

Laporan Keuangan Interim Konsolidasian 30 Juni 2015 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2014 (Diaudit) dan untuk Periode Enam Bulan yang Berakhir pada Tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 (Tidak Diaudit) Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2015 (Unaudited) and
December 31, 2014 (Audited) and
For the Six Months Period Ended
June 30, 2015 and 2014 (Unaudited)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN 30 JUNI 2015 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2014 (DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
FINANCIAL POSITION
JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED) AND
DECEMBER 31, 2014 (AUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United

States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

	Catatan/ Notes	30 Jun 2015 / <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
ASET				ASSETS
ASET LANCAR				CURRENT ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas				Cash and cash equivalents
Pihak ketiga	2c,2f,5,43	67.232	133.868	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	2c,2f,2g,5,39,43	984	8.492	Related party
Piutang usaha				Trade receivables
Pihak ketiga - setelah				
dikurangi penyisihan atas				Third parties - net of
penurunan nilai	2f,6,43	61.771	35.973	allowance for impairment
Pihak berelasi	2f,2g,6,39,43	128.295	93.782	Related parties
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	2f,7,43	1.317	584	Other receivables - third parties
Persediaan	2h,8	312.724	316.300	Inventories
Uang muka dan biaya				Advances and prepaid
dibayar dimuka	2j,9	177.708	249.718	expenses
Pajak dibayar dimuka	2u,35a	25.992	41.588	Prepaid taxes
Aset lancar lainnya				Other current assets
Pihak ketiga	2e,2f,10,43	252.293	171.422	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	2e,2f,2g,10,39,43	15.157	15.856	Related parties
Total Aset Lancar		1.043.473	1.067.583	Total Current Assets
ASET TIDAK LANCAR				NON-CURRENT ASSETS
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi -				
setelah dikurangi penyisihan				Trade receivable - related parties -
atas penurunan nilai	2f,2g,11,39,43,44	22.354	22.047	net of allowance for impairment
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi	2f,2g,12,39,43,44	139.313	138.498	Other receivables - related parties
Aset pajak tangguhan	2u,35d	2.325	2.077	Deferred tax assets
Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi	2k,13	356.462	302.360	Investment in Associated Company
Hutan tanaman industri	21,14	27.707	27.009	Industrial timber estate
Aset tetap - setelah dikurangi				Fixed assets - net of
akumulasi penyusutan	2m,2n,2p,15	1.155.621	1.142.914	accumulated depreciation
Goodwill	2p,16	6.391	6.391	Goodwill
Aset tidak lancar lainnya		1.910	2.057	Other non-current assets
Total Aset Tidak Lancar		1.712.083	1.643.353	Total Non-Current Assets

2.755.556

2.710.936

TOTAL ASET

TOTAL ASSETS

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN 30 JUNI 2015 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2014 (DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2014 (AUDITED)

(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

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	Catatan/ <i>Notes</i>	30 Jun 2015 / <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / _Dec 31, 2014_	
LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS				LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
LIABILITAS JANGKA PENDEK				CURRENT LIABILITIES
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	2f,17,43	445.056	371.856	Short-term bank loans
Utang murabahah	2f,18,43	22.502	24.116	Murabahah payable
Pembiayaan musyarakah	2f,19,43	9.751	-	Musyarakah financing
Utang usaha				Trade payables
Pihak ketiga	2f,20,43	33.418	40.379	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	2f, 2g,20,39,43	2.938	1.627	Related parties
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	2f,21,43	10.085	5.430	Other payables - third parties
Uang muka pelanggan				Advances from customers
Pihak ketiga		23.490	29.167	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	2g	115	133	Related parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	2f,22,43,44	12.573	13.307	Accrued expenses
Utang pajak	2u,35b	860	2.224	Taxes payable
Liabilitas jangka panjang				
yang jatuh tempo dalam				Current maturities of
waktu satu tahun:				long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	2f,2n,2s,23	630	651	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank	0/ 0 0 4			Bank loans
Pihak ketiga	2f,2s,24a	25.085	24.863	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	2f,2s,24a	14	32	Related party
Pinjaman dan wesel bayar	2f,2s,25,26,40	54.429	48.066	Loans and notes payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Pendek		640.946	561.851	Total Current Liabilities
LIABILITAS JANGKA PANJANG				NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto	2u,35d,44	26.455	29.483	Deferred tax liabilities - net
Utang lain - lain - pihak berelasi	2f,2g,39,43	4.651	4.655	Other payables - related parties
Liabilitas imbalan kerja	2t,27	41.179	43.149	Employee benefits liabilities
Liabilitas jangka panjang:				Long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	2f,2n,2s,23,43	1.130	1.455	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank				Bank loans
Pihak ketiga	2f,2s,24a,43	146.390	155.981	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	2f,2s,24a,43	14	32	Related party
Pembiayaan musyarakah -				Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	2f,2s,24b,43	7.501	-	third party
Pinjaman	2f,2s,25,40,43,44	177.595	190.849	Loans
Wesel bayar	2f,2s,26,40,43,44	842.817	865.786	Notes payable
Liabilitas jangka panjang				
yang jatuh tempo dalam				Current maturities of
waktu satu tahun:	010 0 00	(000)	(05.4)	long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	2f,2n,2s,23	(630)	(651)	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank	06.004-	(05.005)	(04.000)	Bank loans
Pihak ketiga	2f,2s,24a	(25.085)	(24.863)	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	2f,2s,24a	(14)	(32)	Related party
Pinjaman dan wesel bayar	2f,2s,25,26,40	(54.429)	(48.066)	Loans and notes payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Panjang		1.167.574	1.217.778	Total Non-Current Liabilities
Total Liabilitas		1.808.520	1.779.629	Total Liabilities

Catatan atas laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian terlampir merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian secara keseluruhan.

The accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN 30 JUNI 2015 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) DAN 31 DESEMBER 2014 (DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
FINANCIAL POSITION
JUNE 30, 2015 (UNAUDITED) AND
DECEMBER 31, 2014 (AUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

_	Catatan/ <i>Notes</i>	30 Jun 2015 / <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014	
EKUITAS				EQUITY
Modal saham - nilai nominal				Share capital - par value of
Rp1.000 per saham				Rp1,000 per share
Modal dasar -				Authorized capital -
5.000.000.000 saham				5,000,000,000 shares
Ditempatkan dan disetor penuh -				
2.671.404.513 saham biasa	28			Issued and fully paid -
pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015				2,671,404,513 shares on
2015 dan 2.671.404.480 saham				June 30, 2015 and
biasa pada tanggal				2,671,404,480 shares on
31 Desember 2014		651.679	651.679	December 31, 2014
Tambahan modal disetor	2w,29	28.965	28.965	Additional paid-in capital
Selisih transaksi dengan				Difference arising from transaction
kepentingan nonpengendali	2b,4	(1.986)	(1.986)	with non-controlling interest
Selisih kurs penjabaran				Translation adjustment on
laporan keuangan dalam				financial statements in
mata uang asing	2s	7.288	3.633	foreign currency
Saldo laba	30			Retained earnings
Telah ditentukan penggunaannya		7.000	6.000	Appropriated
Belum ditentukan penggunaannya		254.090	243.016	Unappropriated
Total Ekuitas		947.036	931.307	Total Equity
TOTAL LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS		2.755.556	2.710.936	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE ENAM BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2015 DAN 2014 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal	Enam	bulan v	vang	berakhir	pada	tanggal	1
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		Six months		
	Catatan/ <i>Notes</i>	30 Jun 2015 / Jun 30, 2015	30 Jun 2014 / Jun 30, 2014	
PENJUALAN NETO	2g,2r,31,38,39	587.621	638.462	NET SALES
BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN	2g,2r,32,38,39	520.603	565.951	COST OF GOODS SOLD
LABA BRUTO		67.018	72.511	GROSS PROFIT
BEBAN USAHA	2g,2r,33,39			OPERATING EXPENSES
Penjualan Umum dan administrasi		35.882 18.353	36.554 23.014_	Selling General and administrative
Total Beban Usaha		54.235	59.568	Total Operating Expenses
LABA USAHA	2d,38	12.783	12.943	OPERATING INCOME
PENGHASILAN (BEBAN) LAIN-LA	AIN			OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)
Laba selisih kurs - neto	2f,2s,44	9.571	10.449	Gain on foreign exchange - net
Penghasilan bunga	2r	2.695	2.259	Interest income
Laba belum direalisasi atas				Unrealized gain on fair value
perubahan nilai wajar				changes of non-current
piutang usaha tidak lancar	2f,44	1.788	2.029	trade receivables
Bagian atas laba (rugi) neto				Share of net income (loss) of
Entitas Asosiasi	2k,13	238	(704)	Associated Company
Beban bunga	2f,34,44	(20.332)	(21.947)	Interest expense
Beban murabahah		(1.274)	(1.378)	Murabahah expense
Beban bagi hasil musyarakah		(565)	(563)	Musyarakah sharing expense
Lain-lain - neto		5.916	6.445	Others - net
Beban Lain-lain - Neto		(1.963)	(3.410)	Other Expenses - Net
LABA SEBELUM TAKSIRAN				INCOME BEFORE ESTIMATED
MANFAAT PAJAK PENGHASILAN	N	10.820	9.533	INCOME TAX BENEFIT
TAKSIRAN MANFAAT				ESTIMATED
PAJAK PENGHASILAN	2f,2u,35c,44	3.276	7.550	INCOME TAX BENEFIT
LABA NETO		14.096	17.083	NET INCOME
PENDAPATAN KOMPREHENSIF				OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Selisih kurs penjabaran laporan				Translation adjustments on financial
keuangan dalam mata uang asin	g	3.655	951	statements in foreign currency
TOTAL LABA KOMPREHENSIF		17.751	18.034	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE ENAM BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2015 DAN 2014 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

		Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal / Six months ended		
-	Catatan/ <i>Notes</i>	30 Jun 2015 / Jun 30, 2015	30 Jun 2014 / Jun 30, 2014	
LABA NETO YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA: Pemilik entitas induk Kepentingan nonpengendali		14.096	17.083	NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest
TOTAL		14.096	17.083	TOTAL
TOTAL LABA KOMPREHENSIF YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA: Pemilik entitas induk Kepentingan nonpengendali		17.751 	18.034	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest
TOTAL		17.751	18.034	TOTAL
LABA PER SAHAM DASAR YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK (dalam satuan penuh)	2v,36	0,0053	0,0113	BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE PARENT (in full amount)
LABA PER SAHAM DILUSIAN YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK (dalam satuan penuh)	2v,36	0,0053	0,0113	DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE PARENT (in full amount)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN PERUBAHAN EKUITAS INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE ENAM BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2015 DAN 2014 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

		Modal Ditempatkan dan Disetor	Tambahan Modal	Selisih Transaksi dengan Kepentingan Nonpengendali/ Difference	Penjabaran Laporan Keuangan Dalam Mata Uang Asing/ Translation Adjustments on	Retained	Laba/ Earnings		
	Catatan/ Notes	Penuh/ Issued and Fully Paid Shares	Disetor/ Additional Paid-in Capital	arising from Transaction with Non-controlling Interest	Financial Statements In Foreign Currency	Telah Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ Appropriated	Belum Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ <i>Unappropriated</i>	Total Ekuitas/ Total Equity	
Saldo 1 Januari 2014		537.169	30.201	(1.986)	2.039	5.000	225.842	798.265	Balance at January 1, 2014
Selisih kurs penjabaran laporan keuangan dalam mata uang asing	2s	-	-	-	951	-	-	951	Translation adjustments on financial statements in foreign currency
Total laba neto periode berjalan		-	-	-	-	-	17.083	17.083	Total net income for the period
Pencadangan saldo laba sebagai cadangan dana umum	30	-	-	-	-	1.000	(1.000)	-	Appropriation of retained earnings for general reserve
Dividen kas	30	-	-	-	-	-	(2.301)	(2.301)	Cash dividend
Saldo 30 Juni 2014		537.169	30.201	(1.986)	2.990	6.000	239.624	813.998	Balance at June 30, 2014
Saldo 1 Januari 2015		651.679	28.965	(1.986)	3.633	6.000	243.016	931.307	Balance at January 1, 2015
Selisih kurs penjabaran laporan keuangan dalam mata uang asing	2s	-	-	-	3.655	-	-	3.655	Translation adjustments on financial statements in foreign currency
Total laba neto periode berjalan		-	-	-	-	-	14.096	14.096	Total net income for the period
Pencadangan saldo laba sebagai cadangan dana umum	30	-	-	-	-	1.000	(1.000)	-	Appropriation of retained earnings for general reserve
Dividen kas	30	-	-	-	-	-	(2.022)	(2.022)	Cash dividend
Saldo 30 Juni 2015		651.679	28.965	(1.986)	7.288	7.000	254.090	947.036	Balance at June 30, 2015

Selisih Kurs

Catatan atas laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian terlampir merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian secara keseluruhan.

The accompanying notes to the interim consolidated the financial statements are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN ARUS KAS INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE ENAM BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2015 DAN 2014 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain)

PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS
OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
JUNI 30, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

Enam	bulan yan	g berakhir	pada	tanggal
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	Enam bulan yang ber Six month				
	30 Jun 2015 / Jun 30, 2015	30 Jun 2014 / <i>Jun 30, 2014</i>			
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS OPERASI			CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES		
Penerimaan dari pelanggan Pembayaran kepada pemasok, karyawan dan untuk aktivitas	528.616	663.955	Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers, employees and for other		
operasional lainnya	(459.317)	(481.494)	operating activities		
Kas yang diperoleh dari			Cash provided by		
aktivitas operasi	69.299	182.461	operating activities		
Penerimaan penghasilan bunga	2.099	1.776	Receipts of interest income		
Penerimaan pajak - neto	14.232	13.157	Receipt of taxes - net		
Pembayaran bunga dan			Payments of interest and		
beban keuangan lainnya	(17.711)	(18.098)	other financial charges		
Kas Neto yang Diperoleh dari			Net Cash Provided by		
Aktivitas Operasi	67.919	179.296	Operating Activities		
ARUS KAS DARI			CASH FLOWS FROM		
AKTIVITAS INVESTASI			INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Pelunasan dari piutang lain-lain -			Proceeds from other receivables -		
pihak berelasi	832	925	related parties		
Penambahan piutang lain - lain -			Additions in other receivables -		
pihak berelasi	(231)	(360)	related parties		
Pembayaran kas neto atas			Net cash payment on investment in		
investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi	(51.532)	(184.650)	Associated Company		
Uang muka investasi pada			Advance investment in		
Entitas Asosiasi	-	(34.100)	Associated Company		
Perolehan aset tetap	(55.451)	(35.355)	Acquisition of fixed assets		
Penambahan Hutan Tanaman Industri	(682)	(1.121)	Additional Industrial Timber Estate		
Penurunan (kenaikan) aset lancar lainnya	(80.702)	39.113	Decrease (increase) in other current assets		
Kas Neto yang Digunakan			Net Cash Used in		
untuk Aktivitas Investasi	(187.766)	(215.548)	Investing Activities		
ARUS KAS DARI			CASH FLOWS FROM		
AKTIVITAS PENDANAAN			FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Penerimaan liabilitas jangka panjang	31.466	-	Receipt of long-term liabilities		
Kenaikan neto pinjaman bank			Net increase in short-term		
jangka pendek, utang murabahah			bank loans, murabahah payable		
dan pembiayaan musyarakah	81.337	16.454	and musyarakah financing		
Pembayaran liabilitas jangka panjang	(67.250)	(61.621)	Payment of long-term liabilities		
Pembayaran dividen kas	(1)	/	Payment of cash dividends		
Pembayaran liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	(324)	(123)	Payment of lease liabilities		
Kas Neto yang Diperoleh dari			Net Cash Provided by (Used in)		
(Digunakan untuk) Aktivitas Pendanaan	45.228	(45.290)	Financing Activities		

Catatan atas laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian terlampir merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian secara keseluruhan.

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PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN ARUS KAS INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK PERIODE ENAM BULAN YANG BERAKHIR PADA TANGGAL 30 JUNI 2015 DAN 2014 (TIDAK DIAUDIT) (Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Ame

(Saldo dalam tabel disajikan dalam ribuan Dolar Amerika Serikat, kecuali dinyatakan lain) PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS
OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED
JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in tables are expressed in thousands of United
States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

		erakhir pada tanggal /	
	30 Jun 2015 / Jun 30, 2015	30 Jun 2014 / Jun 30, 2014	
PENURUNAN NETO KAS			NET DECREASE IN CASH
DAN SETARA KAS	(74.619)	(81.542)	AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
DAMPAK NETO PERUBAHAN SELISIH KURS ATAS KAS DAN			NET EFFECT OF CHANGES IN EXCHANGES RATE ON CASH AND
SETARA KAS	475	2.264	CASH EQUIVALENTS
KAS DAN SETARA KAS			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
AWAL PERIODE	142.360	115.322	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD
KAS DAN SETARA KAS			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
AKHIR PERIODE	68.216	36.044	AT END OF PERIOD

1. UMUM

a. Pendirian Perusahaan

PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk ("Perusahaan") didirikan di Republik Indonesia pada tanggal 2 Oktober 1972 berdasarkan akta Notaris Ridwan Suselo No. 9. Perusahaan terdaftar sebagai perusahaan penanaman modal dalam negeri pada tanggal 28 Februari 1975 dalam rangka Undangundang Penanaman Modal Dalam Negeri No. 6 tahun 1968, yang diamandemen dengan Undangundang No. 12 tahun 1 970. Akta pendirian tersebut disahkan oleh Menteri Kehakiman Republik Indonesia dengan Surat Keputusan No. Y.A.5/439/25 pada tanggal 22 Desember 1975 serta diumumkan dalam Tambahan No. 639/1976 dari Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 70 pada tanggal 30 Agustus 1976.

Perubahan seluruh Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan untuk disesuaikan dengan Undang-Undang No. 40 tahun 2007 tentang Perseroan Terbatas juncto Peraturan No. IX.J.1 dilampirkan pada Keputusan Ketua Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal dan Lembaga Keuangan No. Kep-179/BL/2008, tanggal 14 Mei 2008 tentang Pokok-Pokok Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan yang melakukan Penawaran Umum Efek Bersifat Ekuitas dan Perusahaan Publik termuat dalam Akta Perubahan Anggaran Dasar No. 107, tanggal 23 Juli 2008 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., Notaris di Jakarta. Perubahan tersebut telah mendapat persetujuan dari Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia melalui Keputusan No. AHU-100762.AH.01.02 pada tanggal Desember 2008 dan diumumkan dalam Tambahan No. 6973/2009 dari Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 20 tanggal 10 Maret 2009.

Perubahan Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan yang termuat dalam Akta Pernyataan Keputusan Rapat No. 77, tertanggal 25 Juni 2009, yang dibuat di hadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., tersebut yakni mengenai perubahan tempat kedudukan Perusahaan yang semula berkedudukan di Desa Kramat Tumenggung, Kecamatan Tarik, Sidoarjo, Jawa Timur menjadi berkedudukan di Kotamadya Jakarta Pusat.

Perubahan ini telah disetujui oleh Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia melalui Surat Keputusannya No. AHU-42925. AH.01.02 pada tanggal 1 September 2009 dan telah diumumkan dalam Berita Negara Republik Indonesia tanggal 16 Agustus 2010 No. 66 Tambahan Nomor 12215/2010.

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1. GENERAL

a. Company's Establishment

PT Pabrik Kertas Tjiwi Kimia Tbk (the "Company") was established in the Republic of Indonesia on October 2, 1972, based on Notarial Deed No. 9 of Ridwan Suselo. The Company was registered as a domestic capital investment company on February 28, 1975 under the framework of the Domestic Capital Investment Law No. 6 of 1968, as amended by Law No. 12 of 1970. The Company's Articles of Association were approved by the Ministry of Justice of Republic of Indonesia in its Decision Letter No. Y.A.5/439/25 dated December 22, 1975 and published in the Indonesian State Gazette No. 70 Supplement No. 639/1976 on August 30, 1976.

The amendment to the Company's Articles of Association to comply with Law No. 40 of 2007 regarding Limited Liability Companies juncto Regulation No. IX.J.1 attached to the Decision of the Head of Capital Market and Financial Institution Supervisory Agency No. Kep-179/BL/2008 dated May 14, 2008 regarding Articles of Association for Companies that Conduct Equity Public Offering and Public Companies was based on the Notarial Deed No. 107 of Linda Herawati, S.H., dated July 23, 2008. The amendment was approved by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of Republic of Indonesia per its Decision Letter No. AHU-100762.AH.01.02 dated December 31, 2008 and was published in the Indonesian State Gazette No. 20, Supplement No. 6973/2009 dated March 10, 2009.

The amendment to the Company's Articles of Association was stated in Statement Deed of Minutes of Meeting No. 77, dated June 25, 2009, made before Linda Herawati, S.H., notary in Jakarta, regarding the changes of the Company's domicile from Kramat Tumenggung Village, Tarik Subdistrict, Sidoarjo, East Java to Central Jakarta.

The amendment was approved by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia per its Decision Letter No. AHU-42925.AH.01.02 dated September 1, 2009 and was published in the Indonesian State Gazette No. 66, Supplement No. 12215/2010 dated August 16, 2010.

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 25 Juni 2015 Perusahaan telah menyelenggarakan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan ("RUPST") dengan agenda rapat antara lain mengenai Perubahan Susunan Anggota Direksi dan Dewan Komisaris Perusahaan dan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa ("RUPSLB") dengan agenda rapat Persetujuan perubahan seluruh anggaran dasar Perseroan yang antara lain untuk disesuaikan dengan Peraturan Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (POJK) nomor 32/POJK.04/2014 tentang Rencana dan Penyelenggaraan RUPS Perusahaan Terbuka dan nomor 33/POJK.04/2014 tentang Direksi dan Dewan Komisaris Emiten atau Perusahaan Publik serta Peraturan OJK lainnya yang terkait.

Sesuai dengan Pasal 3 Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan, ruang lingkup usaha Perusahaan meliputi bidang industri, perdagangan dan bahanbahan kimia. Saat ini, Perusahaan bergerak di bidang industri kertas, produk kertas, pengemas dan lainnya.

Perusahaan berkedudukan di Kotamadya Jakarta Pusat beralamat di Sinar Mas Land Plaza Menara 2, Lantai 7, Jalan M.H. Thamrin nomor 51, Kelurahan Gondangdia, Kecamatan Menteng dan pabriknya berlokasi di Jalan Raya Surabaya Mojokerto, Sidoarjo, Jawa Timur. Perusahaan mulai beroperasi secara komersial pada tahun 1977.

Entitas induk utama (ultimate parent entity) dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah PT Purinusa Ekapersada, didirikan di Republik Indonesia, yang merupakan bagian dari Kelompok Usaha Sinarmas.

b. Penawaran Umum Saham Perusahaan

Pada tahun 1990, Perusahaan melakukan penawaran umum 9.300.000 saham dengan nilai nominal Rp1.000 per saham dengan harga penawaran Rp9.500 per saham. Pada tanggal 3 April 1990, Perusahaan mencatatkan saham tersebut di Bursa Efek Jakarta dan Surabaya (keduanya sekarang Bursa Efek Indonesia). Perusahaan mencapai pernyataan efektif atas penawaran umum perdana dari Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal pada tanggal 2 April 1990.

