

Laporan Keuangan Interim Konsolidasian 31 Maret 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2017 (Diaudit) dan untuk Periode Tiga Bulan yang Berakhir pada Tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017 (Tidak Diaudit) Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2018 (Unaudited) and
December 31, 2017 (Audited) and
For the Three Months Period Ended
March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN 31 MARET 2018 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2017 (DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
FINANCIAL POSITION
MARCH 31, 2018 (UNAUDITED) AND
DECEMBER 31, 2017 (AUDITED)

(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/ Notes	31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
ASET				ASSETS
ASET LANCAR				CURRENT ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
Pihak ketiga	3d,3t,3u,6,44	81.689	123.519	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3d,3f,3t,3u,6,41,44	923	1.315	Related party
Piutang usaha				
Pihak ketiga - setelah				Trade receivables
dikurangi penyisihan kerugian				Third parties - net of
atas penurunan nilai	3t,3u,7,44	95.699	99.281	allowance for impairment loss
Pihak berelasi	3f,3t,3u,7,41,44	8.268	16.160	Related parties
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,8,44	2.779	4.618	Other receivables - third parties
Persediaan	3g,9	255.872	233.569	Inventories
Uang muka dan biaya	01.40	40.005	54.005	Advances and prepaid
dibayar dimuka	3h,10	49.985	54.065	expenses
Pajak dibayar dimuka	3r,37a	18.434	25.977	Prepaid taxes
Aset lancar lainnya	0 010 11 11	0.40.040	440.405	Other current assets
Pihak ketiga	3e,3t,3u,11,44	242.640	142.495	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3e,3f,3t,3u,11,41,44	7.032	4.235	Related parties
Total Aset Lancar		763.321	705.234	Total Current Assets
ASET TIDAK LANCAR				NON-CURRENT ASSETS
Piutang usaha -				
Pihak berelasi - setelah				Trade receivables -
dikurangi penyisihan kerugian				Related parties net of
atas penurunan nilai	3f,3t,3u,12,41,44	-	18.593	allowance for impairment loss
Piutang lain-lain -				Other receivables -
pihak berelasi	3f,3t,3u,13,41,44	135.896	135.764	related parties
Aset pajak tangguhan - neto	3r,37d	1.454	1.449	Deferred tax asset - net
Investasi pada entitas asosiasi	3i,14	629.387	578.886	Investment in an associate
Hutan tanaman industri	3j,15	39.790	39.153	Industrial timber estate
Aset tetap - setelah dikurangi				Fixed assets - net of
akumulasi penyusutan	3k,3l,3m,16	1.078.660	1.099.783	accumulated depreciation
Aset tidak lancar lainnya		1.990	2.013	Other non-current assets
Total Aset Tidak Lancar		1.887.177	1.875.641	Total Non-Current Assets
TOTAL ASET		2.650.498	2.580.875	TOTAL ASSETS

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN 31 MARET 2018 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2017 (DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION MARCH 31, 2018 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2017 (AUDITED)

(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/ Notes	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS				LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
LIABILITAS JANGKA PENDEK				CURRENT LIABILITIES
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	3t,3u,17,44	348.750	329.142	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -				Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	3t,3u,19,44	13.085	13.287	third parties
Utang usaha				Trade payables
Pihak ketiga	3t,3u,20,44	34.854	36.415	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3f, 3t,3u,20,41,44	28.434	15.391	Related parties
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,21,44	5.296	6.594	Other payables - third parties
Uang muka pelanggan	18			Advances from customers
Pihak ketiga		16.867	16.516	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	3f	54	97	Related parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	3t,3u,22,44	9.324	8.248	Accrued expenses
Utang pajak	3r,37b	4.435	2.360	Taxes payable
Liabilitas jangka panjang				
yang jatuh tempo dalam				Current maturities of
waktu satu tahun:	01.01.0.00.11		0.7	long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	3l,3t,3u,23,44	26	25	Finance lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,24,44	16.330	18.170	Bank loans - third parties
Utang murabahah - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,26,44	631	624	Murabahah payables - third party
Pinjaman dan wesel bayar	3t,3u,27,28,44	43.644	43.529	Loans and notes payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Pendek		521.730	490.398	Total Current Liabilities
LIABILITAS JANGKA PANJANG				NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto	3r,37d	17.715	15.290	Deferred tax liability - net
Utang lain - lain - pihak berelasi	3f,3t,3u,44	8.135	7.390	Other payables - related parties
Liabilitas imbalan kerja	3p,29	41.639	42.007	Employee benefits liability
Liabilitas jangka panjang:				Long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	3I,3t,3u,23,44	44	51	Finance lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,24,44	180.744	183.532	Bank loans - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah -				Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	3t,3u,25,44	7.270	7.381	third party
Utang murabahah - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,26,44	25.012	25.544	Murabahah payables - third parties
Pinjaman	3t,3u,27,44	160.776	158.954	Loans
Wesel bayar	3t,3u,28,44	703.611	715.936	Notes payable
Dikurang liabilitas jangka panjang yang jatuh tempo dalam				Less current maturities of
waktu satu tahun:				long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	3I,3t,3u,23,44	(26)	(25)	Finance lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,24,44	(16.330)	(18.170)	Bank loans - third parties
Utang murabahah - pihak ketiga	3t,3u,26,44	(631)	(624)	Murabahah payables - third party
Pinjaman dan wesel bayar	3t,3u,27,28,44	(43.644)	(43.529)	Loans and notes payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Panjang		1.084.315	1.093.737	Total Non-Current Liabilities
Total Liabilitas		1.606.045	1.584.135	Total Liabilities

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN 31 MARET 2018 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2017 (DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
FINANCIAL POSITION
MARCH 31, 2018 (UNAUDITED) AND
DECEMBER 31, 2017 (AUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/	31 Mar 2018/	31 Des 2017/	
-	Notes	Mar 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017	
EKUITAS				EQUITY
Modal saham - nilai nominal				Share capital - par value of
Rp1.000 per saham				Rp1,000 per share
Modal dasar -				Authorized capital -
5.000.000.000 saham				5.000,000,000 shares
Ditempatkan dan disetor penuh -				Issued and fully paid -
3.113.223.570 saham biasa				3.113.223.570 shares on
pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018,				March 31, 2018,
dan 31 Desember 2017	30	684.810	684.810	and December 31, 2017
Tambahan modal disetor	31	29.215	29.215	Additional paid-in capital
Selisih transaksi dengan				Difference arising from transaction
kepentingan nonpengendali	3b,5	(1.986)	(1.986)	with non-controlling interest
Selisih kurs penjabaran				Translation adjustments on
laporan keuangan dalam				financial statements in
mata uang asing	3q	11.539	11.274	foreign currency
Akumulasi pengukuran kembali				Cumulative remeasurements on
dari liabilitas imbalan kerja	3p,29	(6.534)	(6.559)	employee benefits liability
Akumulasi bagian atas rugi				Accumulated share on other
komprehensif lain dari				comprehensive loss of
entitas asosiasi	3i,14	(362)	(362)	associate
Saldo laba	32			Retained earnings
Telah ditentukan penggunaannya		8.100	8.100	Appropriated
Belum ditentukan penggunaannya		319.671	272.248	Unappropriated
Ekuitas - Neto		1.044.453	996.740	Equity - Net
TOTAL LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS		2.650.498	2.580.875	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN LABA RUGI DAN PENGHASILAN KOMPREHENSIF LAIN INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE TIGA BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL 31 MARET 2018 DAN 2017 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT
OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

		Tiga bulan yang bera		
	Catatan/	Three montl	31 Mar 2017/	
	Notes	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
PENJUALAN NETO	3f,3o,3v,33,40,41	275.906	271.273	NET SALES
BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN	3f,3o,3v,34,40,41	246.585	246.608	COST OF GOODS SOLD
LABA BRUTO	-	29.321	24.665	GROSS PROFIT
BEBAN USAHA	3f,3o,3v,35,40			OPERATING EXPENSES
Penjualan Umum dan administrasi	<u>-</u>	9.921 8.478	10.158 8.739	Selling General and administrative
Total Beban Usaha	<u>-</u>	18.399	18.897	Total Operating Expenses
LABA USAHA	3v,40	10.922	5.768	OPERATING PROFIT
PENGHASILAN (BEBAN) LAIN-LAIN Bagian laba neto entitas				OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) Share on net profit
asosiasi	3i,14	50.501	10.868	of associate
Penghasilan bunga	30	276	319	Interest income
Beban bunga	3t,3u,36	(12.036)	(8.270)	Interest expense
Beban murabahah	26	(586)	(435)	Murabahah expense
Beban bagi hasil musyarakah	19,25	(526)	(247)	Musyarakah sharing expense
Kerugian selisih kurs - neto	3q,3t,3u	(248)	(3.444)	Loss on foreign exchange - net
Lain-lain - neto	·	1.534	4.906	Others - net
Penghasilan Lain-lain - Neto	-	38.915	3.697	Other Income - Net
LABA SEBELUM TAKSIRAN MANFAAT PAJAK PENGHASILAN	(BEBAN)	49.837	9.465	PROFIT BEFORE ESTIMATED INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE)
I AVAIL ENGLIAGIEAN		49.037	9.403	INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE)
TAKSIRAN MANFAAT (BEBAN) PAJAK PENGHASILAN NETO	3r,37c	(2.414)	(1.750)	ESTIMATED INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE) - NET
LABA NETO	-	47.423	7.715	NET PROFIT
PENGHASILAN (RUGI) KOMPREHENSIF LAIN				OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
Pos-pos yang tidak akan direklasifikas	i			Items that will not be reclassified
lebih lanjut ke laba rugi:				subsequently to profit or loss:
Pengukuran kembali atas program				Remeasurement of defined
pensiun imbalan pasti	3p,29	31	32	benefit pension plan
Pajak penghasilan terkait	3r,37d	(6)	(6)	Related income tax
Pos yang akan direklasifikasi lebih lanjut ke laba rugi: Selisih kurs penjabaran laporan keuangan dalam mata uang asing		265	(8.880)	Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference due to financial statements in foreign currency
Penghasilan (Rugi) Komprehensif Lain Neto - Setelah Pajak	- -	290	(8.854)	Net Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) - Net of Tax
PENGHASILAN (RUGI) KOMPREHENSIF NETO		47.713	(1.139)	NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
	-			

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
LAPORAN LABA RUGI DAN PENGHASILAN
KOMPREHENSIF LAIN INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN
UNTUK PERIODE TIGA BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA
TANGGAL 31 MARET 2018 DAN 2017 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)
(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika
Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT
OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/ Three months ended			
_	Catatan/ Notes	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Mar 2017/ Mar 31, 2017	
LABA NETO YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA: Pemilik entitas induk Kepentingan nonpengendali		47.423 -	7.715 -	NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest
TOTAL		47.423	7.715	TOTAL
PENGHASILAN (RUGI) KOMPREHENSIF NETO YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA:				NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO:
Pemilik entitas induk Kepentingan nonpengendali		47.713 	(1.139)	Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest
TOTAL		47.713	(1.139)	TOTAL
LABA PER SAHAM DASAR / DILUSIAN YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK (dalam satuan penuh)	3w,38	0,0152	0,0029	BASIC / DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE PARENT (in full amount)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN PERUBAHAN EKUITAS INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE TIGA BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL 31 MARET 2018 DAN 2017 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabal disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Ameri

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017 (UNAUDITED)

(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Modal Ditempatkan dan Disetor	Tambahan Modal	Selisih Transaksi dengan Kepentingan Nonpengendali/ Difference	Selisih Kurs Penjabaran Laporan Keuangan Dalam Mata Uang Asing/ Translation Adjustments on	Akumulasi Pengukuran Kembali dari Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja/ Cumulative Remeasurements	Bagian atas Rugi Komprehensif Lain dari Entitas Asosiasi/ Accumulated Share on	Saldo Retained i	Earnings		
	Penuh/ Issued and Fully Paid Shares	Disetor/ Additional Paid-in Capital	arising from Transaction with Non-controlling Interest	Financial Statements In Foreign Currency	on Employee Benefits Liability	Other Comprehensive Loss of Associate	Telah Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ <i>Appropriated</i>	Belum Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ <i>Unappropriated</i>	Ekuitas - Neto/ Equity - Net	
Saldo 1 Januari 2017	651.679	29.215	(1.986)	5.477	(1.123)	(230)	7.100	246.946	937.078	Balance as of January 1, 2017
Laba neto periode berjalan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.715	7.715	Net profit for the period
Penghasilan (rugi) komprehensif lain periode berjalan	-	-	-	(8.880)	26	-	-	-	(8.854)	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period
Saldo 31 Maret 2017	651.679	29.215	(1.986)	(3.403)	(1.097)	(230)	7.100	254.661	935.939	Balance as of March 31, 2017
Saldo 1 Januari 2018	684.810	29.215	(1.986)	11.274	(6.559)	(362)	8.100	272.248	996.740	Balance as of January 1, 2018
Laba neto periode berjalan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.423	47.423	Net profit for the period
Penghasilan komprehensif lain periode berjalan	-			265	25			-	290	Other comprehensive income for the periode
Saldo 31 Maret 2018	684.810	29.215	(1.986)	11.539	(6.534)	(362)	8.100	319.671	1.044.453	Balance as of March 31, 2018

Akumulasi

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
LAPORAN ARUS KAS INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN
UNTUK PERIODE TIGA BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA
TANGGAL 31 MARET 2018 DAN 2017
(TIDAK DIAUDIT)
(Salda dalam tahal dispilkan dalam ribuan Dalar Amerik

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS
OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

Tiga bulan	vana	berakhir	pada	tangga	1/

	Tiga bulan yang bera	ıkhir pada tanggal/	
	Three months ended		
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS OPERASI			CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES
Penerimaan dari pelanggan Pembayaran kepada pemasok, karyawan dan untuk aktivitas operasional lainnya	306.281 (242.414)	232.923	Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers, employees and for other operating activities
	(212.711)	(102.000)	
Kas yang diperoleh dari aktivitas operasi Penerimaan pajak - neto Penerimaan penghasilan bunga Pembayaran bunga dan	63.867 9.618 180	40.614 15.253 306	Cash provided by operating activities Receipts of taxes - net Receipts of interest income Payments of interest and
beban keuangan lainnya	(9.722)	(7.287)	other financial charges
Kas Neto yang Diperoleh dari Aktivitas Operasi	63.943	48.886	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS INVESTASI Penambahan investasi			CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Additional of investment
pada reksadana	(100.208)	(1.125)	in mutual fund
Perolehan aset tetap Pelunasan dari piutang lain-lain -	(2.038)	(9.910)	Acquisition of fixed assets Proceeds from other receivables -
pihak berelasi	45	2.370	related parties
Penerimaan penjualan aset tetap	-	25	Proceeds from sale of fixed assets
Penambahan hutan tanaman industri	(637)	(612)	Additional industrial timber estate
Penurunan aset lancar lainnya Penambahan piutang lain - lain -	(594)	(8.055)	Decrease in other current assets Additions in other receivables -
pihak berelasi Uang muka investasi pada	(177)	(3.043)	related parties Advance investment in
Entitas Asosiasi		(24.454)	Associated Company
Kas Neto yang Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Investasi	(103.609)	(44.804)	Net Cash Used in Investing Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS PENDANAAN			CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Kenaikan (penurunan) neto pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan pembiayaan musyarakah	10.406	(44.060)	Net incresae (decrease) in short-term bank loans
Pembayaran liabilitas jangka panjang	19.406 (21.538)	(44.960) (48.856)	and musyarakah financing Payments of long-term liabilities
Pembayaran dividen kas	(270)	(4 0.000 <i>)</i>	Payment of cash dividends
Pembayaran liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	(6)	(156)	Payments of finance lease liabilities
Kas Neto yang Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Pendanaan	(2.408)	(93.972)	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities
		, , ,	•

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk **DAN ENTITAS ANAK** LAPORAN ARUS KAS INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE TIGA BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA **TANGGAL 31 MARET 2018 DAN 2017** (TIDAK DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika

Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS **OF CASH FLOWS** FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	riga balan yang ber	akiiii pada taliggali	
	Three mont	ths ended	
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
PENURUNAN NETO KAS			NET DECREASE IN
DAN SETARA KAS	(42.074)	(89.890)	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
DAMPAK NETO PERUBAHAN			NET EFFECT OF CHANGES IN
SELISIH KURS ATAS KAS DAN			EXCHANGES RATE ON CASH AND
SETARA KAS	(148)	162	CASH EQUIVALENTS
KAS DAN SETARA KAS			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
AWAL PERIODE	124.834	111.715	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD
KAS DAN SETARA KAS			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
AKHIR PERIODE	82.612	21.987	AT END OF PERIOD

Lihat Catatan 42 atas laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian untuk informasi tambahan arus kas.

See Note 42 to the interim consolidated financial statements for the supplementary cash flows information.

1. UMUM

a. Pendirian Perusahaan

PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk ("Perusahaan") didirikan di Republik Indonesia pada tanggal 2 Oktober 1972 berdasarkan Akta Notaris No. 9 oleh Ridwan Suselo. Perusahaan terdaftar sebagai perusahaan penanaman modal dalam negeri pada tanggal 28 Februari 1975 dalam rangka Undang-undang Penanaman Modal Dalam Negeri No. 6 tahun 1968, yang diamandemen dengan Undang-undang No. 12 tahun 1970. Akta Pendirian tersebut disahkan oleh Menteri Kehakiman Republik Indonesia dengan Surat Keputusan No. Y.A.5/439/25 pada tanggal 22 Desember 1975 serta diumumkan dalam Tambahan No. 639/1976 dari Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 70 pada tanggal 30 Agustus 1976.

Perubahan seluruh Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan untuk disesuaikan dengan Undang-Undang No. 40 tahun 2007 tentang Perseroan Terbatas *juncto* Peraturan No. IX.J.1 dilampirkan pada Keputusan Ketua Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal dan Lembaga No. Kep-179/BL/2008, tanggal Keuangan 14 Mei 2008 tentang Pokok-Pokok Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan yang melakukan Penawaran Umum Efek Bersifat Ekuitas dan Perusahaan Publik termuat dalam Akta Perubahan Anggaran Dasar No. 107, tanggal 23 Juli 2008 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., notaris di Jakarta Pusat. Perubahan tersebut telah mendapat persetujuan dari Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Republik Indonesia melalui Keputusan No. AHU-100762.AH.01.02 TAHUN 2008 pada tanggal 31 Desember 2008 dan diumumkan dalam Tambahan No. 6973/2009 dari Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 20 tanggal 10 Maret 2009.

Perubahan Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan termuat dalam Akta Pernyataan Keputusan Rapat No. 77, . 2009, tertanggal 25 Juni yang di hadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., notaris di Jakarta Pusat tersebut yakni mengenai perubahan tempat kedudukan Perusahaan yang semula berkedudukan di Desa Kramat Tumenggung, Kecamatan Tarik, Sidoarjo, Jawa Timur menjadi berkedudukan di Kotamadya Jakarta Pusat. Perubahan ini telah disetujui oleh Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Indonesia melalui Manusia Republik Surat Keputusannya No. AHU-42925.AH.01.02 TAHUN 2009 pada tanggal 1 September 2009 dan telah diumumkan dalam Berita Negara Republik Indonesia tanggal 16 Agustus 2010 No. 66 Tambahan No. 12215/2010.

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1. GENERAL

a. Company's Establishment

PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk (the "Company") was established in the Republic of Indonesia on October 2, 1972, based on Notarial Deed No. 9 of Ridwan Suselo. The Company was registered as a domestic capital investment company on February 28, 1975 under the framework of the Domestic Capital Investment Law No. 6 of 1968, as amended by Law No. 12 of 1970. The Company's Articles of Association were approved by the Ministry of Justice of Republic of Indonesia in its Decision Letter No. Y.A.5/439/25 dated December 22, 1975 and published in the Indonesian State Gazette No. 70 Supplement No. 639/1976 on August 30, 1976.

The amendment to the Company's Articles of Association to comply with Law No. 40 of 2007 regarding Limited Liability Companies juncto Regulation No. IX.J.1 attached to the Decision of the Head of Capital Market and Financial Institution Supervisory Agency No. Kep-179/BL/2008 dated May 14, 2008 regarding Articles of Association for Companies that Conduct Equity Public Offering and Public Companies was based on the Notarial Deed No. 107 of Linda Herawati, S.H., notary in Central Jakarta dated July 23, 2008. The amendment was approved by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of Republic of Indonesia per its Decision Letter No. AHU-100762.AH.01.02 TAHUN 2008 dated December 31, 2008 and was published in the Indonesian State Gazette No. 20, Supplement No. 6973/2009 dated March 10, 2009.

The amendment to the Company's Articles of Association was stated in Statement Deed of Minutes of Meeting No. 77, dated June 25, 2009, made before Linda Herawati, S.H., notary in Central Jakarta, regarding the changes of the Company's domicile from Kramat Tumenggung Village, Tarik Subdistrict, Sidoarjo, East Java to Central Jakarta. The amendment was approved by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia per its Decision Letter No. AHU-42925.AH.01.02 TAHUN 2009 dated September 1, 2009 and was published in the Indonesian State Gazette No. 66, Supplement No. 12215/2010 dated August 16, 2010.

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Perubahan terakhir Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan telah disesuaikan dengan Peraturan Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (OJK) No. 32/POJK.04/2014 tanggal Desember 2014 tentang Rencana dan Penyelenggaraan RUPS Perusahaan Terbuka, juncto No. 33/POJK.04/2014 tentang Direksi dan Dewan Komisaris Emiten atau Perusahaan Publik tanggal 8 Desember 2014, serta Peraturan OJK terkait lainnya, yang termuat dalam Akta Notaris No. 50 tanggal 22 Juli 2015 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., notaris di Jakarta Pusat. Perubahan tersebut telah mendapat persetujuan dari Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia melalui Surat Keputusan No. AHU-0940293.AH.01.02.Tahun 2015 tanggal 7 Agustus 2015, serta diterima dan dicatat dalam Sistem Administrasi Badan Hukum Kementerian Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dalam Surat Keputusan No.AHU-AH.01.03-0955336 tanggal 7 Agustus 2015 dan telah diumumkan dalam Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 41 tanggal 24 Mei 2016, tambahan No. 8677/2016.

Sesuai dengan Pasal 3 Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan, ruang lingkup usaha Perusahaan meliputi bidang industri, perdagangan dan bahanbahan kimia. Saat ini, Perusahaan bergerak di bidang industri kertas, produk kertas, pengemas dan lainnya.

Perusahaan berkedudukan di Kotamadya Jakarta Pusat beralamat di Sinar Mas Land Plaza Menara 2, Lantai 7, Jalan M.H.Thamrin No. 51, Kelurahan Gondangdia, Kecamatan Menteng dan pabriknya berlokasi di Jalan Raya Surabaya Mojokerto, Sidoarjo, Jawa Timur. Perusahaan mulai beroperasi secara komersial pada tahun 1977.

Entitas induk utama *(ultimate parent entity)* dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah PT Purinusa Ekapersada, didirikan di Republik Indonesia, yang merupakan bagian dari Kelompok Usaha Sinarmas.

b. Penawaran Umum Saham Perusahaan

Pada tahun 1990, Perusahaan melakukan penawaran umum 9.300.000 saham dengan nilai nominal Rp1 ribu per saham dengan harga penawaran Rp9.500 per saham. Pada tanggal 3 April 1990, Perusahaan mencatatkan saham tersebut di Bursa Efek Jakarta dan Surabaya (keduanya sekarang Bursa Efek Indonesia). Perusahaan mencapai pernyataan efektif atas penawaran umum perdana dari Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal pada tanggal 2 April 1990.

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1. GENERAL (Continued)

The latest amendment of the Company's Articles of Association was comply with Regulation of Financial Services Authority (OJK) No. 32/POJK 04/2014 dated December 8, 2014 regarding the Planning and Implementation of General Meeting of Shareholders of Public Company, juncto No. 33/POJK. 04/2014 concerning Boards of Commissioners and Directors of Issuer or Public Companies, as well as other related OJK Regulations, which is based on the Notarial Deed No. 50 dated July 22, 2015 of Linda Herawati, S.H., notary in Central Jakarta. The amendment was approved by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of Republic Indonesia per its Decision Letter No. AHU-0940293.AH.01.02.Tahun 2015 dated August 7, 2015 and its received and recorded in the database of the Legal Entity Administration System of the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia in its Decision Letter No. AHU-AH.01.03-0955336 dated August 7, 2015, and published in the Indonesian State Gazette No. 41 dated May 24, 2016, supplement No. 8677/2016.

Based on Article 3 of the Company's Articles of Association, its scope of activities comprises manufacturing, trading and chemicals. Currently, the Company is engaged in the manufacture of paper, paper products, packaging and others.

The Company is domiciled at the 7th floor of Sinar Mas Land Plaza Tower 2, Jalan M.H.Thamrin No. 51, Gondangdia, Menteng Subdistrict, Central Jakarta and its plant is located at Jalan Raya Surabaya Mojokerto, Sidoarjo, East Java. The Company commenced its commercial production in 1977.

The ultimate parent entity of the Company and Subsidiaries is PT Purinusa Ekapersada, incorporated in the Republic Indonesia, which is part of Sinarmas Group.

b. Public Offering of the Company's Shares

In 1990, the Company issued to the public a total of 9,300,000 shares with a par value of Rp1 thousand each at the offering price of Rp9,500 per share. The Company listed its shares on the Jakarta and Surabaya Stock Exchanges (both currently known as Indonesia Stock Exchange) on April 3, 1990. The Company obtained effective statements for its public offering from Capital Market Supervisory Agency on April 2, 1990.

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Pada tahun 1997, Perusahaan melakukan penawaran umum terbatas dengan hak memesan saham terlebih dahulu yang juga dicatatkan pada bursa efek yang sama.

Pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, Perusahaan memperoleh pernyataan efektif dari Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (OJK) untuk melaksanakan Penawaran Umum Terbatas II (PUT II).

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa pada tanggal 26 Juni 2014, Pemegang Saham menyetujui rencana Perseroan untuk melaksanakan Penawaran Umum Terbatas II dengan Hak Memesan Efek Terlebih Dahulu (PUT II) sejumlah 1.335.702.240 saham biasa atas nama dengan nilai nominal Rp1.000 dimana melekat Waran Seri II yang akan dikeluarkan sehubungan dengan PUT II sejumlah 445.234.080 Waran Seri II.

Total saham Perusahaan yang telah dicatatkan di Bursa Efek Indonesia pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, adalah sebanyak 3.113.223.570 lembar saham.

c. Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi, Komite Audit, serta Karyawan

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, susunan Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut: PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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1. GENERAL (Continued)

In 1997, the Company offered right issues whereby the shares were also listed on the same stock exchanges.

On June 25, 2014, the Company obtained effective participation from Financial Service Authority (OJK) to carry out Limited Public Offering II (PUT II).

Based on the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders dated June 26, 2014, the shareholders approved the Company's plan to carry out a Limited Public Offering II with Preemptive Rights/HMETD (PUT II) of 1,335,702,240 common stock with a nominal value of Rp1,000 in which attached 445,234,080 Warrant Series II to be issued in connection with PUT II.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, there were 3,113,223,570 of the Company's shares listed on the Indonesian Stock Exchange.

c. Boards of Commissioners and Directors, Audit Committee, and Employees

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the composition of the Company's Boards of Commissioners and Directors was as follows:

Dewan Komisaris Board of Commissioners Komisaris Utama Saleh Husin, SE. MSI President Commissioner Komisaris Arthur Tahya (Arthur Tahija) Commissioner Komisaris Sukirta Mangku Djaja Commissioner Komisaris Independen Drs. Pande Putu Raka, MA. Independent Commissioner Dr. Ir. Deddy Saleh Komisaris Independen Independent Commissioner Komisaris Independen DR. Ramelan S.H., M.H. Independent Commissioner

Direksi **Board of Directors** Direkur Utama Suhendra Wiriadinata President Director Agustian R. Partawidjaja Direktur Director Director Direktur Hendra Java Kosasih Anton Mailoa Direktur Director Suresh Kilam Direktur Director Direktur Independen Baharudin Independent Director Direktur & Sekretaris Perusahaan Arman Sutedja Director & Corporate Secretary

Manajemen kunci terdiri dari Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi.

Key management consists of the Boards of Commissioners and Directors.

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1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, susunan Komite Audit Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

1. GENERAL (Continued)

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the composition of the Company's Audit Committee was as follows:

Ketua Drs. Ramelan S.H., M.H.
Anggota Dr. Ir. Deddy Saleh
Anggota Aditiawan Chandra, Ph.d

Chairman Member Member

Total Aget Entites Analy

Total karyawan tetap Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sekitar 8.0 ribu.

The Company and Subsidiaries' permanent employees as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were approximately 8.0 thousand.

d. Struktur Entitas Anak

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, Perusahaan memiliki Entitas Anak dengan kepemilikan sebagai berikut:

d. Structures of the Subsidiaries

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had ownership interests in Subsidiaries as follows:

	Ruang Lingkup	Tanggal	Domisili, Tahun Usaha Komersial Dimulai/ Domicile, Year		Kepemilikan/ of Ownership	Total Aset E (Sebelum Total Subsid (Before El	iary's Assets
Entitas Anak/	Usaha/ Scope of	Pendirian/ Date of	Commercial Operations	31 Mar 2018 / Mar 31, 2018	31 Des 2017 / Dec 31, 2017	31 Mar 2018 / Mar 31, 2018	31 Des 2017 / Dec 31, 2017
Subsidiaries	Activities	Establishment	Started	(%)	(%)	(USD)	(USD)
PT Mega Kertas Pratama	Distributor/ Distributor	4 Januari/ <i>January 4</i> , 1996	Tangerang, 1996	99,20	99,20	8	8
Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	8 Agustus/ August 8, 1996	British Virgin Islands, 1996	100,00	100,00	37.464	46.805
Tjiwi Kimia Finance Mauritius Limited	Bidang Keuangan/ Financing Company	11 Juli / <i>July 11,</i> 1997	Mauritus, 1997	100,00	100,00	38.469	38.469
TK Trading Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	29 September/ September 29, 1997	Cayman Islands, 1997	100,00	100,00	0,001	8.531
Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	31 Agustus/ August 31, 1998	Cayman Islands, 1998	100,00	100,00	40.233	40.280
TK Import & Export Ltd	Distributor/ Distributor	23 Maret/ March 23, 2000	British Virgin Islands, 2001	100,00	100,00	5.682	5.682
Marshall Enterprise Ltd	Investasi/ Investment	10 Mei / <i>May 10,</i> 2004	Malaysia, 2004	100,00	100,00	71.477	137.370
PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya	Kehutanan/ Forestry	1 April / <i>April 1,</i> 1992	Jakarta, 1992	99,99	99,99	39.038	39.643

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Ruang lingkup kegiatan usaha Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang keuangan adalah terutama menerbitkan wesel bayar dan memperoleh pinjaman lainnya untuk membiayai kegiatan usaha Perusahaan. Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang distribusi terutama bergerak dalam bidang penjualan produk produk untuk membantu distribusi Perusahaan, sedangkan ruang lingkup kegiatan usaha Entitas Anak yang bergerak dibidang kehutanan adalah menyediakan kayu sebagai bahan baku dalam industri kertas.

e. Penyelesaian Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian

Manajemen Perusahaan bertanggung jawab atas penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini yang telah disetujui oleh Direksi untuk diterbitkan pada tanggal 30 April 2018.

2. PERNYATAAN KEPATUHAN

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian telah disusun sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan ("SAK"), yang mencakup Pernyataan dan Interpretasi yang diterbitkan oleh Dewan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia, dan Keputusan Ketua Bapepam-LK No. KEP-347/BL/2012 tertanggal 25 Juni 2012 tentang Penyajian dan Pengungkapan Laporan Keuangan Emiten atau Perusahaan Publik yang diterbitkan oleh Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (OJK).

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN

a. Dasar Penyusunan Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian

Kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini adalah selaras dengan kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017.

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian, kecuali laporan arus kas konsolidasian, telah disusun secara akrual dengan menggunakan konsep biaya perolehan (historical cost), kecuali untuk akun-akun tertentu yang diukur berdasarkan basis lain seperti yang dijelaskan dalam kebijakan akuntansi terkait.

Laporan arus kas konsolidasian disusun dengan menggunakan metode langsung, dan dikelompokkan ke dalam aktivitas operasi, investasi dan pendanaan.

