

Laporan Keuangan Interim Konsolidasian 31 Maret 2015 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2014 (Diaudit) serta Untuk Periode Tiga Bulan yang Berakhir Pada Tanggal-tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014 (Tidak Diaudit) Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and
December 31, 2014 (Audited) and
For the Three Months Period Ended
March 31, 2015 and 2014
(Unaudited)

PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN INTERIM
KONSOLIDASIAN
31 MARET 2015 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN
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(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika
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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
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(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/ Notes	31 Maret 2015 / March 31, 2015	31 Desember 2014 / December 31, 2014	
ASET				ASSETS
ASET LANCAR				CURRENT ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas	2c,2e,2f,4,38,42			Cash and cash equivalents
Pihak ketiga		81.427	113.974	Third parties
Pihak berelasi		13.834	5.351	Related party
Piutang usaha Pihak ketiga - setelah	2e,2f,5,38,42			Trade receivables
dikurangi penyisihan				Third parties - net of allowance
penurunan nilai		127.323	143.448	for impairment loss
Pihak berelasi		94.596	60.419	Related parties
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	2f,6,42	3.490	4.561	Other receivables - third parties
Persediaan	2g,7	825.161	870.958	Inventories
Uang muka dan biaya				
dibayar dimuka	2h,8	125.561	137.652	Advances and prepaid expenses
Pajak dibayar dimuka	2q,34a	46.959	68.206	Prepaid taxes
Aset lancar lainnya	2d,2e,2f,9,38,42			Other current assets
Pihak ketiga		282.500	248.575	Third parties
Pihak berelasi		4.310	4.362	Related parties
Total Aset Lancar		1.605.161	1.657.506	Total Current Assets
ASET TIDAK LANCAR				NON-CURRENT ASSETS
Piutang pihak berelasi	2e,2f,10,42	133.405	133.443	Due from related parties
Uang muka pihak berelasi	2e,38	300.639	300.639	Advances to related parties
Investasi pada entitas asosiasi Aset tetap - setelah dikurangi	2i,11	4.184	4.128	Investment in associated company Fixed assets - net of
akumulasi penyusutan	2j,2k,2l,2m,12	4.376.320	4.394.593	accumulated depreciation
Uang muka pembelian	<b>-,</b> ,,,			Advances for purchase of
aset tetap - pihak ketiga	13	51.802	22.061	fixed assets - third parties
Aset tidak lancar lainnya	38	6.741	6.903	Other non-current assets
Total Aset Tidak Lancar		4.873.091	4.861.767	Total Non-Current Assets
TOTAL ASET		6.478.252	6.519.273	TOTAL ASSETS

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(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

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	Catatan/ Notes	31 Maret 2015 / March 31, 2015	31 Desember 2014 / December 31, 2014	
LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS				LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
LIABILITAS JANGKA PENDEK				CURRENT LIABILITIES
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek Pembiayaan musyarakah	2f,14,42	642.280	626.690	Short-term bank loans
jangka pendek	2f,15	9.936	-	Short-term musyarakah financing
Utang usaha	2e,2f,16,38,42		400 750	Trade payables
Pihak ketiga Pihak berelasi		142.857	163.758 47.984	Third parties
Utang lain-lain	2e,2f,17,42	51.339	47.984	Related parties Other payables
Pihak ketiga	26,21,17,42	8.006	7.958	Third parties
Pihak berelasi		9.043	22.537	Related parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	2f,2k,18,42,43	39.601	32.340	Accrued expenses
Utang pajak	2q,34b	4.294	4.474	Taxes payable
Liabilitas jangka panjang yang akan jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun:				Current maturities of long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	2j,2k,20,42	771	786	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	2f,21,42	100.010	100.101	Long-term bank loans
Pihak ketiga Pihak berelasi		129.940 6	132.494 9	Third parties
Utang murabahah dan		0	9	Related party Murabahah payable and
pembiayaan musyarakah	2f,22,42	7.168	41.323	musyarakah financing
Pinjaman dan wesel bayar	2f,23,24,39,42,43	121.061	119.762	Loans and notes payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Pendek		1.166.302	1.200.115	Total Current Liabilities
LIABILITAS JANGKA PANJANG				NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES
Utang pihak berelasi	2e,2f,19,38,42	9.603	17.400	Due to related parties
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto	2q,34d,43	131.723	125.789	Deferred tax liabilities - net
Liabilitas imbalan kerja	2p,25	71.829	73.309	Employee benefits liability
Liabilitas jangka panjang	0( 0' 0) 00 40	4.070	0.040	Long-term liabilities
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	2f,2j,2k,20,42	1.970	2.248	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang Pihak ketiga	2f,21,42	421.974	462.676	Long-term bank loans Third parties
Pihak berelasi		6	9	Related party
Utang murabahah dan		ŭ	· ·	Murabahah payable and
pembiayaan musyarakah	2f,22,42	50.293	54.410	musyarakah financing
Wesel bayar	2f,23,39,42,43	1.799.588	1.825.686	Notes payable
Pinjaman jangka panjang	2f,24,39,42,43	613.928	643.633	Long-term loans
Liabilitas jangka panjang yang akan jatuh tempo dalam waktu				Current maturities of
satu tahun:				long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	2j,2k,20,42	(771)	(786)	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	2f,21,42	(***)	(100)	Long-term bank loans
Pihak ketiga		(129.940)	(132.494)	Third parties
Pihak berelasi		(6)	(9)	Related party
Utang murabahah dan				Murabahah payable and
pembiayaan musyarakah Pinjaman dan wesel bayar	2f,22,42 2f,23,24,39,42,43	(7.168) (121.061)	(41.323) (119.762)	musyarakah financing Loans and notes payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Panjang	21,20,24,03,42,43	2.841.968	2.910.786	Total Non-Current Liabilities
Total Liabilitas		4.008.270	4.110.901	Total Liabilities

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	Catatan/ <i>Notes</i>	31 Maret 2015 / March 31, 2015	31 Desember 2014 / December 31, 2014	
EKUITAS				EQUITY
Modal saham - nominal				Share capital -
Rp1.000 per saham				Rp1,000 par value
(dalam satuan penuh)				(in full amount)
Modal dasar - 20.000.000.000				Authorized - 20,000,000,000
saham biasa (angka penuh)				common shares (full amount)
Modal ditempatkan dan disetor				Issued and fully paid -
penuh - 5.470.982.941 saham				5,470,982,941 common shares
biasa (angka penuh)	2r,26	2.189.016	2.189.016	(full amount)
Tambahan modal disetor - neto	27	5.808	5.808	Additional paid-in capital - net
Saldo laba				Retained earnings
Telah ditentukan penggunaannya		1.000	1.000	Appropriated
Belum ditentukan penggunaannya		273.709	212.170	Unappropriated
Ekuitas yang dapat diatribusikan				Equity attributable to
kepada pemilik entitas induk		2.469.533	2.407.994	owners of the parent
Kepentingan nonpengendali	2b,28	449	378	Non-controlling interest
Total Ekuitas		2.469.982	2.408.372	Total Equity
TOTAL LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS		6.478.252	6.519.273	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF
INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN
UNTUK PERIODE TIGA BULAN YANG BERAKHIR
PADA TANGGAL-TANGGAL 31 MARET 2015 DAN 2014
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(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk
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COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
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(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/ <i>Notes</i>	31 Maret 2015 (tiga bulan)/ March 31, 2015 (three months)	31 Maret 2014 (tiga bulan)/ March 31, 2014 (three months)	
PENJUALAN NETO	2e,2n,2s,30,37,38	704.135	637.524	NET SALES
BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN	2e,2n,2s,31,37	560.887	526.097	COST OF GOODS SOLD
LABA BRUTO		143.248	111.427	GROSS PROFIT
<b>BEBAN USAHA</b> Penjualan Umum dan administrasi	2e,2n,32,38	46.537 23.447	35.825 23.023	OPERATING EXPENSES Selling General and administrative
Total Beban Usaha		69.984	58.848	Total Operating Expenses
LABA USAHA	2s,37	73.264	52.579	INCOME FROM OPERATIONS
BEBAN LAIN-LAIN				OTHER CHARGES Gain (loss) on foreign
Laba (rugi) selisih kurs - neto Penghasilan bunga Laba belum direalisasi atas perubahan nilai wajar	20,43	19.327 1.862	(11.210) 2.239	exchange - net Interest income Unrealized gain on fair value changes of non-current
piutang usaha tidak lancar Bagian atas laba neto	43	-	579	trade receivables Share in net income of
entitas asosiasi Beban bagi hasil musyarakah Beban murabahah	11	56 (453) (1.188)	113 (286) (1.284)	associates Musyarakah sharing expense Murabahah expense
Beban bunga Lain-lain - neto	33,43	(26.917) 1.593	(24.300) 222	Interest expense Others - net
Beban Lain-lain - Neto		(5.720)	(33.927)	Other Charges - Net
LABA SEBELUM TAKSIRAN MANI (BEBAN) PAJAK PENGHASILAN	FAAT	67.544	18.652	INCOME BEFORE ESTIMATED INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE)
TAKSIRAN MANFAAT (BEBAN) PAJAK PENGHASILAN	2q,34c,43	(5.934)	3.853	ESTIMATED INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE)
LABA NETO PERIODE BERJALAN	I	61.610	22.505	NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD
Pendapatan komprehensif lain-lain				Other comprehensive income
TOTAL LABA KOMPREHENSIF		61.610	22.505	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

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_	Catatan/ <i>Notes</i>	31 Maret 2015 (tiga bulan)/ March 31, 2015 (three months)	31 Maret 2014 (tiga bulan)/ March 31, 2014 (three months)	
LABA NETO YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA: Pemilik entitas induk Kepentingan nonpengendali	2b,28	61.539 71	22.521 (16)	NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest
TOTAL		61.610	22.505	TOTAL
TOTAL LABA KOMPREHENSIF YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA:				TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:
Pemilik entitas induk Kepentingan nonpengendali	2b,28	61.539 71	22.521 (16)	Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest
TOTAL	-, -	61.610	22.505	TOTAL
LABA PER SAHAM DASAR YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK (dalam satuan penuh)	2r,35	0,01125	0,00412	BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT (in full amount)

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#### Ekuitas yang dapat Diatribusikan kepada Pemilik Entitas Induk/ Equity Attributable to Owners of the Parent

	Modal Ditempatkan	Tambahan Modal Disetor-	Saldo Laba/ Retained Earnings					
	dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully Paid Shares	Neto/ Additional Paid-in Capital - Net	Telah Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ Appropriated	Belum Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ <i>Unappropriated</i>	Total/ Total	Kepentingan Nonpengendali/ Non-controlling Interest	Total Ekuitas/ Total Equity	
Saldo 1 Januari 2014	2.189.016	5.808	-	98.807	2.293.631	367	2.293.998	January 1, 2014
Laba komprehensif periode berjalan				22.521	22.521	(16)	22.505	Comprehensive income of the current period
Saldo 31 Maret 2014	2.189.016	5.808		121.328	2.316.152	351	2.316.503	Balance as of March 31, 2014
Saldo 1 Januari 2015	2.189.016	5.808	1.000	212.170	2.407.994	378	2.408.372	Balance as of January 1, 2015
Laba komprehensif periode berjalan				61.539	61.539	71	61.610	Comprehensive income of the current period
Saldo 31 Maret 2015	2.189.016	5.808	1.000	273.709	2.469.533	449	2.469.982	Balance as of March 31, 2015

otherwise stated)

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	31 Maret 2015 (tiga bulan)/ March 31, 2015 (three months)	31 Maret 2014 (tiga bulan)/ March 31, 2014 (three months)	
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS OPERASI Penerimaan kas dari pelanggan	672.437	633.431	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers
Pembayaran kas kepada pemasok dan karyawan	(521.914)	(504.008)	Payments to suppliers and employees
Kas yang diperoleh dari aktivitas operasi Penerimaan penghasilan bunga	150.523 1.748	129.423 2.183	Cash generated from operating activities Receipts of interest income
Penerimaan (pembayaran) pajak - neto	21.067	(20.541)	Receipts (payments) of taxes - net
Pembayaran bunga dan beban keuangan lainnya	(22.997)	(21.661)	Payments of interests and other financial charges
Arus Kas Neto Diperoleh dari	150.041	00.404	Net Cash Flows Provided by
Aktivitas Operasi	150.341	89.404	Operating Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS INVESTASI Penurunan (kenaikan) piutang			CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Decrease (increase) in due from
pihak berelasi	38	(474)	related parties
Penurunan (kenaikan) aset lancar dan aset tidak lancar lainnya	(33.852)	41.394	Decrease (increase) in other current and non-current assets
Pembelian aset tetap, aset dalam pengerjaan dan			Purchase of fixed assets, assets under construction and
uang muka pembelian aset tetap Penerimaan atas penjualan aset tetap	(86.581)	(22.965) 15	advances for purchase of fixed assets Proceeds from sale of fixed assets
Arus Kas Neto Diperoleh dari (Digunakan untuk) Aktivitas Investasi	(120.395)	17.970	Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities
ARUS KAS DARI			CASH FLOWS FROM
AKTIVITAS PENDANAAN Kenaikan (penurunan) pinjaman bank dan pembiayaan musyarakah			FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase (decrease) in short-term bank loans and musyarakah
jangka pendek - neto Pembayaran liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	25.526 (186)	(15.142) (143)	financing - net Payments of lease liabilities
Pembayaran atas utang mubarahah dan pembiayaan musyarakah		,	Payments of long-term murabahah
jangka panjang	(1.801)	- (13.116)	payable and musyarakah financing
Pembayaran pinjaman jangka panjang Pembayaran wesel bayar Pembayaran pinjaman bank	(13.687) (29.995)	(35.054)	Payments of long-term loans Payments of notes payables
jangka panjang Penerimaan pinjaman bank	(34.724)	(15.958)	Payments of long-term bank loans
jangka panjang	<u>-</u>	12.234	Proceeds from long-term bank loans
Arus Kas Neto Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Pendanaan	(54.867)	(67.179)	Net Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities

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	31 Maret 2015 (tiga bulan)/ March 31, 2015 (three months)	31 Maret 2014 (tiga bulan)/ March 31, 2014 (three months)	
KENAIKAN (PENURUNAN) NETO			NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN
KAS DAN SETARA KAS	(24.921)	40.195	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
DAMPAK NETO PERUBAHAN			NET EFFECT OF CHANGES IN
NILAI TUKAR ATAS			EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND
KAS DAN SETARA KAS	857	(36)	CASH EQUIVALENTS
KAS DAN SETARA KAS			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
AWAL PERIODE	119.325	75.107	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD
KAS DAN SETARA KAS			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
AKHIR PERIODE	95.261	115.266	AT END OF PERIOD

#### 1. UMUM

#### a. Pendirian Perusahaan

PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk ("Perusahaan") didirikan di Republik Indonesia dalam kerangka Undang-undang Penanaman Modal Asing No. 1 tahun 1967, berdasarkan Akta Notaris No. 68 dari Ridwan Suselo tanggal 7 Desember 1976. Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan telah mendapat persetujuan Menteri Kehakiman Republik Indonesia melalui Surat Keputusan No. Y.A.5/50/2 tanggal 9 Februari 1978 dan diumumkan dalam Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 18, Tambahan No. 172 tanggal 3 Maret 1978. Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan. Perubahan terakhir berdasarkan Akta Perubahan Anggaran Dasar No. 106 dari Linda Herawati S.H., Notaris di Jakarta, tanggal 23 Juli 2008 mengenai perubahan seluruh anggaran dasar Perusahaan disesuaikan dengan Undang-undang No. 40 tahun 2007 tentang Perseroan Terbatas juncto Peraturan No. IX.J.1 Lampiran Keputusan Ketua Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal dan Lembaga Keuangan No. Kep-179/BL/2008 tanggal 14 Mei 2008 tentang Pokok-Pokok Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan yang melakukan Penawaran Umum Efek Bersifat Ekuitas dan Perusahaan Publik. Perubahan tersebut telah mendapat persetujuan Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia melalui Surat Keputusan No. AHU-72836.AH.01.02. tahun 2008, tanggal 13 Oktober 2008 dan diumumkan dalam Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 41, Tambahan No. 13570 tanggal 22 Mei 2009.

Sesuai dengan Pasal 3 Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan, ruang lingkup kegiatan Perusahaan adalah di bidang industri, perdagangan, pertambangan dan kehutanan. Saat ini, Perusahaan bergerak dibidang industri kertas budaya, *pulp* dan kertas industri.

Perusahaan berkedudukan di Jakarta Pusat dengan alamat di Jalan M.H. Thamrin No. 51, Jakarta 10350 dan pabrik berlokasi di Tangerang dan Serang, Jawa Barat serta di Perawang, Riau di Indonesia. Kegiatan usaha komersial Perusahaan dimulai sejak 1978.

Entitas induk utama dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah PT Purinusa Ekapersada, didirikan di Republik Indonesia yang merupakan bagian dari Kelompok Usaha Sinarmas. PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk
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#### 1. GENERAL

#### a. The Company's Establishment

PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk (the "Company") was established in the Republic of Indonesia under the framework of Foreign Capital Investment Law No. 1 of 1967, based on Notarial Deed No. 68 of Ridwan Suselo dated December 7, 1976. The Company's Articles of Association were approved by the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Indonesia in its Decision Letter No. Y.A.5/50/2 dated February 9, 1978 and published in State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No. 18, Supplement No. 172 dated March 3, 1978. The Company's Articles of Association have been amended several times. The latest amendment based on Notarial Deed No. 106 of Linda Herawati, S.H., Notary in Jakarta, dated July 23, 2008 regarding the amendment of the Company's Articles of Association to comply with Law No. 40 of 2007 regarding Limited Liability Companies juncto Regulation No. IX.J.1 attached to the Decision of Head of Capital Market and Financial Institution Supervisory Agency No. Kep-179/BL/2008 dated May 14, 2008 regarding Articles of Association for Companies that Conduct Equity Public Offering and Public Companies. The amendment was approved by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights Republic of Indonesia in its Decision Letter No. AHU-72836.AH.01.02. tahun 2008, dated October 13, 2008 and published in State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No. 41. Supplement No. 13570 dated May 22, 2009.

Based on Article 3 of the Company's Articles of Association, the Company is engaged in manufacturing, trading, mining and forestry. Currently, the Company is engaged in the manufacture of paper, pulp and packaging paper.

The Company is domiciled in Central Jakarta with its head office located at M.H. Thamrin Street No. 51, Jakarta 10350 and its mills are located in Tangerang and Serang, West Java and Perawang, Riau in Indonesia. The Company commenced its commercial operations in 1978.

The ultimate parent entity of the Company and Subsidiaries is PT Purinusa Ekapersada, incorporated in the Republic of Indonesia, which is part of the Sinarmas Group.

#### 1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

#### b. Penawaran Umum Saham Perusahaan

tahun 1990. Perusahaan melakukan penawaran umum perdana 60.000.000 lembar saham dengan nilai nominal Rp1.000 per lembar saham dan harga penawaran Rp10.600 per lembar saham, serta telah mencatatkan saham tersebut di Bursa Efek Jakarta dan Surabaya (keduanya sekarang Bursa Efek Indonesia) pada tanggal 16 Juli 1990. Perusahaan mendapat pernyataan efektif atas penawaran umum perdana dari Badan Pengurus Pasar Modal pada tanggal 9 Juli 1990. Pada tahun 1996 dan 1997, Perusahaan melakukan beberapa penawaran umum terbatas dengan hak memesan efek terlebih dahulu di bursa efek yang sama. Total saham Perusahaan yang telah dicatatkan di Bursa Efek Indonesia sampai dengan tanggal 31 Maret Desember 2014, sebanyak dan 31 5.470.982.941 lembar saham.

#### c. Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi serta Karyawan

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 , susunan Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

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#### 1. GENERAL (Continued)

#### b. Public Offering of the Company's Shares

In 1990, the Company made a public offering of 60,000,000 shares with a par value of Rp1,000 per share at the offering price of Rp10,600 per share. The Company listed its shares on the Jakarta and Surabaya Stock Exchanges (both currently known as Indonesia Stock Exchange), on July 16, 1990. The Company obtained effective statement for its public offering from Capital Market Supervisory Agency on July 9, 1990. During 1996 and 1997, the Company offered several rights issue whereby the shares were also listed on the same stock exchanges. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there are 5.470.982.941 of the Company's shares listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange.

#### c. Boards of Commissioners and Directors and **Employees**

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the composition of the Company's Boards Commissioners and Directors was as follows:

#### 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 / March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

Dewan Komisaris	
Presiden Komisaris	Frenky Loa
Wakil Presiden Komisaris	Ir. Gandi Sulistiyanto Soeherman
Komisaris	Indah Suryasari Wijaya Limantara
Komisaris	Arthur Tahya (Arthur Tahija)
Komisaris	Sukirta Mangku Djaja
Komisaris Independen	DR. Ramelan S.H., M. H.
Komisaris Independen	DR. Ir. Deddy Saleh
Komisaris Independen	Drs. Pande Putu Raka, MA.
Komisaris Independen	Letjend. TNI (Purnawirawan)
	Soetedjo

Direksi Presiden Direktur Wakil Presiden Direktur Wakil Presiden Direktur Wakil Presiden Direktur Direktur Direktur

Direktur

Direktur Direktur / Sekretaris Perusahaan Direktur Independen

Lan Cheng Ting Linda Suryasari Wijaya Limantara Hendra Jaya Kosasih Suresh Kilam Didi Harsa Kurniawan Yuwono Suhendra Wiriadinata Lioe Djohan (Djohan Gunawan)

Agustian R. Partawidjaja Suryamin Halim

President Commissioner Vice President Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner Independent Commissioner Independent Commissioner Independent Commissioner Independent Commissioner

**Board of Commissioners** 

Board of Directors President Director Vice President Director Vice President Director Vice President Director Director Director Director Director Director / Corporate Secretary Independent Director

Manajemen kunci terdiri dari Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi.

Key management personnel are Boards of Commissioners and Directors.

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#### 1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, susunan Komite Audit Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

#### 1. GENERAL (Continued)

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the composition of the Company's Audit Committee was as follows:

### 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 / March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

Ketua	DR. Ramelan, S.H., M.H.	Chairman
Anggota	DR. Ir. Deddy Saleh	Member
Anggota	DR. Aditiawan Chandra, Ph.D.	Member

Total karyawan tetap Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sekitar 17 ribu.

The Company and Subsidiaries' permanent employees as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were approximately 17 thousand.

#### d. Struktur Entitas Anak

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan memiliki Entitas Anak dengan kepemilikan sebagai berikut:

#### d. Structure of the Subsidiaries

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had ownership interest in Subsidiaries as follows:

		Tanggal Pendirian/	Kedudukan, Tahun Usaha Komersial/ Domicile, Year of	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership (%)		Total Aset Sebelum Eliminasi/ Total Assets Before Elimination (USD)	
Entitas Anak/ Subsidiaries	Bidang Usaha/ Scope of Activities	Date of Establishment	Commercial Operation	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014
Kepemilikan secara langsung/ Direct Ownership Indah Kiat International Finance Company B.V. (IK International Finance B.V.)	Jasa Keuangan/ Financing Company	11 Maret 1994/ March 11, 1994	Belanda, 1994	100	100	1.004.968	1.004.968
Indah Kiat Finance Mauritius Limited (IK Mauritius)	Jasa Keuangan/ Financing Company	13 Juni 1997/ June 13, 1997	Mauritius, 1997	100	100	66.929	66.929
IK Trading Limited (IK Trading)	Distribusi/ Distributor	29 September 1997/ September 29, 1997	Cayman Islands, 2000	100	100	0,002	0,002
Indah Kiat Finance (IV) Mauritius Limited (IKF IV)	Jasa Keuangan/ Financing Company	22 Juni 1998/ June 22, 1998	Mauritius, 2000	100	100	110.000	110.000
Indah Kiat Finance (III) Limited (dahulu Earshall Company Ltd.) (IKF III)	Jasa Keuangan/ Financing Company	24 Juni 1998/ June 24, 1998	Mauritius, 2000	100	100	1	1
IK Import & Export Limited (IK Imex)	Distribusi/ Distributor	23 Maret 2000/ March 23, 2000	British Virgin Islands, 2000	100	100	3.745	3.737
Indah Kiat Finance (VIII) Mauritius Limited (IKF VIII)	Jasa Keuangan/ Financing Company	15 Juni 2000/ June 15, 2000	Mauritius, 2000	100	100	1	1
Global Fibre Limited (Global Fibre)	Investasi/ Investment	22 April 2004/ April 22, 2004	Malaysia, 2004	100	100	1	1
Imperial Investment Limited (Imperial)	Investasi/ Investment	9 Agustus 2004/ August 9, 2004	Malaysia, 2004	100	100	132.339	132.339

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

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#### 1. GENERAL (Continued)

		Tanggal Pendirian/	Kedudukan, Tahun Usaha Komersial/ Domicile, Year of	Keper Percer Own	entase milikan/ ntage of ership %)	Sebelum Total I Before E	l Aset Eliminasi/ Assets Iimination SD)
Entitas Anak/ Subsidiaries	Bidang Usaha/ Scope of Activities	Date of Establishment	Commercial Operation	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014
Indah Kiat Finance B.V. (IK Finance)	Jasa Keuangan/ Financing Company	21 April 2004/ April 21, 2004	Belanda, 2004	100	100	241	312
PT Graha Kemasindo Indah	Perdagangan/ <i>Trading</i>	23 Oktober 1995/ October 23, 1995	Jakarta Pusat, 2008	99,50	99,50	1.812	1.381
PT Paramitra Abadimas Cemerlang (PAC)	Perdagangan/ <i>Trading</i>	8 Agustus 1988/ August 8, 1988	Jakarta Pusat, 1997	95,50	95,50	22.046	21.785
Kepemilikan secara tidak langsung/ Indirect Ownership							
PT Paramitra Gunakarya Cemerlang	Industri/ <i>Manufacturing</i>	9 Mei 1996/ May 9, 1996	Kabupaten Sidoarjo, 1999	99,94	99,94	22.038	21.776

Ruang lingkup usaha utama Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang keuangan adalah menerbitkan efek berbentuk pinjaman dan memperoleh pinjaman untuk membiayai kegiatan usaha Perusahaan, sedangkan ruang lingkup usaha utama Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang distribusi terutama membantu pendistribusian produk Perusahaan.

### e. Penyelesaian Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian

Manajemen Perusahaan bertanggung jawab atas penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini yang telah disetujui oleh Direksi untuk diterbitkan pada tanggal 30 April 2015.

#### 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING

## a. Dasar Penyusunan Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian dan Pernyataan Kepatuhan

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian telah disusun sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan ("SAK"), yang mencakup Pernyataan dan Interpretasi yang diterbitkan oleh Dewan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia dan Keputusan Ketua Bapepam-LK No. KEP-347/BL/2012 tertanggal 25 Juni 2012 tentang Penyajian dan Pengungkapan Laporan Keuangan Emiten atau Perusahaan Publik yang diterbitkan oleh Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (OJK).

The scope of activities of the financing Subsidiaries is primarily in the business of issuing debt and obtaining loans to finance the Company's operations, while the distributor Subsidiaries are primarily engaged in the trading business to support the distribution of the Company's goods.

#### e. Completion of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The management of the Company is responsible of the preparation of these consolidated financial statements, which have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 30, 2015.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Basis of Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements and Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards ("SAK"), which comprise the Statements and Interpretations issued by the Board of Financial Accounting Standards of the Indonesian Institute of Accountants and the Decree of the Chairman of Bapepam-LK No. KEP-347/BL/2012 dated June 25, 2012 regarding the Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements of Issuers or Public Companies issued by the Financial Services Authority (OJK).

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini adalah selaras dengan kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Desember 2013, kecuali untuk penerapan interpretasi yang berlaku efektif 1 Januari 2014 seperti yang diungkapkan dalam kebijakan akuntansi terkait

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian, kecuali laporan arus kas konsolidasian, disusun dengan dasar akrual dengan menggunakan konsep biaya historis, kecuali beberapa akun tertentu yang disusun berdasarkan dasar lain sebagaimana diuraikan dalam kebijakan akuntansi masing-masing akun terkait.

Laporan arus kas konsolidasian disusun dengan menggunakan metode langsung, dan dikelompokkan ke dalam aktivitas operasi, investasi dan pendanaan.

Ketika Perusahaan menerapkan suatu kebijakan akuntansi secara retrospektif atau membuat penyajian kembali pos-pos laporan keuangan, atau ketika Perusahaan mereklasifikasi pos-pos dalam laporan keuangannya maka laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian pada awal periode komparatif disajikan.

Mata uang penyajian yang digunakan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian adalah mata uang Dolar Amerika Serikat (USD), yang juga merupakan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tertentu.

#### b. Prinsip Konsolidasian

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian menggabungkan seluruh Entitas Anak yang dikendalikan oleh Perusahaan. Pengendalian dianggap ada ketika Perusahaan memiliki secara langsung atau tidak langsung melalui Entitas Anak lebih dari setengah kekuasaan suara suatu entitas, kecuali dalam keadaan yang jarang dapat ditunjukkan secara jelas bahwa kepemilikan tersebut tidak diikuti dengan pengendalian. Pengendalian juga ada ketika Perusahaan memiliki setengah atau kurang kekuasaan suara suatu entitas jika terdapat:

- (a) kekuasaan yang melebihi setengah hak suara sesuai perjanjian dengan investor lain;
- (b) kekuasaan untuk mengatur kebijakan keuangan dan operasional entitas berdasarkan anggaran dasar atau perjanjian;

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, except for the adoption of interpretation effective January 1, 2014 as described in the related accounting policies.

The consolidated financial statements, except for the consolidated statements of cash flows, have been prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, with the measurement basis being historical cost, except for certain accounts that are measured on the basis described in the related accounting policies.

The consolidated statements of cash flows are prepared using the direct method, and classified into operating, investing and financing activities.

When the Company adopts accounting policy retrospectively or restates items in its financial statements, or the Company reclassifies the items in its financial statements, the consolidated statements of financial position at the beginning of comparative period is presented.

The presentation currency used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is United States Dollar (USD), which is also the functional currency of the Company and certain of its Subsidiaries.

#### b. Principles of Consolidation

Consolidated financial statements include all Subsidiaries that are controlled by the Company. Control is presumed to exist when the Company, directly or indirectly through Subsidiaries, owns more than half of the voting power of an entity unless, in exceptional circumstances, it can be clearly demonstrated that such ownership does not constitute control. Control also exists when the Company owns half or less of the voting power of an entity but there is:

- (a) power over more than half of the voting rights by virtue of an agreement with other investors:
- (b) power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity under a statute or an agreement;

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

- (c) kekuasaan untuk menunjuk atau mengganti sebagian besar direksi dan dewan komisaris atau organ pengatur setara dan mengendalikan entitas melalui dewan atau organ tersebut; atau
- (d) kekuasaan untuk memberikan suara mavoritas pada rapat direksi dan dewan komisaris atau organ pengatur setara dan mengendalikan entitas melalui direksi dan dewan komisaris atau organ tersebut.

Entitas Anak dikonsolidasi sejak tanggal akuisisi, yaitu tanggal Perusahaan memperoleh pengendalian, sampai dengan tanggal Perusahaan kehilangan pengendalian.

Kepentingan nonpengendali mencerminkan bagian atas laba atau rugi dan aset neto dari entitas-entitas anak yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung maupun tidak langsung oleh Perusahaan, yang masing-masing disajikan dalam laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian dan dalam ekuitas pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian, dipisahkan dari ekuitas yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk.

Seluruh laba rugi komprehensif diatribusikan pada pemilik entitas induk dan pada kepentingan nonpengendali bahkan jika hal ini mengakibatkan kepentingan nonpengendali mempunyai saldo defisit.

Seluruh saldo akun dan transaksi yang material antar entitas yang dikonsolidasi telah dieliminasi.

#### c. Kas dan Setara Kas

Kas dan setara kas terdiri dari saldo kas dan bank, serta deposito berjangka yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu tiga (3) bulan atau kurang sejak tanggal penempatan dan tidak digunakan sebagai jaminan atau dibatasi penggunaannya.

### d. Aset Lancar Lainnya

Kas dan deposito berjangka sehubungan dengan restrukturisasi utang, jaminan atas fasilitas impor Letter of Credit dan deposito berjangka yang jatuh tempo lebih dari tiga (3) bulan tetapi kurang dari satu (1) tahun disajikan sebagai "Aset Lancar Lainnya."

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#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

- (c) power to appoint or remove the majority of the members of the board of directors and board of commissioners or equivalent governing body, and control of the entity is by that board or body; or
- (d) power to cast the majority of votes at meetings of the directors and board of commissioners or equivalent governing body, and control of the entity is by that board or body.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of their acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Non-controlling interest represents a portion of the profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries attributable to equity interests that are not owned directly or indirectly by the Company, which are presented in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and under the equity section of the consolidated statements of financial position, respectively, separately from the equity attributable to the parent company.

Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

#### c. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and time deposits with original maturities within three (3) months or less and not pledged as collateral or restricted in use.

#### d. Other Current Assets

Current accounts and time deposits in connection with the debt restructuring, as margin deposits for Letter of Credit Import facility and time deposits with maturities more than three (3) months but less than one (1) year are presented as "Other Current Assets."

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

#### e. Transaksi dengan Pihak-pihak Berelasi

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak melakukan transaksi pihak-pihak berelasi sebagaimana dengan didefinisikan dalam PSAK No. 7 (Revisi 2010), "Pengungkapan Pihak-pihak Berelasi." Transaksi ini dilakukan berdasarkan persyaratan yang disetujui oleh kedua belah pihak. Transaksi yang signifikan dengan pihak-pihak berelasi diungkapkan dalam catatan atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

Pihak-pihak berelasi adalah orang atau entitas yang terkait dengan entitas pelapor:

- a. Orang atau anggota keluarga terdekat mempunyai relasi dengan entitas pelapor jika orang tersebut:
  - (i) memiliki pengendalian atau pengendalian bersama atas entitas pelapor;
  - (ii) memiliki pengaruh signifikan atas entitas pelapor: atau
  - personil manajemen kunci entitas pelapor atau entitas induk entitas pelapor.
- b. Suatu entitas berelasi dengan entitas pelapor jika memenuhi salah satu hal berikut:
  - Entitas dan entitas pelapor adalah anggota dari kelompok usaha yang sama (artinya entitas induk, entitas anak, dan entitas anak berikutnya terkait dengan entitas lain);
  - (ii) Satu entitas adalah entitas asosiasi atau ventura bersama dari entitas lain (atau entitas asosiasi atau ventura bersama yang merupakan anggota suatu kelompok usaha, yang mana entitas lain tersebut adalah anggotanya);
  - (iii) Kedua entitas tersebut adalah ventura bersama dari pihak ketiga yang sama;
  - (iv) Satu entitas adalah ventura bersama dari entitas ketiga dan entitas yang lain adalah entitas asosiasi dari entitas ketiga;
  - (v) Entitas tersebut adalah suatu program imbalan pasca kerja untuk imbalan kerja dari salah satu entitas pelapor atau entitas yang terkait dengan entitas pelapor. Jika entitas pelapor adalah entitas yang menyelenggarakan program tersebut, maka entitas sponsor juga berelasi dengan entitas pelapor;

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#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

#### e. Transactions with Related Parties

The Company and Subsidiaries enter into transactions with related parties as defined in PSAK No. 7 (Revised 2010), "Related Party Disclosure." The transactions are made based on terms agreed by the parties. Significant transactions with related parties are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Related party represents a person or entity that is related to the reporting entity:

- a. A person or a close member of the person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
  - has significant influence over the reporting entity: or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- b. An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions apply:
  - The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party:
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity:
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity;

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

- (vi) Entitas yang dikendalikan atau dikendalikan bersama oleh orang yang diidentifikasi dalam
- (vii) Orang yang diidentifikasi dalam huruf (a)(i) memiliki pengaruh signifikan atas entitas atau personil manajemen kunci entitas (atau entitas induk dari entitas).

