penjualan produk kimia sampingan, yang tidak signifikan. Pemindahan antar segmen usaha dicatat dengan biaya perolehan.

Informasi atas segmen usaha Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

41. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in two (2) business segments i.e. cultural paper products, and industrial paper products and other. The cultural paper segment consists primarily of printing and writing paper, and related paper products. The industrial paper segment consists of carton boxes and brown paper. The other product segment includes the sale of chemical by product, which is not significant. Transfers between business segments are accounted for at cost.

The information concerning the Company's business segments is as follows:

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41. INFORMASI SEGMEN (Lanjutan)

41. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk

	Enam bulan yang be		
	30 Jun 2021/	30 Jun 2020/	
	Jun 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2020	
Informasi Berdasarkan	Juli 30, 2021	Juli 30, 2020	Information Based on
Wilayah Geografis:			Geographical Area:
Ekspor			Export
Asia	246.290	189.846	Asia
Afrika	27.306	43.490	Africa
Amerika	16.599	15.867	America
Eropa	10.168	11.833	Europe
Timur tengah	9.380	18.942	Middle east
Lainnya	15.709	10.396	Others
Total Penjualan Ekspor	325.452	290.374	Total Export Sales
Lokal	198.663	159.696	Local
Total Penjualan Neto Konsolidasian	524.115	450.070	Total Consolidated Net Sales
Informasi Berdasarkan Jenis Produk:			Information Based on Type of Product:
Penjualan Neto			Net Sales
Kertas budaya	368.082	346.493	Cultural paper
Kertas industri dan lainnya	156.033	103.577	Industrial paper and other
Penjualan Neto Konsolidasian	524.115	450.070	Consolidated Net Sales
Beban Pokok Penjualan			Cost of Goods Sold
Kertas budaya	305.804	293,227	Cultural paper
Kertas industri dan lainnya	144.231	98.401	Industrial paper and other
Beban Pokok Penjualan Konsolidasian	450.035	391.628	Consolidated Cost of Goods Sold
-			0
Laba Bruto	00.070	50.000	Gross Profit
Kertas budaya	62.278	53.266	Cultural paper
Kertas industri dan lainnya	11.802	5.176	Industrial paper and other
Laba Bruto Konsolidasian	74.080	58.442	Consolidated Gross Profit
Beban Usaha			Operating Expenses
Kertas budaya	42.524	29.819	Cultural paper
Kertas industri dan lainnya	8.058	2.898	Industrial paper and other
Total Beban Usaha Konsolidasian	50.582	32.717	Total Consolidated Operating Expenses
Laba Usaha			Operating Profit
Kertas budaya	19.754	23.447	Cultural paper
Kertas industri dan lainnya	3.744	2.278	Industrial paper and other
Laba Usaha Konsolidasian	23.498	25.725	Consolidated Operating Profit
Persentase dari total aset			Percentage of total assets
dan liabilitas:			and liabilities:
Kertas budaya	75%	80%	Cultural paper
Kertas industri dan lainnya	25%	20%	Industrial paper and other
Total	100%	100%	 Total

42. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI

Dalam kegiatan usaha normal, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak melakukan transaksi usaha dan transaksi keuangan dengan pihak berelasi. Pihak-pihak berelasi berada di bawah pengendalian pemegang saham dan/atau Direksi dan/atau Dewan Komisaris yang sama dengan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Transaksi usaha yang dilakukan dengan pihak berelasi terutama meliputi penjualan barang jadi dan pembelian bahan baku. Total penjualan barang jadi ke pihak berelasi sekitar 38,98% dan 35,50% dari total penjualan neto masing-masing untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020. Total pembelian bahan baku (pulp) dari pihak berelasi lebih kurang sebesar 98,02% dan 98,87% dari total pembelian pulp, masing-masing untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020.

Transaksi-transaksi signifikan dengan pihak berelasi adalah sebagai berikut:

- a. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjual kertas budaya. kertas industri dan lainnya di pasar lokal dan pasar internasional melalui pihak berelasi. Total penjualan ekspor melalui pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 1,74% dan 0,04% dari total penjualan ekspor untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020 (Catatan 34). Total penjualan lokal melalui pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 99,98% dan 99,99% dari total penjualan lokal untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020 (Catatan 34). Saldo piutang dari pihak berelasi pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 disajikan dalam "Piutang Usaha -Pihak Berelasi" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 7). Saldo uang muka pelanggan pihak berelasi pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 disajikan dalam "Uang Muka Pelanggan" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 18).
- b. Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020, Perusahaan membeli bahan baku, bahan pembantu dan suku cadang dari PT Cakrawala Mega Indah dan pihak berelasi lainnya, masing-masing sebesar USD190,5 juta dan USD199,7 juta untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020 atau sekitar 36,35% dan 44,36% dari total penjualan neto (Catatan 35). Saldo sehubungan dengan transaksi ini pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 disajikan dalam "Uang muka Pemasok" (Catatan 10) dan "Utang Usaha Pihak Berelasi" (Catatan 20) pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.