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1. GENERAL (Continued)

The scope activities of the Subsidiaries engaged in financing activities are primarily for issuing debt and obtaining loans to finance the Company's operations. The distributor Subsidiaries are primarily engaged in the trading business to assist the distribution of the Company's goods, while the forestry Subsidiary is engaged in supplying woods as main material for paper manufacture.

e. Completion of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The management of the Company is responsible of the preparation of these consolidated financial statements which have been authorized for issued by the Board of Directors on April 30, 2018.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards ("SAK"), which comprise the Statements and Interpretations issued by the Board of Financial Accounting Standards of the Indonesian Institute of Accountants, and the Decree of the Chairman of Bapepam-LK No. KEP-347/BL/2012 dated June 25, 2012 regarding the Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements of Issuers or Public Companies issued by the Financial Services Authority (OJK).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

a. Basis of Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are consistent with the accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The consolidated financial statements, except for the consolidated statements of cash flows, have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting using the historical cost concept, except for certain accounts that are measured on the other basis described in the related accounting policies.

The consolidated statements of cash flows are prepared using the direct method, and classified into operating, investing and financing activities.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Mata uang penyajian yang digunakan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian adalah mata uang Dolar Amerika Serikat (USD), yang juga merupakan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tertentu.

b. Prinsip-prinsip Konsolidasian

Entitas (entitas induk) yang mengendalikan satu atau lebih entitas lain (entitas anak) menyajikan laporan keuangan konsolidasian. Investor, terlepas dari sifat keterlibatannya dengan entitas (*investee*), menentukan apakah investor merupakan entitas induk dengan menilai apakah investor tersebut mengendalikan *investee*.

Investor mengendalikan *investee* ketika investor terekspos atau memiliki hak atas imbalan hasil variabel dari keterlibatannya dengan *investee* dan memiliki kemampuan untuk memengaruhi imbalan hasil tersebut melalui kekuasaannya atas *investee*. Dengan demikian, investor mengendalikan *investee* jika dan hanya jika investor memiliki seluruh hal berikut ini:

- (a) kekuasaan atas investee;
- (b) eksposur atau hak atas imbalan hasil variabel dari keterlibatannya dengan *investee*; dan
- (c) kemampuan untuk menggunakan kekuasaannya atas *investee* untuk memengaruhi jumlah imbalan hasil investor.

Investor menilai kembali apakah investor mengendalikan *investee* jika fakta dan keadaan mengindikasikan adanya perubahan terhadap satu atau lebih dari tiga (3) elemen pengendalian.

Konsolidasi atas *investee* dimulai sejak tanggal investor memperoleh pengendalian atas *investee* dan berakhir ketika investor kehilangan pengendalian atas *investee*.

Entitas induk menentukan apakah entitas induk adalah entitas investasi. Entitas investasi adalah entitas yang:

- (a) memperoleh dana dari satu atau lebih investor dengan tujuan memberikan investor tersebut jasa manajemen investasi;
- (b) menyatakan komitmen kepada investor bahwa tujuan bisnisnya adalah untuk menginvestasikan dana yang semata-mata untuk memperoleh imbalan hasil dari kenaikan nilai modal, penghasilan investasi, atau keduanya; dan
- (c) mengukur dan mengevaluasi kinerja dari seluruh investasinya berdasarkan nilai wajar.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

The persentation currency used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is United States Dollar (USD), which is also the functional currency of the Company and its certain Subsidiaries.

b. Principles of Consolidation

An entity (the parent) that controls one or more other entities (subsidiaries) were present consolidated financial statements. Investors, apart of the nature of its involvement with an entity (investee), determine whether the investor is a parent by assessing whether the investor controls the investee.

An investor controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Therefore, the investor controls the investee if and only if the investor has all of the following:

- (a) power over the investee;
- (b) exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.

Investors reassess whether the investor controls the investee if facts and circumstances indicate that one or more of the three (3) control elements have changed.

Investee is consolidated from the date of the investor obtains control of investee and continues to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases

A parent determines whether the parent entity is an investment entity. An investment entity is an entity

- (a) obtains funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing investment management services;
- (b) its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- (c) measures and evaluates the performance of its investments on a fair value basis.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Entitas induk yang adalah entitas investasi mengukur investasi dalam entitas anak pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi.

Kepentingan nonpengendali mencerminkan bagian atas laba rugi dan aset neto yang tidak diatribusikan kepada entitas induk dan disajikan secara terpisah dalam laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian dan ekuitas pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian, dipisahkan dari ekuitas yang dapat diatribusikan kepada entitas induk.

Seluruh penghasilan komprehensif diatribusikan pada pemilik entitas induk dan pada kepentingan nonpengendali bahkan jika hal ini mengakibatkan kepentingan nonpengendali mempunyai saldo defisit.

Seluruh saldo akun dan transaksi yang material antar entitas yang dikonsolidasi telah dieliminasi.

Perubahan bagian kepemilikan

Perubahan dalam bagian kepemilikan entitas induk pada entitas anak yang tidak mengakibatkan hilangnya pengendalian dicatat sebagai transaksi ekuitas, dimana jumlah tercatat kepentingan pengendali dan nonpengendali disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan perubahan bagian relatifnya atas entitas anak. Perbedaan antara jumlah kepentingan nonpengendali disesuaikan dan nilai wajar imbalan yang diberikan atau diterima diakui secara langsung dalam ekuitas dan diatribusikan pada pemilik entitas induk.

Jika entitas induk kehilangan pengendalian pada entitas anak, maka entitas induk:

- (a) menghentikan pengakuan aset (termasuk setiap goodwill) dan liabilitas entitas anak terdahulu dari laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.
- (b) mengakui sisa investasi pada entitas anak terdahulu pada nilai wajarnya pada tanggal hilangnya pengendalian, dan selanjutnya mencatat sisa investasi tersebut dan setiap jumlah terutang oleh atau kepada entitas anak terdahulu. Nilai wajar tersebut dianggap sebagai nilai wajar pada saat pengakuan awal aset keuangan atau, jika sesuai, biaya perolehan pada saat pengakuan awal investasi pada entitas asosiasi atau ventura bersama.
- (c) mengakui keuntungan atau kerugian terkait dengan hilangnya pengendalian yang dapat diatribusikan pada kepentingan pengendali terdahulu.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

A parent that is an investment entity measures its investments in particular subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss.

Non-controlling interest represents a portion of the profit or loss and net assets not attributable to the parent and is presented separately in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position, separately from equity attributable to the parent.

Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Changes in the ownership interests

Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, in which the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. The difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the parent.

If a parent loses control of a subsidiary, the parent:

- (a) derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the former subsidiary from the consolidated statements of financial position.
- (b) recognizes any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value at the date when control is lost, and subsequently accounts for it and for any amounts owed by or to the former subsidiary. That fair value shall be regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.
- (c) recognizes the gain or loss associated with the loss of control attributable to the former controlling interest.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

c. Kombinasi Bisnis

Kombinasi bisnis dicatat dengan menggunakan metode akuisisi. Jika aset yang diperoleh bukan suatu bisnis, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mencatatnya sebagai akuisisi aset. Biaya perolehan dari sebuah akuisisi diukur berdasarkan nilai agregat imbalan yang dialihkan yang diukur pada nilai wajar tanggal akuisisi dan jumlah setiap kepentingan nonpengendali pada pihak yang diakuisisi. Untuk setiap kombinasi bisnis, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memilih mengukur kepentingan nonpengendali pada pihak yang diakuisisi baik pada nilai wajar atau pada bagian proporsional dari aset neto yang teridentifikasi dari pihak diakuisisi. Biaya terkait akuisisi dibebankan pada saat terjadi dan diakui dalam laba rugi.

Jika kombinasi bisnis dilakukan secara bertahap, setiap kepentingan ekuitas yang dimiliki sebelumnya diukur kembali pada nilai wajar tanggal akuisisi dan setiap keuntungan atau kerugian yang dihasilkan diakui dalam laba rugi.

Setiap imbalan kontinjensi yang dialihkan oleh pihak pengakuisisi diakui pada nilai wajar pada tanggal akuisisi. Imbalan kontinjensi diklasifikasi sebagai aset atau liabilitas yang merupakan instrumen keuangan dan termasuk dalam ruang lingkup PSAK No. 55, diukur pada nilai wajar dengan perubahan pada nilai wajar diakui baik dalam laba rugi atau penghasilan komprehensif lain. Jika imbalan kontinjensi tidak termasuk dalam ruang lingkup PSAK No. 55 diukur dengan PSAK yang sesuai. Imbalan kontinjensi yang diklasifikasikan sebagai ekuitas tidak diukur kembali dan penyelesaian selanjutnya dicatat dalam ekuitas.

Goodwill pada awalnya diakui sebesar biaya perolehan, menjadi selisih lebih nilai gabungan dari imbalan yang dialihkan dan jumlah yang diakui untuk kepentingan nonpengendali, dan setiap kepentingan yang dimiliki sebelumnya, atas jumlah neto aset teridentifikasi yang diperoleh dan liabilitas yang diambil-alih. Dalam kasus pembelian dengan diskon, jika nilai wajar atas aset neto yang diakuisisi melebihi nilai gabungan imbalan yang dialihkan, maka selisih tersebut diakui langsung dalam laba rugi. Setelah pengakuan awal, goodwill diukur pada biaya perolehan dikurangi akumulasi rugi penurunan nilai. Untuk tujuan pengujian penurunan nilai, goodwill yang diperoleh dari suatu kombinasi bisnis, sejak tanggal akuisisi, dialokasikan ke setiap unit penghasil kas dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang diharapkan bermanfaat untuk kombinasi tersebut, terlepas dari apakah aset atau liabilitas lain dari pihak yang diakuisisi ditetapkan ke unit-unit tersebut.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

c. Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. If the asset acquired is not a business, the Company and Subsidiaries account for it as asset acquisition. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition-date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Company and Subsidiaries elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and recognized in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of PSAK No. 55, is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized either in profit or loss or in other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of PSAK No. 55, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate PSAK. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for noncontrolling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company and Subsidiaries' cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Jika goodwill yang telah dialokasikan pada suatu unit penghasil kas dan bagian operasi atas unit tersebut dilepas, maka goodwill yang terkait dengan operasi yang dilepas tersebut dimasukkan ke dalam jumlah tercatat operasi ketika menentukan keuntungan atau kerugian dari pelepasan. Goodwill yang dilepas dalam keadaan tersebut diukur berdasarkan nilai relatif operasi yang dilepas dan porsi unit penghasil kas yang ditahan.

d. Kas dan Setara Kas

Kas dan setara kas terdiri dari saldo kas dan bank, serta deposito berjangka yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu tiga (3) bulan atau kurang sejak tanggal penempatan dan tidak digunakan sebagai jaminan atau dibatasi penggunaannya.

e. Aset Lancar Lainnya

Kas di bank dan deposito berjangka sehubungan dengan restrukturisasi utang, jaminan atas fasilitas impor *Letter of Credit* dan deposito berjangka yang jatuh tempo lebih dari tiga (3) bulan tetapi kurang dari satu (1) tahun disajikan sebagai "Aset Lancar Lainnya."

f. Transaksi dengan Pihak-pihak Berelasi

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengungkapkan transaksi dengan pihak-pihak berelasi. Transaksi ini dilakukan berdasarkan persyaratan yang disetujui oleh kedua belah pihak.

Transaksi yang signifikan dengan pihak-pihak berelasi, diungkapkan dalam catatan atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

g. Persediaan

Persediaan dinyatakan sebesar nilai yang lebih rendah antara biaya perolehan atau nilai realisasi neto (the lower of cost or net realizable value). Biaya perolehan ditentukan dengan metode rata-rata tertimbang (weighted-average method). Biaya barang jadi yang diproduksi dan barang dalam proses termasuk alokasi sistematis overhead produksi. Penyisihan persediaan usang ditentukan berdasarkan hasil penelaahan atas keadaan persediaan pada akhir tahun.

h. Biaya Dibayar Dimuka

Biaya dibayar dimuka diamortisasi selama masa manfaat masing-masing biaya.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

If goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and time deposits with original maturities within three (3) months or less and not pledged as collateral or restricted in use.

e. Other Current Assets

Cash in bank and time deposits in connection with the debt restructuring, as margin deposits for Letter of Credit import facility and time deposits with maturities more than three (3) months but less than one (1) year are presented as "Other Current Assets."

f. Transactions with Related Parties

The Company and Subsidiaries disclose transactions with related parties. The transactions are made based on terms agreed by the parties.

Significant transactions with related parties, are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

g. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Cost of finished goods produced and work in process includes a systematic allocation of production overheads. Allowance for diminution in value of inventories is provided based on a review of the condition of inventories at the end of the year.

h. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are amortized over the periods benefited.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

i. Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi

Entitas asosiasi adalah entitas yang mana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki pengaruh signifikan dan bukan merupakan entitas anak (Catatan 3b) maupun bagian partisipasi dalam ventura bersama. Pemilikan, secara langsung maupun tidak langsung, 20% atau lebih hak suara investee dianggap pemilikan pengaruh signifikan, kecuali dapat dibuktikan dengan jelas hal yang sebaliknya.

Entitas dengan investasinya pada entitas asosiasi mencatat investasinya dengan menggunakan metode ekuitas. Dalam metode ekuitas, investasi pada entitas asosiasi pada awalnya diakui sebesar biaya perolehan dan jumlah tercatat tersebut ditambah atau dikurang untuk mengakui bagian investor atas laba rugi *investee* setelah tanggal perolehan.

Selanjutnya, bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas laba rugi entitas asosiasi, setelah penyesuaian yang diperlukan terhadap dampak penyeragaman kebijakan akuntansi dan eliminasi laba atau rugi yang dihasilkan dari transaksi antara Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dan entitas asosiasi, akan menambah atau mengurangi jumlah tercatat investasi tersebut dan diakui sebagai laba rugi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penerimaan distribusi dari entitas asosiasi mengurangi nilai jumlah tercatat investasi. Penyesuaian terhadap jumlah tercatat tersebut juga diperlukan jika terdapat perubahan dalam proporsi bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas entitas asosiasi yang timbul dari penghasilan komprehensif lain dari entitas asosiasi. Bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas perubahan tersebut diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Goodwill yang terkait dengan akuisisi entitas asosiasi termasuk dalam jumlah tercatat investasi. Goodwill tidak diamortisasi dan dilakukan uji penurunan nilai setiap tahun.

Apabila nilai tercatat investasi telah mencapai nilai nol, kerugian selanjutnya akan diakui bila Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai komitmen untuk menyediakan bantuan pendanaan atau menjamin kewajiban entitas asosiasi yang bersangkutan.

Jika investasi pada entitas asosiasi menjadi investasi pada ventura bersama atau sebaliknya, maka entitas melanjutkan penerapan metode ekuitas dan tidak mengukur kembali kepentingan yang tersisa.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

i. Investment in an Associated Company

An associated company is an entity, over which the Company and Subsidiaries has significant influence and that is neither a Subsidiary (Note 3b) nor an interest in a joint venture. Direct or indirect ownership of 20% or more of the voting power of an investee is presumed to be an ownership of significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case.

An entity with investment in an associated company accounts for its investment using the equity method. Under the equity method, investment in an associated company is initially recognized at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition.

Subsequently, the Company and Subsidiaries' share of the profit or loss of the associated company, after any adjustments necessary to give effect to uniform accounting policies and elimination of profits or losses resulting from transactions between the Company and Subsidiaries and the associated company, increases or decreases its carrying amount and is recognized in the Company and Subsidiaries' profit or loss. Distributions received from the associated company reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Adjustments to the carrying amount may also be necessary for changes in the Company and Subsidiaries' proportionate interest in the associated company arising from changes in the associated company's other The comprehensive income. Company and Subsidiaries' share of those changes is recognized in other comprehensive income of the Company and Subsidiaries.

Goodwill on acquisition of associated company is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Goodwill is no longer amortized but annually assessed for impairment.

Once an investment's carrying value has been reduced to zero, further losses are taken up if the Company and Subsidiaries have committed to provide financial support to, or have guaranteed the obligations of the associated company.

If an investment in an associated company becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the entity continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG **DITERAPKAN** (Lanjutan)

Hutan Tanaman Industri

Biaya-biaya sehubungan dengan kegiatan Hutan Tanaman Industri (HTI) dalam pengembangan, kecuali beban umum dan administrasi yang tidak berkaitan dengan kegiatan tersebut, dikapitalisasi sebagai Hutan Tanaman Industri Dalam Pengembangan. Apabila telah tersedia pohon siap tebang, maka Hutan Tanaman Industri Dalam Pengembangan direklasifikasi ke Hutan Tanaman Industri Siap Tebang dan diamortisasi menggunakan metode unit of production.

k. Aset Tetap

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak telah memilih untuk menggunakan model biaya sebagai kebijakan akuntansi pengukuran aset tetapnya, kecuali hak

Penyusutan dihitung dengan metode garis lurus selama umur manfaat aset. Taksiran masa manfaat ekonomis aset sebagai berikut:

Bangunan dan prasarana

Mesin dan peralatan pabrik 20-25 Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor

Masa manfaat ekonomis aset tetap dan metode depresiasi ditelaah dan disesuaikan, jika sesuai keadaan, pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan.

Tanah dinyatakan sebesar nilai perolehan dan tidak disusutkan.

ISAK No. 25, "Hak Atas Tanah", menetapkan bahwa biaya pengurusan legal hak atas tanah dalam bentuk Hak Guna Usaha ("HGU"), Hak Guna Bangunan ("HGB") dan Hak Pakai ("HP") ketika tanah diperoleh pertama kali diakui sebagai bagian dari biaya perolehan tanah pada akun "Aset Tetap" dan tidak diamortisasi. Sementara biaya pengurusan atas perpanjangan atau pembaruan legal hak atas tanah dalam bentuk HGU, HGB dan HP diakui sebagai bagian dari akun "Beban Ditangguhkan - Neto" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian dan diamortisasi sepanjang mana yang lebih pendek antara umur hukum dan umur ekonomis tanah.

Aset dalam pengerjaan dinyatakan sebesar biaya perolehan dan disajikan sebagai bagian dari "Aset Tetap" dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian. Akumulasi biaya perolehan akan dipindahkan ke masing-masing akun aset tetap yang bersangkutan pada saat aset tersebut selesai dikerjakan dan siap digunakan.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Industrial Timber Estate

All costs incurred in the development of Industrial Timber Estate, except for unrelated general and administration expenses, are capitalized Industrial Timber Estate Under Development. If there are planted trees ready for harvest, the Industrial Timber Estate Under Development are reclassified as Industrial Timber Estate Ready for Harvest and are amortized using unit of production method.

k. Fixed Assets

Tahun/Years

20

5

5

The Company and Subsidiaries had chosen the cost model as the accounting policy for their fixed assets measurement, except land rights.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

> Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment

The fixed assets' useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each end of reporting period.

Land is stated at cost and is not depreciated.

ISAK No. 25, "Land Rights," pescribes that the legal cost of land right in the form of Business Usage Rights ("Hak Guna Usaha" or "HGU"), Building Usage Right (Hak Guna Bangunan or "HGB") and Usage Rights ("Hak Pakai" or "HP") when the land was acquired initially are recognized as part of the cost of the land under the "Fixed Assets" account and not amortized. Meanwhile the extension or the legal renewal costs of land rights in the form of HGU, HGB and HP are recognized as part of "Deferred Charges - Net" account in the consolidated statements of financial position and are amortized over the shorter of the rights' legal life and land's economic life.

Assets under construction are stated at cost and presented as part of "Fixed Assets" in the consolidated statements of financial position. The accumulated costs will be reclassified to the appropriate fixed assets account when construction is completed and the assets are ready for their intended use.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Beban perbaikan dan pemeliharaan dibebankan pada laba rugi pada saat terjadinya; biaya penggantian atau inspeksi yang dikapitalisasi pada saat terjadinya dan jika besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomis di masa depan berkenaan dengan aset tersebut akan mengalir ke Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, dan biaya perolehan aset dapat diukur secara andal. Aset tetap dihentikan pengakuannya pada saat dilepaskan atau ketika tidak ada manfaat ekonomis masa depan penggunaan diharapkan dari vang atau pelepasannya. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang dari penghentian pengakuan aset dimasukkan dalam laba rugi pada tahun aset tersebut dihentikan pengakuannya.

I. Sewa

Sewa yang mengalihkan secara substansial semua risiko dan manfaat yang terkait dengan kepemilikan aset kepada *lessee* diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa pembiayaan. Pada awal masa sewa, sewa pembiayaan dikapitalisasi sebesar nilai wajar aset sewaan atau sebesar nilai kini dari pembayaran sewa minimum, jika nilai kini lebih rendah dari nilai wajar.

Pembayaran sewa minimum dipisahkan antara bagian yang merupakan beban keuangan dan bagian yang merupakan pelunasan liabilitas sehingga menghasilkan suatu tingkat bunga periodik yang konstan atas saldo liabilitas. Beban keuangan dibebankan pada laba rugi. Aset sewaan yang dimiliki oleh *lessee* dengan dasar sewa pembiayaan dicatat pada akun aset tetap dan disusutkan sepanjang masa manfaat dari aset sewaan tersebut atau periode masa sewa, mana yang lebih pendek, jika tidak ada kepastian yang memadai bahwa *lessee* akan mendapatkan hak kepemilikan pada akhir masa sewa.

Sewa yang tidak mengalihkan secara substansial seluruh risiko dan manfaat yang terkait dengan kepemilikan aset diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa operasi.

m. Penurunan Nilai Aset Nonkeuangan

Pada setiap tanggal pelaporan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai apakah terdapat indikasi aset mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat indikasi tersebut, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengestimasi jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut. Jumlah terpulihkan suatu aset atau unit penghasil kas adalah jumlah yang lebih tinggi antara nilai wajar dikurangi biaya untuk menjual dan nilai pakainya. Jika jumlah terpulihkan suatu aset lebih kecil dari jumlah tercatatnya, jumlah tercatat aset

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

The cost of repairs and maintenance is charged to profit or loss as incurred; replacement or major inspection costs are capitalized when incurred and if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and Subsidiaries, and the cost of the item can be reliably measured. An item of fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

I. Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item to the lessee are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or at the present value of the minimum lease payments if the present value is lower than the fair value.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recorded in profit or loss. Leased assets held by the lessee under finance leases are included in fixed assets and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the assets or the lease term, whichever is shorter, if there is no reasonable certainty that lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item are classified as operating leases.

m. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company and Subsidiaries estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

harus diturunkan menjadi sebesar jumlah terpulihkan. Kerugian penurunan nilai diakui segera dalam laba rugi.

Pembalikan rugi penurunan nilai untuk aset nonkeuangan selain goodwill diakui jika, dan hanya jika, terdapat perubahan estimasi yang digunakan dalam menentukan jumlah terpulihkan aset sejak pengujian penurunan nilai terakhir kali. Pembalikan rugi penurunan nilai tersebut diakui segera dalam laba rugi, kecuali aset yang disajikan pada jumlah revaluasian sesuai dengan PSAK lain. Rugi penurunan nilai yang diakui atas goodwill tidak dibalik lagi.

n. Biaya Pinjaman

Biaya pinjaman, baik yang secara langsung maupun tidak langsung digunakan untuk mendanai suatu proses pembangunan aset tertentu yang memenuhi syarat ("aset kualifikasian"), dikapitalisasi hingga saat proses pembangunannya selesai. Untuk pinjaman yang secara khusus digunakan untuk jumlah perolehan kualifikasian. aset yang dikapitalisasi adalah sebesar biaya pinjaman yang terjadi selama periode berjalan, dikurangi dengan pendapatan investasi jangka pendek dari pinjaman tersebut.

Untuk pinjaman yang tidak secara khusus digunakan untuk perolehan aset kualifikasian, jumlah biaya pinjaman yang dikapitalisasi ditentukan dengan mengalikan tingkat kapitalisasi tertentu terhadap pengeluaran untuk aset kualifikasian tersebut.

o. Pengakuan Pendapatan dan Beban

Pendapatan diakui bila besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomi akan diperoleh oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dan jumlahnya dapat diukur secara handal. Pendapatan diukur pada nilai wajar imbalan yang diterima, tidak termasuk diskon, rabat dan pajak penjualan (PPN).

Penjualan lokal diakui pada saat penyerahan barang kepada pelanggan. Penjualan ekspor diakui pada saat barang dimuat di atas kapal pelabuhan pengirim (f.o.b. shipping point). Penjualan disajikan neto dari pajak pertambahan nilai, retur penjualan, klaim dan potongan harga.

Beban diakui pada saat terjadinya atau sesuai dengan masa manfaatnya (accrual basis).

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Reversal on impairment loss for non-financial assets other than goodwill would be recognized if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment test was carried out. Reversal on impairment losses will be immediately recognized on profit or loss, except for assets that presented using the revaluation model in accordance with other PSAK. Impairment losses relating to goodwill would not be reversed.

n. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs, either directly or indirectly used in financing the construction of a qualifying asset, are capitalized up to the date when construction is complete. For borrowings that are specific to the acquisition of a qualifying asset, the amount to be capitalized is determined as the actual borrowing costs incurred during the period, less any income earned from the temporary investment of such borrowings.

For borrowings that are not specific to the acquisition of a qualifying asset, the amount to be capitalized is determined by applying a capitalization rate to the amount expensed on the qualifying asset.

o. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and Subsidiaries and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates and sales taxes (VAT).

Local sales are recognized when the title passes to the customer. Export sales are recognized upon loading of the goods for shipment to customers (f.o.b. shipping point). Sales are presented net of value-added tax, sales returns, claims and price discounts.

Expenses are recognized when incurred or according to their beneficial periods (accrual basis).

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

p. Imbalan Kerja

Efektif tanggal 1 Januari 2017, Perusahaan dan menerapkan PSAK Entitas Anak 2016), "Imbalan Kerja", (Penyesuaian yang mengklarifikasi bahwa pasar yang aktif dan stabil bagi obligasi korporasi berkualitas tinggi dinilai berdasarkan mata uang dimana obligasi tersebut didenominasi dan bukan berdasarkan negara dimana obligasi tersebut berada. Penerapan penyesuaian ini tidak berdampak terhadap laporan keuangan konsolidasian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek

Imbalan kerja jangka pendek merupakan kompensasi yang diberikan oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak seperti gaji, tunjangan, bonus dan pembayaran manfaat pensiun yang diakui pada saat terutang kepada karyawan.

Imbalan Pascakerja

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menentukan liabilitas imbalan pascakerja sesuai dengan Undang-undang Ketenagakerjaan No. 13/2003 ("Undang-Undang") tanggal 25 Maret 2003. PSAK No. 24 mensyaratkan entitas menggunakan metode "*Projected Unit Credit*" untuk menentukan nilai kini kewajiban imbalan pasti, biaya jasa kini terkait, dan biaya jasa lalu.

Ketika entitas memiliki surplus dalam program imbalan pasti, maka entitas mengukur aset imbalan pasti pada jumlah yang lebih rendah antara surplus program imbalan pasti dan batas atas aset yang ditentukan dengan menggunakan tingkat diskonto.

Entitas mengakui komponen biaya imbalan pasti, kecuali SAK mensyaratkan atau mengizinkan biaya tersebut sebagai biaya perolehan aset, sebagai berikut:

- (a) biaya jasa dalam laba rugi;
- (b) bunga neto atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto dalam laba rugi; dan
- (c) pengukuran kembali liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto dalam penghasilan komprehensif

Pengukuran kembali atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto yang diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain tidak direklasifikasi ke laba rugi pada periode berikutnya. Akan tetapi, entitas dapat mengalihkan jumlah yang diakui sebagai penghasilan komprehensif lain tersebut pada pos lain dalam ekuitas.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

p. Employee Benefits

Effective January 1, 2017, the Company and Subsidiaries applied PSAK No. 24 (Improvement 2016), "Employee Benefits," which clarifies that the market depth of high-quality corporate bonds is assessed based on the currency in which the obligation is denominated and not on the basis of the country where the obligation is located. The adoption of this improvement had no impact on the Company and Subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements.

Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits represent compensation provided by the Company and Subsidiaries such as salaries, allowance, bonus and pension contribution paid which are recognized when they accrue to the employees.

Post-employment Benefits

The Company and Subsidiaries determine its postemployment benefits liabilities under Labor Law No. 13/2003 dated March 25, 2003 (the "Law"). PSAK No. 24 requires the present value of the defined benefit obligation, the related current service cost, and past service cost to be determined using the "Projected Unit Credit" method.

When an entity has a surplus in a defined benefit plan, an entity measures the defined benefit asset at the lower amount between the surplus of defined benefit plan and the upper limit on assets that determined using a discount rate.

An entity recognizes the components of defined benefit cost, except SAK require or permit such costs as the acquisition cost of the asset, as follows:

- (a) service cost in profit or loss;
- (b) net interest on net liability (asset) of defined benefit in profit or loss; and
- (c) remeasurement of the net liability (asset) of defined benefit in other comprehensive income.

Remeasurement on net liability (asset) of defined benefit that is recognized in other comprehensive income is not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. However, the entity may transfer the amounts recognized as other comprehensive income in another account in equity.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Pengukuran kembali liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto terdiri atas:

- (a) keuntungan dan kerugian aktuarial;
- (b) imbalan hasil atas aset program, tidak termasuk jumlah yang dimasukkan dalam bunga neto atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto; dan
- (c) setiap perubahan dampak batas atas aset, tidak termasuk jumlah yang dimasukkan dalam bunga neto atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto.

Entitas mengakui biaya jasa lalu sebagai beban pada tanggal yang lebih awal antara ketika amandemen atau kurtailmen program terjadi dan ketika entitas mengakui biaya restrukturisasi terkait atau pesangon.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengakui keuntungan atau kerugian atas penyelesaian program imbalan pasti pada saat penyelesaian terjadi. Kurtailmen terjadi ketika entitas mengurangi secara signifikan jumlah pekerja yang ditanggung oleh program; atau mengubah ketentuan program imbalan pasti sehingga unsur yang signifikan dari jasa masa depan karyawan saat ini tidak lagi memenuhi syarat atas imbalan, atau akan memenuhi syarat hanya untuk imbalan yang dikurangi.

Kurtailmen dapat terjadi karena suatu peristiwa yang sendiri, seperti penutupan pabrik, penghentian operasi, atau terminasi penghentian program. Sebelum menentukan biaya jasa lalu, atau keuntungan dan kerugian atas penyelesaian, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengukur kembali liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto menggunakan nilai wajar kini dari aset program dan asumsi aktuarial kini (termasuk suku bunga pasar dan harga pasar kini yang lain) yang mencerminkan imbalan yang ditawarkan dalam program sebelum amandemen, kurtailmen, atau penyelesaian program.

q. Transaksi dan Saldo dalam Mata Uang Asing

Transaksi dalam mata uang selain USD dijabarkan ke USD berdasarkan kurs yang berlaku pada tanggal transaksi. Pada akhir periode pelaporan, seluruh aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang selain USD dijabarkan ke USD dengan menggunakan kurs tengah yang ditetapkan oleh Bank Indonesia pada tanggal tersebut. Keuntungan atau kerugian selisih kurs yang timbul diakui dalam laba rugi tahun berjalan.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Remeasurement the net liability (asset) of defined benefit consists of:

- (a) actuarial gains and losses;
- (b) return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset); and
- (c) any change in the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset).

The entity recognizes past service cost as an expense in an earlier of when the amendments or curtailment of program occurs and when the entity recognizes related restructuring costs or severances.

The Company and Subsidiaries recognize gains or losses on the settlement of defined benefit plan when it occurs. A curtailment occurs when an entity make a material reduction in the number of employees covered by a plan; or amending the terms of a defined benefit plan so a significant element of future service by current employees will no longer qualify for benefits, or will qualify only for reduced benefits.