#### f. Instrumen Keuangan

Efektif 1 Januari 2014. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan ISAK No. 27, "Pengalihan Aset dari Pelanggan" dan ISAK No. 28, "Pengakhiran Liabilitas Keuangan dengan Instrumen Ekuitas." Penerapan interpretasi ini tidak memiliki dampak material dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

#### 1. Aset Keuangan

#### Pengakuan awal

Aset keuangan pada awalnya diakui sebesar nilai wajarnya ditambah biaya transaksi, kecuali untuk aset keuangan yang diklasifikasikan pada nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi yang pada awalnya diukur dengan nilai wajar. Klasifikasi aset keuangan antara lain sebagai aset keuangan yang ditetapkan untuk diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi (FVTPL), investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo (HTM), pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang atau aset keuangan tersedia untuk dijual (AFS). Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi aset keuangannya pada saat pengakuan awal dan, sepanjang diperbolehkan dan diperlukan, ditelaah kembali pengklasifikasian aset tersebut pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, aset keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terdiri dari FVTPL dan pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang.

#### Pengukuran selanjutnya

• Aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi (FVTPL)

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#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

#### f. Financial Instruments

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries adopted ISAK No. 27, "Transfer of Assets from Customers" and ISAK No. 28, "Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments." The adoption of these interpretations did not have material impact in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. Financial Assets

#### Initial recognition

Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs, except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). held-to-maturity investments (HTM), loans and receivables or available-for-sale financial assets (AFS). The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluate the designation of such assets at each end of reporting period.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries' financial assets consisted of FVTPL and loans and receivables.

#### Subsequent measurement

· Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

# 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai FVTPL jika aset keuangan diperoleh untuk diperdagangkan atau ditetapkan sebagai FVTPL pada saat pengakuan awal. Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai kelompok diperdagangkan jika diperoleh untuk tujuan dijual atau dibeli kembali dalam waktu dekat. Aset derivatif juga diklasifikasikan sebagai kelompok diperdagangkan kecuali aset derivatif tersebut ditetapkan sebagai instrumen lindung nilai efektif. Aset keuangan yang ditetapkan sebagai FVTPL disajikan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian pada nilai wajar dengan keuntungan atau kerugian dari perubahan nilai wajar diakui dalam laba rugi. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang diakui dalam laba rugi termasuk dividen atau bunga yang diperoleh dari aset keuangan.

#### Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang

Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang adalah aset keuangan non derivatif dengan pembayaran tetap atau telah ditentukan, yang tidak mempunyai kuotasi di pasar aktif. Aset keuangan tersebut diukur sebesar biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif, dikurangi dengan penurunan nilai. Keuntungan dan kerugian diakui dalam laba rugi pada saat pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang dihentikan pengakuannya atau mengalami penurunan nilai, serta melalui proses amortisasi.

### Penurunan nilai aset keuangan

Pada setiap tanggal pelaporan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi apakah aset keuangannya mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat bukti obyektif penurunan nilai, maka jumlah kerugian tersebut, yang diukur sebagai selisih antara nilai tercatat aset dengan nilai kini estimasi arus kas masa datang (tidak termasuk kerugian kredit di masa datang yang belum terjadi) yang didiskonto menggunakan suku bunga efektif yang dihitung saat pengakuan awal aset tersebut, diakui pada laba rugi.

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL where the financial assets are either held for trading or are designated as FVTPL at initial recognition. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivative assets are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets at FVTPL are carried on the consolidated statements of financial position at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. The gains or losses recognized in profit or loss include any dividend or interest earned from the financial assets.

#### • Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted on an active market. Such financial assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

### Impairment of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate at each reporting date whether any of their financial assets are impaired. If there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount of loss, which is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss.

# 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

#### Penghentian pengakuan aset keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghentikan pengakuan aset keuangan, jika dan hanya jika, hak kontraktual atas arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan tersebut berakhir, atau Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mentransfer hak kontraktual untuk menerima arus kas yang berasal dan dari aset keuangan, atau tetap memiliki hak kontraktual untuk menerima arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan namun juga menanggung kewajiban kontraktual untuk membayar arus kas yang diterima tersebut kepada satu atau lebih pihak penerima melalui suatu kesepakatan yang memenuhi persyaratan tertentu. Ketika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mentransfer aset keuangan, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi sejauh mana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tetap memiliki risiko dan manfaat atas kepemilikan aset keuangan tersebut.

#### 2. Liabilitas Keuangan dan Instrumen Ekuitas

### Pengakuan awal

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi liabilitas keuangannya pada saat pengakuan awal. Instrumen utang dan ekuitas dikelompokkan sebagai liabilitas keuangan atau sebagai ekuitas sesuai dengan substansi pengaturan kontraktual.

Liabilitas keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi atau liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi. Liabilitas keuangan diakui pada awalnya sebesar nilai wajar dan, dalam hal pinjaman dan utang, termasuk biaya transaksi yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung.

Instrumen ekuitas adalah setiap kontrak yang memberikan hak residual atas aset suatu entitas setelah dikurangi seluruh liabilitasnya. Instrumen ekuitas yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dicatat sebesar hasil yang diperoleh, dikurangi biaya penerbitan instrumen ekuitas.

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries shall derecognize financial assets, when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset are transferred to another entity, or the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset are retained but they assume a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients in an arrangement that meets certain conditions. When the Company and Subsidiaries transfer a financial asset, they shall evaluate the extent to which they retain the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.

#### 2. Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

#### Initial recognition

The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of their financial liabilities at initial recognition. Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at cost. Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, inclusive of directly attributable transaction costs.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company and Subsidiaries are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issuance costs.

## 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Instrumen keuangan majemuk, seperti obligasi atau instrumen sejenis yang dapat dikonversi oleh pemegangnya menjadi saham biasa dengan total yang telah ditetapkan, dipisahkan antara liabilitas keuangan dan ekuitas sesuai dengan substansi pengaturan kontraktual. Pada tanggal penerbitan instrumen keuangan majemuk, nilai wajar dari komponen liabilitas diestimasi dengan menggunakan suku bunga yang berlaku di pasar untuk instrumen non-convertible yang serupa. Total ini dicatat sebagai liabilitas dengan dasar biaya perolehan diamortisasi menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif sampai dengan liabilitas tersebut berakhir melalui konversi atau pada tanggal instrumen jatuh tempo. Komponen ekuitas ditentukan dengan cara mengurangkan total komponen liabilitas dari keseluruhan nilai wajar instrumen keuangan majemuk. Total tersebut diakui dan dicatat dalam ekuitas. dikurangi dengan pajak penghasilan, dan tidak ada pengukuran setelah pengakuan awal.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, liabilitas keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terdiri dari liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi (Catatan 42).

#### Pengukuran selanjutnya

Setelah pengakuan awal, liabilitas keuangan dalam kategori ini selanjutnya diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif. Keuntungan atau kerugian diakui dalam laba rugi pada saat liabilitas tersebut dihentikan pengakuannya serta melalui proses amortisasi.

#### Penghentian pengakuan liabilitas keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghentikan pengakuan liabilitas keuangan jika, dan hanya jika, kewajiban Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dihentikan, dibatalkan atau kadaluwarsa.

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compound financial instruments, a bond or similar instrument convertible by the holder into a fixed number of ordinary shares, are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. At the date of issuance of compound financial instruments, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar nonconvertible instrument. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortized cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date. The equity component is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound financial instruments as a whole. This amount is recognized and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries' financial liabilities consisted of liabilities at amortized cost (Note 42).

#### Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities in this category are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized, as well as through the amortization process.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company and Subsidiaries derecognize financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company and Subsidiaries' obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

#### 3. Saling hapus instrumen keuangan

Aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan saling hapus dan nilai netonya dilaporkan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian jika, dan hanya jika, saat ini memiliki hak yang berkekuatan hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus atas total yang telah diakui dan terdapat niat untuk menyelesaikannya secara neto, atau untuk merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitasnya secara simultan.

## 4. Instrumen keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi

Biaya perolehan diamortisasi dihitung menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif dikurangi dengan penyisihan atas penurunan nilai dan pembayaran pokok atau nilai yang tidak dapat ditagih. Perhitungan tersebut mempertimbangkan premium atau diskonto pada saat perolehan dan termasuk biaya transaksi dan biaya yang merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari suku bunga efektif.

Suku bunga efektif adalah suku bunga yang secara tepat mendiskontokan estimasi arus kas masa datang selama perkiraan umur dari instrumen keuangan, atau jika lebih tepat, digunakan periode yang lebih singkat, untuk nilai tercatat neto instrumen keuangan. Total bunga berdasarkan penerapan metode suku bunga efektif diakui sebagai pendapatan atau beban bunga.

#### g. Persediaan

Persediaan dinyatakan sebesar nilai yang lebih rendah antara biaya perolehan atau nilai realisasi neto (the lower of cost or net realizable value). Biaya perolehan ditentukan dengan metode rata-rata tertimbang (weighted-average method). Biaya barang jadi yang diproduksi dan barang dalam proses termasuk alokasi sistematis overhead produksi. Penyisihan persediaan usang ditentukan berdasarkan hasil penelaahan atas keadaan persediaan pada akhir periode pelaporan.

#### h. Biaya Dibayar Dimuka

Biaya dibayar dimuka diamortisasi selama masa manfaat masing-masing biaya.

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## 4. Financial instruments measured at amortized cost

Amortized cost is computed using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment and principal repayment or reduction. The calculation takes into account any premium or discount on acquisition and includes transaction costs and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. The interest amount based on the application of effective interest method is recognized as interest income or expense.

#### g. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Cost of finished goods produced and work in process includes a systematic allocation of production overheads. Allowance for diminution in value of inventories is provided based on a review of the condition of inventories at the end of the reporting period.

#### h. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are amortized over the periods benefited.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

#### i. Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi

Entitas asosiasi adalah suatu entitas di mana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai pengaruh signifikan dan bukan merupakan entitas anak (Catatan 2b) maupun bagian partisipasi dalam ventura bersama. Pemilikan, secara langsung maupun tidak langsung, 20% atau lebih hak suara investee dianggap pemilikan pengaruh signifikan, kecuali dapat dibuktikan dengan jelas hal yang sebaliknya.

Investasi pada entitas asosiasi dicatat dengan menggunakan metode ekuitas, dimana pada awalnya diakui sebesar biaya perolehan. Selanjutnya, bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas laba rugi entitas asosiasi, setelah penyesuaian yang diperlukan terhadap dampak penyeragaman kebijakan akuntansi dan eliminasi laba atau rugi yang dihasilkan dari transaksi antara Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dan entitas asosiasi, akan menambah atau mengurangi jumlah tercatat investasi tersebut dan diakui sebagai laba rugi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penerimaan distribusi dari entitas asosiasi mengurangi nilai tercatat investasi. Penyesuaian terhadap jumlah tercatat tersebut juga diperlukan jika terdapat perubahan dalam proporsi bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas entitas asosiasi yang timbul dari pendapatan komprehensif lain dari entitas asosiasi. Bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas perubahan tersebut diakui dalam pendapatan komprehensif lain dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Goodwill yang terkait dengan akuisisi entitas asosiasi termasuk dalam jumlah tercatat investasi. Jika terdapat goodwill negatif, maka jumlah tersebut diakui di dalam laba rugi. Goodwill tidak diamortisasi dan dilakukan uji penurunan nilai setiap tahun.

Apabila nilai tercatat investasi telah mencapai nilai nol, kerugian selanjutnya akan diakui bila Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai komitmen untuk menyediakan bantuan pendanaan atau menjamin kewajiban entitas asosiasi yang bersangkutan.

Perubahan nilai investasi yang disebabkan oleh terjadinya perubahan nilai ekuitas di entitas asosiasi yang timbul dari transaksi modal di entitas asosiasi dengan pihak ketiga diakui sebagai pendapatan komprehensif lain dan akan diakui sebagai pendapatan atau beban pada saat pelepasan investasi yang bersangkutan.

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### i. Investment in Associates

An associate is an entity in which the Company and Subsidiaries have significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary (Note 2b) nor an interest in a joint venture. Direct or indirect ownership of 20% or more of the voting power of an investee is presumed to be an ownership of significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case.

Investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method, under which it is initially recognized at cost. Subsequently, the Company and Subsidiaries' share of the profit or loss of the associate, after any adjustments necessary to give effect to uniform accounting policies and elimination of profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and Subsidiaries and the associate, increases or decreases their carrying amount and is recognized in the Company and Subsidiaries' profit or loss. Distributions received from the associate reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Adjustments to the carrying amount may also be necessary for changes in the Company and Subsidiaries' proportionate interest in the associate arising from changes in the associate's other comprehensive income. The Company and Subsidiaries' share of these changes is recognized in other comprehensive income of the Company and Subsidiaries.

Goodwill on acquisition of associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment. In case of negative goodwill, such amount is recognized in profit or loss. Goodwill is no longer amortized but annually assessed for impairment.

Once an investment's carrying value has been reduced to zero, further losses are taken up if the Company and Subsidiaries have committed to provide financial support to, or have guaranteed the obligations of the associates.

Changes in value of the investments due to changes of equity in associates arising from capital transactions of such associates with other parties are recognized as other comprehensive income and recognized as income or expenses in the period in which disposal of the investments occurs.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING

### (Lanjutan)

#### j. Aset Tetap

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak telah memilih untuk menggunakan model biaya sebagai kebijakan akuntansi pengukuran aset tetapnya.

Aset tetap, selain hak atas tanah, dinyatakan sebesar harga perolehan/nilai revaluasi dikurangi akumulasi penyusutan. Penyusutan dihitung dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus berdasarkan taksiran masa manfaat ekonomis aset tetap sebagai berikut:

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### j. Fixed Assets

The Company and Subsidiaries have chosen the cost model as the accounting policy for their fixed assets measurement.

Fixed assets, other than land rights, are stated at cost or revalued figure less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of fixed assets as follows:

	Tahun/ <i>Years</i>	
Prasarana	12 - 20	Land improvements
Bangunan	11 - 20	Buildings
Mesin	25	Machinery
Peralatan pengangkutan, perabot,		Transportation equipment, furniture,
peralatan kantor dan peralatan lain-lain	2 - 5	fixtures and other equipment

Pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan, nilai residu, umur manfaat dan metode penyusutan ditelaah kembali, dan jika perlu disesuaikan.

Aset dalam pengerjaan dinyatakan sebesar biaya perolehan dan disajikan sebagai bagian dari "Aset Tetap" dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian. Akumulasi biaya perolehan akan dipindahkan ke masing-masing akun aset tetap yang bersangkutan pada saat aset tersebut selesai dikerjakan dan siap digunakan.

Beban perbaikan dan pemeliharaan dibebankan pada laba rugi pada saat terjadinya; biaya penggantian atau inspeksi yang signifikan dikapitalisasi pada saat terjadinya jika besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomis di masa depan berkenaan dengan aset tersebut akan mengalir ke Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, dan biaya perolehan aset dapat diukur secara andal. Aset tetap dihentikan pengakuannya pada saat dilepaskan atau ketika tidak ada manfaat ekonomis masa depan yang diharapkan dari penggunaan atau pelepasannya. Laba atau rugi yang timbul dari penghentian pengakuan aset dimasukkan dalam laba rugi pada periode aset tersebut dihentikan pengakuannya.

At end of reporting period, the assets' residual value, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate.

Assets under construction are stated at cost and presented as part of "Fixed Assets" in the consolidated statements of financial position. The accumulated costs will be reclassified to the appropriate fixed assets account when construction is complete and the assets are ready for their intended use.

The cost of repairs and maintenance is charged to profit or loss as incurred; replacement or major inspection costs are capitalized when incurred if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and Subsidiaries, and the cost of the item can be reliably measured. An item of fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the period the asset is derecognized.

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

#### k. Sewa

Sewa yang mengalihkan secara substansial semua risiko dan manfaat yang terkait dengan kepemilikan aset kepada lessee diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa pembiayaan. Pada awal masa sewa, sewa pembiayaan dikapitalisasi sebesar nilai wajar aset sewaan atau sebesar nilai kini dari pembayaran sewa minimum, jika nilai kini lebih rendah dari nilai wajar. Pembayaran sewa minimum dipisahkan antara bagian yang merupakan beban keuangan dan bagian yang merupakan pelunasan liabilitas sehingga menghasilkan suatu tingkat bunga periodik yang konstan atas saldo liabilitas. Beban keuangan dibebankan pada laba rugi. Aset sewaan yang dimiliki oleh lessee dengan dasar sewa pembiayaan dicatat pada akun aset tetap dan disusutkan sepanjang masa manfaat dari aset sewaan tersebut atau periode masa sewa, mana yang lebih pendek, jika tidak ada kepastian yang memadai bahwa lessee akan mendapatkan hak kepemilikan pada akhir masa

Sewa yang tidak mengalihkan secara substansial seluruh risiko dan manfaat yang terkait dengan kepemilikan aset diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa operasi.

#### I. Penurunan Nilai Aset Non-Keuangan

Pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai apakah terdapat indikasi aset mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat indikasi tersebut, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengestimasi jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut. Jumlah terpulihkan suatu aset atau unit penghasil kas adalah jumlah yang lebih tinggi antara nilai wajar dikurangi biaya untuk menjual dan nilai pakainya. Jika jumlah terpulihkan suatu aset lebih kecil dari nilai tercatatnya, nilai tercatat aset harus diturunkan menjadi sebesar jumlah terpulihkan. Kerugian penurunan nilai diakui segera dalam laba rugi.

Rugi penurunan nilai yang telah diakui dalam periode-periode sebelumnya untuk aset (selain goodwill) dibalik jika, dan hanya jika, terdapat perubahan estimasi digunakan untuk yang menentukan jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut sejak rugi penurunan nilai terakhir diakui. Jika demikian, jumlah tercatat aset dinaikkan ke jumlah terpulihkannya, tetapi tidak melebihi jumlah tercatat setelah amortisasi atau penyusutan) seandainya aset tidak mengalami rugi penurunan nilai pada tahun-tahun sebelumnya.

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#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

#### k. Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item to the lessee are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or at the present value of the minimum lease payments if the present value is lower than the fair value. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recorded in profit or loss. Leased assets held by the lessee under finance leases are included in fixed assets and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the assets or the lease term, whichever is shorter, if there is no reasonable certainty that lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item are classified as operating leases.

#### I. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company and Subsidiaries estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered to be impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

An impairment loss recognized in prior periods for an asset (other than goodwill) will be reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset will be increased to its recoverable amount, but will not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

# 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Kenaikan ini merupakan suatu pembalikan rugi penurunan nilai yang diakui segera dalam laba rugi.

#### m. Biaya Pinjaman

Biaya pinjaman, baik yang secara langsung maupun tidak langsung digunakan untuk mendanai suatu proses pembangunan aset tertentu yang memenuhi syarat ("aset kualifikasian"), dikapitalisasi hingga saat proses pembangunannya selesai. Untuk pinjaman yang secara khusus digunakan untuk perolehan aset kualifikasian, jumlah yang dikapitalisasi adalah sebesar biaya pinjaman yang terjadi selama periode berjalan, dikurangi dengan pendapatan investasi jangka pendek dari pinjaman tersebut. Untuk pinjaman yang tidak secara khusus digunakan untuk perolehan aset kualifikasian, jumlah biaya pinjaman yang dikapitalisasi ditentukan dengan mengalikan tingkat kapitalisasi tertentu terhadap pengeluaran untuk aset kualifikasian tersebut.

#### n. Pengakuan Pendapatan dan Beban

Pendapatan diakui bila besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomi akan diperoleh oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dan jumlahnya dapat diukur secara handal. Pendapatan diukur pada nilai wajar imbalan yang diterima, tidak termasuk diskon, rabat dan pajak penjualan (PPN).

Penjualan lokal diakui pada saat hak kepemilikan beralih kepada pelanggan. Penjualan ekspor diakui pada saat barang dimuat di atas kapal pelabuhan pengirim (f.o.b. shipping point). Penjualan disajikan neto dari pajak pertambahan nilai, retur penjualan, klaim dan potongan harga.

Beban diakui pada saat terjadinya atau diamortisasi selama masa manfaatnya (accrual basis).

#### o. Transaksi dan Saldo dalam Mata Uang Asing

Transaksi dalam mata uang selain USD dijabarkan ke USD berdasarkan kurs yang berlaku pada tanggal transaksi. Pada akhir periode pelaporan, seluruh aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang selain USD dijabarkan ke USD dengan menggunakan kurs tengah yang ditetapkan oleh Bank Indonesia pada tanggal tersebut. Laba atau rugi selisih kurs yang timbul diakui dalam laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian tahun berjalan.

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

That increase is a reversal of an impairment loss and is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### m. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs, either directly or indirectly used in financing the construction of a qualifying asset, are capitalized up to the date when construction is complete. For borrowings that are specific to the acquisition of a qualifying asset, the amount to be capitalized is determined as the actual borrowing costs incurred during the period, less any income earned from the temporary investment of such borrowings. For borrowings that are not specific to the acquisition of a qualifying asset, the amount to be capitalized is determined by applying a capitalization rate to the amount expensed on the qualifying asset.

#### n. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and Subsidiaries and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates and sales taxes (VAT).

Local sales are recognized when title passes to the customer. Export sales are recognized upon loading of the goods for shipment to customers (f.o.b. shipping point). Sales are presented net of value-added tax, sales returns, claims and price discounts.

Expenses are recognized when incurred or amortized according to their beneficial periods (accrual basis).

#### o. Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Transactions in currencies other than USD are translated into USD at the rate prevailing at the transaction date. At the end of reporting period, all monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than the USD are translated into USD at the middle exchange rates quoted by Bank Indonesia on that date. The resulting net foreign exchange gains or losses are recognized in the current year's consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Kurs penutup yang digunakan pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut (dalam satuan penuh):

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS/Rupiah Indonesia	13.084,00	12.440,00	US Dollar/Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS/Yen Jepang	120,09	119,33	US Dollar/Japanese Yen
Dolar AS/Yuan Cina	6,14	6,12	US Dollar/China Yuan
Dolar AS/Dolar Singapura	1,38	1,32	US Dollar/Singaporean Dollar
Dolar AS/Dolar Australia	1,31	1,22	US Dollar/Australian Dollar
Dolar AS/Euro Eropa	0,92	0,82	US Dollar/European Euro

#### p. Imbalan Kerja

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menentukan liabilitas imbalan kerja sesuai dengan Undang-undang Ketenagakerjaan No. 13/2003 ("Undang-undang") tanggal 25 Maret 2003, Sesuai PSAK No. 24 (Revisi 2010), beban imbalan kerja berdasarkan Undangundang ditentukan dengan menggunakan metode aktuarial "Projected Unit Credit".

Keuntungan atau kerugian aktuarial diakui sebagai atau beban apabila pendapatan akumulasi keuntungan atau kerugian aktuarial neto yang belum diakui pada akhir tahun pelaporan sebelumnya melebihi jumlah yang lebih besar diantara 10% dari nilai kini imbalan pasti dan 10% dari nilai wajar aset program pada akhir periode pelaporan. Keuntungan atau kerugian diakui atas dasar metode garis lurus selama rata-rata sisa masa kerja karyawan yang diharapkan. Beban jasa lalu yang terjadi ketika memperkenalkan program imbalan pasti atau mengubah imbalan terhutang pada program imbalan pasti yang ada, diamortisasi selama periode sampai imbalan tersebut menjadi hak.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengakui keuntungan atau kerugian atas kurtailmen atau penyelesaian pada saat terjadinya. Kurtailmen terjadi jika entitas menunjukkan komitmennya untuk mengurangi secara signifikan jumlah pekerja yang ditanggung oleh program, atau mengubah ketentuan dalam program yang menyebabkan bagian yang material dari jasa masa depan pekerja tidak lagi memberikan imbalan atau memberikan imbalan yang lebih rendah. Sebelum menentukan dampak kurtailmen atau penyelesaian, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengukur kembali kewajiban dengan menggunakan asumsi aktuarial yang berlaku.

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#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

The closing exchange rates used as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows (in full amount):

#### p. Employee Benefits

The Company and Subsidiaries determine their employee benefits liabilities under Labor Law No. 13/2003 dated March 25, 2003 ("the Law"). Under PSAK No. 24 (Revised 2010), the cost of employee benefits based on the Law is determined using the "Projected Unit Credit" actuarial valuation method.

Actuarial gains or losses are recognized as income or expense when the net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gains and losses at the end of the previous reporting year exceeded the higher of 10% of the defined benefit obligation and 10% of the fair value of plan assets at that date. These gains or losses are recognized on a straight-line basis method over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees. Past-service costs arising from the introduction of a defined benefit plan or changes in the benefits obligation of an existing plan are required to be amortized over the period until the benefits concerned become vested.

The Company and Subsidiaries recognize gains or losses on curtailment or settlement when such occurs. A curtailment occurs when an entity is demonstrably committed to making a significant reduction in the number of employees covered by a plan, or amends the terms of a defined benefit plan so that a significant element of future service by current employees will no longer qualify for benefits, or will qualify only for reduced benefits. Before determining the effect of a curtailment or settlement, the Company and Subsidiaries remeasure the obligation using current actuarial assumptions.

# 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

### q. Pajak Penghasilan

Beban pajak penghasilan kini ditetapkan berdasarkan taksiran laba kena pajak periode berjalan.

Aset pajak kini dan liabilitas pajak kini dilakukan saling hapus jika dan hanya jika entitas memiliki hak yang dapat dipaksakan secara hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus jumlah yang diakui; dan bermaksud untuk menyelesaikan dengan dasar neto, atau merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitas secara bersamaan.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diakui atas perbedaan temporer antara aset dan liabilitas untuk tujuan komersial dan untuk tujuan perpajakan setiap tanggal pelaporan. Aset pajak tangguhan diakui untuk seluruh perbedaan temporer yang boleh dikurangkan, sepanjang besar kemungkinan perbedaan temporer yang boleh dikurangkan tersebut dapat dimanfaatkan untuk mengurangi laba fiskal pada masa yang akan datang. Liabilitas pajak tangguhan diakui atas semua perbedaan temporer kena pajak. Manfaat pajak di masa mendatang, seperti saldo rugi fiskal yang belum digunakan, diakui sejauh besar kemungkinan realisasi atas manfaat pajak tersebut.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diukur pada tarif pajak yang diharapkan akan digunakan pada periode ketika aset direalisasi atau ketika liabilitas dilunasi berdasarkan tarif pajak (dan peraturan perpajakan) yang berlaku atau secara substansial telah diberlakukan pada akhir periode pelaporan.

Aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan dilakukan saling hapus jika dan hanya jika entitas memiliki hak secara hukum untuk saling hapus aset pajak kini terhadap liabilitas pajak kini, dan aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan terkait dengan pajak penghasilan yang dikenakan oleh otoritas perpajakan atas entitas kena pajak yang sama atau entitas kena pajak berbeda yang bermaksud untuk memulihkan aset dan liabilitas pajak kini dengan dasar neto, atau merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitas secara bersamaan, pada setiap periode masa depan yang mana jumlah signifikan atas aset atau liabilitas pajak tangguhan diharapkan diselesaikan atau dipulihkan.

Jumlah tambahan pokok dan denda pajak berdasarkan Surat Ketetapan Pajak ("SKP") diakui sebagai pendapatan atau beban dalam laba rugi tahun berjalan.

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### q. Income Taxes

Current income tax expense is provided based on the estimated taxable income for the period.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the financial and tax bases of assets and liabilities at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Future tax benefits, such as the carry-forward of unused tax losses, are also recognized to the extent that realization of such benefits is probable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liabilities settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity, or different taxable entities that intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Additional tax principal and penalty amounts based on Tax Assessment Letters ("SKP") are recognized as income or expense in the current year profit or loss.

## 2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Namun, jika diajukan upaya penyelesaian selanjutnya, jumlah tersebut ditangguhkan pembebanannya sepanjang memenuhi kriteria pengakuan aset.

#### r. Laba per Saham

Laba per saham dasar dihitung dengan membagi laba neto yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk dengan total rata-rata tertimbang saham biasa yang beredar selama tahun yang bersangkutan.

#### s. Informasi Segmen

Segmen adalah bagian khusus dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang terlibat baik dalam menyediakan produk dan jasa (segmen usaha), maupun dalam menyediakan produk dan jasa dalam lingkungan ekonomi tertentu (segmen geografis), yang memiliki risiko dan imbalan yang berbeda dari segmen lainnya.

#### t. Provisi dan Kontinjensi

Provisi diakui jika, sebagai akibat peristiwa masa lalu, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki kewajiban kini yang bersifat hukum maupun konstruktif yang dapat diestimasi secara andal, dan kemungkinan besar arus keluar sumber daya yang mengandung manfaat ekonomi diperlukan untuk menyelesaikan kewajiban tersebut. Provisi ditentukan dengan mendiskontokan perkiraan arus kas masa depan, dengan suatu tingkat diskonto sebelum pajak yang mencerminkan penilaian pasar atas nilai waktu dari uang dan risiko yang terkait dengan liabilitas yang bersangkutan.

Provisi ditelaah pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan dan disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan estimasi terbaik yang paling kini. Jika arus keluar sumber daya untuk menyelesaikan kewajiban kemungkinan besar tidak terjadi, maka provisi dibatalkan.

Aset dan liabilitas kontinjensi tidak diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian. Liabilitas kontinjensi diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian, kecuali arus keluar sumber daya yang mengandung manfaat ekonomi kemungkinannya kecil. Aset kontinjensi diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian, jika terdapat kemungkinan besar arus masuk manfaat ekonomis akan diperoleh.

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

However, when further avenue is sought, such amounts are deferred if they meet the asset recognition criteria.

#### r. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net income attributable to the owners of the parent by the weighted average number of issued and outstanding shares of stock during the year.

#### s. Segment Information

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Company and Subsidiaries that is engaged either in providing certain products (business segment), or in providing products within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

#### t. Provisions and Contingencies

Provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company and Subsidiaries have a present legal or constructive obligation that can be reliably estimated, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows, at a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Provisions are reviewed at each end of reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### **ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING**

Penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia mewajibkan manajemen untuk membuat pertimbangan, estimasi dan asumsi yang mempengaruhi jumlah-jumlah vang dilaporkan dalam laporan keuangan. Sehubungan dengan adanya ketidakpastian yang melekat dalam membuat estimasi, hasil sebenarnya yang dilaporkan di masa mendatang dapat berbeda dengan jumlah estimasi yang dibuat.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mendasarkan asumsi dan estimasi pada parameter yang tersedia pada saat laporan keuangan disusun. Asumsi dan situasi mengenai perkembangan masa depan mungkin berubah akibat perubahan pasar atau situasi diluar kendali Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Perubahan tersebut dicerminkan dalam asumsi terkait pada saat terjadinya.

Pertimbangan, estimasi dan asumsi berikut ini dibuat oleh manajemen dalam rangka penerapan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang memiliki pengaruh paling signifikan atas jumlah yang diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian:

#### Menentukan mata uang fungsional

Faktor-faktor yang dipertimbangkan dalam menentukan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan masing-masing Entitas Anak termasuk, antara lain, mata uang:

- yang paling mempengaruhi harga jual barang dan iasa:
- dari negara yang kekuatan persaingan dan peraturannya sebagian besar menentukan harga jual barang dan jasa entitas;
- yang paling mempengaruhi biaya tenaga kerja, bahan baku, dan biaya lain dari pengadaan barang atau jasa;
- yang mana dana dari aktivitas pendanaan dihasilkan; dan
- yang mana penerimaan dari aktivitas operasi pada umumnya ditahan.

#### Menentukan klasifikasi aset dan liabilitas keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi atas aset dan liabilitas tertentu sebagai aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan dengan mempertimbangkan apakah definisi yang ditetapkan PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011) dipenuhi.

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#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGMENTS**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements, in conformity with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards, requires management to make judgments, estimations and assumptions that affect amounts reported therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods may differ from those estimates.

The Company and Subsidiaries based their assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the prepared. financial statements . Existing were circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Company and Subsidiaries. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions as they occur.

The following judgments, estimates and assumptions made by management in the process of applying the Company and Subsidiaries' accounting policies are those most likely to have significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

#### Determining functional currency

The factors considered in determining the functional currency of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries include, among others, the currency:

- that mainly influences sales prices for goods and services:
- of the country whose competitive forces and regulations mainly determine the sales prices of its goods and services;
- that mainly influences labor, material and other costs of providing goods or services;
- in which funds from financing activities are generated; and
- in which receipts from operating activities are usually retained.

#### Determining classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company and Subsidiaries determine classification of certain assets and liabilities as financial assets and financial liabilities by judging if they meet the definition set forth in PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2011).

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

# 3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Dengan demikian, aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan diakui sesuai dengan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak seperti diungkapkan pada Catatan 2.

# Menentukan nilai wajar dan perhitungan amortisasi biaya perolehan dari instrumen keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mencatat aset dan liabilitas keuangan tertentu pada nilai wajar dan biaya perolehan diamortisasi, yang mengharuskan penggunaan estimasi akuntansi. Sementara komponen signifikan atas asumsi yang digunakan dalam perhitungan amortisasi biaya perolehan ditentukan menggunakan bukti obyektif yang dapat diverifikasi, jumlah nilai wajar atau amortisasi dapat berbeda bila Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan metodologi penilaian atau asumsi yang berbeda. Perubahan tersebut dapat mempengaruhi secara langsung laba atau rugi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 42.

#### Menilai jumlah terpulihkan dari aset keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi akun piutang tertentu yang diketahui bahwa pelanggan tertentu tidak dapat memenuhi kewajiban keuangannya. Dalam hal tersebut, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan pertimbangan, berdasarkan fakta dan situasi yang tersedia, termasuk namun tidak terbatas pada, jangka waktu hubungan dengan pelanggan dan status kredit dari pelanggan berdasarkan catatan kredit dari pihak ketiga yang tersedia dan faktor pasar yang telah diketahui, untuk mencatat penyisihan spesifik atas pelanggan terhadap jumlah terutang guna mengurangi jumlah piutang yang diharapkan dapat diterima oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penyisihan spesifik ini dievaluasi kembali dan disesuaikan jika tambahan yang diterima mempengaruhi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai piutang. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 5.

# Menilai penyisihan penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan

Penyisihan penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan diestimasi berdasarkan fakta dan situasi yang tersedia, termasuk namun tidak terbatas kepada, kondisi fisik persediaan yang dimiliki, harga jual pasar, estimasi biaya penyelesaian dan estimasi biaya yang timbul untuk penjualan. Provisi dievaluasi kembali dan disesuaikan jika terdapat tambahan informasi yang mempengaruhi total yang diestimasi.

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# 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

Accordingly, the financial assets and financial liabilities are accounted for in accordance with the Company and Subsidiaries' accounting policies disclosed in Note 2.

## <u>Determining fair value and calculation of cost</u> amortization of financial instruments

The Company and Subsidiaries record certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value and amortized costs, which requires the use of accounting estimates. While significant components of asumptions used in the calculation of cost amortization were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the fair value or amortization amount would differ if the Company and Subsidiaries utilized different valuation methodology or assumptions. Such changes would directly affect the Company and Subsidiaries' profit or loss. Further details are disclosed in Note 42.

#### Assessing recoverable amounts of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate specific accounts receivable where they have information that certain customers are unable to meet their financial obligations. In these cases, the Company and Subsidiaries use judgment, based on available facts and circumstances, including but not limited to, the length of their relationship with the customer and the customer's current credit status based on any available third party credit reports and known market factors, to record specific provisions for customers against amounts due to reduce their receivable amounts to that the Company and Subsidiaries expect to collect. These specific provisions are re-evaluated and adjusted as additional information received affects the provision for impairment. Further details are disclosed in Note 5.

# Assessing allowance for decline in market value and obsolescence of inventories

Allowance for decline in market value and obsolescence of inventories is estimated based on available facts and circumstances, including but not limited to, the inventories own physical condition, their market selling prices, estimated costs of completion and estimated costs to be incurred for their sales. The provisions are re-evaluated and adjusted as additional information received affects the amount estimated.