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42. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company and its Subsidiaries, in the ordinary course of business, enter into trade and financial transactions with related parties. The related parties are under common control by the same stockholders and/or the same Boards of Directors and/or Board of Commissioners of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

Trade transactions made with related parties consist primarily of sales of finished goods and purchases of raw materials. Sales to related parties were approximately 38.98% and 35.50% of the Company's net sales for six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Total raw materials purchases (pulp) from related parties were approximately 98.02% and 98.87% of the Company's total pulp purchases for sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

- a. The Company and its Subsidiaries sell paper. industrial paper and others on the local and international market through related parties. Total export sales through related parties were approximately 1.74% and 0.04% of the total export sales for six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (Note 34). Total local sales through related parties were approximately 99.98% and 99.99% of the total local sales for six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively (Note 34). The related party receivables as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are presented as part of "Trade Receivables - Related Parties" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 7). The related party advances from customer as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are presented as part of "Advances from Customer" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 18).
- b. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company purchased raw materials, indirect materials and spare-parts from PT Cakrawala Mega Indah and other related parties amounting to USD190.5 million and USD199.7 million for six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, representing approximately 36.35% and 44.36% of the net sales (Note 35). Balances related to these transactions as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are presented as part of "Advances to Suppliers" (Note 10) and "Trade Payables Related Parties" (Note 20) in the consolidated statements of financial position.

42. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI (Lanjutan)

- c. APP menyediakan jasa manajemen tertentu kepada Perusahaan. Beban jasa manajemen sehubungan dengan jasa-jasa tersebut adalah sebesar USD3,4 juta masing-masing untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020. Beban jasa manajemen ini disajikan dalam "Beban Usaha - Umum dan Administrasi - Jasa Manajemen dan Profesional" (Catatan 36b). Saldo utang lain-lain kepada pihak berelasi pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 disajikan dalam "Utang Lain-Lain Pihak Berelasi" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.
- d. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengadakan perjanjian sewa dengan PT Royal Oriental, pihak berelasi, meliputi sewa ruang kantor dengan total area seluas 1.790 m² pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020, dengan uang sewa USD30 per bulan m². Total beban sewa dan jasa pelayanan yang dibebankan pada usaha masing-masing sebesar USD206,8 ribu dan USD304,7 ribu untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020, dicatat dalam "Beban Usaha - Penjualan - Beban Kantor" dan "Beban Usaha - Umum dan Administrasi - Beban Kantor" (Catatan 36). Sewa dibayar dimuka disajikan dalam "Uang Muka dan Beban Dibayar Dimuka" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 10).
- e. Perusahaan memiliki perjanjian sewa menyewa dengan PT Paramitra Gunakarya Cemerlang, yang dimiliki secara tidak langsung oleh PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk atas sebidang tanah dan bangunan milik Perusahaan seluas 578,75 m² untuk jangka waktu sampai dengan tanggal 31 Desember 2025, dengan harga sewa sebesar Rp700,6 juta per tahun. Total penghasilan sewa untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020 adalah sebesar Rp700,6 juta (setara dengan USD49,9 ribu) dan Rp700,6 juta (setara dengan USD50,4 ribu).
- f. Pada tanggal 18 Desember 2020, Perusahaan telah menandatangani perjanjian sewa menyewa dengan PT Sindopex Perotama, pihak berelasi, atas tanah seluas 3.920 m2 milik Perusahaan untuk jangka waktu 5 (lima) tahun terhitung sejak tanggal 18 Desember 2020 dengan biaya sewa sebesar Rp244,0 juta per tahun. Total penghasilan sewa untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020 adalah sebesar Rp224,0 juta (setara dengan USD17,4 ribu) dan nihil.
- g. Perusahaan juga memiliki rekening bank dan deposito berjangka pada PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk dan investasi jangka pendek pada PT Sinarmas Asset Management, masing-masing bersaldo USD28,7 juta dan USD20,3 juta pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 31 Desember 2020 (Catatan 6 dan 11).

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42. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

- c. APP provided certain management services to the Company. The management fee in connection with these services was USD3.4 million for the sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. This management fee was presented under "Operating Expenses General and Administrative Management and Professional Fees" (Note 36b). The related party other payables as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are presented as part of "Other Payables-Related Parties" in the consolidated statements financial position.
- The Company and its Subsidiary entered into rental agreements with PT Royal Oriental, a related party, for office space with a total area of 1,790 m² as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and with monthly rental fee of USD30 per m2. Total rental and service expenses charged to operations amounting to USD206.8 thousand and USD304.7 thousand for sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, are recorded under "Operating Expenses - Selling - Office Expenses" and "Operating Expenses - General and Administrative - Office Expenses" (Note 36). The prepaid rent is presented "Advances and . Prepaid Expenses" respectively, on the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 10).
- e. The Company has rental agreement with PT Paramitra Gunakarya Cemerlang, who is indirectly owned by PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk in respect of 578.75 m² of land and building owned by the Company in the term as of December 31, 2025, with the rental fee of Rp700.6 million per annum. Total rental income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 amounted Rp700.6 million (equivalent to USD49.9 thousand) and Rp700.6 million (equivalent to USD50.4 thousand).
- f. On December 18, 2020, the Company signed a rental agreement with PT Sindopex Perotama, a related party, for 3,920 m2 of land owned by the Company for the 5 years since December 18, 2020 with rental fee amounted to Rp244.0 million per annum. Total rental income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 amounted to Rp244.0 million (equivalent in USD17.4 thousand) and nil.
- g. The Company had bank accounts and time deposits in PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk and short-term investment in PT Sinarmas Asset Management amounting to USD28.7 million and USD20.3 million as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively (Notes 6 and 11).

42. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI (Lanjutan)

h. Kompensasi manajemen kunci

Total kompensasi imbalan kerja jangka pendek yang dibayar kepada personil manajemen kunci Perusahaan (Dewan komisaris dan Direksi) untuk periode enam bulan berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 dan 2020 adalah sebagai berikut:

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42. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

h. Key management compensation

The total amounts of short-term employee benefits compensation paid to the Company's key management personnel (Boards of Commissioners and Directors) for the six-month periods ended June 30. 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>		30 Jun 2020	Jun 30, 2020		
	Dalam ribuan Rupiah/ In thousands Rupiah	Rupiah/ Equivalent in In thousands thousands of		Setara dalam ribuan Dolar AS/ Equivalent in thousands of US Dollar	S/	
Dewan Komisaris	1.837.539	127	1.925.089	135	Board of Commissioners	
Direksi	3.880.274	268	3.986.110	279	Board of Directors	
Total	5.717.813	395	5.911.199	414	Total	

43. INFORMASI TAMBAHAN ARUS KAS

Reklasifikasi aset dalam pengerjaan

43. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

Aktivitas yang tidak memengaruhi arus kas adalah sebagai berikut:

Activities not affecting cash flows are as follows:

30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	30 Jun 2020/ Jun 30, 2020	
7.158	5.911	Reclassification asset under construction

Mutasi liabilitas yang diklasifikasikan dibawah aktivitas pendanaan dalam laporan arus kas konsolidasian adalah sebagai berikut: Movement of liabilities classified under financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows is as follows:

	Saldo 1 Januari/ Balance as of January 1, 2021	Arus kas - neto/ Cash flows - net	Perubahan selisih kurs/ Foreign exchange movement	Lain-lain/ Others	Saldo 30 Juni/ Balance as of June 30, 2021	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	337.430	17.056	-	-	354.486	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah						Short-term
jangka pendek -						musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	12.761	(344)	-	-	12.417	third parties
Utang dividen	80	-	(2)	-	78	Dividend payable
Liabilitas sewa	9.475	(1.946)	-	(402)	7.127	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang -						Long-term bank loans -
pihak ketiga	209.926	14.803	(2.710)	-	222.019	third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah						Long-term
jangka panjang -						musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	27.826	(3.140)	(716)	-	23.970	third parties
Utang murabahah						Long-term
jangka panjang -						murabahah payables -
pihak ketiga	22.532	(393)	(603)	-	21.536	third parties
Pinjaman jangka panjang	623.949	(92.381)	(4.664)	(1.907)	524.997	Long-term loans
Wesel bayar	47.494	(230)	-	(26)	47.238	Notes payable
Utang obligasi	9.375	(9.375)		-		Bonds payable
Jumlah Tercatat	1.300.848	(75.950)	(8.695)	(2.335)	1.213.868	Carrying Amounts

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43. INFORMASI TAMBAHAN ARUS KAS (Lanjutan)

43. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOWS INFORMATION (Continued)

	Saldo 1 Januari/ Balance as of January 1, 2020	Arus kas - neto/ Cash flows - net	Perubahan selisih kurs/ Foreign exchange movement	Lain-lain/ Others	Saldo 30 Juni 2020/ Balance as of June 30, 2020	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	354.556	63.064	-	-	417.620	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah jangka pendek -						Short-term musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	12.949	(363)	-	-	12.586	third parties
Utang dividen	57	-	(1)	-	56	Dividend payable
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan Pinjaman bank jangka panjang -	12.680	(1.850)	-	-	10.830	Finance lease liabilities Long-term bank loans -
pihak ketiga Pembiayaan musyarakah jangka panjang -	282.635	(56.044)	(2.329)	-	224.262	third parties Long-term musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga Utang murabahah jangka panjang -	33.900	(2.383)	(928)	-	30.589	third parties Long-term murabahah payables -
pihak ketiga	23.613	(351)	(666)	-	22.596	third parties
Pinjaman jangka panjang	134.889	(6.376)	348	98	128.959	Long-term loans
Wesel bayar	609.967	(30.658)	-	(7.880)	571.429	Notes payable
Utang obligasi	21.875	(6.250)	- .		15.625	Bonds payable
Jumlah Tercatat	1.487.121	(41.211)	(3.576)	(7.782)	1.434.552	Carrying Amounts

44. KOMITMEN

Kegiatan usaha Perusahaan sangat tergantung kepada peraturan pemerintah mengenai lingkungan hidup. Peraturan tersebut terus menerus ditelaah dan diperbaharui. Perusahaan mungkin diharuskan untuk mengeluarkan beban-beban yang signifikan agar dapat memenuhi perubahan peraturan mengenai lingkungan hidup tersebut. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa kegiatan usaha Perusahaan sudah sesuai, dalam segala hal yang material, dengan peraturan lingkungan hidup yang ada.