A curtailment may arise from an isolated event, such as the closing of a plant, discontinuance of an operation or termination or suspension of a plan. Before determining the past service cost, or gains and losses on the settlement, the Company and Subsidiaries shall remeasure the net liability (asset) of defined benefit using current fair value of plan assets and current actuarial assumptions (including current market interest rates and other current market prices) which reflects the rewards offered in the program prior to amendment, curtailment or settlement program.

q. Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Transactions in currencies other than USD are translated into USD at the rate prevailing at the transaction date. At the end of reporting period, all monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than the USD are translated into USD at the middle exchange rates quoted by Bank Indonesia on that date. The resulting foreign exchange gains or losses are recognized in current year's profit or loss.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Kurs penutup yang digunakan pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebagai berikut (dalam satuan penuh):

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

The closing exchange rates used as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows (in full amount):

	31 Mar 2018/	31 Des 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017	
Dolar AS/ Rupiah Indonesia	13.756,00	13.548,00	US Dollar/ Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS/ Yen Jepang	106,59	112,69	US Dollar/ Japanese Yen
Dolar AS/ Yuan Cina	6,30	6,53	US Dollar/ Chinese Yuan
Dolar AS/ Dolar Singapura	1,31	1,34	US Dollar/ Singapore Dollar
Dolar AS/ Dolar Australia	1,31	1,28	US Dollar/ Australian Dollar
Dolar AS/ Euro Eropa	0,81	0,84	US Dollar/ European Euro

r. Perpajakan

1. Pajak Penghasilan

Beban pajak kini ditetapkan berdasarkan taksiran laba kena pajak tahun berjalan.

Pajak penghasilan dalam laba rugi periode berjalan terdiri dari pajak kini dan tangguhan. Pajak penghasilan diakui dalam laba rugi, kecuali untuk transaksi yang berhubungan dengan transaksi yang diakui langsung dalam ekuitas atau penghasilan komprehensif lain, dalam hal ini diakui dalam ekuitas atau penghasilan komprehensif lain.

Aset pajak kini dan liabilitas pajak kini dilakukan saling hapus jika, dan hanya jika, entitas memiliki hak yang dapat dipaksakan secara hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus jumlah yang diakui; dan memiliki intensi untuk menyelesaikan dengan dasar neto, atau merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitas secara bersamaan.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diakui atas perbedaan temporer antara aset dan liabilitas untuk tujuan komersial dan untuk tujuan perpajakan setiap tanggal pelaporan. Aset pajak tangguhan diakui untuk seluruh perbedaan temporer yang boleh dikurangkan sepanjang besar kemungkinan perbedaan temporer yang boleh dikurangkan tersebut dapat dimanfaatkan untuk mengurangi laba fiskal pada masa yang akan datang. Manfaat pajak di masa mendatang, seperti saldo rugi fiskal yang belum digunakan, diakui sejauh besar kemungkinan realisasi atas manfaat pajak tersebut.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diukur pada tarif pajak yang diharapkan akan digunakan pada periode ketika aset direalisasi atau ketika liabilitas dilunasi berdasarkan tarif pajak (dan peraturan perpajakan) yang berlaku atau secara substansial telah diberlakukan pada akhir periode pelaporan.

. Taxation

1. Income Taxes

Current tax expense is provided based on the estimated taxable income for the year.

Income tax in profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income in which case it is recognized in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the financial and the tax bases of assets and liabilities at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Future tax benefits, such as the carry-forward of unused tax losses, are also recognized to the extent that realization of such benefits is probable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan dilakukan saling hapus jika, dan hanya jika, entitas memiliki hak secara hukum untuk saling hapus aset pajak kini terhadap liabilitas pajak kini, dan aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan terkait dengan pajak penghasilan yang dikenakan oleh otoritas perpajakan atas entitas kena pajak, yang sama atau entitas kena bermaksud pajak berbeda yang memulihkan aset dan liabilitas pajak kini dengan dasar neto, atau merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitas secara bersamaan, pada setiap periode masa depan yang mana jumlah signifikan atas aset atau liabilitas pajak tangguhan diharapkan diselesaikan atau dipulihkan.

Perubahan terhadap kewajiban perpajakan diakui pada saat penetapan pajak diterima dan/atau, jika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengajukan keberatan dan/atau banding, pada saat keputusan atas keberatan dan/atau banding telah ditetapkan.

2. Aset dan Liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak

Entitas Anak menerapkan PSAK No. 70, "Akuntansi Aset dan Liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak", secara prospektif. Standar ini mengatur perlakuan akuntansi atas aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak sesuai dengan Undang-Undang No. 11 Tahun 2016 tentang Pengampunan Pajak (UU Pengampunan Pajak). Pernyataan ini berlaku efektif sejak tanggal pengesahan UU Pengampunan Pajak.

Entitas Anak telah memilih pendekatan opsional terkait dengan pengukuran, penyajian dan pengungkapan aset dan liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak.

Pengukuran saat Pengakuan Awal

Aset Pengampunan Pajak diukur sebesar biaya perolehan atas aset yang timbul dari Pajak Pengampunan berdasarkan Surat Pengampunan ("Surat Keterangan Pajak Keterangan"). Liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak diukur sebesar kewajiban kontraktual untuk menyerahkan kas atau setara kas untuk menyelesaikan kewajiban yang berkaitan langsung dengan perolehan aset Pengampunan Pajak.

Entitas Anak mengakui selisih antara aset Pengampunan Pajak dan liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak di ekuitas dalam pos "Tambahan Modal Disetor". Jumlah tersebut tidak dapat diakui sebagai laba rugi direalisasi maupun direklasifikasi ke saldo laba. Uang tebusan yang dibayarkan diakui dalam laba rugi pada periode Surat Keterangan disampaikan.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity, or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Amendments to tax obligations are recorded when an assessment is received and/or, if objected to and/or appealed against by the Company and Subsidiaries, when the result of the objection and/or appeal is determined.

2. Assets and Liabilities under Tax Amnesty

The Subsidiaries applied PSAK No. 70, "Accounting for Assets and Liabilities Under Tax Amnesty," prospectively. This standard regulates the accounting treatment of the Tax Amnesty assets and liabilities in accordance with Law No. 11 Year 2016 on Tax Amnesty (Tax Amnesty Law). This statement became effective from the date of enactment of the Tax Amnesty Law.

The Subsidiaries has chosen the optional approach in relation to the measurement, presentation and disclosure of Tax Amnesty assets and liabilities.

Measurement at Initial Recognition

The Tax Amnesty assets are measured at cost of the assets arising from Tax Amnesty in accordance with the Tax Amnesty Certificate (the "Certificate"). The Tax Amnesty liabilities are measured at the contractual obligation to deliver cash or cash equivalents to settle the obligations relating directly to the acquisition of the Tax Amnesty assets.

Subsidiaries recognize the difference between the Tax Amnesty assets and Tax Amnesty liabilities in equity under "Additional Paid-in Capital" account. Such amount cannot be recognized as the realized profit or loss nor reclassified to retained earnings. The payment of redemption money is recognized in profit or loss in the period the Certificate is delivered.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Pengukuran setelah Pengakuan Awal

Setelah pengakuan awal, Entitas Anak mengukur aset dan liabilitas Pengampunan Pajaknya mengacu pada SAK yang relevan. Selanjutnya, entitas diperkenankan, namun tidak disyaratkan untuk mengukur kembali aset dan liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak berdasarkan nilai wajar sesuai dengan SAK yang relevan pada tanggal Surat Keterangan.

Selisih pengukuran kembali antara nilai wajar pada tanggal Surat Keterangan dengan biaya perolehan aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak yang telah diakui sebelumnya disesuaikan dalam saldo tambahan modal disetor.

Penghentian Pengakuan

Aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak dihentikan pengakuannya sesuai dengan ketentuan SAK untuk masing-masing jenis aset dan liabilitas tersebut.

Entitas Anak mereklasifikasi aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak ke dalam pos aset dan liabilitas serupa, ketika:

- (a) entitas mengukur kembali aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak; atau
- (b) entitas memperoleh pengendalian atas investee.

Entitas Anak menyajikan kembali laporan keuangan terdekat sebelumnya, hanya jika tanggal laporan keuangan tersebut adalah setelah tanggal Surat Keterangan.

Entitas Anak tidak melakukan saling hapus aset dan liabilitas Pengampunan Pajak.

s. Provisi dan Kontinjensi

Provisi diakui jika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki kewajiban kini (baik bersifat hukum maupun bersifat konstruktif) yang akibat peristiwa masa lalu, besar kemungkinannya penyelesaian kewajiban tersebut mengakibatkan arus keluar sumber daya yang mengandung manfaat ekonomi dan estimasi yang andal mengenai jumlah kewajiban tersebut dapat dibuat.

Provisi ditelaah pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan dan disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan estimasi terbaik yang paling kini. Jika arus keluar sumber daya untuk menyelesaikan kewajiban kemungkinan besar tidak terjadi, maka provisi dibatalkan.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Measurement after Initial Recognition

After initial recognition, the Subsidiaries measure their Tax Amnesty assets and liabilities in reference to the relevant SAK. Furthermore, an entity is allowed, but not required, to remeasure the assets and liabilities under Tax Amnesty at fair value in accordance with the relevant SAK at the date of the Certificate.

The difference resulting from remeasurement between the fair value on the date of the Certificate and the costs of the assets and liabilities under Tax Amnesty recognized previously is adjusted in the balance of additional paid-in capital.

Derecognition

Assets and liabilities under Tax Amnesty are derecognized in accordance with the provisions of SAK for each type of asset and liability.

Subsidiaries reclassify the assets and liabilities under Tax Amnesty to the item of similar assets and liabilities, when:

- (a) the entity remeasures the assets and liabilities under Tax Amnesty; or
- (b) the entity obtains control over the investee.

Subsidiaries restates its previous closest financial statements, only if the date of such financial statements is after the date of the Certificate.

Subsidiaries do not offset Tax Amnesty assets and liabilities against each other.

s. Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company and Subsidiaries have a present obligation (legal or constructive) where, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are reviewed at each end of reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Aset dan liabilitas kontinjensi tidak diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian. Liabilitas kontinjensi diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan kecuali arus keluar sumber konsolidasian, dava yang mengandung manfaat ekonomi kemungkinannya kecil. Aset kontinjensi diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian, jika terdapat kemungkinan besar arus masuk manfaat ekonomis akan diperoleh.

t. Instrumen Keuangan

Efektif tanggal 1 Januari 2017, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan PSAK No. 60 (Penyesuaian 2016), "Instrumen Keuangan: Pengungkapan", yang mengklarifikasi bahwa entitas harus menilai sifat dari imbalan kontrak jasa untuk menentukan apakah entitas memiliki keterlibatan berkelanjutan dalam aset keuangan dan apakah persyaratan pengungkapan terkait keterlibatan berkelanjutan terpenuhi. Penerapan penyesuaian ini tidak berdampak terhadap laporan keuangan konsolidasian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

1. Aset Keuangan

Pengakuan awal

Aset keuangan pada awalnya diakui sebesar nilai wajarnya ditambah biaya transaksi, kecuali untuk aset keuangan yang diklasifikasikan nilai waiar melalui laba pada ruai pada awalnya diukur dengan vand nilai wajar. Klasifikasi aset keuangan antara lain sebagai aset keuangan yang ditetapkan untuk diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi (FVTPL), dimiliki investasi hingga jatuh tempo (HTM), pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang atau aset keuangan tersedia untuk dijual (AFS). Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi aset keuangannya pada saat pengakuan awal dan, sepanjang diperbolehkan dan diperlukan, ditelaah kembali pengklasifikasian aset tersebut pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, aset keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terdiri dari aset keuangan pada FVTPL, dan pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang (Catatan 44). PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

t. Financial Instruments

Effective January 1, 2017, the Company and Subsidiaries applied PSAK No. 60 (Improvement 2016), "Financial Instrument: Disclosures," which clarifies that the entity shall assess the nature of servicing contract fee to determine whether the entity has a continuing involvement in the financial asset and whether disclosure requirements related to continuing involvement are met. The adoption of this improvement had no impact on the Company and Subsidiaries's consolidated financial statements.

1. Financial Assets

Initial recognition

Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs, except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), held-to-maturity investments (HTM), loans and receivables or available-for-sale financial assets (AFS). The Company and Subsidiaries determines the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates the designation of such assets at each end of reporting period.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company and Subsidiaries' financial assets consisted of financial assets at FVTPL, and loans and receivables (Note 44).

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Pengukuran selanjutnya

Aset keuangan FVTPL

Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai FVTPL jika aset keuangan diperoleh untuk diperdagangkan atau ditetapkan sebagai FVTPL pada saat pengakuan awal. Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai kelompok diperdagangkan jika diperoleh untuk tujuan dijual atau dibeli kembali dalam waktu dekat. Aset keuangan yang ditetapkan sebagai FVTPL disajikan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian pada nilai wajar dengan keuntungan atau kerugian dari perubahan nilai wajar diakui dalam laba rugi. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang diakui dalam laba rugi termasuk dividen atau bunga yang diperoleh dari aset keuangan.

· Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang

Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang adalah aset keuangan nonderivatif dengan pembayaran tetap atau telah ditentukan, yang tidak mempunyai kuotasi di pasar aktif. Aset keuangan tersebut diukur sebesar biaya perolehan diamortisasi menggunakan metode bunga efektif, dikurangi dengan penurunan nilai. Keuntungan atau kerugian diakui dalam laba rugi pada saat pinjaman yang piutang diberikan dan dihentikan pengakuannya atau mengalami penurunan nilai, serta melalui proses amortisasi.

Penurunan nilai aset keuangan

Pada setiap tanggal pelaporan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi apakah aset keuangannya mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat bukti obyektif penurunan nilai, maka jumlah kerugian tersebut, yang diukur sebagai selisih antara jumlah tercatat aset dengan nilai kini estimasi arus kas masa datang (tidak termasuk kerugian kredit di masa datang yang belum terjadi) yang didiskonto menggunakan suku bunga efektif yang dihitung saat pengakuan awal aset tersebut, diakui pada laba rugi.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL where the financial assets are either held for trading or they are designated as FVTPL at initial recognition. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets at FVTPL are carried on the consolidated statements of financial position at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. The gains or losses recognized in profit or loss include any dividend or interest earned from the financial assets.

· Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such financial assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate at each reporting date whether any of their financial asset is impaired. If there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount of loss, which is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of the asset, shall be recognized in profit or loss.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Penghentian pengakuan aset keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghentikan pengakuan aset keuangan jika, dan hanya jika, hak kontraktual atas arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan tersebut berakhir, atau Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mentransfer hak kontraktual untuk menerima arus kas yang berasal dan dari aset keuangan, atau tetap memiliki hak kontraktual untuk menerima arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan namun juga menanggung kewajiban kontraktual untuk membayar arus kas yang diterima tersebut kepada satu atau lebih pihak penerima melalui suatu kesepakatan yang memenuhi persyaratan tertentu. Ketika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mentransfer aset keuangan, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi sejauh mana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tetap memiliki risiko dan manfaat atas kepemilikan aset keuangan tersebut.

2. Liabilitas Keuangan dan Instrumen Ekuitas

Pengakuan awal

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi liabilitas keuangannya pada saat pengakuan awal. Instrumen utang dan ekuitas dikelompokkan sebagai liabilitas keuangan atau sebagai ekuitas sesuai dengan substansi pengaturan kontraktual.

Liabilitas keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada FVTPL atau liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi. Liabilitas keuangan diakui pada awalnya sebesar nilai wajar dan, dalam hal pinjaman dan utang, termasuk biaya transaksi yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung.

Instrumen ekuitas adalah setiap kontrak yang memberikan hak residual atas aset suatu entitas setelah dikurangi seluruh liabilitasnya. Instrumen ekuitas yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dicatat sebesar hasil yang diperoleh, dikurangi biaya penerbitan instrumen ekuitas.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries derecognize financial assets if, and only if, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset are transferred to another entity, or the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset are retained but they assume a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients in an arrangement that meets certain the conditions. When Company Subsidiaries transfer a financial asset, they evaluates the extent to which they retain the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.

2. Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Initial recognition

The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of their financial liabilities at initial recognition. Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL or financial liabilities measured at cost. Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, inclusive of directly attributable transaction costs.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company and Subsidiaries are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issuance costs.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Instrumen keuangan majemuk, seperti obligasi atau instrumen sejenis yang dapat dikonversi oleh pemegangnya menjadi saham biasa dengan total yang telah ditetapkan, dipisahkan antara liabilitas keuangan dan ekuitas sesuai dengan substansi pengaturan kontraktual. Pada penerbitan instrumen tanggal keuangan majemuk, nilai wajar dari komponen liabilitas diestimasi dengan menggunakan suku bunga yang berlaku di pasar untuk instrumen nonconvertible yang serupa. Jumlah ini dicatat sebagai liabilitas dengan dasar biaya perolehan diamortisasi menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif sampai dengan liabilitas tersebut berakhir melalui konversi atau pada tanggal instrumen jatuh tempo. Komponen ekuitas ditentukan dengan cara mengurangkan total komponen liabilitas dari keseluruhan nilai wajar instrumen keuangan majemuk. Jumlah tersebut diakui dan dicatat dalam ekuitas, dikurangi dengan pajak penghasilan, dan tidak ada pengukuran setelah pengakuan awal.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, liabilitas keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi (Catatan 44).

Pengukuran selanjutnya

Setelah pengakuan awal, liabilitas keuangan dalam kategori ini selanjutnya diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif. Keuntungan atau kerugian diakui dalam laba rugi pada saat liabilitas tersebut dihentikan pengakuannya, atau mengalami penurunan nilai, serta melalui proses amortisasi.

Penghentian pengakuan liabilitas keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghentikan pengakuan liabilitas keuangan jika, dan hanya jika, kewajiban Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dilepaskan, dibatalkan atau kedaluwarsa.

3. Saling hapus instrumen keuangan

Aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan saling hapus dan jumlah netonya dilaporkan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian jika, dan hanya jika, saat ini memiliki hak yang berkekuatan hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus atas jumlah yang telah diakui dan terdapat niat untuk menyelesaikannya secara neto, atau untuk merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitasnya secara simultan.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

Compound financial instruments, a bond or similar instrument convertible by the holder into a fixed number of ordinary shares, are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. At the date of issuance of compound financial instruments, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar non-convertible instrument. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortized cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date. The equity component is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound financial instruments as a whole. This amount is recognized and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company and Subsidiaries' financial liabilities measured at amortized cost (Note 44).

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities in the category are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial liabilities are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company and Subsidiaries derecognize financial liabilities if, and only if, the Company and Subsidiaries' obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

3. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

4. Instrumen keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi

Biaya perolehan diamortisasi dihitung menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif dikurangi dengan penyisihan atas penurunan nilai dan pembayaran pokok atau nilai yang tidak dapat ditagih. Perhitungan tersebut mempertimbangkan premium atau diskonto pada saat perolehan dan termasuk biaya transaksi dan biaya yang merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari suku bunga efektif.

Suku bunga efektif adalah suku bunga yang secara tepat mendiskontokan estimasi arus kas masa datang selama perkiraan umur dari instrumen keuangan, atau jika lebih tepat, digunakan periode yang lebih singkat, untuk jumlah tercatat neto instrumen keuangan. Total bunga berdasarkan penerapan metode suku bunga efektif diakui sebagai penghasilan atau beban bunga.

u. Pengukuran Nilai Wajar

Nilai wajar instrumen keuangan yang diperdagangkan di pasar aktif pada setiap tanggal pelaporan ditentukan dengan mengacu pada kuotasi harga pasar atau kuotasi harga pedagang efek (harga penawaran untuk posisi beli dan harga permintaan untuk posisi jual), tidak termasuk pengurangan apapun untuk biaya transaksi.

Untuk instrumen keuangan yang tidak memiliki pasar aktif, nilai wajar ditentukan dengan menggunakan teknik penilaian. Teknik penilaian mencakup penggunaan transaksi pasar terkini yang dilakukan secara wajar oleh pihak-pihak yang berkeinginan dan memahami (recent arm's length market transactions), penggunaan nilai wajar terkini instrumen lain yang secara substansial sama, analisa arus kas yang didiskonto, atau model penilaian lain.

v. Informasi Segmen

Entitas mengungkapkan informasi yang memungkinkan pengguna laporan keuangan untuk mengevaluasi sifat dan dampak keuangan dari aktivitas bisnis dan menggunakan "pendekatan manajemen" dalam menyajikan informasi segmen menggunakan dasar yang sama seperti halnya pelaporan internal. Segmen operasi dilaporkan dengan cara yang konsisten dengan pelaporan internal yang disampaikan kepada pengambil keputusan operasional. Dalam hal ini pengambil keputusan operasional yang mengambil keputusan strategis adalah Direksi.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

4. Financial instruments measured at amortized cost

Amortized cost is computed using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment and principal repayment or reduction. The calculation takes into account any premium or discount on acquisition and includes transaction costs and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. The interest amount based on the application of effective interest method is recognized as interest income or expense.

u. Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets at each reporting date is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long position and price demand for short position), excluding any deduction for transaction costs.

For financial instruments where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques may include using recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, or other valuation models.

v. Segment Information

Entities disclose information that enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business activities and use "management approach" under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes. Operating segment is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the board of directors that makes strategic decisions.

3. KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI SIGNIFIKAN YANG DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

w. Laba atau Rugi per Saham

Laba atau rugi per saham dasar dihitung dengan membagi laba atau rugi yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemegang saham biasa entitas induk, dengan jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham biasa yang beredar, dalam suatu tahun.

Laba atau rugi per saham dilusian dihitung dengan membagi laba atau rugi yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemegang saham biasa entitas induk, dengan jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham yang beredar, atas dampak dari semua efek yang mempunyai potensi saham biasa yang bersifat dilutif.

x. Beban Emisi Saham

Beban emisi saham merupakan beban-beban yang dikeluarkan dalam rangka Penawaran Umum Terbatas II dengan Hak Memesan Efek Terlebih Dahulu (PUT II), disajikan sebagai pengurang akun tambahan modal disetor dan tidak diamortisasi.

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING

Penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia mewajibkan manajemen untuk membuat pertimbangan dan estimasi yang memengaruhi jumlah-jumlah yang dilaporkan dalam laporan keuangan. Sehubungan dengan adanya ketidakpastian yang melekat dalam membuat estimasi, hasil sebenarnya yang dilaporkan di masa mendatang dapat berbeda dengan jumlah estimasi yang dibuat.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mendasarkan pertimbangan dan estimasinya pada parameter yang tersedia pada saat laporan keuangan disusun. Situasi mengenai perkembangan masa depan mungkin berubah akibat perubahan pasar atau situasi diluar kendali Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Perubahan tersebut dicerminkan dalam perimbangan terkait pada saat terjadinya.

Pertimbangan dan estimasi berikut ini dibuat oleh manajemen dalam rangka penerapan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang memiliki pengaruh paling signifikan atas jumlah yang diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian:

Menentukan mata uang fungsional

Faktor-faktor yang dipertimbangkan dalam menentukan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan masing-masing Entitas Anak termasuk, antara lain, mata uang:

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (Continued)

w. Earnings or Loss Per Share

Basic earnings or losses per share are calculated by dividing profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, during the vear.

Diluted earnings or losses per share are calculated by dividing profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity, by the weighted average number of shares outstanding, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

x. Stock Issuance Costs

Stock issuance costs are expenses paid by the Company for Limited Public Offering II with Preemptive Rights / HMETD (PUT II), deducted from additional paid in capital and are not amortized.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of consolidated financial statements, in conformity with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards, requires management to make judgments and estimations that affect amounts reported therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods may differ from those estimates.

The Company and Subsidiaries based its judgments and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Company and Subsidiaries. Such changes are reflected in the judgments as they occur.

The following judgments and estimates made by management in the process of applying the Company and Subsidiaries' accounting policies have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

Determining functional currency

The factors considered in determining the functional currency of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries include, among others, the currency:

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

- yang paling memengaruhi harga jual barang dan jasa;
- dari negara yang kekuatan persaingan dan peraturannya sebagian besar menentukan harga jual barang dan jasa entitas;
- yang paling memengaruhi biaya tenaga kerja, bahan baku, dan biaya lain dari pengadaan barang atau iasa:
- yang mana dana dari aktivitas pendanaan dihasilkan; dan
- yang mana penerimaan dari aktivitas operasi pada umumnya ditahan.

Menentukan klasifikasi aset dan liabilitas keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi atas aset dan liabilitas tertentu sebagai aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan dengan mempertimbangkan apakah definisi yang ditetapkan PSAK No. 55 dipenuhi. Dengan demikian, aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan diakui sesuai dengan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak seperti diungkapkan pada Catatan 3.

Menentukan nilai wajar dan perhitungan amortisasi biaya perolehan dari instrumen keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mencatat aset dan liabilitas keuangan tertentu pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi, yang mengharuskan penggunaan estimasi akuntansi. Sementara komponen signifikan atas asumsi yang digunakan dalam perhitungan amortisasi biaya perolehan ditentukan menggunakan bukti obyektif yang dapat diverifikasi, jumlah amortisasi dapat berbeda bila Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan metodologi penilaian atau asumsi yang berbeda. Perubahan tersebut dapat memengaruhi secara langsung laba rugi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 44.

Menilai jumlah terpulihkan dari aset keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi akun piutang tertentu yang diketahui bahwa pelanggan tertentu tidak dapat memenuhi kewajiban keuangannya. Dalam hal tersebut, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan pertimbangan, berdasarkan fakta dan situasi yang tersedia, termasuk namun tidak terbatas pada, jangka waktu hubungan dengan pelanggan dan status kredit dari pelanggan berdasarkan catatan kredit dari pihak ketiga yang tersedia dan faktor pasar yang telah diketahui, untuk mencatat penyisihan spesifik atas pelanggan terhadap jumlah terutang guna mengurangi jumlah piutang yang diharapkan dapat diterima oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penyisihan spesifik ini dievaluasi kembali dan disesuaikan jika tambahan

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

- that mainly influences sales prices for goods and services;
- of the country whose competitive forces and regulations mainly determine the sales prices of its goods and services;
- that mainly influences labor, material and other costs of providing goods or services;
- in which funds from financing activities are generated; and
- in which receipts from operating activities are usually retained.

<u>Determining classification of financial assets and financial liability</u>

The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of certain assets and liabilities as financial assets and financial liabilities by judging if they meet definition set forth in PSAK No. 55. Accordingly, the financial assets and financial liabilities are accounted for in accordance with the Company and Subsidiaries' accounting policies disclosed in Note 3.

<u>Determining fair value and calculation of cost</u> amortization of financial instruments

The Company and Subsidiaries record certain financial assets and liabilities at amortized costs, which require the use of accounting estimates. While significant components of assumptions used in the calculation of cost amortization were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the fair value or amortization amount would differ if the Company and Subsidiaries utilized different valuation methodology or assumption. Such changes would directly affect the Company and Subsidiaries' profit or loss. Further details are disclosed in Note 44.

Assessing recoverable amounts of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate specific accounts receivable where they have information that certain customers are unable to meet their financial obligations. In these cases, the Company and Subsidiaries use judgment, based on available facts and circumstances, including but not limited to, the length of their relationship with the customer and the customer's current credit status based on any available third party credit reports and known market factors, to record specific provisions for customers against amounts due to reduce their receivable amounts that the Company and Subsidiaries expect to collect. These specific provisions adjusted re-evaluated and as additional information received affects the provision for impairment.

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

informasi yang diterima memengaruhi jumlah penyisihan atas penurunan nilai piutang. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 7 dan 12.

Menilai penyisihan penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan

Penyisihan penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan diestimasi berdasarkan fakta dan situasi yang tersedia, termasuk namun tidak terbatas kepada, kondisi fisik persediaan yang dimiliki, harga jual pasar, estimasi biaya penyelesaian dan estimasi biaya yang timbul untuk penjualan. Provisi dievaluasi kembali dan disesuaikan jika terdapat tambahan informasi yang memengaruhi jumlah yang diestimasi.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan.

Menilai penurunan nilai aset nonkeuangan tertentu

PSAK No. 48 mensyaratkan bahwa penilaian penurunan nilai dilakukan pada aset nonkeuangan tertentu apabila terdapat kejadian atau perubahan keadaan yang mengindikasikan bahwa nilai tercatat tidak dapat diperoleh kembali. Faktor-faktor yang dianggap penting oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang dapat memicu penelaahan atas penurunan nilai adalah sebagai berikut:

- (a) kinerja yang relatif kurang signifikan terhadap expected historical atau hasil operasional yang diharapkan dari proyek masa depan;
- (b) perubahan signifikan dalam cara penggunaan aset yang diperoleh atau strategi bisnis secara keseluruhan; dan
- (c) tren industri atau ekonomi yang negatif secara signifikan.

Kerugian akibat penurunan nilai diakui apabila nilai tercatat aset nonkeuangan melebihi jumlah yang dapat dipulihkan. Menentukan jumlah yang dapat dipulihkan atas aset-aset tersebut membutuhkan estimasi atas arus kas yang diharapkan dapat dihasilkan dari penggunaan lanjutan dan disposisi akhir dari aset tersebut.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan nilai aset tetap, investasi pada entitas asosiasi dan aset tidak lancar lainnya. PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

Further details are disclosed in Notes 7 and 12.

Assessing allowance for decline in market value and obsolescence of inventories

Allowance for decline in market value and obsolescence of inventories is estimated based on available facts and circumstances, including but not limited to, the inventories own physical condition, their market selling prices, estimated costs of completion and estimated costs to be incurred for their sales. The provisions are re-evaluated and adjusted as additional information received affects the amount estimated.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company and Subsidiaries assessed that there was no indication of decline in market value and obsolescence of their inventories.

Assessing impairment of certain non-financial assets

PSAK No. 48 requires that an impairment review be performed on certain non-financial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company and Subsidiaries consider important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- (a) significant under performance relative to the expected historical or future project operating results;
- (b) significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; and
- (c) significant negative industry or economic trends.

An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of a non-financial asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Determining the recoverable amount of such assets requires the estimation of cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company and Subsidiaries assessed that there was no indication of impairment on their fixed assets, investment in associates and other non-current assets.

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Menentukan metode penyusutan dan estimasi umur manfaat aset tetap

Biaya perolehan aset tetap disusutkan dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus berdasarkan taksiran masa manfaat ekonomisnya. Manajemen mengestimasi masa manfaat ekonomis aset tetap lima (5) tahun sampai dengan dua puluh lima (25) tahun. Ini adalah umur yang secara umum diharapkan dalam industri dimana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjalankan bisnisnya. Perubahan tingkat pemakaian dan perkembangan teknologi dapat memengaruhi masa manfaat ekonomis dan nilai sisa aset, dan karenanya biaya penyusutan masa depan mungkin direvisi. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 16.

Menilai pengendalian atau pengaruh signifikan pada entitas lain

Perusahaan menilai apakah Perusahaan memiliki pengendalian atau pengaruh signifikan pada entitas lain melalui:

- adanya dewan perwakilan Perusahaan pada entitas lain dan pernyataan kontraktual.
- Perusahaan merupakan pemegang saham mayoritas dengan kepentingan ekuitas yang lebih besar dari pemegang saham lainnya.
- memiliki kekuatan untuk berpartisipasi dalam pengambilan keputusan keuangan dan operasi.

Alokasi harga beli dalam suatu kombinasi bisnis

Akuntansi akuisisi mensyaratkan penggunaan estimasi dan pertimbangan akuntansi untuk mengalokasikan harga perolehan terhadap nilai pasar wajar dari aset dan liabilitas yang teridentifikasi dari entitas yang diakuisisi. Setiap kelebihan dari harga perolehan atas nilai pasar wajar yang diestimasikan dari aset neto yang diakuisisi diakui sebagai *goodwill* dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian. Dengan demikian, pertimbangan yang dibuat dalam mengestimasi nilai pasar wajar yang diatribusikan ke aset dan liabilitas entitas yang diakuisisi dapat memengaruhi kinerja keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak secara material.

Estimasi biaya dan liabilitas imbalan pascakerja

Penentuan liabilitas dan biaya imbalan pascakerja Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak bergantung pada pemilihan asumsi yang digunakan dalam menghitung jumlah-jumlah tersebut. Asumsi tersebut termasuk antara lain, tingkat diskonto, tingkat kenaikan gaji, tingkat pengunduran diri, tingkat cacat, umur pensiun normal dan tingkat mortalitas. Sementara Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak berkeyakinan bahwa asumsi tersebut adalah wajar dan sesuai, perbedaan signifikan pada hasil aktual atau perubahan signifikan dalam asumsi yang ditetapkan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

<u>Determining</u> <u>depreciation</u> <u>method</u> <u>and</u> <u>estimated</u> <u>useful</u> <u>lives</u> of fixed assets

The costs of fixed assets are depreciated on a straightline basis over their estimated useful lives. Management properly estimates the useful lives of these fixed assets to be within five (5) years to twenty-five (25) years. These are common life expectancies applied in the industries in which the Company and Subsidiaries conduct their business. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact on the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, and therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. Further details are disclosed in Note 16.