Pada tahun 1997, Perusahaan melakukan penawaran umum terbatas dengan hak memesan saham terlebih dahulu yang juga dicatatkan pada bursa efek yang sama.

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1. GENERAL (Continued)

On June 25, 2015 The Company has held Annual General Meeting of Shareholders ("RUPST") with the agenda, among others, change of Board of Directors and Board of Commissioners, and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders ("RUPSLB") with the agenda Approval on the amendment to the Company's articles of Association to comply with the Indonesian Financial Services Authority ("OJK") Regulation Number 32/POJK.04/2014 concerning the Convening General Meeting of Shareholders of Public and Regulation Companies Number 33/POJK.04/2014 concerning Board of Directors and Board of Commissioner of Issuer or Public Companies and other related OJK Regulations.

Based on Article 3 of the Company's Articles of Association, its scope of activities comprises manufacturing, trading and chemicals. Currently, the Company is engaged in the manufacture of paper, paper products, packaging and others.

The Company is domiciled at the 7th floor of Sinar Mas Land Plaza Tower 2, Jalan M.H.Thamrin number 51, Gondangdia, Menteng Subdistrict, Central Jakarta and its plant is located at Jalan Raya Surabaya Mojokerto, Sidoarjo, East Java. The Company commenced its commercial production in 1977.

The ultimate parent entity of the Company and Subsidiaries is PT Purinusa Ekapersada, incorporated in the Republic Indonesia, which is part of Sinarmas Group.

b. Public Offering of the Company's Shares

In 1990, the Company issued to the public a total of 9,300,000 shares with a par value of Rp1 thousand each at the offering price of Rp9,500 per share. The Company listed its shares on the Jakarta and Surabaya Stock Exchanges (both currently known as Indonesia Stock Exchange) on April 3, 1990. The Company obtained effective statements for its public offering from Capital Market Supervisory Agency on April 2, 1990.

In 1997, the Company offered right issues whereby the shares were also listed on the same stock exchanges.

UMUM (Lanjutan)

Pada tahun 2014, Perusahaan melakukan Penawaran Umum Terbatas II dengan Hak Memesan Efek Terlebih Dahulu (PUT II) (Catatan 28).

Total saham Perusahaan yang telah dicatatkan di Bursa Efek Indonesia pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014. sebanyak 2.671.404.513 dan 1.335.702.240 lembar saham.

Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi serta Karyawan

Susunan Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi Perusahaan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, adalah sebagai berikut:

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1. GENERAL (Continued)

In 2014, the Company carry out a Limited Public Offering II with Preemptive Rights/HMETD (PUT II) (Note 28).

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, there are 2,671,404,513 and 1,335,702,240 of the Company's shares listed on the Indonesian Stock Exchange.

c. Boards of Commissioners and Directors and **Employees**

The composition of the Company's Boards of Commissioners and Directors as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the were as follows:

Dewan Komisaris		
Komisaris Utama	Linda Suryasari Wijaya Limantara	
Wakil Komisari Utama	-	Ir. G

30 Jun 2015 / Jun 30, 2015

Wa Komisaris Arthur Tahya (Arthur Tahija) Komisaris Indah Suryasari Wijaya Limantara Drs. Pande Putu Raka, MA. Komisaris Independen Komisaris Independen Dr. Ir. Deddy Saleh Komisaris Independen DR. Ramelan S.H., M.H.

Direksi

Direkur Utama Lu Tena Wei Frenky Loa Direktur Direktur Hendra Jaya Kosasih Direktur Anton Mailoa Direktur Suresh Kilam Direktur Arman Sutedia Direktur Suhendra Wiriadinata Direktur Independen Baharudin Direktur / Sekretaris Perusahaan Heri Santoso Liem

31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014

Board of Commissioners President Commissioner Frenky Loa Gandi Sulistivanto Soeherman Vice President Commissioner Arthur Tahya (Arthur Tahija) Commissioner Indah Suryasari Wijaya Limantara Commissioner Drs. Pande Putu Raka, MA. Independent Commissioner Independent Commissioner Let. Jend. TNI (Pum) Soetedjo Independent Commissioner DR. Ramelan S.H., M.H.

Board of Directors Lu Teng Wei President Director Linda Suryasari Wijaya Limantara Director Hendra Jaya Kosasih Director Anton Mailoa Director Suresh Kilam Director Arman Sutedia Director Suhendra Wiriadinata Director Baharudin Independent Director Agustian Rachmansjah Partawidjaja Director / Corporate Secretary

Manajemen kunci terdiri dari Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, susunan Komite Audit Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

Key management consists of the Boards of Commissioners and Directors.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the composition of the Company's Audit Committee were as follows:

Komite Audit Audit Committee Ketua DR. Ramelan S.H., M.H. Chairman

Dr. Ir. Deddy Saleh Anggota Member Anggota Aditiawan Chandra, Ph.d Member

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Total karyawan tetap Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 sekitar 11,5 ribu dan 12 ribu karyawan.

d. Struktur Entitas Anak

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan memiliki Entitas Anak dengan kepemilikan sebagai berikut: PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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1. GENERAL (Continued)

The Company and Subsidiaries' permanent employees as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were approximately 11.5 thousand and 12 thousand employees.

d. Structures of the Subsidiaries

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had ownership interest in Subsidiaries as follows:

Entitas Anak/ Subsidiaries	Ruang Lingkup Usaha/ Scope of Activities	Tanggal Pendirian/ Date of Establishment	Kedudukan, Tahun Usaha Komersial Dimulai/ Domicile, Year Commercial Operations Started	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Jumlah Aset Entitas Anak (Sebelum Eliminasi)/ Total Subsidiary's Assets (Before Elimination)	
				30 Jun 2015 / Jun 30, 2015 & 31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014 (%)	30 Jun 2015 / Jun 30, 2015 (USD)	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014 (USD)
PT Mega Kertas Pratama	Distributor/ Distributor	4 Januari/ <i>January 4,</i> 1996	Tangerang, 1996	99,20	6	6
Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	8 Agustus/ August 8, 1996	British Virgin Islands, 1996	100,00	49.615	49.615
Tjiwi Kimia Finance Mauritius Limited	Bidang Keuangan/ Financing Company	11 Juli / <i>July 11,</i> 1997	Mauritus, 1997	100,00	38.453	38.453
TK Trading Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	29 September/ September 29, 1997	Cayman Islands, 1997	100,00	8.531	8.531
Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Limited	Distributor/ Distributor	31 Agustus/ <i>August 31</i> , 1998	Cayman Islands, 1998	100,00	42.596	42.596
TK Import & Export Ltd	Distributor/ Distributor	23 Maret/ <i>March 23</i> , 2000	British Virgin Islands, 2001	100,00	6.410	6.171
Tjiwi Kimia Finance B.V	Bidang Keuangan/ Financing Company	21 April / <i>April 21</i> , 2004	Belanda/ <i>Netherlands,</i> 2004	100,00	3	4
Marshall Enterprise Ltd	Investasi/ Investment	10 Mei / <i>May 10,</i> 2004	Malaysia, 2004	100,00	74.554	74.558
PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya	Kehutanan/ Forestry	1 April / <i>April 1,</i> 1992	Jakarta, 1992	99,99	31.209	30.040

1. UMUM (Lanjutan)

Ruang lingkup kegiatan usaha Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang keuangan adalah terutama menerbitkan wesel bayar dan memperoleh pinjaman untuk membiayai kegiatan usaha Perusahaan. Entitas Anak yang bergerak di bidang distribusi terutama bergerak dalam bidang penjualan membantu distribusi untuk produk Perusahaan, sedangkan ruang lingkup kegiatan usaha Entitas Anak yang bergerak dibidang kehutanan adalah menyediakan kayu sebagai bahan baku dalam industri kertas.

e. Penyelesaian Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian

Manajemen Perusahaan bertanggung jawab atas penyusunan laporan keuangan ini yang telah disetujui oleh Direksi untuk diterbitkan pada tanggal 31 Juli 2015.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING

a. Dasar Penyusunan Laporan Interim Keuangan Konsolidasian

Laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian telah disusun sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan ("SAK"), yang mencakup Pernyataan dan Interpretasi yang diterbitkan oleh Dewan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia dan peraturan-peraturan serta Pedoman Penyajian dan Pengungkapan Laporan Keuangan yang diterbitkan oleh Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (dahulu BAPEPAM-LK).

Kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian ini adalah selaras dengan kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Desember 2014, kecuali untuk penerapan interpretasi yang berlaku efektif 1 Januari 2015 seperti yang diungkapkan dalam kebijakan akuntansi terkait.

Laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian, kecuali laporan arus kas konsolidasian, disusun dengan dasar akrual dengan menggunakan konsep biaya historis, kecuali beberapa akun tertentu yang disusun berdasarkan dasar lain sebagaimana diuraikan dalam kebijakan akuntansi masing-masing akun terkait.

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1. GENERAL (Continued)

The scope activities of the Subsidiaries engaged in financing activities are primarily for issuing debt and obtaining loans to finance the Company's operations, the distributor Subsidiaries are primarily engaged in the trading business to assist the distribution of the Company's goods, while the forestry Subsidiary is engaged in supplying woods as main material for paper manufacture.

e. Completion of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The management of the Company is responsible of the preparation of these financial statements which have been authorized for issued by the Board of Directors on July 31, 2015.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of Preparation of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards ("SAK"), which comprise the Statements and Interpretations issued by the Board of Financial Accounting Standards of the Indonesian Institute of Accountants and the and the Financial Statements regulations Presentation and Disclosures Guidelines issued by the Financial Services Authority (formerly BAPEPAM-LK).

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company and Subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, except for the adoption of interpretations effective January 1, 2015 as described in the related accounting policies.

The interim consolidated financial statements, except for the consolidated statement of cash flows, are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, with the measurement basis being historical cost, except for certain accounts that are measured on the basis described in the related accounting policies.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Laporan arus kas interim konsolidasian disusun dengan menggunakan metode langsung, dan dikelompokkan ke dalam aktivitas operasi, investasi dan pendanaan.

Mata uang pelaporan yang digunakan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian adalah mata uang Dolar Amerika Serikat (USD), yang juga merupakan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tertentu.

b. Prinsip-prinsip Konsolidasian

Laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian menggabungkan seluruh Entitas Anak Pengendalian oleh Perusahaan. dikendalikan dianggap ada ketika Perusahaan memiliki secara langsung atau tidak langsung melalui Entitas Anak lebih dari setengah kekuasaan suara suatu entitas, kecuali dalam keadaan yang jarang dapat ditunjukkan secara jelas bahwa kepemilikan tersebut tidak diikuti dengan pengendalian. Pengendalian juga ada ketika Perusahaan memiliki setengah atau kurang kekuasaan suara suatu entitas jika terdapat:

- (a) kekuasaan yang melebihi setengah hak suara sesuai perjanjian dengan investor lain;
- (b) kekuasaan untuk mengatur kebijakan keuangan dan operasional entitas berdasarkan anggaran dasar atau perjanjian;
- (c) kekuasaan untuk menunjuk atau mengganti sebagian besar dewan direksi dan dewan komisaris atau organ pengatur setara dan mengendalikan entitas melalui dewan atau organ tersebut; atau
- (d) kekuasaan untuk memberikan suara mayoritas pada rapat direksi dan dewan komisaris atau organ pengatur setara dan mengendalikan entitas melalui direksi dan dewan komisaris atau organ tersebut.

Entitas Anak dikonsolidasi sejak tanggal akuisisi, yaitu tanggal Perusahaan memperoleh pengendalian, sampai dengan tanggal Perusahaan kehilangan pengendalian.

Kepentingan nonpengendali mencerminkan bagian atas laba atau rugi dan aset neto dari entitas-entitas anak yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung maupun tidak langsung oleh Perusahaan, yang masing-masing disajikan dalam laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian dan dalam ekuitas pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian, dipisahkan dari ekuitas yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The interim consolidated statement of cash flows are prepared using the direct method, and classified into operating, investing and financing activities.

The reporting currency used in the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements is United States Dollar (USD), which is also the functional currency of the Company and its certain Subsidiaries.

b. Principles of Consolidation

The interim consolidated financial statements include all Subsidiaries that are controlled by the Company. Control is presumed to exist when the Company, directly or indirectly through Subsidiaries, owns more than half of the voting power of an entity unless, in exceptional circumstances, it can be clearly demonstrated that such ownership does not constitute control. Control also exists when the Company owns half or less of the voting power of an entity but there is:

- (a) power over more than half of the voting rights by virtue of an agreement with other investors;
- (b) power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity under a statute or an agreement;
- (c) power to appoint or remove the majority of the members of the board of directors and board of commissioners or equivalent governing body and control of the entity is by that board or body; or
- (d) power to cast the majority of votes at meetings of the directors and board of commissioners or equivalent governing body and control of the entity is by that board or body.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of their acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Non-controlling interest represents a portion of the profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries attributable to equity interests that are not owned directly or indirectly by the Company, which are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and under the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position, respectively, separately from the equity attributable to the parent company.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Seluruh laba rugi komprehensif diatribusikan pada pemilik entitas induk dan pada kepentingan nonpengendali bahkan jika hal ini mengakibatkan kepentingan nonpengendali mempunyai saldo defisit.

Seluruh saldo akun dan transaksi yang material antar entitas yang dikonsolidasi telah dieliminasi.

c. Kas dan Setara Kas

Kas dan setara kas terdiri dari saldo kas dan bank, serta deposito berjangka yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu tiga (3) bulan atau kurang sejak tanggal penempatan dan tidak digunakan sebagai jaminan atau dibatasi penggunaannya.

d. Informasi Segmen

Segmen adalah bagian khusus dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang terlibat baik dalam menyediakan produk dan jasa (segmen usaha), maupun dalam menyediakan produk dan jasa dalam lingkungan ekonomi tertentu (segmen geografis), yang memiliki risiko dan imbalan yang berbeda dari segmen lainnya.

e. Aset Lancar Lainnya

Kas di bank dan deposito berjangka sehubungan dengan restrukturisasi utang, jaminan atas fasilitas impor *Letter of Credit* dan deposito berjangka yang jatuh tempo lebih dari tiga (3) bulan tetapi kurang dari satu (1) tahun disajikan sebagai "Aset Lancar Lainnya."

f. Instrumen Keuangan

Efektif 1 Januari 2014, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan ISAK No. 27, "Pengalihan Aset dari Pelanggan" dan ISAK No. 28, "Pengakhiran Liabilitas Keuangan dengan Instrumen Ekuitas." Penerapan interpretasi ini tidak memiliki dampak material dalam laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian.

1. Aset Keuangan

Pengakuan awal

Aset keuangan pada awalnya diakui sebesar nilai wajarnya ditambah biaya transaksi, kecuali untuk aset keuangan yang diklasifikasikan pada nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi yang pada awalnya diukur dengan nilai wajar. Klasifikasi aset keuangan antara lain sebagai aset keuangan yang ditetapkan untuk diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laporan

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

c. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and time deposits with original maturities within three (3) months or less and not pledged as collateral or restricted in use.

d. Segment Information

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Company and Subsidiaries that is engaged either in providing certain products (business segment), or in providing products within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

e. Other Current Assets

Cash in bank and time deposits in connection with the debt restructuring, as margin deposits for Letter of Credit import facility and time deposits with maturities more than three (3) months but less than one (1) year are presented as "Other Current Assets."

f. Financial Instruments

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries adopted ISAK No. 27, "Transfer of Assets from Customers" and ISAK No. 28, "Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments." The adoption of these interpretations did not have material impact in the interim consolidated financial statements.

1. Financial Assets

Initial recognition

Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs, except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), held-to-maturity investments (HTM), loans and receivables

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laba rugi (FVTPL), investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo (HTM), pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang atau aset keuangan tersedia untuk dijual (AFS). Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi aset keuangannya pada saat pengakuan awal dan, sepanjang diperbolehkan dan diperlukan, ditelaah kembali pengklasifikasian aset tersebut pada setiap tanggal laporan posisi keuangan.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, aset keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terdiri dari aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi (FVTPL), investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo (HTM) dan pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang.

Pengukuran selanjutnya

 Aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi (FVTPL)

Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai FVTPL jika aset keuangan diperoleh untuk diperdagangkan atau ditetapkan sebagai FVTPL pada saat pengakuan awal. Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai kelompok diperdagangkan jika diperoleh untuk tujuan dijual atau dibeli kembali dalam waktu dekat. Aset keuangan yang ditetapkan sebagai FVTPL disajikan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian pada nilai wajar dengan keuntungan atau kerugian dari perubahan nilai wajar diakui dalam laporan rugi komprehensif konsolidasian. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang diakui dalam laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian termasuk dividen atau bunga yang diperoleh dari aset keuangan.

• Investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo (HTM)

Aset keuangan non derivatif dengan pembayaran tetap atau telah ditentukan dan iatuh temponya telah ditetapkan diklasifikasikan sebagai HTM ketika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai intensi positif dan kemampuan untuk memiliki aset keuangan hingga jatuh tempo. Setelah pengukuran awal, investasi pada biaya perolehan HTM diukur diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif dikurangi penurunan nilai. kerugian Keuntungan atau dalam laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian pada saat investasi tersebut

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

or available-for-sale financial assets (AFS). The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluate the designation of such assets at each statement of financial position date.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries' financial assets consisted of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), held-to-maturity (HTM) investments and loans and receivables.

Subsequent measurement

 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL where the financial assets are either held for trading or they are designated as FVTPL at initial recognition. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets at FVTPL are carried on the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with gains or losses recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The gains or losses recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income include any dividend or interest earned from the financial assets.

Held-to-maturity (HTM) investments

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as HTM when the Company and Subsidiaries have the positive intention and ability to hold them to maturity. After initial measurement, HTM investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the investments are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

dihentikan pengakuannya atau mengalami penurunan nilai, serta melalui proses amortisasi.

· Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang

Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang adalah aset keuangan non derivatif dengan pembayaran tetap atau telah ditentukan, yang tidak mempunyai kuotasi di pasar aktif. Aset keuangan tersebut diukur sebesar biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif, dikurangi dengan penurunan nilai. Keuntungan dan kerugian diakui dalam laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian pada saat pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang dihentikan pengakuannya atau mengalami penurunan nilai, serta melalui proses amortisasi.

Penurunan nilai aset keuangan

Pada setiap tanggal pelaporan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi apakah aset keuangannya mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat bukti obyektif penurunan nilai, maka jumlah kerugian tersebut, yang diukur sebagai selisih antara nilai tercatat aset dengan nilai kini estimasi arus kas masa datang (tidak termasuk kerugian kredit di masa datang yang belum terjadi) yang didiskonto menggunakan suku bunga efektif yang dihitung saat pengakuan awal aset tersebut, diakui pada laba rugi.

Penghentian pengakuan aset keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghentikan pengakuan aset keuangan, jika dan hanya jika: hak kontraktual atas arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan tersebut berakhir; atau Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mentransfer hak kontraktual untuk menerima arus kas yang berasal dan dari aset keuangan; atau tetap memiliki hak kontraktual untuk menerima arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan namun juga menanggung kewajiban kontraktual untuk membayar arus kas yang diterima tersebut kepada satu atau lebih pihak penerima melalui suatu kesepakatan yang memenuhi persyaratan tertentu. Ketika Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mentransfer aset keuangan, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi sejauh mana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tetap memiliki risiko dan manfaat atas kepemilikan aset keuangan tersebut.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

· Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such financial assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate at each reporting date whether any of their financial asset is impaired. If there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount of loss, which is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of the asset, shall be recognized to profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries shall derecognize financial assets when, and only when: the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire; the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset are transferred to another entity; or the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset are retained but they assume a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients in an arrangement that meets certain conditions. When the Company and Subsidiaries transfer a financial asset, they shall evaluate the extent to which they retain the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

2. Liabilitas Keuangan dan Instrumen Ekuitas

Pengakuan awal

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi liabilitas keuangannya pada saat pengakuan awal. Instrumen utang dan ekuitas dikelompokkan sebagai liabilitas keuangan atau sebagai ekuitas sesuai dengan substansi pengaturan kontraktual.

Liabilitas keuangan diklasifikasikan sebagai liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi atau liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi. Liabilitas keuangan diakui pada awalnya sebesar nilai wajar dan, dalam hal pinjaman dan utang, termasuk biaya transaksi yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung.

Instrumen ekuitas adalah setiap kontrak yang memberikan hak residual atas aset suatu entitas setelah dikurangi seluruh liabilitasnya. Instrumen ekuitas yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dicatat sebesar hasil yang diperoleh, dikurangi biaya penerbitan instrumen ekuitas.

Instrumen keuangan majemuk, seperti obligasi atau instrumen sejenis yang dapat dikonversi oleh pemegangnya menjadi saham biasa dengan total yang telah ditetapkan, dipisahkan antara liabilitas keuangan dan ekuitas sesuai dengan substansi pengaturan kontraktual. Pada penerbitan instrumen keuangan tanggal majemuk, nilai wajar dari komponen liabilitas diestimasi dengan menggunakan suku bunga yang berlaku di pasar untuk instrumen nonconvertible yang serupa. Total ini dicatat sebagai liabilitas dengan dasar biaya perolehan diamortisasi menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif sampai dengan liabilitas tersebut berakhir melalui konversi atau pada tanggal instrumen jatuh tempo. Komponen ekuitas ditentukan dengan cara mengurangkan total komponen liabilitas dari keseluruhan nilai waiar instrumen keuangan majemuk. Total tersebut diakui dan dicatat dalam ekuitas, dikurangi dengan pajak penghasilan, dan tidak ada pengukuran setelah pengakuan awal.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, liabilitas keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terdiri dari pinjaman dan utang (Catatan 43).

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Initial recognition

The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of their financial liabilities at initial recognition. Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at cost. Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, inclusive of directly attributable transaction costs.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company and Subsidiaries are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issuance costs.

Compound financial instruments, a bond or similar instrument convertible by the holder into a fixed number of ordinary shares, are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. At the date of issuance of compound financial instruments, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar non-convertible instrument. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortized cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date. The equity component is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound financial instruments as a whole. This amount is recognized and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries' financial liabilities consisted of loans and borrowings (Note 43).

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Pengukuran selanjutnya

Liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi.

Setelah pengakuan awal, pinjaman dan utang yang dikenakan bunga selanjutnya diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif. Keuntungan dan kerugian diakui dalam laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian pada saat liabilitas tersebut dihentikan pengakuannya serta melalui proses amortisasi.

Penghentian pengakuan liabilitas keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghentikan pengakuan liabilitas keuangan jika, dan hanya jika, kewajiban Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dihentikan, dibatalkan atau kadaluwarsa.