44. COMMITMENTS

The Company's operations are subject to extensive government environmental regulations. Such regulations are continuously being reviewed and amended. The Company may be required to incur significant expenditures in order to comply with changing environmental regulations. The management believes that the Company's operations are in compliance, in all material respects, with existing environmental regulations.

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45. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN

Tabel berikut menyajikan jumlah tercatat dari instrumen keuangan yang dicatat di laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian dan taksiran nilai wajar:

45. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table sets forth the carrying amounts of financial instruments that are carried in the consolidated statements of financial position and estimated fair values:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>J</i>	un 30, 2021	
Akun	Jumlah Tercatat/ Carrying Amounts	Nilai Wajar/ Fair Values	Accounts
Aset Keuangan			Financial Assets
Diukur pada nilai wajar			Measured at fair value
melalui laba rugi (FVTPL)			through profit or loss (FVTPL)
Investasi pada			Investment in
Venture Capital Investment Fund	155.642	155.642	Venture Capital Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil	17.831	17.831	Investment in Danamas Stabil
Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi			Measured at amortized cost
Kas dan setara kas	194.266	194.266	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha - neto	102.733	102.733	Trade receivables - net
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	283	283	Other receivables - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	35.480	35.480	Other current assets
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi			Non-current other receivables -
tidak lancar - neto	114.574	114.574	related parties - net
Total Aset Keuangan	620.809	620.809	Total Financial Assets
Liabilitas Keuangan			Financial Liabilities
Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi			Measured at amortized cost
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	354.486	354.486	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -			Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	12.417	12.417	third parties
Utang usaha	139.913	139.913	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	6.549	6.549	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	11.921	11.921	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non-current - other payables -
jangka panjang	14.039	14.039	related parties
Liabilitas jangka panjang:			Long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa	7.127	7.127	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga	222.019	222.019	Bank loans - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah -			Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	23.970	23.970	third parties
Utang murabahah -			Murabahah payables -
pihak ketiga	21.536	21.536	third parties
Pinjaman jangka panjang	524.997	524.997	Long-term loans
Wesel bayar	47.238	47.238	Notes payable
Total Liabilitas Keuangan	1.386.212	1.386.212	Total Financial Liabilities

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45. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

45. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	202	20	
Alono	Jumlah Tercatat/ Carrying	Nilai Wajar/ <i>Fair</i>	4
Akun	Amounts	Values	Accounts
Aset Keuangan			Financial Assets
<u>Diukur pada nilai wajar</u>			Measured at fair value
melalui laba rugi (FVTPL)			through profit or loss (FVTPL)
Investasi pada			Investment in
Venture Capital Investment Fund	239.113	239.113	Venture Capital Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil	17.786	17.786	Investment in Danamas Stabil
Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi			Measured at amortized cost
Kas dan setara kas	161.037	161.037	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha - neto	69.118	69.118	Trade receivables - net
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	353	353	Other receivables - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	35.650	35.650	Other current assets
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi			Non-current other receivables -
tidak lancar - neto	127.559	127.559	related parties - net
Total Aset Keuangan	650.616	650.616	Total Financial Assets
Liabilitas Keuangan			Financial Liabilities
Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi			Measured at amortized cost
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	337.430	337.430	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -			Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	12.761	12.761	third parties
Utang usaha	129.858	129.858	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	8.693	8.693	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	11.067	11.067	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non-current - other payables -
jangka panjang	13.611	13.611	related parties
Liabilitas jangka panjang:			Long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa	9.475	9.475	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga	209.926	209.926	Bank loans - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah -			Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	27.826	27.826	third parties
Utang murabahah -			Murabahah payables -
pihak ketiga	22.532	22.532	third parties
Pinjaman jangka panjang	623.949	623.949	Long-term loans
Wesel bayar	47.494	47.494	Notes payable
Utang obligasi	9.375	9.375	Bonds payable
Total Liabilitas Keuangan	1.463.997	1.463.997	Total Financial Liabilities

45. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Berdasarkan PSAK No. 68, "Instrumen Keuangan: Pengukuran Nilai Wajar", terdapat tingkatan hirarki nilai wajar sebagai berikut:

- (a) harga kuotasian (tidak disesuaikan) dalam pasar aktif untuk aset atau liabilitas yang identik (*Level* 1),
- (b) input selain harga kuotasian yang termasuk dalam Level 1 yang dapat diobservasi untuk aset atau liabilitas, baik secara langsung (misalnya harga) atau secara tidak langsung (misalnya derivasi dari harga pasar) (Level 2), dan
- (c) *input* untuk aset atau liabilitas yang bukan berdasarkan data pasar yang dapat diobservasi (*input* yang tidak dapat diobservasi) (*Level* 3).