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

## 3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan.

### Menentukan metode penyusutan dan estimasi umur manfaat aset tetap

Biaya perolehan aset tetap disusutkan dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus berdasarkan taksiran masa manfaat ekonomisnya. Manajemen mengestimasi masa manfaat ekonomis aset tetap 2 tahun sampai dengan 25 tahun. Ini adalah umur yang secara umum diharapkan dalam industri dimana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjalankan bisnisnya. Perubahan tingkat pemakaian dan perkembangan teknologi dapat mempengaruhi masa manfaat ekonomis dan nilai sisa aset, dan karenanya biaya penyusutan masa depan mungkin direvisi. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 12.

#### Menilai penurunan nilai aset non-keuangan tertentu

PSAK No. 48 (Revisi 2009) mensyaratkan bahwa penilaian penurunan nilai dilakukan pada aset non-keuangan tertentu apabila terdapat kejadian atau perubahan keadaan yang mengindikasikan bahwa nilai tercatat tidak dapat diperoleh kembali. Faktor-faktor yang dianggap penting oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang dapat memicu penelaahan atas penurunan nilai adalah sebagai berikut:

- (a) kinerja yang relatif kurang signifikan terhadap expected historical atau hasil operasional yang diharapkan dari proyek masa depan;
- (b) perubahan signifikan dalam cara penggunaan aset yang diperoleh atau strategi bisnis secara keseluruhan; dan
- (c) tren industri atau ekonomi yang negatif secara signifikan.

Kerugian akibat penurunan nilai diakui apabila nilai tercatat aset non-keuangan melebihi total yang dapat dipulihkan. Menentukan total yang dapat dipulihkan atas aset-aset tersebut membutuhkan estimasi atas arus kas yang diharapkan dapat dihasilkan dari penggunaan lanjutan dan disposisi akhir dari aset tersebut.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan aset tetap dan aset tidak lancar lainnya. PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk
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# 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries assessed that there was no indication of decline in market value and obsolescence of their inventories.

## <u>Determining depreciation method and estimated useful</u> lives of fixed assets

The costs of fixed assets are depreciated on a straightline basis over their estimated useful lives. Management properly estimates the useful lives of these fixed assets to be within 2 years to 25 years. These are common life expectancies applied in the industries in which the Company and Subsidiaries conduct their business. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact on the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, and therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. Further details are disclosed in Note 12.

#### Assessing impairment of certain non-financial assets

PSAK No. 48 (Revised 2009) requires that an impairment review be performed on certain non-financial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The factors the Company and Subsidiaries consider important that could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- (a) significant underperformance relative to the expected historical or project future operating results;
- (b) significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business;
- (c) significant negative industry or economic trends.

An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of a non-financial asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Determining the recoverable amount of such assets requires the estimation of cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries assessed that there was no indication of impairment of their fixed assets and other non-current assets.

# 3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

#### Estimasi beban pensiun dan imbalan kerja

Penentuan biaya pensiun dan liabilitas imbalan kerja Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak bergantung pada pemilihan asumsi yang digunakan oleh aktuaris independen dalam menghitung jumlah-jumlah tersebut. Asumsi tersebut termasuk antara lain, tingkat diskonto, tingkat kenaikan gaji tahunan, tingkat pengunduran diri karyawan tahunan, tingkat cacat, umur pensiun dan tingkat kematian. Hasil aktual yang berbeda dari asumsi yang ditetapkan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang memiliki pengaruh lebih dari 10% liabilitas imbalan pasti, ditangguhkan dan diamortisasi secara garis lurus selama rata-rata sisa masa kerja karyawan. Sementara Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak berkeyakinan bahwa asumsi tersebut adalah wajar dan sesuai, perbedaan signifikan pada hasil aktual atau perubahan signifikan dalam asumsi yang ditetapkan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dapat mempengaruhi secara material liabilitas diestimasi atas pensiun dan imbalan kerja dan beban imbalan kerja neto. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 25.

#### Menentukan provisi atas pajak penghasilan

Pertimbangan signifikan dilakukan dalam menentukan provisi atas pajak penghasilan badan. Terdapat transaksi dan perhitungan tertentu yang penentuan pajak akhirnya adalah tidak pasti sepanjang kegiatan usaha normal. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengakui liabilitas atas pajak penghasilan badan berdasarkan estimasi apakah akan terdapat tambahan pajak penghasilan badan.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menelaah aset pajak tangguhan pada setiap tanggal pelaporan dan mengurangi nilai tercatat sepanjang tidak ada kemungkinan bahwa laba kena pajak memadai untuk mengkompensasi sebagian atau seluruh aset pajak tangguhan. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak juga menelaah waktu yang diharapkan dan tarif pajak atas pemulihan perbedaan temporer dan menyesuaikan pengaruh atas pajak tangguhan yang sesuai. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 34.

#### Mengevaluasi perjanjian sewa

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menandatangani perjanjian sewa sebagai *lessee*. Manajemen melakukan penilaian dalam menentukan apakah semua risiko signifikan dan manfaat kepemilikan aset sewaan dialihkan kepada Perusahaan. Sewa guna usaha dimana Perusahaan memperoleh seluruh risiko signifikan dan manfaat kepemilikan aset sewaan diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa pembiayaan, jika sebaliknya maka diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa operasi. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 20.

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## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

#### Estimate of pension cost and employee benefits

The determination of the Company and Subsidiaries' liabilities and costs for employee benefits is dependent on their selection of certain assumptions used by the independent actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions include among others, discount rates, annual salary increase rate, annual employee turn-over rate, disability rate, retirement age and mortality rate. Actual results that differ from the Company and Subsidiaries' assumptions whose effects are more than 10% of the defined benefit obligations are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service years of the qualified employees. While the Company and Subsidiaries believe that their assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the Company and Subsidiaries' actual results or significant changes in the Company and Subsidiaries' assumptions may materially affect their estimated liabilities for pension and employee benefits and net employee benefits expense. Further details are disclosed in Note 25.

#### Determining provision for income tax

Significant judgment is involved in determining provision for corporate income tax. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company and Subsidiaries recognize liabilities for expected corporate income tax issues based on estimates of whether additional corporate income tax will be due.

The Company and Subsidiaries review their deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduce the carrying amounts to the extent it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. The Company and Subsidiaries also review the expected timing and tax rates upon reversal of temporary differences and adjust the impact of deferred tax accordingly. Further details are disclosed in Note 34.

#### Evaluating lease agreements

The Company and Subsidiaries have entered into lease agreements as lessee. The management exercises judgment in determining whether all significant risk and rewards of ownership of the leased property are transferred to the Company. Leases wherein the Company acquires all significant risks and rewards of ownership of the leased property are accounted for as finance leases, otherwise they are accounted for as operating leases. Further details are disclosed in Note 20.

# 3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

#### Mengevaluasi provisi dan kontinjensi

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terlibat dalam berbagai proses hukum dan pajak. Manajemen melakukan penilaian untuk membedakan antara provisi dan kontinjensi terutama melalui konsultasi dengan penasehat hukum Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang menangani proses hukum dan pajak tersebut. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempersiapkan provisi yang sesuai untuk proses hukum saat ini atau kewajiban konstruktif, jika ada, sesuai dengan kebijakan provisinya. Dalam pengakuan dan pengukuran provisi, manajemen mengambil risiko dan ketidakpastian.

Dalam situasi tertentu, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tidak dapat menentukan secara pasti jumlah liabilitas pajak mereka pada saat ini atau masa depan karena proses pemeriksaan, atau negosiasi dengan otoritas perpaiakan. Ketidakpastian timbul terkait dengan interpretasi dari peraturan perpajakan yang kompleks serta jumlah dan waktu dari penghasilan kena pajak di masa depan. Dalam menentukan jumlah yang harus diakui terkait dengan liabilitas pajak yang tidak pasti, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan pertimbangan yang sama yang akan mereka gunakan dalam menentukan jumlah cadangan yang harus diakui sesuai dengan PSAK 57, "Provisi, Liabilitas Kontinjensi, dan Aset Kontinjensi". Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak membuat analisa untuk semua posisi pajak terkait dengan pajak penghasilan untuk menentukan jika liabilitas pajak untuk manfaat pajak yang belum diakui harus diakui.

#### 4. KAS DAN SETARA KAS

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# 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

#### Evaluating provisions and contingencies

The Company and Subsidiaries are involved in various legal and tax proceedings. The managements exercise their judgments to distinguish between provisions and contingencies mainly through consultation with the Company and Subsidiaries' legal counsel handling those proceedings. The Company and Subsidiaries set up appropriate provisions for their present legal or constructive obligations, if any, in accordance with their policies on provisions. In recognizing and measuring provisions, the managements take risk and uncertainty into account.

In certain circumstances, the Company and Subsidiaries may not be able to determine the exact amount of their current or future tax liabilities due to ongoing investigations by, or negotiations with, the taxation authority. Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. In determining the amount to be recognized in respect to an uncertain tax liability, the Company and Subsidiaries apply similar considerations as they would use in determining the amount of a provision to be recognized in accordance with PSAK 57, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets." The Company and Subsidiaries perform an analysis of all tax positions related to income taxes to determine if a tax liability for unrecognized tax benefit should be recognized.

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Kas	202	192	Cash on hand
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in banks</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	28.490	34.360	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	18.611	14.428	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	7.758	5.447	(Persero) Tbk
Bank of China Limited	6.071	5.418	Bank of China Limited
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	3.757	3.793	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	1.940	1.103	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

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#### 4. KAS DAN SETARA KAS (Lanjutan)

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk PT Bank Internasional	1.732	2.497	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk PT Bank Internasional
Indonesia Tbk	1.090	1.141	Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank DKI	846	891	PT Bank DKI
PT Bank Pembangunan Daerah Jawa Barat dan Banten Tbk Lain-lain (masing-masing	626	428	PT Bank Pembangunan Daerah Jawa Barat dan Banten Tbk Others (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	902	1.617	USD500 thousand)
Total kas di bank	71.823	71.123	Total cash in bank
<u>Setara kas</u> Deposito berjangka <u>Dolar AS</u> PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			<u>Cash equivalents</u> Time deposits <u>US Dollar</u> PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	4.054	26.854	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	1.500	-	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Internasional		0.000	PT Bank Internasional
Indonesia Tbk	-	3.000	Indonesia Tbk
<u>Rupiah Indonesia</u> PT Bank Negara Indonesia			<u>Indonesian Rupiah</u> PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	2.293	2.010	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Bukopin Tbk PT Bank Internasional	1.146	8.038	PT Bank Bukopin Tbk PT Bank Internasional
Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia	409	249	Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk		2.508	(Persero) Tbk
Total setara kas	9.402	42.659	Total cash equivalents
Total pihak ketiga	81.427	113.974	Total third parties
<b>Pihak berelasi</b> (Catatan 38k) <u>Kas di bank</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	1.790	1.519	<b>Related party</b> (Note 38k) <u>Cash in bank</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
<u>Setara kas</u> Deposito berjangka <u>Dolar AS</u>			<u>Cash equivalents</u> Time deposits <u>US Dollar</u>
PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	10.700	3.000	PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
<u>Rupiah Indonesia</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	1.344	832	<u>Indonesian Rupiah</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Total pihak berelasi	13.834	5.351	Total related party
Total	95.261	119.325	Total

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#### 4. KAS DAN SETARA KAS (Lanjutan)

Rincian kas dan setara kas berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Details of cash and cash equivalents based on currencies were as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS	68.984	84.888	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	14.746	18.795	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	9.188	13.330	China Yuan
Euro Eropa	1.654	1.783	European Euro
Mata uang lainnya (masing-masing			Other currencies (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	689	529	USD500 thousand)
Total	95.261	119.325	Total

Kisaran bunga tahunan deposito berjangka adalah sebagai berikut:

Annual interest rates of time deposits ranged as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i> %	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014 %	
Rupiah Indonesia	4,00 - 10,00	5,00 - 10,50	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	0,06 - 1,75	0,06 - 1,75	US Dollar

Kas dan setara kas kepada pihak berelasi masingmasing sebesar 0,21% dan 0,08% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014. Cash and cash equivalents to related parties represents 0.21% and 0.08% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

#### 5. PIUTANG USAHA - LANCAR

### 5. TRADE RECEIVABLES - CURRENT

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
<u>Pihak ketiga</u> Ekspor Lokal	127.395 2.274	142.814 	<u>Third Parties</u> Export Local
Total pihak ketiga Penyisihan penurunan nilai	129.669 (2.346)	145.794 (2.346)	Total third parties Allowance for impairment loss
Piutang usaha - pihak ketiga - neto	127.323	143.448	Trade receivables - third parties - net
<u>Pihak berelasi</u> <u>Ekspor</u> Yalong Paper Products			<u>Related parties</u> <u>Export</u> Yalong Paper Products
(Kunshan) Co. Ltd. Cabang-cabang APP Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah USD500 ribu)	6.052 4.368 43	3.726 43	(Kunshan) Co. Ltd. Branches of APP Others (each below USD500 thousand)
Sub-total	10.463	3.769	Sub-total

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## 5. PIUTANG USAHA - LANCAR (Lanjutan)

## 5. TRADE RECEIVABLES - CURRENT (Continued)

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
<u>Lokal</u> PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	61.138	38.268	<u>Local</u> PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
PT Pindo Deli Pulp and Paper Mills PT Sinar Duniamakmur	11.291 10.884	6.283 11.448	PT Pindo Deli Pulp and Paper Mills PT Sinar Duniamakmur
PT The Univenus  Lain-lain (masing-masing	576	645	PT The Univenus Others (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	244	6	USD500 thousand)
Sub-total	84.133	56.650	Sub-total
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi	94.596	60.419	Trade receivables - related parties
Total	221.919	203.867	Total

Rincian umur piutang usaha lancar kepada pihak ketiga dan pihak berelasi berdasarkan tanggal jatuh temponya adalah sebagai berikut: The aging of current trade receivables to third and related parties based on credit term was as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Belum jatuh tempo	188.176	167.081	Current
Jatuh tempo < 1 bulan	9.080	16.285	Overdue < 1 month
Jatuh tempo > 1 bulan - 2 bulan	10.066	2.751	Overdue > 1 month - 2 months
Jatuh tempo > 2 bulan - 3 bulan	421	2.263	Overdue > 2 months - 3 months
Jatuh tempo > 3 bulan - 4 bulan	53	110	Overdue > 3 months - 4 months
Jatuh tempo > 4 bulan	14.123	15.377	Overdue > 4 months
Total	221.919	203.867	Total

Rincian piutang usaha berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of trade receivables based on currencies were as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS	140.535	146.008	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	52.137	38.666	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	24.852	13.304	China Yuan
Euro Eropa	3.219	4.421	European Euro
Pound Sterling Inggris	593	638	Great Britain Pound Sterling
Mata uang lainnya (masing-masing			Other currencies (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	583	830	USD500 thousand)
Total	221.919	203.867	Total

#### 5. PIUTANG USAHA - LANCAR (Lanjutan)

Tidak ada mutasi penyisihan penurunan nilai atas piutang usaha - pihak ketiga pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

Berdasarkan hasil penelaahan terhadap kondisi piutang masing-masing pelanggan pada akhir tahun, manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa penyisihan penurunan nilai pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari tidak tertagihnya piutang usaha.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, piutang usaha digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek (Catatan 14).

Piutang usaha kepada pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 1,46% dan 0,93% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

#### 6. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo piutang lain-lain masing-masing sebesar USD3,5 juta dan USD4,6 juta, yang terdiri atas klaim asuransi, bunga dari deposito dan lain-lain.

## 7. PERSEDIAAN

Akun ini terdiri dari:

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#### 5. TRADE RECEIVABLES - CURRENT (Continued)

There was no movement in the allowance for impairment loss of trade receivables - third parties as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Based on a review of the status of the individual receivable accounts at the end of the year, management believes that the allowances for impairment loss as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were adequate to cover possible losses on uncollectible trade receivables.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, trade receivables were pledged as collateral for short-term bank loans (Note 14).

Trade receivables to related parties represent 1.46% and 0.93% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

#### 6. OTHER RECEIVABLES

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of other receivables amounted to USD3.5 million and USD4.6 million, respectively, which consist of insurance claims, interest from time deposits and others.

## 7. INVENTORIES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Barang jadi			Finished Goods
Kertas budaya	67.055	58.036	Paper
Kertas industri	66.754	74.981	Packaging
Pulp	4.753	5.176	Pulp
Barang dalam proses			Work-in-process
Kertas budaya	15.482	18.895	Paper
Kertas industri	16.008	14.435	Packaging
Pulp	1.127	1.297	Pulp
Bahan baku	110.320	108.114	Raw materials
Bahan pembantu, suku cadang			Indirect materials, spare parts
dan lainnya	543.662	590.024	and others
Total	825.161	870.958	Total

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, tidak ada penyisihan persediaan usang yang diakui karena manajemen berpendapat bahwa tidak ada kerugian yang timbul dari persediaan usang.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, no allowance for inventory obsolescence was recognized since management believes that there were no possible losses arising from the obsolete inventories.

PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk **DAN ENTITAS ANAK** CATATAN ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN **INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN** 31 MARET 2015 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2014 (DIAUDIT) SERTA **UNTUK PERIODE TIGA BULAN YANG BERAKHIR** PADA TANGGAL-TANGGAL 31 MARET 2015 DAN 2014 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

## 7. PERSEDIAAN (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan telah mengasuransikan persediaan bersamaan dengan aset tetap secara *all risk* berkeyakinan (Catatan 12). Manajemen pertanggungan tersebut cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian yang timbul dari risiko-risiko tersebut.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, persediaan sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam Catatan 14 dan 21 digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan pinjaman bank jangka panjang Perusahaan.

#### 8. UANG MUKA DAN BIAYA DIBAYAR DIMUKA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

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#### 7. INVENTORIES (Continued)

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company have insured their inventories together with fixed assets against all risks (Note 12). Management believes that the insurance coverage is adequate to cover possible losses arising from such risks.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, inventories as disclosed in Notes 14 and 21 were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term and long-term bank loans.

#### ADVANCES AND PREPAID EXPENSES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Uang muka			Advances
Pemasok	35.163	37.545	Suppliers
Karyawan	4.290	3.441	Employees
Lain-lain	5.055	5.014	Others
Total uang muka	44.508	46.000	Total advances
Biaya dibayar dimuka			Prepaid expenses
Asuransi	52.840	63.056	Insurance
Sewa (Catatan 38i)	1.195	1.963	Rent (Note 38i)
Lain-lain	27.018	26.633	Others
Total biaya dibayar dimuka	81.053	91.652	Total prepaid expenses
Total	125.561	137.652	Total

## 9. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA

## 9. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Akun ini terdiri dari: This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in banks</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	77	100	(Persero) Tbk
Total kas di bank	77	100	Total cash in banks

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# 9. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA (Lanjutan)

## 9. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

ACET EAROAN EARNING (Early liter)		J. OTTILITOOTTIL	ACCETO (Continued)
	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Deposito berjangka			<u>Time deposits</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	246.290	185.666	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	12.500	12.500	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank Internasional			PT Bank Internasional
Indonesia Tbk	8.000	8.000	Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk	7.500	7.500	PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	5.239	31.869	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
Bank of China Limited	2.000	2.000	Bank of China Limited
PT Bank Mega Tbk	665	699	PT Bank Mega Tbk
PT Bank Syariah Mandiri	229	241	PT Bank Syariah Mandiri
Total deposito berjangka	282.423	248.475	Total time deposits
Total pihak ketiga	282.500	248.575	Total third parties
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 38k)			Related parties (Note 38k)
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in bank</u>
PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	97	8	PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Investasi jangka pendek			<u>Short-term Investment</u>
PT Sinarmas Sekuritas	4.213	4.354	PT Sinarmas Sekuritas
Total pihak berelasi	4.310	4.362	Total related parties
Total	286.810	252.937	Total
Rincian aset lancar lainnya berdasarkar adalah sebagai berikut:	n mata uang	Details of other of as follows:	current assets based on currencies were
	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Yuan Cina	251.525	217.535	China Yuan
Dolar AS	30.176	30.105	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	5.109	5.297	Indonesian Rupiah
Total	286.810	252.937	Total
Kisaran bunga tahunan deposito berja sebagai berikut:	ingka adalah	Annual interest r	rates of times deposits ranged as follows:
	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i> (%)	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014 (%)	
Rupiah Indonesia	5,00 - 9,00	5,00 - 9,00	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	0,10 - 3,50	0,10 - 3,50	China Yuan
Dolar AS	0,28 - 2,25	0,30 - 2,25	US Dollar

## 9. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, deposito sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam Catatan 14 digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek Perusahaan yang diperoleh dari bank tersebut.

Investasi jangka pendek pada PT Sinarmas Sekuritas merupakan penyertaan reksadana. Perusahaan mengklasifikasikan investasi pada reksadana sebagai aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi. Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, jumlah penyertaan reksadana tersebut sebesar Rp55,1 miliar (setara dengan USD4,2 juta), dengan 21,5 juta unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar Rp2.560.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2014, jumlah penyertaan reksadana tersebut sebesar Rp54,2 miliar (setara dengan USD4,4 juta), dengan 21,5 juta unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar Rp2.516.

Aset lancar lainnya kepada pihak berelasi masingmasing sebesar 0,07% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

## 10. PIUTANG PIHAK BERELASI

Akun ini terdiri dari:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Purinusa)	132.332	132.333	PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Purinusa)
PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &			PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &
Paper Industry	550	455	Paper Industry
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	523	655	USD500 thousand)
Total	133.405	133.443	Total

Piutang dari Purinusa terutama berasal dari pengambilalihan utang Purinusa oleh Imperial, Entitas Anak, sehubungan dengan persyaratan yang tercantum dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang dengan para kreditur Perusahaan MRA.

Piutang pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 2,06% dan 2,05% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

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#### 9. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, time deposits as disclosed in Note 14 were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans obtained from such bank.

Short-term investment in PT Sinarmas Sekuritas consists of investment in mutual fund. The Company classifies investment in mutual fund as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. As of March 31, 2015, the balance of this investment amounted to Rp55.1 billion (equivalent to USD4.2 million) with 21.5 million unit and Net Asset Value per unit of Rp2,560.

As of December 31, 2014, the balance of this investment amounted to Rp54.2 billion (equivalent to USD4.4 million) with 21.5 million unit and Net Asset Value per unit of Rp2,516.

Other current assets to related parties represent 0.07% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

# 10. DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES

This account consists of:

Due from Purinusa mainly relates to take over of Purinusa's debt by Imperial, a Subsidiary, in relation to the terms and conditions of the MRA.

Due from related parties represents 2.06% and 2.05% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

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#### 11. INVESTASI PADA ENTITAS ASOSIASI

## 11. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANY

Akun ini terdiri dari:

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

This account consists of:

	Total Lembar Saham Yang Dimiliki/		Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership		Percentage of Owners			ercatat/	
	Number of	Shares Held	31 Mar 2015 /	31 Des 2014 /	Carryin	g Value			
	31 Mar 2015 /	31 Des 2014 /	Mar 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	31 Mar 2015 /	31 Des 2014 /			
<u>Perusahaan</u>	Mar 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	(%)	(%)	Mar 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	<u>Investee</u>		
PT Sinar Mas Specialty							PT Sinar Mas Specialty		
Minerals	2.500	2.500	50	50	4.184	4.128	Minerals		
Damikahan dilai tan							-6 th it i		

Perubahan nilai tercatat investasi pada entitas asosiasi adalah sebagai berikut:

Changes in the carrying amount of the investment in associated company were as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
PT Sinar Mas Specialty Minerals Nilai tercatat awal tahun Bagian Perusahaan atas laba neto Perusahaan asosiasi -	4.128	3.853	PT Sinar Mas Specialty Minerals Carrying amount at beginning of year The Company's share of Associate's net income -
periode berjalan	56	275	current period
Nilai Tercatat Akhir Periode	4.184	4.128	Carrying Amount at End of Period

Informasi keuangan entitas asosiasi:

Financial information of associated company:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Total aset	4.943	4.401	Total assets
Total liabilitas	1.835	1.244	Total liabilities
Pendapatan	980	5.440	Revenues
Laba neto	112	551	Net income

#### 12. ASET TETAP

#### 12. FIXED ASSETS

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

		31 [	Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2</i>	015		
	Saldo Awal/ Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification	Saldo Akhir/ Ending Balance	
Biaya Perolehan						Acquisition Costs
Pemilikan Langsung						Direct Ownership
Hak atas tanah	37.407	-	-	-	37.407	Land rights
Prasarana	186.730	-	-	-	186.730	Land improvements
Bangunan	527.071	-	-	-	527.071	Buildings
Mesin	6.867.558	1.149	451	=	6.868.256	Machinery
Peralatan pengangkutan	22.542	43	95	-	22.490	Transportation equipment
Perabot, peralatan kantor						Furniture, fixtures and other
dan peralatan lain-lain	76.382	172	6		76.548	equipment
Subtotal	7.717.690	1.364	552	-	7.718.502	Subtotal
Aset dalam Pengerjaan						Assets under Construction
Aset tetap dalam pembangunan	727.647	55.476	-	-	783.123	Construction-in-progress
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung						Indirect Ownership
Aset Sewaan						Lease Asset
Peralatan pengangkutan	4.505				4.505	Transportation equipment
Total Biaya Perolehan	8.449.842	56.840	552		8.506.130	Total Acquisition Costs

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# 12. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

# 12. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>					
	Saldo Awal/ Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification	Saldo Akhir/ Ending Balance	
Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung						Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership
Prasarana	148.608	1.615	-	-	150.223	Land improvements
Bangunan	347.270	5.001	-	-	352.271	Buildings
Mesin	3.476.977	66.785	281	-	3.543.481	Machinery
Peralatan pengangkutan	21.872	63	95	-	21.840	Transportation equipment
Perabot, peralatan kantor						Furniture, fixtures and
dan peralatan lain-lain	59.198	1.198	6	-	60.390	other equipment
Subtotal	4.053.925	74.662	382	-	4.128.205	Subtotal
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan						<u>Indirect Ownership</u> Lease Asset
Peralatan pengangkutan	1.324	281			1.605	Transportation equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan	4.055.249	74.943	382	-	4.129.810	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Nilai Buku Neto	4.394.593				4.376.320	Net Book Value
•						
	Saldo Awal/	31 I	Des 2014 / <i>Dec 31, 2</i>	014	Saldo Akhir/	
	Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification	Ending Balance	
Diana Banalahan	Daidilloc	Additions	Disposais	ricolassinoation	24,4,700	A
Biaya Perolehan						Acquisition Costs
Pemilikan Langsung	07.407				07.407	<u>Direct Ownership</u>
Hak atas tanah	37.407	4 007	-	- 0.050	37.407	Land rights
Prasarana	183.384 464.984	1.087 394	-	2.259 61.693	186.730 527.071	Land improvements Buildings
Bangunan		3.614	1.324	712.860	6.867.558	Machinery
Mesin	6.152.408 22.635	3.614	290	7 12.860 157	22.542	Transportation equipment
Peralatan pengangkutan Perabot, peralatan kantor	22.633	40	290	137	22.342	Furniture, fixtures and other
dan peralatan lain-lain	61.973	1.493	90	13.006	76.382	equipment
•						, ,
Subtotal	6.922.791	6.628	1.704	789.975	7.717.690	Subtotal
Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan	1.323.055	194.567	=	(789.975)	727.647	<u>Assets under Construction</u> Construction-in-progress
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung						Indirect Ownership
Aset Sewaan						Lease Asset
Peralatan pengangkutan	3.185	1.320			4.505	Transportation equipment
Total Biaya Perolehan	8.249.031	202.515	1.704		8.449.842	Total Acquisition Costs
Akumulasi Penyusutan						Accumulated Depreciation
Pemilikan Langsung						<u>Direct Ownership</u>
Prasarana	140.429	8.179	-	-	148.608	Land improvements
Bangunan	326.890	20.380	-	=	347.270	Buildings
Mesin	3.226.136	252.043	1.202	=	3.476.977	Machinery
Peralatan pengangkutan	21.871	291	290	-	21.872	Transportation equipment
Perabot, peralatan kantor	50.004	0.001	00		E0 400	Furniture, fixtures and
dan peralatan lain-lain Subtotal	3.771.390	<u>3.224</u> 284.117	1.582		59.198 4.053.925	other equipment Subtotal
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung	371.000	204.117	1.002			Indirect Ownership
Aset Sewaan						Lease Asset
Peralatan pengangkutan	319	1.005			1.324	Transportation equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan	3.771.709	285.122	1.582	_	4.055.249	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Nilai Buku Neto	4.477.322	200.122	1.302		4.394.593	Net Book Value
						200

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## 12. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

Total

Rincian penjualan dan penghapusan aset tetap adalah sebagai berikut:

#### 12. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

The details of sale and disposal of fixed assets was as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2014 / <i>Mar 31, 2014</i>	
Biaya perolehan	552	83	Acquisition costs
Akumulasi penyusutan	(382)	(76)	Accumulated depreciation
Nilai buku neto	170	7	Net book value
Penerimaan atas penjualan aset tetap		15	Proceeds from sales of fixed assets
Laba (rugi) atas penjualan dan penghapusan aset tetap - neto	(170)	8	Gain (loss) on sale and disposal of fixed assets - net

Beban penyusutan periode berjalan dibebankan ke:

Depreciation expenses during the period were charged to:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2014 / <i>Mar 31, 2014</i>	
Beban pabrikasi	71.920	66.510	Manufacturing overhead
Penjualan (Catatan 32a)	1.056	773	Selling (Note 32a)
Umum dan administrasi (Catatan 32b)	1.967	2.003	General and administrative (Note 32b)
Total	74.943	69.286	Total

Rincian aset dalam pengerjaan pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

84.291

Details of assets under construction as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	31 Mar 2	2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	<del>,</del>		
Persentase Penyelesaian (%)	Bangunan dan Prasarana/ Building and Land Improvement	Mesin/ <i>Machinery</i>	Total	Estimasi Tahun Penyelesaian/ Estimated Year of Completion	Percentage of Completion (%)
0 - 50	10.208	39.121	49.329	2017-2018	0 - 50
51 - 75	11.666	40.058	51.724	2016-2017	51 - 75
76 - 100	68.048	614.022	682.070	2015-2016	76 - 100
Total	89.922	693.201	783.123		Total
	31 Des 2	2014 / <i>Dec 31, 2014</i>	!		
	Bangunan dan Prasarana/			Estimasi Tahun Penyelesaian/	
Persentase Penyelesaian (%)	Building and Land Improvement	Mesin/ <i>Machinery</i>	Total	Estimated Year of Completion	Percentage of Completion (%)
0 - 50	6.413	38.137	44.550	2017-2018	0 - 50
51 - 75	26.698	50.162	76.860	2016-2017	51 - 75
76 - 100	51.180	555.057	606.237	2015-2016	76 - 100

643.356

727.647

Total

#### 12. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

Total kapitalisasi biaya pinjaman pada tahun 2014 adalah USD8,6 juta.

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak ada hambatan yang dapat mengganggu penyelesaian atas aset-aset tersebut.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, aset tetap digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank, pembiayaan musyarakah jangka pendek dan pinjaman bank, utang murabahah dan pembiayaan musyarakah jangka panjang (Catatan 14, 15, 21 dan 22).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, jumlah tercatat bruto aset tetap yang telah disusutkan penuh dan masih digunakan adalah masing-masing sebesar USD468,7 juta dan USD455,6 juta.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan telah mengasuransikan aset tetap (tidak termasuk hak atas tanah) dan persediaan secara *all risk* dengan nilai pertanggungan masing-masing sekitar USD8,8 miliar. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari risiko-risiko tersebut.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak terdapat indikasi penurunan nilai aset tetap.

# 13. UANG MUKA PEMBELIAN ASET TETAP - PIHAK KETIGA

Uang muka pembelian aset tetap merupakan pembayaran uang muka pembelian suku cadang dan mesin untuk perluasan pabrik *pulp* dan pabrik kertas budaya di Perawang, pabrik kertas budaya di Tangerang dan pabrik kertas industri di Serang.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, uang muka pembelian aset tetap masing-masing sebesar USD51,8 juta dan USD22,1 juta.

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#### 12. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

Total capitalization of borrowing costs in 2014 amounted to USD8.6 million.

The management believes that there are no obstacles that can interfere with the completion of these assets.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, fixed assets were pledged as collateral for the Company's short term bank loans, musyarakah financing and long term bank loans, murabahah payable, musyarakah financing (Notes 14, 15, 21 and 22).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the gross carrying amount of fully depreciated fixed assets that were still in use amounted to USD468.7 million and USD455.6 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company has insured their fixed assets (excluding land rights) and inventories against all risks with total sum insured being approximately USD8.8 billion, respectively. Management believes that the insurance coverage is adequate to cover possible losses from such risks.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, managements believes that there was no indication of impairment of their fixed assets.

## 13. ADVANCES FOR PURCHASE OF FIXED ASSETS -THIRD PARTIES

Advances for purchase of fixed assets represent advance payments for purchases of spare parts and machinery for the pulp and paper mill expansion in Perawang, paper mill expansion in Tangerang and packaging paper mill expansion in Serang.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, purchase advances of fixed assets amounted to USD51.8 million and USD22.1 million, respectively.

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## 14. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK

Akun ini terdiri dari:

## 14. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	326.001	266.557	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	65.335	61.182	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	45.513	35.509	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk	40.000	40.000	PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk
PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk	33.359	39.322	PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Bukopin Tbk	30.572	32.154	PT Bank Bukopin Tbk
Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga			Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga
Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)	30.000	30.000	Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	21.241	20.900	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	18.576	32.063	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	17.000	39.655	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk			PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk
(dahulu PT Bank ICB			(formerly PT Bank ICB
Bumiputera Tbk)	5.000	5.000	Bumiputera Tbk)
Bank Of China Limited	4.074	7.328	Bank Of China Limited
PT Bank Mega Tbk	2.861	11.431	PT Bank Mega Tbk
PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk	2.748	5.589	PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk
Total	642.280	626.690	Total

Rincian pinjaman bank jangka pendek berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of short-term bank loans based on currencies were as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS	493.604	447.190	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	146.698	176.641	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	1.653	2.500	European Euro
Mata uang lainnya (masing-masing			Other currencies (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	325	359	USD500 thousand)
Total	642.280	626.690	Total

#### 14. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

## PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas dari PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (BRI) berupa:

- Fasilitas Letter of Credit (L/C) Usance, yang harus dilunasi pada saat L/C tersebut jatuh tempo, yaitu 180 hari setelah akseptasi wesel. Fasilitas L/C ini dijamin oleh deposito berjangka yang ditempatkan pada bank tersebut (Catatan 9).
- Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja Impor/Penangguhan Jaminan Impor (KMKI/PJI) dengan total fasilitas PJI tidak melebihi USD125,0 juta dan fasilitas KMKI tidak melebihi USD85,0 juta (interchangeable), dimana fasilitas tersebut merupakan penggabungan dan penambahan plafond atas fasilitas KMKI/PJI USD25.0 juta dan fasilitas KMKI/PJI USD40.0 juta yang terjadi pada tanggal 21 Mei 2013. Selain itu Perseroan juga memiliki fasilitas Bank Garansi dengan batasan plafon sampai dengan USD55,0 juta (interchangeable dengan fasilitas KMKI). Seluruh fasilitas tersebut berlaku sampai dengan 23 Januari 2015. Fasilitas KMKI/PJI dan Bank Garansi tersebut dijamin dengan persediaan barang, mesin beserta bangunannya dan tanah tertentu atas nama Perusahaan (Catatan 7 dan 12). Fasilitas ini sedang dalam proses perpanjangan.
- Sejak tanggal 16 Mei 2014 sampai dengan 26 Maret 2015, BRI telah menyetujui untuk memberikan beberapa fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja kepada Perusahaan. Saldo dari fasilitas tersebut adalah sebesar USD240,0 juta, untuk jangka waktu masing-masing fasilitas adalah satu (1) tahun dan dijamin dengan beberapa deposito berjangka milik Perusahaan dengan jumlah keseluruhan sebesar CNY 1.489,4 juta. (Catatan 9).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari BRI masing-masing sebesar USD326,0 juta dan USD266,6 juta.