3. Saling hapus instrumen keuangan

Aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan saling hapus dan nilai neto-nya dilaporkan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian jika, dan hanya jika, saat ini memiliki hak yang berkekuatan hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus atas total yang telah diakui dan terdapat niat untuk menyelesaikannya secara neto, atau untuk merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitasnya secara simultan.

4. Instrumen keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi

Biaya perolehan diamortisasi dihitung menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif dikurangi dengan penyisihan atas penurunan nilai dan pembayaran pokok atau nilai yang tidak dapat ditagih. Perhitungan tersebut mempertimbangkan premium atau diskonto pada saat perolehan dan termasuk biaya transaksi dan biaya yang merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari suku bunga efektif.

Suku bunga efektif adalah suku bunga yang secara tepat mendiskontokan estimasi arus kas masa datang selama perkiraan umur dari instrumen keuangan, atau jika lebih tepat, digunakan periode yang lebih singkat, untuk nilai tercatat neto instrumen keuangan. Total bunga berdasarkan penerapan metode suku bunga efektif diakui sebagai pendapatan atau beban bunga.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the amortization process.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company and Subsidiaries derecognize financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company and Subsidiaries' obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

3. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4. Financial instruments measured at amortized cost

Amortized cost is computed using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment and principal repayment or reduction. The calculation takes into account any premium or discount on acquisition and includes transaction costs and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. The interest amount based on the application of effective interest method is recognized as interest income or expense.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

g. Transaksi dengan Pihak-pihak Berelasi

Pihak-pihak berelasi adalah orang atau entitas yang terkait dengan entitas pelapor:

- (a) Orang atau anggota keluarga terdekat mempunyai relasi dengan entitas pelapor jika orang tersebut:
 - memiliki pengendalian atau pengendalian bersama atas entitas pelapor;
 - (ii) memiliki pengaruh signifikan atas entitas pelapor; atau
 - (iii) personil manajemen kunci entitas pelapor atau entitas induk entitas pelapor.
- (b) Suatu entitas berelasi dengan entitas pelapor jika memenuhi salah satu hal berikut:
 - (i) Entitas dan entitas pelapor adalah anggota dari kelompok usaha yang sama (artinya entitas induk, entitas anak, dan entitas anak berikutnya terkait dengan entitas lain);
 - (ii) Satu entitas adalah entitas asosiasi atau ventura bersama dari entitas lain (atau entitas asosiasi atau ventura bersama yang merupakan anggota suatu kelompok usaha, yang mana entitas lain tersebut adalah anggotanya);
 - (iii) Kedua entitas tersebut adalah ventura bersama dari pihak ketiga yang sama;
 - (iv) Satu entitas adalah ventura bersama dari entitas ketiga dan entitas yang lain adalah entitas asosiasi dari entitas ketiga;
 - (v) Entitas tersebut adalah suatu program imbalan pascakerja untuk imbalan kerja dari salah satu entitas pelapor atau entitas yang terkait dengan entitas pelapor. Jika entitas pelapor adalah entitas yang menyelenggarakan program tersebut, maka entitas sponsor juga berelasi dengan entitas pelapor;
 - (vi) Entitas yang dikendalikan atau dikendalikan bersama oleh orang yang diidentifikasi dalam huruf (a);
 - (vii) Orang yang diidentifikasi dalam huruf (a).(i) memiliki pengaruh signifikan atas entitas atau personil manajemen kunci entitas (atau entitas induk dari entitas).

Semua transaksi yang signifikan dengan pihak-pihak berelasi diungkapkan dalam catatan atas laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian. PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

g. Transactions with Related Parties

Related party represents a person or an entity who is related to the reporting entity:

- (a) A person or a close member of the person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity:
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) A person identified in (a).(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

All significant transactions with related parties are disclosed in the notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

h. Persediaan

Persediaan dinyatakan sebesar nilai yang lebih rendah antara biaya perolehan atau nilai realisasi neto (the lower of cost or net realizable value). Biaya perolehan ditentukan dengan metode rata-rata tertimbang (weighted-average method). Biaya barang jadi yang diproduksi dan barang dalam proses termasuk alokasi sistematis overhead produksi. Penyisihan persediaan usang ditentukan berdasarkan hasil penelaahan atas keadaan persediaan pada akhir periode.

i. Kombinasi Bisnis

Kombinasi bisnis dicatat dengan metode akuisisi. Selisih lebih nilai agregat dari nilai wajar imbalan dialihkan, jumlah proporsi kepemilikan kepentingan nonpengendali atas aset teridentifikasi dari pihak yang diakuisisi, dan nilai wajar kepentingan ekuitas yang sebelumnya dimiliki pihak pengakuisisi, atas nilai wajar aset bersih teridentifikasi yang diperoleh diakui sebagai goodwill. Jika imbalan yang dialihkan lebih rendah daripada nilai wajar aset bersih yang diperoleh (goodwill negatif), maka selisihnya diakui dalam laba rugi. Goodwill tidak diamortisasi dan dilakukan uji penurunan nilai setiap tahun.

j. Biaya Dibayar Dimuka

Biaya dibayar dimuka diamortisasi selama masa manfaat masing-masing biaya.

k. Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi

Entitas asosiasi adalah suatu entitas, dimana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai pengaruh signifikan dan bukan merupakan entitas anak (Catatan 2b) maupun bagian partisipasi dalam ventura bersama. Pemilikan, secara langsung maupun tidak langsung, 20% atau lebih hak suara investee dianggap pemilikan pengaruh signifikan, kecuali dapat dibuktikan dengan jelas hal yang sebaliknya.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Cost of finished goods produced and work in process includes a systematic allocation of production overheads. Allowance for diminution in value of inventories is provided based on a review of the condition of inventories at the end of the period.

i. Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. Any excess of the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, over the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. If the consideration transferred is less than the fair value of the net assets acquired (negative goodwill), the difference is recognized in profit or loss. Goodwill is not amortized but annually assessed for impairment.

j. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are amortized over the periods benefited.

k. Investment in Associated Company

An associate is an entity, over which the Company and Subsidiaries have significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary (Note 2b) nor an interest in a joint venture. Direct or indirect ownership of 20% or more of the voting power of an investee is presumed to be an ownership of significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Investasi pada entitas asosiasi dicatat dengan menggunakan metode ekuitas, dimana pada diakui sebesar biaya Selanjutnya bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas laba rugi entitas asosiasi, setelah penyesuaian yang diperlukan terhadap dampak penyeragaman kebijakan akuntansi dan eliminasi laba atau rugi yang dihasilkan dari transaksi antara Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dan entitas asosiasi, akan menambah atau mengurangi jumlah tercatat investasi tersebut dan diakui sebagai laba rugi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penerimaan distribusi dari entitas asosiasi mengurangi nilai tercatat investasi. Penyesuaian terhadap jumlah tercatat tersebut juga diperlukan jika terdapat perubahan dalam proporsi bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak atas entitas asosiasi yang timbul dari pendapatan komprehensif lain dari entitas asosiasi. Bagian Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak perubahan tersebut diakui dalam pendapatan komprehensif lain dari Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Goodwill yang terkait dengan akuisisi entitas asosiasi termasuk dalam jumlah tercatat investasi. Jika terdapat goodwill negatif, maka jumlah tersebut diakui di dalam laba rugi. Goodwill tidak diamortisasi dan dilakukan uji penurunan nilai setiap tahun.

Apabila nilai tercatat investasi telah mencapai nilai nol, kerugian selanjutnya akan diakui bila Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai komitmen untuk menyediakan bantuan pendanaan atau menjamin kewajiban entitas asosiasi yang bersangkutan.

Perubahan nilai investasi yang disebabkan oleh terjadinya perubahan nilai ekuitas di entitas asosiasi yang timbul dari transaksi modal di entitas asosiasi dengan pihak ketiga diakui sebagai pendapatan komprehensif lain dan akan diakui sebagai pendapatan atau beban pada saat pelepasan investasi yang bersangkutan.

I. Hutan Tanaman Industri

Biaya-biaya sehubungan dengan kegiatan Hutan Tanaman Industri (HTI) dalam pengembangan, kecuali beban umum dan administrasi yang tidak berkaitan dengan kegiatan tersebut, dikapitalisasi sebagai Hutan Tanaman Industri Dalam Pengembangan. Apabila telah tersedia pohon siap tebang, maka Hutan Tanaman Industri Dalam Pengembangan direklasifikasi ke Hutan Tanaman Industri Siap Tebang dan diamortisasi.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method, under which it is initially recognized at cost. Subsequently, the Company and Subsidiaries' share of the profit or loss of the associate, after any adjustments necessary to give effect to uniform accounting policies and elimination of profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and Subsidiaries' and the associate, increases or decreases their carrying amount and is recognized in the Company and Subsidiaries' profit or loss. Distributions received from the associate reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Adjustments to the carrying amount may also be necessary for changes in the Company and Subsidiaries' proportionate interest in the associate arising from changes in the associate's other comprehensive income. The Company and Subsidiaries' share of those changes is recognized in other comprehensive income of the Company and Subsidiaries.

Goodwill on acquisition of associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment. In case of negative goodwill, such amount is recognized in profit or loss. Goodwill is no longer amortized but annually assesed for impairment.

Once an investment's carrying value has been reduced to zero, further losses are taken up if the Company and Subsidiaries have committed to provide financial support to, or have guaranteed the obligations of the associates.

Changes in value of the investments due to changes of equity in associates arising from capital transactions of such associates with other parties are recognized as other comprehensive income and recognized as income or expenses in the period the investments are disposed of.

I. Industrial Timber Estate

All costs incurred in the development of Industrial Timber Estate, except for unrelated general and administration expenses, are capitalized as Industrial Timber Estate Development. If there are planted trees ready for harvest, the Industrial Timber Estate Development are reclassified as Industrial Timber Estate Ready for Harvest and are amortized.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

m. Aset Tetap

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak telah memilih untuk menggunakan model biaya sebagai kebijakan akuntansi pengukuran aset tetapnya.

Aset tetap, selain hak atas tanah, dinyatakan sebesar harga perolehan dikurangi akumulasi penyusutan. Penyusutan dihitung dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus (straight-line method) berdasarkan taksiran masa manfaat ekonomis aset tetap sebagai berikut:

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m. Fixed Assets

5

The Company and Subsidiaries have chosen the cost model as the accounting policy for their fixed assets measurement.

Fixed assets, other than land rights, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of fixed assets as follows:

	Tahun/ <i>Years</i>
Bangunan dan prasarana	20
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	20-25
Alat pengangkutan	5

Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment

Pada setiap akhir periode, nilai residu, umur manfaat dan metode penyusutan ditelaah kembali, dan jika diperlukan, disesuaikan secara prospektif.

Perabot dan peralatan kantor

Aset dalam pengerjaan dinyatakan sebesar biaya perolehan dan disajikan sebagai bagian dari "Aset Tetap" dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian. Akumulasi biaya perolehan akan dipindahkan ke masing-masing akun aset tetap yang bersangkutan pada saat aset tersebut selesai dikerjakan dan siap digunakan.

Biaya perbaikan dan pemeliharaan dibebankan pada laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian pada saat terjadinya; biaya penggantian atau inspeksi yang signifikan dikapitalisasi pada saat terjadinya dan jika besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomis di masa depan berkenaan dengan aset tersebut akan mengalir ke Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, dan biaya perolehan aset dapat diukur secara andal. Aset tetap dihentikan pengakuannya pada saat dilepaskan atau ketika tidak ada manfaat ekonomis masa depan yang diharapkan dari penggunaan atau pelepasannya. Laba atau rugi yang timbul dari penghentian pengakuan aset dimasukkan dalam laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian pada periode aset tersebut dihentikan pengakuannya.

At each end of period, the assets' residual value, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed, and if appropriate, adjusted prospectively.

Assets under construction are stated at cost and presented as part of "Fixed Assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. The accumulated costs will be reclassified to the appropriate fixed assets account when construction is completed and the assets are ready for their intended use.

The cost of repairs and maintenance is charged to consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred; replacement or major inspection costs are capitalized when incurred and if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and Subsidiaries, and the cost of the item can be reliably measured. An item of fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period the asset is derecognized.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

n. Sewa

Sewa yang mengalihkan secara substansial semua risiko dan manfaat yang terkait dengan kepemilikan aset kepada lessee diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa Pada awal masa sewa, sewa pembiayaan. pembiayaan dikapitalisasi sebesar nilai wajar aset sewaan atau sebesar nilai kini dari pembayaran sewa minimum, jika nilai kini lebih rendah dari nilai wajar. Pembayaran sewa minimum dipisahkan antara bagian yang merupakan beban keuangan dan bagian yang merupakan pelunasan liabilitas sehingga menghasilkan suatu tingkat bunga periodik yang konstan atas saldo liabilitas. Beban keuangan dibebankan pada laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian. Aset sewaan yang dimiliki oleh lessee dengan dasar sewa pembiayaan dicatat pada akun aset tetap dan disusutkan sepanjang masa manfaat dari aset sewaan tersebut atau periode masa sewa, mana yang lebih pendek, jika tidak ada kepastian yang memadai bahwa lessee akan mendapatkan hak kepemilikan pada akhir masa

Sewa yang tidak mengalihkan secara substansial seluruh risiko dan manfaat yang terkait dengan kepemilikan aset diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa operasi.

o. Provisi dan Kontinjensi

Provisi diakui jika sebagai akibat peristiwa masa lalu, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki kewajiban kini yang bersifat hukum maupun konstruktif yang dapat diestimasi secara andal, dan kemungkinan besar arus keluar sumber daya yang mengandung manfaat ekonomi diperlukan untuk menyelesaikan kewajiban tersebut. Provisi ditentukan dengan mendiskontokan perkiraan arus kas masa depan, dengan suatu tingkat diskonto sebelum pajak yang mencerminkan penilaian pasar atas nilai waktu dari uang dan risiko yang terkait dengan liabilitas yang bersangkutan.

Provisi ditelaah pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan dan disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan estimasi terbaik yang paling kini. Jika arus keluar sumber daya untuk menyelesaikan kewajiban kemungkinan besar tidak terjadi, maka provisi dibatalkan.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

n. Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item to the lessee are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or at the present value of the minimum lease payments if the present value is lower than the fair value. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Leased assets held by the lessee under finance leases are included in fixed assets and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the assets or the lease term, whichever is shorter, if there is no reasonable certainty that lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item are classified as operating leases.

o. Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company and Subsidiaries have a present legal or constructive obligation that can be reliably estimated, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows, at a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific of the liability.

Provisions are reviewed at each end of reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Aset dan liabilitas kontinjensi tidak diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian. Liabilitas kontinjensi diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan arus keluar konsolidasian, kecuali sumber mengandung manfaat ekonomi dava yang kemungkinannya kecil. Aset kontinjensi diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian, jika terdapat kemungkinan besar arus masuk manfaat ekonomis akan diperoleh.

p. Penurunan Nilai Aset Non-Keuangan

Pada setiap tanggal pelaporan, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai apakah terdapat indikasi aset mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat indikasi tersebut, maka Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengestimasi jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut. Jumlah terpulihkan suatu aset atau unit penghasil kas adalah jumlah yang lebih tinggi antara nilai wajar dikurangi biaya untuk menjual dan nilai pakainya. Jika jumlah terpulihkan suatu aset lebih kecil dari nilai tercatatnya, nilai tercatat aset harus diturunkan menjadi sebesar jumlah terpulihkan. Kerugian penurunan nilai diakui segera dalam laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian.

Rugi penurunan nilai yang telah diakui dalam periode-periode sebelumnya untuk aset (selain goodwill) dibalik jika, dan hanya jika, terdapat perubahan estimasi yang digunakan untuk menentukan jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut sejak rugi penurunan nilai terakhir diakui. Jika demikian, jumlah tercatat aset dinaikkan ke jumlah terpulihkannya, tetapi tidak melebihi jumlah tercatat (neto setelah amortisasi atau penyusutan) seandainya aset tidak mengalami rugi penurunan nilai pada tahun-tahun sebelumnya. Kenaikan ini merupakan suatu pembalikan rugi penurunan nilai yang diakui segera dalam laba rugi.

q. Biaya Pinjaman

Biaya pinjaman, baik yang secara langsung maupun tidak langsung digunakan untuk mendanai suatu proses pembangunan aset tertentu yang memenuhi syarat ("aset kualifikasian"), dikapitalisasi hingga saat proses pembangunannya selesai. Untuk pinjaman yang secara khusus digunakan untuk perolehan aset kualifikasian, jumlah dikapitalisasi adalah sebesar biaya pinjaman yang terjadi selama periode berjalan, dikurangi dengan pendapatan investasi jangka pendek dari pinjaman tersebut. Untuk pinjaman yang tidak secara khusus digunakan untuk perolehan aset kualifikasian, jumlah biaya pinjaman yang dikapitalisasi ditentukan dengan mengalikan tingkat kapitalisasi tertentu terhadap pengeluaran untuk aset kualifikasian tersebut.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

p. Impairment of Non-Financial Asset

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company and Subsidiaries estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

An impairment loss recognized in prior periods for an asset (other than goodwill) will be reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset shall be increased to its recoverable amount, but will not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. That increase is a reversal of an impairment loss recognized immediately in profit or loss.

q. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs, either directly or indirectly used in financing the construction of a qualifying asset, are capitalized up to the date when construction is complete. For borrowings that are specific to the acquisition of a qualifying asset, the amount to be capitalized is determined as the actual borrowing costs incurred during the period, less any income earned from the temporary investment of such borrowings. For borrowings that are not specific to the acquisition of a qualifying asset, the amount to be capitalized is determined by applying a capitalization rate to the amount expensed on the qualifying asset.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

r. Pengakuan Pendapatan dan Beban

Pendapatan diakui bila besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomi akan diperoleh oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dan jumlahnya dapat diukur secara handal. Pendapatan diukur pada nilai wajar imbalan yang diterima, tidak termasuk diskon, rabat dan pajak penjualan (PPN).

Penjualan lokal diakui pada saat penyerahan barang kepada pelanggan. Penjualan ekspor diakui pada saat barang dimuat di atas kapal pelabuhan pengirim (f.o.b. shipping point). Penjualan disajikan neto dari pajak pertambahan nilai, retur penjualan, klaim dan potongan harga.

Beban diakui pada saat terjadinya atau sesuai dengan masa manfaatnya (*accrual basis*).

s. Transaksi dan Saldo dalam Mata Uang Asing

Transaksi dalam mata uang selain USD dijabarkan ke USD berdasarkan kurs yang berlaku pada tanggal transaksi. Pada akhir periode pelaporan, seluruh aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang selain USD dijabarkan ke USD dengan menggunakan kurs tengah yang ditetapkan oleh Bank Indonesia pada tanggal tersebut. Laba atau rugi selisih kurs yang timbul diakui pada laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian periode berjalan.

Kurs penutup yang digunakan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut (dalam satuan penuh):

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

r. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and Subsidiaries and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates and sales taxes (VAT).

Local sales are recognized when the title passes to the customer. Export sales are recognized upon loading of the goods for shipment to customers (f.o.b. shipping point). Sales are presented net of value-added tax, sales returns, claims and price discounts.

Expenses are recognized when incurred or according to their beneficial periods (accrual basis).

s. Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Transactions in currencies other than USD are translated into USD at the rate prevailing at the transaction date. At the end of reporting period, all monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than the USD are translated into USD at the middle exchange rates quoted by Bank Indonesia on that date. The resulting net foreign exchange gains or losses are recognized in current period's consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The closing exchange rates used as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows (in full amount):

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS/ Rupiah Indonesia	13.332,00	12.440,00	US Dollar/ Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS/ Yen Jepang	122,36	119,33	US Dollar/ Japanese Yen
Dolar AS/ Yuan Cina	6,11	6,12	US Dollar/ Chinese Yuan
Dolar AS/ Dolar Singapura	1,35	1,32	US Dollar/ Singapore Dollar
Dolar AS/ Dolar Australia	1,30	1,22	US Dollar/ Australian Dollar
Dolar AS/ Euro Eropa	0,89	0,82	US Dollar/ European Euro

t. Imbalan Kerja

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menentukan liabilitas imbalan kerja sesuai dengan Undang-undang Ketenagakerjaan No. 13/2003 ("Undang-undang") tanggal 25 Maret 2003. PSAK No. 24 (Revisi 2010), "Imbalan Kerja" mensyaratkan biaya imbalan pasca kerja berdasarkan Undang-undang ditentukan dengan menggunakan metode aktuarial "Projected Unit Credit".

t. Employee Benefits

The Company and Subsidiaries determine their employee benefits under the Labor Law No. 13/2003 dated March 25, 2003 ("the Law"). PSAK No. 24 (Revised 2010), "Employee Benefits" requires cost of post employment benefits based on the Law is determined using the "Projected Unit Credit" actuarial valuation method.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Keuntungan atau kerugian aktuarial diakui sebagai pendapatan atau beban apabila akumulasi keuntungan atau kerugian aktuarial neto yang belum diakui pada akhir tahun pelaporan sebelumnya melebihi jumlah yang lebih besar diantara 10% dari nilai kini kewajiban imbalan pasti dan 10% dari nilai wajar aset program pada akhir periode pelaporan. Keuntungan atau kerugian diakui atas dasar metode garis lurus selama rata-rata sisa masa kerja karyawan yang diharapkan. Biaya jasa lalu yang terjadi ketika memperkenalkan program imbalan pasti atau mengubah kewajiban imbalan terutang pada program imbalan pasti yang ada, diamortisasi selama periode sampai imbalan tersebut menjadi hak

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengakui keuntungan atau kerugian atas kurtailmen atau penyelesaian pada saat terjadinya. Kurtailmen terjadi jika entitas menunjukkan komitmennya untuk mengurangi secara signifikan jumlah pekerja yang ditanggung oleh program; atau mengubah ketentuan dalam program yang menyebabkan bagian yang material dari jasa masa depan pekerja tidak lagi memberikan imbalan atau memberikan imbalan yang lebih rendah. Sebelum menentukan dampak kurtailmen atau penyelesaian, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengukur kembali kewajiban yang terkait dengan menggunakan asumsi aktuarial yang berlaku.

u. Pajak Penghasilan

Beban pajak penghasilan kini ditetapkan berdasarkan taksiran laba kena pajak tahun berjalan.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diakui atas perbedaan temporer antara aset dan liabilitas untuk tujuan komersial dan untuk tujuan perpajakan setiap tanggal pelaporan. Aset pajak tangguhan diakui untuk seluruh perbedaan temporer yang boleh dikurangkan, sepanjang besar kemungkinan perbedaan temporer yang boleh dikurangkan tersebut dapat dimanfaatkan untuk mengurangi laba fiskal pada masa yang akan datang. Liabilitas pajak tangguhan diakui atas semua perbedaan temporer kena pajak. Manfaat pajak di masa mendatang, seperti saldo rugi fiskal yang belum digunakan, diakui sejauh besar kemungkinan realisasi atas manfaat pajak tersebut.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diukur pada tarif pajak yang diharapkan akan digunakan pada periode ketika aset direalisasi atau ketika liabilitas dilunasi berdasarkan tarif pajak (dan peraturan perpajakan) yang berlaku atau secara substansial telah diberlakukan pada tanggal laporan posisi keuangan.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Actuarial gains or losses are recognized as income or expense when the net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gains and losses at the end of the previous reporting year exceeded the higher of the 10% of the defined benefit obligation and 10% of the fair value of plan assets at that date. These gains or losses are recognized on a straight-line basis method over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees. Past-service cost arising from the introduction of a defined benefit plan or changes in the benefits obligation of an existing plan are required to be amortized over the period until the benefits concerned become vested.