Metode dan asumsi berikut ini digunakan untuk mengestimasi nilai wajar untuk setiap kelompok instrumen keuangan sepanjang nilai tersebut dapat diestimasi:

Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka pendek:

 Instrumen keuangan jangka pendek dengan jatuh tempo satu (1) tahun atau kurang.

Instrumen keuangan ini sangat mendekati jumlah tercatat mereka karena jatuh tempo mereka dalam jangka pendek.

Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang:

 Liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang dengan suku bunga tetap dan variable (liabilitas sewa pembiayaan, pinjaman bank jangka panjang dan utang obligasi).

Nilai wajar dari liabilitas keuangan ini ditentukan dengan mendiskontokan arus kas masa datang menggunakan suku bunga yang berlaku dari transaksi pasar yang dapat diamati untuk instrumen dengan persyaratan, risiko kredit dan jatuh tempo yang sama.

 Instrumen keuangan yang tidak dikuotasikan dalam pasar aktif.

Instrumen keuangan ini dicatat berdasarkan nilai nominal dikurangi penurunan nilai karena nilai wajarnya tidak dapat diukur secara andal. Adalah tidak praktis untuk memperkirakan nilai wajar dari instrumen keuangan dikarenakan tidak memiliki jangka waktu pembayaran yang tetap meskipun tidak diharapkan dapat diselesaikan dalam waktu dua belas (12) bulan setelah akhir periode pelaporan.

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45. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Based on PSAK No. 68, "Fair Value Measurement," there are levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1),
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from market prices) (Level 2), and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Short-term financial assets and liabilities:

• Short-term financial instruments with remaining maturities of one (1) year or less.

These financial instruments approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to their short-term maturities.

Long-term financial assets and liabilities:

 Long-term variable-rate financial liabilities (finance lease liabilities, long-term bank loans and bonds payables).

The fair value of these financial liabilities is determined by discounting future cash flows using applicable rates from observable current market transactions for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

· Financial instruments not quoted on an active market.

These financial instruments are carried at their nominal amount less any impairment losses since their fair value cannot be reliably measured. It is not practical to estimate the fair value of these financial instruments because there are no fixed repayment terms although they are not expected to be settled within twelve (12) months after the end of the reporting period.

45. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

 Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang lainnya (wesel bayar dan pinjaman jangka panjang).

Estimasi nilai wajar didasarkan pada nilai diskonto dari arus kas masa datang yang disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan risiko pihak lawan (untuk aset keuangan) dan risiko kredit Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak (untuk liabilitas keuangan) dan menggunakan suku bunga pasar.

46. PERISTIWA SIGNIFIKAN LAIN

Sejak awal tahun 2020, pandemi virus Corona ("COVID-19") telah menyebar ke berbagai negara, termasuk Indonesia. Di awal bulan Maret 2020, Pemerintah Indonesia secara resmi mengumumkan kasus yang dikonfirmasi terjangkit COVID-19 di Indonesia. Selanjutnya, pandemi ini juga berimbas pada bisnis dan kegiatan perekonomian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak di beberapa aspek.

Perusahaan dan Enitas Anak telah menilai dampak potensial COVID-19 terhadap bisnis dan operasional Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, termasuk proyeksi finansial dan likuiditasnya. Berdasarkan hal ini, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tidak melihat adanya ketidakpastian material yang dapat berdampak buruk secara signifikan terhadap bisnis dan operasional Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atau menimbulkan keraguan signifikan atas kemampuan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak untuk mempertahankan kelangsungan usahanya. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak akan secara berkelanjutan memantau perkembangan pandemi COVID-19 dan mengevaluasi dampaknya.

47. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN

Risiko-risiko Keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dipengaruhi oleh berbagai risiko keuangan, termasuk risiko pasar (termasuk risiko nilai tukar mata uang, risiko tingkat bunga dan risiko fluktuasi harga), risiko kredit dan risiko likuiditas. Tujuan manajemen risiko Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak secara keseluruhan adalah untuk secara efektif mengendalikan risiko-risiko ini dan meminimalisasi pengaruh merugikan yang dapat terjadi terhadap kinerja keuangan mereka.

a. Risiko nilai tukar mata uang

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terkena risiko perubahan nilai tukar mata uang terutama dalam Rupiah Indonesia, Euro Eropa, Yen Jepang dan Yuan Cina atas biaya, aset dan liabilitas tertentu yang timbul karena aktivitas pendanaan dan kegiatan operasional sehari-hari. Informasi mengenai aset dan liabilitas moneter Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dalam mata uang disajikan pada Catatan 40.

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45. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

• Other long-term financial assets and liabilities (notes payable and long-term loans).

Estimated fair value is based on discounted value of future cash flows adjusted to reflect counterparty risk (for financial assets) and the Company and Subsidiaries' own credit risk (for financial liabilities) and using market rates.

46. OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENT

Since early 2020, the Coronavirus disease ("COVID-19") pandemic has spread across many countries including Indonesia. In early March 2020, the Indonesia Government officially announced the confirmed case of COVID-19 in Indonesia. Subsequently, this pandemic has also affected the business and economic activities of the Company and Subsidiaries to some extent.

The Company and Subsidiaries have assessed the potential impact of COVID-19 to their business and operation, as well as their financial projection and liquidity plan. Based on this, the Company and Subsidiaries do not foresee any material uncertainty that may have significant adverse impact to the Company and Subsidiaries' business and operation or may cast significant doubt on the Company and Subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern. The Company and Subsidiaries will continuously monitor the development of the COVID-19 pandemic and evaluate the impact.

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial Risks

The Company and Subsidiaries are influenced by a various financial risk, along with market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price fluctuation risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company and Subsidiaries overall risk management objectives are to effectively manage these risks and minimize potential adverse effects on their financial performance.

a. Currency exchange risk

The Company and Subsidiaries are exposed to currency exchange rate movements primarily in Indonesian Rupiah, European Euro, Japanese Yen and Chinese Yuan on certain expenses, assets and liability that arise from financing activities and daily operations. Information about monetary assets and liabilities of the Company and its Subsidiaries in currencies are disclosed in Note 40.

47. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memonitor dan mengelola risiko ini dengan menyepadankan kewajiban keuangan dalam mata uang dengan aset keuangan dalam mata uang terkait dan melakukan pembelian atau penjualan mata uang saat diperlukan.

Jika pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 Dolar AS melemah/menguat 5% terhadap mata uang Rupiah Indonesia, Euro Eropa dan Yen Jepang dan Yuan Cina, dengan seluruh variabel lain tetap, maka laba rugi dan ekuitas untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 akan menjadi lebih rendah/tinggi sekitar USD28,6 juta.

b. Risiko tingkat suku bunga

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak didanai dengan berbagai pinjaman bank dan surat utang yang dikenakan bunga. Oleh karena itu, eksposur Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terhadap risiko pasar sehubungan dengan perubahan tingkat suku bunga terutama atas liabilitas jangka panjang serta aset dan liabilitas yang dikenakan bunga. Kebijakan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah untuk memperoleh tingkat suku bunga yang paling menguntungkan tanpa meningkatkan eksposur terhadap mata uang asing dengan mengelola biaya pinjamannya menggunakan kombinasi antara utang dan liabilitas jangka panjang dengan tingkat suku bunga tetap dan mengambang.

Jika pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021, suku bunga lebih tinggi/rendah 50 basis poin dengan semua variabel lain tetap, maka laba rugi dan ekuitas untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2021 akan menjadi lebih rendah/tinggi sekitar USD0,3 juta yang terutama timbul sebagai akibat beban bunga yang lebih tinggi/rendah atas pinjaman dengan suku bunga mengambang.

c. Risiko kredit

Eksposur Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terhadap risiko kredit timbul dari wanprestasi pihak lain, dengan eksposur maksimum sebesar nilai nominal aset keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, sebagai berikut:

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

The Company and Subsidiaries monitor and manage the risk by matching the currency financial obligation with relevant currency financial assets and buying or selling currencies at spot rate when necessary.

If as of June 30, 2021 US Dollar had weakened/strengthened by 5% against Indonesian Rupiah, European Euro, Japanese Yen and Chinese Yuan with all other variables held constant, profit or loss and equity for the year ended June 30, 2021 would have a decrease/an increase of approximate USD28.6 million.

b. Interest rate risk

The Company and Subsidiaries are financed through interest-bearing bank loans and notes. Therefore, the Company and Subsidiaries' exposures to market risk for changes in interest rates relate primarily to their long-term borrowing liabilities and interest-bearing assets and liabilities. The Company and Subsidiaries' policies are to obtain the most favorable interest rates available without increasing their foreign currency exposure by managing their interest cost using a mixture of fixed and floating rate debts and long-term borrowings.

If as of June 30, 2021, the interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower with all variables held constant, profit or loss and equity for the year ended June 30, 2021 would have been lower/higher by approximately USD0.3 million, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate loans.

c. Credit risk

The Company and Subsidiaries' exposure to credit risk arise from the default of other parties, with maximum exposure equal the nominal value of their financial assets, as follows:

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47. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

	30 Jun 2021/ Jun 30, 2021	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Kas di bank dan setara kas	194.252	161.021	Cash in banks and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha - neto Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	102.733 283	69.118 353	Trade receivables - net Other receivable - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	35.480	35.650	Other receivable - tillid parties Other current assets
Investasi pada			Investment in
Venture Capital Investment Fund	155.642	239.113	Venture Capital Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil	17.831	17.786	Investment in Danamas Stabil
Piutang lain-lain pihak berelasi -			Non-current other receivables -
tidak lancar - neto	114.574	127.559	related parties - net
Total	620.795	650.600	Total

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki dan menerapkan kebijakan dan prosedur pemberian kredit untuk memastikan adanya evaluasi kredit yang hati-hati dan pengawasan akun piutang yang aktif.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengelola risiko kredit yang terkait dengan simpanan di bank dengan memonitor reputasi, peringkat kredit dan membatasi risiko agregat dari masing-masing pihak dalam kontrak. Tidak terdapat konsentrasi risiko kredit yang signifikan terkait dengan piutang usaha, hal ini disebabkan keragaman pelanggan.