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### 14. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

## PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

As of March 31, 2015, the Company has several facilities from PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (BRI) in the form of:

- Usance Letter of Credit (L/C) facility that will be paid upon maturity of the L/C, normally within 180 days for each drawdown. This acceptance of L/C is guaranteed by a time deposit placed with the bank (Note 9).
- Import Working Capital/Deferred Import Guarantee (KMKI/PJI), wherein the total amount of PJI facility does not exceed USD125.0 million and the total amount of KMKI facility does not exceed USD85.0 million (interchangeable), wherein the said facility is an amalgamation and addition of USD25.0 million KMKI/PJI facility and USD40.0 million that occurred on May 21, 2013. Furthermore, the Company also received Bank Guarantee facility in the amount of up to USD55.0 million (interchangeable with KMKI facility). All these facilities are available up to January 23, 2015. These KMKI/PJI and Bank Guarantee facilities are secured by certain inventories, machinery along with its building and land of the Company (Notes 7 and 12). This facility is in process of renewal.
- Starting May 16, 2014 up to March 26, 2015, BRI has agreed to provide several Working Capital Credit facilities to the Company. The outstanding amount of the facility shall be USD240.0 million for the period of one (1) year for each facility, and were secured with the time deposits of the Company at a total amount of CNY1,489.4 million (Note 9).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from BRI amounted to USD326.0 million and USD266.6 million, respectively.

#### 14. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

#### PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Central Asia Tbk (BCA) berupa fasilitas Omnibus L/C sebesar USD50,0 juta (Fasilitas Omnibus L/C), fasilitas Multi (fasilitas Omnibus *Time Loan* dan fasilitas L/C) sebesar USD30,5 juta yang merupakan hasil konversi pada tanggal 19 Juni 2013 dari fasilitas yang semula berjumlah Rp300,0 miliar serta fasilitas Negosiasi/Diskonto dengan Kondisi Khusus (dahulu *Letter of Guarantee Line* (fasilitas L/G)) sebesar USD7,0 juta. Fasilitas tersebut berlaku sampai dengan 28 Mei 2015.

Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah, bangunan, mesin dan persediaan barang tertentu milik Perusahaan serta setoran jaminan pada BCA sebesar 20% dari setiap nilai L/C yang diterbitkan (Catatan 7 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari BCA masing-masing sebesar USD65,3 juta dan USD61,2 juta.

## PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Non-Cash Loan* dari PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk (Bank Mandiri) berupa fasilitas *Sight* dan *Usance L/C Import* dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD110,0 juta, yang merupakan penambahan dari fasilitas sebelumnya yang berjumlah USD60,0 juta. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan persediaan, piutang dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan serta jaminan perusahaan *(corporate guarantee)* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada dan fasilitas ini berlaku sampai dengan 10 September 2015 (Catatan 5, 7 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Mandiri masing-masing sebesar USD45,5 juta dan USD35,5 juta.

## PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 September 2014, PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk (CIMB Niaga) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Demand Loan (Revolving) sebesar USD40,0 juta, fasilitas Negosiasi Wesel Ekspor (NWE)/Diskonto Wesel Ekspor (DWE) sebesar USD30,0 juta dan fasilitas Forex Line sebesar USD2,5 juta untuk jangka waktu dua belas (12) bulan.

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#### 14. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

#### PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

As of March 31, 2015, the Company has several facilities from PT Bank Central Asia Tbk (BCA) in the form of Omnibus L/C facility in the amount of USD50.0 million (Omnibus L/C facility), Multi facility (Omnibus Time Loan and L/C facility) in the amount of USD30.5 million which is a conversion from the facility amounting to Rp300.0 billion made on June 19, 2013 and also Letter of Guarantee Line facility (L/G facility) in the amount of USD7.0 million. These facilities are available up to May 28, 2015.

These facilities are secured by certain land, building, machinery and inventory owned by the Company and security deposit placed with BCA in an amount equal to 20% of each L/C issued (Notes 7 and 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from BCA amounted to USD65.3 million and USD61.2 million, respectively.

# PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

As of March 31, 2015, the Company has a Non-Cash Loan facility from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk (Bank Mandiri) in the form of Sight and Usance L/C Import facility in the amount not exceeding USD110.0 million, which is an increment from the previously facility amounting to USD60.0 million. This facility is secured by certain inventories, receivables and machinery owned by the Company and a corporate guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada and this facility is valid up to September 10, 2015 (Notes 5, 7 and 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Mandiri amounted to USD45.5 million and USD35.5 million, respectively.

# PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk

On September 30, 2014, PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk (CIMB Niaga) agreed to provide Demand Loan (Revolving) facility in the amount of USD40.0 million, "Negosiasi Wesel Ekspor (NWE)/Diskonto Wesel Ekspor (DWE)" facility in the amount of USD30.0 million and Forex Line facility in the amount USD2.5 million for the period of twelve (12) months.

#### 14. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Fasilitas *Demand Loan* dan NWE/DWE tersebut dijamin dengan tanah berikut bangunan, mesin dan peralatan milik Perusahaan serta jaminan perusahaan dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (*clean basis* untuk fasilitas *Forex Line*) (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari CIMB Niaga masing-masing adalah sebesar USD40,0 juta.

#### PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk (BII) berupa fasilitas L/C sebesar USD40,0 juta (merupakan peningkatan dari fasilitas L/C sebelumnya yang berjumlah sebesar USD20,0 juta), fasilitas *Demand Loan* sebesar USD15,0 juta dan fasilitas Transaksi Valuta Asing sebesar USD200,0 ribu dengan jumlah maksimal yang diperkirakan (notional amount) sebesar USD2,0 juta. Fasilitas ini telah diperpanjang pada tanggal 16 Februari 2015 yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 22 Februari 2016.

Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan persediaan tertentu barang milik Perusahaan, jaminan perusahaan dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada dan *cash margin* atau *security deposit* tertentu sebesar 20% dari nilai L/C yang dibuka (untuk fasilitas *Forex Line* bersifat *clean basis*) (Catatan 7 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari BII masing-masing sebesar USD33,4 juta dan USD39,3 juta.

## PT Bank Bukopin Tbk

Pada tanggal 27 Juni 2014, PT Bank Bukopin Tbk (Bank Bukopin) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja sublimit fasilitas *Line Letter of Credit* (L/C) sublimit fasilitas *Line* SKDBN sebesar Rp200,0 miliar, untuk jangka waktu satu (1) tahun terhitung sejak pencairan pertama.

Pada tanggal 25 November 2014, Bank Bukopin menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja sebesar Rp200,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu dua belas (12) bulan terhitung sejak pencairan pertama.

Fasilitas-fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan bangunan serta mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perseroan (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Bukopin masing-masing adalah sebesar USD30,6 juta dan USD32,2 juta.

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#### 14. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

Those Demand Loan and NWE/DWE facilities are secured by land and its buildings, machinery and equipment owned by the Company and also a Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (clean basis for Forex Line facility) (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loans from CIMB Niaga amounted to USD40.0 million, respectively.

#### PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk

As of March 31, 2015, the Company has several credit facilities from PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk (BII) in the form of L/C facility in the amount of USD40.0 million (which is an increase from the previously L/C facility amounting to USD20.0 million), Demand Loan facility in the amount of USD15.0 million and Foreign Currency Transaction facility in the amount of USD200.0 thousand, with a notional amount of USD2.0 million. This Facility has been extended on February 16, 2015 which are available up to February 22, 2016.

These facilities are secured by certain land and inventory owned by the Company, corporate guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada and cash margin or certain security deposit of 20% from L/C opened (clean basis for Forex Line facility) (Notes 7 and 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from BII amounted to USD33.4 million and USD39.3 million, respectively.

## PT Bank Bukopin Tbk

On June 27, 2014, PT Bank Bukopin Tbk (Bank Bukopin) agreed to provide Working Capital Credit facility sublimit Letter of Credit (L/C) facility sublimit Line SKBDN facility to the Company in the total amount of Rp200.0 billion for the period of one (1) year from the first draw down.

On November 25, 2014 Bank Bukopin agreed to provide Working Capital Credit facility at the amount of Rp200.0 billion for the period of twelve (12) months since the first draw down.

These facilities are secured by certain land and building and machineries owned by the Company (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan from Bank Bukopin amounted to USD30.6 million and USD32.2 million, respectively.

#### 14. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

# Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)

Pada tanggal 23 Juli 2014, Indonesia Eximbank/ Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia (Eximbank) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja Ekspor kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD30,0 juta untuk jangka waktu dua belas (12) bulan.

Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin, piutang dagang, persedian barang dan tanah tertentu milik Perusahaan, serta jaminan perusahaan (*corporate guarantee*) dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 5, 7 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Eximbank masing-masing adalah sebesar USD30,0 juta.

#### PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 25 Juni 2013, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja dari PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (BNI) sebesar Rp260,0 miliar dan berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 16 Maret 2014. Pada perubahannya yang terakhir, fasilitas ini telah diperpanjang sejak tanggal 16 Maret 2015 sampai dengan tanggal 16 Maret 2016. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan persediaan tertentu milik Perusahaan serta jaminan perusahaan (*Corporate Guarantee*) dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 7 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 30 Januari 2015, PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas berupa LC Impor/SKBDN + KMK Post Financing/Trust Receipt (TR) dengan nilai sebesar USD50,0 juta untuk jangka waktu dua belas (12) bulan.

Fasilitas ini dijamin oleh mesin-mesin dan persediaan tertentu milik Perusahaan serta jaminan perusahaan (*Corporate Guarantee*) dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 7 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari BNI masing-masing sebesar USD21,2 juta dan USD20,9 juta.

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#### 14. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

# Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)

On July 23, 2014, Indonesia Eximbank/Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia (Eximbank) agreed to provide Export Working Capital facility in the amount of USD30.0 million for the period of twelve (12) months.

This facility is secured by certain machinery, receivables, inventory and certain land owned by the Company and also a corporate guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Notes 5, 7 and 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan from Eximbank amounted to USD30.0 million, respectively.

#### PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

On June 25, 2013, the Company received a Working Capital Credit facility from PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (BNI) in the amount of Rp260.0 billion and available up to March 16, 2015. On the latest amendment, this facility has been effectively extended from March 16, 2016 until March 16, 2015. This facility is secured by machinery and inventories owned by the Company and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Notes 7 and 12).

On January 30, 2015, PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk agreed to provide Import LC/ SKBDN + KMK Post Financing /Trust Receipt (TR) at the amount of USD50.0 juta for the period of twelve (12) months.

This facility is secured by certain machineries and inventory owned by the Company and Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Notes 7 and 12)

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loan from BNI amounted to USD21.2 million and USD20.9 million, respectively.

14. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

#### PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

Pada tanggal 9 Agustus 2001, PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia (Mizuho), memberikan fasilitas Wesel Diskonto tanpa dasar LC, fasilitas Wesel Diskonto atas dasar LC dan fasilitas penerimaan (termasuk LC Impor, SKBDN dan dokumen-dokumen pengapalan) untuk mendukung kegiatan usaha Perusahaan, dan digunakan bersama dengan PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills dan PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry dengan jumlah maksimum USD165,0 juta. Fasilitas ini telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir dengan perjanjian tanggal 31 Maret 2015, dimana fasilitas ini efektif diperpanjang sampai dengan 30 September 2015.

Fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut adalah sebagai berikut:

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#### 14. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

#### PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

On August 9, 2001, PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia (Mizuho) provided the Company with Bills Discounted facility without letters of credit base, Bills Discounted facility with letters of credit base and Acceptance facility consisting of import letters of credit, local letters of credit (SKBDN) and shipping documents in order to support the Company's operation and used together with PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills and PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry in a maximum amount USD165.0 million. The facilities have been amended several times, the latest being on March 31, 2015, wherein the facilities were extended effectively until September 30, 2015.

The facilities are as follows:

	Fasilitas Maksimum/ <i>Maximum Facilities</i>	
Fasilitas	31 Mar 2015 dan 31 Des 2014 / Mar 31, 2015 and Dec 31, 2014	Facilities
Acceptance Facility Bills Discounted Facility	70.000	Acceptance Facility Bills Discounted Facility
(tanpa letters of credit base) Bills Discounted Facility	50.000	(without letters of credit base) Bills Discounted Facility
(dengan letters of credit base)	30.000	(with letters of credit base)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Mizuho masing-masing sebesar USD18,6 juta dan USD32,1 juta.

## PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, beberapa fasilitas yang diperoleh Perusahaan dari PT Bank ICBC Indonesia (ICBC) adalah sebagai berikut:

- Fasilitas Fixed Loan on Demand sebesar USD9,7 juta (PTD III) yang berlaku sampai dengan 7 Oktober 2015 dan dijamin dengan tanah, bangunan serta mesin dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).
- Fasilitas Fixed Loan on Demand sebesar USD2,3 juta (PTD IV) yang berlaku sampai dengan 7 Oktober 2015 dan dijamin dengan persediaan barang tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 7).
- Fasilitas Fixed Loan on Demand sebesar USD22,7 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan 25 Februari 2015 dan dijamin dengan deposito berjangka milik Perusahaan senilai CNY154,1 juta (Catatan 9).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from Mizuho amounted to USD18.6 million and USD32.1 million, respectively.

# PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

As of March 31, 2015, facilites received by the Company from PT Bank ICBC Indonesia (ICBC) were as follows:

- Fixed Loan on Demand facility in the amount of USD9.7 million (PTD III) which is valid up to October 7, 2015 and secured by certain land, building and also machinery and equipment owned by the Company (Note 12).
- Fixed Loan on Demand facility in the amount of USD2.3 million (PTD IV) which is valid up to October 7, 2015 and secured by certain inventories owned by the Company (Note 7).
- Fixed Loan on Demand facility in the amount of USD22.7 million, which is valid up to February 25, 2015 and secured by time deposits of the Company in the amount of CNY154.1 million (Note 9).

## 14. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

 Fasilitas Fixed Loan on Demand sebesar USD5,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan 18 Maret 2016 dan dijamin dengan deposito berjangka milik Perusahaan senilai CNY31,6 juta (Catatan 9).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari ICBC masing-masing sebesar USD17,0 juta dan USD39,7 juta.

# PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk (dahulu PT Bank ICB Bumiputera Tbk)

Pada tanggal 27 Juni 2014, PT Bank MNC International Tbk (Bank MNC) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Pinjaman Tetap kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD5,0 juta untuk jangka waktu satu (1) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Bank MNC masing-masing adalah sebesar USD5,0 juta.

## **Bank of China Limited**

Pada tanggal 17 Juni 2014 Perusahaan memperoleh combine facility Sight & Usance L/C atau SKBDN & T/R Facl dari Bank of China Limited (BOC) sebesar USD10,0 juta untuk jangka waktu dua belas (12) bulan.

Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan deposito tertentu milik perusahaan, serta jaminan perusahaan (*corporate guarantee*) dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 9 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari BOC masing-masing adalah sebesar USD4,1 juta dan USD7,3 juta.

# PT Bank Mega Tbk

Pada tanggal 28 Oktober 2013, PT Bank Mega Tbk (Bank Mega) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas *Demand Loan* sublimit SKBDN sebesar Rp155,0 miliar dan fasilitas LC SKBDN *Line* sebesar USD25,0 juta dengan jangka waktu selama satu (1) tahun. Fasilitas ini telah diperpanjang pada tanggal 16 Desember 2014 sampai dengan 28 Oktober 2015.

Untuk fasilitas *Demand Loan* sublimit SKBDN tersebut dijamin dengan mesin dan peralatan milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

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#### 14. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

 Fixed Loan on Demand facility in the amount of USD5.0 million, which is valid up to March 18, 2016 and secured by time deposits of the Company in the amount of CNY31.6 million (Note 9).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from ICBC amounted to USD17.0 million and USD39.7 million, respectively.

# PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk (formerly PT Bank ICB Bumiputera Tbk)

On June 27, 2014, PT Bank MNC International Tbk (Bank MNC) agreed to provide a Fixed Loan facility to the Company in the amount of USD5.0 million for the period of one (1) year. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan from Bank MNC amounted to USD5.0 million, respectively.

## Bank of China Limited

On June 17, 2014, Bank of Chine Limited (BOC) agreed to provide combine facility Sight & Usance L/C or SKBDN & T/R Facl at the amount of USD10.0 million for the period of twelve (12) months.

This facility is secured by certain machinery and deposit owned by the Company and also corporate guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Notes 9 and 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan from BOC amounted to USD4.1 million and USD7.3 million, respectively.

## PT Bank Mega Tbk

On October 28, 2013, PT Bank Mega Tbk (Bank Mega) agreed to provide Demand Loan facility sublimit SKBDN in the amount of Rp155.0 billion and LC SKBDN Line facility in the amount USD25.0 million with the period of one (1) year. This Facility has been extended on December 16, 2014 up to October 28, 2015.

The Demand Loan sublimit SKBDN facility is secured by certain machinery and equipment owned by the Company (Note 12).

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(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 14. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo piniaman dari Bank Mega masing-masing sebesar USD2,9 juta dan USD11,4 juta.

#### PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 10 September 2013, PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk (Bank Panin) menyetujui memberikan fasilitas kredit kepada Perusahaan berupa fasilitas Letter of Credit sublimit Bank Garansi sebesar USD25,0 juta untuk jangka waktu satu (1) tahun, fasilitas ini telah diperpanjang pada tanggal 12 November 2014 sampai dengan tanggal 10 September 2015. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan deposito tertentu milik Perseroan (Catatan 9).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Panin masing-masing sebesar USD2,7 juta dan USD5,6 juta.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian pinjaman.

Kisaran bunga tahunan pinjaman bank jangka pendek adalah sebagai berikut:

	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015 (%)	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014 (%)	
Rupiah Indonesia	11,50 - 13,00	10,50 - 14,50	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	3,40 - 6,50	3,40 - 6,50	US Dollar

## 15. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH - JANGKA PENDEK

Pada tanggal 21 Desember 2012, PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk (Bank Muamalat) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Al-Musyarakah kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp130,0 miliar dengan jangka waktu satu (1) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 30 Januari 2015, fasilitas ini telah diperpanjang dan berlaku sampai dengan 30 Desember 2015.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, saldo pembiayaan musyarakah dari Bank Muamalat adalah sebesar USD9,9 juta.

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#### 14. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from Bank Mega amounted to USD2.9 million and USD11.4 million, respectively.

## PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk

On September 10, 2013, PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk (Bank Panin) agreed to provide Letter of Credit facility sublimit with Bank Guarantee to the Company in the amount of USD25.0 million for the period of one (1) year, this facility has been extended on November 12, 2014 up to September 10, 2015. This facility is secured by certain time deposit owned by the Company (Note 9).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Panin amounted to USD2.7 million and USD5.6 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the credit facility agreements.

Annual interest rate of short-term bank loans ranged as follows:

# 15. SHORT-TERM MUSYARAKAH FINANCING

On December 21, 2012, PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk (Bank Muamalat) agreed to provide an Al-Musyarakah facility to the Company in the amount of Rp130.0 billion for the period of one (1) year. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 12).

On January 30, 2015, this facility has been extended up to December 30, 2015.

As of March 31, 2015, the outstanding balances of musyarakah financing from Bank Muamalat amounted to USD9.9 million.

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#### 16. UTANG USAHA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

## 16. TRADE PAYABLES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga	142.857	163.758	Third parties
Pihak berelasi			Related parties
PT Kuansing Inti Makmur	16.146	7.980	PT Kuansing Inti Makmur
PT Wirakarya Sakti	7.428	12.904	PT Wirakarya Sakti
PT Karya Cemerlang Persada	5.482	3.619	PT Karya Cemerlang Persada
PT Dian Swastatika Sentosa Tbk	5.080	7.979	PT Dian Śwastatika Sentosa Tbk
PT Intercipta Kimia Pratama	3.537	2.190	PT Intercipta Kimia Pratama
Toprint Computer Supplies			Toprint Computer Supplies
Pte. Ltd., Singapura	2.728	5.845	Pte. Ltd., Singapore
PT Sinar Mas Specialty Minerals	2.431	2.192	PT Sinar Mas Specialty Minerals
PT Voith Paper Rolls Indonesia	1.268	566	PT Voith Paper Rolls Indonesia
PT Roundhill Capital Indonesia	1.118	1.101	PT Roundhill Capital Indonesia
PT Asia Trade Logistics	1.054	237	PT Asia Trade Logistics
PT Purinusa Ekapersada	978	1.021	PT Purinusa Ekapersada
PT Ekamas Fortuna	920	668	PT Ekamas Fortuna
PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &			PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &
Paper Industry	739	111	Paper Industry
PT Konverta Mitra Abadi	551	441	PT Konverta Mitra Abadi
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
di bawah USD500 ribu)	1.879	1.130	USD500 thousand)
Total pihak berelasi	51.339	47.984	Total related parties
Total	194.196	211.742	Total

Utang usaha timbul dari pembelian bahan baku, suku cadang dan bahan pembantu untuk pabrik.

Trade payables represent amounts due to suppliers for purchases of raw materials, spare parts and factory supplies.

Rincian utang usaha berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of trade payables based on currencies were as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Rupiah Indonesia	135.360	117.764	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	48.239	88.508	US Dollar
Euro Eropa	7.541	2.371	European Euro
Dolar Singapura	2.198	2.519	Singaporean Dollar
Yen Jepang	718	446	Japanese Yen
Mata uang lainnya (masing-masing			Other currencies (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	140	134	USD500 thousand)
Total	194.196	211.742	Total

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## 16. UTANG USAHA (Lanjutan)

Utang usaha kepada pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 1,28% dan 1,17% dari total liabilitas konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

## 16. TRADE PAYABLES (Continued)

Trade payables to related parties represent 1.28% and 1.17% of the total consolidated liabilities as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

#### 17. UTANG LAIN-LAIN

Akun ini terdiri dari:

#### 17. OTHER PAYABLES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Uang muka dari pelanggan	4.426	4.578	Advance from customer
Utang dividen	557	586	Dividend payable
Lain-lain	3.023	2.794	Others
Total pihak ketiga	8.006	7.958	Total third parties
Pihak berelasi			Related parties
Uang muka dari pelanggan	9.043	22.537	Advance from customer
Total pihak berelasi	9.043	22.537	Total related parties
Total	17.049	30.495	Total

# 18. BEBAN MASIH HARUS DIBAYAR

## Akun ini terdiri dari:

# 18. ACCRUED EXPENSES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Beban restrukturisasi	27.189	19.649	Restructuring fee
Ongkos angkut	15.561	14.818	Freight
Beban bunga	6.336	7.490	Interest
Beban proyek dan retensi	4.598	2.564	Project cost and retentions
Listrik, air dan gas	1.315	1.694	Electricity, water and steam
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	11.791	5.774	USD500 thousand)
Total pada nilai nominal	66.790	51.989	Total at nominal value
Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan			Net adjustment on adoption of
PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011)	(27.189)	(19.649)	PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2011)
Total pada Biaya Perolehan			
Diamortisasi	39.601	32.340	Total at Amortized Cost

Beban restrukturisasi diakui Perusahaan sesuai dengan kesepakatan dalam MRA (Catatan 23 dan 24).

The Company recognized a restructuring fee based on the MRA (Notes 23 and 24).

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#### 19. UTANG PIHAK BERELASI

Akun ini terdiri dari:

## 19. DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Asia Pulp & Paper Co. Ltd. Lain-lain (masing-masing	9.398	17.166	Asia Pulp & Paper Co. Ltd. Others (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	205	234	USD500 thousand)
Total	9.603	17.400	Total

Rincian utang pihak berelasi berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of due to related parties based on currencies were as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS Mata uang lainnya (masing-masing	9.503	17.285	US Dollar Other currencies (each below
dibawah USD500 ribu)	100	115	USD500 thousand)
Total	9.603	17.400	Total

Utang pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 0,24% dan 0,42% dari total liabilitas konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 (Catatan 38h).

Due to related parties represents 0.24% and 0.42% of the total consolidated liabilities as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively (Note 38h).

## 20. LIABILITAS SEWA PEMBIAYAAN

Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian sewa pembiayaan dengan PT Mandiri Tunas Finance, PT Koexim Mandiri Finance, PT BTMU-BRI Finance dan PT Caterpilar Finance Indonesia, guna membiayai pembelian alat pengangkutan dan kendaraan bermotor masing-masing selama empat (4) tahun dan tiga (3) tahun. Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, pembayaran minimum sewa pembiayaan di masa yang akan datang sesuai dengan perjanjian sewa pembiayaan sebagai berikut:

## 20. LEASE LIABILITIES

The Company entered into lease agreements with PT Mandiri Tunas Finance, PT Koexim Mandiri Finance, PT BTMU-BRI Finance and PT Caterpilar Finance Indonesia to finance the purchase of transport equipment and vehicles, with the term of four (4) years and three (3) years. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the minimum payment of future capital lease according to the lease agreement, was as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Nilai kini atas pembayaran			Present value of
minimum sewa pembiayaan	1.970	2.248	minimum lease payments
Dikurangi: Bagian jangka pendek	(771)	(786)	Less: Current portion
Bagian Jangka Panjang	1.199	1.462	Long-Term Portion

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# 20. LIABILITAS SEWA PEMBIAYAAN (Lanjutan)

Pembayaran sewa minimum di masa yang akan datang dalam perjanjian sewa pembiayaan pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 adalah sebagai berikut:

#### 20. LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

Future minimum lease payment in the lease agreement as of March 31, 2015 was as follows:

Jatuh tempo 31 Maret 2016 Jatuh tempo > 31 Maret 2016	935 1.299	Due on March 31, 2016 Due on > March 31, 2016
Total Dikurangi: Bagian bunga	2.234 (264)	Total Less: Interest portion
Neto Bagian yang akan jatuh tempo	1.970	Net
dalam waktu satu tahun	(771)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	1.199	Long-Term Portion

## 21. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG

## 21. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 /	31 Des 2014 /	
	Mar 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	235.186	257.584	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank DKI	76.213	87.146	PT Bank DKI
China Development Bank			China Development Bank
Corporation	57.294	57.512	Corporation
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	26.537	29.723	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank Victoria International Tbk	21.744	24.461	PT Bank Victoria International Tbk
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	5.000	6.250	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
Total pihak ketiga	421.974	462.676	Total third parties
Pihak berelasi			Related party
PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	6	9	PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Total	421.980	462.685	Total
Bagian yang akan jatuh tempo			
dalam waktu satu tahun			Current maturities
Pihak ketiga	(129.940)	(132.494)	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	(6)	(9)	Related party
Bagian Jangka Panjang	292.034	330.182	Long-Term Portion

#### 21. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

## PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit investasi dari PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (BRI) sebesar USD70,0 juta, untuk jangka waktu lima (5) tahun terhitung sejak 3 Agustus 2011.

Selain itu, Perusahaan juga memiliki fasilitas Kredit Investasi (KI) dari BRI dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD250,0 juta. Fasilitas KI ini juga dapat digunakan sebagai fasilitas Penangguhan Jaminan Impor (PJI) dalam rangka fasilitas KI kepada Perusahaan dengan nilai maksimum sebesar USD50,0 juta. Jangka waktu untuk masing-masing fasilitas adalah delapan puluh empat (84) bulan untuk fasilitas KI dan delapan belas (18) bulan untuk fasilitas PJI, dimana fasilitas tersebut telah tersedia sejak tanggal 30 Maret 2012.

Kedua fasilitas ini dijamin dengan persediaan barang, tanah, bangunan dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 7 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 21 Maret 2014, BRI menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Kredit Transaksi Khusus sebesar Rp100,4 miliar kepada Perusahaan untuk jangka waktu dua (2) tahun.

Pada tanggal 4 Februari 2015, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (BRI) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit kepada Perusahaan berupa fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja Impor/Penangguhan Jaminan Impor (KMKI/PJI) dan Bank Garansi/SBLC dengan total fasilitas PJI tidak melebihi USD450,0 juta, fasilitas KMKI tidak melebihi USD100,0 juta dan fasilitas BG/SBLC tidak melebihi USD150,0 juta (bersifat *interchangeble* dengan fasilitas PJI) kepada Perusahaan yang dapat digunakan bersama-sama dengan PT Paramitra Gunakarya Cemerlang sebesar USD30,0 juta dengan jangka waktu dua puluh empat (24) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah, bangunan, dan mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari BRI masing-masing sebesar USD235,2 juta dan USD257,6 juta.

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#### 21. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

## PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

As of March 31, 2015, the Company has an investment credit facility from PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (BRI) in the amount of USD70.0 million, for the period of five (5) years commencing August 3, 2011.

Furthermore, the Company also has a Credit Investment facility (KI) from BRI in an amount not exceeding USD250.0 million. This Credit Investment Facility can also be used as a Deferred Import Guarantee (PJI) facility in regard to the Credit Investment facility to the Company in a maximum amount of USD50.0 million. The periods for the facilities are eighty four (84) months for KI facility and eighteen (18) months for PJI facility, which facilities have been available since March 30, 2012.

These two facilities are secured by certain inventories, land, building and machinery owned by the Company (Notes 7 and 12).

On March 21, 2014, BRI agreed to provide Specific Transaction Credit facility in the amount of Rp100.4 billion to the Company for the period of two (2) years.

On February 4, 2015, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (BRI) agreed to provide credit such as Import Working Capital/Import Suspension Guarantee (KMKI/PJI) and Bank Guarantee/SBLC with the total PJI facility amount not exceeding USD450.0 million, KMKI facility not exceeding USD100.0 million and BG/SBLC exceeding USD150.0 million (interchangeable with PJI facility) to the Company and can be used together with PT Paramitra Gunakarya Cemerlang at the amount of USD30.0 million with the period of twenty four (24) months. This facility is secured by certain land, building, and machineries owned by the Company (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from BRI amounted to USD235.2 million and USD257.6 million, respectively.

#### 21. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

# PT Bank DKI

Pada tanggal 27 September 2010, Perusahaan dan PT Bank DKI (Bank DKI) menandatangani perjanjian kredit dimana Bank DKI menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi sebesar Rp210,0 miliar dan berlaku untuk jangka waktu lima (5) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan bangunan, mesin dan piutang usaha tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 5 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 27 Desember 2012, Bank DKI menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi secara sindikasi kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp750,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu enam (6) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah, mesin-mesin tertentu dan piutang usaha milik Perusahaan (Catatan 5 dan 12).

Pada tanggal 25 November 2013, Perusahaan dan Bank DKI menandatangani perjanjian kredit sindikasi dimana Bank DKI menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi secara sindikasi sebesar Rp800,0 miliar dan berlaku untuk jangka waktu empat (4) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan bangunan, mesin, persediaan dan piutang usaha tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 5, 7 dan 12). Pada tanggal 4 Juni 2014, Perusahaan dan Bank DKI setuju melakukan perubahan pada plafon fasilitas kredit tersebut menjadi sebesar Rp725,0 miliar dan pencairan deposito berjangka milik Perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Bank DKI masing-masing sebesar USD76,2 juta dan USD87,1 juta.

#### **China Development Bank Corporation**

Pada tanggal 25 April 2011, China Development Bank Corporation dan Perusahaan menandatangani perjanjian fasilitas kredit investasi sebesar CNY553,0 juta untuk jangka waktu tujuh (7) tahun terhitung sejak tanggal penarikan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan satu (1) set *power plant* milik Perusahaan dan jaminan dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari China Development Bank Corporation masing-masing sebesar USD57,3 juta dan USD57,5 juta.

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#### 21. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

#### PT Bank DKI

On September 27, 2010, the Company and PT Bank DKI (Bank DKI) entered into a credit agreement under which Bank DKI has agreed to provide investment credit facility in the amount of Rp210.0 billion for the period of five (5) years. The facility is secured by certain land and building, machinery and trade receivables owned by the Company (Notes 5 and 12).

On December 27, 2012, Bank DKI agreed to provide a syndicated investment credit facility to the Company in the amount of Rp750.0 billion for the period of six (6) years. This facility is secured by land, certain machinery and trade receivables owned by the Company (Notes 5 and 12).

On November 25, 2013, the Company and Bank DKI entered into a syndicated credit agreement, whereby Bank DKI has agreed to provide a syndicated investment credit facility in the amount of Rp800.0 billion for the period of four (4) years. The facility is secured by certain land and building, machinery, inventories and trade receivables owned by the Company (Notes 5, 7 and 12). On June 4, 2014, the Company and Bank DKI agreed to amend the limit of the said credit facility to Rp725.0 billion and withdrawal of time deposit owned by the Company.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from Bank DKI amounted to USD76.2 million and USD87.1 million, respectively.

#### China Development Bank Corporation

On April 25, 2011, China Development Bank Corporation and the Company signed an investment credit facility agreement in the amount of CNY553.0 million for the period of seven (7) years as from the withdrawal date. This facility is secured by one (1) set power plant owned by the Company and a guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loan from China Development Bank Corporation amounted to USD57.3 million and USD57.5 million, respectively.

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 21. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

#### PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Pada tanggal 8 Agustus 2011, PT Bank Central Asia Tbk (BCA) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp400,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu lima (5) tahun, dimana pada tanggal 20 September 2013, fasilitas tersebut dikonversi menjadi sebesar USD20,5 juta. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah, mesin dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Selain itu, Perusahaan juga memiliki fasilitas tambahan berupa fasilitas Installment Loan sebesar Rp300,0 miliar yang diperoleh dari BCA pada tanggal 20 Mei 2013 yang berlaku untuk jangka waktu lima (5) tahun terhitung sejak tanggal penarikan pertama. Kemudian, pada tanggal 20 September 2013, fasilitas ini dikonversi menjadi USD25,2 juta.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari BCA masing-masing sebesar USD26,5 juta dan USD29,7 juta.

#### PT Bank Victoria International Tbk

Pada tanggal 28 Maret 2013, PT Bank Victoria International Tbk (Bank Victoria) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Term Loan kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp200,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu enam puluh (60) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan satu (1) unit mesin milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Kemudian, pada tanggal 28 April 2014, Bank Victoria menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Term Loan lainnya sebesar Rp200,0 miliar dengan jangka waktu enam puluh (60) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Victoria masing-masing sebesar USD21,7 juta dan USD24,5 juta.

## PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

Pada tanggal 27 Maret 2013, ICBC menyetujui untuk memberikan tambahan fasilitas berupa Fixed Loan on Demand (PTD-B) kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD15,0 juta untuk jangka waktu tiga (3) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12) serta dijamin secara pari passu dengan jaminan untuk fasilitas PTD III, PTD IV dan PTI I.

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#### 21. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

#### PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

On August 8, 2011, PT Bank Central Asia Tbk (BCA) agreed to provide an investment credit facility to the Company in the amount of Rp400.0 billion for the period of five (5) years, which facility being converted into USD20.5 million on September 20, 2013. This facility is secured by certain land, machinery and building owned by the Company (Note 12).

Furthermore, the Company also has an additional loan in the form of an Installment Loan facility in the amount up to Rp300.0 billion, which is obtained from BCA on May 20, 2013 for the period five (5) years from the first withdrawal date. Moreover, on September 20, 2013, this facility was converted into USD25.2 million.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from BCA amounted to USD26.5 million and USD29.7 million, respectively.

#### PT Bank Victoria International Tbk

On March 28, 2013, PT Bank Victoria International Tbk (Bank Victoria) agreed to provide a Term Loan facility to the Company in the amount of Rp200.0 billion for the period of sixty (60) months. This facility is secured by one (1) unit of machinery owned by the Company (Note 12).

Moreover, on April 28, 2014, Bank Victoria agreed to provide a further Term Loan facility in the amount of Rp200.0 billion for the period of sixty (60) months. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from Bank Victoria amounted to USD21.7 million and USD24.5 million, respectively.

## PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

On March 27, 2013, ICBC agreed to provide an additional loan to the Company in the form of Fixed Loan on Demand (PTD-B) facility in the amount of USD15.0 million for the period of three (3) years. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 12) and on a pari passu basis with the security for PTD III, PTD IV and PTI I.

21. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari ICBC masing-masing sebesar USD5,0 juta dan USD6,3 juta.

#### PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk

Pada tanggal 1 November 2011, PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk (Bank Sinarmas) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas *Term Loan* kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp420,0 juta untuk jangka waktu empat (4) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan satu (1) unit kendaraan bermotor milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Sinarmas masing-masing sebesar USD6,0 ribu dan USD9,0 ribu.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian pinjaman.

Kisaran bunga tahunan pinjaman bank jangka panjang adalah sebagai berikut:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i> (%)
Rupiah Indonesia	11,00 - 13,50
Dolar AS	5,64 - 7,00
Yuan Cina	5,43

# 22. UTANG MURABAHAH DAN PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH - JANGKA PANJANG

Akun ini terdiri dari:

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#### 21. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loans from ICBC amounted to USD5.0 million and USD6.3 million, respectively.

## PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk

On November 1, 2011, PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk (Bank Sinarmas) agreed to provide a Term Loan facility to the Company in the amount of Rp420.0 million for the period of four (4) years. This facility is secured by one (1) unit of vehicle owned by the Company (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Sinarmas amounted to USD6.0 thousand and USD9.0 thousand, respectively.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company believes it has fulfilled its obligations under the credit facility agreements.

Annual interest rate of long-term bank loans ranged as follows:

Indonesian Rupiah US Dollar

China Yuan

22.	LONG-TERM MURABAHAH PAYABLES AND
	MUSYARAKAH FINANCING

This account consists of:

31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014 (%)
10,25 - 13,50

5,63 - 7,00 6.22

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Utang murabahah			Murabahah payables
PT Bank Syariah Mandiri	34.393	36.174	PT Bank Syariah Mandiri
PT Bank BNI Syariah	6.339	6.857	PT Bank BNI Syariah
PT Bank Panin Syariah	3.223	3.995	PT Bank Panin Syariah
Total utang murabahah	43.955	47.026	Total murabahah payables
Pembiayaan musyarakah			Musyarakah financing
PT Bank Panin Syariah	6.338	7.384	PT Bank Panin Syariah
Total	50.293	54.410	Total
Bagian yang akan jatuh tempo			
dalam waktu satu tahun	(7.168)	(41.323)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	43.125	13.087	Long-term Portion

# 22. UTANG MURABAHAH DAN PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH - JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

## PT Bank Syariah Mandiri

Pada tanggal 28 April 2011, PT Bank Syariah Mandiri (BSM) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas pembiayaan *line facility* (Al-Murabahah) sebesar Rp300,0 miliar dan berlaku untuk jangka waktu tiga (3) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin kertas dan peralatan pendukung tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12). Pada tanggal 5 Juni 2014, BSM setuju untuk memperpanjang jangka waktu fasilitas tersebut selama tiga puluh enam (36) bulan, terhitung sejak tanggal 28 April 2014 sampai dengan tanggal 27 April 2017.

Pada tanggal 19 September 2012, BSM menyetujui untuk memberikan tambahan fasilitas pembiayaan *line facility* (Al-Murabahah) sebesar Rp150,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu dua (2) tahun. Untuk fasilitas tambahan ini, Perusahaan juga memberikan tambahan jaminan berupa tanah milik Perusahaan (catatan 12), dimana fasilitas ini dijamin secara *pari passu* dengan jaminan untuk fasilitas Al-Murabahah yang telah diterima oleh Perusahaan sebelumnya. Pada tanggal 5 Juni 2014, BSM setuju untuk memperpanjang jangka waktu fasilitas tersebut selama tiga puluh satu (31) bulan, terhitung sejak tanggal 25 September 2014 dan berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 27 April 2017.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo utang murabahah kepada BSM masing-masing sebesar USD34.4 juta dan USD36.2 juta.

#### PT Bank BNI Syariah

Pada tanggal 20 Desember 2013, Perusahaan dan PT Bank BNI Syariah (BNI Syariah) menandatangani perjanjian kredit dimana BNI Syariah menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Murabahah (fasilitas investasi) dengan nilai maksimum tidak lebih dari Rp100,0 miliar. Fasilitas ini berlaku untuk jangka waktu empat puluh delapan (48) bulan sejak tanggal penandatanganan dan dijamin dengan mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo utang murabahah kepada BNI Syariah masing-masing sebesar USD6,3 juta dan USD6,9 juta.

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# 22. LONG-TERM MURABAHAH PAYABLES AND MUSYARAKAH FINANCING (Continued)

## PT Bank Syariah Mandiri

On April 28, 2011, PT Bank Syariah Mandiri (BSM) agreed to provide line facility financing (Al-Murabahah) in the amount of Rp300.0 billion for the period of three (3) years. This facility is secured by certain paper machines and other supporting machinery owned by the Company (Note 12). On June 5, 2014, BSM agreed to extend the term of the facility for a further thirty six (36) months, commencing from April 28, 2014 until April 27, 2017.

On September 19, 2012, BSM agreed to provide an additional line facility financing (Al-Murabahah) in the amount of Rp150.0 billion for the period of two (2) years. For this additional facility, the Company also provides additional security in the form of land owned by the Company (Note 12), which was secured on a pari passu basis with the security for previous Al-Murabahah facility received by the Company. On June 5, 2014, BSM agreed to extend the term of the facility for a further thirty one (31) months, commencing from September 25, 2014 until April 27, 2017.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of murabahah payable to BSM amounted to USD34.4 million and USD36.2 million, respectively.

## PT Bank BNI Syariah

On December 20, 2013, the Company and PT Bank BNI Syariah (BNI Syariah) executed a Credit Agreement whereby BNI Syariah agreed to provide Murabahah facility (investment facility) in a maximum amount not exceeding Rp100.0 billion. This facility is available for the period of forty eight (48) months from the signing date and is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of murabahah payable to BNI Syariah amounted to USD6.3 million and USD6.9 million, respectively.

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

## 22. UTANG MURABAHAH DAN PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH - JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

## PT Bank Panin Syariah

Pada tanggal 28 Mei 2013, Perusahaan dan PT Bank Panin Syariah (Panin Syariah) menandatangani perjanjian kredit dimana Panin Syariah menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Wa'ad Murabahah (Line Facility) sebesar Rp90,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu tiga puluh enam (36) bulan sejak tanggal penarikan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 12).

Kemudian, pada tanggal 26 Maret 2014, Panin Syariah menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Musyarakah Mutanaqisah sebesar Rp117,0 miliar dengan jangka waktu tiga puluh enam (36) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin Perusahaan dengan mesin-mesin tertentu milik (Catatan 12).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo utang murabahah dan pembiayaan musyarakah kepada Panin Syariah masing-masing sebesar USD9,6 juta dan USD11,4 juta.

#### 23. WESEL BAYAR

Pada tanggal 28 April 2005, Perjanjian Restrukturisasi Utang Perusahaan (MRA) telah menjadi efektif (Catatan 39). Sesudah restrukturisasi, wesel bayar dibedakan antara utang yang berpartisipasi dan yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA.

Perincian dari wesel bayar sesuai dengan MRA adalah sebagai berikut:

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## 22. LONG-TERM MURABAHAH PAYABLES AND **MUSYARAKAH FINANCING** (Continued)

## PT Bank Panin Syariah

On May 28, 2013, the Company and PT Bank Panin Syariah (Panin Syariah) executed a Credit Agreement whereby Panin Syariah agreed to provide Wa'ad Murabahah (Line Facility) in the amount of Rp90.0 billion for a period of thirty six (36) months from the drawdown date. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 12).

Moreover, on March 26, 2014, Panin Syariah agreed to provide a Musyarakah Mutanagisah facility in the amount of Rp117.0 billion for the period of thirty six (36) months. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 12).

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balances of murabahah payable and musyarakah financing to Panin Syariah amounted to USD9.6 million and USD11.4 million, respectively.

#### 23. NOTES PAYABLE

On April 28, 2005, the Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA) of the Company became effective (Note 39). After restructuring, notes payable were classified as participants and non-participants in MRA.

The following are the details of the notes payable under MRA:

	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak yang berpartisipasi dalam MRA Secured Company Global Notes	1.251.579	1.281.574	Participant in MRA Secured Company Global Notes
Pihak yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA	518.214	518.214	Non-Participant in MRA
Total pada nilai nominal Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan	1.769.793	1.799.788	Total at nominal value Net adjustment on adoption of
PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011)	29.795	25.898	PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011)

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#### 23. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Total pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	1.799.588	1.825.686	Total at amortized cost
Bagian yang akan jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun	(83.669)	(81.990)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	1.715.919	1.743.696	Long-Term Portion

#### Pihak yang Berpartisipasi dalam MRA

Berikut ini adalah syarat dan ketentuan penting dalam perjanjian tersebut:

#### Wesel Tranche A

Sesuai dengan perjanjian MRA, Perusahaan menerbitkan Company Global Secured Notes USD29,1 juta dan IKF B.V. menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Global Notes sebesar USD271.8 juta (keduanya disebut dengan "Wesel Tranche A"). Wesel Tranche A akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2020, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo. Wesel Tranche A ini memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif hingga tiga (3) tahun setelah tanggal efektif: SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 6%);
- dari tahun ketiga hingga tahun kelima setelah tanggal efektif: SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah 2% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum); dan
- dari dan setelah tahun kelima setelah tanggal efektif: SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah 3% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum).

Per tanggal 21 Februari 2014, berdasarkan CAL X semua referensi SIBOR diubah menjadi LIBOR dan semua referensi SBI Rate diubah menjadi BI Rate.

Ketentuan terhadap total batas maksimum bunga adalah sebagai berikut:

 setiap bulan dimana Wesel Tranche A atau Pinjaman Tranche A masih terhutang, total seluruh utang bunga terhadap Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B dan Pinjaman Tranche B yang masih terhutang dibatasi maksimum 50% dari total Monthly Mandatory Debt Services (MMDS) untuk bulan tersebut; dan

## Participant in MRA

23. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Summary of significant terms and conditions of the notes are as follows:

#### Tranche A Notes

In line with the MRA, the Company issued USD29.1 million Secured Company Global Notes and IKF B.V. issued USD271.8 million Guaranteed Secured Global Notes (together the "Tranche A Notes"). The Tranche A Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2020, unless redeemed, purchased or cancelled prior to the maturity date. These Tranche A Notes bear an annual interest rate as follows:

- from the effective date to the date three (3) years after the effective date: three (3) months SIBOR (for US Dollar) plus 1% per annum (capped at 6%);
- from the third year to the fifth year after the effective date: three (3) months SIBOR (for US Dollar) plus 2% per annum (no cap); and
- from and after the fifth year after the effective date: three (3) months SIBOR (for US Dollar) plus 3% per annum (no cap).

As of February 21, 2014, under CAL X all references to SIBOR to be changed to LIBOR and all references to SBI Rate to be changed to BI Rate.

Subject to an interest amount cap as follows:

 for any month in which any Tranche A Notes or Tranche A Debt remains outstanding, the aggregate amount of interest payable in respect of the Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes and Tranche B Debt outstanding is capped at 50% of the Monthly Mandatory Debt Services (MMDS) amount for that month; and

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

## 23. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

 untuk setiap bulan setelah seluruh Wesel Tranche A dan Pinjaman Tranche A dilunasi, total seluruh utang bunga terhadap Wesel Tranche B dan Pinjaman Tranche B yang masih terhutang dan jika memungkinkan Wesel Tranche C dan Pinjaman Tranche C yang masih terhutang, dibatasi maksimum 33% dari total MMDS bulan tersebut.

Bunga dibayar secara tiga (3) bulanan pada hari kerja terakhir di bulan Januari, April, Juli dan Oktober setiap tahunnya, dimulai pada bulan Juli 2005. Berdasarkan CAL X, pembayaran pokok pinjaman dilakukan setiap tiga (3) bulan.

#### Wesel Tranche B

Sesuai dengan perjanjian MRA, Perusahaan menerbitkan Secured Company Global Notes sebesar USD76,4 juta dan IKF B.V. menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Global Notes USD713,3 juta (keduanya disebut "Wesel Tranche B"). Wesel Tranche B akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2023, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo, atau dilakukan pendanaan kembali sesuai prasyarat dalam perjanjian. Prasyarat dan ketentuan tingkat bunga tahunan Wesel Tranche B sama dengan Wesel Tranche A.

#### Wesel Tranche C

Sesuai dengan perjanjian MRA, Perusahaan menerbitkan Secured Company Global Notes sebesar USD49,9 juta dan IKF B.V. menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Global Notes sebesar USD437,6 juta (keduanya disebut "Wesel Tranche C"). Wesel Tranche C akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2029, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo sesuai dengan prasyarat dalam perjanjian. Wesel Tranche C memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel Tranche A dan Wesel Tranche B, kecuali Wesel Tranche C memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif hingga semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali pinjaman telah dibayar semuanya, tidak ada bunga yang harus diakui. Tetapi, biaya restrukturisasi diakui dan dikapitalisasi pada tahun ke-9 dan tahun ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif;
- setelah tanggal dimana semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali pinjaman telah dibayar penuh dikenakan tarif tetap 2% per tahun; dan

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### 23. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

 for any month after all Tranche A Notes and Tranche A Debt have been repaid, the aggregate amount of interest payable in respect of the Tranche B Notes and Tranche B Debt outstanding and, if applicable, Tranche C Notes and Tranche C Debt outstanding is capped at 33% of the MMDS amount for that month.

Interest is payable quarterly in arrears on the last business day in January, April, July and October of each year commencing in July 2005. Based on CAL X, payment of principal is made quarterly.

#### Tranche B Notes

In line with the MRA, the Company issued USD76.4 million Secured Company Global Notes and IKF B.V. issued USD713.3 million Guaranteed Secured Global Notes (together the "Tranche B Notes"). The Tranche B Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2023, unless redeemed, purchased, or cancelled prior to the maturity date, or refinanced in accordance with their terms. Tranche B Notes share the same term and annual interest rate as Tranche A Notes.

#### Tranche C Notes

In line with the MRA, the Company issued USD49.9 million Secured Company Global Notes and IKF B.V. issued USD437.6 million Guaranteed Secured Global Notes (together the "Tranche C Notes"). The Tranche C Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2029, unless redeemed, purchased or cancelled prior to the maturity date in accordance with their terms. Tranche C Notes share the same terms as the Tranche A Notes and Tranche B Notes except that the Tranche C Notes bear annual interest rates as follows:

- from the effective date until all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and Refinancing Debt are repaid in full, no interest will be accrued. However, a restructuring fee will be accrued and capitalized on the date falling nine (9) years and fifteen (15) years after the effective date;
- after the date on which all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, a fixed rate of 2% per annum; and

#### 23. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

 jika tanggal jatuh tempo diperpanjang sesuai dengan prasyarat Wesel *Tranche* C, SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 1% per tahun tetapi dapat dikenakan tingkat bunga maksimum yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A dan Wesel *Tranche* B.

Sesuai dengan perjanjian MRA, kapitalisasi biaya restrukturisasi untuk tahun ke-9 setelah tanggal efektif telah dilakukan pada tahun 2014.

Sebagai bagian implementasi dari CAL X, pada tanggal 6 Mei 2014, DBS Bank Limited selaku Administrative Agent mengeluarkan surat pemberitahuan kepada para pemegang wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C untuk melakukan proses penukaran terhadap wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh IKF B.V. dengan wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan yang mempunyai syarat dan ketentuan yang sama. Pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, The Bank of New York Mellon mengeluarkan konfirmasi kepada IKF B.V. bahwa proses penukaran terhadap wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh IKF B.V. dengan wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan, telah selesai dilaksanakan. Dengan selesainya proses penukaran ini, maka wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh IKF BV sudah tidak berlaku lagi.

## Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi dalam MRA

Kesepakatan atas saldo utang kepada pihak yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA sangat tergantung dari penilaian lebih lanjut oleh Perusahaan, dimana penyelesaiannya tergantung dari proses verifikasi saldo pinjaman (proof of debt) dan/atau pemenuhan semua persyaratan yang berhubungan dengan MRA.

## 24. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG

Saldo pinjaman jangka panjang berikut merupakan bagian dari pinjaman Perusahaan yang telah direstrukturisasi melalui MRA adalah sebagai berikut (Catatan 39):

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#### 23. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

 if the final maturity date is extended in accordance with the terms of the Tranche C Notes, three (3) months SIBOR (for US Dollar) plus 1% per annum, but subject to the same interest amount cap as the Tranche A Notes and the Tranche B Notes.

In accordance with the MRA, capitalization of the restructuring fee for the 9<sup>th</sup> year after the effective date has applied in year 2014.

As part of the implementation of CAL X, on May 6, 2014, DBS Bank Limited as Administrative Agent issued a notification letter to all Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes Holders, to exchange the Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by IKF B.V. with Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by the Company which have the same term and conditions. On June 25, 2014, the Bank of New York Mellon has issued confirmation to IKF B.V. that the exchange of Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche Notes issued by IKF B.V. with the Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by the Company had been completed. With the completion of the exchange, the Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by IKF B.V. are no longer valid.

## Non-Participant in MRA

The resolution on the outstanding indebtedness to creditors who did not participate in the MRA is subject to further review by the Company and/or successful completion of the relevant proof of debts process and/or fulfillment of all relevant requirements under the MRA.

## 24. LONG-TERM LOANS

The following long-term loans balances is part of the Company's restructured liabilities in accordance with the MRA, were as follows (Note 39):

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# 24. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

#### 24. LONG-TERM LOANS (Continued)

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak yang berpartisipasi dalam MRA <i>Tranche</i> A <i>Tranche</i> B <i>Tranche</i> C	307.553 244.103	- 330.838 <u>251.679</u>	Participant in MRA Tranche A Tranche B Tranche C
Sub-total	551.656	582.517	Sub-total
Pihak yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA	50.227	50.377	Non-participant in MRA
Total nilai nominal pada pinjaman jangka panjang Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011)	601.883	632.894	Total long-term loans at nominal value Net adjustment on adoption of PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011)
Total biaya perolehan diamortisasi pada pinjaman jangka panjang Bagian yang akan jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun	613.928	643.633	Total long-term loans at amortized cost Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	576.536	605.861	Long-Term Portion

## Pihak yang Berpartisipasi dalam MRA

#### Participant in MRA

Sejalan dengan efektifnya MRA pada tanggal 28 April 2005, Perusahaan menandatangani *Multi Lender Credit Agreement* (MLCA) dengan DBS Bank Limited sebagai *Facility Agent* dengan rincian pinjaman yang direstrukturisasi sebagai berikut:

As the MRA became effective on April 28, 2005, the Company and DBS Bank Limited as the Facility Agent signed a Multi Lender Credit Agreement (MLCA) with the details of restructured loans as follow:

	Mata Uang Asli	(dalam ribuan) / O	riginal Currency (in	thousands)	
<u>Fasilitas</u>	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	<u>Facilities</u>
Tranche A	47.684	22.475	4.887.494	214.244.748	Tranche A
Tranche B	125.166	58.994	12.829.344	562.378.106	Tranche B
Tranche C	74.565	35.145	7.642.798	335.024.306	Tranche C
Total	247.415	116.614	25.359.636	1.111.647.160	Total

Rincian pinjaman jangka panjang pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, details of the long-term loans were as follows:

21	Mar	2015	/ Mar	21	201
J I	war	2013	/ IVIAT	υı,	2013

	Mata Uang Asli				
<u>Fasilitas</u>	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	<u>Facilities</u>
Tranche A	-	-	-	-	Tranche A
Tranche B	113.526	51.429	12.115.174	490.261.620	Tranche B
Tranche C	90.061	41.124	9.533.701	394.313.558	Tranche C
Total pada Nilai Nominal	203.587	92.553	21.648.875	884.575.178	Total at Nominal Value

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#### 24. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

#### 24. LONG-TERM LOANS (Continued)

	Mata Uang Asli				
<u>Fasilitas</u>	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	<u>Facilities</u>
Tranche A	-	-	-	-	Tranche A
Tranche B	118.472	53.670	12.642.972	511.619.888	Tranche B
Tranche C	90.061	41.124	9.533.701	394.313.558	Tranche C
Total pada Nilai Nominal	208.533	94.794	22.176.673	905.933.446	Total at Nominal Value

31 Dec 2014 / Dec 31 2014

Fasilitas *Tranche* A dan Fasilitas *Tranche* B memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari dan sesudah tanggal efektif sampai tiga (3) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
  - SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro Eropa), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), ditambah dengan 1% per tahun (pagu maksimum 6%); dan
  - tiga (3) bulanan bunga SBI (untuk Rupiah Indonesia) ditambah 1% per tahun (pagu maksimum 14%).
- dari tiga (3) tahun sampai dengan lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
  - SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro Eropa) dan TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), 2% per tahun (tidak ada pagu maksimum); dan
  - tiga (3) bulanan bunga SBI (untuk Rupiah Indonesia) ditambah 2% per tahun (tidak ada pagu maksimum).
- dari dan sesudah lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
  - SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro Eropa), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), 3% per tahun (tidak ada pagu maksimum); dan
  - tiga (3) bulanan bunga SBI (untuk Rupiah Indonesia) ditambah 3% per tahun (tidak ada pagu maksimum).

Fasilitas *Tranche* C memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

 dari tanggal efektif sampai seluruh Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali pinjaman telah dibayar seluruhnya, tidak ada bunga yang diakui. Tetapi, biaya restrukturisasi diakui dan dikapitalisasi pada tahun ke-9 sampai dengan tahun ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif; The Tranche A Facilities and the Tranche B Facilities bear annual interest rates as follows:

- from and after the effective date to the date three (3) years after the effective date:
  - three (3) months SIBOR (for US Dollar), EURIBOR (for European Euro), TIBOR (for Japanese Yen), for each case where in each case plus 1% per annum (capped at 6%); and
  - three (3) months SBI Rate (for Indonesian Rupiah) plus 1% per annum (capped at 14%).
- from the date three (3) years after the effective date to the date five (5) years after the effective date:
  - three (3) months SIBOR (for US Dollar), EURIBOR (for European Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese Yen), for each case where in each case plus 2% per annum (no cap); and
  - three (3) months SBI Rate (for Indonesian Rupiah) plus 2% per annum (no cap).
- from and after the date five (5) years after the effective date:
  - three (3) months SIBOR (for US Dollar), EURIBOR (for European Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese Yen), for each case where in each case plus 3% per annum (no cap); and
  - three (3) months SBI Rate (for Indonesian Rupiah) plus 3% per annum (no cap).

The Tranche C Facilities bear an annual interest rate as follows:

 from the effective date until all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, no interest will be accrued. However, a restructuring fee will be accrued and be capitalized on the dates falling nine (9) years and fifteen (15) years after the effective date:

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 24. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

- setelah tanggal dimana semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali piniaman telah dibayar penuh, dikenakan tarif tetap 2% per tahun; dan
- jika tanggal jatuh tempo fasilitas Tranche C diperpanjang sesuai dengan prasyaratnya, SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro Eropa), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang) dan tiga (3) bulanan bunga SBI (untuk Rupiah Indonesia), kemungkinan, ditambah dengan 1% per tahun.

Sesuai dengan perjanjian MRA, kapitalisasi biaya restrukturisasi untuk tahun ke-9 setelah tanggal efektif telah dilakukan pada tahun 2014.

Per tanggal 21 Februari 2014, berdasarkan CAL X semua referensi SIBOR diubah menjadi LIBOR dan semua referensi SBI Rate diubah menjadi BI Rate.

Fasilitas Tranche A, Fasilitas Tranche B dan Fasilitas Tranche C akan dikenakan tingkat bunga maksimum yang sama dengan Wesel Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B dan Wesel Tranche C.

Fasilitas Tranche A jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2020 dan memiliki persyaratan yang sama dengan Wesel Tranche A.

Fasilitas Tranche B jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2023 dan memiliki persyaratan yang sama dengan Wesel Tranche B.

Fasilitas Tranche C jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2029 dan memiliki persyaratan yang sama dengan Wesel

# Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi dalam MRA

Kesepakatan atas saldo utang kepada pihak yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA sangat tergantung dari penilaian lebih lanjut oleh Perusahaan, dimana penyelesaiannya tergantung dari proses verifikasi saldo pinjaman (proof of debt) dan/atau pemenuhan semua persyaratan yang berhubungan dengan MRA.

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#### 24. LONG-TERM LOANS (Continued)

- after the date on which all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, a fixed rate of 2% per annum; and
- if the final maturity date of the Tranche C Facilities is extended in accordance with their terms, three (3) months SIBOR (for US Dollars), EURIBOR (for European Euro), TIBOR (for Japanese Yen) and three (3) months SBI Rate (for Indonesian Rupiah), as the case may be, in each case plus 1% per annum.

In accordance with the MRA, capitalization of the restructuring fee for the  $9^{th}$  year after the effective date has applied in year 2014.

As of February 21, 2014, under CAL X all reference to SIBOR to be changed to LIBOR and all reference to SBI rate to be changed to BI Rate.

The Tranche A Facilities, Tranche B Facilities and Tranche C Facilities are subject to the same interest amount cap as the Tranche A Notes, the Tranche B Notes and the Tranche C Notes.

The Tranche A Facilities have a stated maturity date in April 2020 and share the same terms as the Tranche A Notes.

The Tranche B Facilities have a stated maturity date in April 2023 and share the same terms as the Tranche B Notes.

The Tranche C Facilities have a stated maturity date in April 2029 and share the same terms as the Tranche C Notes.

# Non-Participant in MRA

The resolution on the outstanding indebtedness to creditors who did not participate in the MRA are subject to further review by the Company and/or successful completion of the relevant proof of debts process and/or fulfillment of all relevant requirements under the MRA.

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#### 25. LIABILITAS IMBALAN KERJA

Liabilitas imbalan kerja pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 merupakan estimasi manajemen, sedangkan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2014 dihitung oleh PT Sentra Jasa Aktuaria, aktuaris independen, dalam laporannya tertanggal 11 Maret 2015, menggunakan metode "Projected Unit Credit" dengan mempertimbangkan beberapa asumsi sebagai berikut:

#### 25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY

Employee benefits liability as of March 31, 2015 is estimated by management, while December 31, 2014 was calculated by PT Sentra Jasa Aktuaria. an independent actuary, through its reports dated March 11, 2015, used the "Projected Unit Credit" method with consideration of the following assumptions:

8% per tahun/per annum a. Tingkat diskonto a. Discount rate

b. Tingkat kenaikan gaji 5% per tahun/per annum b. Salary increment rate

c. Tingkat pengunduran diri 8% untuk karyawan yang berusia c. Voluntary resignation rate

kurang dari 30 tahun dan akan berkurang sampai 0% pada umur 52 tahun/ 8% for employees before the age of 30 years and will linearly decrease until 0% at the age of 52 years

d. Tingkat kematian Tabel Mortalita Indonesia 2011 (TMI'11)/ d. Mortality rate Indonesian Mortality Table 2011 (TMI'11)

55 tahun/55 years e. Usia pensiun normal e. Normal retirement age

f. Tingkat kecacatan 10% Tingkat Kematian/10% Mortality Rate f. Disability rate

Mutasi liabilitas imbalan kerja adalah sebagai berikut:

Movements of employee benefits liability were as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Saldo awal periode	73.309	66.465	Balance at beginning of the period
Beban imbalan kerja			Employee benefits expense
periode berjalan	3.540	12.958	during the period
Realisasi pembayaran manfaat	(1.412)	(4.773)	Actual benefits paid
Selisih kurs	(3.608)	(1.341)	Foreign exchange effect
Saldo Akhir Periode	71.829	73.309	Balance at End of the Period

#### 26. MODAL SAHAM

## Susunan pemegang saham Perusahaan dan total kepemilikan saham pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 berdasarkan catatan Biro Administrasi Efek (BAE) dan Kustodian Sentral Efek Indonesia (KSEI) adalah sebagai berikut:

# 26. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's shareholders and their respective shareholdings as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, based on the Securities Administration Agency (BAE) and Central Custodian Stock Indonesian (KSEI) records, were as follows:

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## 26. MODAL SAHAM (Lanjutan)

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 26. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

		r 2015 dan 31 Des 201		
	Mar 31, 2015 and Dec 31, 2014			
	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh (angka penuh)/ Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid (full amount)	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership (%)	Total	
Pemegang Saham				Shareholders
PT Purinusa Ekapersada				PT Purinusa Ekapersada
(Purinusa)	2.884.473.498	52,72	1.154.118	(Purinusa)
Masyarakat dan lainnya				Public and others
(masing-masing dibawah 5%)	2.586.509.443	47,28	1.034.898	(each below 5%)
Total (Rp5.470.982.941.000 dalam satuan penuh)	5.470.982.941	100,00	2.189.016	Total (Rp5,470,982,941,000 in full amount)
uaiaiii satuaii pelluli)	J.47 U.302.34 I	100,00	2.109.010	iii iuli allioulit)

#### 27. TAMBAHAN MODAL DISETOR

Akun ini bersumber dari kegiatan korporasi Perusahaan. antara lain tambahan modal disetor saham penawaran umum perdana dan terbatas, penerbitan waran, saham bonus dan dividen saham yang bersaldo sebesar USD5.8 juta pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

## 28. KEPENTINGAN NONPENGENDALI

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo kepentingan nonpengendali atas Entitas Anak. PT Paramitra Abadimas Cemerlang adalah masingmasing sebesar USD449,0 ribu dan USD378,0 ribu.

Kepentingan nonpengendali atas laba (rugi) neto Entitas Anak tersebut adalah masing-masing laba neto sebesar USD71.0 ribu dan rugi neto sebesar USD16.0 ribu untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal-tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

## 29. SALDO LABA DAN DIVIDEN

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan pada tanggal 26 Juni 2014, pemegang saham setuju untuk membagikan dividen kas tahun 2013 sebesar USD11,8 juta (setara dengan Rp136,8 miliar) atau setara dengan Rp25 per lembar saham untuk pemegang saham yang terdaftar pada tanggal 22 Oktober 2014. Pembayaran dividen kas ini telah dilaksanakan pada tanggal 5 November 2014. Utang dividen disajikan sebagai bagian dari akun utang lain-lain (Catatan 17).

#### 27. ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL

This account represents the balance incurred from the Company's corporate actions, among others, additional paid-in capital from intial public offering and rights issue, issuance of warrant, bonus shares and share dividend. which amounted to USD5.8 million as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

## 28. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the balance of non-controlling interest in equity of a Subsidiary, PT Paramitra Abadimas Cemerlang amounted to USD449.0 thousand and USD378.0 thousand, respectively.

Non-controlling interest on net income (loss) of that Subsidiary amounted to net income USD71.0 thousand and net loss USD16.0 thousand for the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

## 29. RETAINED EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS

Based on the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated June 26, 2014, the shareholders approved the distribution of cash dividends for the year 2013 amounting to USD11.8 million (equivalent to Rp136.8 billion) or equivalent to Rp25 per share in favor of all its shareholders as of October 22, 2014. These cash dividends has been paid on November 5, 2014. The dividends payable is reported as part of other payables (Note 17).

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## 29. SALDO LABA DAN DIVIDEN (Lanjutan)

Dalam Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan tersebut, pemegang saham juga menetapkan saldo laba yang ditentukan penggunaannya sebesar USD1,0 juta (atau setara dengan Rp11,6 miliar) sebagai cadangan dana umum dalam rangka memenuhi ketentuan pasal 70 Undang-undang Perseroan Terbatas No. 40 Tahun 2007.

## 29. RETAINED EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

In the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the shareholders also approved the appropriation of retained earnings amounting to USD1.0 million (equivalent to Rp11.6 billion) for general reserve in compliance with the article 70 of Corporation Law No. 40 of 2007.

## **30. PENJUALAN NETO**

#### Akun ini terdiri dari:

#### 30. NET SALES

31 Mar 2014 /

This account consists of:

	Mar 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2014	
Lokal			Local
<u>Pihak berelasi</u>			Related parties
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	287.086	230.352	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk	49.558	29.361	PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk
PT The Univenus	492	734	PT The Univenus
Lain-lain (masing-masing	40	40	Others (each below
dibawah USD100 ribu)	19	19_	USD100 thousand)
Sub-total	337.155	260.466	Sub-total
Pihak ketiga (masing-masing dibawah 10%			Third parties
dari total penjualan)	5.978	6.939	(each below 10% from total sales)
Total Penjualan Lokal	343.133	267.405	Total Local Sales
Ekspor			Export
Pihak berelasi			Related parties
Yalong Paper Products			Yalong Paper Products
(Kunshan) Co. Ltd.	21.018	-	(Kunshan) Co. Ltd.
Cabang-cabang APP	395	656	Branches of APP
Toprint Computer Supplies	450	0.40	Toprint Computer Supplies
Pte. Ltd., Singapura	150	946	Pte. Ltd., Singapore
Sub-total	21.563	1.602	Sub-total
Pihak ketiga (masing-masing dibawah 10%			Third parties
dari total penjualan)	339.439	368.517	(each below 10% from total sales)
Total Penjualan Ekspor	361.002	370.119	Total Export Sales
Penjualan Neto (Catatan 37)	704.135	637.524	Net Sales (Note 37)

31 Mar 2015 /

Rincian penjualan neto berdasarkan jenis produk adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of net sales based on type of product were as follows:

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#### 30. PENJUALAN NETO (Lanjutan)

#### 30. NET SALES (Continued)

### Persentase terhadap Penjualan Neto/

			Percentage	to Net Sales	
	Total		31 Mar 2015 /	31 Mar 2014 /	
	31 Mar 2015 /	31 Mar 2014 /	Mar 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2014	
	Mar 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2014	(%)	(%)	
Jenis Produk					Type of Product
Pulp	256.728	253.658	36,46	39,79	Pulp
Kertas budaya	228.416	174.523	32,44	27,38	Paper
Kertas industri dan lain-lain	218.991	209.343	31,10	32,83	Packaging and other
Penjualan Neto	704.135	637.524	100,00	100,00	Net Sales

Untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014, total penjualan kepada pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar USD358,7 juta (50,94% dari total penjualan neto konsolidasian) dan USD262,1 miliar (41,11% dari total penjualan neto konsolidasian).

For the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, total sales to related parties amounted to USD358.7 million (50.94% of total consolidated net sales) and USD262.1 million (41.11% of total consolidated net sales), respectively.

#### 31. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN

### 31. COST OF GOODS SOLD

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2014 / <i>Mar 31, 2014</i>	
Bahan baku Awal periode	108.114	181.293	Raw materials Beginning of period
Pembelian	433.220	355.644	Purchases
Bahan baku tersedia untuk			Raw materials available
produksi	541.334	536.937	for manufacturing
Bahan baku pada akhir periode	(110.320)	(158.383)	Raw materials at end of period
Bahan baku yang digunakan	431.014	378.554	Raw materials used
Upah buruh langsung	7.834	7.290	Direct labor
Beban pabrikasi	120.398	106.032	Manufacturing overhead
Total beban produksi	559.246	491.876	Total production cost
Barang dalam proses (pulp, kertas			Work-in-process (pulp, paper and
budaya dan kertas industri):	04.007	45.704	packaging products):
Awal periode	34.627	45.731	Beginning of period
Akhir periode	(32.617)	(39.372)	End of period
Beban pokok produksi	561.256	498.235	Cost of goods manufactured
Barang jadi ( <i>pulp</i> , kertas			Finished goods (pulp, paper and
budaya dan kertas industri):			packaging products):
Awal periode	138.193	151.004	Beginning of period
Akhir periode	(138.562)	(123.142)	End of period
Beban Pokok Penjualan (Catatan 37)	560.887	526.097	Cost of Goods Sold (Note 37)

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#### 31. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN (Lanjutan)

Rincian pembelian Perusahaan dari pemasok adalah sebagai berikut:

#### 31. COST OF GOODS SOLD (Continued)

Details of purchases from suppliers were as follows:

### Persentase terhadap Penjualan Neto/ Percentage to Net Sales

Tot	al	31 Mar 2015 /	31 Mar 2014 /	
31 Mar 2015 /	31 Mar 2014 /	Mar 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2014	
Mar 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2014	(%)	(%)	Supplier
85.809	37.747	12,19	5,92	PT Arara Abadi (Note 38c)
				Others (each
357.757	354.645	50,81	55,63	below 10% to net sales)
443.566	392.392	63,00	61,55	Total purchases - net
				Purchase of indirect materials
(10.346)	(36.748)	(1,47)	(5,76)	and spareparts
433.220	355.644	61,53	55,79	Purchase of Raw Materials
	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015 85.809 357.757 443.566 (10.346)	Mar 31, 2015     Mar 31, 2014       85.809     37.747       357.757     354.645       443.566     392.392       (10.346)     (36.748)	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015         31 Mar 2014 / Mar 31, 2014         Mar 31, 2015           85.809         37.747         12,19           357.757         354.645         50,81           443.566         392.392         63,00           (10.346)         (36.748)         (1,47)	31 Mar 2015 / Mar 31, 2015         31 Mar 2014 / Mar 31, 2015         Mar 31, 2014 (%)         Mar 31, 2014 (%)           85.809         37.747         12,19         5,92           357.757         354.645         50,81         55,63           443.566         392.392         63,00         61,55           (10.346)         (36.748)         (1,47)         (5,76)

Untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014, total pembelian dari pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar USD161,0 juta (22,86% dari total penjualan neto) dan USD129,5 juta (20,31% dari total penjualan neto).