Assessing control or significant influence on other entities

The Company has assessed the significant influence of the Company in other entities through:

- the presence of the board representative of the Company and the contractual term.
- the Company is the majority shareholder with the greater interest of other shareholders.
- has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions.

Purchase price allocation in a business combination

Acquisition of accounting requires extensive use of accounting estimates and judgments to allocate the purchase price to the fair market values of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liability at the acquisition date. Any excess in the purchase price over the estimated fair market values of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill in the consolidated financial statements. Thus, the numerous judgments made in estimating the fair market value to be assigned to the acquiree's assets and liability can materially affect the Company and Subsidiaries' financial performance.

<u>Estimate</u> of post-employment benefits expense and <u>liability</u>

The determination of the Company and Subsidiaries' liability and expense for post-employment benefits is dependent on its selection of certain assumptions used in calculating such amounts. These assumptions include among others, discount rates, salary increment rate, turnover rate, disability rate, normal pension age and mortality rate. While the Company and Subsidiaries' believe that its assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the Company and Subsidiaries' actual results or significant changes in the Company and Subsidiaries' assumptions may materially

4. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

dapat memengaruhi secara material liabilitas dan beban imbalan kerja. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 29.

Menentukan pajak penghasilan

Pertimbangan signifikan dilakukan dalam menentukan provisi atas pajak penghasilan badan. Terdapat transaksi dan perhitungan tertentu yang penentuan pajak akhirnya adalah tidak pasti sepanjang kegiatan usaha normal. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengakui liabilitas atas pajak penghasilan badan yang diharapkan berdasarkan estimasi apakah akan terdapat tambahan pajak penghasilan badan yang akan jatuh tempo.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menelaah aset pajak tangguhan pada setiap tanggal pelaporan dan mengurangi jumlah tercatat sepanjang tidak ada kemungkinan bahwa laba kena pajak memadai untuk mengompensasi sebagian atau seluruh aset pajak tangguhan. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak juga menelaah waktu yang diharapkan dan tarif pajak atas pemulihan perbedaan temporer dan menyesuaikan pengaruh atas pajak tangguhan yang sesuai. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 37.

Mengevaluasi provisi dan kontinjensi

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terlibat dalam berbagai proses hukum dan pajak. Manajemen melakukan penilaian untuk membedakan antara provisi dan kontinjensi terutama melalui konsultasi dengan penasehat hukum Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang menangani proses hukum dan pajak tersebut. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempersiapkan provisi yang sesuai untuk proses hukum saat ini atau kewajiban konstruktif, jika ada, sesuai dengan kebijakan provisinya, dan memperhitungkan risiko dan ketidakpastian yang relevan.

Dalam situasi tertentu, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tidak dapat menentukan secara pasti jumlah liabilitas pajak mereka pada saat ini atau masa depan karena proses pemeriksaan, atau negosiasi dengan otoritas perpajakan. Ketidakpastian timbul terkait dengan interpretasi dari peraturan perpajakan yang kompleks serta jumlah dan waktu dari penghasilan kena pajak di masa depan. Dalam menentukan jumlah yang harus diakui terkait dengan liabilitas pajak yang tidak pasti, Entitas Perusahaan dan Anak menerapkan pertimbangan yang sama yang akan mereka gunakan dalam menentukan jumlah cadangan yang harus diakui sesuai dengan PSAK No. 57, "Provisi, Liabilitas Kontinjensi, dan Aset Kontinjensi".

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

affect its post-employment liability and expense. Further details are disclosed in Note 29.

Determining income taxes

Significant judgment is involved in determining provision for corporate income tax. There are certain transactions and computation for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company and Subsidiaries recognizes liabilities for expected corporate income tax based on estimates as to whether additional corporate income tax will be due.

The Company and Subsidiaries review their deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. The Company and Subsidiaries also review the expected timing and tax rates upon reversal of temporary differences and adjusts the impact of deferred tax accordingly. Further details are disclosed in Note 37.

Evaluating provisions and contingencies

The Company and Subsidiaries are involved in various legal and tax proceedings. The management exercises its judgment to distinguish between provisions and contingencies mainly through consultation with the Company and Subsidiaries' legal counsel handling those proceedings. The Company and Subsidiaries set up appropriate provisions for their present legal or constructive obligations, if any, in accordance with their policies on provisions, and takes the relevant risks and uncertainty into account.

In certain circumstances, the Company and Subsidiaries may not be able to determine the exact amount of their current or future tax liabilities due to ongoing investigations by, or negotiations with, the taxation authority. Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. In determining the amount to be recognized in respect of an uncertain tax liability, The Company and Subsidiaries apply similar considerations as it would use in determining the amount of a provision to be recognized in accordance with PSAK No. 57, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets."

5. AKUISISI KEPENTINGAN NONPENGENDALI

Pada tanggal 13 Juni 2011, Perusahaan menandatangani Perjanjian Jual Beli Saham dengan PT Inhutani I (Persero) untuk membeli 4.801.000 lembar saham PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya yang mewakili 40% kepemilikan dengan nilai akuisisi sebesar Rp14,75 miliar. Perjanjian tersebut termuat dalam akta Jual Beli Saham No. 36 tertanggal 13 Juni 2011 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., Notaris di Jakarta Pusat.

Pada tanggal 21 Desember 2011, Perusahaan telah menandatangani Akta Pernyataan Keputusan Para Pemegang Saham No. 65 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., Notaris berkedudukan di Kota Jakarta Pusat untuk menyetujui penjualan 10 lembar saham milik Perusahaan di PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya kepada PT Purinusa Ekapersada, dan pemberitahuannya telah diterima dan dicatat oleh Kementerian Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia tertanggal 3 Januari 2012 No. AHU-AH.01.10-00267.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, jumlah penyertaan Perusahaan di PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya adalah sebesar 99,99% dan saldo selisih transaksi dengan kepentingan nonpengendali adalah sebesar USD2,0 juta.

6. KAS DAN SETARA KAS

Akun ini terdiri dari:

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5. ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

On June 13, 2011, the Company entered into a Share Sale and Purchase Agreement with PT Inhutani I (Persero) to purchase the 4,801,000 shares of PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya representing 40% ownership at acquisition price amounting to Rp14.75 billion. The agreement was stated on deed Share Sale and Purchase No. 36 dated June 13, 2011 of Linda Herawati, S.H., Notary in Central Jakarta.

On December 21, 2011, the shareholders has signed a Statement of Shareholders Resolutions No. 65 made before Linda Herawati, S.H., Notary based in Central Jakarta to sell 10 shares owned by the Company in PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya to PT Purinusa Ekapersada, and has been received and recorded by Ministry of Law and Human Rights Republic of Indonesia dated January 3, 2012 in its decree No. AHU-AH.01.10-00267.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the percentage ownership of the Company in PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya is 99.99% and the difference arising from transaction with non-controlling interest amounting to USD2.0 million.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/	31 Des 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Kas	19	23	Cash on hand
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in banks</u>
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	2.597	1.882	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	2.542	26.701	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	2.075	6.086	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD1 juta)	3.310	3.667	USD1 million)
Total kas di bank	10.524	38.336	Total cash in banks
Setara Kas			<u>Cash equivalents</u>
Deposito berjangka			<u>Time deposits</u>
Rupiah Indonesia:			<u>Indonesian Rupiah:</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	40.346	6.791	(Persero) Tbk
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD1 juta)	-	369	USD1 million)

konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan

31 Desember 2017.

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6. KAS DAN SETARA KAS (Laniutan)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

KAS DAN SETARA KAS (Lanjutan)	6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)			
	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar</i> 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017		
<u>Dolar AS:</u> PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk Ningbo Commerce Bank	18.300 12.500	- 78.000	<u>US Dollar:</u> PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk Ningbo Commerce Bank	
Total deposito berjangka	71.146	85.160	Total time deposits	
Total kas dan setara kas - pihak ketiga	81.689	123.519	Total cash and cash equivalents - third parties	
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 41f) Kas di bank PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	923	939	Related party (Note 41f) <u>Cash in bank</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	
Setara kas Deposito berjangka Rupiah Indonesia: PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk		376	<u>Cash equivalent</u> <u>Time deposits</u> <u>Indonesian Rupiah:</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	
Total kas di bank dan setara kas - pihak berelasi	923	1.315	Total cash in bank and cash equivalent - related party	
Total	82.612	124.834	Total	
Rincian kas dan setara kas berdasarka adalah sebagai berikut:	an mata uang 31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	Details of ca currencies were 31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	ash and cash equivalents based on e as follows:	
Rupiah Indonesia Dolar AS Yuan Cina Euro Eropa Yen Jepang Dolar Hong Kong Dolar Singapura	43.977 36.561 1.074 497 390 86 27	11.908 111.361 407 809 241 86 22	Indonesian Rupiah US Dollar Chinese Yuan European Euro Japanese Yen Hong Kong Dollar Singaporean Dollar	
Total	82.612	124.834	Total	
Kisaran bunga tahunan deposito berj sebagai berikut:	31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	rates of time deposits ranged as follows:	
Rupiah Indonesia Dolar AS	<u>(%)</u> 2,60 - 5,25	(%) 3,00 - 7,75	Indonesian Rupiah	
Bolai 710	0,5 - 1,60	0,10 - 1,00	US Dollar	

March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

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7. PIUTANG USAHA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

7. TRADE RECEIVABLES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Ekspor	111.928	115.503	Export
Lokal	1	8	Local
Total pihak ketiga	111.929	115.511	Total third parties
Dikurangi penyisihan kerugian	(46.220)	(16.220)	Laga allawanaa far imnairmant laga
penurunan nilai	(16.230)	(16.230)	Less allowance for impairment loss
Piutang usaha - pihak ketiga - neto	95.699	99.281	Trade receivables - third parties - net
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 41a)			Related parties (Note 41a)
<u>Lokal</u>		0.045	<u>Local</u>
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk	-	2.945 2.152	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk
PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &	-	2.152	PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &
Paper Industry	-	1.217	Paper Industry
PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills		1.209	PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills
Subtotal Lokal		7.523	Subtotal Local
Ekspor			<u>Export</u>
Cabang-cabang APP	8.246	8.624	APP Branches
Paperich Pte, Ltd.	-	12	Paperich Pte, Ltd.
Lain-lain	22	1	Others
Subtotal Ekspor	8.268	8.637	Subtotal Export
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi	8.268	16.160	Trade receivables - related parties
Total	103.967	115.441	Total
Mutasi penyisihan kerugian penurunan sebagai berikut:	nilai adalah	Movement in a follows:	the allowance for impairment loss was as
	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Saldo awal	16.230	16.230	Beginning balance
Mutasi selama periode berjalan			Movement during the period
Saldo Akhir	16.230	16.230	Ending Balance

Rincian umur piutang usaha berdasarkan tanggal jatuh temponya pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of the aging based on the credit terms of trade receivables as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

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7. PIUTANG USAHA (Lanjutan)

7. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Belum jatuh tempo	85.063	85.846	Current
Sudah jatuh tempo:			Overdue:
< 1 bulan	9.584	18.554	< 1 month
> 1 bulan - 2 bulan	349	3.623	> 1 month - 2 months
> 2 bulan - 3 bulan	437	386	> 2 months - 3 months
> 3 bulan - 4 bulan	199	450	> 3 months - 4 months
> 4 bulan	8.335	6.582	> 4 months
Total	103.967	115.441	Total

Rincian piutang usaha berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of trade receivables based on currencies were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Dolar AS	89.361	93.822	US Dollar
Euro Eropa	6.645	7.804	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	4.179	4.338	British Poundsterling
Yuan Cina	3.375	835	Chinese Yuan
Dolar Australia	39	73	Australian Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	6	7.631	Indonesian Rupiah
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD1 juta)	362	938	USD1 million)
Total	103.967	115.441	Total

Berdasarkan penelaahan terhadap kondisi piutang masing-masing pelanggan pada akhir periode, manajemen Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak berkeyakinan bahwa penyisihan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari tidak tertagihnya piutang usaha.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, piutang usaha tertentu digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek Perusahaan (Catatan 17).

Piutang usaha dari pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 0,31% dan 0,63% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017.

8. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN - PIHAK KETIGA

Piutang lain-lain terdiri dari akrual penghasilan bunga deposito dan lain-lain, yang bersaldo masing-masing sebesar USD2,8 juta dan USD4,6 juta pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017.

Based on a review of the status of the individual receivable accounts at the end of each period, the managements of the Company and Subsidiaries believed that the allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were adequate to cover possible losses on uncollectible trade receivables.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, certain trade receivables were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans (Note 17).

Trade receivables from related parties represent 0.31% and 0.63% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES - THIRD PARTIES

Other receivables consist of accrual of interest income from time deposit and others, with the outstanding balances of USD2.8 million and USD4.6 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

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9. PERSEDIAAN

Akun ini terdiri dari:

9. INVENTORIES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar</i> 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Barang jadi	128.003	125.146	Finished goods
Barang dalam proses	27.445	28.360	Work-in-process
Bahan baku	48.531	35.184	Raw materials
Bahan pembantu, suku cadang			Indirect material, spare parts
dan lainnya	51.893	44.879	and others
Total	255.872	233.569	Total

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, tidak ada penyisihan persediaan usang yang diakui karena manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak ada kerugian yang timbul dari persediaan usang.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, Perusahaan telah mengasuransikan persediaan dan aset tetap secara *all risk* (Catatan 16). Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian yang timbul dari risiko-risiko tersebut.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, persediaan tertentu digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek (Catatan 17) dan pinjaman bank jangka panjang Perusahaan (Catatan 24).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, no allowance for inventories obsolescence was recognized since management believed that there were no possible losses arising from the obsolete inventories.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had insured the inventories and fixed assets by all risk (Note 16). The management believed that the insurance coverage was adequate to cover any possible losses arising from such risks.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, certain inventories were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans (Note 17) and long-term bank loans (Note 24).

10. UANG MUKA DAN BIAYA DIBAYAR DIMUKA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

10. ADVANCES AND PREPAID EXPENSES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Uang Muka			Advances
Pemasok	22.756	38.186	Suppliers
Karyawan	206	184	Employees
Lain-lain	11.121	4.138	Others
Total uang muka	34.083	42.508	Total advances
Biaya dibayar dimuka			Prepaid expenses
Asuransi	15.284	10.651	Insurance
Sewa (Catatan 41d)	103	329	Rent (Note 41d)
Lain-lain	515	577	Others
Total biaya dibayar dimuka	15.902	11.557	Total prepaid expenses
Total	49.985	54.065	Total

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11. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA

11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in bank</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	12	16	(Persero) Tbk
<u>Deposito berjangka</u> <u>Dolar AS:</u>			<u>Time deposits</u> <u>US Dollar:</u>
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia	16.000	16.000	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	9.000	9.000	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk	9.000	9.000	PT Bank Pan Indonésia Tbk
PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk	3.750	3.750	PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	2.200	2.200	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
Bank of China Limited	2.003	2.003	Bank of China Limited
Total deposito berjangka	41.953	41.953	Total time deposits
<u>Investasi jangka pendek</u> <u>Dolar AS:</u>			<u>Short-term investment</u> <u>US Dollar:</u>
Venture Capital Investment Fund	200.675	100.526	Venture Capital Investment Fund
Total aset lancar lainnya - pihak ketiga	242.640	142.495	Total other current assets - third parties
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 41f) <u>Kas di bank</u>			Related parties (Note 41f) <u>Cash in bank</u>
PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	604	6	PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Investasi jangka pendek Rupiah Indonesia: Danamas Stabil	6.428	4.229	<u>Short-term investment</u> <u>Indonesian Rupiah:</u> Danamas Stabil
	0.420	4.225	
Total aset lancar lainnya - pihak - pihak berelasi	7.032	4.235	Total other current assets - related parties
Total	249.672	146.730	Total
Rincian aset lancar lainnya berdasarkar adalah sebagai berikut:	n mata uang	Details of oth as follows:	ner current assets based on currencies were
	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Dolar AS	243.244	142.501	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	6.428	4.229	Indonesian Rupiah
Total	249.672	146.730	Total

Kisaran bunga tahunan deposito berjangka adalah sebagai berikut:

Annual interest rates of time deposits ranged as follows:

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11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

11. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA (Lanjutan)

31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018 / Mar 31, 2018 / Dec 31, 2017 / Dec 31, 2017 / Dec 31, 2017 / (%) Rupiah Indonesia 7,16 - 7,35 5,18 - 7,55 Indonesian Rupiah Dolar AS 0,50 - 1,00 0,25 - 2,00 US Dollar

Deposito tertentu digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek yang diperoleh dari bank tersebut (Catatan 17).

Investasi jangka pendek Danamas Stabil pada PT Sinarmas Sekuritas merupakan penyertaan reksadana. Perusahaan mengklasifikasikan investasi pada reksadana sebagai aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi. Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, jumlah penyertaan reksadana tersebut sebesar Rp88,4 miliar (setara dengan USD6,4 juta), dengan 28,2 juta unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar Rp3.141.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017, jumlah penyertaan reksadana tersebut sebesar Rp57,3 miliar (setara dengan USD4,2 juta), dengan 18,5 juta unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar Rp3.091.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, jumlah penyertaan investasi jangka pendek *Venture Capital Investment Fund* adalah sebesar USD200,7 juta dengan 195,5 ribu unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar USD1.026,36 (dalam angka penuh).

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017, jumlah penyertaan investasi jangka pendek *Venture Capital Investment Fund* adalah sebesar USD100,5 juta dengan 99,5 ribu unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Neto per unit sebesar USD1.010,52 (dalam angka penuh).

Aset lancar lainnya kepada pihak berelasi masingmasing sebesar 0,27% dan 0,16% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017. Certain time deposits were pledged as collateral for the short-term bank loans obtained from such banks (Note 17).

Short-term investment Danamas Stabil in PT Sinarmas Sekuritas consist of investment in mutual fund. The Company classifies investment in mutual fund as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. As of March 31, 2018, the balance of this investment amounted to Rp88.4 billion (equivalent to USD6.4 million), with 28.2 million unit and the Net Asset Value per unit of Rp3,141.

As of December 31, 2017, the balance of this investment amounted to Rp57.3 billion (equivalent to USD4.2 million), with 18.5 million unit and the Net Asset Value per unit of Rp3,091.

As of March 31, 2018, the balance of short-term investment in Venture Capital Investment Fund amounted to USD200.7 million with 195.5 thousand units and Net Asset Value per unit of USD1,026.36 (in full amount).

As of December 31, 2017, the balance of short-term investment in Venture Capital Investment Fund amounted to USD100.5 million with 99.5 thousand units and Net Asset Value per unit of USD1,010.52 (in full amount).

Other current assets to related parties represent 0.27% and 0.16% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

12. PIUTANG USAHA PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR

Akun ini terdiri dari:

12. NON-CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Ekspor			Export
APP International Trading (III) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (III) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	33.956	33.956	Cayman Islands
APP International Trading (VI) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (VI) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	28.545	28.545	Cayman Islands
APP International Trading (V) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (V) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	5.778	5.778	Cayman Islands
Kinno Limited, Singapura	5.639	6.125	Kinno Limited, Singapore

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12. PIUTANG USAHA PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR (Lanjutan)

12. NON-CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

, , ,		,	,
	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Collins Office Product International Trading Limited, British Virgin			Collins Office Product International Trading Limited, British Virgin
Islands APP International Trading (I) Ltd.,	-	9.576	Islands APP International Trading (I) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	_	8.531	Cayman Islands
Cabang-cabang APP	1.330	1.330	APP Branches
Total Dikurangi penyisihan kerugian	75.248	93.841	Total
penurunan nilai	(75.248)	(75.248)	Less allowance for impairment loss
Total		18.593	Total
Mutasi penyisihan kerugian penurunan sebagai berikut: Saldo awal	31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018 75.248	follows: 31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017 75.248	the allowance for impairment loss was as
Pembukuan kembali	75.246	75.246	Beginning balance Reversal
Saldo Akhir	75.248	75.248	Ending Balance
Rincian piutang usaha - pihak berelasi berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai be			-current - trade receivables - related parties encies were as follows:
	31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Dolar AS	-	18.593	US Dollar
Yen Jepang	_		Japanese Yen
Total		18.593	Total

Piutang usaha pihak berelasi - tidak lancar berasal dari kegiatan penjualan ekspor Perusahaan kepada pihak berelasi.

Non-current trade receivables - related parties arise from Company's export sales to related parties.

Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian penyelesaian utang-piutang (Settlement Agreement) pada tanggal 12 Januari 2006 dengan debitur tertentu. Jangka waktu pengembalian piutang ditetapkan tidak lebih dari sepuluh (10) tahun. Sampai dengan tanggal penyelesaian laporan keuangan konsolidasian, perpanjangan perjanjian tersebut masih dalam proses.

The Company entered into a Settlement Agreement dated January 12, 2006 with certain debtors. The terms of repayment of trade receivables were determined to be not more than ten (10) years. As of the completion date of the consolidated financial statements, the amendment of such agreement is still in process.

12. PIUTANG USAHA PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR (Lanjutan)

Manajemen Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi penvisihan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang berdasarkan penilaian secara individu. Dalam hal ini, dan Entitas Anak menggunakan Perusahaan pertimbangan, berdasarkan fakta dan situasi yang tersedia, termasuk namun tidak terbatas pada, jangka waktu hubungan dengan pelanggan dan status kredit dari pelanggan berdasarkan catatan kredit dari pihak ketiga yang tersedia dan faktor pasar yang telah diketahui, untuk mencatat penyisihan spesifik atas pelanggan terhadap jumlah terutang guna mengurangi jumlah piutang yang diharapkan dapat tertagih.

Berdasarkan penelaahan terhadap status akun piutang masing-masing pelanggan pada akhir tahun, manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa penyisihan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari tidak tertagihnya piutang usaha.

Piutang usaha tidak lancar dari pihak berelasi tidak lancar masing-masing sebesar nihil dan 0,72% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017.

13. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR

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12. NON-CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

The management of the Company and Subsidiaries evaluates the allowance for impairment loss of receivables based on individual assessments. In these cases, the Company and Subsidiaries use judgment, based on available facts and circumstances, including but not limited to, the length of their relationship with the customers and the customers' current credit status based on any available third party credit reports and known market factors, to record specific provisions for customers against amounts due to reduce the receivable amounts expected to be collect.

Based on a review of the status of the individual noncurrent - trade receivables at the end of each year, the management believed that the allowance for impairment loss of receivables as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were adequate to cover possible losses on uncollectible non-current trade receivables.

Non-current trade receivables from related parties represent nil and 0.72% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

13. NON-CURRENT OTHER RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd.,			APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd.,
British Virgin Islands (APP IF)	77.697	77.697	British Virgin Islands (APP IF)
PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Purinusa)	57.220	57.220	PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Purinusa)
PT Pindo Deli Pulp and Paper Mills	445	449	PT Pindo Deli Pulp and Paper Mills
APP International Trading (VI) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (VI) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	247	247	Cayman Islands
PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk	144	-	PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk
PT Sindopex Perotama	46	110	PT Sindopex Perotama
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			Others (each below
USD100 ribu)	97	41	USD100 thousand)
Total	135.896	135.764	Total

Piutang dari APP IF merupakan penempatan dana yang tidak dikenakan bunga dari Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Ltd. dan Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Ltd., Entitas Anak Perusahaan.

Receivables from APP IF represent placements of noninterest bearing funds of Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Ltd. and Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Ltd., Subsidiaries of the Company.

13. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 12 Januari 2006, Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian penyelesaian utang-piutang (*Settlement Agreement*) dengan APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd., dengan jangka waktu pengembalian piutang tidak lebih dari sepuluh (10) tahun. Sampai dengan tanggal penyelesaian laporan keuangan konsolidasian, perpanjangan perjanjian tersebut masih dalam proses.

Piutang dari Purinusa terutama merupakan utang Marshall Enterprise Limited, Entitas Anak, yang di alihkan ke Purinusa, Entitas Induk, dengan persyaratan dan kondisi dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang.

Piutang lain-lain tidak lancar dari pihak berelasi masingmasing sebesar 5,13% dan 5,26% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017.

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13. NON-CURRENT OTHER RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

On January 12, 2006, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement with APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd., with a repayment term of not more than ten (10) years. As of the completion date of the consolidated financial statements, the amendment of such agreement is still in process.

Receivables from Purinusa mainly pertain to the payable amount of Marshall Enterprise Limited, a Subsidiary, transferred to Purinusa, Parent Entity, under the terms and conditions of the debt restructuring agreement.

Non-current other receivables from related parties represent 5.13% and 5.26% of the total consolidated assets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

14. INVESTASI PADA ENTITAS ASOSIASI

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, rincian akun ini adalah sebagai berikut:

14. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the details of this account were as follows:

		31 Maret 2018 / I	March 31, 2018		
Perusahaan	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Nilai Penyertaan Awal/ Carrying Value at Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Addition	Nilai Penyertaan Akhir/ Carrying Value at Ending Balance	Investee
PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills	49,08%	578.886	50.501	629.387	PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills
		31 Desember 2017 /	December 31, 2017		
Perusahaan	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Nilai Penyertaan Awal/ Carrying Value at Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Addition	Nilai Penyertaan Akhir/ Carrying Value at Ending Balance	Investee
PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills	49,08%	529.554	49.332	578.886	PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills

Perubahan jumlah tercatat investasi pada entitas asosiasi adalah sebagai berikut:

Changes in the carrying amount of investment in the associate were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar</i> 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Saldo awal	578.886	529.554	Beginning balance
Bagian laba neto			Share on net profit
entitas assosiasi periode berjalan	50.501	43.821	of associate for the period
			Exchange difference due to financial
Selisih kurs penjabaran laporan			statements translation in
keuangan dalam mata uang asing	-	5.643	foreign currency

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14. INVESTASI PADA ENTITAS ASOSIASI (Lanjutan)

14. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Bagian atas rugi komprehensif lain dari entitas asosiasi	<u>-</u> _	(132)	Share on other comprehensive loss of associated company
Saldo Akhir	629.387	578.886	Ending Balance

Informasi keuangan entitas asosiasi pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 dan untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017 adalah sebagai berikut: Financial information of the associate as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 and for the three months period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar</i> 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Total aset	4.722.831	4.342.076	Total assets
Total liabilitas	2.927.051	2.662.994	Total liabilities
Laba neto	102.895	89.284	Net profit

15. HUTAN TANAMAN INDUSTRI

15. INDUSTRIAL TIMBER ESTATE

Akun ini merupakan biaya-biaya yang dikeluarkan Entitas Anak untuk mengembangkan hutan tanaman industri (HTI) yang terletak di beberapa lokasi di Kalimantan Timur, yang terdiri dari:

This account represents costs incurred by Subsidiary, for development industrial timber estate located in several locations in East Kalimantan, consists of:

31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
7.933	7.890	Industrial timber estate
21 262	20.248	Industrial timber estate- under development: Beginning balance
594	1.915	Additions during the period
		Ending balance Total
	Mar 31, 2018 7.933 31.263	Mar 31, 2018 Dec 31, 2017 7.933 7.890 31.263 29.348 594 1.915 31.857 31.263

16. ASET TETAP

16. FIXED ASSETS

Saldo dan mutasi aset tetap selama periode 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebagai berikut:

Balances and movements of fixed assets during the period March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	Saldo Awal/				Saldo Akhir/	
	Beginning	Penambahan/	Pengurangan/	Reklasifikasi/	Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Reclassification	Balance	
Biaya Perolehan						Acquisition Costs
Pemilikan Langsung						<u>Direct Ownership</u>
Hak atas tanah	36.524	-	-	-	36.524	Land rights
Bangunan dan prasarana	226.961	19	-	-	226.980	Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	2.412.917	14	-	426	2.413.357	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	10.809	9	-	-	10.818	Transportation equipment
Perabot dan peralatan kantor	31.747	6			31.753	Furniture and office equipment
Subtotal	2.718.958	48	-	426	2.719.432	Subtotal

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16. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

16. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

	31 Maret 2018 / March 31, 2018					_
	Saldo Awal/ Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification	Saldo Akhir/ Ending Balance	_
Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan	53.255	1.990	-	(426)	54.819	Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan						<u>Indirect Ownership</u> Leased Assets
Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	80	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- -	80	Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment
Total Biaya Perolehan	2.772.293	2.038		<u>-</u>	2.774.331	Total Acquisition Costs
Akumulasi Penyusutan						Accumulated Depreciation
<u>Pemilikan Langsung</u> Bangunan dan prasarana	150.773	1.708	_	_	152.481	<u>Direct Ownership</u> Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	1.486.952	21.360	-	-	1.508.312	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor	10.392 24.382	41 50	-	-	10.433 24.432	Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment
Subtotal	1.672.499	23.159			1.695.658	Subtota
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung		20.100				Indirect Ownership
Aset Sewaan						<u>Leased Assets</u>
Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	11 	2	<u>-</u> _	- -	13 	Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan	1.672.510	23.161	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1.695.671	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Jumlah Tercatat	1.099.783			:	1.078.660	Carrying Amounts
	Saldo Awal/	31 Desemb	er 2017 / Decemb	er 31, 2017	Saldo Akhir/	
	Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification	Ending Balance	
Biaya Perolehan						Acquisition Coots
						-
-	36 499	25	_	_	36 524	<u>Direct Ownership</u>
Hak atas tanah	36.499 204.162	25 101	- -	- 22.698	36.524 226.961	<u>Direct Ownership</u> Land rights
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	204.162 2.159.846	101 42	- - 157	- 22.698 253.186	226.961 2.412.917	<u>Direct Ownership</u> Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan	204.162	101	- 157 970 -		226.961	<u>Direct Ownership</u> Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor	204.162 2.159.846 11.765	101 42 14			226.961 2.412.917 10.809	<u>Direct Ownership</u> Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562	101 42 14 185	970 	253.186 - -	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747	<u>Direct Ownership</u> Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562	101 42 14 185	970 	253.186 - -	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747	<u>Direct Ownership</u> Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834	101 42 14 185 367	970 	253.186 - - - 275.884	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958	<u>Direct Ownership</u> Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal <u>Asset Under Construction</u> Construction-in-progress
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241	101 42 14 185 367	970 	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595)	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241	101 42 14 185 367 18.609	970 - 1.127 - -	253.186 - - - 275.884	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241	101 42 14 185 367	970 	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595)	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan Akumulasi Penyusutan	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241	101 42 14 185 367 18.609	970 - 1.127 - -	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595)	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241 80 2.289 2.754.444	101 42 14 185 367 18.609	970 - 1.127 - - - 1.127	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595)	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255 80 - 2.772.293	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership Building and installation
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241 80 2.289 2.754.444 145.060 1.409.902	101 42 14 185 367 18.609	970 - 1.127 - - 1.127	253.186 - 275.884 (273.595) - (2.289)	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255 80 - 2.772.293	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241 80 2.289 2.754.444	101 42 14 185 367 18.609	970 - 1.127 - - - 1.127	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595)	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255 80 - 2.772.293	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241 80 2.289 2.754.444 145.060 1.409.902 11.046	101 42 14 185 367 18.609	970 - 1.127 - - 1.127	253.186 - 275.884 (273.595) - (2.289) - 283	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255 80 - 2.772.293 150.773 1.486.952 10.392	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Transportation equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Pemilikan Langsung Bengunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241 80 2.289 2.754.444 145.060 1.409.902 11.046 24.172	101 42 14 185 367 18.609 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	970 - 1.127 - - 1.127 - 121 959 -	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595) - (2.289) - - 283 - -	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255 80 - 2.772.293 150.773 1.486.952 10.392 24.382	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Transportation equipment Subtotal
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemillikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemillikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Pemillikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Pemillikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241 80 2.289 2.754.444 145.060 1.409.902 11.046 24.172 1.590.180	101 42 14 185 367 18.609 - - - - 18.976 5.713 76.888 305 210 83.116	970 - 1.127 - - 1.127 - 121 959 -	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595) - (2.289) - - 283 - - 283	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255 80 - 2.772.293 150.773 1.486.952 10.392 24.382	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Furniture and office equipment Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment
Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Biaya Perolehan Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor Subtotal Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Alat pengangkutan Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241 80 2.289 2.754.444 145.060 1.409.902 11.046 24.172 1.590.180	101 42 14 185 367 18.609 	970 - 1.127 - - 1.127 - 121 959 - 1.080	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595) - (2.289) - - 283 - 283 - (283)	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255 80 	Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment
	204.162 2.159.846 11.765 31.562 2.443.834 308.241 80 2.289 2.754.444 145.060 1.409.902 11.046 24.172 1.590.180	101 42 14 185 367 18.609 - - - - 18.976 5.713 76.888 305 210 83.116	970 - 1.127 - - 1.127 - 121 959 -	253.186 - - 275.884 (273.595) - (2.289) - - 283 - - 283	226.961 2.412.917 10.809 31.747 2.718.958 53.255 80 	Acquisition Costs Direct Ownership Land rights Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Subtotal Asset Under Construction Construction-in-progress Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Acquisition Costs Accumulated Depreciation Direct Ownership Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment Furniture and office equipment Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation Carrying Amounts

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16. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

Penyusutan aset tetap pada periode berjalan dibebankan ke

16. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expenses during the period was charged to:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Mar 2017/ <i>Mar 31, 2017</i>	
Beban pabrikasi	22.918	20.697	Manufacturing overhead
Beban umum dan administrasi			General and administrative
(Catatan 35b)	214	215	(Note 35b)
Hutan Tanaman Industri -			Industrial Timber Estate -
Dalam Pengembangan (Catatan 15)	27	18	Under Development (Note 15)
Beban penjualan (Catatan 35a)	2	1	Selling expenses (Note 35a)
Total	23.161	20.931	Total

Rincian aset tetap dalam pembangunan pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of construction-in-progress as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows:

31	Maret	2018	March	31. 2018
----	-------	------	-------	----------

Persentase Penyelesaian	Bangunan/ Buildings	Mesin/ <i>Machinery</i>	Total	Estimasi Waktu Penyelesaian/ Estimated Time of Completion	Percentage of Completion
0% - 50%	224	24.130	24.354	Desember/December 2021	0% - 50%
51% - 65%	159	270	429	Desember/December 2020	51% - 65%
66% - 80%	458	190	648	Juli/ <i>July</i> 2020	66% - 80%
81% -100%	2.319	27.069	29.388	Desember/December 2019	81% -100%
Total	3.160	51.659	54.819		Total

31 Desember 2017 / December	r 31, 2017
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Persentase Penyelesaian	Bangunan/ <i>Buildings</i>	Mesin/ <i>Machinery</i>	Total	Estimasi Waktu Penyelesaian/ Estimated Time of Completion	Percentage of Completion
0% - 50%	630	23.577	24.207	Desember/December 2020	0% - 50%
51% - 65%	159	-	159	Desember/December 2019	51% - 65%
66% - 80%	-	11	11	Juli/ <i>July</i> 2019	66% - 80%
81% -100%	2.301	26.577	28.878	Desember/December 2018	81% -100%
Total	3.090	50.165	53.255		Total

Total kapitalisasi biaya pinjaman pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 masing-masing sebesar nihil dan USD4,0 juta.