Analisis umur aset keuangan yang belum jatuh tempo atau tidak mengalami penurunan nilai dan yang lewat jatuh tempo pada akhir periode pelaporan tetapi tidak mengalami penurunan nilai adalah sebagai berikut:

The Company and Subsidiaries have in place credit policies and procedures to ensure prudent credit evaluation and active account monitoring.

The Company and Subsidiaries manage credit risk exposure from their deposits with banks by monitoring reputation, credit ratings and limiting the aggregate risk to any individual counterparty. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables due to their diverse customer base.

The analysis of the age of financial assets that is neither past due nor impaired and past due as at the end of the reporting period but not impaired are as follows:

30 Juni 2021/ <i>June 30, 2021</i>						
	Belum Jatuh Tempo ataupun	Telah Jatuh T	empo tetapi Tida Past Due but			
	mengalami Penurunan Nilai/ Neither Past	Kurang dari 3 bulan/ Less than	3 bulan - 12 bulan/ 3 months -	Lebih dari 1 tahun/ More than	Total/	
	Due nor Impaired	3 months	12 months	1 year	Total	
Kas di bank						Cash in banks
dan setara kas	194.252	-	-	-	194.252	and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha - neto	89.376	12.692	665	-	102.733	Trade receivables - net
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	283	-	-	-	283	Other receivables - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya Investasi pada Venture Capital	35.480	-	-	-	35.480	Other current assets Investment in Venture Capital
Investment Fund	155.642	_	_	_	155.642	Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -	17.831	-	-	-	17.831	Investment in Danamas Stabil Non-current other receivables -
tidak lancar - neto	114.574				114.574	related parties - net
Total	607.438	12.692	665	-	620.795	Total

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47. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

	Belum Jatuh Tempo ataupun	Telah Jatuh Tempo tetapi Tidak Mengalami Penurunan Nilai/ Past Due but Not Impaired				
	mengalami Penurunan Nilai/ Neither Past Due nor Impaired	Kurang dari 3 bulan/ Less than 3 months	3 bulan - 12 bulan/ 3 months - 12 months	Lebih dari 1 tahun/ More than 1 year	Total/ Total	
Kas di bank						Cash in banks
dan setara kas	161.021	-	-	-	161.021	and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha - neto	54.779	13.690	649	-	69.118	Trade receivables - net
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	353	-	-	-	353	Other receivables - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	35.650	-	-	-	35.650	Other current assets
Investasi pada Venture Capital						Investment in Venture Capital
Investment Fund	239.113	-	-	-	239.113	Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil	17.786	-	-	-	17.786	Investment in Danamas Stabil
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -	=					Non-current other receivables -
tidak lancar - neto	127.559				127.559	related parties - net
Total	636.261	13.690	649		650.600	Total

d. Risiko likuiditas

Manajemen risiko likuiditas yang hati-hati berimplikasi menyiapkan kas dan setara kas yang cukup untuk mendukung aktivitas usaha secara tepat waktu. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjaga keseimbangan antara kontinuitas penerimaan piutang dan fleksibilitas dengan menggunakan utang bank dan pinjaman lainnya.

Tabel di bawah menunjukkan analisis jatuh tempo liabilitas keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dalam rentang waktu yang menunjukkan jatuh tempo kontraktual untuk semua liabilitas keuangan non-derivatif yang diperlukan dalam pemahaman jatuh tempo kebutuhan arus kas. Jumlah yang diungkapkan dalam tabel adalah arus kas kontraktual yang tidak terdiskonto (tidak termasuk beban bunga pinjaman).

d. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents to support business activities on timely basis. The Company and Subsidiaries maintain a balance between continuity of accounts receivable collectibility and flexibility through the use of bank loans and other borrowings.

The following tables analyze the Company and Subsidiaries' financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities which are essential in understanding the timing of cash flows requirements. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (excluding interest expense on loans).

		30 Juni 20			
Jumlah Arus Kas Kontraktual yang tidak Terdiskonto/ Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows Amounts					
	Contra	actual Undisco			
	Total/ Total/	Sampai dengan 1 tahun/ Within 1 year	Lebih dari 1 tahun sampai 5 tahun/ After 1 year but not more than 5 years	Lebih dari 5 tahun/ More than 5 years	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	354.486	354.486	-	-	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -					Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	12.417	12.417	-	-	third parties
Utang usaha	139.913	139.913	-	-	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	6.549	6.549	-	-	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	11.921	11.921	-	-	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi	14.039	14.039	-	-	Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa	7.127	4.758	2.369	-	Lease liability
Pinjaman bank jangka					Long-term bank
panjang - pihak ketiga	222.019	37.796	184.223	-	loans - third parties

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47. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