The Company and Subsidiaries recognize gains or losses on the curtailment or settlement when it occurs. A curtailment occurs when an entity is demonstrably committed to make a significant reduction in the number of employees covered by a plan; or amends the terms of a defined benefit plan so that a significant element of future service by current employees will no longer qualify for benefits, or will qualify only for reduced benefits. Before determining the effect of a curtailment or settlement, the Company and Subsidiaries remeasure the obligation using current actuarial assumptions.

u. Income Taxes

Current income tax expense is provided based on the estimated taxable income for the year.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the financial and the tax bases of assets and liabilities at each reporting date. Deferred tax asset are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Future tax benefits, such as the carry-forward of unused tax losses, are also recognized to the extent that realization of such benefits is probable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. IKHTISAR KEBIJAKAN AKUNTANSI PENTING (Lanjutan)

Aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan dilakukan saling hapus jika dan hanya jika entitas memiliki hak secara hukum untuk saling hapus aset pajak kini terhadap liabilitas pajak kini, dan aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan terkait dengan pajak penghasilan yang dikenakan oleh otoritas perpajakan atas entitas kena pajak yang sama atau entitas kena pajak berbeda yang bermaksud untuk memulihkan aset dan liabilitas pajak kini dengan dasar neto, atau merealisasikan menyelesaikan liabilitas aset dan secara bersamaan, pada setiap periode masa depan yang mana jumlah signifikan atas aset atau liabilitas pajak tangguhan diharapkan diselesaikan atau dipulihkan.

Jumlah tambahan pokok dan denda pajak berdasarkan Surat Ketetapan Pajak ("SKP") diakui sebagai pendapatan atau beban dalam laba rugi tahun berjalan. Namun jika diajukan upaya penyelesaian selanjutnya, jumlah tersebut ditangguhkan pembebanannya sepanjang memenuhi kriteria pengakuan aset.

v. Laba per Saham

Laba per saham dasar dihitung dengan membagi laba neto yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk dengan total rata-rata tertimbang saham biasa yang beredar selama periode yang bersangkutan.

Laba per saham dilusian dihitung dengan membagi laba neto dengan jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham biasa setelah disesuaikan dengan efek dari saham biasa yang sifatnya berpotensi untuk dilusi.

w. Beban Emisi Saham

Beban emisi saham merupakan beban-beban yang dikeluarkan dalam rangka Penawaran Umum Terbatas II dengan Hak Memesan Efek Terlebih Dahulu (PUT II), disajikan sebagai pengurang akun tambahan modal disetor dan tidak diamortisasi.

3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING

Penyusunan laporan keuangan sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia mewajibkan manajemen untuk membuat pertimbangan, estimasi dan asumsi yang mempengaruhi jumlah-jumlah yang dilaporkan dalam laporan keuangan. Sehubungan dengan adanya ketidakpastian yang melekat dalam membuat estimasi, hasil sebenarnya yang dilaporkan di masa mendatang dapat berbeda dengan jumlah estimasi yang dibuat.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity, or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Additional tax principal and penalty amounts based on Tax Assessment Letters ("SKP") are recognized as income or expense in the current year profit or loss. However when further avenue is sought, such amounts are deferred if they meet the asset recognition criteria.

v. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net income attributable to the owners of the parent by the weighted average number of issued and outstanding shares of stock during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of issued and outstanding shares as adjusted for the effects of all potential dilution.

w. Stock Issuance Costs

Stock issuance costs are expenses paid by the Company for Limited Public Offering II with Preemptive Rights / HMETD (PUT II), deducted from additional paid in capital and are not amortized.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards, requires management to make judgments, estimations and assumptions that affect amounts reported therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods may differ from those estimates.

3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mendasarkan asumsi dan estimasi pada parameter yang tersedia pada saat laporan keuangan disusun. Asumsi dan situasi mengenai perkembangan masa depan mungkin berubah akibat perubahan pasar atau situasi diluar kendali Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Perubahan tersebut dicerminkan dalam asumsi terkait pada saat terjadinya.

Pertimbangan, estimasi dan asumsi berikut ini dibuat oleh manajemen dalam rangka penerapan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang memiliki pengaruh paling signifikan atas jumlah yang diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian:

Menentukan mata uang fungsional

Faktor-faktor yang dipertimbangkan dalam menentukan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan masing-masing Entitas Anak termasuk, antara lain, mata uang:

- yang paling mempengaruhi harga jual barang dan jasa;
- dari negara yang kekuatan persaingan dan peraturannya sebagian besar menentukan harga jual barang dan jasa entitas;
- yang paling mempengaruhi biaya tenaga kerja, bahan baku, dan biaya lain dari pengadaan barang atau iasa.
- yang mana dana dari aktivitas pendanaan dihasilkan; dan
- yang mana penerimaan dari aktivitas operasi pada umumnya ditahan.

Menentukan klasifikasi aset dan liabilitas keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menetapkan klasifikasi atas aset dan liabilitas tertentu sebagai aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan dengan mempertimbangkan apakah definisi yang ditetapkan PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011) dipenuhi. Dengan demikian, aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan diakui sesuai dengan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak seperti diungkapkan pada Catatan 2.

Menentukan nilai wajar dan perhitungan amortisasi biaya perolehan dari instrumen keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mencatat aset dan liabilitas keuangan tertentu pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi, yang mengharuskan penggunaan estimasi akuntansi. Sementara komponen signifikan atas asumsi yang digunakan dalam perhitungan amortisasi biaya perolehan ditentukan menggunakan bukti obyektif yang dapat diverifikasi, jumlah amortisasi dapat berbeda bila Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan metodologi penilaian atau asumsi yang berbeda. Perubahan tersebut dapat mempengaruhi secara langsung laba atau rugi Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 43.

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

The Company and Subsidiaries based their assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Company and Subsidiaries. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions as they occur.

The following judgments, estimates and assumptions made by management in the process of applying the Company and Subsidiaries' accounting policies have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

Determining functional currency

The factors considered in determining the functional currency of the Company and each of its Subsidiaries include, among others, the currency:

- that mainly influences sales prices for goods and services;
- of the country whose competitive forces and regulations mainly determine the sales prices of its goods and services;
- that mainly influences labor, material and other costs of providing goods or services;
- in which funds from financing activities are generated; and
- in which receipts from operating activities are usually retained.

<u>Determining classification of financial assets and financial liability</u>

The Company and Subsidiaries determine the classification of certain assets and liabilities as financial assets and financial liabilities by judging if they meet the definition set forth in PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2011). Accordingly, the financial assets and financial liabilities are accounted for in accordance with the Company and Subsidiaries' accounting policies disclosed in Note 2.

<u>Determining fair value and calculation of cost</u> <u>amortization of financial instruments</u>

The Company and Subsidiaries record certain financial assets and liabilities at amortized costs, which require the use of accounting estimates. While significant components of assumptions used in the calculation of cost amortization were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the fair value or amortization amount would differ if the Company and Subsidiaries utilized different valuation methodology or assumption. Such changes would directly affect the Company and Subsidiaries' profit or loss. Further details are disclosed in Note 43.

3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Menilai jumlah terpulihkan dari aset keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengevaluasi akun piutang tertentu yang diketahui bahwa pelanggan tertentu tidak dapat memenuhi kewajiban keuangannya. Dalam hal tersebut, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menggunakan pertimbangan, berdasarkan fakta dan situasi yang tersedia, termasuk namun tidak terbatas pada, jangka waktu hubungan dengan pelanggan dan status kredit dari pelanggan berdasarkan catatan kredit dari pihak ketiga yang tersedia dan faktor pasar yang telah diketahui, untuk mencatat penyisihan spesifik atas pelanggan terhadap jumlah terutang guna mengurangi jumlah piutang yang diharapkan dapat diterima oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak. Penyisihan spesifik ini dievaluasi kembali dan disesuaikan jika tambahan yang diterima mempengaruhi informasi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai piutang. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 6.

Menilai penyisihan penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan

Penyisihan penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan diestimasi berdasarkan fakta dan situasi yang tersedia, termasuk namun tidak terbatas kepada, kondisi fisik persediaan yang dimiliki, harga jual pasar, estimasi biaya penyelesaian dan estimasi biaya yang timbul untuk penjualan. Provisi dievaluasi kembali dan disesuaikan jika terdapat tambahan informasi yang mempengaruhi jumlah yang diestimasi.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan dan Entitas anak menilai bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan nilai pasar dan keusangan persediaan.

Menilai penurunan nilai aset non-keuangan tertentu

PSAK No. 48 (Revisi 2009) mensyaratkan bahwa penilaian penurunan nilai dilakukan pada aset non-keuangan tertentu apabila terdapat kejadian atau perubahan keadaan yang mengindikasikan bahwa nilai tercatat tidak dapat diperoleh kembali. Faktor-faktor yang dianggap penting oleh Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang dapat memicu penelaahan atas penurunan nilai adalah sebagai berikut:

 (a) kinerja yang relatif kurang signifikan terhadap expected historical atau hasil operasional yang diharapkan dari proyek masa depan; PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

Assessing recoverable amounts of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries evaluate specific accounts receivable where they have information that certain customers are unable to meet their financial obligations. In these cases, the Company and Subsidiaries use judgment, based on available facts and circumstances, including but not limited to, the length of their relationship with the customer and the customer's current credit status based on any available third party credit reports and known market factors, to record specific provisions for customers against amounts due to reduce their receivable amounts that the Company and Subsidiaries expect to collect. These specific provisions are re-evaluated and adjusted as additional information received affects the provision for impairment. Further details are disclosed in Note 6.

Assessing allowance for decline in market value and obsolescence of inventories

Allowance for decline in market value and obsolescence of inventories is estimated based on available facts and circumstances, including but not limited to, the inventories own physical condition, their market selling prices, estimated costs of completion and estimated costs to be incurred for their sales. The provisions are re-evaluated and adjusted as additional information received affects the amount estimated.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries assessed that there was no indication of decline in market value and obsolescence of their inventories.

Assessing impairment of certain non-financial assets

PSAK No. 48 (Revised 2009) requires that an impairment review be performed on certain non-financial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company and Subsidiaries consider important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

(a) significant under performance relative to the expected historical or future project operating results;

3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

- (b) perubahan signifikan dalam cara penggunaan aset yang diperoleh atau strategi bisnis secara keseluruhan; dan
- (c) tren industri atau ekonomi yang negatif secara signifikan.

Kerugian akibat penurunan nilai diakui apabila nilai tercatat aset non-keuangan melebihi total yang dapat dipulihkan. Menentukan total yang dapat dipulihkan atas aset-aset tersebut membutuhkan estimasi atas arus kas yang diharapkan dapat dihasilkan dari penggunaan lanjutan dan disposisi akhir dari aset tersebut.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menilai bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan aset tetap dan aset tidak lancar lainnya.

Menentukan metode penyusutan dan estimasi umur manfaat aset tetap

Biaya perolehan aset tetap disusutkan dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus berdasarkan taksiran masa manfaat ekonomisnya. Manajemen mengestimasi masa manfaat ekonomis aset tetap 5 tahun sampai dengan 25 tahun. Ini adalah umur yang secara umum diharapkan dalam industri dimana Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjalankan bisnisnya. Perubahan tingkat pemakaian dan perkembangan teknologi dapat mempengaruhi masa manfaat ekonomis dan nilai sisa aset, dan karenanya biaya penyusutan masa depan mungkin direvisi. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 2m, 14 dan 15.

Alokasi harga beli dalam suatu kombinasi bisnis

Akuntansi akuisisi mensyaratkan penggunaan estimasi dan pertimbangan akuntansi untuk mengalokasikan harga perolehan terhadap nilai pasar wajar dari aset dan liabilitas yang teridentifikasi dari entitas yang diakuisisi. Setiap kelebihan dari harga perolehan atas nilai pasar wajar yang diestimasikan dari aset neto yang diakuisisi diakui sebagai *goodwill* dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian. Dengan demikian, pertimbangan yang dibuat dalam mengestimasi nilai pasar wajar yang diatribusikan ke aset dan liabilitas entitas yang diakuisisi dapat mempengaruhi kinerja keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak secara material.

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

- (b) significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business;
- (c) significant negative industry or economic trends.

An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of a non-financial asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Determining the recoverable amount of such assets requires the estimation of cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and Subsidiaries assessed that there was no indication of impairment on their fixed assets and other non-current assets.

<u>Determining depreciation method and estimated useful lives of fixed assets</u>

The costs of fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Management properly estimates the useful lives of these fixed assets to be within 5 years to 25 years. These are common life expectancies applied in the industries in which the Company and Subsidiaries conduct their business. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact on the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, and therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. Further details are disclosed in Notes 2m, 14 and 15.

Purchase price allocation in a business combination

Acquisition of accounting requires extensive use of accounting estimates and judgments to allocate the purchase price to the fair market values of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liability at the acquisition date. Any excess in the purchase price over the estimated fair market values of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill in the consolidated financial statements. Thus, the numerous judgments made in estimating the fair market value to be assigned to the acquiree's assets and liability can materially affect the Company and Subsidiaries' financial performance.

3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Estimasi biaya pensiun dan imbalan kerja

Penentuan biaya pensiun dan kewajiban imbalan kerja Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak bergantung pada pemilihan asumsi yang digunakan oleh aktuaris independen dalam menghitung total tersebut. Asumsi tersebut termasuk antara lain, tingkat diskonto, tingkat kenaikan gaji tahunan, tingkat pengunduran diri karyawan tahunan, tingkat cacat, umur pensiun dan tingkat kematian. Sementara Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak berkeyakinan bahwa asumsi tersebut adalah wajar dan sesuai, perbedaan signifikan pada hasil aktual atau perubahan signifikan dalam asumsi yang ditetapkan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dapat mempengaruhi secara material liabilitas diestimasi atas pensiun dan imbalan kerja dan beban imbalan kerja neto. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 27.

Menentukan pajak penghasilan

Pertimbangan signifikan dilakukan dalam menentukan provisi atas pajak penghasilan badan. Terdapat transaksi dan perhitungan tertentu yang penentuan pajak akhirnya adalah tidak pasti sepanjang kegiatan usaha normal. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengakui liabilitas atas pajak penghasilan badan berdasarkan estimasi apakah akan terdapat tambahan pajak penghasilan badan.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menelaah aset pajak tangguhan pada setiap tanggal pelaporan dan mengurangi nilai tercatat sepanjang tidak ada kemungkinan bahwa laba kena pajak memadai untuk mengkompensasi sebagian atau seluruh aset pajak tangguhan. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak juga menelaah waktu yang diharapkan dan tarif pajak atas pemulihan perbedaan temporer dan menyesuaikan pengaruh atas pajak tangguhan yang sesuai. Penjelasan lebih rinci diungkapkan dalam Catatan 35.

Mengevaluasi provisi dan kontinjensi

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terlibat dalam berbagai proses hukum dan pajak. Manajemen melakukan penilaian untuk membedakan antara provisi dan kontinjensi terutama melalui konsultasi dengan penasehat hukum Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak yang menangani proses hukum dan pajak tersebut. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempersiapkan provisi yang sesuai untuk proses hukum saat ini atau kewajiban konstruktif, jika ada, sesuai dengan kebijakan provisinya. Dalam pengakuan dan pengukuran provisi, manajemen mengambil risiko dan ketidakpastian.

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

Estimate of pension cost and employee benefits

The determination of the Company and Subsidiaries' obligations and costs for employee benefits is dependent on their selection of certain assumptions used by the independent actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions include among others, discount rates, annual salary increase rate, annual employee turn-over rate, disability rate, retirement age and mortality rate. While the Company and Subsidiaries believe that their assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the Company and Subsidiaries' actual results or significant changes in the Company and Subsidiaries' assumptions may materially affect their estimated liabilities for pension and employee benefits and net employee benefits expense. Further details are disclosed in Note 27.

Determining income taxes

Significant judgment is involved in determining provision for corporate income tax. There are certain transactions and computation for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company and Subsidiaries recognize liabilities for expected corporate income tax issues based on estimates of whether additional corporate income tax will be due.

The Company and Subsidiaries review their deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. The Company and Subsidiaries also review the expected timing and tax rates upon reversal of temporary differences and adjusts the impact of deferred tax accordingly. Further details are disclosed in Note 35.

Evaluating provisions and contingencies

The Company and Subsidiaries involved in various legal and tax proceedings. The management exercises its judgment to distinguish between provisions and contingencies mainly through consultation with the Company and Subsidiaries' legal counsel handling those proceedings. The Company and Subsidiaries set up appropriate provisions for their present legal or constructive obligations, if any, in accordance with their policies on provisions. In recognizing and measuring provisions, the management takes risk and uncertainty into account.

3. ESTIMASI DAN PERTIMBANGAN AKUNTANSI YANG PENTING (Lanjutan)

Dalam situasi tertentu, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak tidak dapat menentukan secara pasti jumlah liabilitas pajak mereka pada saat ini atau masa depan karena proses pemeriksaan, atau negosiasi dengan otoritas perpajakan. Ketidakpastian timbul terkait dengan interpretasi dari peraturan perpajakan yang kompleks serta jumlah dan waktu dari penghasilan kena pajak di masa depan. Dalam menentukan jumlah yang harus diakui terkait dengan liabilitas pajak yang tidak pasti, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menerapkan pertimbangan yang sama yang akan mereka gunakan dalam menentukan jumlah cadangan yang harus diakui sesuai dengan PSAK No. 57, "Provisi, Liabilitas Kontinjensi, dan Aset Kontinjensi". Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak membuat analisa untuk semua posisi pajak terkait dengan pajak penghasilan untuk menentukan jika liabilitas pajak untuk manfaat pajak yang belum diakui harus diakui.

4. AKUISISI KEPENTINGAN NONPENGENDALI

Pada tanggal 13 Juni 2011, Perusahaan menandatangani Perjanjian Jual Beli Saham dengan PT Inhutani I (Persero) untuk membeli 4.801.000 lembar saham PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya yang mewakili 40% kepemilikan dengan nilai akuisisi sebesar Rp14,75 miliar. Perjanjian tersebut termuat dalam akta Jual Beli Saham No. 36 tertanggal 13 Juni 2011 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., Notaris di Jakarta Pusat.

Pada tanggal 21 Desember 2011, Perusahaan telah menandatangani Akta Pernyataan Keputusan Para Pemegang Saham No. 65 yang dibuat dihadapan Linda Herawati, S.H., Notaris berkedudukan di Kota Jakarta Pusat untuk menyetujui penjualan 10 lembar saham milik Perusahaan di PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya kepada PT Purinusa Ekapersada, dan pemberitahuannya telah diterima dan dicatat oleh Kementerian Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia tertanggal 3 Januari 2012 No. AHU-AH.01.10-00267.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, jumlah penyertaan Perusahaan di PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya adalah sebesar 99,99% dan saldo selisih transaksi dengan kepentingan nonpengendali adalah sebesar USD2,0 juta.

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

In certain circumstances, the Company and Subsidiaries may not be able to determine the exact amount of their current or future tax liabilities due to ongoing investigations by, or negotiations with, the taxation authority. Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. In determining the amount to be recognized in respect of an uncertain tax liability, the Company and Subsidiaries apply similar considerations as they would use in determining the amount of a provision to be recognized in accordance with PSAK No. 57, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Asset". The Company and Subsidiaries make an analysis of all tax positions related to income taxes to determine if a tax liability for unrecognized tax benefit should be recognized.

4. ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

On June 13, 2011, the Company entered into a Share Sale and Purchase Agreement with PT Inhutani I (Persero) to purchase the 4,801,000 shares of PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya representing 40% ownership at acquisition price amounting to Rp14.75 billion. The agreement was stated on deed Share Sale and Purchase No. 36 dated June 13, 2011 of Linda Herawati, S.H., Notary in Central Jakarta.

On December 21, 2011, the shareholders has signed a Statement of Shareholders Resolutions No. 65 made before Linda Herawati, S.H., Notary based in Central Jakarta to sell 10 shares owned by the Company in PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya to PT Purinusa Ekapersada, and has been received and recorded by Ministry of Law and Human Rights Republic of Indonesia dated January 3, 2012 in its decree No. AHU-AH.01.10-00267.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the percentage ownership of the Company in PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya is 99.99% and the difference arising from transaction with non-controlling interest amounting to USD2.0 million.