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak ada hambatan yang dapat mengganggu penyelesaian atas aset tetap dalam pembangunan tersebut.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, aset tetap sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek (Catatan 17) dan pinjaman bank jangka panjang Perusahaan (Catatan 24).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, jumlah tercatat bruto aset tetap yang telah disusutkan penuh dan masih digunakan masing-masing sebesar USD415,3 juta dan USD410,3 juta.

Total capitalized borrowing costs as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 amounted to nil and USD4.0 million, respectively.

The management believed that there were no obstacles that can interfere with the completion of construction-in-progress.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, certain fixed assets were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans (Note 17) and long-term bank loans (Note 24).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the gross carrying amount of fixed assets that have been fully depreciated and still in use amounted to USD415.3 million and USD410.3 million, respectively.

16. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, Perusahaan telah mengasuransikan aset tetap (tidak termasuk hak atas tanah) dan persediaan secara all risk dengan nilai pertanggungan adalah sekitar USD2,9 miliar. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian yang timbul dari risiko-risiko tersebut.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak terdapat indikasi penurunan nilai atas aset tetap.

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16. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company has insured its fixed assets (excluding land rights) and inventories by all risks with the insurance coverage of amounting to USD2.9 billion. Management believed that the insurance coverage was sufficient to cover any possible losses arising from such risks.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the management believed that there was no indication of impairment on its fixed assets.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK

Akun ini terdiri dari:

17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	43.007	24.496	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	36.583	41.339	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mega Tbk	36.348	36.906	PT Bank Mega Tbk
PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk	36.313	26.446	PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	35.091	35.225	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	31.798	26.645	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank China Construction			PT Bank China Construction
Bank Indonesia Tbk	30.000	30.000	Bank Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk	27.743	15.825	PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Bukopin Tbk	21.809	22.143	PT Bank Bukopin Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
Agroniaga Tbk	14.534	14.759	Agroniaga Tbk
PT Bank Victoria International Tbk	10.904	11.072	PT Bank Victoria International Tbk
PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk	7.270	7.381	PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk	7.270	7.381	PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	6.323	6.420	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	3.757	4.309	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank Ganesha Tbk	-	11.072	PT Bank Ganesha Tbk
Bank of China Limited		7.723	Bank of China Limited
Total	348.750	329.142	Total

Rincian pinjaman bank jangka pendek berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of short-term bank loans based on currencies was as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Rupiah Indonesia	266.666	258.594	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	81.074	69.871	US Dollar

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17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

31 Mar 2018/ 31 Des 2017/ Mar 31, 2018 Dec 31, 2017 629 522 European Euro 366 155 Japanese Yen 15 British Poundsterling

17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

Poundsterling Inggris

Euro Eropa

Yen Jepang

Total

Pada tanggal 9 Agustus 2001, PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia ("Mizuho"), memberikan Fasilitas Wesel Diskonto (*Bills Discounted Facility*) dan Fasilitas Garansi Akseptasi (*Acceptance Guarantee Facility*) untuk mendukung kegiatan usaha Perusahaan dan digunakan bersama dengan PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills dan PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry dengan jumlah maksimum sebesar USD165,0 juta.

Fasilitas ini telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir diperpanjang sampai dengan tanggal 30 September 2018.

Fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut adalah sebagai berikut:

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

329.142

On August 9, 2001, PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia, ("Mizuho") provided Bills Discounted Facility and Acceptance Guarantee Facility in order to support the Company's operations and can be used together with PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills, and PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry with maximum amount of USD165.0 million.

Total

The facilities have been amended several times, the latest extended until September 30, 2018.

Details of available facilities were as follows:

Fasilitas Maksimum (dalam ribuan Dolar AS)/ Maximum Facility (in thousand of US Dollar)

348.750

31 Mar 2018 dan 31 Des 2017/ Mar 31, 2018 and Dec 31, 2017

Fasilitas	Mar 31, 2018 and Dec 31, 2017	Facilities
Fasilitas Akseptasi	65.000	Acceptance Facility
Fasilitas Wesel Diskonto		Bills Discounted Facility
(tanpa letters of credit)	50.000	(without letters of credit base)
Fasilitas Wesel Diskonto		Bills Discounted Facility
(dengan letters of credit)	30.000	(with letters of credit base)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Mizuho masing-masing sebesar USD43,0 juta dan USD24,5 juta.

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Non-Cash Loan* dari PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk ("Bank Mandiri") berupa fasilitas *Sight* dan *Usance L/C Import* dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD80,0 juta yang merupakan penambahan dari fasilitas sebelumnya. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan persediaan, piutang usaha, deposito berjangka dan mesin tertentu Perusahaan *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada dan berlaku sampai dengan 10 September 2018 (Catatan 7, 9, 11 dan 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan from Mizuho amounted to USD43.0 million and USD24.5 million, respectively.

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has a Non- Cash Loan facility from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk ("Bank Mandiri") in the form of Sight and Usance L/C Import at a total amount not exceeding USD80.0 million which is an increment from the previous facility. This facility was secured by the Company's inventories, trade receivables, time deposits and certain machinery, as well as a Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada and valid until September 10, 2018 (Notes 7, 9, 11 and 16).

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Mandiri masing-masing sebesar USD36,6 juta dan USD41,3 juta.

PT Bank Mega Tbk

Pada tanggal 29 Agustus 2017, PT Bank Mega Tbk (Bank Mega) memberikan fasilitas *Demand Loan Sublimit LC*/SKBDN sebesar Rp500,0 miliar (*LC*/SKBDN maksimal Rp200,0 miliar) untuk jangka waktu selama 1 (satu) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu dan tanah tertentu milik Perusahaan serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Mega masing-masing sebesar USD36,3 juta dan USD36,9 juta.

PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk ("Maybank") berupa fasilitas Demand Loan sebesar USD25,0 juta, fasilitas L/C/SKBDN sebesar USD15,0 juta, dan Forex Line sebesar USD1,0 juta dengan jumlah maksimal yang diperkirakan (notional amount) sebesar USD10,0 juta. Seluruh fasilitas tersebut dijamin dengan hak atas tanah, mesin, persediaan, cash margin atau security deposit tertentu dan Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (untuk fasilitas Forex Line bersifat clean basis). Fasilitas ini berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 22 Februari 2019 (Catatan 9 dan 16).

Pada 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Maybank masing-masing sebesar USD36,3 juta dan USD26,4 juta.

PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BNI") berupa fasilitas *Letter of Credit* (Fasilitas L/C) sebesar USD20,0 juta atau setara dengan Rp200,0 miliar dan fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja sebesar Rp300,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 25 Maret 2019.

Fasilitas pembukaan L/C Import dan/atau SKBDN dijamin dengan hak atas tanah, mesin dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan, persediaan bahan baku tertentu (cross collateral dengan fasilitas lain yang diberikan oleh BNI) (Catatan 24) dan cash margin dari Perusahaan. Sejak tanggal 25 Juni 2013, fasilitas L/C ini juga dijamin oleh Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada. Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja dijamin dengan seluruh jaminan yang telah dijaminkan oleh Perusahaan BNI Corporate Guarantee kepada serta dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Mandiri amounted to USD36.6 million and USD41.3 million, respectively.

PT Bank Mega Tbk

On August 29, 2017, PT Bank Mega Tbk (Bank Mega) provided Demand Loan Sublimit LC/SKBDN facility amounted to Rp500,0 billion (LC/SKBDN maximum amounted to Rp200,0 billion) for the period of 1 (one) year. This facility was secured by certain machine and certain land owned by the Company and Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Mega amounted to USD36.3 million and USD36.9 million, respectively.

PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has several facilities from PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk ("Maybank") in the form of Demand Loan facility USD25.0 million, L/C/SKBDN facility at the amount of USD15.0 million, and Forex Line facility at the amount of USD1.0 million, with a notional amount of USD10.0 million. These facilities were secured by land right, machinery, inventories, cash margin or security deposit and Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (for Forex Line Facility is clean basis). These facilities are valid until February 22, 2019 (Notes 9 and 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loans from Maybank amounted to USD36.3 million and USD26.4 million, respectively.

PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has a credit facility from PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BNI") in the form of Letter of Credit facility (L/C facility) amounting to USD20.0 million or equivalent to Rp200.0 billion and Working Capital Credit facility amounting to Rp300.0 billion which is valid until March 25, 2019.

The opening L/C Import and/or SKBDN facility was secured with certain land right, machinery and buildings owned by the Company, certain raw materials inventory (cross collateral with other facilities given by BNI), (Note 24) and cash margin from the Company. Since June 25, 2013, this L/C facility has also been secured by Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada. The Working Capital Credit facility was also secured by the collaterals which all guarantees have been pledged by the Company to BNI, as well as the Corporate Guarantee of PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari BNI masing-masing sebesar USD35,1 juta dan USD35,2 juta.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas dari PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk Kredit Modal Fasilitas berupa Keria Impor/Penangguhan Jaminan Impor (KMKI/PJI) dengan total fasilitas PJI tidak melebihi USD45,0 juta, dan fasilitas KMKI tidak melebihi USD45,0 juta (sublimit dengan fasilitas PJI), fasilitas Foreign Exchange Line sebesar USD40,0 juta, dan fasilitas Bank Garansi sebesar USD20,0 juta, dan Fasilitas Stand By Letter of sebesar USD45,0 juta yang interchangeable dengan Fasilitas KMKI/PJI. Fasilitas tersebut berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 22 Juni 2018. Atas fasilitas fasilitas tersebut dijamin dengan jaminan yang sama dengan jaminan yang telah diserahkan oleh Perusahaan untuk menjamin fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (untuk Fasilitas Foreign Exchange Line bersifat clean basis).

Pada 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari BRI masing-masing sebesar USD31,8 juta dan USD26,6 juta.

PT Bank China Construction Bank Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 24 November 2017, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank China Construction Bank Indonesia Tbk ("CCB") berupa Demand Loan sebesar USD30,0 juta untuk jangka waktu 1 (satu) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan dan Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari CCB adalah sebesar USD30,0 juta.

PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Panin") berupa fasilitas Letter of Credit sebesar USD30,0 juta ("Fasilitas L/C"), fasilitas Negosiasi/ Diskonto sebesar USD10,0 juta, dan fasilitas Transaksi Valuta Asing sebesar USD10,0 juta. Seluruh fasilitas tersebut telah diperpanjang sampai dengan tanggal 30 November 2018. Fasilitas L/C tersebut dijamin deposito Perusahaan dengan berjangka milik (Catatan 11).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Panin masing-masing sebesar USD27,7 juta dan USD15,8 juta.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loans from BNI amounted to USD35.1 million and USD35.2 million, respectively.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has facilities from PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Tbk ("BRI") in the form of Import Working Capital/Import Suspension (KMKI/PJI) Credit Facility with total PJI facility not exceeding USD45.0 million and KMKI facilities does not exceed USD45.0 million (sublimit with PJI facility), Foreign Exchange Line facility of USD40.0 million, and Bank Guarantee facility of USD20.0 million, and Stand By Letter of Credit facility of USD45.0 million which is interchangeable with KMKI/PJI Facilities. The facilities is valid until June 22, 2018. The above facilities are secured by the same collateral as the collateral which has been submitted by the Company for the Working Capital Credit facility (Clean basis for Foreign Exchange Line Facility).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loans from BRI amounted to USD31.8 million and USD26.6 million, respectively.

PT Bank China Contruction Bank Indonesia Tbk

On November 24, 2017, the Company obtained a credit facility from PT Bank China Construction Bank Indonesia Tbk ("CCB") in the form of Demand Loan amounting to USD30.0 million for a period of 1 (one) year. This facility was secured by certain machinery of the Company and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loans from CCB amounted to USD30.0 million.

PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has several facilities from PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Panin") in the form of Letter of Credit facility amounting to USD30.0 million ("L/C Facility"), Negotiation/Discount facility at the amount of USD10.0 million and Foreign Exchange Transaction facility amounted to USD10.0 million. All those facilities have been extended until November 30, 2018. The L/C Facility is secured by time deposit owned by the Company (Note 11).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of the loans from Bank Panin amounted to USD27.7 million and USD15.8 million, respectively.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Bukopin Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja dari PT Bank Bukopin Tbk ("Bank Bukopin") sebesar Rp300,0 miliar, yang akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 31 Maret 2020.

Fasilitas ini dijamin oleh hak atas tanah, bangunan, dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Bukopin masing-masing sebesar USD21,8 juta dan USD22,1 juta.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

Pada tanggal 27 Oktober 2017, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk ("BRI Agro") berupa kredit modal kerja sebesar Rp200,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 26 Oktober 2018. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan piutang, persediaan dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 7, 9, dan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari BRI Agro masing-masing sebesar USD14,5 juta dan USD14,8 juta.

PT Bank Victoria International Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Demand Loan* dari PT Bank Victoria International Tbk ("Bank Victoria") sebesar Rp150,0 miliar yang akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 28 Januari 2019. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Bank Victoria masing-masing sebesar USD10,9 juta dan USD11,1 juta.

PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 22 Juni 2017, PT Bank QNB Indonesia ("Bank QNB") memberikan fasilitas *Demand Loan* kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp100,0 miliar yang akan jatuh tempo tanggal 22 Juni 2018. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Bank QNB masing-masing sebesar USD7,3 juta dan USD7,4 juta.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank Bukopin Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has Working Capital facility from PT Bank Bukopin Tbk ("Bank Bukopin") at the amount of Rp300.0 billion, which will mature on March 31, 2020.

This facility was secured by certain land right, building, and machineries owned by the Company also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Bukopin amounted to USD21.8 million and USD22.1 million, respectively.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

On October 27, 2017, the Company obtained a credit facility from PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk ("BRI Agro") in the form of working capital credit of Rp200.0 billion valid until October 26, 2018. This facility was secured by receivables, inventories and certain machinery property of the Company (Notes 7, 9, and 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loans from BRI Agro amounted to USD14.5 million and USD14.8 million, respectively.

PT Bank Victoria International Tbk

As of March 31, 2018 the Company has Demand Loan facility from PT Bank Victoria International Tbk ("Bank Victoria") amounting to Rp150.0 billion, which will mature on January 28, 2019. This facility was secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank Victoria amounted to USD10.9 million and USD11.1 million, respectively.

PT Bank QNB Indonesia Tbk

On June 22, 2017, PT Bank QNB Indonesia ("Bank QNB") provided Demand Loan facility to the Company at the amount Rp100.0 billion which will mature on June 22, 2018. This facility was secured by certain land and building owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank QNB amounted to USD7.3 million and USD7.4 million, respectively.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas pinjaman tetap sebesar Rp100,0 miliar dari PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk ("Bank MNC") yang akan jatuh tempo tanggal 7 April 2018. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin, hak atas tanah dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Bank MNC masing-masing sebesar USD7,3 juta dan USD7,4 juta.

PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank ICBC Indonesia ("Bank ICBC") berupa fasilitas *Letter of Credit (L/C) Revolving* dalam bentuk LC/SKBDN sebesar USD7,0 juta yang akan jatuh tempo tanggal 7 Februari 2019. Fasilitas L/C tersebut dijamin dengan mesin dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari Bank ICBC masing-masing sebesar USD6,3 juta dan USD6,4 juta.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") berupa *Sight* L/C, *Usance* L/C dan SKBDN dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD10,0 juta serta fasilitas kredit berupa *Letter of Guarantee* (*L/G*) dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD30,0 juta. Fasilitas L/G ini dapat digunakan bersama-sama dengan PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills, PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 28 Mei 2018.

Selain itu, Perusahaan juga memiliki fasilitas *Time Loan Revolving* sebesar Rp200,0 miliar dimana untuk fasilitas ini telah dikonversi ke dalam mata uang Dolar Amerika Serikat menjadi sebesar USD20,4 juta pada tanggal 18 Juni 2013. Perusahaan juga memberikan jaminan tambahan berupa persediaan barang. Pada tanggal 20 Agustus 2015, fasilitas *Time Loan Revolving* ini dirubah menjadi fasilitas Kredit Lokal. Pada tanggal 21 November 2016, fasilitas ini diperpanjang sampai dengan tanggal 28 Februari 2019, sehingga diklasifikasikan menjadi pinjaman bank jangka panjang (Catatan 24).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari BCA masing-masing sebesar USD3,8 juta dan USD4,3 juta.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has fixed loan facility at the amount of Rp100.0 billion from PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk ("Bank MNC") which will mature on April 7, 2018. This facility was secured by certain machinery, land right and building owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan from Bank MNC amounted to USD7.3 million and USD7.4 million, respectively.

PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has several facilities from PT Bank ICBC Indonesia ("Bank ICBC") in Letter of Credit (L/C)-Revolving facility in the form of LC/SKBDN at the amount of USD7.0 million, which will mature on February 7, 2019. This L/C facility was secured by certain machinery and equipment owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loans from Bank ICBC amounted to USD6.3 million and USD6.4 million, respectively.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has some facilities from PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") in the form of Sight L/C, Usance L/C and SKBDN of facilities up to an amount of USD10.0 million and Letter of Guarantee (L/G) facility of up to USD30.0 million. These facilities can be used together with PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp and Paper Mills, PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry which is valid until May 28, 2018.

Moreover, the Company also has Time Loan Revolving facility amounting to Rp200.0 billion, wherein this facility has been converted into United States Dollar currency amounting to USD20.4 million on June 18, 2013. The Company also provides additional security in the form of Company's inventories. On August 20, 2015, the Time Loan Revolving facility was changed to Local Credit Facility. On November 21, 2016, this facility was extended until February 28, 2019, thus it was classified as long-term bank loans (Note 24).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loans from BCA amounted to USD3.8 million and USD4.3 million, respectively.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Ganesha Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit berupa fasilitas STL dari PT Bank Ganesha Tbk ("Bank Ganesha") sebesar Rp 150.0 miliar. dan berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 30 September 2018. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16). Fasilitas ini telah dilunasi pada tanggal 27 Maret 2018.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank Ganesha masing-masing sebesar nihil dan USD11,1 juta.

Bank of China Limited

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari Bank of China Limited ("BOC") berupa Combine Facility Sight & Usance L/C atau SKBDN & T/R Facility sebesar USD10,0 juta yang akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 17 Juni 2018. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan deposito tertentu milik Perusahaan serta Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 11 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman dari BOC masing-masing sebesar nihil dan USD7,7 juta.

Kisaran bunga pinjaman bank jangka pendek berdasarkan mata uang signifikan adalah berikut:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar</i> 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017
	(%)	(%)
Rupiah Indonesia Dolar AS	10,00 - 11,50 5,25 - 5,56	10,00 - 12,25 5,25 - 5,35
	-,,	-,,

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian pinjaman.

18. UANG MUKA PELANGGAN

Akun ini merupakan uang muka yang diterima dari pelanggan masing-masing sebesar USD16,9 juta dan USD16,6 juta pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank Ganesha Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has STL credit facility from PT Bank Ganesha Tbk ("Bank Ganesha") at the amount of Rp 150.0 billion, and valid until September 30, 2018. This facility was secured by certain machineries and equipment owned by the Company (Note 16). This facility was paid on March 27, 2018.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan to Bank Ganesha amounted to nil and USD11.1 million, respectively.

Bank of China Limited

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has credit facility from Bank of China Limited ("BOC") in the form of Combine Facility Sight Usance L/C or SKBDN & T/R Facility amounting to USD10.0 million, which will mature on June 17, 2018. This facility was secured by certain machinery and time deposits owned by the Company and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Notes 11 and 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of loan from BOC amounted to nil and USD7.7 million, respectively.

The range of interest rates of short-term bank loans based on significant currencies were as follows:

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the loan agreements.

Indonesian Rupiah

US Dollar

18. ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

This account represents advance payments from customers amounting to USD16.9 million and USD16.6 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

19. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PENDEK

Akun ini terdiri dari:

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19. SHORT-TERM MUSYARAKAH FINANCING

This accounts consist of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
Rupiah Indonesia			<u>Indonesian Rupiah</u>
PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk	9.450	9.596	PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank BCA Syariah	3.635	3.691	PT Bank BCA Syariah
Total	13.085	13.287	Total

PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki *Line Facility* Al-Musyarakah (*Revolving*) dan *Line Facility* Al-Kafalah Bil Ujroh dari PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Muamalat") dengan total fasilitas sebesar Rp130,0 miliar yang akan jatuh tempo tanggal 31 Maret 2020. Fasilitas ini digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku Perusahaan.

Fasilitas-fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin-mesin tertentu dan persediaan barang milik Perusahaan (Catatan 9 dan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pembiayaan musyarakah kepada Bank Muamalat masing-masing sebesar USD9,5 juta dan USD9,6 juta.

PT Bank BCA Syariah

Pada tanggal 19 Juni 2017, Perusahaan dan PT Bank BCA Syariah menandatangani perjanjian pemberian *Line Facility* Musyarakah (*Revolving*) dengan total *limit* fasilitas sebesar Rp50,0 miliar dengan jangka waktu satu (1) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan mesin tertentu milik perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo utang pembiayaan musyarakah kepada PT Bank BCA Syariah masing-masing sebesar USD3,6 juta dan USD3,7 juta.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian.

PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has Line Facility Al-Musyarakah (Revolving) and Line Facility Al Kafalah Bil Ujroh from PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Muamalat") with a total facility amounting to Rp130.0 billion which will mature on March 31, 2020. These facilities were used for purchase of raw materials.

These facilities were secured by certain machinery and inventories owned by the Company (Notes 9 and 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of the musyarakah financing to Bank Muamalat amounted to USD9.5 million and USD9.6 million, respectively.

PT Bank BCA Syariah

On June 19, 2017, the company and PT Bank BCA Syariah has signed the Line Facility Musyarakah (Revolving) financing agreement with a total facility limit amounting to Rp50.0 billion with a maturity period one (1) year. This facility was secured by certain land and machine owned by the Company.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balance of the musyarakah financing to PT Bank BCA Syariah amounted to USD3.6 million and USD3.7 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the agreements.

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20. UTANG USAHA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

20. TRADE PAYABLES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Lokal	21.352	23.348	Local
Impor	13.502	13.067	Import
Total utang usaha - pihak ketiga	34.854	36.415	Total trade payables - third parties
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 41b) Lokal			Related parties (Catatan 41b) <u>Local</u>
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	12.985	-	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
PT Ekamas Fortuna	6.750	10.038	PT Ekamas Fortuna
PT Berau Coal	4.210	1.306	PT Berau Coal
PT Sinar Syno Kimia Lain-lain (masing-masing	2.510	2.207	PT Sinar Syno Kimia
dibawah USD1 juta)	1.716	1.582	Others (each below USD1 million)
Total lokal	28.171	15.133	Total local
<u>Impor</u>			<u>Import</u>
Gold Hua Sheng Paper Co, Ltd. Lain-lain (masing-masing	159	159	Gold Hua Sheng Paper Co, Ltd. Others (each below
dibawah USD100 ribu)	104	99	USD100 thousand)
Total impor	263	258	Total import
Total utang usaha - pihak berelasi	28.434	15.391	Total trade payables - related parties
Total	63.288	51.806	Total

Rincian utang usaha berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of trade payables based on currencies were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Rupiah Indonesia	49.082	39.436	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	12.509	10.824	US Dollar
Euro Eropa	1.185	1.038	European Euro
Yen Jepang	350	254	Japanese Yen
Dolar Singapura	117	233	Singaporean Dollar
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD100 ribu)	45	21_	USD 100 thousand)
Total	63.288	51.806	Total

Utang usaha kepada pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 1,77% dan 0,97% dari total liabilitas konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017.

Trade payables to related parties represent 1.77% and 0.97% of the total consolidated liabilities as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

21. UTANG LAIN-LAIN - PIHAK KETIGA

Akun ini terdiri dari utang atas ongkos angkut pembelian barang dan lain-lain masing-masing sebesar USD5,3 juta dan USD6,6 juta pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017.

21. OTHER PAYABLES - THIRD PARTIES

This account consists of freight payable on purchased goods and others amounting to USD5.3 million and USD6.6 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

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22. BEBAN MASIH HARUS DIBAYAR

Akun ini terdiri dari:

22. ACCRUED EXPENSES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar</i> 31, 2018	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Beban restrukturisasi	65.448	60.764	Restructuring fee
Ongkos angkut	3.402	2.380	Freight
Listrik, air dan gas	2.862	2.788	Electricity, water and gas
Bunga	2.460	2.643	Interest
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD100 ribu)	600	437	USD100 thousand)
Total pada nilai nominal	74.772	69.012	Total at nominal value
Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan			Net adjustment on the implementation
PSAK No. 55	(65.448)	(60.764)	of PSAK No. 55
Neto pada Biaya Perolehan			
Diamortisasi	9.324	8.248	Net at Amortized Cost

Beban restrukturisasi diakui oleh Perusahaan sesuai dengan kesepakatan dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang (Catatan 27 dan 28).

Restructuring fee was accrued by the Company in line with the debt restructuring agreement (Notes 27 and 28).

23. LIABILITAS SEWA PEMBIAYAAN

PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya (Sumalindo), Entitas Anak, mengadakan perjanjian sewa pembiayaan dengan PT ORIX Indonesia Finance ("ORIX") untuk membiayai pembelian alat pengangkutan selama tiga (3) tahun.

Saldo atas liabilitas sewa pembiayaan pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebagai berikut:

23. FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES

PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya (Sumalindo), a Subsidiary, entered into lease agreements with PT ORIX Indonesia Finance ("ORIX") to finance the purchase of transportation equipment for three (3) years.

The balances of finance lease liabilities as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/	31 Des 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017	
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam	44	51	Lease liabilities
waktu satu tahun	(26)	(25)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	18	26	Long-term Portions

Pembayaran sewa minimum masa datang dalam perjanjian sewa pembiayaan pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebagai berikut:

Future minimum lease payments in the finance lease agreements as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Kurang dari satu tahun	-	-	Less than one year
Lebih dari satu tahun sampai lima tahun	49	57	Less than one year up to five years
Total	49	57	Total
Dikurangi: Bagian bunga	(5)	(6)	Less: Interest portion

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23. FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

23. LIABILITAS SEWA PEMBIAYAAN (Lanjutan)

31 Mar 2018/ 31 Des 2017/ Mar 31, 2018 Dec 31, 2017 Neto 44 51 Net Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun (26)(25)Current maturities Bagian Jangka Panjang 18 26 Long-term portion

Berdasarkan perjanjian sewa pembiayaan, tidak terdapat utang sewa kontinjen. Selain itu, tidak ada pembatasan-pembatasan yang ditetapkan dalam perjanjian sewa.

Based on the finance lease agreements, there was no contingent lease debt. In addition, there was no negative covenant specified in the lease agreements.

24. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG

24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak Ketiga	<u> 01, 2010</u>		Third Parties
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	85.000	85.000	(Persero) Tbk
The Export-Import Bank of China	58.950	58.950	The Export-Import Bank of China
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	22.001	22.189	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
Agroniaga Tbk	13.124	13.665	Agroniaga Tbk
PT Bank Ganesha Tbk	1.038	1.204	PT Bank Ganesha Tbk
Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga			Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga
Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)	631	2.524	Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)
Total	180.744	183.532	Total
Bagian yang jatuh tempo			
dalam waktu satu tahun	(16.330)	(18.170)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	164.414	165.362	Long-term Portions

Rincian pinjaman jangka panjang berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of long-term bank loan based on currencies were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Dolar AS	164.805	166.720	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	15.939	16.812	Indonesian Rupiah
Total	180.744	183.532	Total

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas dari PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BRI") berupa Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (KMK) sebesar USD85,0 juta dan Fasilitas Commercial Line sebesar USD40,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 23 Juni 2018. Atas fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut dijamin dengan persediaan barang, mesin , dan hak atas tanah tertentu atas nama Perusahaan.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

On March 31, 2018, the Company has facilities from PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Tbk ("BRI") in the form of Working Capital Credit (KMK) Facility amounting to USD85.0 million and Commercial Line Facility amounting to USD40.0 million which is valid until June 23, 2018. The facilities are secured by certain inventories, machinery and land rights of the Company.

24. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari BRI adalah sebesar USD85,0 juta.

The Export-Import Bank of China

Pada tanggal 14 Juli 2014, The Export-Import Bank of China ("China Eximbank") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD78,6 juta untuk jangka waktu sampai dengan delapan (8) tahun.

Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan hak atas tanah, bangunan, mesin, dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan, serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari China Eximbank adalah sebesar USD59,0 juta.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Pada tanggal 4 April 2016, PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") setuju untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi baru kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp39,5 miliar untuk jangka waktu 5 (lima) tahun.

Selain itu, Perusahaan juga memiliki fasilitas Kredit Lokal yang diklasifikasikan dari pinjaman bank jangka pendek menjadi pinjaman bank jangka panjang (Catatan 17).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari BCA masingmasing sebesar USD22,0 juta dan USD22,2 juta.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juli 2012, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk ("Bank Agro") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi kepada PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya (Sumalindo), Entitas Anak, sebesar Rp60,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu selama tujuh (7) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan "tegakan pohon" *Eucalyptus* dan *Accacia* milik Sumalindo.