	30 Juni 2021/June 30,2021 Jumlah Arus Kas Kontraktual yang tidak Terdiskonto/ Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows Amounts				-
	Total/ Total/	Sampai dengan 1 tahun/ Within 1 year	Lebih dari 1 tahun sampai 5 tahun/ After 1 year but not more than 5 years	Lebih dari 5 tahun/ More than 5 years	
Pembiayaan musyarakah					Long-term musyarakah
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga Utang murabahah-	23.970	7.761	16.209	-	financing - third party Long-term murabahah
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga Pinjaman jangka panjang	21.536	841	20.695	-	payables - third parties Long-term loans
pada nilai nominal	533.570	22.514	284.123	226.933	at nominal value
Wesel bayar pada nilai nominal	46.344	342	4.310	41.692	Notes payable at nominal value
Total	1.393.891	613.337	511.929	268.625	Total

	31 Desember 2020/December 31, 2020				_
	Jumlah Arus Kas Kontraktual yang tidak Terdiskonto/ Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows Amounts				_
	Lebih dari Sampai 1 tahun sampai			-	
	Total/ Total/	dengan 1 tahun/ Within 1 year	5 tahun/ After 1 year but not more than 5 years	Lebih dari 5 tahun/ More than 5 years	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	337,430	337,430	-	-	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -					Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	12,761	12,761	-	-	third parties
Utang usaha	129,858	129,858	-	-	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	8,693	8,693	-	-	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	11,067	11,067	-	-	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi	13,611	13,611	-	-	Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa	9,475	4,005	5,470	-	Lease liability
Pinjaman bank jangka					Long-term bank
panjang - pihak ketiga	209,926	33,431	176,495	-	loans - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah					Long-term musyarakah
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga	27,826	7,179	20,647	-	financing - third party
Utang murabahah-					Long-term murabahah
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga	22,532	820	21,712	-	payables - third parties
Pinjaman jangka panjang					Long-term loans
pada nilai nominal	630,615	21,303	278,771	330,541	at nominal value
Wesel bayar pada nilai nominal	46,574	280	3,669	42,625	Notes payable at nominal value
Utang obligasi	9,375	9,375			Bonds payable
Total	1,469,743	589,813	506,764	373,166	Total

47. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Pengelolaan Permodalan

Tujuan utama dari pengelolaan permodalan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah untuk memastikan bahwa dipertahankannya rasio modal yang sehat agar dapat mendukung kelancaran usahanya dan memaksimalkan dari pemegang saham. Perusahaan Anak mengelola struktur modalnya membuat penyesuaian-penyesuaian sehubungan dengan perubahan kondisi ekonomi dan karakteristik dari risiko usahanya. Tidak ada perubahan dalam tujuan, kebijakan dan proses dan sama seperti penerapan tahun-tahun sebelumnya.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memonitor struktur modalnya dengan menggunakan rasio utang terhadap ekuitas dimana total utang dibagi dengan total ekuitas. Total utang ini adalah utang pokok dari pinjaman yang berbunga dan total ekuitas adalah ekuitas seperti yang disajikan dalam laporan posisi keuangan kondolidasian.

Perhitungan rasio utang terhadap modal adalah sebagai berikut:

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Management

The main objective of the Company and Subsidiaries' capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support their business and maximize shareholder value. The Company and Subsidiaries manage their capital structure and make adjustments with respect to changes in economic conditions and the characteristics of their business risks. No changes have been made in the objectives, policies and processes as they have been applied in previous years.

The Company and Subsidiaries monitor their use of capital structure using a debt-to-equity ratio which is total debt divided by total equity. Total debt represents interest bearing borrowings, while equity represents equity as presented in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Calculation of debt-to-equity ratio is as follows:

	30 Jun 2021/ <i>Jun 30, 2021</i>	31 Des 2020/ Dec 31, 2020	
Pinjaman berbunga Ekuitas	1.093.928 1.631.118	1.171.042 1.512.477	Interest bearing borrowings Equity
Rasio Utang terhadap Ekuitas	0,7	0,8	Debt-to-Equity Ratio

48. STANDAR AKUNTANSI KEUANGAN YANG BELUM DITERAPKAN

Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia (IAI) telah menerbitkan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan yang belum berlaku efektif untuk periode tahun buku yang dimulai pada tanggal 1 Januari 2021. Namun, penerapan dini diperkenankan.

Pernyataan baru dan amandemen Standar Akuntansi Keuangan (PSAK) yang telah diterbitkan dan berlaku efektif untuk periode tahun buku yang dimulai pada atau setelah tanggal 1 Januari 2021 adalah sebagai berikut:

 Amandemen PSAK No. 22, "Kombinasi Bisnis" tentang Definisi Bisnis.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak sedang mempelajari dampak yang mungkin timbul dari penerapan PSAK tersebut terhadap laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

48. FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOT YET ADOPTED

The new and amendments of Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021 are as follows:

The new and amendments Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021 are as follows:

- Amandement to PSAK No. 22, "Business Combination" regarding Definition of a Business.

The Company and Subsidiaries are evaluating the potential impact on the consolidated financial statements as a result of the adoption of such PSAK.