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5. KAS DAN SETARA KAS

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2015/ Jun 30, 2015	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Kas	38	38_	Cash on hand
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in banks</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	24.393	8.030	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	19.032	18.386	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk	7.557	142	PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk
(Dahulu PT Bank ICB			(Formerly PT Bank ICB
Bumiputera Tbk)			Bumiputera Tbk)
PT Bank Panin Syariah Tbk	3.751	-	PT Bank Panin Syariah Tbk
Bank of China Limited	3.045	3.080	Bank of China Limited
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	2.827	2.257	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Bukopin Tbk	2.819	-	PT Bank Bukopin Tbk
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	227	3.785	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD1 juta)	2.193	1.592	USD1 million)
Total kas di bank	65.844	37.272	Total cash in banks
Setara Kas Deposito berjangka Rupiah Indonesia: PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk (Dahulu PT Bank ICB Bumiputera Tbk) PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia	975	4.019	Cash equivalents Time deposits Indonesian Rupiah: PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk (Formerly PT Bank ICB Bumiputera Tbk) PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	-	31.991	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Victoria International Tbk	-	4.325 4.019	PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Victoria International Tbk
Lain-lain (masing-masing	-	4.019	Others (each below
dibawah USD1 juta)	375	804	USD1 million)
Dolar AS:	070	004	<u>US Dollar:</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk Lain-lain (masing-masing	-	51.000	PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
dibawah USD1 juta)		400	Others (each below USD1 million)
Total deposito berjangka	1.350	96.558	Total time deposits
Total kas dan setara kas - pihak ketiga	67.232	133.868	Total cash and cash equivalents - third parties
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 39e)			Related party (Note 39e)
Kas di bank PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	984	3.292	<u>Cash in banks</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk

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5. KAS DAN SETARA KAS (Lanjutan)

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Setara kas			<u>Cash equivalent</u>
Deposito berjangka			<u>Time deposit</u> US Dollar:
<u>Dolar AS:</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	-	5.200	<u>US Dollar.</u> PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Total kas dan setara kas -			Total cash and cash equivalents -
pihak berelasi	984	8.492	related party
Total	68.216	142.360	Total
Rincian kas dan setara kas berdasarkan adalah sebagai berikut:	mata uang	Details of ca currencies wer	ash and cash equivalents based on e as follows:
	30 Jun 2015/	31 Des 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS	47.011	83.432	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	18.960	46.633	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	1.124	10.361	Chinese Yuan
Euro Eropa	714 322	1.306 522	European Euro
Yen Jepang Dolar Hongkong	322 67	522 54	Japanese Yen Hongkong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	18	52	Singaporean Dollar
Total	68.216	142.360	Total
Kisaran bunga tahunan deposito berjang sebagai berikut:	gka adalah 30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	Interest rates of 31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	of time deposits ranged as follows:
	Juli 00, 2010	200 01, 2017	

(%)

5,00 - 9,75

0,25 - 0,75

(%)

4,70 - 11,25

0,15 - 1,00

Kas dan setara kas kepada pihak-pihak berelasi masingmasing sebesar 0,04% dan 0,31% dari jumlah aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

Rupiah Indonesia

Dolar AS

Cash and cash equivalents to related parties represents 0.04% and 0.31% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Indonesian Rupiah

US Dollar

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6. PIUTANG USAHA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

6. TRADE RECEIVABLES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Ekspor	78.133	52.345	Export
Lokal	24	14	Local
Total pihak ketiga	78.157	52.359	Total third parties
Dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai	(16.386)	(16.386)	Less allowance for impairment
Piutang usaha - pihak ketiga - neto	61.771	35.973	Trade receivables - third parties - net
Pihak berelasi Lokal			Related parties Local
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	119.403	83.153	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
PT Sindopex Perotama	16	-	PT Sindopex Perotama
Sub-total Lokal	119.419	83.153	Sub-total Local
<u>Ekspor</u>			<u>Export</u>
Cabang-cabang APP	6.400	7.111	APP Branches
Paperich Pte, Ltd.	2.081	3.468	Paperich Pte, Ltd.
Lain-lain	395	50	Others
Sub-total Ekspor	8.876	10.629	Sub-total Export
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi	128.295	93.782	Trade receivables - related parties
Total	190.066	129.755	Total

Rincian umur piutang usaha - neto berdasarkan tanggal jatuh temponya pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of the aging based on the credit terms of trade receivables - net as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Belum jatuh tempo	169.378	107.576	Current
Sudah jatuh tempo:			Overdue:
< 1 bulan	6.901	7.270	< 1 month
> 1 bulan - 2 bulan	1.545	1.448	> 1 month - 2 months
> 2 bulan - 3 bulan	1.300	1.399	> 2 months - 3 months
> 3 bulan - 4 bulan	127	8	> 3 months - 4 months
> 4 bulan	10.815	12.054	> 4 months
Total	190.066	129.755	Total

Rincian piutang usaha berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of trade receivables based on currencies were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Rupiah Indonesia	117.835	78.408	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	36.228	29.413	US Dollar

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TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

6. PIUTANG USAHA (Lanjutan)

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
		<u> </u>	
Yuan Cina	24.162	8.160	Chinese Yuan
Euro Eropa	5.480	5.169	European Euro
Yen Jepang	3.807	4.882	Japanese Yen
Poundsterling Inggris	2.484	1.306	British Poundsterling
Krone Denmark	-	1.219	Denmark Krone
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD1 juta)	70	1.198	USD1 million)
Total	190.066	129.755	Total

Tidak ada mutasi cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai atas piutang usaha - pihak ketiga pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

Berdasarkan penelaahan terhadap kondisi piutang masing-masing pelanggan pada akhir periode, manajemen Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak berkeyakinan bahwa cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari tidak tertagihnya piutang usaha.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, piutang usaha sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam Catatan 17 digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek Perusahaan.

Piutang usaha kepada pihak-pihak berelasi masing-masing sebesar 4,66% dan 3,46% dari total aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

7. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN - PIHAK KETIGA

Piutang lain-lain terdiri dari akrual pendapatan bunga deposito dan lain-lain, yang bersaldo masing-masing sebesar USD 1,3 juta dan USD0,6 juta pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

8. PERSEDIAAN

Akun ini terdiri dari:

There is no movement in the allowance for impairment loss of trade receivables - third parties as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Based on a review of the status of the individual receivable accounts at the end of the period, the management of the Company and Subsidiaries believes that the allowance for impairment loss of receivables as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were adequate to cover possible losses on uncollectible trade receivables.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, trade receivables as disclosed in Note 17 were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans.

Trade receivables to related parties represent 4.66% and 3.46% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2015 dan December 31, 2014, respectively.

7. OTHER RECEIVABLES - THIRD PARTIES

Other receivables consist of accrual of interest income from time deposit and others, with the outstanding balance of USD1.3 million and USD0.6 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

8. INVENTORIES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Barang jadi	129.778	155.022	Finished goods
Barang dalam proses	52.166	43.756	Work-in-process
Bahan baku	67.864	56.535	Raw materials
Bahan pembantu, suku cadang			Indirect material, spare parts
dan lainnya	62.916	60.987	and others
Total	312.724	316.300	Total

8. PERSEDIAAN (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, tidak ada penyisihan persediaan usang yang diakui karena manajemen berpendapat bahwa tidak ada kerugian yang timbul dari persediaan usang.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan telah mengasuransikan persediaan dan aset tetap secara *all risk* (Catatan 15). Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian yang timbul dari risiko-risiko tersebut.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, persediaan sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam Catatan 17 dan 24 digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan pinjaman bank jangka panjang Perusahaan.

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8. INVENTORIES (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, no allowance for inventories obsolescence was recognized since management believes that there is no possible losses arising from the obsolete inventories.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had insured the inventories and fixed assets by all risk (Note 15). The management believes that the insurance coverage was adequate to cover any possible losses arising from such risks.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, inventories as disclosed in Notes 17 and 24 were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans and long-term bank loans.

9. UANG MUKA DAN BIAYA DIBAYAR DIMUKA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

9. ADVANCES AND PREPAID EXPENSES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Uang Muka			Advances
Pemasok	157.033	230.603	Suppliers
Karyawan	300	202	Employees
Lain-lain	4.551	4.138	Others
Total uang muka	161.884	234.943	Total advances
Biaya dibayar dimuka			Prepaid expenses
Asuransi	14.855	14.207	Insurance
Sewa (Catatan 39d)	697	242	Rent (Note 39d)
Lain-lain	272	326	Others
Total biaya dibayar dimuka	15.824	14.775	Total prepaid expenses
Total	177.708	249.718	Total

10. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA

10. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

21 Dec 2014/

Akun ini terdiri dari: This account consists of:

20 Jun 2015/

	Jun 30, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in banks</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	184	2	(Persero) Tbk

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10. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA (Lanjutan)

10. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

	30 Jun 2015/	31 Des 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
Deposito berjangka			<u>Time deposits</u>
Dolar AS:			<u>US Dollar:</u>
Ningbo Commerce Bank	98.500	15.000	Ningbo Commerce Bank
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia	44.000	07.000	PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	11.000	37.908	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk	9.000	9.000	PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk	3.750	3.750	PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk
(Dahulu PT Bank ICB			(Formerly PT Bank ICB
Bumiputera Tbk)	3.000	3.000	Bumiputera Tbk)
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	2.200	2.200	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
Bank of China Limited	2.001	1.000	Bank of China Limited
	2.001	1.000	Bank or Onina Emilioa
Yuan Cina:			<u>Chinese Yuan:</u>
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	117.394	89.045	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	5.264	10.517	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
Total deposito berjangka	252.109	171.420	Total time deposits
Total aset lancar lainnya - pihak ketiga	252.293	171.422	Total other current assets - third parties
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 39e)			Related parties (Note 39e)
Kas di bank			<u>Cash in bank</u>
PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	1	170	PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Investasi jangka pendek			Short-term investment
Rupiah Indonesia:			<u>Indonesian Rupiah:</u>
PT Sinarmas Sekuritas	15.156	15.686	PT Sinarmas Sekuritas
Total aset lancar lainnya -			Total other current assets -
pihak berelasi	15.157	15.856	related party
Total	267.450	187.278	Total
Rincian aset lancar lainnya berdasarkan adalah sebagai berikut:	mata uang	Details of the as follows:	current assets based on currencies were
	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS	129.636	72.030	US Dollar
Yuan Cina	122.658	99.562	Chinese Yuan
Rupiah Indonesia	15.156	15.686	Indonesian Rupiah
Total	267.450	187.278	Total

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10. ASET LANCAR LAINNYA (Lanjutan)

Kisaran bunga tahunan deposito berjangka adalah sebagai berikut:

10. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

Annual interest rates of time deposits ranged as follows:

	30 Jun 2015 /	31 Des 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
	(%)	(%)	
Rupiah Indonesia	7,81	7,80 - 7,81	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	0,25 - 2,00	0,30 - 2,00	US Dollar
Yuan Cina	0,10 - 1,88	0,10 - 1,88	Chinese Yuan

Deposito tertentu digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman jangka pendek yang diperoleh dari bank tersebut (Catatan 17).

Certain time deposits were pledged as collateral for the short-term loans obtained from such banks (Note 17).

Investasi jangka pendek pada PT Sinarmas Sekuritas merupakan investasi pada reksadana yang tidak ditentukan dan dibatasi jangka waktu penarikannya. Perusahaan mengklasifikasikan investasi pada reksadana sebagai aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi (FVTPL).

Short-term investment in PT Sinarmas Sekuritas pertains to investment in mutual fund not specified and has limited period of redemption. The Company classifies investment in mutual fund as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, jumlah penyertaan reksadana tersebut sebesar Rp202,1 miliar (setara dengan USD15,2 juta), dengan 77,6 juta unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Bersih per unit sebesar Rp2.605.

As of June 30, 2015, the balance of the investment in mutual fund amounted to Rp202.1 billion (equivalent to USD15.2 million), with 77.6 million unit and Net Asset Value per unit of Rp2.605.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2014, jumlah penyertaan reksadana tersebut sebesar Rp195,1 miliar (setara dengan USD15,7 juta), dengan 77,6 juta unit penyertaan dan Nilai Aset Bersih per unit sebesar Rp2.516.

As of December 31, 2014, the balance of the investment in mutual fund amounted to Rp195.1 billion (equivalent to USD15.7 million), with 77.6 million unit and Net Asset Value per unit of Rp2.516.

Aset lancar lainnya kepada pihak-pihak berelasi masingmasing sebesar 0,55% dan 0,58% dari jumlah aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014. Other current assets to related parties represent 0.55% and 0.58% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

11. NON-CURRENT - TRADE RECEIVABLES - RELATED

11. PIUTANG USAHA - PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR

This account consists of:

PARTIES

Akun ini terdiri dari:

	30 Jun 2015/	31 Des 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
Ekspor			Export
APP International Trading (III) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (III) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	37.573	37.573	Cayman Islands
APP International Trading (VI) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (VI) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	28.545	32.480	Cayman Islands
Kinno Limited, Singapura	10.250	11.535	Kinno Limited, Singapore
Collins Office Product International			Collins Office Product International
Trading Limited, British Virgin			Trading Limited, British Virgin
Islands	9.576	9.576	Islands

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11. PIUTANG USAHA - PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR (Lanjutan)

11. NON-CURRENT - TRADE RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

, ,		,	,
	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
APP International Trading (V) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (V) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	9.575	9.575	Cayman Islands
APP International Trading (I) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (I) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	8.531	8.531	Cayman Islands
Cabang-cabang APP	1.330	2.979	APP Branches
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			
USD100 ribu)		132	Others (each below USD100 thousand)
Total	105.380	112.381	Total
Dikurangi penyisihan atas			
penurunan nilai	(82.661)	(89.558)	Less allowance for impairment
Neto pada nilai nominal	22.719	22.823	Net at nominal value
Penyesuaian bersih atas penerapan	22.710	22.020	Net adjustment on the adoption of
PSAK 55 (Revisi 2011)	(365)	(776)	PSAK 55 (Revised 2011)
,			,
Neto pada Biaya Perolehan Diamortisasi	22.354	22.047	Net at Amortized Cost
Diamortisusi			Net at Amortizea oost
Mutasi penyisihan cadangan kerugian pen adalah sebagai berikut:	urunan nilai	Movement in t	he allowance for impairment loss was as
	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Saldo awal	89.558	95.392	Beginning balance
Pembukuan kembali	(6.897)	(5.834)	Reversal
Saldo Akhir	82.661	89.558	Ending Balance
			=g = a.ag
Rincian piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berik			current - trade receivables - related parties ncies were as follows:
	30 Jun 2015/	31 Des 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
Deley AC			110.5."
Dolar AS	18.229	17.817	US Dollar
Yen Jepang	4.125 22.354	4.230 22.047	Japanese Yen
Total			Total

Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar berasal dari kegiatan penjualan ekspor Perusahaan kepada pihak berelasi.

Non-current - trade receivables - related parties arise from Company's export sales to related parties.

Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian penyelesaian utang-piutang (Settlement Agreement) pada tanggal 12 Januari 2006 dengan debitur tertentu. Jangka waktu pengembalian piutang ditetapkan tidak lebih dari sepuluh (10) tahun.

The Company entered into a Settlement Agreement dated January 12, 2006 with certain debtors. The terms of repayment of trade receivables were determined to be not more than ten (10) years.

11. PIUTANG USAHA - PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar masing-masing sebesar USD22,4 juta dan USD22,0 juta diukur sebesar biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif, dikurangi dengan penurunan nilai.

Berdasarkan penelaahan terhadap status akun piutang masing-masing pelanggan pada akhir periode, manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari tidak tertagihnya piutang usaha.

Piutang usaha pihak berelasi tidak lancar adalah sebesar 0,81% dari jumlah aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

12. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN - PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR

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11. NON-CURRENT - TRADE RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, noncurrent trade receivables - related parties amounting to USD22.4 million and USD22.0 million, respectively, are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Based on a review of the status of the individual trade receivables at the end of the period, the management believes that the allowance for impairment loss of receivables as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were adequate to cover possible losses on uncollectible trade receivables.

Non-current trade receivables from related parties represent 0.81% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

12. NON-CURRENT - OTHER RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd.,			APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd.,
British Virgin Islands (APP IF)	82.823	82.823	British Virgin Islands (APP IF)
PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Purinusa)	57.220	57.220	PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Purinusa)
APP International Trading (VI) Ltd.,			APP International Trading (VI) Ltd.,
Cayman Islands	246	246	Cayman Islands
PT Sindopex Perotama	210	206	PT Sindopex Perotama
PT Ekamas Fortuna	-	571	PT Ekamas Fortuna
Lain-lain (masing-masing di bawah			Others (each below
USD100 ribu)	31	26	USD100 thousand)
Neto pada nilai nominal	140.530	141.092	Net at nominal value
Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan			Net adjustment on the adoption of
PSAK 55 (Revisi 2011)	(1.217)	(2.594)	PSAK 55 (Revised 2011)
Neto pada Biaya Perolehan			
Diamortisasi	139.313	138.498	Net at Amortized Cost

Piutang dari APP IF merupakan penempatan dana yang tidak dikenakan bunga dari Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Ltd. dan Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Ltd., Entitas Anak Perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 12 Januari 2006, Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian penyelesaian utang-piutang (*Settlement Agreement*) dengan APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd., dengan jangka waktu pengembalian piutang tidak lebih dari sepuluh (10) tahun.

Receivables from APP IF represents placements of noninterest bearing funds of Tjiwi Kimia Trading (II) Ltd. and Tjiwi Kimia Trading III (BVI) Ltd., Subsidiaries of the Company.

On January 12, 2006, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement with APP International Finance (BVI) III Ltd., with a repayment term of not more than ten (10) years.

12. PIUTANG LAIN-LAIN - PIHAK BERELASI - TIDAK LANCAR (Lanjutan)

Piutang dari Purinusa terutama merupakan utang Marshall Enterprise Limited, Entitas Anak, yang di alihkan ke Purinusa, Entitas Induk, dengan persyaratan dan kondisi dalam *Master Restructuring Agreement* (MRA).

Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar masingmasing sebesar 5,06% dan 5,11% dari jumlah aset konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

13. INVESTASI PADA ENTITAS ASOSIASI

Berdasarkan akta pernyataan keputusan para pemegang saham No. 64 tanggal 23 Maret 2015 yang dibuat dihadapan Sofiany, S.E., S.H., selaku pengganti dari Notaris Desman S.H., M. Hum., M.M., Notaris di Jakarta, dengan Surat Penerimaan Pemberitahuan Perubahan Anggaran Dasar tertanggal 1 April 2015 nomor AHU-AH.01.03-0021091, Perusahaan mengambil bagian atas 671.393 lembar saham dalam simpanan PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills sebesar Rp671,4 miliar (setara dengan USD51,5 juta).

Berdasarkan akta pernyataan keputusan para pemegang saham No. 119 tanggal 24 Desember 2014 yang dibuat dihadapan Desman, S.H., M. Hum., M.M., Notaris di Jakarta, Perusahaan mengambil bagian atas 1.082.017 saham dalam simpanan PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills sebesar Rp1.082,0 triliun.

Berdasarkan akta pernyataan keputusan para pemegang saham No.48 tanggal 17 Maret 2014 yang dibuat dihadapan Desman, S.H., M. Hum., M.M., Notaris di Jakarta, Perusahaan mengambil bagian atas 2.157.675 saham dalam simpanan PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills sebesar Rp2.157,7 triliun.

Berdasarkan Akta Pernyataan Keputusan Para Pemegang Saham No. 57 tanggal 15 Juli 2013 yang dibuat dihadapan Desman, S.H.,M. Hum., Notaris berkedudukan di Kota Jakarta Utara, Perusahaan mengambil bagian atas pengeluaran saham baru dalam simpanan (portepel) dalam PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, rincian akun ini adalah sebagai berikut:

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12. NON-CURRENT - OTHER RECEIVABLES - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

Receivables from Purinusa mainly pertains to the payable amount of Marshall Enterprise Limited, a Subsidiary, transferred to Purinusa, Parent Entity, under the terms and conditions of the Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA).

Non-current - other receivables from related parties represent 5.06% and 5.11% of the total consolidated assets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

13. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANY

Based on the Deed of Statement of Shareholders Resolutions No. 64 dated March 23, 2015 made before Sofiany, S.E. S.H., as substitute of Desman, S.H., M. Hum., M.M., Notary in Jakarta, with the Receipt of Notification of Amendment to Articles of Association dated April 1, 2015 number AHU-AH.01.03-0021091, the Company subscribed 671,393 shares issued by PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills amounted to Rp671.4 billion (equivalent to USD51.5 million).

Based on the Deed of Statement of Shareholders Resolutions No. 119 dated December 24, 2014 made before Desman, S.H., M. Hum., M.M., Notary in Jakarta, the Company subscribed 1,082,017 shares issued by PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills amounting to Rp1,082.0 trillion.

Based on the Deed of Statement of Shareholders Resolutions No.48 dated March 17, 2014 made before Desman, S.H., M. Hum., M.M., Notary in Jakarta, the Company subscribed 2,157,675 shares issued by PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills amounting to Rp2,157.7 trillion.

Based on the Deed of Statement of Shareholders Resolutions No.57 dated July 15, 2013, made before Desman, S.H.,M. Hum., Notary in North Jakarta, the Company subscribed new shares issued by PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the details of this account is as follows:

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13. INVESTASI PADA ENTITAS ASOSIASI (Lanjutan)

13. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANY (Continued)

	30 J	uni 2015 / <i>June 30,</i> .	2015	
Perusahaan	Total Lembar Saham Yang Dimiliki/ Number of Shares Held	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Nilai Tercatat/ Carrying Value	Investee
PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills	4.211.085	48,56%	356.462	PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills
	31 Desem	ber 2014 / Decembe	er 31, 2014	
	Total Lembar Saham Yang Dimiliki/ <i>Number of</i>	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of	Nilai Tercatat/	
Perusahaan	Shares Held	Ownership	Carrying Value	Investee
PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills	3.539.692	48,29%	302.360	PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills

Perubahan nilai tercatat investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi adalah sebagai berikut:

Changes in the carrying amount of investment in the Associated Company is as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Nilai tercatat awal tahun	302.360	25.768	At beginning of the year
Tambahan investasi	51.532	275.750	Additional investment
Bagian laba (rugi) neto			Share on net income (loss) of
Entitas Asosiasi periode berjalan	238	(288)	Associated Company for the period
Bagian atas pendapatan (kerugian)			Share on other comprehensive
komprehensif lain dari			income (loss) of
Entitas Asosiasi	2.332	1.130	Associated Company
Nilai Tercatat Akhir Periode	356.462	302.360	Carrying Amount at End of Period

Informasi keuangan Entitas Asosiasi pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

Financial information of the Associated Company as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the six months period ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Total aset	2.065.728	1.215.869	Total assets
Total liabilitas	1.333.758	592.261	Total liabilities
Laba (Rugi) neto	498	(1.158)	Net income (loss)

14. HUTAN TANAMAN INDUSTRI

Akun ini merupakan biaya-biaya yang dikeluarkan Entitas Anak untuk mengembangkan hutan tanaman industri (HTI) yang terletak di beberapa lokasi di propinsi Kalimantan Timur.

14. INDUSTRIAL TIMBER ESTATE

This account represents costs incurred by the Subsidiary for developing industrial timber estate located in several locations in East Kalimantan province.