Pada tanggal 30 September 2015, Bank Agro telah setuju untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi refinancing kepada Sumalindo sebesar Rp100,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu tujuh (7) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tegakan pohon milik Sumalindo.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari Bank Agro masing-masing sebesar USD13,1 juta dan USD13,7 juta.

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24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of the long-term bank loans from BRI amounted to USD85.0 million.

The Export-Import Bank of China

On July 14, 2014, The Export-Import Bank of China ("China Eximbank") agreed to provide loan facility at the amount of USD78.6 million for a period of up to eight (8) years.

This facility was secured by certain land right, building, machinery, and certain equipment also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of long-term bank loan from China Eximbank amounted to USD59.0 million.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

On April 4, 2016, PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") agreed to provide new with investment credit facility to the Company at the amount of Rp39.5 billion for the period of 5 (five) years.

In addition, the Company also has a Local Credit facility which was classified from short-term bank loans into long-term bank loans (Note 17).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of long-term bank loans from BCA amounted to USD22.0 million and USD22.2 million, respectively.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

On July 30, 2012, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk ("Bank Agro") agreed to provide investment credit facility to PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya (Sumalindo), a Subsidiary, at the amount of Rp60.0 billion for a period of seven (7) years. This facility was secured by "tegakan pohon" Eucalyptus and Accacia owned by Sumalindo.

On September 30, 2015, Bank Agro has agreed to provide credit investment refinancing to Sumalindo at the amount of Rp100.0 billion for a period of seven (7) years. This facility was secured by "tegakan pohon" owned by Sumalindo.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of long-term bank loans from Bank Agro amounted to USD13.1 million and USD13.7 million, respectively.

24. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Ganesha Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 September 2016, PT Bank Ganesha Tbk ("Bank Ganesha") telah setuju untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit berupa *Fixed Loan* kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp25,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu 36 (tiga puluh enam) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin oleh mesin dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari Bank Ganesha masing-masing sebesar USD1,0 juta dan USD1,2 juta.

Indonesia Eximbank / Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia

Pada tanggal 23 April 2013, Indonesia Eximbank/ Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia ("Eximbank") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Kredit Investasi Ekspor kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD26,5 juta untuk jangka waktu sampai dengan lima (5) tahun.

Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan, serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang dari Eximbank masing-masing sebesar USD0,6 juta dan USD2,5 juta.

Kisaran bunga pinjaman bank jangka panjang berdasarkan mata uang signifikan adalah sebagai berikut: PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank Ganesha Tbk

On September 30, 2016, PT Bank Ganesha Tbk ("Bank Ganesha") has agreed to provide Fixed Loan credit facility to the Company at the amount of Rp25,0 billion for the period of 36 (thirty six) months. This facility was secured by certain machineries and equipment owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of the long-term bank loan from Bank Ganesha amounted to USD1.0 million and USD1.2 million, respectively.

Indonesia Eximbank / Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia

On April 23, 2013, Indonesia Eximbank/Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia ("Eximbank") agreed to provide Export Investment Loan facility at the amount of USD26.5 million for a period of up to five (5) years.

These facilities were secured by certain machinery and buildings owned by Company and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of the long-term bank loan from Eximbank amounted to USD0.6 million and USD2.5 million, respectively.

The range of interest rates of long-term bank loans based on significant currencies were as follows:

31 Mar 2018 /	31 Des 2017/
Mar 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017 (%)
(,,,	9.50 - 12.50
4,53 - 6,10	9,50 - 12,50 4,01 - 6,10
	Mar 31, 2018 (%) 9,50 - 11,25

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian pinjaman.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the loan agreements.

Indonesian Rupiah

US Dollar

25. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PANJANG

Pada tanggal 29 Juni 2015, PT Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tbk ("Bank Panin") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas berupa *line facility* Musyarakah sebesar Rp100,0 miliar kepada Perusahaan untuk jangka waktu dua puluh empat (24) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16). Fasilitas ini telah diperpanjang sampai dengan tanggal 16 Juni 2019.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo pembiayaan musyarakah dari Bank Panin masingmasing sebesar USD7,3 juta dan USD7,4 juta.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian.

26. UTANG MURABAHAH JANGKA PANJANG

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25. LONG-TERM MUSYARAKAH FINANCING

On June 29, 2015, PT Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tbk ("Bank Panin") has agreed to provide line facility Musyarakah at the amount Rp100.0 billion to the Company in the period of twenty-four (24) months. This facility was secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 16). This facility has been extended up to June 16, 2019.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of musyarakah financing to Bank Panin amounted to USD7.3 million and USD7.4 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the agreements.

26. LONG-TERM MURABAHAH PAYABLES

This account consists of:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
Rupiah Indonesia			<u>Indonesian Rupiah</u>
PT Bank Syariah Mandiri	21.809	22.142	PT Bank Syariah Mandiri
PT Bank BCA Syariah	3.203	3.402	PT Bank BCA Syariah
Total	25.012	25.544	Total
Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun	(631)	(624)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	24.381	24.920	Long-term Portions

PT Bank Syariah Mandiri

Pada akad perjanjian dengan PT Bank Syariah Mandiri ("BSM") yang telah dinotariskan, disebutkan bahwa BSM berjanji dan mengikatkan diri untuk menyediakan *Line Facility* dalam jenis pembiayaan *Al-Murabahah* dengan *limit* atau plafon pembiayaan sebesar Rp200,0 miliar, yang akan digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku produksi, bahan penolong, logistik dan *spare-part* mesin. Perusahaan berjanji dan mengikatkan diri untuk menerima *Line Facility* tersebut dari BSM dan mengaku berutang pokok sejumlah uang sesuai *limit* atau plafon pembiayaan sebesar Rp200,0 miliar.

Jangka waktu pembiayaan *Al-Murabahah* yaitu maksimal dua belas (12) bulan terhitung sejak pencairan yang akan ditandatangani oleh Bank dan Perusahaan sebagaimana dimaksud, yang merupakan satu kesatuan dan tidak dipisahkan dari Akad ini. Fasilitas *Al-Murabahah* ini terhitung sejak tanggal 27 Februari 2013.

PT Bank Syariah Mandiri

On the facility agreement with PT Bank Syariah Mandiri ("BSM") which has been notarized, stated that the BSM promised and committed to provide Line Facility to the Company in this kind of Al-Murabahah financing with the limit or plafond amounting to Rp200.0 billion, and were be used to purchase raw materials, indirect materials, logistics and spare-part machine. The Company promises and committing to accept the Line Facility from BSM and admitted to owe principal amount of money according to the limit or plafond of financing amounting to Rp200.0 billion.

The period of financing Al-Murabahah is maximum of twelve (12) months counted from the disbursement that will be signed by Bank and the Company as referred to, which is one form and not separated from this Contract. This Al-Murabahah facility started from February 27, 2013.

26. UTANG MURABAHAH JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pada akad addendum, disepakati penambahan limit sebesar Rp100,0 miliar, sehingga total limit fasilitas ini menjadi Rp300,0 miliar. Jangka waktu addendum pembiayaan Line Facility ini disepakati selama tiga puluh enam (36) bulan terhitung sejak pencairan pertama, dengan jangka waktu pembiayaan Al-Murabahah yaitu maksimal dua belas (12) bulan terhitung sejak pencairan yang akan ditandatangani oleh Bank dan Perusahaan sebagaimana dimaksud, yang merupakan satu kesatuan dan tidak dipisahkan dari Akad ini. Untuk addendum penambahan fasilitas Al-Murabahah ini terhitung sejak tanggal 30 September 2013. Fasilitas ini telah diperpanjang sampai dengan tanggal 28 Februari 2019.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo utang murabahah kepada BSM masing-masing sebesar USD21,8 juta dan USD22,1 juta.

PT Bank BCA Syariah

Pada tanggal 19 Juni 2017, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas pembiayaan *Al-Murabahah* dari PT Bank BCA Syariah dengan total *limit* fasilitas sebesar Rp50,0 miliar, yang akan digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku dan bahan pendukung produksi, dengan jangka waktu lima (5) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 16).

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, saldo utang murabahah kepada PT Bank BCA Syariah masing-masing sebesar USD3,2 juta dan USD3,4 juta.

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, manajemen berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian.

27. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG

Sesudah restrukturisasi utang Perusahaan menjadi efektif di tahun 2005, utang jangka panjang dibedakan antara utang pihak yang berpartisipasi dan tidak berpartisipasi. Berikut ini adalah rincian dari utang jangka panjang dalam berbagai mata uang asing setara dengan Dolar AS:

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26. LONG-TERM MURABAHAH PAYABLES (Continued)

In the addendum contract, agreed that the addition of limit facility of Rp100.0 billion, and total limit of these facilities became Rp300.0 billion. The term of this addendum financing Line Facility agreed. for thirty six (36) months since the first disbursement, with the period of financing Al-Murabahah is maximum of twelve (12) months counted from the disbursement and the Company referred to, which is one form and not separated from this Contract. Addendum to the addition of facilities Al-Murabahah at started from September 30, 2013. This facility has been extended up to February 28, 2019.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balances of the murabahah payable to BSM amounted to USD21.8 million and USD22.1 million, respectively.

PT Bank BCA Syariah

On June 19, 2017, the Company obtained received a Al-Murabahah financing facility with a total facility limit amounting to Rp50.0 billion and used to purchase raw material and supporting raw material, with a period of five (5) years. This facility was secured by certain land and machine owned by the Company (Note 16).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the outstanding balance of the murabahah payable to PT Bank BCA Syariah amounted to USD3.2 million and USD3.4 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the management believed it has fulfilled its obligations under the agreements.

27. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

After the effectiveness of the Company's debt restructuring in 2005, long-term debts were classified as participants and non-participants. The following were the details of long-term liabilities in various currencies equivalent to US Dollar:

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27. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

27. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pihak yang Berpartisipasi Tranche A Tranche B Tranche C	26.359 108.100	- 28.827 104.794	Participants Tranche A Tranche B Tranche C
Subtotal Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi	134.459 13.179	133.621 13.179	Subtotal Non-Participants
Total nilai nominal Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan PSAK No. 55	147.638 13.138	146.800 12.154	Total at nominal value Net adjusment on the implemetation of PSAK No. 55
Total biaya perolehan diamortisasi	160.776	158.954	Total at amortized cost
Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun Bagian Jangka Panjang	(8.006) 152.770	(7.781) 151.173	Current maturities Long-term Portion

Pihak yang Berpartisipasi

Participants

Rincian utang jangka panjang pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of long-term debts as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follow:

31 Maret 2018 / March 31, 2018				
Dalam Satuan Penuh / In Full Amount				
USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	
				Facilities
-	-	-	-	Tranche A
2.834.444	7.070.998	1.169.487.707	52.793.858.181	Tranche B
11.617.039	29.191.609	4.760.748.172	217.952.170.200	Tranche C
14.451.483	36.262.607	5.930.235.879	270.746.028.381	Total at Nominal
	2.834.444 11.617.039	Dalam Satuan Pe USD Euro 2.834.444 7.070.998 11.617.039 29.191.609	Dalam Satuan Penuh / In Full Amount USD Euro JPY 2.834.444 7.070.998 1.169.487.707 11.617.039 29.191.609 4.760.748.172	USD Euro JPY Rp 2.834.444 7.070.998 1.169.487.707 52.793.858.181 11.617.039 29.191.609 4.760.748.172 217.952.170.200

		31 Desember 201	7 / December 31, 201	7	
		Dalam Satuan Pe	nuh / <i>In Full Amount</i>		
	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	
Fasilitas					Facilities
Tranche A	-	-	-	-	Tranche A
Tranche B	3.199.831	7.982.521	1.318.360.607	59.599.525.181	Tranche B
Tranche C	11.617.039	29.191.609	4.760.748.172	217.952.170.200	Tranche C
Total Nilai Nominal	14.816.870	37.174.130	6.079.108.779	277.551.695.381	Total at Nominal

Fasilitas *Tranche* A dan *Tranche* B memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan tiga (3) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 6%); dan

The Tranche A facility and the Tranche B facility bear annual interest at rates as follows:

- from the effective date to the date three (3) years after the effective date:
 - Three (3)-month LIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for Euro), TIBOR (for Japanese yen), for each case where in each case plus 1% per annum (capped at 6%); and

27. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

- tiga (3) bulanan bunga BI (untuk Rupiah) ditambah 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 14%);
- dari tiga (3) tahun sampai dengan lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 2% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum); dan
 - tiga (3) bulanan bunga BI (untuk Rupiah) ditambah dengan 2% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum);
- dari dan sesudah lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang) dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 3% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum); dan
 - tiga (3) bulanan bunga BI (untuk Rupiah) ditambah dengan 3% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum).

Fasilitas *Tranche* C memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar semuanya, tidak ada bunga yang harus diakui. Tetapi biaya restrukturisasi diakui dan dikapitalisasi pada tahun ke-9 dan tahun ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif;
- setelah tanggal dimana semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B, dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar penuh, dikenakan tarif tetap 2% per tahun; dan
- jika tanggal jatuh tempo Fasilitas *Tranche* C final diperpanjang sesuai dengan persyaratannya, LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang) dan tiga (3) bulanan bunga BI (untuk Rupiah), masing-masing ditambah dengan 1% per tahun.

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisaasi utang Perusahaan, kapitalisasi biaya restrukturisasi untuk tahun ke-9 setelah tanggal efektif telah dilakukan pada tahun 2014.

Fasilitas *Tranche* A, fasilitas *Tranche* B dan fasilitas *Tranche* C dikenakan tingkat bunga maksimum yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A, Wesel *Tranche* B dan Wesel *Tranche* C.

Fasilitas *Tranche* A jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2019 dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A

Fasilitas *Tranche* B jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2022 dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* B.

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27. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

- three (3)-month BI Rate (for Rupiah) plus 1% per annum (capped at 14%);
- from the date three (3) years to five (5) years after the effective date:
 - three (3)-month LIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese yen), for each case where in each case plus 2% per annum (uncapped); and
 - three-(3) month BI Rate (for Rupiah) plus 2% per annum (uncapped); and
- from more than five (5) years after the effective date:
 - three (3)-month LIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese yen), for each case where in each case plus 3% per annum (uncapped); and
 - three (3)-month BI Rate (for Rupiah) plus 3% per annum (uncapped).

The Tranche C Facility bears an annual interest rate as follows:

- from the effective date until all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, no interest will be accrued. However, a restructuring fee will be accrued and be capitalized on the dates falling the 9th year and 15th year after the effective date;
- after the date on which all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, a fixed rate of 2% per annum; and
- if the final maturity date of the Tranche C Facilities is extended in accordance with their terms, three (3) month LIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese yen) and three (3) months BI Rate (for Rupiah), for each case where in each case plus 1% per annum.

In accordance with the Company's restructuring agreement, capitalization of the restructuring fee for the ninth (9th) year after the effective date has been applied in year 2014.

The Tranche A Facility, Tranche B Facility and Tranche C Facility are subject to the same interest as the Tranche A Notes, the Tranche B Notes and the Tranche C Notes.

The Tranche A Facility has a stated maturity date in April 2019 and shares the same terms as the Tranche A Notes.

The Tranche B Facility has a stated maturity date in April 2022 and shares the same terms as the Tranche B Notes.

27. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Fasilitas *Tranche* C jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2029 (dapat diperpanjang sampai dengan bulan April 2031) dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* C.

Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi

Kesepakatan atas saldo utang kepada kreditur yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam restrukturisasi utang memerlukan telaah internal lebih lanjut oleh Perusahaan, dan/atau penyelesaiannya tergantung dari selesainya proses verifikasi saldo pinjaman (*proof of debt*) dan/atau pemenuhan semua persyaratan sebagaimana diatur di dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang Perusahaan.

28. WESEL BAYAR

Wesel bayar merupakan bagian dari utang Perusahaan yang telah direstrukturisasi. Rincian wesel bayar yang direstrukturisasi adalah sebagai berikut:

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27. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Tranche C Facility has a stated maturity date in April 2029 (subject to extension to a date in April 2031) and shares the same terms as the Tranche C Notes.

Non-Participants

The resolution on the outstanding indebtedness to creditors who did not participate in the debt restructuring are subject to further review by the Company and/or successful completion of the relevant (proof of debts) process and/or fulfillment of all relevant requirements under the debt restructuring agreement.

28. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable are part of the Company's restructured liabilities. The following are the details of the restructured notes payable:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Wesel Bayar Pihak yang Berpartisipasi: Secured Company Global Notes	609.869	624.996	Notes Payable Participants: Secured Company Global Notes
Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi	38.450_	38.450	Non-Participants
Total Wesel Bayar Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan PSAK No. 55	648.319 55.292	663.446 52.490	Total Notes Payable Net adjustment on the implementation of PSAK No. 55
Total Biaya Perolehan Diamortisasi	703.611	715.936	Total at Amortized Cost
Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun Bagian Jangka Panjang	(35.638) 667.973	(35.748) 680.188	Current maturities Long-term Portion

Pihak yang Berpartisipasi

Berikut ini adalah syarat dan ketentuan penting dalam perjanjian tersebut:

Wesel Tranche A

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi Perusahaan menerbitkan Secured Company Global Notes sebesar USD19,3 juta dan Tjiwi Kimia Finance BV ("TKFBV") menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Global Notes sebesar USD116,7 juta (keduanya disebut sebagai "Wesel Tranche A"). Pada tanggal 2014, Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV ditukarkan dengan Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dengan syarat dan ketentuan yang sama sehingga Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV sudah tidak berlaku lagi. Wesel Tranche A jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2019, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo.

Participants

Following are the important terms and conditions based on the agreement:

Tranche A Notes

In line with the debt restructuring agreement, the Company issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD19.3 million and Tjiwi Kimia Finance BV ("TKFBV") issued Guaranteed Secured Global Notes amounting to USD116.7 million (both referred to the "Tranche A Notes"). On June 25, 2014, Notes issued by TKFBV was exchanged with the Notes issued by the Company with the same terms and conditions and therefore the Notes issued by TKFBV was no longer valid. The Tranche A Notes have a stated maturity date on April 2019, unless redeemed, purchased or cancelled prior to the maturity date.

28. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

Wesel *Tranche* A memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan tiga (3) tahun setelah tanggal efektif: LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 6%);
- lebih dari tiga (3) tahun sampai dengan lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif: LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 2% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum); dan
- lebih dari dan setelah lima (5) tahun dari tanggal efektif: LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 3% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum).

Ketentuan jumlah batas maksimum bunga adalah sebagai berikut:

- untuk setiap bulan dimana Wesel Tranche A atau Pinjaman Tranche A (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) masih terutang, jumlah seluruh utang bunga terhadap Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) dan Pinjaman Tranche B (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) yang masih terutang dibatasi maksimum 50% dari jumlah Monthly Mandatory Debts Service (MMDS) untuk bulan tersebut; dan
- untuk setiap bulan setelah seluruh Wesel Tranche A dan Pinjaman Tranche A dilunasi, jumlah seluruh utang bunga terhadap Wesel Tranche B dan Pinjaman Tranche B yang masih terutang dan jika memungkinkan, Wesel Tranche C dan Pinjaman Tranche C yang masih terutang dibatasi maksimum 33% dari jumlah MMDS untuk bulan tersebut.

Bunga dibayar secara tiga (3) bulanan pada hari kerja terakhir hari di bulan Januari, April, Juli dan Oktober setiap tahunnya, dimulai pada bulan Juli 2005. Berdasarkan CAL X, pembayaran pokok pinjaman dilakukan setiap 3 bulan.

Wesel Tranche B

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang, Perusahaan juga menerbitkan Secured Company Global Notes sebesar USD49,7 juta dan TKFBV menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Global Notes USD300,3 juta (keduanya disebut sebagai "Wesel Tranche B"). Namun pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV ditukarkan dengan Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dengan syarat dan ketentuan yang sama sehingga Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV sudah tidak berlaku lagi. Wesel Tranche B akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2022, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo atau dilakukan pendanaan kembali sesuai prasyarat. Prasyarat Wesel Tranche B sama dengan Wesel Tranche A.

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28. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

These Tranche A Notes bear annual interest rates as follows:

- from the effective date to three (3) years after the effective date: three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 1% per annum (capped at 6%);
- from more than three (3) years to five (5) years after the effective date: three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 2% per annum (uncapped); and
- from and after more than five (5) years after the effective date: three (3)-month LIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 3% per annum (uncapped).

Subject to an interest amount cap as follows:

- for any month in which any Tranche A Notes or Tranche A Debt (as defined below) remains outstanding, the aggregate amount of interest payable in respect of the Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes (as defined below) and Tranche B Debt (as defined below) outstanding is limited at 50% of the Monthly Mandatory Debts Service (MMDS) amount for that month; and
- for any month after all Tranche A Notes and Tranche A Debt have been repaid, the aggregate amount of interest payable in respect of the Tranche B Notes and Tranche B Debt outstanding and, if applicable, Tranche C Notes and Tranche C Debt outstanding is limited at 33% of the MMDS amount for that month.

Interest is payable quarterly in arrears on the last business day in January, April, July and October of each year commencing in July 2005. Based on CAL X, payment of principal is made quarterly.

Tranche B Notes

In line with the debt restructuring agreement, the Company has also issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD49.7 million and TKFBV has issued Guaranteed Secured Global Notes amounting to USD300.3 million (both reffered to the "Tranche B Notes"). However, on June 25, 2014, Notes issued by TKFBV was exchanged with the Notes issued by the Company with the same terms and conditions and therefore the Notes issued by TKFBV was no longer valid. The Tranche B Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2022, unless redeemed, purchased, or cancelled prior to the maturity date or refinanced in accordance with their terms. The Tranche B Notes share the same terms as the Tranche A Notes.

28. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

Wesel Tranche C

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang. Perusahaan menerbitkan Secured Company Global Notes sebesar USD64,6 juta dan TKFBV menerbitkan Guaranteed Secured Global Notes sebesar USD381.2 iuta (keduanya disebut sebagai "Wesel Tranche C"). Namun pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV ditukarkan dengan Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dengan syarat dan ketentuan yang sama sehingga Wesel yang diterbitkan oleh TKFBV sudah tidak berlaku lagi. Wesel Tranche C akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2029, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo atau diperpanjang sesuai dengan persyaratan sampai dengan bulan April 2031. Prasyarat Wesel Tranche C sama dengan Wesel Tranche A dan Wesel Tranche B, kecuali Wesel Tranche C memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar semuanya, tidak ada bunga yang harus diakui. Tetapi biaya restrukturisasi diakui dan dikapitalisasi pada tahun ke-9 dan tahun ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif;
- setelah tanggal dimana semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B, dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar penuh akan dikenakan bunga tetap 2% per tahun: dan
- jika tanggal jatuh tempo diperpanjang sesuai dengan prasyarat Wesel *Tranche* C, LIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 1% per tahun dan dikenakan tingkat bunga maksimum yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A dan Wesel *Tranche* B.

Sesuai dengan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang, kapitalisasi biaya restrukturisasi untuk tahun ke-9 setelah tanggal efektif telah dilakukan pada tahun 2014.

Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi

Kesepakatan atas saldo utang kepada pihak yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam restrukturisasi utang sangat tergantung dari penelaahan lebih lanjut oleh Perusahaan, dan/atau penyelesaiannya tergantung dari proses verifikasi saldo pinjaman (*proof of debt*) dan/atau pemenuhan semua persyaratan yang berhubungan sebagaimana diatur dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang Perusahaan.

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28. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Tranche C Notes

In line with the debt restructuring agreement, the Company issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD64.6 millions and TKFBV issued Guaranteed Secured Global Notes amounting to USD381.2 million (both referred to "Tranche C Notes"). However, on June 25, 2014, Notes issued by TKFBV was exchanged with the Notes issued by the Company with the same terms and conditions and therefore the Notes issued by TKFBV was no longer valid. The Tranche C Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2029, unless redeemed, purchased or cancelled prior to the maturity date or extended in accordance with their terms to a date in April 2031. Tranche C Notes share the same terms as the Tranche A Notes and Tranche B Notes except that the Tranche C Notes bear annual interest rates as follows:

- from the effective date until all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, no interest will be accrued. However, a restructuring fee will be accrued and be capitalized on the dates falling the 9th year and 15th year after the effective date;
- after the date on which all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and refinancing debt are repaid in full, bears a fixed interest rate of 2% per annum; and
- if the final maturity date is extended in accordance with the terms of the Tranche C Notes, three (3)-month LIBOR (for US dollar) plus 1% per annum, but subject to the same interest amount limit as the Tranche A Notes and the Tranche B Notes.

In accordance with the debt restructuring agreement, capitalization of the restructuring fee for the 9th year after the effective date has been applied in year 2014.

Non-Participants

The resolution on the outstanding indebtedness to creditors who did not participate in the debt restructuring are subject to further review by the Company and/or successful completion of the relevant proof of debts process and/or fulfillment of all relevant requirements under the Company's debt restructuring agreement.

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29. LIABILITAS IMBALAN KERJA

Liabilitas imbalan kerja karyawan untuk tanggal 31 Maret 2018 adalah estimasi manajemen, sedangkan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 telah dihitung oleh PT Biro Pusat Aktuaria, aktuaris independen, dalam laporan pada tanggal 2 Maret 2018, dengan menggunakan metode "Projected Unit Credit" dan asumsi-asumsi sebagai berikut:

29. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY

Employee benefits liability as of March 31, 2018 was estimated by management, while as of December 31, 2017, was calculated by PT Biro Pusat Aktuaria, an independent actuary, in its reports dated March 2, 2018, using the "Projected Unit Credit" method and the following assumptions:

Tingkat diskonto Tingkat kenaikan gaji	6,64% per tahun/6.64% per annum 5% per tahun/ <i>5% per annum</i>	Discount rate Salary increment rate
Tingkat pengunduran diri secara sukarela	8% untuk karyawan berumur dibawah 30 tahun dan akan secara sukarela terus berkurang sampai 0% pada usia 53 tahun/ 8 % for employees below the age of 30 years and will linearly decrease until 0% at the age of 53 years	Voluntary resignation rate
Tingkat mortalitas	Tabel Mortalita Indonesia 2011 (TMI'11)/ Indonesian Mortality Table 2011 (TMI'11)	Mortality rate
Usia pensiun normal	55 tahun/55 <i>years</i>	Normal retirement age
Tingkat kecacatan	10% dari tingkat kematian/ 10% of the mortality rate	Disability rate

Liabilitas imbalan kerja karyawan adalah sebagai berikut:

Employee benefits liability were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Nilai kini kewajiban imbalan pasti Nilai wajar atas aset program	41.639	42.007	Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets
Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja	41.639	42.007	Employee Benefits Liability

Mutasi liabilitas imbalan kerja karyawan adalah sebagai berikut:

Movements of employee benefits liability were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Saldo awal	42.007	37.201	Beginning balance
Imbalan kerja yang			Employee benefit recognized
diakui dalam laba rugi	(231)	(980)	in profit or loss
Pengukuran kembali yang diakui dalam			Remeasurements recognized in
penghasilan komprehensif lain	(31)	6.800	other comprehensive income
Realisasi pembayaran manfaat	(106)	(1.014)	Actual benefits paid
Saldo Akhir	41.639	42.007	Ending Balance

29. LIABILITAS IMBALAN KERJA (Lanjutan)

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghadapi sejumlah risiko signifikan terkait program imbalan pasti, sebagai berikut:

(a) Perubahan tingkat diskonto Penurunan pada tingkat diskonto menyebabkan kenaikan liabilitas program.

(b) Tingkat kenaikan gaji Kewajiban imbalan pasti berhubungan dengan tingkat kenaikan gaji, dimana semakin tinggi tingkat kenaikan gaji akan menyebabkan semakin besarnya liabilitas.

30. MODAL SAHAM

Susunan pemegang saham Perusahaan dan total kepemilikan saham pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, berdasarkan catatan Biro Administrasi Efek (BAE) Kustodian Sentral Efek Indonesia (KSEI) adalah sebagai berikut:

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29. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY (Continued)

The Company and Subsidiaries was exposed to a number of significant risks related to its defined benefit plans, as follows:

- (a) Changes in discount rate

 A decrease in discount rate will increase plan liabilities.
- (b) Salary increment rate

 Defined benefits obligation is linked to salary increment rate, whereby the higher salary increment rate will lead to higher liabilities.

30. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's stockholders and their respective shareholdings as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, based on the Securities Administration Agency's (BAE) and Central Custodian Stock Indonesian (KSEI) records were as follows:

	31 Maret	2018 / March 31, 2	018	
Pemegang Saham	Jumlah Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh (dalam satuan penuh)/ Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid (in full amounts)	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership (%)	Jumlah/ Amounts (USD)	Shareholders
PT Purinusa Ekapersada	1.857.744.987	60	408.645	PT Purinusa Ekapersada
Masyarakat: PT Asuransi Simas Jiwa Lain-lain (masing-masing	207.717.874	7	45.691	Public: PT Asuransi Sinarmas Jiwa
dibawah 5%)	1.047.760.709	33	230.474	Others (each below 5%)
		40	276.165	Total Public
Total Masyarakat	1.255.478.583	40		
Total Masyarakat Total	3.113.223.570	100	684.810	Total
Total Pemegang Saham	3.113.223.570 31 Desember Jumlah Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh (dalam satuan penuh)/ Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid (in full amounts)	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership (%)	684.810 31, 2017 Jumlah/ <i>Amount</i> s (USD)	Total
Pemegang Saham PT Purinusa Ekapersada	3.113.223.570 31 Desember Jumlah Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh (dalam satuan penuh)/ Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	684.810 31, 2017 Jumlah/ <i>Amount</i> s	Total Shareholders PT Purinusa Ekapersada
Total Pemegang Saham	3.113.223.570 31 Desember Jumlah Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh (dalam satuan penuh)/ Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid (in full amounts)	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership (%)	684.810 31, 2017 Jumlah/ <i>Amount</i> s (USD)	Total
Pemegang Saham PT Purinusa Ekapersada Masyarakat: PT Asuransi Simas Jiwa	3.113.223.570 31 Desember Jumlah Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh (dalam satuan penuh)/ Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid (in full amounts) 1.857.744.987	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership (%) 60	Jumlah/ Amounts (USD) 408.645	Shareholders PT Purinusa Ekapersada Public:
Pemegang Saham PT Purinusa Ekapersada Masyarakat: PT Asuransi Simas Jiwa Lain-lain (masing-masing	3.113.223.570 31 Desember Jumlah Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh (dalam satuan penuh)/ Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid (in full amounts) 1.857.744.987	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership (%) 60	Jumlah/ Amounts (USD) 408.645	Shareholders PT Purinusa Ekapersada Public: PT Asuransi Sinarmas Jiwa

30. MODAL SAHAM (Lanjutan)

Pada tahun 2017, pelaksanaan waran menjadi saham biasa adalah sejumlah 441.819.043 lembar.

31. TAMBAHAN MODAL DISETOR

Akun ini bersumber dari kegiatan korporasi Perusahaan, antara lain penawaran umum perdana dan terbatas, penerbitan waran, saham bonus dan dividen saham, serta selisih antara aset dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak dari Entitas Anak, PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya.

Saldo pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebesar USD29,2 juta.

32. SALDO LABA DAN DIVIDEN

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan pada tanggal 12 Juni 2017, pemegang saham setuju untuk membagikan dividen tunai tahun 2016 sebesar USD1,01 juta (setara dengan Rp13,4 miliar) atau setara dengan Rp5 per lembar saham. Dividen tersebut dibagikan kepada pemegang saham yang terdaftar pada tanggal 22 Juni 2017. Dividen kas ini dibayarkan pada tanggal 14 Juli 2017.

Dalam Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan tersebut, pemegang saham juga menetapkan saldo laba yang ditentukan penggunaannya sebesar USD1,0 juta (setara dengan Rp13,3 miliar) sebagai cadangan dana umum dalam rangka memenuhi ketentuan pasal 70 Undang-undang Perseroan Terbatas No. 40 Tahun 2007.

33. PENJUALAN NETO

Rincian penjualan neto diklasifikasikan sebagai berikut:

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30. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

In 2017, warrants were exercised into common stocks in amount of 441,819,043 shares.

31. ADDITIONAL PAID - IN CAPITAL

This account represents the balance incurred from the Company's corporate actions, among others, initial public offering and rights issue, issuance of warrants, bonus shares and share dividend, and the difference between the tax amnesty assets and liabilities from the Subsidiary, PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya.