For the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, total purchases from related parties amounted to USD161.0 million (22.86% of total net sales) and USD129.5 million (20.31% of total net sales), respectively.

#### 32. BEBAN USAHA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

#### 32. OPERATING EXPENSES

This account consists of:

#### a. Penjualan

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2014 / <i>Mar 31, 2014</i>
Ongkos angkut	31.658	26.620
Beban kantor	1.331	1.597
Komisi	1.258	1.528
Gaji	1.184	1.248
Penyusutan (Catatan 12)	1.056	773
Administrasi bank	788	728
Perjalanan dan transportasi	665	577
Lain-lain	8.597	2.754
Total	46.537	35.825

### a. Selling

Total

Others

Depreciation (Note 12) Bank charges

Traveling and transportation

Freight Office expenses Commission Salaries

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### 32. BEBAN USAHA (Lanjutan)

### b. Umum dan Administrasi

#### 32. OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)

#### b. General and Administrative

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2014 / <i>Mar 31, 2014</i>	
Gaji Jasa manajemen dan jasa	9.448	8.763	Salaries
profesional (Catatan 38h)	6.390	8.052	Management and professional fees (Note 38h)
Beban kantor (Catatan 38i)	2.440	1.506	Office expenses (Note 38i)
Penyusutan (Catatan 12)	1.967	2.003	Depreciation (Note 12)
Perbaikan dan pemeliharaan	714	293	Repairs and maintenance
Perjalanan dan transportasi	629	691	Traveling and transportation
Lain-lain	1.859	1.715	Others
Total	23.447	23.023	Total

#### 33. BEBAN BUNGA

Beban bunga berasal dari pinjaman bank jangka pendek, pinjaman jangka panjang, liabilitas sewa pembiayaan, pinjaman bank jangka panjang dan wesel bayar adalah sebagai berikut:

#### 33. INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense derived from short-term bank loans, long-term loans, lease liabilities, long-term bank loans and notes payable was as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2014 / <i>Mar 31, 2014</i>	
Beban bunga kontraktual Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan	29.043	22.626	Contractual interest expense Net adjustment on adoption of
PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011)	(2.126)	1.674	PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2011)
Beban Bunga Efektif	26.917	24.300	Effective Interest Expense

### 34. PERPAJAKAN

#### a. Pajak Dibayar Dimuka

### a. Prepaid Taxes

34. TAXATION

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Perusahaan			Company
Pajak Penghasilan	25.972	25.713	Income taxes
Pajak Pertambahan Nilai	20.567	40.478	Value-Added Tax
Entitas Anak	420	2.015	Subsidiaries
Total	46.959	68.206	Total

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#### 34. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

### 34. TAXATION (Continued)

### b. Utang Pajak b. Taxes Payable

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Perusahaan			Company
Pajak Penghasilan	4.294	2.884	Income Taxes
Entitas Anak	-	1.590	Subsidiaries
Total	4.294	4.474	Total

#### c. Taksiran Manfaat (Beban) Pajak Penghasilan

Taksiran manfaat (beban) pajak penghasilan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah sebagai berikut:

#### c. Estimated Income Tax Benefit (Expense)

Estimated income tax benefit (expense) of the Company and Subsidiaries was as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2014 / <i>Mar 31, 2014</i>	
Kini Perusahaan Entitas Anak	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	Current Company Subsidiaries
Subtotal			Subtotal
Tangguhan Perusahaan Entitas Anak	(5.934)	3.853	Deferred Company Subsidiaries
Subtotal	(5.934)	3.853	Subtotal
Total Manfaat (Beban) Pajak Penghasilan	(5.934)	3.853	Total Income Tax Benefit (Expense)

Rekonsiliasi antara laba (rugi) Perusahaan sebelum pajak penghasilan dan estimasi laba (rugi) fiskal untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Desember 2015 dan 2014 berdasarkan laporan laba rugi komprehensif dalam Rupiah Indonesia adalah sebagai berikut:

The following calculation presents the reconciliation between income (loss) before income tax and estimated fiscal income (loss) for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, based on the Indonesian Rupiah statements of comprehensive income:

Dalam jutaan	Rupiah Indonesia/
In million of I	ndonesian Rupiah

	2015	2014	
Laba (rugi) Perusahaan sebelum			Income (loss) before income tax
manfaat (beban) pajak			benefit (expense) attributable
penghasilan			to the Company
Januari - Maret	(287.252)	4.722.020	January - March
April - Desember (estimasi)	3.951.704	(1.418.495)	April - December (estimate)

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#### 34. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

#### 34. TAXATION (Continued)

	Dalam jutaan Rupiah Indonesia/ In million of Indonesian Rupiah		
	2015	2014	
Beda waktu:			Temporary differences:
Liabilitas imbalan kerja	111.366	59.745	Employee benefits liability
Depresiasi	(1.282.026)	(407.865)	Depreciation
Lain-lain	(557.846)	(226.919)	Others
Beda tetap:			Permanent differences:
Sewa	(6.620)	(6.179)	Rental
Pendapatan bunga	(96.287)	(108.495)	Interest income
Lain-lain	(9.476)	(39.281)	Others
Taksiran laba fiskal	1.823.563	2.574.531	Estimated fiscal income

Dalam intern Dominh Indonesia/

#### d. Pajak Tangguhan

#### d. Deferred Tax

Dibebankan

Mutasi aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan-neto dan manfaat (beban) pajak yang terkait pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut: Movements of deferred tax assets (liabilities)-net and the related tax benefit (expense) as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	Saldo 31 Desember/ Balance as of December 31, 2013	pada Laporan Laba Rugi Komprehensit/ Charged to Statements of Comprehensive of Income	Saldo 31 Desember/ Balance as of December 31, 2014	pada Laporan Laba Rugi Komprehensif/ Charged to Statements of Comprehensive of Income	Saldo 31 Maret/ Balance as of March 31, 2015	
Perusahaan Aset pajak tangguhan						The Company <u>Deferred tax assets</u> Accumulated fiscal
Akumulasi laba (rugi) fiskal	127.604	(37.350)	90.254	(8.079)	82.175	gain (loss)
Liabilitas imbalan kerja Revaluasi aset tetap setelah dikurangi	14.305	1.339	15.644	233	15.877	Employee benefits liability Revaluation of fixed assets net of
penyusutan Cadangan pengurang	4.990	(712)	4.278	(180)	4.098	depreciation Deduction allowance
penghasilan neto	17.112	16.838	33.950	(2.325)	31.625	in net income

Dibebankan

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#### 34. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

#### 34. TAXATION (Continued)

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	Saldo 31 Desember/ Balance as of December 31, 2013	Dibebankan pada Laporan Laba Rugi Komprehensif/ Charged to Statements of Comprehensive of Income	Saldo 31 Desember/ Balance as of December 31, 2014	Dibebankan pada Laporan Laba Rugi Komprehensif/ Charged to Statements of Comprehensive of Income	Saldo 31 Maret/ Balance as of March 31, 2015	
Laba (rugi) neto belum direalisasi atas perubahan nilai wajar aset dan						Net unrealized gain (loss) on fair value changes of financial assets and
liabilitas keuangan Penyisihan kompensasi	1.803	1.594	3.397	(266)	3.131	liabilities Allowance for fiscal gain
laba (rugi) fiskal	(127.604)	37.350	(90.254)	8.079	(82.175)	(loss) compensation
Total	38.210	19.059	57.269	(2.538)	54.731	Total
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan						<u>Deferred tax liabilities</u> Depreciation of
Penyusutan aset tetap Transaksi sewa	163.658	19.110	182.768	3.401	186.169	fixed assets Transaction under
pembiayaan	125	(17)	108	(5)	103	finance lease
Total	163.783	19.093	182.876	3.396	186.272	Total
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan Perusahaan - neto	(125.573)	(34)	(125.607)	(5.934)	(131.541)	Deferred tax liabilities of the Company - net
Entitas Anak Aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan - neto	(62)	(120)	(182)		(182)	<b>Subsidiary</b> Deferred tax assets (liabilities) - net

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#### e. Surat Ketetapan Pajak

Pada tanggal 21 Agustus 2014, Perusahaan menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) No.00076/406/12/092/14 atas pajak penghasilan badan tahun pajak 2012 sebesar Rp180,9 miliar dan rugi fiskal Perusahaan ditetapkan sebesar Rp1,2 triliun.

Pada tanggal 24 Maret 2014, Perusahaan menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) No.00001/406/09/092/14 atas pajak penghasilan badan tahun pajak 2009 sebesar Rp275,6 miliar dan laba fiskal Perusahaan ditetapkan sebesar Rp3.8 triliun.

#### e. Tax Assessment Letters

On August 21, 2014, the Company received tax assessment letter (SKPLB) No.00076/406/12/092/14 regarding overpayment of 2012 corporate income tax amounting to Rp180.9 billion and taxable loss settled at Rp1.2 trillion.

On March 24, 2014, the Company received tax assessment letter (SKPLB) No.00001/406/09/092/14 regarding overpayment of 2009 corporate income tax amounting to Rp275.6 billion and taxable income settled at Rp3.8 trillion.

#### 34. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

#### f. Peraturan Pemerintah

Undang-undang No. 36 Tahun 2008 mengenai "Pajak Penghasilan", yang berlaku efektif pada tanggal 1 Januari 2009, mencakup penetapan tarif tunggal sebesar 25% untuk tahun fiskal 2010 dan seterusnya.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan telah memenuhi ketentuan dalam Peraturan Pemerintah No. 77 Tahun 2013 dan Undang-undang No. 36 Tahun 2008, dan oleh karena itu, telah menggunakan pengurangan tarif pajak sebesar 5% dalam penghitungan pajak penghasilan.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, pajak penghasilan kini dan tangguhan telah dihitung dengan menggunakan tarif-tarif pajak tersebut.

#### g. Administrasi

Berdasarkan peraturan perpajakan Indonesia, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak lokal menghitung dan membayar sendiri total pajak yang terhutang. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak lokal melakukan perhitungan dan melaporkan SPT sendiri. SPT konsolidasian tidak diperkenankan dalam peraturan perpajakan Indonesia. Direktorat Jenderal Pajak dapat menetapkan dan mengubah liabilitas pajak dalam batas waktu lima (5) tahun sejak tanggal terhutang pajak.

### h. Fasilitas Pajak Penghasilan

Pada tanggal 2 Januari 2007, Pemerintah Republik Indonesia menetapkan Peraturan Pemerintah (PP) No. 1 Tahun 2007 tentang "Fasilitas Pajak Penghasilan untuk Penanaman Modal di Bidangbidang Usaha Tertentu dan/atau di Daerah-daerah Tertentu". Berdasarkan PP tersebut, perusahaan yang memenuhi syarat akan mendapatkan fasilitas perpajakan, diantaranya berupa pengurangan penghasilan kena pajak sebesar 30% dari total penanaman modal yang dibebankan selama enam (6) tahun masing-masing sebesar 5% per tahun dan penyusutan dan amortisasi fiskal yang dipercepat.

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#### 34. TAXATION (Continued)

#### f. Government Regulation

Law No. 36 Year 2008 regarding "Income Tax", which became effective on January 1, 2009, included among others, the stipulation of a single rate of 25% for fiscal year 2010 onwards.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company has complied with the requirements of the Government Regulation No. 77 Year 2013 and Law No. 36 Year 2008, and therefore, has effected the 5% tax rate reduction in its corporate income tax computation.

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, current and deferred income taxes have been calculated using these enacted tax rates.

### g. Administration

Under the taxation laws of Indonesia, the Company and certain domestic Subsidiaries submit their tax returns on the basis of self-assessment. The Company and certain domestic Subsidiaries calculate and submit their individual annual tax calculations and returns, consolidated tax returns being prohibited under the taxation laws of Indonesia. The Directorate General of Taxation may assess or amend taxes within five (5) years from the date the tax became due

### h. Income Tax Facility

On January 2, 2007, the Government of Indonesia stated Government Decree No. 1 Year 2007 on "Income Tax Incentive for Capital Investment in Certain Industry and/or Certain Territory". Based on that decree, companies that fulfilled all the requirements under the decree would benefit tax incentives, which included reduction on taxable income of 30% from the investment value to be charged over six (6) years at 5% each year and accelerated depreciation and amortization.

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# 35. LABA PER SAHAM DASAR YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK

Berikut ini adalah perhitungan laba per saham dasar:

# 35. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The following presents the computation of basic earnings per share:

Laba per Saham

	Laba Neto yang dapat Diatribusikan kepada Pemilik Entitas Induk/ Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent	Total Rata-rata Tertimbang Saham Biasa yang Beredar (Dalam Satuan Penuh)/ Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding (In Full Amount)	Dasar yang dapat Diatribusikan kepada Pemilik Entitas Induk (USD) (Dalam Satuan Penuh)/ Basic Earnings Per Share Attributable to Owners of the Parent (USD) (In Full Amount)	
31 Maret 2015	61.539	5.470.982.941	0.01125	March 31, 2015
31 Maret 2014	22.521	5.470.982.941	0,00412	March 31, 2014

Perusahaan tidak menghitung laba per saham dilusian karena Perusahaan tidak memiliki saham yang mempunyai efek dilutif potensial pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

The Company did not calculate diluted earnings per share since the Company has no shares that have a potential dilutive effect as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

## 36. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT

Saldo aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang selain Dolar AS pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

# 36. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR

The following balances of monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in currencies other than US Dollar as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

		31 Mar 2015 /	Mar 31, 2015	
		Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS		
		(Dalam Ribuan)/		
		Currencies Other than US Dollar (In Thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	
ASET				ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	192.941.936	14.746	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	56.433	9.188	China Yuan
Euro Eropa	Euro	1.528	1.654	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	49.227	410	Japanese Yen
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	1.988	256	Hong Kong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	32	23	Singaporean Dollar

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36. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

		04 May 0045 /		,
		31 Mar 2015 / Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS (Dalam Ribuan)/ Currencies Other than US Dollar (In Thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	_
Piutang usaha				Trade receivables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	682.162.699	52.137	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	152.649	24.852	China Yuan
Euro Eropa	Euro	2.974	3.219	European Euro
Pound Sterling Inggris	GBP	401	593	Great Britain Pound Sterling
Yen Jepang	JPY	56.059	467	Japanese Yen
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	AED	426	116	United Arab Emirates Dirham
Piutang lain-lain				Other receivables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	27.581.495	2.108	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	1.079	176	China Yuan
Piutang pihak berelasi				Due from related parties
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	12.738.228	974	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar Singapura	SGD	2	1	Singaporean Dollar
Aset lancar lainnya				Other current assets
Yuan Cina	CNY	1.544.917	251.525	China Yuan
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	66.848.061	5.109	Indonesian Rupiah
Total Aset			367.554	Total Assets
<b>LIABILITAS</b> Pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan pembiayaan musyarakah				<b>LIABILITIES</b> Short-term Bank loans and musyarakah financing
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	2.049.392.995	156.634	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	Euro	1.526	1.653	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	25.325	211	Japanese Yen
Dolar Singapura	SGD	156	114	Singaporean Dollar
Utang usaha				Trade payables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	1.771.053.491	135.360	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	Euro	6.965	7.541	European Euro
Dolar Singapura	SGD	3.024	2.198	Singaporean Dollar
Yen Jepang	JPY	86.223	718	Japanese Yen

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# 36. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

		31 Mar 2015 /	Mar 31, 2015	
		Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS (Dalam Ribuan)/ Currencies Other than US Dollar (In Thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	
Pound Sterling Inggris	GBP	61	90	Great Britain Pound Sterling
Dolar Australia	AUD	34	26	Australian Dollar
Franc Swiss	CHF	23	24	Swiss Franc
Utang lain-lain				Other payables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	89.341.734	6.828	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	Euro	684	740	European Euro
Pound Sterling Inggris	GBP	135	200	Great Britain Pound Sterling
Yen Jepang	JPY	19.999	167	Japanese Yen
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	AED	320	87	United Arab Emirates Dirham
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	442	57	Hong Kong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	70	51	Singaporean Dollar
Dolar Australia	AUD	32	25	Australian Dollar
Dolar Kanada	CAD	7	5	Canadian Dollar
Beban masih harus dibayar dan liabilitas imbalan kerja Rupiah Indonesia Yen Jepang Pound Sterling Inggris	Rp JPY GBP	1.221.305.179 64.119 2	93.343 534 3	Accrued expenses and employee benefits liability Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen Great Britain Pound Sterling
Utang pihak berelasi				Due to related parties
Yen Jepang	JPY	11.038	92	Japanese Yen
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	111.064	8	Indonesian Rupiah
Liabilitas jangka panjang Rupiah Indonesia Yen Jepang Euro Eropa Yuan Cina	Rp JPY Euro CNY	2.879.792.846 21.648.875 92.553 351.909	220.100 180.265 100.198	Long-term liabilities Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen European Euro China Yuan
	CINT	331.809	57.294	
Total Liabilitas			964.566	Total Liabilities
Liabilitas Neto			597.012	Net Liabilities

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		31 Des 2014 /	Dec 31, 2014	
		Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS (Dalam Ribuan)/ Currencies Other than US Dollar (In Thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	
ASET				ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	233.813.980	18.795	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	81.563	13.330	China Yuan
Euro Eropa	Euro	1.465	1.783	European Euro
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	2.129	275	Hong Kong Dollar
Yen Jepang	JPY	21.774	182	Japanese Yen
Dolar Singapura	SGD	95	72	Singaporean Dollar
Piutang usaha				Trade receivables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	481.004.360	38.666	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	81.407	13.304	China Yuan
Euro Eropa	Euro	3.634	4.421	European Euro
Pound Sterling Inggris	GBP	409	638	Great Britain Pound Sterling
Yen Jepang	JPY	66.421	557	Japanese Yen
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	AED	426	116	United Arab Emirates Dirham
Dolar Singapura	SGD	148	112	Singaporean Dollar
Riyal Saudi Arabia	SAR	169	45	Saudi Arabia Riyal
Piutang lain-lain				Other receivables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	42.372.535	3.406	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	775	127	China Yuan
Piutang pihak berelasi				Due from related parties
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	11.682.396	939	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar Singapura	SGD	1	1	Singaporean Dollar
0 1				0 /
Aset lancar lainnya Yuan Cina	CNY	1 001 007	217.535	Other current assets China Yuan
Rupiah Indonesia	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1.331.097 65.893.511	217.535 5.297	
•	Rp	00.093.511		Indonesian Rupiah
Total Aset			319.601	Total Assets
LIABILITAS Pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan pembiayaan musyarakah	_			<b>LIABILITIES</b> Short-term Bank loans and musyarakah financing
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp –	2.197.413.902	176.641	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	Euro	2.055	2.500	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	41.015	344	Japanese Yen
Dolar Singapura	SGD	20	15	Singaporean Dollar

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		31 Des 2014 /	Dec 31, 2014	
		Mata Uang Selain Dolar AS (Dalam Ribuan)/ Currencies Other than US Dollar (In Thousands)	Setara dalam Dolar AS/ Equivalent in US Dollar	
Utang usaha				Trade payables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	1.464.920.049	117.764	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar Singapura	SGD	3.326	2.519	Singaporean Dollar
Euro Eropa	Euro	1.949	2.371	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	53.222	446	Japanese Yen
Pound Sterling Inggris	GBP	66	102	Great Britain Pound Sterling
Dolar Australia	AUD	34	28	Australian Dollar
Franc Swiss	CHF	4	4	Swiss Franc
Utang lain-lain				Other payables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	105.968.437	8.518	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	Euro	513	624	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	19.860	166	Japanese Yen
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	1.033	133	Hong Kong Dollar
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	AED	365	100	United Arab Emirates Dirham
Pound Sterling Inggris	GBP	56	88	Great Britain Pound Sterling
Dolar Singapura	SGD	77	58	Singaporean Dollar
Dolar Australia	AUD	13	11	Australian Dollar
Dolar Kanada Yuan Cina	CAD CNY	7 27	6 4	Canadian Dollar China Yuan
ruan oma	CINY	21	4	China Yuan
Beban masih harus dibayar				Accrued expenses and
dan liabilitas imbalan kerja	_	4 000 005 404	05.070	employee benefits liability
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	1.062.005.124	85.370	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	76.499	641	Japanese Yen
Utang pihak berelasi				Due to related parties
Euro Eropa	Euro	46	56	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	5.948	50	Japanese Yen
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	111.620	9	Indonesian Rupiah
Liabilitas jangka panjang				Long-term liabilities
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	3.024.370.104	243.117	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	22.176.673	185.843	Japanese Yen
Euro Eropa	Euro	94.794	115.316	European Euro
Yuan Cina	CNY	351.909	57.511	China Yuan
Total Liabilitas			1.000.355	Total Liabilities
Liabilitas Neto			680.754	Net Liabilities

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#### 37. INFORMASI SEGMEN

Perusahaan beroperasi dalam dua (2) segmen usaha yaitu: produk kertas budaya dan pulp serta produk kertas industri. Segmen produk kertas budaya dan pulp terutama terdiri dari kertas budaya dan produk lain yang berasal dari kertas budaya dan pulp. Segmen produk kertas industri terutama terdiri dari linerboard, corrugating medium, corrugated shipping containers dan boxboard. Termasuk dalam segmen produk kertas industri adalah penjualan atas produk sampingan bahan kimia, yang nilainya tidak signifikan. Pemindahan antar segmen dilakukan pada harga perolehan.

Informasi mengenai segmen usaha Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

#### 37. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in two (2) business segments: paper and pulp products and packaging products. The paper and pulp products segment consists primarily of paper and other related paper products and pulp. The packaging products segment consists primarily of linerboard, corrugating medium, corrugated shipping containers and boxboard. The packaging product segments included the sale of chemical by products, which are not significant. Transfers between business segments are accounted for at cost.

The information concerning the Company's business segments was as follows:

-		_	
	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	
Informasi menurut daerah geografis			Information based on geographical area
Penjualan neto			Net sales
Ekspor	361.002	370.119	Export
Lokal	343.133	267.405	Local
Penjualan Neto Konsolidasian	704.135	637.524	Consolidated Net Sales
Penjualan ekspor menurut geografis			Export sales by region
Penjualan ekspor yang terjadi			Export sales were made to the
ke berbagai wilayah:			following regions:
Asia	254.204	265.681	Asia
Amerika	41.587	39.216	America
Timur Tengah	36.188	27.181	Middle East
Afrika	17.389	17.558	Africa
Eropa	10.408	18.674	Europe
Australia	1.226	1.809	Australia
Total Penjualan Ekspor	361.002	370.119	Total Export Sales
Informasi menurut jenis produk			Information based on type of product
Penjualan neto			Net sales
Kertas budaya dan <i>pulp</i>	485.144	428.181	Paper and pulp
Kertas industri dan lain-lain	218.991	209.343	Packaging products and others
Penjualan Neto Konsolidasian	704.135	637.524	Consolidated Net Sales
Beban pokok penjualan			Cost of goods sold
Kertas budaya dan <i>pulp</i>	363.359	334.889	Paper and pulp
Kertas industri dan lain-lain	197.528	191.208	Packaging products and others
Beban Pokok Penjualan			Consolidated Cost
Konsolidasian	560.887	526.097	of Goods Sold
Laba usaha			Income from operations
Kertas budaya dan pulp	73.567	53.768	Paper and pulp
Kertas industri dan lain-lain	(303)	(1.189)	Packaging products and others
	(888)	(11100)	8 81
Laba Usaha Konsolidasian	73.264	52.579	Consolidated Income from Operations

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37. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 37. INFORMASI SEGMEN (Lanjutan)

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	
Persentase dari total aset dan liabilitas			Percentage of total assets and liabilities
Kertas budaya dan pulp	83	82	Paper and pulp
Kertas industri dan lain-lain	17	18	Packaging products and others
Total	100	100	Total

# 38. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI YANG SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI

Dalam kegiatan usaha normal, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak melakukan transaksi usaha dan keuangan dengan pihak-pihak berelasi. Pihak-pihak berelasi berada di bawah pengendalian yang sama oleh pemegang saham dan/atau Direksi dan/atau Dewan Komisaris yang sama dengan Perusahaan.

Transaksi-transaksi signifikan dengan pihak berelasi adalah sebagai berikut:

a. Pada tanggal 2 Januari 1998, berdasarkan perjanjian penunjukan yang diperbarui, PT Cakrawala Mega Indah (CMI) menyetujui untuk memasarkan dan menjual produk Perusahaan di wilayah Indonesia. Perjanjian dengan distributor di atas berlaku untuk jangka waktu tak terbatas, kecuali bila salah satu pihak mengakhiri perjanjian dengan memberitahukan secara tertulis kepada pihak lainnya paling lambat satu (1) bulan sebelumnya.

Untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal-tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014, Perusahaan melakukan penjualan *pulp*, kertas budaya dan kertas industri di dalam negeri ke pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar USD337,2 juta (98,26% dari total penjualan lokal) dan USD260,5 juta (97,41% dari total penjualan lokal) (Catatan 30). Piutang yang timbul dari transaksi penjualan ini disajikan sebagai "Piutang Usaha - Pihak Berelasi - Lancar" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 5).

## 38. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In the normal course of operations, the Company and Subsidiaries enter into business and financial transactions with related parties. The related parties are under common control of the same shareholders and/or have the same Board of Directors and/or Board of Commissioners as the Company.

Significant transactions with related parties were as follows:

a. On January 2, 1998, based on renewed appointment agreements, PT Cakrawala Mega Indah (CMI) agreed to market and sell the Company's products within Indonesia. The existing agreements with the distributor have an indefinite validity period, unless one of the parties terminates the respective agreement upon giving written notice to the other party not later than one (1) month prior to the proposed termination date.

For the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company sold its pulp, paper and packaging products domestically to related parties amounting to USD337.2 million (98.26% of total local sales) and USD260.5 million (97.41% of total local sales, respectively (Note 30). Receivables arising from these sales transactions are recorded under "Trade Receivables - Related Parties - Current" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 5).

## 38. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI YANG SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI (Lanjutan)

- b. Untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal-tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014, Perusahaan mengekspor kertas budaya dan kertas industri ke luar negeri melalui IK Import & Export Limited. Total penjualan ekspor ke pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar USD21,6 juta (5,97% dari total penjualan ekspor) dan USD1,6 juta (0,43% dari total penjualan ekspor) untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal-tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014 (Catatan 30). Piutang yang timbul dari transaksi penjualan ini dicatat sebagai "Piutang Usaha Pihak Berelasi Lancar" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 5).
- c. Untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggaltanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014, Perusahaan membeli sebagian besar kebutuhan kayu untuk memproduksi pulp dari PT Arara Abadi (Arara Abadi) masing-masing sekitar USD85,8 juta dan USD37,7 juta, atau mewakili 12,19% dan 5,92% dari total penjualan neto (Catatan 31 dan 40f).

Pada tanggal 10 Januari 2001, Perusahaan mengadakan Revisi dan Penegasan Kembali Perjanjian Pembelian Kayu (*Pulpwood*) dengan Arara Abadi yang berlaku untuk jangka waktu tiga puluh (30) tahun. Perusahaan setuju untuk hanya melakukan pembelian kayu dari Arara Abadi dan Arara Abadi setuju untuk menjual kayu kepada Perusahaan pada harga yang telah ditentukan.

Berdasarkan perjanjian tersebut, Perusahaan telah menyetujui, dari waktu ke waktu sesuai dengan permintaan Arara Abadi, menyediakan pendanaan kepada Arara Abadi tanpa pembebanan apapun untuk tujuan pendanaan atas biaya pemeliharaan dan pengembangan konsesi dan penanaman, termasuk tanpa terbatas pada biaya yang terjadi dengan penanaman, penebangan dan pengiriman kayu. Kedua pihak juga sepakat bahwa pendanaan yang diberikan oleh Perusahaan tidak boleh dikurangi dengan liabilitas Perusahaan untuk membayar pembelian kayu dari Arara Abadi.

Sehubungan dengan efektifnya MRA, uang muka yang diberikan kepada Arara Abadi akan tetap terhutang sepanjang jangka waktu restrukturisasi, tanpa pembayaran pokok utang dan bunganya (Catatan 40f).

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## 38. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

- b. The Company sold its export paper and packaging products overseas through IK Import & Export Limited for the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. Total export sales to the related parties amounted to USD21.6 million (5.97% of total export sales) and USD1.6 million (0.43% of total export sales) for the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 30). Receivables arising from these transactions are recorded under "Trade Receivables Related Parties Current" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 5).
- c. For the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the significant portion of the Company's wood requirements for pulp production was purchased from PT Arara Abadi (Arara Abadi), being approximately USD85.8 million and USD37.7 million, or represent 12.19% and 5.92% of the Company's total net sales, respectively (Notes 31 and 40f).

On January 10, 2001, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Pulpwood Purchase Agreement with Arara Abadi, which is valid for thirty (30) years. The Company agreed to exclusively purchase pulpwood from Arara Abadi and Arara Abadi agreed to supply pulpwood to the Company at a certain agreed price.

Under this agreement, the Company has agreed from time to time at the request of Arara Abadi, to provide financing to Arara Abadi without any charges for the purpose of financing the cost associated with maintaining and developing the concession and the plantation, including without limitation, costs incurred in connection with the growing, harvesting and delivery of pulpwood. Both parties also agreed that the financing provided by the Company shall not be offset against the Company's payment obligation for the purchase of pulpwood from Arara Abadi.

In accordance with the effective MRA, the advance due from Arara Abadi shall remain outstanding for the entire restructuring term, without payment of principal and interest thereon (Note 40f).

## 38. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI YANG SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, uang muka yang diberikan kepada Arara Abadi meliputi dana tanpa bunga dengan saldo masingmasing sebesar USD300,6 juta yang disajikan sebagai "Uang Muka Pihak Berelasi - Tidak Lancar" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.

Uang muka tersebut masing-masing sebesar 4,64% dan 4,61% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

- d. Perusahaan juga melakukan pembelian bahan baku, bahan pembantu, dan suku cadang dari pihak berelasi lainnya sebesar USD74,7 juta (10,60% dari total penjualan neto) dan USD90,3 juta (14,15% dari total penjualan neto) masing-masing untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggaltanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014. Utang sehubungan dengan transaksi tersebut dicatat dalam "Utang Usaha - Pihak Berelasi" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 16).
- e. Pada bulan Juli 1996, Perusahaan mengadakan kontrak eksklusif dengan PT Sinar Mas Specialty Minerals (SMSM), Entitas Asosiasi, untuk jangka waktu sepuluh (10) tahun yang diperpanjang secara otomatis untuk periode dua belas (12) bulan berikutnya kecuali bila salah satu pihak mengakhiri perjanjian, dimana SMSM menyetujui menyediakan kebutuhan untuk precipitated calcium carbonate megafil and albagloss (PCC) bagi Perusahaan. Untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal-tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014, Perusahaan melakukan transaksi pembelian megafil dan albagloss dari SMSM masing-masing sekitar USD0,5 juta dan USD1,5 juta atau 0,07% dan 0,24% dari total penjualan neto.
- f. Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan memiliki sertifikat keanggotaan sebesar USD1,7 juta pada PT Karawang Bukit Golf.
- g. Efektif tanggal 2 Januari 1998, Perusahaan dan PT Dian Swastatika Sentosa Tbk (DSS) mengadakan perjanjian pembelian aset dan jasa listrik dimana Perusahaan menyetujui untuk menjual aset pembangkit tenaga listrik di Tangerang dan Serang kepada DSS dan membeli jasa listrik dari DSS untuk periode dua puluh lima (25) tahun.

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## 38. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the advances provided to Arara Abadi of USD300.6 million, respectively, including non-interest funding and the balance is presented as "Advances to Related Parties - Non-Current" in the consolidated statements of financial position.

These advances represent 4.64% and 4.61% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

- d. The Company also purchased raw materials, indirect materials, and spare parts from other related parties totaling USD74.7 million (10.60% of the total net sales) and USD90.3 million (14.15% of the total net sales) for the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The related payables are recorded under "Trade Payables Related Parties" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 16).
- e. In July 1996, the Company entered into an exclusive contract with PT Sinar Mas Specialty Minerals (SMSM), an Associated Company, valid for ten (10) years and automatically renewable for successive twelve (12) months periods unless terminated by either party, under which SMSM agreed to supply the Company with its requirements for precipitated calcium carbonate megafil and albagloss (PCC). For the three months periode ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company purchased megafil and albagloss from SMSM totaling approximately USD0.5 million and USD1.5 million or 0.07% and 0.24% of total net sales, respectively.
- f. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company has a membership certificate amounted to USD1.7 million with PT Karawang Bukit Golf.
- g. Effective January 2, 1998, the Company and PT Dian Swastatika Sentosa Tbk (DSS) entered into an asset purchase agreement and an energy services agreement whereby the Company agreed to sell its power plant assets in Tangerang and Serang to DSS and purchase energy services from DSS for a period of twenty five (25) years.

## 38. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI YANG SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI (Lanjutan)

Biaya penyediaan jasa listrik yang dibayar Perusahaan kepada DSS untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal-tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014 masing-masing sebesar USD7,9 juta dan USD7,3 juta. Perusahaan juga mengadakan perjanjian sewa pembiayaan dan pengalihan karyawan yang mencakup penyewaan tanah kepada DSS dimana aset pembangkit listrik berada dan pengalihan karyawan Perusahaan yang terlibat pada pengoperasian aset pembangkit tenaga listrik (Catatan 40c). Utang tersebut dicatat dalam "Utang Usaha - Pihak Berelasi" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 16).

- h. APP memberikan jasa manajemen dan pemasaran tertentu kepada Perusahaan. Beban jasa manajemen sehubungan dengan jasa tersebut untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal-tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014 masing-masing sebesar USD5,0 juta dan USD6,7 juta atau 7,12% dan 11,40% dari total beban usaha konsolidasian dan dicatat dalam "Beban Umum dan Administrasi Jasa Manajemen dan Jasa Profesional" pada laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian (Catatan 19 dan 32b).
- Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian sewa dengan PT Royal Oriental Ltd. untuk ruangan kantor dengan area masing-masing seluas:
  - 4.173 meter persegi, untuk periode 1 Agustus 2013 sampai 31 Juli 2018.
  - 768 meter persegi, untuk periode 24 Mei 2010 sampai 23 Mei 2015.
  - 1.759 meter persegi, untuk periode 28 Oktober 2012 sampai 27 Oktober 2015.

Total beban jasa dan sewa yang dibebankan untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggaltanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014 masing-masing sebesar USD0,7 juta (1,03% dari total beban usaha konsolidasian) dan USD0,1 juta (0,09% dari total beban usaha konsolidasian), yang dicatat dalam akun "Beban Umum dan Administrasi - Beban Kantor" pada laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian. Sewa dibayar dimuka disajikan dalam akun "Uang Muka dan Biaya Dibayar Dimuka" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 8 dan 32b).

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## 38. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

The cost of energy services paid by the Company to DSS for the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to USD7.9 million and USD7.3 million, respectively. The Company also entered into a master operating lease agreement and an employee transition agreement, which provided for the lease to DSS of the land where the power plant assets are located and the transfer of the Company's employees involved in the operation of the power plant assets, respectively (Note 40c). The related payables are recorded as "Trade Payables - Related Parties" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 16).