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14. HUTAN TANAMAN INDUSTRI (Lanjutan)

Mutasi akun ini adalah sebagai berikut:

14. INDUSTRIAL TIMBER ESTATE (Continued)

Movements in this account were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Saldo Awal Penambahan tahun berjalan	27.009 698	25.221 1.788	Beginning Balance Additions during the year
Saldo Akhir	27.707	27.009	Ending Balance

15. ASET TETAP

15. FIXED ASSETS

Saldo dan mutasi aset tetap pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

Balances and movements of fixed assets at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

		30 J	lun 2015 / <i>Jun 30</i> , 2	2015		
	Saldo Awal/ Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification	Saldo Akhir/ Ending Balance	
Harga Perolehan Pemilikan Langsung Hak atas tanah Bangunan dan prasarana	35.579 197.594	5	:	3.677	35.579 201.276	Acquisition Costs <u>Direct Ownership</u> Land rights Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor	2.091.589 11.132 31.225	8 - 40	-	12.526 81 	2.104.123 11.213 31.265	Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment
Sub-total	2.367.119	53	-	16.284	2.383.456	Sub-total
Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan	186.284	57.298	-	(16.284)	227.298	<u>Asset Under Construction</u> Construction-in-progress
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Total Nilai Tercatat	178 2.289 2.555.870		- - -	<u>-</u>	178 2.289 2.613.221	Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment Total Carrying Value
Akumulasi Penyusutan Pemilikan Langsung Bangunan dan prasarana Mesin dan peralatan pabrik Alat pengangkutan Perabot dan peralatan kantor	131.584 1.247.180 10.317 23.737	3.671 40.665 143 101	:	· · ·	135.255 1.287.845 10.460 23.838	Accumulated Depreciation <u>Direct Ownership</u> Building and installation Machinery and factory equipment Transportation equipment Furniture and office equipment
Sub-total	1.412.818	44.580	-	-	1.457.398	Sub-total
<u>Pemilikan Tidak Langsung</u> <u>Aset Sewaan</u> Alat pengangkutan Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	69 69	18 46			87 115	Indirect Ownership Leased Assets Transportation equipment Machinery and factory equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan	1.412.956	44.644			1.457.600	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Nilai Buku Neto	1.142.914				1.155.621	Net Book Value

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15. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

15. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

	31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014					
	Saldo Awal/ Beginning Balance	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/ Disposals	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification	Saldo Akhir/ Ending Balance	
Harga Perolehan Pemilikan Langsung						Acquisition Costs Direct Ownership
Hak atas tanah	35.437	142	-	-	35.579	Land rights
Bangunan dan prasarana	185.063	16	-	12.515	197.594	Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	2.062.505	117	-	28.967	2.091.589	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	10.985	1	-	146	11.132	Transportation equipment
Perabot dan peralatan kantor	30.486	673		66	31.225	Furniture and office equipment
Sub-total	2.324.476	949	-	41.694	2.367.119	Sub-total
Aset dalam Pengerjaan Aset tetap dalam pembangunan	152.324	75.654	-	(41.694)	186.284	<u>Asset Under Construction</u> Construction-in-progress
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung						Indirect Ownership
Aset Sewaan						Leased Assets
Alat pengangkutan	178	-	-	-	178	Transportation equipment
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik		2.289			2.289	Machinery and factory equipment
Total Nilai Tercatat	2.476.978	78.892			2.555.870	Total Carrying Value
Akumulasi Penyusutan						Accumulated Depreciation
Pemilikan Langsung						<u>Direct Ownership</u>
Bangunan dan prasarana	124.794	6.790	-	-	131.584	Building and installation
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik	1.166.901	80.279	-	-	1.247.180	Machinery and factory equipment
Alat pengangkutan	10.034	283	-	-	10.317	Transportation equipment
Perabot dan peralatan kantor	22.904	833			23.737	Furniture and office equipment
Sub-total	1.324.633	88.185	-	-	1.412.818	Sub-total
Pemilikan Tidak Langsung Aset Sewaan						<u>Indirect Ownership</u> Leased Assets
Alat pengangkutan	33	36	_	_	69	Transportation equipment
Mesin dan peralatan pabrik		69			69	Machinery and factory equipment
Total Akumulasi Penyusutan	1.324.666	88.290			1.412.956	Total Accumulated Depreciation
Nilai Buku Neto	1.152.312				1.142.914	Net Book Value

Penyusutan aset tetap pada tahun berjalan dibebankan ke

Depreciation expenses during the year were charged to:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	30 Jun 2014/ <i>Jun 30, 2014</i>	
Beban pabrikasi	44.223	43.907	Manufacturing overhead
Beban umum dan administrasi			General and administrative
(Catatan 33b)	399	464	(Note 33b)
Beban penjualan (Catatan 33a)	6	14	Selling expenses (Note 33a)
Hutan Tanaman Industri			Industrial Timber Estate
(Catatan 14)	16	9	(Note 14)
Total	44.644	44.394	Total

15. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

Total

Rincian aset tetap dalam pembangunan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

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15. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

Details of construction-in-progress as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	30 Jui	ni 2015 / June <i>30, 2</i>	2015		
Persentase Penyelesaian	Bangunan/ Buildings	Mesin/ <i>Machinery</i>	Total	Estimasi Waktu Penyelesaian/ Estimated Time of Completion	Percentage of Completion
0% - 50%	1.677	122.000	123.677	Desember/December 2017	0% - 50%
51% - 65%	21	1.933	1.954	Desember/December 2016	51% - 65%
66% - 80%	21.680	75.437	97.117	Juli/ <i>July</i> 2016	66% - 80%

66% - 80% 21.680 75.437 97.117 Juli/July 2016 66% - 80% 81% -100% 955 3.595 4.550 Desember/December 2015 81% -100% Total 24.333 202.965 227.298 Total

31 Desember 2014 / December 31, 2014 Persentase Bangunan/ Mesin/ Estimasi Waktu Penyelesaian/ Percentage of Penyelesaian **Buildings Estimated Time of Completion** Completion Machinery Total 0% - 50% 701 107.308 108.009 Desember/December 2017 0% - 50% 51% - 65% 15.430 54.676 70.106 Desember/December 2016 51% - 65% 66% - 80% 5.826 788 6.614 Juli/July 2016 66% - 80% Desember/December 2015 81% -100% 951 604 1.555 81% -100%

186.284

Kapitalisasi biaya pinjaman atas pinjaman yang diperoleh untuk aset dalam penyelesaian adalah sebesar USD1,9 juta dan USD2,0 juta, masing-masing pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

22.908

163.376

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak ada hambatan yang dapat mengganggu penyelesaian atas aset tetap dalam pembangunan tersebut.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, aset tetap sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam Catatan 17 dan 24 digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan pinjaman bank jangka panjang Perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, jumlah tercatat bruto aset tetap yang telah disusutkan penuh dan masih digunakan adalah masing-masing sebesar USD163,1 juta dan USD160,0 juta.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan telah mengasuransikan aset tetap, (tidak termasuk hak atas tanah), dan persediaan secara *all risk* dengan nilai pertanggungan sekitar USD2,8 miliar. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut adalah cukup untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian yang timbul dari risiko-risiko tersebut.

Capitalization of borrowing cost of loan obtained for construction in progress amounted to USD1.9 million and USD2.0 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

The management believes that there are no obstacles that can interfere with the completion of construction-in-progress.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, fixed assets as disclosed in Notes 17 and 24 were pledged as collateral for the Company's short-term bank loans and long-term bank loans.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the carrying amount of recorded gross fixed assets that have been fully depreciated and still in use amounted to USD163.1 million and USD160.0 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company has insured its fixed assets, (excluding land rights), and inventories by all risks with the insurance coverage of amounting to USD2.8 billion. Management believes that the insurance coverage is sufficient to cover any possible losses arising from such risks.

Total

15. ASET TETAP (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak terdapat indikasi penurunan nilai aset tetap.

16. GOODWILL

Akun ini berhubungan dengan akuisisi Perusahaan terhadap 60% kepemilikan saham pada PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya pada tanggal 26 Nopember 2009.

Sehubungan dengan penerapan standar yang direvisi sejak tanggal 1 Januari 2011, Perusahaan tidak lagi mengamortisasi *goodwill*.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo *goodwill* adalah sebesar USD6,4 juta.

Berdasarkan evaluasi manajemen, manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak terdapat penurunan nilai goodwill.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK

Akun ini terdiri dari:

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15. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the management believes that there was no indication of impairment on their fixed assets.

16. GOODWILL

This account relates to the acquisition of 60% ownership in PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya on November 26, 2009.

In connection with the adoption of a revised standard since January 1, 2011, the Company has no longer amortized its goodwill.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the balance of goodwill is amounted to USD6.4 million.

Based on the management's evaluation, the management believed that there was no impairment in value of goodwill.

17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	187.057	161.549	PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	64.500	61.655	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	37.515	41.445	PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk	36.716	28.248	PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	29.655	2.857	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
PT Bank Bukopin Tbk	22.502	-	PT Bank Bukopin Tbk
PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk	17.528	15.784	PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank Victoria International Tbk	11.251	12.058	PT Bank Victoria International Tbk
PT Bank ICBC Indonesia	10.992	16.506	PT Bank ICBC Indonesia
PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk			PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk
(Dahulu PT Bank ICB			(Formerly PT Bank ICB
Bumiputera Tbk)	10.001	2.500	Bumiputera Tbk)
Bank of China Limited	8.328	4.510	Bank of China Limited
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	7.011	24.744	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank Capital Indonesia Tbk	2.000		PT Bank Capital Indonesia Tbk
Total	445.056	371.856	Total

Rincian pinjaman bank jangka pendek berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of short-term bank loans based on currencies were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS	368.512	327.066	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	75.695	42.911	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	755	1.251	European Euro

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17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar Singapura	51	28	Singaporean Dollar
Yen Jepang	43	529	Japanese Yen
Franc Swiss		71	Swiss Franc
Total	445.056	371.856	Total

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Sejak tanggal 26 November 2014 sampai dengan tanggal 29 Juni 2015, BRI telah menyetujui untuk memberikan beberapa fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja kepada Perusahaan dimana beberapa dari fasilitas tersebut sudah dilunasi. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan deposito berjangka milik Perusahaan dengan jumlah keseluruhan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 sebesar CNY717,0 juta (Catatan 10).

BRI juga memberikan fasilitas *Letter of Credit (L/C) Usance*, dimana fasilitas ini tidak dikenakan bunga dan dijamin oleh deposito berjangka yang ditempatkan pada bank tersebut (Catatan 10).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada BRI masing-masing sebesar USD187,1 juta dan USD161,5 juta.

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas Non-Cash Loan dari PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk ("Bank Mandiri") berupa fasilitas Sight dan Usance L/C Import dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD90,0 juta yang merupakan penambahan dari fasilitas sebelumnya. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan persediaan, piutang, deposito berjangka dan mesin tertentu serta jaminan perusahaan (corporate guarantee) dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada dan berlaku sampai dengan 10 September 2015 (Catatan 6, 8 dan 15).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank Mandiri masing-masing sebesar USD64,5 juta dan USD61,7 juta.

PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BNI") berupa fasilitas *Letter of Credit* (Fasilitas L/C) sebesar USD20,0 juta atau setara dengan Rp200,0 miliar dan masih berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 25 Maret 2016 dan fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja sebesar Rp300,0 miliar yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 7 Maret 2016.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

Starting from November 26, 2014 up to June 29, 2015, BRI has agreed to provide several Working Capital Credit facilities to the Company in which some of these facilities have been settled. These facilities are guaranteed with the time deposits of the Company at a total amount of CNY717.0 million as of June 30, 2015 (Note 10).

BRI also provided a Letter of Credit (L/C) Usance facility, which bears no interest and guaranteed by the time deposit place in the bank (Note 10).

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loans from BRI amounted to USD187.1 million and USD161.5 million, respectively.

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has a Non-Cash Loan facility from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk ("Bank Mandiri") in the form of Sight and Usance L/C Import in a total amount not exceeding USD90.0 million which is an increment from the previous facility. This facility is secured by the Company's certain inventories, receivables, time deposits and certain machinery as well as a corporate guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada and valid until September 10, 2015 (Notes 6, 8 and 15).

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to Bank Mandiri amounted to USD64.5 million and USD61.7 million, respectively.

PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has a credit facility from PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BNI") in the form of Letter of Credit facility (L/C facility) amounting to USD20.0 million or equivalent to Rp200.0 billion and remains valid until March 25, 2016 and Working Capital Credit facility amounting to Rp300.0 billion which is valid until March 7, 2016.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Fasilitas pembukaan *L/C Import* dan/atau SKBDN dijamin dengan tanah, mesin dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan, persediaan bahan baku tertentu (*cross collateral* dengan fasilitas lain yang diberikan oleh BNI) (Catatan 24) dan *cash margin* dari Perusahaan. Sejak tanggal 25 Juni 2013, fasilitas *L/C* ini juga dijamin oleh *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

Fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja dijamin dengan seluruh jaminan yang telah dijaminkan oleh Perusahaan kepada BNI serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada BNI masing-masing adalah sebesar USD37,5 juta dan USD41,4 juta.

PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk ("BII") berupa fasilitas Demand Loan sebesar USD25,0 juta, fasilitas L/C/SKBDN sebesar USD15,0 juta, dan Forex Line sebesar USD 1,0 juta dengan jumlah maksimal yang diperkirakan (notional amount) sebesar USD 10,0 juta. Seluruh fasilitas tersebut dijamin dengan tanah, mesin, persediaan, dana tunai sebesar 20,0% dari L/C yang diterbitkan dan jaminan perusahaan (corporate guarantee) PT Purinusa Ekapersada (untuk fasilitas Forex Line bersifat *clean basis*). Fasilitas ini berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 22 Februari 2016.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada BII masing-masing sebesar USD36,7 juta dan USD28,2 juta.

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

Pada tanggal 9 Agustus 2001, PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia ("Mizuho"), memberikan Fasilitas Wesel Diskonto (*Bills Discounted Facility*) dan Fasilitas Garansi Akseptasi (*Acceptance Guarantee Facility*) untuk mendukung kegiatan usaha Perusahaan dan digunakan bersama dengan PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills dan PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry dengan jumlah maksimum USD165,0 juta.

Fasilitas ini telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir dengan perjanjian tanggal 31 Maret 2015, dimana fasilitas ini efektif diperpanjang sampai dengan tanggal 30 September 2015.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

The opening L/C Import and/or SKBDN facility is secured with certain land, machinery and buildings owned by the Company, certain raw materials inventory (cross collateral with other facilities given by BNI) (Note 24) and cash margin from the Company. Since June 25, 2013, this L/C facility is also secured by Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

The Working Capital Credit facility is also secured by the collaterals which all guarantees have been pledged by the Company to BNI as well as the Corporate Guarantee of PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to BNI amounted to USD37.5 million and USD41.4 million, respectively.

PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has several facilities from PT Bank International Indonesia Tbk ("BII") in the form of Demand Loan facility of USD25.0 million, L/C/SKBDN facility at the amount of USD15.0 million, and Forex Line facility at the amount of USD1.0 million, with a notional amount of USD10.0 million. These facilities were secured by land, machinery, inventories, 20.0% cash margin on L/C issued and corporate guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (for Forex Line Facility is clean basis). These facilities are valid until February 22, 2016.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to BII amounted to USD36.7 million and USD28.2 million, respectively.

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

On August 9, 2001, PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia, ("Mizuho") provided Bills Discounted Facility and Acceptance Guarantee Facility in order to support the Company's operations and can be used together with PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills, and PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry with maximum amount USD165.0 million.

The facilities have been amended several times, the latest being on March 31, 2015, wherein the facilities are effectively extended until September 30, 2015.

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17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut adalah sebagai berikut:

17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

Details of available facilities were as follows:

Fasilitas Maksimum (dalam ribuan dolar AS)/ Maximum Facility (in thousand of US Dollar)

30 Jun 2015 dan 31 Des 2014/

FasilitasJun 30, 2015 and Dec 31, 2014FacilitiesFasilitas akseptasi65.000Acceptance FacilityFasilitas wesel diskontoBills Discounted Facility(tanpa letters of credit)50.000(without letters of credit base)Fasilitas wesel diskontoBills Discounted Facility

30.000

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada Mizuho masing-masing sebesar USD29,7 juta dan USD2,9 juta.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to Mizuho amounted to USD29.7 million and USD2.9 million, respectively.

(with letters of credit base)

PT Bank Bukopin Tbk

(dengan letters of credit)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki Fasilitas Kredit Modal dari PT Bank Bukopin Tbk ("Bank Bukopin") sebesar Rp 300 milyar, yang akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 30 Juni 2016.

Fasilitas ini dijamin oleh tanah, bangunan, dan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan serta *Corporate Guarantee* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank Bukopin masing-masing sebesar USD22,5 juta dan nihil.

PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Panin") berupa fasilitas *Letter of Credit* sebesar USD30,0 juta ("Fasilitas L/C"), fasilitas Negosiasi/ Diskonto sebesar USD10,0 juta, dan fasilitas Transaksi Valuta Asing sebesar USD10,0 juta, seluruh fasilitas tersebut berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 30 Nopember 2015. Fasilitas L/C tersebut dijamin dengan deposito berjangka milik Perusahaan (Catatan 10).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank Panin masing-masing sebesar USD17,5 juta dan USD15,8 juta.

PT Bank Bukopin Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has Working Capital facility from PT Bank Bukopin Tbk ("Bank Bukopin") at the amount of Rp 300 billion, which will mature on June 30, 2016.

This facility was secured by certain land, building, and machineries owned by the Company also corporate quarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to Bank Bukopin amounted to USD22.5 million and nil, respectively.

PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has several facilities from PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Panin") in the form of Letter of Credit facility amounted USD30.0 million ("L/C Facility"), Negotiation/Discount facility at the amount of USD10.0 million and Foreign Exchange Transaction facility amounted to USD10.0 million, all those facilities are valid until November 30, 2015. The L/C Facility is secured by time deposit owned by the Company (Note 10).

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to Bank Panin amounted to USD17.5 million and USD15.8 million, respectively.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Victoria International Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Demand Loan* dari PT Bank Victoria International Tbk ("Bank Victoria") sebesar Rp150,0 miliar yang akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 28 Januari 2016. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 15).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank Victoria masing-masing sebesar USD11,3 juta dan USD12,1 juta.

PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank ICBC Indonesia ("Bank ICBC") berupa fasilitas *Letter of Credit (L/C) Revolving* dalam bentuk LC/SKBDN sebesar USD7,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan 7 April 2016. Fasilitas L/C tersebut dijamin dengan mesin dan peralatan tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 15).

Selain itu, Perusahaan juga memiliki fasilitas *Fixed Loan on Demand* sebesar USD5,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan 18 Maret 2016. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan deposito berjangka sebesar CNY31,57 juta milik Perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank ICBC masing-masing sebesar USD11,0 juta dan USD16,5 juta.

PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk (dahulu PT Bank ICB Bumiputera Tbk)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk ("Bank MNC") berupa fasilitas pinjaman tetap USD2,5 juta dengan jangka waktu sampai dengan tanggal 7 April 2016.

Selain itu, Perusahaan juga memiliki fasilitas pinjaman tetap sebesar Rp100 milliar dari Bank MNC yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 29 Juni 2016. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin, tanah dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank MNC masing-masing sebesar USD10,0 juta dan USD2,5 juta.

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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

PT Bank Victoria International Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has Demand Loan facility from PT Bank Victoria International Tbk ("Bank Victoria") amounting to Rp150.0 billion, which will mature on January 28, 2016. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 15).

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to Bank Victoria amounted to USD11.3 million and USD12.1 million, respectively.

PT Bank ICBC Indonesia

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has several facilities from PT Bank ICBC Indonesia ("Bank ICBC") in Letter of Credit (L/C)-Revolving facility in the form of LC/SKBDN at the amount of USD7.0 million which will mature on April 7, 2016. This L/C facility is secured by certain machinery and equipment owned by the Company (Note 15).

Moreover, the Company also has Fixed Loan on Demand facility amounting to USD5.0 million which will mature on March 18, 2016. This facility is secured by time deposit at the amount of CNY31.57 million owned by the Company.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to Bank ICBC amounted to USD11.0 million and USD16.5 million, respectively.

PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk (formerly PT Bank ICB Bumiputera Tbk)

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has several credit facilities from PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk ("Bank MNC") in the form of fixed loan facility amounting to USD2.5 million which are valid until April 7, 2016.

Moreover, the Company also has fixed loan facility at the amount of Rp100 billion from Bank MNC which will mature on June 29, 2016. This facility is secured by certain machinery, land and building owned by the Company.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to Bank MNC amounted to USD10.0 million and USD2.5 million, respectively.

17. PINJAMAN BANK JANGKA PENDEK (Lanjutan)

Bank of China Limited

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas kredit dari Bank of China Limited ("BOC") berupa Combine Facility Sight & Usance L/C atau SKBDN & T/R Facility sebesar USD10,0 juta yang akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 17 Juli 2015. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan deposito tertentu milik Perusahaan serta jaminan perusahaan (corporate gurantee) dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada BOC masing-masing sebesar USD8,3 juta dan USD4,5 juta.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki beberapa fasilitas dari PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") berupa Sight L/C, Usance L/C dan SKBDN dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD10,0 juta serta fasilitas kredit berupa Letter of Guarantee (L/G) dengan jumlah tidak melebihi USD7,5 juta. Fasilitas-fasilitas ini dijamin dengan persediaan tertentu Perusahaan dan setoran jaminan pada BCA sebesar 20% dari nilai setiap L/C yang diterbitkan (Catatan 8).

Selain itu, Perusahaan juga memiliki fasilitas *Time Loan Revolving* sebesar Rp200,0 miliar dimana untuk fasilitas ini telah dikonversi ke dalam mata uang Dolar Amerika Serikat menjadi sebesar USD20,4 juta pada tanggal 18 Juni 2013. Perusahaan juga memberikan jaminan tambahan berupa persediaan barang (Catatan 8).

Pada perpanjangannya yang terakhir, seluruh fasilitas ini diperpanjang sampai dengan tanggal 28 Agustus 2015.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada BCA masing-masing sebesar USD7,0 juta dan USD24,7 juta.

PT Bank Capital Indonesia Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki Fasilitas Akseptasi sebesar USD2,0 juta dari PT Bank Capital Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Capital") yang dijamin dengan mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan. Fasilitas ini berlaku sampai dengan 11 Nopember 2015.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman kepada Bank Capital masing-masing sebesar USD2,0 juta dan nihil.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian pinjaman. PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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17. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS (Continued)

Bank of China Limited

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has credit facility from Bank of China Limited ("BOC") in the form of Combine Facility Sight Usance L/C or SKBDN & T/R Facility amounting to USD10.0 million which will mature on July 17, 2015. This facility is secured by certain machinery and deposits owned by the Company and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to BOC amounted to USD8.3 million and USD4.5 million, respectively.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has some facilities from PT Bank Central Asia Tbk ("BCA") in the form of Sight L/C, Usance L/C and SKBDN facilities up to an amount of USD10.0 million and Letter of Guarantee (L/G) facility up to amount of USD7.5 million. These facilities are guaranteed by the certain Company's inventories and security deposit on the BCA amounting to 20% of each L/C issued (Note 8).

Moreover, the Company also has Time Loan Revolving facility amounting to Rp200.0 billion, wherein this facility has been converted into United States Dollar currency amounted at USD20.4 million on June 18, 2013. The Company also provides additional security in the form of Company's inventories (Note 8).

On the latest amendments, all these facilities are extended until August 28, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to BCA amounted to USD7.0 million and USD24.7 million, respectively.

PT Bank Capital Indonesia Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has an Acceptance Facility from PT Bank Capital Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Capital") amounting to USD2.0 million, secured by certain machinery owned by the Company. This facility is valid until November 11, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of loan to Bank Capital amounted to USD2.0 million and nil, respectively.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company believes it has fulfilled its obligations under the loan agreements.

18. UTANG MURABAHAH

Pada akad perjanjian dengan PT Bank Syariah Mandiri ("BSM") yang telah dinotariskan, disebutkan bahwa Bank berjanji dan mengikatkan diri untuk menyediakan *Line Facility* dalam jenis pembiayaan Murabahah dengan limit atau plafon pembiayaan sebesar Rp200 miliar, yang akan digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku produksi, bahan penolong, logistik dan *spare-part* mesin. Perusahaan berjanji dan mengikatkan diri untuk menerima *Line Facility* tersebut dari Bank dan mengaku berutang pokok sejumlah uang sesuai limit atau plafon pembiayaan sebesar Rp200 miliar.