Balance as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 amounted to USD29.2 million.

32. RETAINED EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS

Based on the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated June 12, 2017, the shareholders approved the distribution of cash dividends for the year 2016 amounting to USD1.01 million (equivalent to Rp13.4 billion) or equivalent to Rp5 per share. The dividends were distributed to all of its registered shareholders as of June 22, 2017. These cash dividends were paid on July 14, 2017.

In the said Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the shareholders also approved the appropriation of retained earnings amounting to USD1.0 million (equivalent Rp13.3 billion) for general reserve in compliance with the article 70 of Corporation Law No. 40 of 2007.

33. NET SALES

The details of net sales were classified as follows:

	pass	
Three months ended		
31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017/	
Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
250.354	252.324	Paper products
		Industrial paper, packaging
25.552	18.949	products and others
275.906	271.273	Net Sales (Note 40)
	Three mont 31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018 250.354 25.552	31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018 250.354 25.552 31 Mar 2017/ Mar 31, 2017 252.324 18.949

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

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33. PENJUALAN NETO (Lanjutan)

Rincian penjualan berdasarkan pelanggan adalah sebagai berikut:

33. NET SALES (Continued)

The details of sales based on customers were shown below:

Tiga bulan	vang	berakhir	pada	tanggal/
i iya bulali	yanıy	Delakilli	vaua	tanuuai

		baaa33	
	Three mont	hs ended	
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
(masing-masing dibawah 10% dari			(each below 10% of
penjualan neto)	137.230	156.688	net)
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 41a)			Related parties (Note 41a)
<u>Lokal</u> :			<u>Local:</u>
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	133.584	114.577	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
Ekspor:			Export:
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			Others (each below 10% of
10% dari penjualan neto)	5.092	8	net sales)
Total penjualan - pihak berelasi	138.676	114.585	Total sales - related parties
Penjualan Neto (Catatan 40)	275.906	271.273	Net Sales (Note 40)

34. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN

34. COST OF GOODS SOLD

Komponen beban pokok penjualan adalah sebagai berikut:

The components of cost of goods sold were as follows:

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Three mont	hs ended	
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
Bahan baku			Raw materials
Saldo awal periode	35.184	32.657	At beginning of period
Pembelian	150.393	108.077	Purchases
Bahan baku tersedia			Raw materials
untuk diproduksi	185.577	140.734	available for manufacturing
Bahan baku pada akhir periode	(48.531)	(39.261)	Raw materials at end of period
Pemakaian bahan baku	137.046	101.473	Raw material used
Tenaga kerja langsung	6.730	6.641	Direct labor
Beban pabrikasi	104.751	95.799	Manufacturing overhead
Total beban produksi	248.527	203.913	Total manufacturing cost
Persediaan barang dalam proses			Work-in-process inventory
Saldo awal periode	28.360	29.937	At beginning of period
Saldo akhir periode	(27.445)	(31.662)	At end of period
Beban pokok produksi	249.442	202.188	Cost of goods manufactured
Persediaan barang jadi			Finished goods inventory
Saldo awal periode	125.146	149.726	At beginning of period
Saldo akhir periode	(128.003)	(105.306)	At end of period
Beban Pokok Penjualan	246.585	246.608	Cost of Goods Sold

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34. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN (Lanjutan)

Perusahaan melakukan transaksi pembelian dengan pihak berelasi (Catatan 41b).

Rincian pembelian bahan baku, bahan baku tidak langsung dan suku cadang dari pemasok adalah sebagai berikut:

34. COST OF GOODS SOLD (Continued)

The Company had purchase transactions with related parties (Note 41b).

The details of purchase from suppliers for raw material, indirect material and spare-parts were as follows:

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	riga bulan yang bera	akiiii pada tanggaii	
	Three mont	hs ended	
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017 /	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
Pemasok			<u>Suppliers</u>
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
(masing-masing dibawah			(each below 10% of
10% dari penjualan neto)	75.505	79.810	net sales)
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 41b)			Related parties (Note 41b)
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	123.555	21.402	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk	-	35.709	PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			Others (each below
10% dari penjualan neto)	8.403	39.228	10% of net sales)
Subtotal	131.958	96.339	Subtotal
Total pembelian	207.463	176.149	Total purchases
Pembelian bahan pembantu			Purchase of indirect material
dan suku cadang	(57.070)	(68.072)	and spare parts
Pembelian Bahan Baku	150.393	108.077	Purchase of Raw Materials

Rincian pemasok dengan nilai pembelian melebihi 10% dari total penjualan neto adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of suppliers with the purchase value exceeding 10% of the total net sales were as follows:

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	riga bulan yang ben	akiiii paua taliyyaii	
	Three mon	ths ended	
	31 Mar 2018/ 31 Mar 2017 /		
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	123.555	21.402	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk		35.709	PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk
Total	123.555	57.111	Total

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

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35. BEBAN USAHA

35. OPERATING EXPENSES

Rincian beban usaha adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of operating expenses were as follows:

a. Beban Penjualan

Ongkos angkut Gaji dan upah Komisi

a. Selling Expenses

Three months ended		
31 Mar 2018/ 31 Mar 2017 /		
2017	Mar 31, 2018	
6.363	7.090	
1.132	785	

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35. BEBAN USAHA (Lanjutan)

35. OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Three mont		
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017 /	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
Beban kantor (Catatan 41d)	331	414	Office expenses (Note 41d)
Administrasi bank	224	349	Bank charges
Perjalanan dinas	117	165	Traveling
Penyusutan (Catatan 16)	2	1	Depreciation (Note 16)
Lain-lain	1.003	1.173	Others
Total	9.921	10.158	Total

b. Beban Umum dan Administrasi

b. General and Administrative Expenses

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Three mon	ths ended	
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
Gaji dan upah	3.771	3.126	Salaries and wages
Jasa manajemen dan			Management and
profesional (Catatan 41c)	2.323	2.739	professional fees (Note 41c)
Beban kantor (Catatan 41d)	329	455	Office expenses (Note 41d)
Perbaikan dan pemeliharaan	318	579	Repairs and maintenance
Asuransi	295	331	Insurance
Penyusutan (Catatan 16)	214	215	Depreciation (Note 16)
Perjalanan dinas	70	54	Traveling
Lain-lain	1.158	1.240	Others
Total	8.478	8.739	Total

36. BEBAN BUNGA

36. INTEREST EXPENSE

Beban bunga berasal dari bunga atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek, pinjaman bank jangka panjang, wesel bayar dan liabilitas sewa pembiayaan.

Interest expense derived from interest incurred on shortterm and long-term bank loans, notes payable and finance lease liabilities.

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Three mont	ths ended	
	31 Mar 2018/ Mar 31, 2018	31 Mar 2017/ Mar 31, 2017	
Beban bunga kontraktual Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan	12.963	9.858	Contractual interest expense Net adjustment on implementation
PSAK No. 55	(927)	(1.588)	of PSAK No. 55
Beban Bunga Efektif	12.036	8.270	Effective Interest Expense

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37. PERPAJAKAN

37. TAXATION

a. Prepaid Taxes

a.	Pai	iak	Dibay	var D	imuka
----	-----	-----	-------	-------	-------

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pajak Pertambahan Nilai Pajak penghasilan	5.477 12.957	13.735 12.242	Value-Added Tax Income taxes
Total	18.434	25.977	Total
Utang Pajak		b. Taxes Pavable	

b.

Utang Pajak	b. Taxes Payable					
	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017				
Pajak penghasilan			Income taxes			
Pasal 21	766	738	Article 21			
Pasal 22	100	42	Article 22			
Pasal 23/26	1.785	1.580	Article 23/26			
Pajak Pertambahan Nilai	1.784	<u> </u>	Value-Added Tax			
Total	4.435	2.360	Total			

c. Taksiran Manfaat (Beban) Pajak Penghasilan

c. Estimated Income Tax Benefit (Expense)

Taksiran manfaat (beban) pajak penghasilan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah sebagai berikut:

Estimated income tax benefit (expense) of the Company and Subsidiaries was as follows:

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Three mont	hs ended	
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
Tangguhan			Deferred Taxes
Perusahaan	(2.419)	(1.511)	Company
Entitas Anak	5	(239)	Subsidiaries
Taksiran Manfaat (Beban) Pajak		<u> </u>	Estimated Income
Penghasilan - Neto	(2.414)	(1.750)	Tax Benefit (Expense) - Net

Rekonsiliasi antara laba sebelum manfaat (beban) pajak penghasilan dan estimasi laba fiskal untuk periode yang berakhir pada tanggal-tanggal 31 Desember 2018 dan 2017, berdasarkan laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian dalam Rupiah Indonesia, adalah sebagai berikut:

Reconciliation between profit before income tax benefit (expense) and estimated fiscal profit for the period ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, based on the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in Indonesian Rupiah, was as follows:

	2018 (dalam ribuan Rupiah/ in thousands of Rupiah)	2017 (dalam ribuan Rupiah/ in thousands of Rupiah)	
Laba (rugi) Perusahaan			Profit (loss) before income tax
sebelum manfaat (beban)			benefit (expense) attributable
pajak penghasilan			to the Company
Januari-Maret	(26.225)	263.529	January-March
April-Desember (taksiran)	317.375	(110.248)	April-December (estimated)

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37. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

37. TAXATION (Continued)

	2018 (dalam ribuan Rupiah/ in thousands of Rupiah)	2017 (dalam ribuan Rupiah/ in thousands of Rupiah)	
Beda waktu:			Temporary differences:
Penyusutan aset tetap	(35.010)	130.182	Depreciation of fixed assets
Beban imbalan kerja	16.368	16.368	Employee benefit expense
Lain-lain	(46.125)	(86.512)	Others
Beda tetap:			Permanent differences:
Penghasilan bunga final	(10.416)	(14.037)	Final interest income
Penghasilan sewa final	(3.179)	(767)	Final rental income
Lain-lain	(14.621)	(8.023)	Others
Estimasi Akumulasi			Estimated Fiscal Profit
Laba Fiskal - Akhir Tahun	198.167	190.492	Carry-forward - End of Year

Beda temporer terutama terdiri dari penyusutan aset tetap, penyesuaian neto atas penerapan PSAK No. 55 dan cadangan imbalan kerja. Beda tetap terutama terdiri dari penghasilan bunga yang sudah merupakan obyek pajak bersifat final.

d. Pajak Tangguhan

Mutasi aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan - neto dan manfaat (beban) pajak yang terkait pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 adalah sebagai berikut: Temporary differences consist mainly of depreciation of fixed assets, net adjustment on adoption of PSAK No. 55 and provision for employee benefits. Permanent differences consist mainly of interest income already subjected to final tax.

d. Deferred Taxes

Dikreditkan ke

Movements of deferred tax assets (liabilities) net and the related tax benefit (expense) as of March 31, 2018 were as follows:

	31 Desember/ December 31, 2017	Dibebankan ke Laba Rugi/ Charged to Profit or Loss	Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain/ Credited to Other Comprehensive Income	31 Maret/ <i>March 31,</i> 2018	
Perusahaan					Company
Aset pajak tangguhan					<u>Deferred tax assets</u>
Akumulasi rugi fiskal	7.235	(1.474)	-	5.761	Accumulated fiscal loss
Revaluasi aset tetap setelah					Revaluation of fixed assets -
dikurangi penyusutan	1.024	(35)	-	989	net of depreciation
Imbalan kerja	8.330	28	(6)	8.352	Employee benefits
Laba (rugi) neto belum direalisasi atas perubahan nilai wajar aset dan					Net unrealized gain (loss) on fair value changes of financial assets
liabilitas keuangan	776	(45)		731	and liabilities
Total <u>Liabilitas pajak tangguhan</u>	17.365	(1.526)	(6)	15.833	Total <u>Deferred tax liability</u>
Aset tetap	32.655	893		33.548	Fixed assets
Liabilitas Pajak Tangguhan - Neto	(15.290)	(2.419)	(6)	(17.715)	Deferred Tax Liability - Net
Entitas anak					Subsidiary
Aset Pajak					Deferred Tax
Tangguhan - Neto	1.449	5		1.454	Assets - Net

37. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

Aset pajak tangguhan yang diakui dari rugi fiskal adalah sebesar jumlah yang menurut Perusahaan kemungkinan besar dapat dikompensasikan dengan laba kena pajak selama lima (5) tahun sejak tahun terjadinya rugi fiskal tersebut.

e. Surat Ketetapan Pajak

Pada tanggal 2 Juni 2017, Perusahaan menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) No. 00067/406/15/092/17 atas Pajak Penghasilan Badan tahun pajak 2015 sebesar Rp52,7 miliar, dan rugi fiskal untuk tahun pajak 2015 ditetapkan sebesar Rp475,1 millar.

Pada tanggal 21 Februari 2018, Perusahaan menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) No. 0004/406/16/092/18 atas Pajak Penghasilan Badan tahun pajak 2016 sebesar Rp51,5 miliar dan laba fiskal Perusahaan untuk tahun pajak 2016 ditetapkan sebesar Rp619,6 miliar.

f. Peraturan Pemerintah

Undang-undang No. 36 Tahun 2008 mengenai "Pajak Penghasilan", yang berlaku efektif pada tanggal 1 Januari 2009, mencakup penetapan tarif tunggal sebesar 25% untuk tahun fiskal 2010 dan seterusnya.

Pada tahun 2018 dan 2017, Perusahaan telah memenuhi ketentuan dalam Peraturan Pemerintah No. 56 Tahun 2015 dan Undang-undang No. 36 Tahun 2008, dan oleh karena itu, telah menggunakan pengurangan tarif pajak sebesar 5% dalam penghitungan pajak penghasilan badan.

Pada tahun 2018 dan 2017, pajak penghasilan tangguhan telah dihitung dengan menggunakan tariftarif pajak tersebut.

g. Administrasi

Berdasarkan Undang-undang perpajakan yang berlaku di Indonesia, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghitung dan membayarkan sendiri besarnya total pajak yang terutang. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak local melakukan perhitungan dan melaporkan SPT sendiri. SPT konsolidasian tidak diperkenankan dalam peraturan perpajakan Indonesia. Direktorat Jendral Pajak dapat menetapkan dan mengubah liabilitas pajak dalam batas waktu lima (5) tahun sejak tanggal terutang pajak.

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37. TAXATION (Continued)

Fiscal loss recorded as deferred tax assets represent amounts that management believes can be compensated against taxable profit within a period of five (5) years from when the fiscal loss was incurred.

e. Tax Assessment

On June 2, 2017, the Company received Tax Overpayment Assessment Letter (SKPLB) No. 00067/406/15/092/17 on Corporate Income Tax for the fiscal year 2015 amounting to Rp52.7 billion and fiscal loss for fiscal year 2015 amounting to Rp475.1 billion.

On February 21, 2018, the Company received Tax Overpayment Assesment Letter (SKPLB) No.0004/406/16/092/18 of 2016 corporate income tax amounting to Rp51.5 billion and taxable income settled at Rp619.6 billion.

f. Government Regulation

Law No. 36 Year 2008 regarding "Income Tax", which became effective on January 1, 2009, included among others, the stipulation of a single rate of 25% for fiscal year 2010 onwards.

In 2018 and 2017, the Company has complied with the requirements of the Government Regulation No. 56 Year 2015 and Law No. 36 Year 2008, and therefore, has effected the 5% tax rate reduction in its corporate income tax computation.

In 2018 and 2017, deferred income taxes have been calculated using these enacted tax rates.

g. Administration

Under the taxation laws of Indonesia, the Company and certain domestic Subsidiaries submit their tax returns on the basis of self - assessment. The Company and certain domestic Subsidiaries calculate and submit their annual tax calculation and returns, consolidated tax returns being prohibited under the taxation laws of Indonesia. The Directorate General of Taxation may assess or amend taxes within five (5) years from the date the tax became due.

38. LABA PER SAHAM DASAR YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK

Perhitungan laba neto per saham dasar/dilusian adalah sebagai berikut:

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38. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The following presents the computation of basic/diluted earnings per share:

Laba Neto yang Dapat Diatribusikan kepada Pemilik Entitas Induk / Net Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent	Total Rata-rata Tertimbang Saham Biasa yang Beredar (Dalam Satuan Penuh)/ Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding (In Full Amount)	Laba per Saham Dasar/Dilusian yang dapat Diatribusikan kepada Pemilik Entitas Induk (USD) (Dalam Satuan Penuh)/ Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share Attributable to Owners of the Parent (USD) (In Full Amount)	
47.423	3.113.223.570	0,0152	January - March 2018
7.715	2.671.404.556	0,0029	January - March 2017

Perusahaan tidak menghitung laba per saham dilusian karena Perusahaan tidak memiliki saham yang mempunyai efek dilutif potensial pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017.

The Company did not calculate diluted earnings per share since the Company has no shares that have a potential dilutive effect as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

39. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN MATA UANG DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT

Januari - Maret 2018 Januari - Maret 2017

Saldo aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang selain Dolar Amerika Serikat pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 adalah sebagai berikut:

39. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR

The outstanding monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than United States Dollar as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	31 Maret 2018 / March 31, 2018			
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/		
		Currency	Setara Dolar AS/	
		(in thousands)	Equivalent USD	
ASET				ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
dan aset lancar lainnya				and other current assets
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	604.945.011	43.977	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	6.778	1.074	Chinese Yuan
Euro Eropa	EUR	403	497	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	41.534	390	Japanese Yen
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	673	86	Hong Kong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	36	27	Singaporean Dollar
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil				Investment in Danamas Stabil
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	88.429.601	6.428	Indonesian Rupiah

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39. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN MATA UANG DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

39. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

		31 Maret 2018	March 31, 2018	
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency	Setara Dolar AS/	
Piutang usaha dan piutang lain-lain Euro Eropa	EUR	(in thousands) 5.392	Equivalent USD 6.645	Trade and other receivables European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris Yuan Cina Rupiah Indonesia Yen Jepang Dolar Australia	GBP CNY Rp JPY AUD	2.969 21.280 37.851.986 38.564 52	4.179 3.375 2.752 362 39	British Poundsterling Chinese Yuan Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen Australian Dollar
Dolar Singapura Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi Rupiah Indonesia Yen Jepang Ringgit Malaysia	Rp JPY MYR	10.065.063 2.304 7	731 22 2	Singaporean Dollar Other receivables - related parties Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen Malaysian Ringgit
Uang jaminan Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	17.063.541	1.240	Refundable deposits Indonesian Rupiah
Total Aset			71.827	Total Assets
LIABILITAS Pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan pembiayaan musyarakah Rupiah Indonesia Yen Jepang	Rp JPY	3.848.230.284 38.969	279.751 366	LIABILITIES Short-term bank loans and musyarakah financing Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen
Euro Eropa Poundsterling Inggris	EUR GBP	510 11	629 15	European Euro British Poundsterling
Utang usaha dan utang lain-lain	D.,	005 504 007	50 505	Trade payables and other payables
Rupiah Indonesia Euro Eropa Yen Jepang Dolar Singapura Poundsterling Inggris Franc Swiss Yuan Cina	Rp EUR JPY SGD GBP CHF CNY	695.564.237 1.146 47.826 153 44 20 32	50.565 1.412 448 117 63 22 5	Indonesian Rupiah European Euro Japanese Yen Singaporean Dollar British Poundsterling Swiss Franc Chinese Yuan
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	12.617	1	Other payables - related parties Indonesian Rupiah
Beban masih harus dibayar dan liabilitas imbalan kerja				Accrued expenses and employee benefits liabilities
Rupiah Indonesia Poundsterling Inggris Euro Eropa	Rp GBP EUR	644.948.550 223 95	46.885 314 116	Indonesian Rupiah British Poundsterling European Euro

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39. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

	31 Maret 2018 / March 31, 2018			
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands)	Setara Dolar AS/ Equivalent USD	
Yen Jepang	JPY	5.974	56	Japanese Yen
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	40	5	Hong Kong Dollar
Liabilitas jangka panjang, pembiayaan musyarakah dan utang murabahah				Long term liabilities, musyarakah financing and murabahah payable
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	962.457.383	69.967	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	6.472.718	60.724	Japanese Yen
Euro Eropa	EUR	40.028	49.331	European Euro
Total Liabilitas			560.792	Total Liabilities
Liabilitas Neto			(488.965)	Net Liabilities

31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017

		Mata Uang		
		(dalam ribuan)/		
		Currency	Setara Dolar AS/	
		(in thousands)	Equivalent USD	
		(III tilousalius)	Equivalent 00D	
ASET				ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
dan aset lancar lainnya				and other current assets
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	161.335.485	11.908	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	678	809	European Euro
Yuan Cina	CNY	2.661	407	Chinese Yuan
Yen Jepang	JPY	27.129	241	Japanese Yen
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	673	86	Hong Kong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	29	22	Singaporean Dollar
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil				Investment in Danamas Stabil
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	57.286.301	4.229	Indonesian Rupiah
Piutang usaha dan piutang lain-lain				Trade and other receivables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	163.473.550	12.067	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	6.537	7.804	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	3.226	4.338	British Poundsterling
Yen Jepang	JPY	105.406	935	Japanese Yen
Yuan Cina	CNY	5.456	835	Chinese Yuan
Dolar Australia	AUD	94	73	Australian Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	7	4	Singaporean Dollar
Piutang lain-lain -				Other receivables -
pihak berelasi				related parties
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	7.969.193	588	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	2.304	20	Japanese Yen
Ringgit Malaysia	MYR	7	2	Malaysian Ringgit

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39. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG SELAIN MATA UANG DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

39. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

		31 Des 2017	/ Dec 31, 2017	
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands)	Setara Dolar AS/ Equivalent USD	
Uang jaminan Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	17.063.541	1.259	Refundable deposits Indonesian Rupiah
Total Aset			45.627	Total Assets
LIABILITAS Pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan pembiayaan musyarakah Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	3.683.416.608	271.881	LIABILITIES Short-term bank loans and musyarakah financing Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	437	522	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	17.502	155	Japanese Yen
Utang usaha dan utang lain-lain				Trade payables and other payables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	577.676.180	42.635	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	1.074	1.282	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	39.333	349	Japanese Yen
Dolar Singapura	SGD	311	233	Singaporean Dollar
Dolar Canada	CAD	65	51	Canadian Dollar
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	15	20	British Poundsterling
Dolar Australia	AUD	9	7	Australian Dollar
Yuan Cina	CNY	32	5	Chinese Yuan
Franc Swiss	CHF	1	1	Swiss Franc
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	40.385	3	Other payables - related parties Indonesian Rupiah
Beban masih harus dibayar dan liabilitas imbalan kerja				Accrued expenses and employee benefits liabilities
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	634.859.265	46.859	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	68	81	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	59	80	British Poundsterling
Yen Jepang	JPY	6.852	61	Japanese Yen
Dolar Hong Kong	HKD	40	5	Hong Kong Dollar
Liabilitas jangka panjang, pembiayaan musyarakah dan utang murabahah Rupiah Indonesia Yen Jepang Euro Eropa	Rp JPY EUR	978.641.247 6.594.520 40.775	72.234 58.516 48.674	Long term liabilities, musyarakah financing and murabahah payable Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen European Euro
Total Liabilitas			543.654	Total Liabilities
Liabilitas Neto			(498.027)	Net Liabilities
LIADIIILAS INGLO			(430.027)	Net Liabilities

40. INFORMASI SEGMEN

Perusahaan bergerak dalam dua (2) segmen usaha yaitu produk kertas dan kertas industri, produk pengemas dan lainnya. Segmen produk kertas terutama terdiri dari kertas cetak dan tulis dan produk kertas terkait lainnya. Segmen kertas industri dan produk pengemas terdiri dari fluting medium paper dan kotak karton. Segmen produk pengemas termasuk di dalamnya adalah penjualan produk kimia sampingan, yang tidak signifikan. Pemindahan antar segmen usaha dicatat dengan biaya perolehan.

Informasi atas segmen usaha Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

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40. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in two (2) business segments i.e. paper products and industrial paper, packaging product and other. The paper products segment consists primarily of printing and writing paper and related paper products. The industrial paper and packaging products segment consists of fluting medium paper and carton boxes. The packaging product segment includes the sale of chemical by-products, which are not significant. Transfers between business segments are accounted for at cost.

The information concerning the Company's business segments was as follows:

Tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal/

	Tiga bulan yang bera Three montl		
	31 Mar 2018/	31 Mar 2017/	
	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2017	
Informasi Berdasarkan			Information Based on
Wilayah Geografis:			Geographical Area:
<u>Ekspor</u>	00.447	77 747	<u>Export</u>
Asia Afrika	82.117	77.717	Asia
Eropa	21.591 12.465	29.226 14.244	Africa Europe
Timur tengah	10.562	16.372	Middle east
Amerika	6.268	12.622	America
Lainnya	8.982	6.071	Others
Total Penjualan Ekspor	141.985	156.252	Total Export Sales
Lokal	133.921	115.021	Local
Total Penjualan Neto	275.906	271.273	Total Net Sales
Informasi Berdasarkan Jenis Produk:			Information Based on Type of Product:
Penjualan neto: Produk kertas	250.354	252.324	<u>Net Sales</u> : Paper products
Kertas industri, produk	250.554	202.024	Industrial paper,
pengemas dan lainnya	25.552	18.949	packaging product and other
Penjualan Neto Konsolidasian	275.906	271.273	Consolidated Net Sales
Beban Pokok Penjualan			Cost of Goods Sold
Produk kertas	227.338	230.247	Paper products
Kertas industri, produk			Industrial paper,
pengemas dan lainnya	19.247	16.361	packaging product and other
Beban Pokok Penjualan Konsolidasian	246.585	246.608	Consolidated Cost of Goods Sold
<u>Laba Bruto</u>			Gross Profit
Produk kertas	23.016	22.077	Paper products
Kertas industri, produk			Industrial paper,
pengemas dan lainnya	6.305	2.588	packaging product and other
Laba Bruto Konsolidasian	29.321	24.665	Consolidated Gross Profit
Beban Usaha Produk kertas Kertas industri, produk	16.695	17.577	<u>Operating Expenses</u> Paper products Industrial paper,
pengemas dan lainnya	1.704	1.320	packaging product and other
Total Beban Usaha Konsolidasian	18.399	18.897	Total Consolidated Operating Expenses
	10.399	10.031	
<u>Laba Usaha</u> Produk kertas Kertas industri, produk	6.321	4.500	<u>Operating Profit</u> Paper products Industrial paper,
pengemas dan lainnya	4.601	1.268	packaging product and other
Laba Usaha Konsolidasian	10.922	5.768	Consolidated Operating Profit

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40. INFORMASI SEGMEN (Lanjutan)

40. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

	0 , 0	rakhir pada tanggal/ nths ended	
	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Mar 2017/ Mar 31, 2017	
Persentase dari total aset dan liabilitas:			<u>Percentage of total assets</u> and liabilities:
Produk kertas Kertas industri, produk	97%	97%	Paper products Industrial paper.
pengemas dan lainnya	3%	3%	packaging product and other
Total	100%	100%	Total

41. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI

Dalam kegiatan usaha normal, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak melakukan transaksi usaha dan transaksi keuangan dengan pihak berelasi. Pihak-pihak berelasi berada di bawah pengendalian pemegang saham dan/atau Direksi dan/atau Dewan Komisaris yang sama dengan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Transaksi usaha yang dilakukan dengan pihak berelasi terutama meliputi penjualan barang jadi dan pembelian bahan baku. Total penjualan barang jadi ke pihak berelasi sekitar 50,26% dan 42,24% dari total penjualan neto masing-masing untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017. Total pembelian bahan baku (*pulp*) dari pihak berelasi lebih kurang sebesar 82,94% dan 84,11% dari total pembelian pulp, masing-masing untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017.

Transaksi-transaksi signifikan dengan pihak berelasi adalah sebagai berikut:

- a. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjual kertas, kertas industri, pengemas dan kertas avalan di pasar lokal dan pasar internasional melalui pihak berelasi. Total penjualan ekspor melalui pihak berelasi adalah sebesar 3,59% dan 0,01% dari total penjualan ekspor masing-masing untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017 (Catatan 33). Total penjualan lokal melalui pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 99,75% dan 99,61% dari total penjualan lokal untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017 (Catatan 33). Saldo piutang dari pihak berelasi tersebut pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 disajikan dalam "Piutang Usaha-Pihak Berelasi" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 7).
 b. Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017, Perusahaan
- b. Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017, Perusahaan membeli bahan baku, bahan pembantu dan suku cadang dari PT Cakrawala Mega Indah, PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, dan pihak berelasi lainnya, masing-masing sebesar USD132,0 juta dan USD96,3 juta untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017 atau sekitar 47,83% dan 35,51% dari total penjualan neto. Saldo sehubungan dengan transaksi ini pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 disajikan dalam "Uang muka Pemasok" (Catatan 10) dan "Utang Usaha Pihak Berelasi" (Catatan 20) pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.

41. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company and its Subsidiaries, in the ordinary course of business, enter into trade and financial transactions with related parties. The related parties are under common control by the same stockholders and/or the same Boards of Directors and/or Board of Commissioners of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

Trade transactions made with related parties consist primarily of sales of finished goods and purchases of raw materials. Sales to related parties represent approximately 50.26% and 42.24% of the Company's net sales for three months period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Total raw material purchases (pulp) from related parties represent approximately 82.94% and 84.11% of the Company's total pulp purchases for three months period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Significant transactions with related parties were as follows:

- a. The Company and its Subsidiaries sell paper, industrial paper, packaging and scrap paper on the local and international market through related parties. Total export sales through related parties represents approximately 3.59% and 0.01% of the Company's export sales for three months period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017,respectively (Note 33). Total local sales through related parties represents approximately 99.75% and 99.61% of the total local sales for three months period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively (Note 33). The related party receivables as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are presented as part of "Trade Receivables Related Parties" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 7).
- b. As of March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company purchased raw materials, indirect materials and spare-parts from PT Cakrawala Mega Indah, PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, and other related parties amounting to USD132.0 million and USD96.3 million for three months period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, representing approximately 47.83% and 35.51% of the net sales. Balances related to these transactions as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are presented as part of "Advances to Suppliers" (Note 10) and "Trade Payables Related Parties" (Note 20) in the consolidated statements of financial position.

41. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI (Lanjutan)

- c. APP menyediakan jasa manajemen tertentu kepada Perusahaan. Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017, beban manajemen sehubungan dengan jasa-jasa tersebut masing-masing sebesar USD2,1 juta dan USD2,3 juta yang disajikan dalam "Beban Usaha -Umum dan Administrasi - Jasa Manajemen dan Profesional" (Catatan 35b).
- d. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengadakan perjanjian sewa dengan PT Royal Oriental, pihak berelasi, meliputi sewa ruang kantor dengan total area seluas 1,966 m² pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017, dengan uang sewa USD25 per bulan m². Total beban sewa dan jasa pelayanan yang dibebankan pada usaha masing-masing sebesar USD232,7 ribu dan USD240,2 ribu pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017, dicatat dalam "Beban Usaha Penjualan Beban Kantor" dan "Beban Usaha Umum dan Administrasi Beban Kantor" (Catatan 35). Sewa dibayar dimuka disajikan dalam "Uang Muka dan Biaya Dibayar dimuka" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 10).
- e. Pada tanggal 20 Juni 2016, Perusahaan telah menandatangani perjanjian sewa menyewa dengan PT Paramitra Gunakarya Cemerlang, yang dimiliki secara tidak langsung oleh PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk atas sebidang tanah dan bangunan milik Perusahaan seluas 578,75 m² untuk jangka waktu sampai dengan tanggal 31 Desember 2020, dengan harga sewa sebesar Rp700,6 juta per tahun. Total penghasilan sewa untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017 adalah sebesar Rp700,6 juta (setara dengan USD51,7 ribu) dan Rp700,6 juta (setara dengan USD52,1 ribu).
- f. Perusahaan juga memiliki rekening bank dan deposito berjangka pada PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk dan danamas stabil, masing-masing bersaldo USD8,0 juta dan USD5,6 juta pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017 (Catatan 6 dan 11).
- g. Kompensasi manajemen kunci Total kompensasi imbalan kerja jangka pendek yang dibayar kepada personil manajemen kunci Perusahaan (Dewan komisaris dan Direksi) untuk periode tiga bulan yang berakhir pada tanggaltanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 2017 adalah sebagai berikut:

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41. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

- c. APP provides certain management services to the Company. The management fee in connection with these services was USD2.1million and USD2.3 million as of March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, which was presented under "Operating Expenses General and Administrative Management and Professional Fees" (Note 35b).
- Management and Professional Fees" (Note 35b).
 d. The Company and its Subsidiary entered into rental agreements with PT Royal Oriental, a related party, for office space with a total area of 1.966 m² in as of March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, monthly rental fee of USD25 per m². Total rental and service expense charged to operations amounting to USD232.7 thousand and USD240.2 thousand as of March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, were recorded under "Operating Expenses Selling Office Expense" and "Operating Expenses General and Administrative Office Expense" (Note 35). The prepaid rent is presented under "Advances and Prepaid Expenses" respectively, on the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 10).
- e. On June 20, 2016, the Company has signed rental agreement with PT Paramitra Gunakarya Cemerlang, who is indirectly owned by PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk in respect of 578.75 square meters of land and building owned by the Company in the term as of December 31, 2020, with the rental fee of Rp700.6 million per annum. Total rental income for three months period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 amounted Rp700.6 million (equivalent to USD51.7 thousand) and Rp700.6 million (equivalent to USD52.1 thousand).
- f. The Company has bank accounts and deposits in PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk and short-term investment in danamas stabil amounting to USD8.0 million and USD5.6 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively (Notes 6 and 11).
- g. Key management compensation
 The total amounts of short-term employee benefits
 compensation paid to the Company's key
 management personnel (Boards of Commissioners
 and Directors) for the three months period ended
 March 31, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	31 Maret 2018	March 31, 2018	31 Maret 2017	March 31, 2017	
	Dalam ribuan Rupiah/ In thousand Rupiah	Setara dalam ribuan Dolar AS/ Equivalent in thousand of US Dollar	Dalam ribuan Rupiah/ In thousand Rupiah	Setara dalam ribuan Dolar AS/ Equivalent in thousand of US Dollar	
Dewan Komisaris Direksi	227.347 2.014.510	17 146	227.434 3.016.515	17 226	Board of Commissioners Board of Directors
Total	2.241.857	163	3.243.949	243	Total

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42. INFORMASI TAMBAHAN ARUS KAS

Aktivitas yang tidak memengaruhi arus kas adalah sebagai berikut:

42. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

Activities not affecting cash flows were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Mar 2017/ <i>Mar</i> 31, 2017	
Reklasifikasi aset dalam penyelesaian	426	1.534	Reclassification asset under construction

43. KOMITMEN

Pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai komitmenkomitmen sebagai berikut:

- a. Kegiatan usaha Perusahaan sangat tergantung kepada peraturan pemerintah mengenai lingkungan hidup. Peraturan tersebut terus menerus ditelaah dan diperbaharui. Perusahaan mungkin diharuskan untuk mengeluarkan beban-beban yang signifikan agar dapat memenuhi perubahan peraturan mengenai lingkungan hidup tersebut. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa kegiatan usaha Perusahaan sudah sesuai, dalam segala hal yang material, dengan peraturan lingkungan hidup yang ada.
- b. Walaupun tanggal efektif dari perjanjian restrukturisasi utang telah tercapai, namun masih ada beberapa klaim dari pihak yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang yang masih terutang dan yang sedang dalam proses penyelesaian, termasuk dengan cara penyelesaian sesuai dengan ketentuan perjanjian restrukturisasi utang. Apabila klaim tersebut belum diselesaikan secara menyeluruh, ada kemungkinan Perusahaan atau Entitas Anak masih harus mengakui liabilitas tambahan atau penalti.

43. COMMITMENTS

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31,2017 the Company and its Subsidiaries have the following commitments:

- a. The Company's operations are subject to extensive government environmental regulations. Such regulations are continuously being reviewed and amended. The Company may be required to incur significant expenditures in order to comply with changing environmental regulations. The management believes that the Company's operations are in compliance, in all material respects, with existing environmental regulations.
- b. Although the effective date of the debt restructuring agreement has been achieved, there are some claims from non-participants in the debt restructuring agreement which debts are still outstanding and in the process of resolution, including by way of settlement in accordance with the provisions of the debt restructuring agreement. If the claims are not settled completely, there is the possibility of the Company or the Subsidiaries still have to recognize additional liabilities or penalties.

44. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN

Tabel berikut menyajikan jumlah tercatat dari instrumen keuangan yang dicatat di laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian dan taksiran nilai wajar pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 dan 31 Desember 2017:

44. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table sets forth the carrying amounts of financial instruments that are carried in the consolidated statements of financial position and estimated fair values as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	31 Maret 2018 / M	larch 31, 2018	
Akun	Jumlah Tercatat/ Carrying Amounts	Nilai Wajar/ Fair Values	Accounts
Aset Keuangan			Financial Assets
<u>Diukur pada nilai wajar</u>			<u>Measured at fair value</u>
Nilai wajar melalui laba rugi			Fair value through profit or loss
(FVTPL)			(FVTPL)
Investasi pada			Investment in
Venture Capital Investment Fund	200.675	200.675	Venture Capital Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil	6.428	6.428	Investment in Danamas Stabil

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44. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

44. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	31 Maret 2018 / M	March 31, 2018	
Akun	Jumlah Tercatat/ Carrying Amounts	Nilai Wajar/ Fair Values	Accounts
Diukur pada biaya perolehan			
<u>diamortisasi</u>			Measured at amortized cost
Kas	19	19	Cash on hand
Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang:		.0	Loans and Receivables:
Kas dan setara kas	82.593	82.593	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi	02.000	02.000	Casir and Casir Squiralsins
penyisihan kerugian			Trade receivables - net of
atas penurunan nilai	103.967	103.967	allowance for impairment loss
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	2.779	2.779	Other receivables - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	42.569	42.569	Other current assets
Piutang lain-lain -			Non-current
pihak berelasi - tidak lancar	135.896	135.896	other receivables - related parties
Total Aset Keuangan	574.926	574.926	Total Financial Assets
Liabilitas Keuangan			Financial Liabilities
Diukur pada biaya perolehan			
<u>diamortisasi</u>			Measured at amortized cost
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	348.750	348.750	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -			Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	13.085	13.085	third parties
Utang usaha	63.288	63.288	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	5.296	5.296	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	9.324	9.324	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non-current - other payables -
jangka panjang	8.135	8.135	related parties
Liabilitas jangka panjang:			Long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	44	44	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga	180.744	180.744	Bank loan - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah -			Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	7.270	7.270	third party
Utang murabahah -			Murabahah payables -
pihak ketiga	25.012	25.012	third parties
Pinjaman	160.776	160.776	Loans
Wesel bayar	703.611	703.611	Notes payable
Total Liabilitas Keuangan	1.525.335	1.525.335	Total Financial Liabilities

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44. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

44. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Investasi pada Danamas Stabil 4.229 4.229 Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Kas 23 23 Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas 124.811 124.811 Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - 135.764 135.764 or 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Accounts Financial Assets Measured at fair value Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in Venture Capital Investment Fund Investment in Danamas Stabil Measured at amortized cost Cash on hand
Aset Keuangan Diukur pada nilai wajar Nilai wajar melalui laba rugi (FVTPL) Investasi pada Venture Capital Investment Fund Investasi pada Danamas Stabil Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Kas 23 Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai Aset lancar lainnya Piutang usaha - pihak ketiga Aset lancar lainnya Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga Aset lancar lainnya Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Financial Assets Measured at fair value Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in Venture Capital Investment Fund Investment in Danamas Stabil Measured at amortized cost Cash on hand
Diukur pada nilai wajar Nilai wajar melalui laba rugi (FVTPL) Investasi pada Venture Capital Investment Fund Investasi pada Danamas Stabil A.229 A.229 Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Kas 23 Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai Aset lancar lainnya Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga A.618 A.8et lancar lainnya 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Measured at fair value Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in /enture Capital Investment Fund Investment in Danamas Stabil Measured at amortized cost Cash on hand
Nilai wajar melalui laba rugi (FVTPL) Investasi pada Venture Capital Investment Fund Investasi pada Danamas Stabil Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Kas 23 Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai Aset lancar lainnya Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga Aset lancar lainnya Aset lancar lainnya Aset lancar lainnya Aset lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in /enture Capital Investment Fund Investment in Danamas Stabil Measured at amortized cost Cash on hand
(FVTPL) Investasi pada Venture Capital Investment Fund Investasi pada Danamas Stabil Investasi pada Danamas Pada Danas Pada Pada Pada Pada Pada Pada Pada Pa	(FVTPL) Investment in /enture Capital Investment Fund Investment in Danamas Stabil Measured at amortized cost Cash on hand
Investasi pada Venture Capital Investment Fund Investasi pada Danamas Stabil Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Kas 23 Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai Aset lancar lainnya Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Investment in /enture Capital Investment Fund Investment in Danamas Stabil <u>Measured at amortized cost</u> Cash on hand
Venture Capital Investment Fund100.526100.5261Investasi pada Danamas Stabil4.2294.229Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi2323Kas2323Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas124.811124.811Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai115.441115.441Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga4.6184.618Aset lancar lainnya41.97541.975Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai18.59318.593Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar135.764135.76406Total Aset Keuangan545.980545.980Liabilitas KeuanganDiukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Venture Capital Investment Fund Investment in Danamas Stabil <u>Measured at amortized cost</u> Cash on hand
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Kas 23 23 Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas 124.811 124.811 Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian 70 atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 06 Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Investment in Danamas Stabil Measured at amortized cost Cash on hand
Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi Kas 23 23 Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas 124.811 124.811 Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 06 Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Measured at amortized cost Cash on hand
diamortisasi2323Kas2323Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas124.811124.811Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai115.441115.441Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga4.6184.618Aset lancar lainnya41.97541.975Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai18.59318.593Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar135.764135.76400Total Aset Keuangan545.980545.980Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Cash on hand
Kas 23 23 Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas 124.811 124.811 Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 or Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Cash on hand
Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang: Kas dan setara kas 124.811 124.811 Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 or Total Aset Keuangan Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	
Kas dan setara kas Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga Aset lancar lainnya Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Laborational Description
Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 oi Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Loans and Receivables:
penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian 70 atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 06 Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Cash and cash equivalents
atas penurunan nilai 115.441 115.441 Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 00 Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 4.618 Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Trade receivables - net of
Aset lancar lainnya 41.975 Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 Total Aset Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	allowance for impairment loss
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 or Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Other receivables - third parties
tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 or Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Other current assets
penyisihan kerugian atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 or Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	
atas penurunan nilai 18.593 18.593 Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 or Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Non-current trade receivables -
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 135.764 or Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	elated parties - net of allowance
pihak berelasi - tidak lancar 135.764 07 Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	for impairment loss
Total Aset Keuangan 545.980 545.980 Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	Non-current
Liabilitas Keuangan Diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi	ther receivables - related parties
<u>Diukur pada biaya perolehan</u> <u>diamortisasi</u>	Total Financial Assets
<u>diamortisasi</u>	Financial Liabilities
D1	Measured at amortized cost
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek 329.142 329.142	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -	Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga 13.287 13.287	third parties
Utang usaha 51.806 51.806	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga 6.594 6.594	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar 8.248 8.248	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -	Non-current - other payables -
jangka panjang 7.390 7.390	related parties
Liabilitas jangka panjang:	Long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan 51 51	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank - pihak ketiga 183.532 183.532	Bank loan - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah -	Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga 7.381 7.381	third party
Utang murabahah -	Murabahah payables -
pihak ketiga 25.544 25.544	third parties
Pinjaman 158.954 158.954	Loans
Wesel bayar 715.936 715.936	Notes payable
Total Liabilitas Keuangan 1.507.865 1.507.865	Total Financial Liabilities

44. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Berdasarkan PSAK No. 68, "Instrumen Keuangan: Pengukuran Nilai Wajar", terdapat tingkatan hirarki nilai wajar sebagai berikut:

- (a) harga kuotasian (tidak disesuaikan) dalam pasar aktif untuk aset atau liabilitas yang identik (Level 1),
- (b) input selain harga kuotasian yang termasuk dalam Level 1 yang dapat diobservasi untuk aset atau liabilitas, baik secara langsung (misalnya harga) atau secara tidak langsung (misalnya derivasi dari harga pasar) (Level 2), dan
- (c) *input* untuk aset atau liabilitas yang bukan berdasarkan data pasar yang dapat diobservasi (*input* yang tidak dapat diobservasi) (Level 3).

Metode dan asumsi berikut ini digunakan untuk mengestimasi nilai wajar untuk setiap kelompok instrumen keuangan sepanjang nilai tersebut dapat diestimasi:

Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka pendek:

 Instrumen keuangan jangka pendek dengan jatuh tempo satu (1) tahun atau kurang.

Instrumen keuangan ini sangat mendekati jumlah tercatat mereka karena jatuh tempo mereka dalam jangka pendek.

Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang:

 Liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang dengan suku bunga tetap dan variable (liabilitas sewa pembiayaan, pinjaman bank jangka panjang dan utang obligasi).

Nilai wajar dari liabilitas keuangan ini ditentukan dengan mendiskontokan arus kas masa datang menggunakan suku bunga yang berlaku dari transaksi pasar yang dapat diamati untuk instrumen dengan persyaratan, risiko kredit dan jatuh tempo yang sama.

 Instrumen keuangan yang tidak dikuotasikan dalam pasar aktif.

Instrumen keuangan ini dicatat berdasarkan nilai nominal dikurangi penurunan nilai karena nilai wajarnya tidak dapat diukur secara andal. Adalah tidak praktis untuk memperkirakan nilai wajar dari instrumen keuangan dikarenakan tidak memiliki jangka waktu pembayaran yang tetap meskipun tidak diharapkan dapat diselesaikan dalam waktu dua belas (12) bulan setelah akhir periode pelaporan.

 Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang lainnya (wesel bayar dan pinjaman jangka panjang).

Estimasi nilai wajar didasarkan pada nilai diskonto dari arus kas masa datang yang disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan risiko pihak lawan (untuk aset keuangan) dan risiko kredit Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak (untuk liabilitas keuangan) dan menggunakan suku bunga pasar.

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44. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Based on PSAK No. 68, "Fair Value Measurement," there are levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1),
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from market prices) (Level 2), and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Short-term financial assets and liabilities:

• Short-term financial instruments with remaining maturities of one (1) year or less.

These financial instruments approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to their short-term maturities.

Long-term financial assets and liabilities:

 Long-term variable-rate financial liabilities (finance lease liabilities, long-term bank loans and bonds payables).

The fair value of these financial liabilities is determined by discounting future cash flows using applicable rates from observable current market transactions for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

• Financial instruments not quoted on an active market.

These financial instruments are carried at their nominal amount less any impairment losses since their fair value cannot be reliably measured. It is not practical to estimate the fair value of these financial instruments because there are no fixed repayment terms although they are not expected to be settled within twelve (12) months after the end of the reporting period.

 Other long-term financial assets and liabilities (notes payable and long-term loans).

Estimated fair value is based on discounted value of future cash flows adjusted to reflect counterparty risk (for financial assets) and the Companies and Subsidiaries' own credit risk (for financial liabilities) and using market rates.

45. PERISTIWA SETELAH PERIODE PELAPORAN

Pada tanggal 6 April 2018, PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk setuju untuk memperpanjang sementara fasilitas Pinjaman Tetap kepada Perusahaan sebesar Rp100,0 miliar sampai dengan tanggal 7 Juni 2018.

46. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN

Risiko-risiko Keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dipengaruhi oleh berbagai risiko keuangan, termasuk risiko pasar (termasuk risiko nilai tukar mata uang asing, risiko tingkat bunga dan risiko fluktuasi harga), risiko kredit dan risiko likuiditas. Tujuan manajemen risiko Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak secara keseluruhan adalah untuk secara efektif mengendalikan risiko-risiko ini dan meminimalisasi pengaruh merugikan yang dapat terjadi terhadap kinerja keuangan mereka.

a. Risiko nilai tukar mata uang asing

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terkena risiko perubahan nilai tukar mata uang asing terutama dalam Rupiah Indonesia, Euro Eropa, Yen Jepang dan Yuan Cina atas biaya, aset dan liabilitas tertentu yang timbul karena aktivitas pendanaan dan kegiatan operasional sehari-hari. Informasi mengenai aset dan liabilitas moneter Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dalam mata uang asing disajikan pada Catatan 39.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memonitor dan mengelola risiko ini dengan menyepadankan kewajiban keuangan dalam mata uang asing dengan aset keuangan dalam mata uang asing terkait dan melakukan pembelian atau penjualan mata uang asing saat diperlukan.

Jika pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, Dolar AS melemah/menguat 5% terhadap mata uang Rupiah Indonesia, Euro Eropa dan Yen Jepang dan Yuan Cina, dengan seluruh variabel lain tetap, maka laba rugi dan ekuitas untuk periode yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 akan menjadi lebih rendah/tinggi sebesar sekitar USD24,6 juta.

b. Risiko tingkat suku bunga

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak didanai dengan berbagai pinjaman bank dan surat utang yang dikenakan bunga. Oleh karena itu, eksposur Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terhadap risiko pasar sehubungan dengan perubahan tingkat suku bunga terutama atas liabilitas jangka panjang serta aset dan liabilitas yang dikenakan bunga. Kebijakan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah untuk memperoleh tingkat suku bunga yang paling menguntungkan tanpa meningkatkan eksposur terhadap mata uang asing dengan mengelola biaya pinjamannya menggunakan kombinasi antara utang dan liabilitas jangka panjang dengan tingkat suku bunga tetap dan mengambang.

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45. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On April 6, 2018, PT Bank MNC International Tbk has agreed to temporalily extend the Fixed Loan facility at the amount of Rp100.0 billion to the Company and valid until June 7, 2018.

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial Risks

The Company and Subsidiaries are influenced by a various financial risk, along with market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price fluctuation risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company and Subsidiaries overall risk management objectives are to effectively manage these risks and minimize potential adverse effects on their financial performance.

a. Foreign exchange risk

The Company and Subsidiaries are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate movements primarily in Indonesian Rupiah, European Euro, Japanese Yen and Chinese Yuan on certain expenses, assets and liability that arise from financing activities and daily operations. Information about monetary assets and liabilities of the Company and its Subsidiaries in foreign currencies are disclosed in Note 39.

The Company and Subsidiaries monitor and manage the risk by matching the foreign currency financial obligation with relevant foreign currency financial assets and buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rate when necessary.

If as of March 31, 2018, US Dollar had weakened/strengthened by 5% against Indonesian Rupiah, European Euro, Japanese Yen and Chinese Yuan with all other variables held constant, profit or loss and equity for the period ended March 31, 2018 would have been decrease/increase of approximately USD24.6 million.

b. Interest rate risk

The Company and Subsidiaries are financed through interest-bearing bank loans and notes. Therefore, the Company and Subsidiaries' exposures to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to their long-term borrowing liabilities and interest-bearing assets and liabilities. The Company and Subsidiaries' policies are to obtain the most favorable interest rates available without increasing their foreign currency exposure by managing their interest cost using a mixture of fixed and floating rate debts and long-term borrowings.

46. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Jika pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018, suku bunga lebih tinggi/rendah 50 basis poin dengan semua variabel lain tetap, maka laba rugi dan ekuitas untuk periode yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Maret 2018 akan menjadi lebih rendah/tinggi adalah sekitar USD0,3 juta yang terutama timbul sebagai akibat beban bunga yang lebih tinggi/rendah atas pinjaman dengan suku bunga mengambang.

c. Risiko kredit

Eksposur Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terhadap risiko kredit timbul dari wanprestasi pihak lain, dengan eksposur maksimum sebesar nilai nominal aset keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, sebagai berikut:

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46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

If as of March 31, 2018, the interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower with all variables held constant, profit or loss and equity for the period ended March 31, 2018 would have been lower/higher by approximately USD0.3 million, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate loans.

c. Credit risk

The Company and Subsidiaries' exposure to credit risk arises from the default of other parties, with maximum exposure equal the nominal value of its financial assets, as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Kas dan setara kas			Cash and cash equivalents
(kecuali kas)	82.593	124.811	(except cash on hand)
Piutang usaha	103.967	115.441	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	2.779	4.618	Other receivable - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	42.569	41.975	Other current assets
Investasi pada			Investment in
Venture Capital Investment Fund	200.675	100.526	Venture Capital Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil	6.428	4.229	Investment in Danamas Stabil
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi -			Non-current trade receivables -
tidak lancar	-	18.593	related parties
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non-current - other receivable -
tidak lancar	135.896	135.764	related parties
Total	574.907	545.957	Total

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki dan menerapkan kebijakan dan prosedur pemberian kredit untuk memastikan adanya evaluasi kredit yang hati-hati dan pengawasan akun piutang yang aktif.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengelola risiko kredit yang terkait dengan simpanan di bank dengan memonitor reputasi, peringkat kredit dan membatasi risiko agregat dari masing-masing pihak dalam kontrak. Tidak terdapat konsentrasi risiko kredit yang signifikan terkait dengan piutang usaha, hal ini disebabkan keragaman pelanggan.

Analisis umur aset keuangan yang belum jatuh tempo atau tidak mengalami penurunan nilai dan yang lewat jatuh tempo pada akhir periode pelaporan tetapi tidak mengalami penurunan nilai adalah sebagai berikut: The Company and Subsidiaries have in place credit policies and procedures to ensure prudent credit evaluation and active account monitoring.

The Company and Subsidiaries manage credit risk exposure from their deposits with banks by monitoring reputation, credit ratings and limiting the aggregate risk to any individual counterparty. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables due to their diverse customer base.

The analysis of the age of financial assets that were neither past due nor impaired and past due as at the end of the reporting period but not impaired was as follows:

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46. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

		31 Mar	et 2018 / March 31,	2018		
	Belum Jatuh Tempo ataupun	Telah Jatuh				
	mengalami Penurunan Nilai/ Neither Past Due nor Impaired	Kurang dari 3 bulan/ Less than 3 months	3 bulan - 12 bulan/ 3 months - 12 months	Lebih dari 1 tahun/ More than 1 year	Total/ Total	
Kas di bank						Cash in banks
dan setara kas	82.593	-	-	-	82.593	and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	85.063	10.370	199	8.335	103.967	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	2.779	-	-	-	2.779	Other receivable - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya Investasi pada Venture Capital	42.569	-	-	-	42.569	Other current assets Investment in Venture Capital
Investment Fund	200.675	-	-	_	200.675	Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil Piutang lain-lain -	6.428	-	-	-	6.428	Investment in Danamas Stabil Non-current other receivable -
pihak berelasi - tidak lancar	135.896				135.896	related parties
Total	556.003	10.370	199	8.335	574.907	Total

	Belum Jatuh Tempo ataupun	Telah Jatuh				
	mengalami Penurunan Nilai/ Neither Past Due nor Impaired	Kurang dari 3 bulan/ Less than 3 months	3 bulan - 12 bulan/ 3 months - 12 months	Lebih dari 1 tahun/ More than 1 year	Total/ Total	
Kas di bank						Cash in banks
dan setara kas	124.811	-	-	-	124.811	and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	85.846	22.563	450	6.582	115.441	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	4.618	-	-	-	4.618	Other receivable - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya Investasi pada Venture Capital	41.975	-	-	-	41.975	Other current assets Investment in Venture Capital
Investment Fund	100.526	-	-	-	100.526	Investment Fund
Investasi pada Danamas Stabil Piutang usaha -	4.229	-	-	-	4.229	Investment in Danamas Stabil Non-current trade receivables -
pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar	18.593 135.764	-	-	-	18.593 135.764	related parties Non-current other receivable - related parties
Total	516.362	22.563	450	6.582	545.957	Total

d. Risiko likuiditas

Manajemen risiko likuiditas yang hati-hati berimplikasi menyiapkan kas dan setara kas yang cukup untuk mendukung aktivitas usaha secara tepat waktu. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjaga keseimbangan antara kontinuitas penerimaan piutang dan fleksibilitas dengan menggunakan utang bank dan pinjaman lainnya.

Tabel di bawah menunjukkan analisis jatuh tempo liabilitas keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dalam rentang waktu yang menunjukkan jatuh tempo kontraktual untuk semua liabilitas keuangan non-derivatif yang diperlukan dalam pemahaman jatuh tempo kebutuhan arus kas. Jumlah yang diungkapkan dalam tabel adalah arus kas kontraktual yang tidak terdiskonto (tidak termasuk beban bunga pinjaman).

d. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents to support business activities on timely basis. The Company and Subsidiaries maintain a balance between continuity of accounts receivable collectibility and flexibility through the use of bank loans and other borrowings.

The following tables analyze the Company and Subsidiaries' financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities which are essential in understanding the timing of cash flows requirements. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (excluding interest expense on loans).

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46. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

		arus kas kontra			
	Contr	actual undisco	nounts		
	Total/ Total/	Sampai dengan 1 tahun/ Within 1 year	Lebih dari 1 tahun sampai 5 tahun/ After 1 year but not more than 5 years	Lebih dari 5 tahun/ More than 5 years	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	348.750	348.750	-	-	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -					Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	13.085	13.085	-	-	third parties
Utang usaha	63.288	63.288	-	-	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	5.296	5.296	-	-	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar					Accrued expenses
pada nilai nominal	74.772	74.046	726	-	at nominal value
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi	8.135	8.135			Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	44	26	18	-	Lease liability
Pinjaman bank jangka					Long-term bank
panjang - pihak ketiga	180.744	16.330	161.725	2.689	loans - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah					Long-term musyarakah
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga	7.270	-	7.270	-	financing - third party
Utang murabahah-					Long-term murabahah
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga	25.012	631	24.381	-	payables - third parties
Pinjaman jangka panjang					Long-term loans
pada nilai nominal	147.638	8.006	35.608	104.024	at nominal value
Wesel bayar pada					Notes payable
nilai nominal	648.319	35.638	161.200	451.481	at nominal value
Total	1.522.353	573.231	390.928	558.194	Total

	31	l Desember 20			
	Jumlah a	arus kas kontra			
	Contr	actual undisco			
	Total/ Total/	Sampai dengan 1 tahun/ Within 1 year	1 tahun sampai 5 tahun/ After 1 year but not more than 5 years	Lebih dari 5 tahun/ More than 5 years	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	329.142	329.142	-	-	Short-term bank loans
Pembiayaan musyarakah -					Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	13.287	13.287	-	-	third parties
Utang usaha	51.806	51.806	-	-	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	6.594	6.594	-	-	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar					Accrued expenses
pada nilai nominal	69.012	68.286	726	-	at nominal value
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi	7.390	7.390	-	-	Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	51	25	26	-	Lease liability
Pinjaman bank jangka					Long-term bank
panjang - pihak ketiga	183.532	18.170	162.151	3.211	loans - third parties
Pembiayaan musyarakah					Long-term musyarakah
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga	7.381	-	7.381	-	financing - third party
Utang murabahah-					Long-term murabahah
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga	25.544	624	24.920	-	payables - third parties
Pinjaman jangka panjang					Long-term loans
pada nilai nominal	146.800	7.781	39.742	99.277	at nominal value
Wesel bayar pada					Notes payable
nilai nominal	663.446	35.748	185.484	442.214	at nominal value
Total	1.503.985	538.853	420.430	544.702	Total

46. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Pengelolaan Permodalan

Tujuan utama dari pengelolaan permodalan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah untuk memastikan bahwa dipertahankannya rasio modal yang sehat agar dapat mendukung kelancaran usahanya dan memaksimalkan nilai dari pemegang saham. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengelola struktur modalnya dan membuat penyesuaian-penyesuaian sehubungan dengan perubahan kondisi ekonomi dan karakteristik dari risiko usahanya. Tidak ada perubahan dalam tujuan, kebijakan dan proses dan sama seperti penerapan tahun-tahun sebelumnya.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memonitor struktur modalnya dengan menggunakan rasio utang terhadap ekuitas dimana total utang dibagi dengan total ekuitas. Total utang ini adalah utang pokok dari pinjaman yang berbunga dan total ekuitas adalah ekuitas seperti yang disajikan dalam laporan posisi keuangan kondolidasian.

Perhitungan rasio utang terhadap modal adalah sebagai berikut:

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46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Management

The main objective of the Company and Subsidiaries' capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support their business and maximize shareholder value. The Company and Subsidiaries manage their capital structure and make adjustments with respect to changes in economic conditions and the characteristics of their business risks. No changes have been made in the objectives, policies and processes as they have been applied in previous years.

The Company monitors its use of capital structure using a debt-to-equity ratio which is total debt divided by total equity. Total debt represents interest bearing borrowings, while equity represents equity as presented in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Calculation of debt-to-equity ratio were as follows:

	31 Mar 2018/ <i>Mar 31, 2018</i>	31 Des 2017/ Dec 31, 2017	
Pinjaman berbunga Ekuitas	1.265.485 1.044.453	1.292.542 996.740	Interest bearing borrowings Equity
Rasio Utang terhadap Ekuitas	1,2	1,3	Debt-to-Equity Ratio

47. INFORMASI LAIN

Sehubungan dengan gugatan Bank One N.A. terhadap Perusahaan ("Gugatan Bank One") yang kemudian telah dialihkan kepada pihak lain, pada tanggal Perusahaan telah 31 Desember 2017 mencapai kesepakatan dengan penggugat tersebut dimana dalam kesepakatan tersebut penggugat sepakat untuk ikut berpartisipasi dalam perjanjian restrukturisasi utang Perusahaan.

48. STANDAR AKUNTANSI KEUANGAN YANG BELUM DITERAPKAN

Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia (IAI) telah menerbitkan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan yang belum berlaku efektif untuk periode tahun buku yang dimulai pada tanggal 1 Januari 2018. Namun, penerapan dini diperkenankan.

47. OTHER INFORMATION

In relation to the claim filed by Bank One N.A. against the Company ("Bank One Case"), as of December 31, 2017 the Company has reached the settlement with the plaintiff and under the settlement, the plaintiff agree to participate in the Company's debt restructuring agreement.

48. FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOT YET ADOPTED

The Indonesian Institute of Accountants (IAI) has issued Financial Accounting Standards which are not yet effective for annual periods beginning on January 1, 2018. However, earlier application is permitted.

48. STANDAR AKUNTANSI KEUANGAN YANG BELUM DITERAPKAN (Lanjutan)

Pernyataan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan (PSAK) yang telah diterbitkan dan berlaku efektif untuk periode tahun buku yang dimulai pada atau setelah tanggal 1 Januari 2018 adalah sebagai berikut:

- Amandemen PSAK No. 2, "Laporan Arus Kas", tentang Prakarsa Pengungkapan.
- Amandemen PSAK No. 13, "Properti Investasi", tentang Pengalihan Properti Investasi.
- PSAK No. 15 (Penyesuaian 2017), "Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi dan Ventura Bersama".
- Amandemen PSAK No. 16, "Aset Tetap", tentang Agrikultur: Tanaman Produktif.
 Amandemen PSAK No. 46, "Pajak Penghasilan",
- Amandemen PSAK No. 46, "Pajak Penghasilan", tentang Pengakuan Aset Pajak Tangguhan untuk Rugi yang Belum Direalisasi.
- Amandemen PSAK No. 53, "Pembayaran Berbasis Saham" tentang Klasifikasi dan Pengukuran Pembayaran Berbasis Saham.
- PSAK No. 67 (Penyesuaian 2017), "Pengungkapan Kepentingan dalam Entitas Lain".
- PSAK No. 69, "Agrikultur".

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak sedang mempelajari dampak yang mungkin timbul dari penerapan atas PSAK baru, penyesuaian dan amandemen tersebut terhadap laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

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48. FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOT YET ADOPTED (Continued)

Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) issued and effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 were as follows:

- Amendment to PSAK No. 2, "Statement of Cash Flows," on Disclosure Initiatives.
- Amendment to PSAK No. 13, "Investment Property," on Transfers of Investment Property.
- PSAK No. 15 (Improvement 2017), "Investments in Associated Entities and Joint Venture".
- Amendment to PSAK No. 16, "Fixed Assets," on Agriculture: Bearer Plants.
- Amendment to PSAK No. 46, "Income Taxes," on Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses.
- Amendment to PSAK No. 53, "Share-based Payment," on Classification and Measurement of Share-Based Payment Transactions.
- PSAK No. 67 (Improvement 2017), "Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities".
- PSAK No. 69, "Agriculture".

The Company and Subsidiaries are evaluating the potential impact on the consolidated financial statements as a result of the adoption of such new, improvements and amendments of such PSAK.