- h. APP provided certain management and marketing services to the Company. The management fee in connection with these services for the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to USD5.0 million and USD6.7 million or 7.12% and 11.40% of total consolidated operating expenses, respectively, which is reported under "General and Administrative Expenses Management and Professional Fees" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (Notes 19 and 32b).
- i. The Company entered into rental agreements with PT Royal Oriental Ltd. for office space with a total area of:
  - 4,173 square meters, covering the period from August 1, 2013 to July 31, 2018.
  - 768 square meters, covering the period from May 24, 2010 to May 23, 2015.
  - 1,759 square meters, covering the period from October 28, 2012 to October 27, 2015.

Total rental and service expenses charged to operations for the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to USD0.7 million (1.03% of total operating expenses) and USD0.1 million (0.09% of total operating expenses), respectively, which are recorded under "General and Administrative Expenses - Office Expenses" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The prepaid rent is presented under "Advances and Prepaid Expenses" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Notes 8 and 32b).

38. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI YANG SIGNIFIKAN **DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI** (Lanjutan)

- Pada tanggal 7 September 2012. Perusahaan dan PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills menandatangani perjanjian sewa atas sebidang tanah milik Perusahaan seluas 636.219 m² untuk jangka waktu sepuluh (10) tahun.
- k. Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahan memiliki simpanan dana, berupa rekening bank, deposito beriangka dan investasi iangka pendek pada pihak berelasi yaitu PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk dan PT Sinarmas Sekuritas masing-masing sebesar USD18,1 juta dan USD9,7 juta (Catatan 4 dan 9).
- I. Kompensasi manajemen kunci

Jumlah kompensasi imbalan kerja jangka pendek yang dibayar kepada personil manajemen kunci Perusahaan (dewan komisaris dan direksi) untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggaltanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

The total amount of short-term employee benefits compensation paid to the Company's management personnel (boards of commissioners and directors) for the three months period ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were as follows: 21 Mar 2015 / 24 Mar 2014 /

	Mar 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2014	
Dewan Komisaris Direksi	387 102	440 	Board of Commissioners Board of Directors
Total	489	518	Total

#### 39. RESTRUKTURISASI UTANG

Berikut ini adalah ringkasan peristiwa-peristiwa signifikan sehubungan dengan Restrukturisasi Utang Kelompok Usaha Asia Pulp & Paper Co. Ltd. (APP):

a. Pada tanggal 12 Maret 2001, APP dan Entitas Anak, termasuk Perusahaan mengumumkan penghentian pembayaran (standstill) atas seluruh pembayaran liabilitas dari Kelompok Usaha APP (termasuk APP, sebagai perusahaan induk di Singapura). Pengumuman ini pada dasarnya merupakan pengakuan dari APP atas ketidakmampuan Kelompok Usaha APP, termasuk Perusahaan untuk membayar utangnya tepat waktu. Tindak lanjut atas pengumuman standstill, APP melakukan negosiasi dengan kreditur persyaratan untuk kesepakatan restrukturisasi dengan para perjanjian utang krediturnya.

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#### 38. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS **WITH RELATED PARTIES** (Continued)

- j. On September 7, 2012, the Company and PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills have signed lease agreement in respect to 636,219 m<sup>2</sup> of land owned by the Company for a period of ten (10) years.
- k. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company has cash in bank, time deposit and shortterm investment with related parties such as PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk and PT Sinarmas Sekuritas amounting to USD18.1 million and USD9.7 million, respectively (Notes 4 and 9).
- I. Key management compensation

### 39. DEBT RESTRUCTURING

A summary of significant events related to the debt restructuring of Asia Pulp & Paper Co. Ltd. (APP) Group:

a. On March 12, 2001, APP and its Subsidiaries, including the Company, declared a standstill in respect to the debt obligations of the APP Group (including APP, which is the Singapore incorporated holding company for the group). This standstill declaration essentially represented the publication by APP of the inability of APP Group members, including the Company, to timely service their respective debt obligations. Subsequent to the announced standstill, APP was negotiating terms for a consensual debt restructuring agreement with its creditors.

#### 39. RESTRUKTURISASI UTANG (Lanjutan)

- b. Pada tanggal 30 Oktober 2003, Principal Indonesian Operating Companies within the APP Group (PIOCs) yaitu Perusahaan, PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp and Paper Mills dan PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry menandatangani Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA) dengan Badan Penyehatan Perbankan Nasional (BPPN), Export Credit Agencies tertentu, bank-bank komersial internasional tertentu dan perusahaan perdagangan Jepang (atau secara kolektif disebut kreditur yang berunding). MRA dan dokumen restrukturisasi lainnya merupakan dokumen restrukturisasi yang definitif berupa Perjanjian Komposisi dan Restrukturisasi Utang yang telah ditandatangani pada tanggal 18 Desember 2002.
- c. Pada tanggal 3 Desember 2004, kondisi Pre-effective date terpenuhi dan selanjutnya pada tanggal 28 April 2005, perjanjian penyelesaian restrukturisasi utang (MRA) yang telah ditandatangani sebelumnya oleh Perusahaan dengan para kreditur menjadi efektif.
- d. Prasyarat MRA telah beberapa kali diubah. Perubahan-perubahan tersebut termuat dalam Confirmation and Amendment Letters ("CAL"), yang masing-masing ditanda tangani oleh Perusahaan, Tjiwi Kimia dan Pindo Deli dengan DBS Bank Limited (bertindak sebagai Administrative Agent dan mewakili Negotiating Creditors and Accepting Creditors) sebagai berikut:
  - CAL I ditandatangani pada tanggal 25 Juni 2004.
  - CAL II ditandatangani pada tanggal 3 September 2004.
  - CAL III ditandatangani pada tanggal 10 November 2004
  - CAL IV ditandatangani pada tanggal 28 April 2005.
  - CAL V ditandatangani pada tanggal 13 Januari 2006
  - · CAL VI ditandatangani pada tanggal 18 Mei 2007.
  - CAL VII ditandatangani pada tanggal 5 April 2011.
  - CAL VIII ditandatangani pada tanggal 15 Agustus
    2012
  - CAL IX ditandatangani pada tanggal 9 Januari 2013, dan berlaku efektif sejak 7 Desember 2012 pada saat Special Resolution of Accepting Creditors tercapai.
  - CAL X ditandatangani pada tanggal 21 Februari 2014.

Pada tanggal 9 Juni 2014, DBS Bank Limited mengundurkan diri sebagai *Administrative Agent* dan digantikan oleh Madison Pacific Pte. Ltd.

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#### 39. DEBT RESTRUCTURING (Continued)

- b. On October 30, 2003, the Principal Indonesian Operating Companies within the APP Group (PIOCs) namely the Company, PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp and Paper Mills and PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry signed an individual Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA) with the Indonesian Bank Restructuring Agency (IBRA), certain Export Credit Agencies, certain international commercial banks and Japanese trading corporations (or collectively the "Negotiating Creditors"). This MRA and other restructuring documents constitute the definitive restructuring documentation contemplated by the Debt Restructuring and Composition Agreement previously signed on December 18, 2002.
- c. On December 3, 2004, the Pre-effective date condition had been fulfilled and further on April 28, 2005, the completion of the MRA signed by the Company and the lenders became effective.
- d. The terms of the MRA have subsequently been further amended. These amendments were documented in the Confirmation and Amendment Letters ("CALs") by each of the Company, Tjiwi Kimia and Pindo Deli with DBS Bank Limited (acting as Administrative Agent and pursuant to a vote of Negotiating Creditors and Accepting Creditors) as follows:
  - CAL I was executed on June 25, 2004.
  - CAL II was executed on September 3, 2004.
  - CAL III was executed on November 10, 2004.
  - CAL IV was executed on April 28, 2005.
  - CAL V was executed on January 13, 2006.
  - · CAL VI was executed on May 18, 2007.
  - CAL VII was executed on April 5, 2011.
  - CAL VIII was executed on August 15, 2012.
  - CAL IX was executed on January 9, 2013, and was effective from December 7, 2012 when the Special Resolution of Accepting Creditors was achieved
  - CAL X was executed on February 21, 2014.

On June 9, 2014, DBS Bank Limited resigned as Administrative Agent and was replaced by Madison Pacific Pte. Ltd.

#### 40. KOMITMEN DAN PERJANJIAN PENTING

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan juga memiliki komitmen dan perjanjian penting sebagai berikut:

- a. Kegiatan usaha Perusahaan sangat tergantung kepada peraturan pemerintah mengenai lingkungan hidup. Peraturan tersebut secara terus menerus ditelaah dan diperbaharui. Perusahaan mungkin diharuskan untuk mengeluarkan biaya-biaya yang signifikan agar dapat memenuhi perubahan peraturan mengenai lingkungan hidup tersebut. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa kegiatan usaha Perusahaan sudah sesuai, dalam segala hal yang material, dengan peraturan lingkungan hidup yang ada.
- b. Walaupun tanggal efektif dari MRA telah tercapai, namun masih ada beberapa klaim dari pihak yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA yang masih terutang yang sedang dalam proses penyelesaian, termasuk dengan cara penyelesaian sesuai dengan ketentuan dalam MRA. Apabila klaim tersebut belum diselesaikan secara menyeluruh, ada kemungkinan Perusahaan atau Entitas Anak masih harus mengakui liabilitas tambahan atau penalti.
- c. Sehubungan dengan penjualan aset pembangkit listrik yang dijelaskan pada Catatan 38g, Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian jasa energi dengan DSS untuk periode dua puluh lima (25) tahun dimana DSS akan menyediakan listrik dan uap untuk Perusahaan.
- d. Pada tanggal 9 April 1999, Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian pengelolaan dan pengoperasian terminal serbaguna di Merak dengan PT Pelabuhan Indonesia II (Persero) dimana kedua pihak setuju untuk melakukan pembagian pendapatan atas jasa pelayanan yang diberikan terhadap kapal dan barang yang dilayani di terminal. Perjanjian ini berlaku sejak tanggal 9 April 1999 dan akan berakhir dalam jangka waktu tiga puluh (30) tahun terhitung sejak tanggal pengelolaan dan pengoperasian terminal serba guna tersebut yaitu paling lambat tanggal 15 April 2029.
- e. Pada tanggal 1 Maret 1999, Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian dengan PT Pelabuhan Indonesia I (Persero) sehubungan dengan kerjasama pengelolaan terminal untuk pemakaian sendiri dalam area kerja Perusahaan di Perawang, dimana kedua pihak setuju untuk melakukan pembagian pendapatan atas beberapa jasa pelayanan yang diberikan di terminal. Perjanjian ini berlaku sejak tanggal 1 Maret 1999 sampai dengan 28 Februari 2004 dan diperpanjang sampai dengan 28 Februari 2014. Perpanjangan perjanjian saat ini sedang dalam proses.

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#### 40. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND AGREEMENTS

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company has the following significant commitments and agreements:

- a. The Company's operations are subject to extensive government environmental regulations. Such regulations are continuously being reviewed and amended. The Company may be required to incur significant expenditures in order to comply with changing environmental regulations. Management believes that the Company's operations are in compliance, in all material respects, with existing environmental regulations.
- b. Although the effective date of the MRA has been achieved, but there are some claims from non-participants in the MRA whose debts are still outstanding and in the process of resolution, including by way of settlement in accordance with the provisions of the MRA. If the claims are not settled completely, there is the possibility that the Company or the Subsidiaries will still have to recognize additional liabilities or penalties.
- c. In connection with the sale of the power plant assets described in Note 38g, the Company entered into an energy services agreement with DSS for a period of twenty five (25) years under which DSS will produce electricity and steam for the Company.
- d. On April 9, 1999, the Company entered into a management and operation agreement on a multipurpose terminal at Merak with PT Pelabuhan Indonesia II (Persero) whereby both parties agreed to engage in profit sharing from the ships and goods serviced in the terminal. This agreement is effective from April 9, 1999 and will expire within thirty (30) years from the date of the management and operation of the multi-purpose terminal, which is not later than April 15, 2029.
- e. On March 1, 1999, the Company entered into an agreement with PT Pelabuhan Indonesia I (Persero) in respect to cooperation for management of the terminal to be used for its own purposes within the Company's working area at Perawang Mill, whereby both parties agreed to engage in profit sharing on several services provided in the terminal. This agreement was effective from March 1, 1999 up to February 28, 2004 and was extended up to February 28, 2014. Further extension of the agreement is currently in process.

40. KOMITMEN DAN PERJANJIAN PENTING (Lanjutan)

- f. Dalam rangka mencapai tanggal efektif atas restrukturisasi utang Perusahaan, seperti yang disepakati sesuai dengan syarat dan ketentuan dalam MRA, Perusahaan telah melakukan hal-hal sebagai berikut:
  - Perubahan kedua perjanjian pembelian kayu dengan Arara Abadi pada tanggal 14 April 2005 (Catatan 38c); dan
  - Perjanjian pembelian kayu dengan PT Finnantara Intiga pada tanggal 14 April 2005.

#### 41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL

Sehubungan dengan kompleksitas telaah atas klaim yang berkesinambungan sesuai dengan pelaksanaan restrukturisasi Perusahaan, terdapat ketidakpastian yang berlanjut sehingga memungkinkan Perusahaan menanggung klaim-klaim yang diajukan dan/atau liabilitas - liabilitas Perusahaan lainnya baik seluruhnya maupun sebagian dimana klaim dan liabilitas tersebut tidak mempunyai alasan yang kuat. Akibatnya, kewajiban-kewajiban Perusahaan yang berkaitan dengan klaim-klaim tertentu, termasuk klaim-klaim yang disebutkan di bawah ini, menjadi tidak pasti dan mungkin kesimpulan yang dicapai bahwa Perusahaan tidak memiliki liabilitas atas klaim-klaim tersebut.

Berikut ini adalah gugatan dan tuntutan yang material yang melibatkan Perusahan baik secara langsung maupun tidak langsung:

a. Pada tanggal 17 November 2001, Perusahaan mengajukan tuntutan arbitrase terhadap Anderson 2000, Inc., Amerika Serikat (Andersen 2000) di Singapore International Arbitration Centre (SIAC) dalam proses Arbitrase SIAC No. 85 tahun 2001.

Pada 29 Oktober 2003, Perusahaan mengajukan tuntutan arbitrase yang terpisah di *International Chamber of Commerce (ICC)* terhadap Andersen 2000, sehubungan dengan dua (2) kontrak tanggal 17 Februari 1996, atas jasa pengawasan, pekerjaan pemasangan dan penyerahan dua (2) *incinerator* dengan nomor perkara 12986/JNK. Perkara arbitrase ini pada saat ini untuk sementara ditunda.

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# 40. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND AGREEMENTS (Continued)

- f. In order to achieve the effective date for the Company's debt restructuring, as agreed under the terms and conditions in the MRA, the Company has executed the following matters:
  - Addendum to Second Amended and Restated Pulpwood Purchase Agreement with Arara Abadi on April 14, 2005 (Note 38c); and
  - Pulpwood purchase agreement with PT Finnantara Intiga on April 14, 2005.

#### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

In light of the complex claims review that continues to be undertaken in the context of the Company's restructuring exercise, there continues to be uncertainty as to the final results of such review so that the possibility exists that certain claims made against Company and/or certain alleged liabilities of the Company are not well-founded or a conclusion will be reached that they are not wellfounded, whether in whole or in part. As a consequence, the obligations of the Company with respect to certain claims, including the claims set forth below, is uncertain and it is possible that a conclusion is reached that the Company has no liability in relation to such claims.

The following were the significant litigation and claims directly and indirectly involving the Company:

a. On November 17, 2001, the Company filed an arbitration claim against Anderson 2000, Inc., United States of America (Andersen 2000) at the Singapore International Arbitration Centre (SIAC) in SIAC Arbitration No. 85 of year 2001.

On October 29, 2003, the Company commenced separate arbitration proceedings in the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC) against Andersen 2000 in respect of two (2) contracts both dated February 17, 1996 for supervisory services and installation work and the delivery of two (2) train incinerators with the arbitration number 12986/JNK. This arbitration is currently held in abeyance.

# 41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 27 Februari 2004 keputusan akhir atas semua liabilitas yang ditetapkan sesuai dengan klaim Perusahaan untuk *SIAC Arbitration* No. 85 tahun 2001 (*Liability Award*) sudah disampaikan kepada masing-masing pihak. Tribunal menyatakan bahwa Andersen 2000 melanggar *Settlement Agreement* (SA). Penyelidikan dilakukan atas semua kerugian dan kerusakan yang terjadi serta semua jaminan dan/atau jaminan pembayaran yang diberikan Perusahaan dan dapat diklaim sebagai konsekuensi pelanggaran SA oleh Andersen 2000. Perusahaan memenangkan 75% dari biaya-biaya yang telah dikeluarkan Perusahaan dan Andersen 2000 bertanggung jawab sebesar 75% atas uang jasa, beban dan biaya untuk *Arbitrator* dan *SIAC*.

Keputusan akhir Tribunal yaitu Final Award on Losses, Damages and Reliefs tanggal 25 Mei 2005 dipublikasikan pada tanggal 8 Juni 2005. Tribunal memberikan keputusan yang berpihak pada Perusahaan, di antaranya Andersen 2000 dinyatakan telah melakukan pelanggaran liabilitas atas SA dan perintah lainnya. Gugatan Andersen 2000 ditolak semuanya dan diperintahkan untuk membayar biaya-biaya yang diderita sehubungan dengan arbitrase dari Liability Award sampai dengan Damages Award. Tribunal juga memerintahkan Andersen 2000 untuk membayar jasa arbiter dan biaya-biaya sehubungan dengan sidang-sidang selama arbitrase sejak Liability Award sampai dengan membuat dan mempublikasikan Damages Award yang ditentukan senilai SGD35.150 dan pembayaran jasa dan biaya-biaya Singapore International Arbitration Centre sehubungan dengan proses arbitrase sejak Liability Award.

Pada tanggal 15 Februari 2007, Perusahaan mengajukan pemberitahuan arbitrase berdasarkan *Guarantee* untuk mendapatkan pembayaran dari Crown Anderson Inc., induk perusahaan Anderson 2000 (Crown Andersen). Arbitrase tersebut diatur dalam peraturan Arbitrase No. 13 tahun 2007 di *Singapore International Arbitration Centre* ("*SIAC Arb* 13/07").

Pada tanggal 4 April 2008, proses arbitrase dalam perkara ini telah selesai dengan putusan yang memenangkan Perusahaan.

Perusahaan sedang dalam proses melakukan enforcement putusan arbitrase terhadap Andersen 2000 dan Crown Andersen. PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk
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### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

On February 27, 2004, the Final Award on All Issues of Liability under the Company's Claim, for SIAC Arbitration No. 85 of year 2001 (Liability Award) was released to the parties. The Tribunal held that Andersen 2000 was in breach of the Settlement Agreement (SA). An inquiry was ordered as to all losses incurred and damages sustained and all other relief and/or remedy pleaded by the Company and properly claimable in consequence of Andersen 2000's breach of the SA. The Company was awarded 75% of its costs, and Andersen 2000 responsible for 75% of the Arbitrator's and SIAC's fees, cost and expenses.

The Tribunal's Final Award on Losses, Damages and Reliefs dated May 25, 2005 was published on June 8, 2005. The Tribunal granted awards substantially in the Company's favor, that Andersen 2000 was in repudiatory breach of the SA and the other commands. Andersen 2000's claims were entirely dismissed and it was ordered to pay any costs suffered by Company in reference to the arbitration from the Liability Award to the Damages Award. The Tribunal also ordered Andersen 2000 to pay the arbitrator's fees and expenses related to the hearing of the arbitration since the Liability Award and drawing, making and publishing of the Damages Award fixed at SGD35,150 and the Singapore International Arbitration Centre's fees and expenses of the arbitration since the Liability Award.

On February 15, 2007, the Company filed a Notice of Arbitration under the Guarantee for enforcement of the Guarantee against Crown Anderson Inc., parent company of Anderson 2000 (Crown Andersen). The arbitration was designated Arbitration No. 13 of 2007 in the Singapore International Arbitration Centre ("SIAC Arb 13/07").

On April 4, 2008, the arbitration concluded with a decision being rendered in favor of the Company.

The Company is in the process of enforcing the arbitration judgments on Andersen 2000 and Crown Andersen.

# 41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

b. Pada tanggal 3 Maret 2000, PT Beloit Indonesia, Beloit Asia Pacific (L) Inc. (BAPL), Beloit Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. (BAP), Beloit Corporation (BC), induk perusahaan dari BAPL dan BAP dan Harnishfeger Industries Inc. (Harnishfeger), perusahaan induk dari BC (semuanya disebut sebagai "Perusahaan-perusahaan Beloit") dan Perusahaan dan Asia Pulp & Paper Company Ltd. (APP) menandatangani sebuah perjanjian perdamaian (Perjanjian Perdamaian) sehubungan dengan perjanjian jual beli tanggal 18 Desember 1996 sehubungan dengan mesin-mesin kertas yang dibeli Perusahaan.

Perjanjian Perdamaian disetujui oleh Pengadilan Kepailitan Amerika Serikat dengan putusannya pada tanggal 22 Maret 2000. Sehubungan dengan ketentuan di dalam Perjanjian Perdamaian, Perusahaan mengeluarkan dan APP menjamin sebuah surat utang dengan nilai USD110,0 juta kepada BC (Surat Utang).

Pada saat tidak terpenuhinya Surat Utang, BC memulai gugatan di Pengadilan New York untuk mengklaim Surat Utang tersebut. Pengadilan New York memberikan keputusan yang mengabulkan permohonan BC (Putusan). APP mengajukan banding terhadap Putusan tersebut namun ditolak pada tanggal atau sekitar tanggal 25 Oktober 2002.

Sesuai dengan putusan yang telah dijatuhkan oleh Pengadilan wilayah New York, David J. Boland (Boland), perwakilan dari Beloit Corporation (dalam likuidasi) telah mengajukan upaya paksa atas hasil keputusan tersebut di berbagai yurisdiksi pengadilan termasuk di Texas dan Wisconsin, Amerika Serikat, Inggris, Skotlandia, Finlandia dan kemungkinan Jerman dan Austria. Pada tanggal 23 Mei 2001, Boland juga mendaftarkan Relas Panggilan di Pengadilan Tinggi Singapura terhadap Indah Kiat Finance (IV) Mauritius Ltd., APP dan Perusahaan berdasarkan Putusan. Gugatan ini dihentikan pada tanggal 2 Juni 2003.

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#### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

b. On March 3, 2000, PT Beloit Indonesia, Beloit Asia Pacific (L) Inc. (BAPL), Beloit Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. (BAP), Beloit Corporation (BC), the parent company of BAPL and BAP and Harnishfeger Industries Inc. (Harnishfeger), the parent company of BC (collectively referred to as "Beloit Entities") and the Company and Asia Pulp & Paper Company Ltd. (APP) entered into a settlement deed (Settlement Deed) in connection with a sale and purchase agreement dated December 18, 1996 in respect of paper making machines that were bought by the Company.

The Settlement Deed was approved by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court by its order dated March 22, 2000. Pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Deed, the Company issued and APP guaranteed a promissory note with a face value of USD110.0 million to BC (the Note).

Upon the non-satisfaction of the Note, BC commenced an action in the New York State Courts to claim on the Note. The New York State Court awarded judgment to BC (the Judgment). APP's appeal against the Judgment was denied on or about October 25, 2002.

Pursuant to the Judgment awarded by the New York State Court, David J. Boland (Boland), the administrator of the Beloit Corporation (in Liquidation) commenced enforcement proceedings in various jurisdictions including Texas and Wisconsin, United States of America, England, Scotland, Finland and possibly Germany and Austria. On May 23, 2001, Boland also filed a Writ of Summons in the High Court of Singapore against Indah Kiat Finance (IV) Mauritius Ltd., APP and the Company based on the Judgment. This action was discontinued on June 2, 2003.

41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 6 April 2001, the Administrator of the Beloit Corporation (dikenal sebagai the Beloit Liquidating Trust ("BLT") mendaftarkan gugatannya sehubungan dengan proses kepailitan untuk mendapatkan pernyataan dari Pengadilan Kepailitan Amerika Serikat untuk daerah Delaware bahwa ia memegang hak milik yang bebas dari segala tuntutan atas beberapa bagian mesin dan perlengkapan sehubungan dengan mesin-mesin yang masih dikuasai oleh pihak ketiga. Pada tanggal 15 Juni 2001, Perusahaan dan APP mengajukan permohonan untuk menolak gugatan BLT. Pada tanggal 28 September 2001, Pengadilan Kepailitan Amerika Serikat memutuskan untuk menunda pemeriksaan sampai adanva proses arbitrase sesuai dengan ketentuan dalam Perjanjian Perdamaian. BLT belum memulai gugatan arbitrase apapun.

Pada tanggal 12 Maret 2002, BLT mengajukan gugatan di Pengadilan Tinggi Inggris untuk mengeksekusi Putusan. Sampai saat ini, belum ada langkah apapun yang diambil untuk mendapatkan default judgment. BLT juga harus mengajukan permohonan untuk menunjuk kurator atas perlengkapan-perlengkapan di Inggris yang dibeli dari Asia Pulp & Paper Company (UK) Ltd. (APP UK) pada bulan Maret 2002. Putusan sela yang memutuskan untuk membekukan perlengkapanperlengkapan yang menjadi objek gugatan diperoleh BLT dan melarang Perusahaan dan APP untuk memindahkan atau melakukan sesuatu terhadap perlengkapan-perlengkapan tersebut. Putusan sela ini masih berlaku. Sampai dengan tanggal laporan ini, tidak ada perkembangan atas masalah ini.

BLT juga telah memperoleh putusan sela (yang mempunyai dampak yang sama dengan pembekuan Inggris) membekukan perlengkapan-perlengkapan yang saat ini berada di Skotlandia pada gugatan yang didaftarkan di Pengadilan pada tanggal 15 Mei 2005 di Skotlandia. BLT menuduh bahwa perlengkapan-perlengkapan tersebut telah dibeli oleh atau dibeli atas nama APP atau Perusahaan dan dengan demikian BLT mempunyai hak untuk mengeksekusi Putusan terhadap perlengkapan tersebut. APP dan Perusahaan membantah keterkaitan mereka dengan perlengkapan dan tidak ikut serta dalam gugatangugatan tersebut. Putusan sela masih berlaku. Sampai dengan tanggal laporan ini, tidak ada perkembangan atas masalah ini.

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#### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

On April 6, 2001, the Administrator of the Beloit Corporation (known as the Beloit Liquidating Trust ("BLT") filed a complaint in connection with the bankruptcy proceedings seeking a declaration from the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware that it holds clear title to certain parts and equipment relating to the machinery that is still held by third parties. On June 15, 2001, the Company and APP applied to dismiss the complaint. On September 28, 2001, the U.S. Bankruptcy Court stayed the complaint pending arbitration proceedings in accordance with the terms of the Settlement Deed. BLT has not yet initiated any arbitration proceedings.

On March 12, 2002, a claim was issued in the High Court of England by BLT attempting to enforce the Judgment. To date, no steps have been taken to enter default judgment. BLT has also applied to appoint a receiver over equipment in England that was purchased by Asia Pulp & Paper Company (UK) Ltd. (APP UK) in March 2002. A freezing injunction was obtained by BLT in relation to the equipment and prevented the Company and APP from removing or dealing with the equipment. This injunction currently remains in place. Up to the date of this report, there have been no further developments on this matter.

BLT has also obtained an interim interdict (which has the same effect as an English freezing injunction) over equipment currently based in Scotland in proceedings filed in the Court of Session on May 15, 2005 in Scotland. BLT contends that the equipment has been purchased by or on behalf of APP or the Company and that it has the right to enforce the Judgment against the equipment. APP and the Company deny any connection to the equipment and have not taken any part in these proceedings. The interim interdict remains in place. Up to the date of this report, there have been no further developments on this matter.

## 41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 29 September 2004, Con-Lloyd Limited, perusahaan pergudangan, mengajukan permohonan kepada pengadilan Inggris untuk mengeluarkan mesin-mesin yang ada di dalam gudangnya. Beloit, APP UK dan Con-Lloyd Limited telah mendapatkan kesepakatan untuk masalah ini dan Pengadilan memberikan persetujuan atas kesepakatan antara Beloit, APP UK dan Con-Lloyd Limited.

c. Pada bulan Agustus 2002, Bank One, N.A. (Bank One) mengajukan tuntutan di Pengadilan Negeri Amerika Serikat di Nothern District of Illinois terhadap Perusahaan, PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk (Tjiwi Kimia) dan APP. Klaim terhadap Perusahaan dan Tiiwi Kimia adalah atas kegagalan untuk membayar dua (2) promissory notes yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dan Tjiwi Kimia, pada tanggal 25 April 1998 dengan nilai masing-masing sebesar USD21,8 juta dan USD16,2 juta. APP juga menjadi tergugat karena APP menjadi penjamin kedua promissory notes tersebut. Promissory notes tersebut diterbitkan untuk Beloit Corporation sebagai pembayaran sebagian atas mesin dan promissory notes diserahkan kepada First National Bank of Chicago, yang sekarang bernama Bank One.

Pada akhir tahun 2004, JP Morgan Chase (JP Morgan) mengambil alih Bank One dan berhasil dalam permohonannya untuk menggantikan Bank One sebagai Penggugat didalam gugatan.

Pada tanggal 14 Oktober 2009, Hakim Yang Mulia James F. Holderman mengabulkan mosi untuk summary jugdment yang diajukan JP Morgan melawan Perusahaan dan Tjiwi Kimia.

Pada tanggal 21 April 2010, Hakim Yang Mulia James F. Holderman mengeluarkan Memorandum Opinion And Order yang mengabulkan *Summary Judgment* untuk JP Morgan melawan APP. Perusahaan, Tjiwi Kimia dan APP telah mengajukan upaya hukum banding melawan putusan Hakim Yang Mulia James F. Holderman yang mengabulkan *summary judgment* yang diajukan oleh JP Morgan.

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#### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

On September 29, 2004, Con-Lloyd Limited, a warehouse company, applied to the English Courts to dispose of the machinery in its possession. Beloit, APP UK and Con-Lloyd Limited have reached agreement in respect to the matter and the Court sanctioned the proposed arrangement between Beloit, APP UK and Con-Lloyd Limited.

c. In August 2002, Bank One, N.A. (Bank One) filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois against the Company, PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk (Tjiwi Kimia) and APP. The claim against the Company and Tjiwi Kimia was in respect to their failure to pay two (2) promissory notes issued by the Company and Tjiwi Kimia that as of April 25, 1998, had a face value of USD21.8 million and USD16.2 million, respectively. APP was named as co-defendant because it was the guarantor for both promissory notes. The promissory notes were originally issued to Beloit Corporation as part-payment for machinery and they were subsequently assigned to the First National Bank of Chicago, the predecessor of Bank One.

In late 2004, JP Morgan Chase (JP Morgan) acquired Bank One and subsequently successfully applied to Court to substitute Bank One as the plaintiffs in the complaint.

On October 14, 2009 The Honorable James F. Holderman granted JP Morgan's motion for summary judgment against the Company and Tjiwi Kimia.

On April 21, 2010, The Honorable James F. Holderman issued the Memorandum Opinion And Order that granted summary judgment in favor of JP Morgan against APP. The Company, Tjiwi Kimia and APP filed an appeal against the Honorable Holderman's orders granting summary judgment submitted by JP Morgan.

41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

JP Morgan telah mengeluarkan beberapa citations untuk menemukan aset-aset terhadap Perusahaan, Tjiwi Kimia dan APP. Perusahaan, Tjiwi Kimia dan APP telah mengajukan permohonan untuk menunda pelaksanaan citations tersebut dengan dasar bahwa telah ada perintah dari pengadilan di Indonesia yang melarang pemberian informasi yang terkait dengan keberadaan aset-aset para tergugat. Hakim Brown menolak permohonan tersebut. Keputusan Hakim Brown telah diajukan banding kepada Hakim Holderman dan kepada Pengadilan Banding oleh para tergugat. Seluruh citations untuk menemukan aset-aset telah diberhentikan.

Pada tanggal 1 Juni 2012, Pengadilan Banding mengkonsolidasikan banding atas summary judgment dengan banding atas keputusan Hakim Holderman yang menolak keberatan yang diajukan oleh Perusahaan, Tjiwi Kimia dan APP sehubungan dengan penolakan Hakim Brown atas motion to stay.

Pada tanggal 21 Febuari 2013, Pengadilan Banding menguatkan keputusan Hakim Ketua Holderman untuk memberikan summary judgment kepada JP Morgan. Pengadilan Banding tidak membahas mengenai masalah apakah penolakan motion to stay citations dari JP Morgan untuk menemukan assetaset dari Perusahaan, Tjiwi Kimia dan APP oleh Hakim ketua Holderman telah tepat sehubungan dengan adanya dugaan bahwa pengajuan banding diduga premature.

Pada tanggal 26 Juni 2013, Perusahaan, Tjiwi Kimia, dan APP mengajukan permohonan writ of certiorari kepada Mahkamah Agung Amerika Serikat untuk membahas pendapat dari Pengadilan Banding. Pada tanggal 17 September 2013, permohonan writ of certiorari telah ditarik. Sehubungan dengan penarikan permohonan writ of certiorari, Shenton World Partners menggantikan JP Morgan selaku penggugat.

d. Gryphon Domestic VI, LLC, OCM Opportunities Fund II, L.P., OCM Opportunities Fund III, L.P., Columbia/ HCA Master Retirement Trust, Gramercy Emerging Markets Fund dan General Electric Capital Corporation (Penggugat) telah memulai upaya-upaya hukum melawan Perusahaan dan beberapa perusahaan lainnya yang berkaitan. Berikut ini deskripsi singkat atas upaya hukum tersebut:

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#### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

JP Morgan issued several citations to discover assets against the Company, Tjiwi Kimia, and APP.. The Company, Tjiwi Kimia, and APP filed a motion to stay the execution of the citations against them on the ground that an injunction issued in Indonesia prevented the disclosure of the requested information. Magistrate Judge Brown denied the motion to stay. This decision was appealed to Judge Holderman and the Court of Appeals. All citations to discover assets have been dismissed.

On June 1, 2012, the Court of Appeals consolidated the appeal regarding the entry of summary judgment with the appeal of the denial of the motion to stay.

On February 21, 2013, the Court of Appeals affirmed Chief Judge Holderman's orders granting JP Morgan Morgan summary judgment. The Court of Appeals did not reach the issue of whether Chief Judge Holderman properly denied the motion to stay JP Morgan's citations to discover assets against the Company, Indah Kiat and APP finding that the appeal was premature.

On June 26, 2013, the Company, Tjiwa Kimia, and APP filed a petition for writ of certiorari with the United States Supreme Court to review the Court of Appeal's opinion. On September 17, 2013, the Petition for Writ of Certiorari has been withdrawn. Following withdrawal of the Petition for Writ of Certiorari, Shenton World Partners was substituted for JP Morgan as plaintiff.

d. Gryphon Domestic VI, LLC, OCM Opportunities Fund II, L.P., OCM Opportunities Fund III, L.P., Columbia/ HCA Master Retirement Trust, Gramercy Emerging Markets Fund and General Electric Capital Corporation (the Plaintiffs) have commenced legal actions against the Company and certain related companies. A brief description of these legal actions is set out below:

# 41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

Di Amerika Serikat

Pada tanggal 13 September 2002, Oaktree Capital Management L.L.C. (Oaktree), Gramercy Advisors L.L.C. dan General Electric Capital Corporation mengajukan gugatan di New York State Supreme Court terhadap Perusahaan, PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry (Lontar), Asia Pulp & Paper Company Ltd. (APP), APP International Finance Company B.V. (APP Finance) dan Indah Kiat International Finance Company B.V. (Indah Kiat B.V.) (bersama-sama adalah tergugat), berkaitan dengan berbagai wesel yang terbitkan oleh APP Finance (Wesel Lontar) dan Indah Kiat B.V. (Wesel Indah Kiat 02 dan 06). Gugatan atas Wesel Indah Kiat 02 dan 06 masing-masing senilai USD78,8 juta dan USD92,9 juta. Gugatan atas Wesel Lontar senilai USD147.0 iuta. Dalam putusan tanggal 13 April 2004 dan 24 Februari 2006, majelis memutuskan untuk memihak kepada Penggugat sehubungan dengan wesel-wesel tersebut.

Selama masa proses litigasi ini, beberapa Penggugat original telah mengalihkan kepentingan mereka sehubungan beberapa putusan di New York dan prosedur terkait kepada pihak lain. Berdasarkan putusan tanggal 1 Juni 2004, Warner Mansion Fund diterima sebagai pengganti penggugat General Electric Capital Corporation dalam perkara ini. Berdasarkan putusan tanggal 20 Juli 2009, Upwood Investments Limited diterima sebagai pengganti dari penggugat Gramercy Emerging Fund. Dengan putusan tanggal 23 November 2009, Bernal Ventures Ltd. diterima dalam perkara ini sebagai pengganti penggugat Gryphon Domestic VI, L.L.C, OCM Opportunities Fund II, L.P., OCM Opportunities Fund III, L.P., dan Columbia/HCA Master Retirement Trust.

Sampai dengan laporan ini disampaikan, belum ada langkah konkrit lebih lanjut daripada penggugat pengganti untuk memaksakan putusan-putusan pengadilan di New York.

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#### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

In the United States of America

On September 13, 2002, Oaktree Capital Management L.L.C. (Oaktree), Gramercy Advisors, L.L.C. and General Electric Capital Corporation filed a claim in the New York State Supreme Court against the Company, PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry (Lontar), Asia Pulp & Paper Company Ltd. (APP), APP International Finance Company B.V. (APP Finance) and Indah Kiat International Finance Company B.V. (Indah Kiat B.V.) (collectively the "Defendants") in respect to certain notes issued by APP Finance (the Lontar Notes) and Indah Kiat B.V. (the Indah Kiat 02 and 06 Notes). The claims in respect to the Indah Kiat 02 and 06 Notes amounted to USD78.8 million and USD92.9 million, respectively. The claim in respect to the Lontar Notes amounted to USD147.0 million. Judaments in relation to these notes were entered in favor of the Plaintiffs on April 13, 2004 and February 24, 2006.

During the process of this litigation, certain original Plaintiffs have transferred their interests in relation to the judgments in New York and related proceeding to other entities. By order dated June 1, 2004, Warner Mansion Fund was substituted into the action for plaintiff General Electric Capital Corporation. By order dated July 20, 2009, Upwood Investments Limited was substituted into the action for plaintiff Gramercy Emerging Markets Fund. By order dated November 23, 2009, Bernal Ventures Ltd. was substituted into the action for plaintiffs Gryphon Domestic VI, L.L.C., OCM Opportunities Fund II, L.P., and Columbia/HCA Master Retirement Trust.

As of the date of this report, no further actions are being taken by the Plaintiffs to enforce the Judgments obtained in New York.

# 41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

e. Pada tanggal 17 Februari 2004, US Bank National Association (US Bank) mengajukan gugatan melawan Perusahaan, APP International Finance Company B.V., PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry, Asia Pulp & Paper Co. Ltd. dan Indah Kiat International Finance Company B.V. (Tergugat).

Gugatan yang didaftarkan oleh US Bank dalam kapasitasnya sebagai wali amanat pengganti untuk mendapatkan utang pokok, bunga dan bunga akibat wanprestasi atas wesel yang diterbitkan oleh APP International Finance Company B.V. dan Indah Kiat International Finance Company B.V. US Bank sebagai Pengugat juga mengajukan klaim untuk ganti rugi, uang jasa dan biaya-biaya dan untuk declaratory dan injunctive relief berkaitan dengan proses hukum di Indonesia.

Pada tanggal 13 Agustus 2004, US Bank mendaftarkan permohonan untuk sebagian *summary judgment* atas pembayaran pokok dan bunga yang sudah jatuh tempo.

Pada tanggal 7 Januari 2005, Pengadilan memenangkan mosi US Bank untuk Summary Judgment sebesar USD1,157 miliar. Pada tanggal 2 Maret 2005, atas permohonan Tergugat, Pengadilan mengurangi total yang diputuskan menjadi USD839,0 juta. Putusan dikuatkan oleh pengadilan banding pada tanggal 26 April 2006 dan mosi untuk *reargument* atau, secara alternatif, mosi banding ke New York Court of Appeals ditolak pada tanggal 28 September 2006. Para Tergugat telah mengajukan mosi banding ke New York Court of Appeals dan pada tanggal 10 Januari 2007, New York Court of Appeals menolak mosi banding Tergugat sehubungan dengan US Bank judgment dikarenakan putusan tingkat banding yang akan ditinjau ulang masih belum final, akan tetapi penolakan tersebut tidak serta merta menghapus kemungkinan para Tergugat untuk meminta kepada the Court of Appeals meninjau kembali putusan, setelah syarat mengenai putusan yang final atau perintah telah berlaku.

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#### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

e. On February 17, 2004, US Bank National Association (US Bank) filed a lawsuit against the Company, APP International Finance Company B.V., PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry, Asia Pulp & Paper Co. Ltd. and Indah Kiat International Finance Company B.V. (the Defendants).

The lawsuit filed by US Bank in its capacity as successor Trustee was to recover loan principal, interest and default interest due on the notes that were issued by APP International Finance Company B.V. and Indah Kiat International Finance Company B.V. US Bank as Plaintiff also alleges claims for indemnification, fees and costs and for declaratory and injunctive relief relating to proceedings in Indonesia.

On August 13, 2004, US Bank filed an application for partial summary judgment on the payment of principal and interest due.

On January 7, 2005, the Court granted US Bank's motion for Summary Judgment in the sum of USD1.157 billion. On March 2, 2005, upon the Defendants' application, the Court reduced the Judgment sum to USD839.0 million. The judgment was affirmed by an appellate court on April 26, 2006 and a motion for reargument or, alternatively, leaves to appeal to New York Court of Appeals, was denied on September 28, 2006. The Defendants then filed a motion for leave to appeal to the New York Court of Appeals and on January 10, 2007, the New York Court of Appeals dismissed the Defendants motion for leave to appeal in relation to the US Bank judgment because the appellate division order for which review was sought lacked finality. The dismissal is without prejudice to the Defendants ability to request that the Court of Appeals review the judgment after the requisite final judgment or order is entered.

41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

Pada atau sekitar Agustus 2009, US Bank memulai berbagai upaya untuk mengeksekusi putusan, seperti mendaftarkan putusan di beberapa negara bagian lain dan melayangkan pemberitahuan larangan dan permintaan *discovery* kepada para Tergugat dan lainnya.

Para Tergugat telah mengajukan perlawanan atas upaya-upaya US Bank untuk mengeksekusi putusan, namun di antara permohonan tersebut yang telah dikabulkan oleh pengadilan pada tanggal 13 Juli 2010, pengadilan menerbitkan *preliminary injunction* yang melarang pembayaran berdasarkan *MRA* Indah Kiat dan pada tanggal 7 Juni 2011, pengadilan telah mengeluarkan putusan *turnover*.

Berdasarkan perjanjian tertanggal 27 Desember 2012, Para Tergugat telah mencapai kesepakatan dengan US Bank.

Perusahaan belum dapat mengetahui dampak dari kasus litigasi terhadap Perusahaan karena status kasus litigasi yang belum final.

### **42. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN**

Tabel berikut menyajikan nilai tercatat dan taksiran nilai wajar dari instrumen keuangan yang dicatat di laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014:

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#### 41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

In or about August 2009, US Bank commenced various efforts to enforce the judgment, such as seeking to domesticate the judgment in other States and serving restraining notices and discovery requests on the Defendants and others.

Defendants have opposed US Bank's judgment enforcement efforts, but, among other relief granted by the court on July 13, 2010, the court issued a preliminary injunction prohibiting payments under the Indah Kiat MRA and, on June 7, 2011, the court issued a turnover order.

By agreement dated as of December 27, 2012, Defendants reached a settlement with US Bank.

The Company cannot determine the impact of the litigation case on the Company since the status of the litigation is not yet final.

#### 42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table sets forth the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments that were carried in the consolidated statements of financial position as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>I</i> I	Mar 31, 2015	
	Nilai Tercatat/	Nilai Wajar/	
	Carrying Amounts	Fair Values	
Aset Keuangan			Financial Assets
Nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi			Fair value through profit and loss
Investasi jangka pendek	4.213	4.213	Short-term Investment
Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang			Loans and receivables
Kas dan setara kas	95.261	95.261	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	221.919	221.919	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	3.490	3.490	Other receivables - third parties
Piutang pihak berelasi	133.405	133.405	Due from related parties
Aset lancar lainnya	282.597	282.597	Other current assets
Total Aset Keuangan	740.885	740.885	Total Financial Assets

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### 42. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

#### 42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>N</i>	Mar 31, 2015	
	Nilai Tercatat/	Nilai Wajar/	
	Carrying Amounts	Fair Values	
Liabilitas Keuangan			Financial Liabilities
Biaya perolehan diamortisasi			At amortized cost
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	642.280	642.280	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -			Short-term musyarakah
jangka pendek	9.936	9.936	financing
Utang usaha	194.196	194.196	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain	17.049	17.049	Other payables
Beban masih harus dibayar	39.601	39.601	Accrued expenses
Utang pihak berelasi	9.603	9.603	Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	1.970	1.970	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	421.980	421.980	Long-term bank loans
Utang murabahah dan pembiayaan			Long-term mubarahah payable
musyarakah - jangka panjang	50.293	50.293	and musyarakah financing
Wesel bayar	1.799.588	1.799.588	Notes payable
Pinjaman jangka panjang	613.928	613.928	Long-term loans
Total Liabilitas Keuangan	3.800.424	3.800.424	Total Financial Liabilities
	31 Des 2014 / D	Dec <i>31, 2014</i> Nilai Wajar/	
		•	
	Carrying Amounts	Fair Values	
Aset Keuangan			Financial Assets
Nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi			Fair value through profit and loss
Investasi jangka pendek	4.354	4.354	Short-term Investment
Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang			Loans and receivables
Kas dan setara kas	119.325	119.325	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	203.867	203.867	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	4.561	4.561	Other receivables - third parties
Piutang pihak berelasi	133.443	133.443	Due from related parties
Aset lancar lainnya	248.583	248.583	Other current assets
Total Aset Keuangan	714.133	714.133	Total Financial Assets
Liabilitas Keuangan			Financial Liabilities
Biaya perolehan diamortisasi			At amortized cost
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	626.690	626.690	Short-term bank loans
Utang usaha	211.742	211.742	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain	30.495	30.495	Other payables
Beban masih harus dibayar	32.340	32.340	Accrued expenses
Utang pihak berelasi	17.400	17.400	Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	2.248	2.248	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	462.685	462.685	Long-term bank loans
Utang murabahah dan pembiayaan			Long-term mubarahah payable
musyarakah - jangka panjang	54.410	54.410	and musyarakah financing
Wesel bayar	1.825.686	1.825.686	Notes payable
Pinjaman jangka panjang	643.633	643.633	Long-term loans
Total Liabilitas Keuangan	3.907.329	3.907.329	Total Financial Liabilities

#### 42. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Berdasarkan PSAK 60, "Instrumen Keuangan: Pengungkapan", terdapat tingkatan hirarki nilai wajar sebagai berikut:

- (a) harga kuotasian (tidak disesuaikan) dalam pasar aktif untuk aset atau liabilitas yang identik (tingkat 1),
- (b) input selain harga kuotasian yang termasuk dalam tingkat 1 yang dapat diobservasi untuk aset atau liabilitas, baik secara langsung (misalnya harga) atau secara tidak langsung (misalnya derivasi dari harga pasar) (tingkat 2), dan
- (c) input untuk aset atau liabilitas yang bukan berdasarkan data pasar yang dapat diobservasi (input yang tidak dapat diobservasi) (tingkat 3).

Metode dan asumsi berikut ini digunakan untuk mengestimasi nilai wajar untuk setiap kelompok instrumen keuangan sepanjang nilai tersebut dapat diestimasi:

Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka pendek:

 Instrumen keuangan jangka pendek dengan jatuh tempo satu tahun atau kurang.

Instrumen keuangan ini sangat mendekati nilai tercatat mereka karena jatuh tempo mereka dalam jangka pendek (tingkat 2).

Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang:

 Liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang dengan suku bunga variabel (liabilitas sewa pembiayaan, pinjaman bank jangka panjang dan utang obligasi).

Nilai wajar dari liabilitas keuangan ini ditentukan dengan mendiskontokan arus kas masa datang menggunakan suku bunga yang berlaku dari transaksi pasar yang dapat diamati untuk instrumen dengan persyaratan, risiko kredit dan jatuh tempo yang sama (tingkat 2).

 Instrumen keuangan yang tidak dikuotasikan dalam pasar aktif.

Instrumen keuangan ini dicatat berdasarkan nilai nominal dikurangi penurunan nilai karena nilai wajarnya tidak dapat diukur secara handal.

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#### 42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Based on PSAK 60, "Financial Instruments: Disclosures," there are levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1),
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from market prices) (level 2), and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Short-term financial assets and liabilities:

 Short-term financial instruments with remaining maturities of one year or less.

These financial instruments approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to their short-term maturities (level 2).

Long-term financial assets and liabilities:

 Long-term variable-rate financial liabilities (lease liabilities, long-term bank loans and bonds payable).

The fair value of these financial liabilities is determined by discounting future cash flows using applicable rates from observable current market transactions for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities (level 2).

Financial instruments not quoted on an active market.

These financial instruments are carried at their nominal amount less any impairment losses since their fair value cannot be reliably measured

42. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Adalah tidak praktis untuk memperkirakan nilai wajar dari instrumen keuangan dikarenakan tidak memiliki jangka waktu pembayaran yang tetap meskipun tidak diharapkan dapat diselesaikan dalam waktu dua belas (12) bulan setelah tanggal laporan posisi keuangan (tingkat 3).

 Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang lainnya (wesel bayar dan pinjaman jangka panjang).

Estimasi nilai wajar didasarkan pada nilai diskonto dari arus kas masa datang yang disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan risiko pihak lawan (untuk aset keuangan) dan risiko kredit Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak (untuk liabilitas keuangan) dan menggunakan suku bunga pasar (tingkat 2).

### 43. PENGARUH PENERAPAN PSAK 55 (REVISI 2011)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, penerapan PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011) (Catatan 2f) menyebabkan penyesuaian berikut ini:

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#### 42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

It is not practical to estimate the fair value of these financial instruments because there are no fixed repayment terms although they are not expected to be settled within twelve (12) months after the end of the reporting period (level 3).

 Other long-term financial assets and liabilities (notes payable and long-term loans).

Estimated fair value is based on discounted value of future cash flows adjusted to reflect counterparty risk (for financial assets) and the Company and Subsidiaries' own credit risk (for financial liabilities) and using market rates (level 2).

#### 43. EFFECT OF ADOPTION OF PSAK 55 (REVISED 2011)

As of March 31, 2015 and Desember 31, 2014, the adoption of PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2011) (Note 2f) resulted to the following adjustments:

	31	Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31</i> , <i>201</i>	15	
	Saldo sebelum penyesuaian/ Balance before adjustment	Penyesuaian neto/ Net adjustment	Setelah penyesuaian/ As adjusted	
				CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN				FINANCIAL POSITION
(NERACA) KONSOLIDASIAN				(BALANCE SHEET)
Beban masih harus dibayar	(66.790)	27.189	(39.601)	Accrued expenses
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto	(137.714)	5.991	(131.723)	Deferred tax liabilities - net
Wesel bayar	(1.769.793)	(29.795)	(1.799.588)	Notes payable
Pinjaman jangka panjang	(601.883)	(12.045)	(613.928)	Long-term loans
LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF KONSOLIDASIAN				CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Beban bunga	(29.043)	2.126	(26.917)	Interest expense
Laba selisih kurs - neto	19.116	211	19.327	Gain on foreign exchange - net
Beban pajak penghasilan - tangguhan	(6.200)	266	(5.934)	Income tax expense - deferred
	31	Des 2014 / Dec 31, 201	14	
	Saldo sebelum penyesuaian/ Balance before adjustment	Penyesuaian neto/ Net adjustment	Setelah penyesuaian/ <i>As adjusted</i>	
LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN (NERACA) KONSOLIDASIAN			_	CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET)
Beban masih harus dibayar	(51.989)	19.649	(32.340)	Accrued expenses
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto	(131.514)	5.725	(125.789)	Deferred tax liabilities - net
Wesel bayar	(1.799.788)	(25.898)	(1.825.686)	Notes payable
Pinjaman jangka panjang	(632.894)	(10.739)	(643.633)	Long-term loans

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## 43. PENGARUH PENERAPAN PSAK 55 (REVISI 2011) (Lanjutan)

# 43. EFFECT OF ADOPTION OF PSAK 55 (REVISED 2011) (Continued)

	31	Des 2014 / Dec 31, 201		
	Saldo sebelum penyesuaian/ Balance before adjustment	Penyesuaian neto/ Net adjustment	Setelah penyesuaian/ As adjusted	
LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF KONSOLIDASIAN				CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Beban bunga	(105.583)	(8.758)	(114.341)	Interest expense
Laba selisih kurs - neto Laba belum direalisasi atas perubahan	27.305	210	27.515	Gain on foreign exchange - net Unrealized gain on fair value changes
nilai wajar piutang usaha tidak lancar	-	579	579	of non-current trade receivables
Beban pajak penghasilan - tangguhan	(1.748)	1.594	(154)	Income tax expense - deferred

### 44. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN

#### Manajemen Risiko Keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dipengaruhi oleh berbagai risiko keuangan, termasuk risiko pasar (termasuk risiko nilai tukar mata uang asing, risiko tingkat bunga dan risiko fluktuasi harga), risiko kredit dan risiko likuiditas. Tujuan manajemen risiko Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak secara keseluruhan adalah untuk secara efektif mengendalikan risiko-risiko ini dan meminimalisasi pengaruh merugikan yang dapat terjadi terhadap kinerja keuangan mereka. Direksi me-review dan menyetujui kebijakan untuk mengendalikan setiap risiko ini, yang diringkas di bawah ini, dan juga memonitor risiko harga pasar dari semua instrumen keuangan.

### a. Risiko kredit

Eksposur Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terhadap risiko kredit timbul dari wanprestasi pihak lain, dengan eksposur maksimum sebesar nilai nominal aset keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, sebagai berikut:

### 44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### Financial Risk Management

The Company and Subsidiaries are affected by various financial risks, including market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price fluctuation risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company and Subsidiaries' overall risk management objectives are to effectively manage these risks and minimize potential adverse effects on their financial performance. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees with the policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below, and also monitors the market price risks arising from all financial instruments.

#### a. Credit risk

The Company and Subsidiaries' exposure to credit risk arises from the default of other parties, with maximum exposure equal to the nominal value of their financial assets, as follows:

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Kas dan setara kas	95.261	119.325	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	221.919	203.867	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	3.490	4.561	Other receivables - third parties
Piutang pihak berelasi	133.405	133.443	Due from related parties
Aset lancar lainnya	286.810	252.937	Other current assets
Total	740.885	714.133	Total

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# 44. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki dan menerapkan kebijakan dan prosedur pemberian kredit untuk memastikan adanya evaluasi kredit yang hati-hati dan pengawasan akun piutang yang aktif.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengelola risiko kredit yang terkait dengan simpanan di bank dengan memonitor reputasi, peringkat kredit dan membatasi risiko agregat dari masing-masing pihak dalam kontrak. Tidak terdapat konsentrasi risiko kredit yang signifikan terkait dengan piutang usaha, hal ini disebabkan keragaman pelanggan.

Analisis umur aset keuangan yang belum jatuh tempo atau tidak mengalami penurunan nilai dan yang lewat jatuh tempo pada akhir periode pelaporan tetapi tidak mengalami penurunan nilai adalah sebagai berikut:

# 44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

The Company and Subsidiaries have in place credit policies and procedures to ensure prudent credit evaluation and active account monitoring.

The Company and Subsidiaries manage credit risk exposed from their deposits with banks by monitoring reputation, credit ratings and limiting the aggregate risk to any individual counterparty. There is no significant concentration of credit risk in respect to trade receivables due to their diverse customer base.

The analysis of the age of financial assets that were neither past due nor impaired and past due but not impaired at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

	Belum					
	Jatuh Tempo	Tela	ah Jatuh Tempo teta	pi		
	ataupun	Tidak Me	engalami Penurunan	Nilai /		
	Mengalami	Pasi	t Due but Not Impair	ed		
	Penurunan Nilai/ Neither Past	Kurang dari 3 bulan/	3 bulan - 1 tahun/	Lebih dari		
	Due nor	Less than	3 months -	1 tahun/	Total/	
	Impaired	3 months	1 year	Over 1 year	Total	
Kas dan setara kas	95.261	-	-	-	95.261	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	188.176	19.567	14.176	-	221.919	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	3.490	-	-	-	3.490	Other receivables - third parties
Piutang pihak berelasi	133.405	-	-	-	133.405	Due from related parties
Aset lancar lainnya	286.810	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	286.810	Other current assets
Total	707.142	19.567	14.176	<u> </u>	740.885	Total

		31 0	es 2014 / Dec 31, 20	17		
	Belum					
	Jatuh Tempo	Tela	h Jatuh Tempo teta	pi		
	ataupun	Tidak Me	engalami Penurunan	Nilai /		
	Mengalami	Past	Due but Not Impaire	ed		
	Penurunan Nilai/	Kurang dari	3 bulan -			
	Neither Past	3 bulan/	1 tahun/	Lebih dari		
	Due nor	Less than	3 months -	1 tahun/	Total/	
	Impaired	3 months	1 year	Over 1 year	Total	
Kas dan setara kas	119.325	-	-	-	119.325	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	167.081	21.299	15.487	-	203.867	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	4.561	-	-	-	4.561	Other receivables - third parties
Piutang pihak berelasi	133.443	-	-	-	133.443	Due from related parties
Aset lancar lainnya	252.937	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	252.937	Other current assets
Total	677.347	21.299	15.487		714.133	Total

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# 44. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

#### b. Risiko nilai tukar mata uang asing

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terkena risiko perubahan nilai tukar mata uang asing terutama dalam Rupiah Indonesia, Euro Eropa, Yen Jepang dan Yuan Cina atas biaya, aset dan liabilitas tertentu yang timbul karena aktivitas pendanaan dan kegiatan operasional sehari-hari. Informasi mengenai aset dan liabilitas moneter Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dalam mata uang asing disajikan pada Catatan 36.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memonitor dan mengelola risiko ini dengan menyepadankan liabilitas keuangan dalam mata uang asing dengan aset keuangan dalam mata uang asing terkait dan melakukan pembelian atau penjualan mata uang asing saat diperlukan.

Jika pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, Dolar AS melemah/menguat 5% terhadap mata uang Rupiah Indonesia, Euro Eropa, Yen Jepang dan Yuan Cina dengan seluruh variabel lain tetap, maka laba neto konsolidasi untuk periode yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015 akan menjadi lebih rendah/tinggi sebesar sekitar USD29,8 juta.

#### c. Risiko tingkat suku bunga

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak didanai dengan berbagai pinjaman bank, surat utang dan obligasi yang dikenakan bunga. Oleh karena itu, eksposur Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terhadap risiko pasar sehubungan dengan perubahan tingkat suku bunga terutama atas liabilitas jangka panjang serta aset dan liabilitas yang dikenakan bunga.

Kebijakan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah untuk memperoleh tingkat suku bunga yang paling menguntungkan tanpa meningkatkan eksposur terhadap mata uang asing dengan mengelola biaya pinjamannya menggunakan kombinasi antara utang dan liabilitas jangka panjang dengan tingkat suku bunga tetap dan mengambang.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2015, jika suku bunga lebih tinggi/rendah 50 basis poin dengan semua variabel lain tetap, maka laba periode berjalan akan menjadi lebih rendah/tinggi sekitar USD1,9 juta, yang terutama timbul sebagai akibat beban bunga yang lebih tinggi/rendah atas pinjaman dengan suku bunga mengambang.

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## 44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### b. Foreign exchange risk

The Company and Subsidiaries are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate movements primarily in Indonesian Rupiah, European Euro, Japanese Yen and China Yuan on certain expenses, assets and liabilities that arise from financing activities and daily operations. Information about monetary assets and liabilities of the Company and Subsidiaries in foreign currencies are disclosed in Note 36.

The Company and Subsidiaries monitor and manage the risk by matching the foreign currency financial liabilities with relevant foreign currency financial assets and buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary.

If as of March 31, 2015, US Dollar had weakened/strengthened by 5% against Indonesian Rupiah, European Euro, Japanese Yen and China Yuan with all other variables held constant, consolidated net income for the period ended March 31, 2015 would have been decreased/ increased by approximately USD29.8 million.

#### c. Interest rate risk

The Company and Subsidiaries are financed through interest-bearing bank loans, notes and bonds. Therefore, the Company and Subsidiaries' exposures to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to their long-term borrowing obligations and interest-bearing assets and liabilities.

The Company and Subsidiaries' policies are to obtain the most favorable interest rates available without increasing their foreign currency exposure by managing their interest cost using a mixture of fixed and floating rate debts and long-term borrowings.

As of March 31, 2015, if the interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower with all variables held constant, profit for the period would have been lower/higher by approximately USD1.9 million, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate loans.

44. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

#### d. Risiko likuiditas

Manajemen risiko likuiditas yang hati-hati berimplikasi menyiapkan kas dan setara kas yang cukup untuk mendukung aktivitas usaha secara tepat waktu. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjaga keseimbangan antara kontinuitas penerimaan piutang dan fleksibilitas dengan menggunakan utang bank dan pinjaman lainnya.

Tabel dibawah menunjukkan analisis jatuh tempo liabilitas keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dalam rentang waktu yang menunjukkan jatuh tempo kontraktual untuk semua liabilitas keuangan non-derivatif, yang diperlukan dalam pemahaman jatuh tempo kebutuhan arus kas. Jumlah yang diungkapkan dalam tabel adalah arus kas kontraktual yang tidak terdiskonto (tidak termasuk beban bunga pinjaman masa yang akan datang).

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## 44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### d. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents to support business activities on a timely basis. The Company and Subsidiaries maintain a balance between continuity of accounts receivable collectibility and flexibility through the use of bank loans and other borrowings.

The following table analyzes the Company and Subsidiaries' financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities, which are essential in understanding the timing of cash flows requirements. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (excluding future interest expense).

		31 M	ar 2015 / <i>Mar 31</i> , .	2015		
	Nilai arus kas kontraktual /					
	,			Lebih dari		
				1 tahun sampai		
				5 tahun/		
	Nilai Tercatat/ Carrying Amounts	Total/ <i>Total</i>	Sampai dengan 1 tahun/ Within 1 year	After 1 year but not more than 5 years	Lebih dari 5 tahun/ More than 5 years	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	642.280	642.280	642.280	-	-	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -						Short-term musyarakah
jangka pendek	9.936	9.936	9.936	-	-	financing
Utang usaha	194.196	194.196	194.196	-	-	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain	17.049	17.049	17.049	-	-	Other payables
Beban masih harus dibayar						Accrued expenses
pada nilai nominal	66.790	66.790	66.790	-	-	at nominal value
Utang pihak berelasi	9.603	9.603	9.398	205	-	Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	1.970	1.970	771	1.199	-	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	421.980	421.980	129.946	292.034	-	Long-term bank loans
Utang murabahah dan pembiayaan						Long-term mubarahah payable
musyarakah - jangka panjang	50.293	50.293	7.168	43.125	-	and musyarakah financing
Wesel bayar pada nilai nominal Pinjaman jangka panjang	1.769.793	1.769.793	84.582	522.834	1.162.377	Notes payable at nominal value Long-term loans
pada nilai nominal	601.883	601.883	37.781	233.541	330.561	at nominal value
Total	3.785.773	3.785.773	1.199.897	1.092.938	1.492.938	Total

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# 44. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

# 44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014						
	Nilai arus kas kontraktual /					
				Lebih dari		
				1 tahun sampai		
				5 tahun/		
	Nilai		Sampai	After 1 year	Lebih dari	
	Tercatat/	Total/	dengan 1 tahun/	but not	5 tahun/	
	Carrying Amounts	Total/ <i>Total</i>	Within 1 year	more than 5 years	More than 5 years	
		Total		3 years	J years	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	626.690	626.690	626.690	-	-	Short-term bank loans
Utang usaha	211.742	211.742	211.742	-	-	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain	30.495	30.495	30.495	-	-	Other payables
Beban masih harus dibayar						Accrued expenses
pada nilai nominal	51.989	51.989	51.989	-	-	at nominal value
Utang pihak berelasi	17.400	17.400	9.996	7.404	-	Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	2.248	2.248	786	1.462	-	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	462.685	462.685	132.503	330.182	-	Long-term bank loans
Utang murabahah dan pembiayaan						Long-term mubarahah payable
musyarakah - jangka panjang	54.410	54.410	41.323	13.087	-	and musyarakah financing
Wesel bayar pada nilai nominal	1.799.788	1.799.788	82.937	504.856	1.211.995	Notes payable at nominal value
Pinjaman jangka panjang						Long-term loans
pada nilai nominal	632.894	632.894	38.187	232.456	362.251	at nominal value
Total	3.890.341	3.890.341	1.226.648	1.089.447	1.574.246	Total

### Pengelolaan Permodalan

Tujuan utama dari pengelolaan permodalan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah untuk memastikan bahwa dipertahankannya rasio modal yang sehat agar dapat mendukung kelancaran usahanya dan memaksimalkan nilai dari pemegang saham. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengelola struktur modalnya dan membuat penyesuaian-penyesuaian sehubungan dengan perubahan kondisi ekonomi dan karakteristik dari risiko usahanya. Tidak ada perubahan dalam tujuan, kebijakan dan proses dan sama seperti penerapan tahun-tahun sebelumnya.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memonitor struktur modalnya dengan menggunakan rasio utang terhadap ekuitas dimana total utang dibagi dengan total ekuitas. Total utang ini adalah utang pokok dari pinjaman yang berbunga dan total ekuitas adalah total ekuitas yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk dan kepentingan nonpengendali.

### Capital Management

The main objective of the Company and Subsidiaries' capital management is to ensure that they maintain a healthy capital ratio in order to support their business and maximize shareholder value. The Company and Subsidiaries manage their capital structure and make adjustments in respect to changes in economic conditions and the characteristics of its business risks. No changes have been made in the objectives, policies and processes from those applied in previous years.

The Company and Subsidiaries monitor their use of capital structure using a debt-to-equity ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity. Total debt represents interest-bearing borrowings, while equity represents total equity attributable to owners of the parent and non-controlling interest.

	31 Mar 2015 / <i>Mar 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
Pinjaman berbunga Ekuitas	3.325.673 2.469.982	3.381.906 2.408.372	Interest bearing borrowings Equity
Rasio Utang terhadap Ekuitas	1,3	1,4	Debt to Equity Ratio

#### 45. PERISTIWA SETELAH PERIODE PELAPORAN

- a. Pada tanggal 8 April 2015, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk (BRI Agro) menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas berupa Kredit Investasi-Pinjaman Tetap Angsuran kepada Perusahaan dengan nilai sebesar Rp25,0 milliar untuk jangka waktu tiga puluh enam (36) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin oleh mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan.
- b. Pada Tanggal 16 April 2015, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (Bank BRI) telah setuju untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit berupa fasilitas Kredit Modal Keria kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD5,0 juta, untuk jangka waktu satu (1) tahun dan dengan deposito dijamin berjangka Perusahaan sebesar CNY31,2 juta.
- c. Pada tanggal 22 April 2015, PT Bank MNC International Tbk (Bank MNC) telah menyetujui untuk memperpanjang fasilitas Pinjaman Tetap kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD5,0 juta sampai dengan 7 April 2016.

### **46. STANDAR AKUNTANSI YANG BARU**

Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia (IAI) telah menerbitkan standar dan interpretasi baru dan revisi yang belum berlaku efektif untuk tahun buku yang dimulai pada tanggal 1 Januari 2014.

Standar dan interpretasi berikut ini berlaku untuk laporan keuangan untuk tahun yang dimulai pada atau setelah 1 Januari 2015:

- PSAK No. 1 (Revisi 2013) Penyajian Laporan Keuangan
- PSAK No. 4 (Revisi 2013) Laporan Keuangan Tersendiri
- PSAK No. 15 (Revisi 2013) Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi dan Ventura Bersama
- PSAK No. 24 (Revisi 2013) Imbalan Kerja
- PSAK No. 46 (Revisi 2014) Pajak Penghasilan PSAK No. 48 (Revisi 2014) Penurunan Nilai Aset
- PSAK No. 50 (Revisi 2014) Instrumen Keuangan:
- PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2014) Instrumen Keuangan: Pengakuan dan Pengukuran
- PSAK No. 60 (Revisi 2014) Instrumen Keuangan: Pengungkapan
- PSAK No. 65 Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian
- PSAK No. 66 Pengaturan Bersama

PT INDAH KIAT PULP & PAPER Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS** MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2014 (AUDITED) AND FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED) (Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

#### 45. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- On April 8, 2015, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk (BRI Agro) has agreed to provide Investment Credit-Fixed Installment Loan to the Company at the amount of Rp25.0 billion for the period of thirty six (36) months. This facility is secured by certain machineries owned by the Company.
- On April 16, 2015, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (Bank BRI) has agreed to give Working Capital Credit facility to the Company at the amount of USD5.0 million for the period of one (1) year, and were secured with the time deposit owned by the Company at the amount of CNY31.2 million.
- c. On April 22, 2015, PT Bank MNC International Tbk (Bank MNC) has agreed to extended the Fixed Loan facility to the Company in the amount of USD5.0 million which is valid up to April 7, 2016.

#### 46. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS **PRONOUNCEMENTS**

The Indonesian Institute of Accountants (IAI) has issued new and revised standards and interpretation of accounting standards which are not yet effective for the financial year beginning January 1, 2014.

The following standards and interpretation are effective for financial statements for the year commencing from on or after January 1, 2015:

- PSAK No. 1 (Revised 2013) Presentation of Financial Statements
- PSAK No. 4 (Revised 2013) Separate Financial Statements
- PSAK No. 15 (Revised 2013) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
- PSAK No. 24 (Revised 2013) Employee Benefits
- PSAK No. 46 (Revised 2014) Income Taxes
- PSAK No. 48 (Revised 2014) Impairment of Assets
- PSAK No. 50 (Revised 2014) Financial Instrument: Presentation
- PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2014) Financial Instrument: Recognition and Measurement
- PSAK No. 60 (Revised 2014) Financial Instrument: Disclosures
- PSAK No. 65 Consolidated Financial Statements
- PSAK No. 66 Joint Arrangements

#### 46. STANDAR AKUNTANSI YANG BARU (Lanjutan)

- PSAK No. 68 Pengukuran Nilai Wajar
- ISAK No. 26 (Revisi 2014) Penilaian Ulang Derivatif Melekat

Penerapan dini standar dan interpretasi di atas sebelum 1 Januari 2015 tidak diijinkan.

Pencabutan standar berikut ini penerapannya disyaratkan untuk tahun buku yang dimulai 1 Januari 2015:

- ISAK No. 7 Entitas Bertujuan Khusus
- ISAK No. 12 Pengendalian Bersama Entitas -Kontribusi Aset Nonmoneter oleh Venturer

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak sedang mempelajari dampak yang mungkin timbul dari penerapan standar-standar tersebut terhadap laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

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MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

## 46. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

- PSAK No. 68 Fair Value Measurement
- ISAK No. 26 (Revised 2014) Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives

Early adoption of these standards and interpretation prior to January 1, 2015 is not permitted.

Revocation of the following standards are mandatory for the financial year beginning January 1, 2015:

- ISAK No. 7 Special Purpose Entities
- ISAK No. 12 Jointly Controlled Entities: Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers

The Company and Subsidiaries are evaluating the potential impact on the consolidated financial statements as a result of the adoption of the above accounting standards.