Jangka waktu pembiayaan *Line Facility* ini disepakati diberikan Bank kepada Perusahaan untuk jangka waktu selama 36 (tiga puluh enam) bulan terhitung sejak pencairan pertama, sedangkan jangka waktu pembiayaan *Al-Murabahah* yaitu maksimal 12 (dua belas) bulan terhitung sejak pencairan dan/atau sebagaimana yang kiranya akan ternyata dalam kontrak derivatif yang akan ditandatangani oleh Bank dan Perusahaan sebagaimana dimaksud, yang merupakan satu kesatuan dan tidak dipisahkan dari Akad ini. Fasilitas *Al-Murabahah* ini terhitung sejak tanggal 27 Februari 2013.

Pada akad addendum, disepakati penambahan limit sebesar Rp100 miliar, sehingga total limit fasilitas ini menjadi Rp300 miliar. Jangka waktu addendum pembiayaan *Line Facility* ini disepakati sama dengan akad perjanjian sebelumnya yaitu selama 36 (tiga puluh enam) bulan terhitung sejak pencairan pertama, dengan jangka waktu pembiayaan *Al-Murabahah* yaitu maksimal 12 (dua belas) bulan terhitung sejak pencairan dan/atau sebagaimana yang kiranya akan ternyata dalam kontrak derivatif yang akan ditandatangani oleh Bank dan Perusahaan sebagaimana dimaksud, yang merupakan satu kesatuan dan tidak dipisahkan dari Akad ini. Untuk addendum penambahan fasilitas *Al-Murabahah* ini terhitung sejak tanggal 30 September 2013.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo utang murabahah adalah masing-masing sebesar USD22,5 juta dan USD24,1 juta.

19. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH

Pada tanggal 21 Desember 2012, PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Muamalat") dan Perusahaan menandatangani perjanjian pemberian *Line Facility Al-Musyarakah* (*Revolving*) dan pemberian *Line Facility Al-Kafalah Bil Ujroh* dengan total limit fasilitas sebesar Rp130,0 miliar dengan jangka waktu satu (1) tahun. Fasilitas ini digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku Perusahaan. Fasilitas-fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesinmesin tertentu dan persediaan barang milik Perusahaan (Catatan 8 dan 15). Pada tanggal 30 Januari 2015, fasilitas-fasilitas tersebut telah diperpanjang dan berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 30 Desember 2015.

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18. MURABAHAH PAYABLE

On the loan agreement with PT Bank Syariah Mandiri ("BSM") which has been notarized, stated that the Bank promised and committing to provide Line Facility in this kind of Murabahah financing with the limit or plafond amounting to Rp200 billion, which will be used to purchase raw materials, indirect materials, logistics and spare-part machine. The Company promises and committing to accept the Line Facility from Bank and admit to owe principal amount of money according to the limit or plafond of financing amounting to Rp200 billion.

The term of Line Facility agreed by Bank to given to the Company for period of 36 (thirty six) months since the first disbursement, while the period of financing Al-Murabahah is maximum of 12 (twelve) months counted from the disbursement and/or as it would turn out in a derivative contract that will be signed by Bank and the Company as referred to, which is one form and not separated from this Contract. This Al-Murabahah facility started from February 27, 2013.

In the addendum contract, agreed that the addition of limit facility of Rp100 billion, and total limit of these facilities became Rp300 billion. The term of this addendum financing Line Facility agreed closely with the previous agreement of contract i.e. for 36 (thirty six) months since the first disbursement, with the period of financing Al-Murabahah is maximum of 12 (twelve) months counted from the disbursement and/or as it would turn out in a derivative contract that will be signed by the Bank and the Company referred to, which is one form and not separated from this Contract. Addendum to the addition of facilities at Al-Murabahah started from September 30, 2013.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of the murabahah payable amounted to USD22.5 million and USD24.1 million, respectively.

19. MUSYARAKAH FINANCING

On December 21, 2012, PT Bank Muamalat Indonesia Tbk ("Bank Muamalat") and the Company entered into signed agreements of Line Facility Al-Musyarakah (Revolving) and Line Facility Al Kafalah Bil Ujroh with a total facility limit amounting to Rp130.0 billion with a maturity period one (1) year. These facilities is used for purchase of raw material. These facilities are secured by certain machinery and inventories owned by the Company (Notes 8 and 15). On Januari 30, 2015, these facilities were extended up to December 30, 2015.

19. PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo utang pembiayaan musyarakah kepada Bank Muamalat adalah masing-masing sebesar 9,8 juta dan nihil.

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19. MUSYARAKAH FINANCING (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of the musyarakah financing payable to Bank Muamalat amounted to 9.8 million and nil, respectively.

20. UTANG USAHA

Akun ini terdiri dari:

20. TRADE PAYABLES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Lokal	29.458	28.139	Local
Impor	3.960	12.240	Import
Total utang usaha - pihak ketiga	33.418	40.379	Total trade payables - third parties
Pihak berelasi Lokal			Related parties <u>Local</u>
PT Roundhill Capital Indonesia Lain-lain (masing-masing	1.150	181	PT Roundhill Capital Indonesia
dibawah USD1 juta)	1.446	1.296	Others (each below USD1 million)
Total lokal	2.596	1.477	Total local
<u>Impor</u>			<u>Import</u>
Gold Hua Sheng Paper Co, Ltd. Lain-lain (masing-masing	209	145	Gold Hua Sheng Paper Co, Ltd. Others (each below
dibawah USD100 ribu)	133	5	USD100 thousand)
Total impor	342	150	Total import
Total utang usaha - pihak berelasi	2.938	1.627	Total trade payables - related parties
Total	36.356	42.006	Total

Rincian utang usaha berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

Details of trade payables based on currencies were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Dolar AS	22.650	27.810	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	11.360	11.868	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	1.738	1.879	European Euro
Yen Jepang	226	156	Japanese Yen
Dolar Singapura	366	278	Singaporean Dollar
Lain-lain (masing-masing			Others (each below
dibawah USD100 ribu)	16	15_	USD 100 thousand)
Total	36.356	42.006	Total

Utang usaha ke pihak-pihak berelasi masing-masing adalah sebesar 0,16% dan 0,09% dari total liabilitas konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

Trade payables to related parties represent 0.16% and 0.09% of the total consolidated liabilities as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

21. UTANG LAIN-LAIN - PIHAK KETIGA

Akun ini terdiri dari utang atas ongkos angkut pembelian barang dan lain-lain masing-masing sebesar USD10,1 juta dan USD5,4 juta pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

22. BEBAN MASIH HARUS DIBAYAR

Akun ini terdiri dari:

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21. OTHER PAYABLES - THIRD PARTIES

This account consists of freight payable on purchased goods and others amounting to USD10.1 million and USD5.4 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

22. ACCRUED EXPENSES

This account consists of:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Beban restrukturisasi	19.842	11.331	Restructuring fee
Ongkos angkut	3.878	2.287	Freight
Bunga	3.141	3.364	Interest
Listrik, air dan gas	2.889	4.465	Electricity, water and gas
Komisi	2.087	2.629	Commissions
Jamsostek	49	168	Workers' social security
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			Others (each below
USD100 ribu)	529	394	USD100 thousand)
Bersih pada nilai nominal	32.415	24.638	Net at nominal value
Penyesuaian bersih atas penerapan			Net adjustment on the adoption of
PSAK 55 (Revisi 2011)	(19.842)	(11.331)	PSAK 55 (Revised 2011)
Bersih pada Biaya Perolehan			
Diamortisasi	12.573	13.307	Net at Amortized Cost

Beban restrukturisasi diakui oleh Perusahaan sesuai dengan kesepakatan dalam *Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA)* (Catatan 25, 26 dan 40).

Restructuring fee was accrued by the Company in line with the Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA) (Notes 25, 26 and 40).

23. LIABILITAS SEWA PEMBIAYAAN

Perusahaan mengadakan perjanjian sewa pembiayaan dengan PT ORIX Indonesia Finance ("ORIX") dan PT Koexim Mandiri Finance untuk membiayai pembelian alat pengangkutan selama 3 (tiga) tahun. Saldo atas liabilitas sewa pembiayaan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

23. LEASE LIABILITIES

The Company entered into a lease agreement with PT ORIX Indonesia Finance ("ORIX") and PT Koexim Mandiri Finance to finance the purchase of transportation equipment for 3 (three) years. The balances of lease liabilities as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam	1.130	1.455	Lease liabilities
waktu satu tahun	(630)	(651)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	500	804	Long-term Portions

Pembayaran sewa minimum masa datang dalam perjanjian sewa pembiayaan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 adalah sebagai berikut:

Future minimum lease payment in the lease agreement as of June 30, 2015 was as follows:

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23. LIABILITAS SEWA PEMBIAYAAN (Lanjutan)

	Total	
Jatuh tempo 30 Juni 2016	658	Due in June 30, 2016
Jatuh tempo 31 Desember 2016	306	Due in December 31, 2016
Jatuh tempo April 2017	202	Due in April 2017
Dikurangi bagian bunga	(36)	Less interest portion
Neto	1.130	Net
Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam		
waktu satu tahun	(630)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	500	Long-term portion

30 Jun 2015/

Berdasarkan perjanjian sewa pembiayaan, tidak terdapat utang sewa kontinjen. Selain itu, tidak ada pembatasan-pembatasan yang ditetapkan dalam perjanjian sewa.

Based on the finance lease agreement, there is no contingent lease debt. In addition, there is no negative covenant specified in the lease agreement.

24. PINJAMAN BANK DAN PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PANJANG

24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS AND MUSYARAKAH FINANCING

Akun ini terdiri dari:

This account consists of:

23. LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

a. Pinjaman Bank

a. Bank Loans

31 Dec 201//

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
The Export-Import Bank of China	65.966	41.998	The Export-Import Bank of China
PT Bank Negara Indonesia			PT Bank Negara Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	27.825	35.113	(Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
(Persero) Tbk	26.961	48.174	(Persero) Tbk
Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga			Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga
Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)	21.452	25.238	Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia			PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia
Agroniaga Tbk	3.429	4.134	Agroniaga Tbk
PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk			PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk
(Dahulu PT Bank ICB			(Formerly PT Bank ICB
Bumiputera Tbk)	757	1.324	Bumiputera Tbk)
Total pinjaman bank jangka panjang -			Total long term bank loans -
pihak ketiga	146.390	155.981	third parties
Pihak Berelasi			Related Party
PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk	14	32	PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk
Sub-total	146.404	156.013	Sub-total
Bagian yang jatuh tempo			
dalam waktu satu tahun			Current maturities
Pihak ketiga	(25.085)	(24.863)	Third parties
Pihak berelasi	(14)	(32)	Related party
Bagian jangka panjang	121.305	131.118	Long-term portions

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24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS AND MUSYARAKAH

24. PINJAMAN BANK DAN PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

b. Musyarakah Financing

FINANCING (Continued)

b. Pembiayaan Musyaraka). Pem	biayaan	ı Musya	ırakah
-------------------------	--------	---------	---------	--------

	30 Jun 2015/	31 Des 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak Ketiga			Third Party
PT Bank Panin Syariah Tbk	7.501		PT Bank Panin Syariah Tbk

Rincian pinjaman bank dan pembiayaan musyarakah jangka panjang berdasarkan mata uang adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of long-term bank loans and musyarakah financing based on currencies were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/	31 Des 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	
a. Pinjaman bank			a. Bank loans
Dolar AS	140.000	148.673	US Dollar
Rupiah Indonesia	6.404	7.340	Indonesian Rupiah
	146.404	156.013	
b. Pembiayaan musyarakah			b. Musyarakah financing
Rupiah Indonesia	7.501		Indonesian Rupiah
Total	153.905	156.013	Total

The Export-Import Bank of China

Pada tanggal 14 Juli 2014, The Export-Import Bank of China ("China Eximbank") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD78,6 juta untuk jangka waktu delapan (8) tahun.

Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah, bangunan, mesin, peralatan dan asuransi tertentu milik Perusahaan, serta jaminan perusahaan *(Corporate Guarantee)* dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 December 2014, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang kepada China Eximbank masing-masing sebesar USD66,0 juta dan USD42,0 juta.

PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 8 Maret 2011, Perusahaan dan BNI mengadakan perjanjian fasilitas Kredit Investasi dengan jumlah fasilitas sampai dengan USD53,0 juta yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 7 Maret 2017. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan tanah, mesin dan bangunan milik Perusahaan dan persediaan bahan baku tertentu serta Corporate Guarantee dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (cross collateral dengan fasilitas lain yang diberikan oleh BNI) (Catatan 17).

The Export-Import Bank of China

On July 14, 2014, The Export-Import Bank of China ("China Eximbank") agreed to provide loan facility at the amount of USD78.6 million for eight (8) years.

This facility is secured by certain land, building, machinery, equipment and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of long-term bank loan to China Eximbank amounted to USD66.0 million and USD42.0 million, respectively.

PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

On March 8, 2011, the Company and BNI entered into an Investment Credit facility agreement up to an amount of USD53.0 million which is available up to March 7, 2017. The facility was guaranteed by certain land, machinery and building owned by the Company and inventory of raw materials and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Cross collateral with other facilities given by BNI) (Note 17).

24. PINJAMAN BANK DAN PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang kepada BNI adalah masing-masing sebesar USD27,8 juta dan USD35,1 juta.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

Pada tanggal 23 Januari 2012, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BRI") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas *Commercial Line* sebesar USD30 juta dan memperpanjang fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja sebesar USD45,0 juta untuk jangka waktu 2 (dua) tahun terhitung sejak tanggal 23 Januari 2012 sampai dengan 23 Januari 2014. Pada tanggal 23 Desember 2013, BRI menyetujui untuk memperpanjang fasilitasfasilitas ini sampai dengan 23 Januari 2016.

Kemudian pada tanggal 12 Juni 2014, BRI menyetujui untuk memberikan tambahan fasilitas kredit kepada Perusahaan berupa fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja Impor (KMKI) sebesar USD34,0 juta *interchangeable* Penangguhan Jaminan Impor sebesar USD85,0 juta dan fasilitas *Foreign Exchange Line* sebesar USD40,0 juta, yang berlaku sampai dengan tanggal 23 Januari 2016.

Fasilitas KMKI/PJI tersebut dijamin dengan jaminan yang sama dengan jaminan yang telah diserahkan oleh Perusahaan untuk menjamin fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (untuk Fasilitas Foreign Exchange Line bersifat clean basis).

Pada tanggal 21 Maret 2014, BRI menyetujui untuk memberikan Fasilitas Kredit Transaksi Khusus sebesar Rp39,5 miliar kepada Perseroan untuk jangka waktu 2 (dua) tahun.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang kepada BRI adalah masing-masing sebesar USD27,0 juta dan USD48,2 juta.

Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)

Pada tanggal 23 April 2013, Indonesia Eximbank/ Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia ("Eximbank") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas Kredit Investasi Ekspor kepada Perusahaan sebesar USD26,5 juta untuk jangka waktu sampai dengan lima (5) tahun.

Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin dan bangunan tertentu milik Perusahaan, serta jaminan Perusahaan (Corporate Guarantee) dari PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Catatan 15).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang kepada Eximbank adalah masing-masing sebesar USD21,5 juta dan USD25,2 juta.

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24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS AND MUSYARAKAH FINANCING (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of the long-term bank loan to BNI amounted to USD27.8 million and USD35.1 million, respectively.

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk

On January 23, 2012, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk ("BRI") agreed to provide Commercial Line facility amounting to USD30 million and extend the Working Capital facility amounting to USD45.0 million for two (2) years from January 23, 2012 up to January 23, 2014. On December 23, 2013, BRI agreed to extend these facilities up to January 23, 2016.

Moreover, on June 12, 2014, BRI agreed to provide additional credit facility to the Company in the form of Working Capital Import (KMKI) at the amount of USD34.0 million interchangeable Deferred Import Guarantee (PJI) at the amount of USD85.0 million and Foreign Exchange Line facility at the amount of USD40.0 million, which available up to January 23, 2016.

Those KMKI/PJI facility are secured by the existing guarantee which has been collateralized by the Company to BRI to secure the existing Working Capital Credit facility (for Foreign Exchange Line Facility is clean basis).

On March 21, 2014, BRI agreed to provide Specific Transaction Credit Facility at the amount of Rp39.5 billion to the Company for the period of 2 (two) years.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of the long-term bank loan to BRI amounted to USD27.0 million and USD48.2 million, respectively.

Indonesia Eximbank (Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia)

On April 23, 2013, Indonesia Eximbank/Lembaga Pembiayaan Ekspor Indonesia ("Eximbank") agreed to provide Export Investment Loan facility at the amount of USD26.5 million for a period of up to five (5) years.

These facilities are secured by certain machinery and buildings owned by Company and also Corporate Guarantee from PT Purinusa Ekapersada (Note 15).

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of the long-term bank loan to Eximbank amounted to USD21.5 million and USD25.2 million, respectively.

24. PINJAMAN BANK DAN PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

Pada tanggal 30 Juli 2012, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk ("Bank Agro") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas kredit investasi kepada PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya (Sumalindo), Entitas Anak, sebesar Rp60,0 miliar untuk jangka waktu selama 7 (tujuh) tahun. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan "tegakan pohon" *Eucalyptus* dan *Accacia* milik Sumalindo.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang kepada Bank Agro adalah masing-masing sebesar USD3,4 juta dan 4,1 juta.

PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk (dahulu PT Bank ICB Bumiputera Tbk)

Pada tanggal 18 Februari 2013, Perusahaan dan Bank MNC menandatangani perubahan perjanjian kredit dimana Bank MNC setuju untuk mengkonversi fasilitas kredit yang telah diberikan kepada Perusahaan berupa fasilitas *Trade Finance* menjadi fasilitas Pinjaman Transaksi Khusus (PTK) dengan jumlah fasilitas yang tidak melebihi USD3,4 juta (Catatan 17).

Fasilitas ini berlaku untuk jangka waktu 3 tahun dan dijamin dengan mesin-mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 15).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang kepada Bank MNC adalah masing-masing sebesar USD757 ribu dan USD1,3 juta.

PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk

Per 30 Juni 2015, Perusahaan memiliki fasilitas *Term Loan* sebesar Rp1,5 miliar dari PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk ("Bank Sinarmas") yang berlaku untuk jangka waktu 4 (empat) tahun sejak 1 Nopember 2011. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan kendaraan bermotor tertentu milik Perusahaan (Catatan 15).

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang kepada Bank Sinarmas adalah masing-masing sebesar USD14 ribu dan USD32 ribu.

PT Bank Panin Syariah Tbk

Pada tanggal 29 Juni 2015, PT Bank Panin Syariah Tbk ("Bank Panin") menyetujui untuk memberikan fasilitas berupa line facility Musyarakah sebesar Rp100 miliar kepada Perusahaan untuk jangka waktu 24 (dua puluh empat) bulan. Fasilitas ini dijamin dengan mesin tertentu milik Perusahaan.

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24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS AND MUSYARAKAH FINANCING (Continued)

PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk

On July 30, 2012, PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia Agroniaga Tbk ("Bank Agro") agreed to provide investment credit facility to PT Sumalindo Hutani Jaya (Sumalindo), a Subsidiary, at the amount of Rp60.0 billion for the period of seven (7) years. This facility is secured by "tegakan pohon" Eucalyptus and Accacia owned by Sumalindo.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of long-term bank loan to Bank Agro amounted to USD3.4 million and USD4.1 million, respectively.

PT Bank MNC Internasional Tbk (formerly PT Bank ICB Bumiputera Tbk)

On February 18, 2013, the Company and Bank MNC executed an amendment of credit agreement whereby Bank MNC has agreed to convert the Trade Finance facility given to the Company into Pinjaman Transaksi Khusus (PTK) facility in total amount not exceeding USD3.4 million (Note 17).

This facility is available for the period of 3 years and secured by certain machinery owned by the Company (Note 15).

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of long-term bank loan to Bank MNC amounted to USD757 thousand and USD1.3 million, respectively.

PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has a Term Loan facility given by PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk ("Bank Sinarmas") at the amount of Rp1.5 billion which is available for 4 (four) years starting from November 1, 2011. This facility is secured with certain vehicles owned by the Company (Note 15).

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of long term bank loan to Bank Sinarmas amounted to USD14 thousand and USD32 thousand, respectively.

PT Bank Panin Syariah Tbk

On June 29, 2015, PT Bank Panin Syariah Tbk ("Bank Panin") has agreed to provide line facility Musyarakah at the amount Rp100 billion to the Company for the period of 24 (twenty four) months. This facility is secured by certain machinery owned by the Company.

24. PINJAMAN BANK DAN PEMBIAYAAN MUSYARAKAH JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, saldo pinjaman bank jangka panjang kepada Bank Panin adalah masing-masing sebesar USD7,5 juta dan nihil.

Kisaran bunga pinjaman bank jangka panjang adalah sebagai berikut:

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24. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS AND MUSYARAKAH FINANCING (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of the long-term bank loan to Bank Panin amounted to USD7.5 million and nil, respectively.

The range of interest rate of long-term bank loans are as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
	(%)	(%)	
Rupiah Indonesia	5,00 - 13,00	5,00 - 12,00	Indonesian Rupiah
Dolar AS	4,21 - 7,00	4,13 - 7,00	US Dollar

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan berkeyakinan telah memenuhi kewajibannya sesuai dengan perjanjian pinjaman. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company believes it has fulfilled its obligations under the loan agreements.

25. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG

Pada tanggal 28 April 2005, Perjanjian Restrukturisasi Utang Perusahaan (*MRA*) telah menjadi efektif (Catatan 40). Sesudah restrukturisasi, utang jangka panjang dibedakan antara utang pihak yang berpartisipasi dan tidak berpartisipasi dalam *MRA*. Berikut ini adalah rincian dari utang jangka panjang dalam berbagai mata uang asing setara dengan Dolar AS:

25. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The Master Restructuring Agreement of the Company became effective on April 28, 2005 (Note 40). After restructuring, long-term debts were classified as participants and non-participants in MRA. The following were the details of long-term debts in various currencies equivalent to US Dollar:

	30 Jun 2015/ Jun 30, 2015	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Pihak yang Berpartisipasi dalam MRA Tranche A Tranche B Tranche C	57.615 99.538	- 66.625 104.541	Participants in MRA Tranche A Tranche B Tranche C
Sub-total	157.153	171.166	Sub-total
Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi dalam MRA	13.179	13.179	Non-Participants in MRA
Total nilai nominal Penyesuaian neto atas penerapan PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011)	170.332 7.263	184.345 6.504	Total at nominal value Net adjusment on the adoption of PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2011)
Total biaya perolehan diamortisasi	177.595	190.849	Total at amortized cost
Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun	(9.325)	(8.575)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	168.270	182.274	Long-term Portion

25. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Pihak yang Berpartisipasi dalam MRA

Sejalan dengan efektifnya MRA pada tanggal 28 April 2005, Perusahaan menandatangani *Multi-Lender Credit Agreement* (MLCA), dengan Bank DBS Limited sebagai *Facility Agent* dengan rincian utang berdasarkan MRA yang diklasifikasi sebagai berikut: PT PABRIK KERTAS TJIWI KIMIA Tbk
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25. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Participants in MRA

In line with the effective date of MRA on April 28, 2005, the Company entered into a Multi-Lender Credit Agreement (MLCA) with DBS Bank Limited as Facility Agent, whereas details of debts according to the MRA were classified into the following:

		Dalam Satuan Penuh	/ In Full Amount		
	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	
Fasilitas					Facilities
Tranche A	3.285.084	8.195.235	1.353.491.844	61.187.766.859	Tranche A
Tranche B	8.455.374	21.093.457	3.483.709.801	157.489.255.734	Tranche B
Tranche C	10.443.049	26.052.073	4.302.654.765	194.511.579.727	Tranche C
Total Nilai Nominal	22.183.507	55.340.765	9.139.856.410	413.188.602.320	Total at Nominal

Rincian utang jangka panjang pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of long term debts as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follow:

30 Juni 2015 / June 30, 2015

		30 Juni 2015 / J	une 30, 2015		
		Dalam satuan penu	h / In full amount		
	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	
Fasilitas					Facilities
Tranche A	-	-	-	-	Tranche A
Tranche B	6.733.757	16.798.564	2.774.382.607	125.422.450.181	Tranche B
Tranche C	11.617.039	29.191.609	4.760.748.172	217.952.170.200	Tranche C
Total Nilai Nominal	18.350.796	45.990.173	7.535.130.779	343.374.620.381	Total at Nominal
	3	31 Desember 2014 / De	ecember 31, 2014		
		Dalam satuan penuh	/ In full amount		
	USD	Euro	JPY	Rp	
Fasilitas					Facilities
Tranche A	-	-	-	-	Tranche A
Tranche B	7.415.381	18.499.010	3.055.221.507	138.118.441.181	Tranche B
Tranche C	11.617.039	29.191.609	4.760.748.172	217.952.170.200	Tranche C
Total Nilai Nominal	19.032.420	47.690.619	7.815.969.679	356.070.611.381	Total at Nominal

Fasilitas *Tranche* A dan *Tranche* B memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif MRA sampai dengan tiga (3) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 6%); dan
 - tiga (3) bulanan bunga SBI (untuk Rupiah) ditambah 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 14%);

The Tranche A facility and the Tranche B facility bear annual interest at rates as follows:

- from the effective date of the MRA to the date three (3) years after the effective date:
 - three-month SIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for Euro), TIBOR (for Japanese yen), for each case where in each case plus 1% per annum (capped at 6%); and
 - three-month SBI Rate (for Rupiah) plus 1% per annum (capped at 14%);

25. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

- dari tiga (3) tahun sampai dengan lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang), dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 2% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum); dan
 - tiga (3) bulanan bunga SBI (untuk Rupiah) ditambah dengan 2% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum);
- dari dan sesudah lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif:
 - SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang) dalam setiap kasusnya, dimana setiap kasus ditambah dengan 3% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum); dan
 - tiga (3) bulanan bunga SBI (untuk Rupiah) ditambah dengan 3% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum).

Fasilitas *Tranche* C memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar semuanya, tidak ada bunga yang harus diakui. Tetapi biaya restrukturisasi diakui dan dikapitalisasi pada tahun ke-9 dan tahun ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif;
- setelah tanggal dimana semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B, dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar penuh, dikenakan tarif tetap 2% per tahun; dan
- jika tanggal jatuh tempo Fasilitas Tranche C final diperpanjang sesuai dengan persyaratannya, SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS), EURIBOR (untuk Euro), TIBOR (untuk Yen Jepang) dan tiga (3) bulanan bunga SBI (untuk Rupiah), masing-masing ditambah dengan 1% per tahun.

Sesuai dengan perjanjian MRA, kapitalisasi biaya restrukturisasi untuk tahun ke-9 setelah tanggal efektif telah dilakukan pada tahun 2014.

Pada tanggal 21 Februari 2014, berdasarkan CAL X, semua referensi SIBOR diubah menjadi LIBOR dan semua referensi SBI Rate diubah menjadi BI Rate.

Fasilitas *Tranche* A, fasilitas *Tranche* B dan fasilitas *Tranche* C dikenakan tingkat bunga maksimum yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A, Wesel *Tranche* B dan Wesel *Tranche* C.

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25. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

- from the date three (3) years to the date five (5) years after the effective date:
 - three-month SIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese yen), for each case where in each case plus 2% per annum (uncapped); and
 - three-month SBI Rate (for Rupiah) plus 2% per annum (uncapped); and
- from and after the date five (5) years after the effective date:
 - three-month SIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese yen), for each case where in each case plus 3% per annum (uncapped); and
 - three-month SBI Rate (for Rupiah) plus 3% per annum (uncapped).

The Tranche C Facility bears an annual interest rate as follows:

- from the effective date until all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and Refinancing Debt are repaid in full, no interest will be accrued. However, a restructuring fee will be accrued and be capitalized on the dates falling the ninth (9th) year and fifteenth (15th) year after the effective date;
- after the date on which all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and Refinancing Debt are repaid in full, a fixed rate of 2% per annum; and
- if the final maturity date of the Tranche C Facilities is extended in accordance with their terms, three months SIBOR (for US dollars), EURIBOR (for Euro) and TIBOR (for Japanese yen) and three months SBI Rate (for Rupiah), for each case where in each case plus 1% per annum.

In accordance with the MRA, capitalization of the restructuring fee for the ninth (9th) year after the effective date has been applied in year 2014.

As of February 21, 2014, under CAL X, all reference to SIBOR to be changed to LIBOR and all reference to SBI Rate to be changed to BI Rate.

The Tranche A Facility, Tranche B Facility and Tranche C Facility are subject to the same interest as the Tranche A Notes, the Tranche B Notes and the Tranche C Notes.

25. PINJAMAN JANGKA PANJANG (Lanjutan)

Fasilitas *Tranche* A jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2019 dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A.

Fasilitas *Tranche* B jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2022 dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* B.

Fasilitas *Tranche* C jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2029 (dapat diperpanjang sampai dengan bulan April 2031) dan memiliki prasyarat yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* C.

Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi dalam MRA

Kesepakatan atas saldo utang kepada kreditur yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA memerlukan telaah internal lebih lanjut oleh Perusahaan, dan/atau penyelesaiannya tergantung dari selesainya proses verifikasi saldo pinjaman (*proof of debt*) dan/atau pemenuhan semua persyaratan sebagaimana diatur di dalam MRA.

26. WESEL BAYAR

Wesel bayar merupakan bagian dari utang Perusahaan yang telah direstrukturisasi melalui *MRA* (Catatan 40).

Rincian wesel bayar yang direstrukturisasi adalah sebagai berikut:

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25. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Tranche A Facility have a stated maturity date in April 2019 and share the same terms as the Tranche A Notes.

The Tranche B Facilities have a stated maturity date in April 2022 and share the same terms as the Tranche B Notes.

The Tranche C Facilities have a stated maturity date in April 2029 (subject to extension to a date in April 2031) and share the same terms as the Tranche C Notes.

Non-Participants in MRA

The resolution on the outstanding indebtedness to creditors who did not participate in the MRA are subject to further review by the Company and/or successful completion of the relevant proof of debts process and/or fulfillment of all relevant requirements under the MRA.

26. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable are part of Company's restructured liabilities in accordance with the MRA (Note 40).

The following are the details of the restructured notes payable:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Wesel Bayar Pihak yang Berpartisipasi dalam MRA:			Notes Payable Participants in MRA:
Secured Company Global Notes	771.307	799.528	Secured Company Global Notes
Sub-total	771.307	799.528	Sub-total
Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi dalam MRA	38.450	38.450	Non-Participants in MRA
Total Wesel Bayar Penyesuaian bersih atas penerapan	809.757	837.978	Total Notes Payable Net adjustment on the adoption of
PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2011)	33.060	27.808	PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2011)
Total Biaya Perolehan Diamortisasi	842.817	865.786	Total at Amortized Cost
Bagian yang jatuh tempo dalam waktu satu tahun	(45.104)	(39.491)	Current maturities
Bagian Jangka Panjang	797.713	826.295	Long-term Portion

Pihak yang Berpartisipasi dalam MRA

Berikut ini adalah syarat dan ketentuan penting dalam perjanjian tersebut:

Participants in MRA

Following are the important terms and conditions based on the agreement:

26. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

Wesel Tranche A

Sesuai dengan *MRA*, Perusahaan menerbitkan *Secured Company Global Notes* sebesar USD19,3 juta dan Tjiwi Kimia Finance BV ("TKFBV") menerbitkan *Guaranteed Secured Global Notes* sebesar USD116,7 juta (keduanya disebut sebagai "Wesel *Tranche* A"). Wesel *Tranche* A jatuh tempo pada April 2019, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo.

Wesel *Tranche* A memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif MRA sampai dengan tiga (3) tahun setelah tanggal efektif: SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 1% per tahun (batas maksimum 6%);
- dari tiga (3) tahun sampai dengan lima (5) tahun setelah tanggal efektif: SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 2% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum); dan
- dari dan setelah lima (5) tahun dari tanggal efektif: SIBOR tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 3% per tahun (tidak ada batas maksimum)

Pada tanggal 21 Februari 2014, berdasarkan CAL X, semua referensi SIBOR diubah menjadi LIBOR dan semua referensi SBI Rate diubah menjadi BI Rate.

Ketentuan jumlah batas maksimum bunga adalah sebagai berikut:

- untuk setiap bulan dimana Wesel Tranche A atau Pinjaman Tranche A (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) masih terutang, jumlah seluruh utang bunga terhadap Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) dan Pinjaman Tranche B (seperti dijelaskan di bawah) yang masih terutang dibatasi maksimum 50% dari jumlah Monthly Mandatory Debts Service (MMDS) untuk bulan tersebut; dan
- untuk setiap bulan setelah seluruh Wesel Tranche A dan Pinjaman Tranche A dilunasi, jumlah seluruh utang bunga terhadap Wesel Tranche B dan Pinjaman Tranche B yang masih terutang dan jika memungkinkan, Wesel Tranche C dan Pinjaman Tranche C yang masih terutang dibatasi maksimum 33% dari jumlah MMDS untuk bulan tersebut.

Bunga dibayar secara tiga (3) bulanan pada hari kerja terakhir hari di bulan Januari, April, Juli dan Oktober setiap tahunnya, dimulai pada bulan Juli 2005. Berdasarkan CAL X, pembayaran pokok pinjaman dilakukan setiap 3 bulan.

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26. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Tranche A Notes

In line with the MRA, the Company issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD19.3 million and Tjiwi Kimia Finance BV ("TKFBV") issued Guaranteed Secured Global Notes amounting to USD116.7 million (both mentioned as the "Tranche A Notes"). The Tranche A Notes have a stated maturity date on April 2019, unless redeemed, purchased or cancelled prior to the maturity date.

These Tranche A Notes bear annual interest rates as follows:

- from the effective date of the MRA to the date three

 (3) years after the effective date: three (3) month
 SIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 1% per annum (capped at 6%):
- from the date three (3) years to the date five (5) years after the effective date: three (3) month SIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 2% per annum (uncapped); and
- from and after the date five (5) years after the effective date: three (3) month SIBOR (for US Dollars) plus 3% per annum (uncapped).

As of February 21, 2014, under CAL X, all reference to SIBOR to be changed to LIBOR and all reference to SBI Rate to be changed to BI Rate.

Subject to an interest amount cap as follows:

- for any month in which any Tranche A Notes or Tranche A Debt (as defined below) remains outstanding, the aggregate amount of interest payable in respect of the Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes (as defined below) and Tranche B Debt (as defined below) outstanding is limited at 50% of the Monthly Mandatory Debts Service (MMDS) amount for that month; and
- for any month after all Tranche A Notes and Tranche A Debt have been repaid, the aggregate amount of interest payable in respect of the Tranche B Notes and Tranche B Debt outstanding and, if applicable, Tranche C Notes and Tranche C Debt outstanding is limited at 33% of the MMDS amount for that month.

Interest is payable quarterly in arrears on the last business day in January, April, July and October of each year commencing in July 2005. Based on CAL X, payment of principal is made quarterly.

26. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

Wesel Tranche B

Sesuai dengan *MRA*, Perusahaan juga menerbitkan *Secured Company Global Notes* sebesar USD49,7 juta dan TKFBV menerbitkan *Guaranteed Secured Global Notes* USD300,3 juta (keduanya disebut sebagai "Wesel *Tranche* B"). Wesel *Tranche* B akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2022, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo atau dilakukan pendanaan kembali sesuai prasyarat. Prasyarat Wesel *Tranche* B sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A.

Wesel Tranche C

Sesuai dengan *MRA*, Perusahaan menerbitkan *Secured Company Global Notes* sebesar USD64,6 juta dan TKFBV menerbitkan *Guaranteed Secured Global Notes* sebesar USD381,2 juta (keduanya disebut sebagai "Wesel *Tranche* C"). Wesel *Tranche* C akan jatuh tempo pada bulan April 2029, kecuali dilunasi, dibeli atau dibatalkan sebelum tanggal jatuh tempo atau diperpanjang sesuai dengan persyaratan sampai dengan bulan April 2031. Prasyarat Wesel *Tranche* C sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A dan Wesel *Tranche* B, kecuali Wesel *Tranche* C memiliki tingkat bunga tahunan sebagai berikut:

- dari tanggal efektif sampai dengan semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar semuanya, tidak ada bunga yang harus diakui. Tetapi biaya restrukturisasi diakui dan dikapitalisasi pada tahun ke-9 dan tahun ke-15 setelah tanggal efektif;
- setelah tanggal dimana semua Wesel Tranche A, Pinjaman Tranche A, Wesel Tranche B, Pinjaman Tranche B, dan pendanaan kembali utang telah dibayar penuh akan dikenakan bunga tetap 2% per tahun; dan
- jika tanggal jatuh tempo diperpanjang sesuai dengan prasyarat Wesel *Tranche* C, *SIBOR* tiga (3) bulanan (untuk Dolar AS) ditambah dengan 1% per tahun dan dikenakan tingkat bunga maksimum yang sama dengan Wesel *Tranche* A dan Wesel *Tranche* B.

Sesuai dengan perjanjian MRA, kapitalisasi biaya restrukturisasi untuk tahun ke-9 setelah tanggal efektif telah dilakukan pada tahun 2014.

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26. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Tranche B Notes

In line with the MRA, the Company has also issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD49.7 million and TKFBV has issued Guaranteed Secured Global Notes amounting to USD300.3 million (both mentioned as the "Tranche B Notes"). The Tranche B Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2022, unless redeemed, purchased, or cancelled prior to the maturity date or refinanced in accordance with their terms. The Tranche B Notes share the same terms as the Tranche A Notes.

Tranche C Notes

In line with the MRA, the Company issued Secured Company Global Notes amounting to USD64.6 millions and TKFBV issued Guaranteed Secured Global Notes amounting to USD381.2 million (both mentioned as "Tranche C Notes"). The Tranche C Notes have a stated maturity date in April 2029, unless redeemed, purchased or cancelled prior to the maturity date or extended in accordance with their terms to a date in April 2031. Tranche C Notes share the same terms as the Tranche A Notes and Tranche B Notes except that the Tranche C Notes bear annual interest rates as follows:

- from the effective date until all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and Refinancing Debt are repaid in full, no interest will be accrued. However, a restructuring fee will be accrued and be capitalized on the dates falling the ninth (9th) year and fifteenth (15th) year after the effective date;
- after the date on which all Tranche A Notes, Tranche A Debt, Tranche B Notes, Tranche B Debt and Refinancing Debt are repaid in full, bears a fixed interest rate of 2% per annum; and
- if the final maturity date is extended in accordance with the terms of the Tranche C Notes, three-month SIBOR (for US dollar) plus 1% per annum, but subject to the same interest amount limit as the Tranche A Notes and the Tranche B Notes.

In accordance with the MRA, capitalization of the restructuring fee for the ninth (9th) year after the effective date has been applied in year 2014.

26. WESEL BAYAR (Lanjutan)

Sebagai bagian implementasi dari CAL X, pada tanggal 6 Mei 2014 DBS Bank Limited selaku *Administrative Agent* mengeluarkan surat pemberitahuan kepada para pemegang wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C untuk melakukan proses penukaran terhadap wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh TKF BV dengan wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan yang mempunyai syarat dan ketentuan yang sama. Kemudian pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, The Bank of New York Mellon mengeluarkan konfirmasi kepada TKF BV bahwa proses penukaran terhadap wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh TKF BV dengan wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan, telah selesai dilaksanakan.

Dengan selesainya proses penukaran ini, maka wesel Tranche A, Tranche B dan Tranche C yang diterbitkan oleh TKF BV sudah tidak berlaku lagi.

Pihak yang Tidak Berpartisipasi dalam MRA

Kesepakatan atas saldo utang kepada pihak yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam *MRA* sangat tergantung dari penelaahan lebih lanjut oleh Perusahaan, dan/atau penyelesaiannya tergantung dari proses verifikasi saldo pinjaman (*proof of debt*) dan/atau pemenuhan semua persyaratan yang berhubungan dengan *MRA*.

27. LIABILITAS IMBALAN KERJA

Liabilitas imbalan kerja karyawan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 merupakan estimasi manajemen, sedangkan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2014, telah dihitung oleh PT Biro Pusat Aktuaria, aktuaris independen, dalam laporan masing-masing pada tanggal 11 Maret 2015, dengan menggunakan metode "Projected Unit Credit" dan asumsi-asumsi sebagai berikut:

a. Tingkat diskonto: 8% per tahun

b. Tingkat kenaikan gaji: 5% per tahun

- c. Tingkat pengunduran diri secara sukarela: 8% untuk karyawan berumur dibawah 30 tahun dan akan secara sukarela terus berkurang sampai 0% pada usia 52 tahun
- d. Kategori pensiun dipercepat: 0% per tahun dari usia 30 sampai 55 tahun
- e. Tingkat mortalitas: Tabel Mortalita Indonesia 2011 (TMI '11)
- f. Usia pensiun normal: 55 tahun
- g. Tingkat kecacatan: 10% dari tingkat kematian

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26. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

As part of the implementation of CAL X, on May 6, 2014 DBS Bank Limited as Administrative Agent issued a notification letter to all Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes Holders, to exchange the Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by TKF BV with Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by the Company which have the same terms and conditions. On June 25, 2014, the Bank of New York Mellon has issued a confirmation to TKF BV that the exchange of Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by TKF BV with the Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by the Company have been completed.

With the completion of the exchange, the Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C Notes issued by TKF BV is no longer valid.

Non-Participant in MRA

The resolution on the outstanding indebtedness to creditors who did not participate in the MRA are subject to further review by the Company and/or successful completion of the relevant proof of debts process and/or fulfillment of all relevant requirements under the MRA.

27. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY

Employee benefits liability as of June 30, 2015 was estimated by management, while as of December 31, 2014, was calculated by PT Biro Pusat Aktuaria, an independent actuary, in its reports dated March 11, 2015, using the "Projected Unit Credit" method and the following assumptions:

- a. Discount rate: 8% per annum
- b. Salary increment rate: 5% per annum
- c. Voluntary resignation rate: 8% for employees below the age of 30 years and will linearly decrease until 0% at the age of 52 years
- d. Accelerated retirement category: 0% per annum from the age of 30 to 55 years
- e. Mortality rate: Tabel Mortalita Indonesia 2011 (TMI '11)
- f. Normal retirement age: 55 years
- g. Disability rate: 10% of the mortality rate

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27. LIABILITAS IMBALAN KERJA (Lanjutan)

Mutasi liabilitas imbalan kerja adalah sebagai berikut:

27. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY (Continued)

Movements of employee benefits liability were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Saldo awal tahun	43.149	40.638	Beginning balance
Beban imbalan kerja karyawan	2.732	7.472	Employee benefits expense
Realisasi pembayaran manfaat	(1.815)	(4.142)	Actual benefits payments
Selisih kurs	(2.887)	(819)	Foreign exchange adjustment
Saldo Akhir Tahun	41.179	43.149	Ending Balance

28. MODAL SAHAM

28. SHARE CAPITAL

Susunan pemegang saham Perusahaan dan total kepemilikan saham pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, berdasarkan catatan Biro Administrasi Efek (BAE) Kustodian Sentral Efek Indonesia (KSEI) adalah sebagai berikut:

The Company's stockholders and their respective shareholdings as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, based on the Securities Administration Agency's (BAE) and Central Custodian Stock Indonesian (KSEI) records were as follows:

	30 J	uni 2015 / <i>June 30, 201</i> :	5	
	Jumlah Saham			
	Ditempatkan dan			
	Disetor Penuh			
	(dalam satuan penuh)/	Persentase		
	Number of Shares	Kepemilikan/		
	Issued and	Percentage of	Jumlah/	
	Fully Paid	Ownership	Amount	
Pemegang Saham	(in full amount)	(%)	(USD)	Shareholders
PT Purinusa Ekapersada	1.592.352.846	60	388.449	PT Purinusa Ekapersada
Masyarakat (masing- masing dibawah 5%)	1.079.051.667	40	263.230	Public (each below 5%)
,				,
Total	2.671.404.513	100	651.679	Total

	31 Desem			
	Jumlah Saham			
	Ditempatkan dan			
	Disetor Penuh			
Pemegang Saham	(dalam satuan penuh)/ Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid (in full amount)	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Jumlah/ <i>Amount</i> (USD)	Shareholders
		(%)		
PT Purinusa Ekapersada Masyarakat (masing-	1.592.352.846	60	388.449	PT Purinusa Ekapersada
masing dibawah 5%)	1.079.051.634	40	263.230	Public (each below 5%)
Total	2.671.404.480	100	651.679	Total

28. MODAL SAHAM (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 19 Desember 2013 Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa ("Rapat") Perusahaan tidak jadi diselenggarakan berhubung tidak tercapai kuorum yang diperlukan untuk itu. Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa kedua diadakan pada tanggal 9 Januari 2014.

Berdasarkan hasil Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa pada tanggal 9 Januari 2014 ("Rapat kedua") pemegang saham menerima dengan baik menyetujui rencana penambahan modal disetor dalam PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills ("OKI") oleh Perusahaan secara bertahap hingga tahun 2016, sampai dengan total modal yang disetorkan oleh Perusahaan sejumlah sekitar USD407,0 juta, serta menerima dengan baik dan memberikan persetujuan kepada Direksi Perusahaan untuk melakukan tindakan hukum menjadikan jaminan utang atas seluruh atau sebagian besar harta kekayaan Perusahaan untuk pinjaman Perusahaan kepada bank, lembaga pembiayaan dan/atau pihak lain sebagai pemberi pinjaman baik untuk satu kali transaksi atau lebih, termasuk namun tidak terbatas pada persetujuan untuk menjaminkan seluruh saham milik Perusahaan dalam OKI, baik yang telah ada saat ini maupun yang akan dimiliki dikemudian hari, sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman yang diperoleh OKI dari China Development Bank Corporation.

Pada tanggal 25 Juni 2014, Perusahaan memperoleh pernyataan efektif dari Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (OJK) untuk melaksanakan Penawaran Umum Terbatas II (PUT II).

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa pada tanggal 26 Juni 2014, Pemegang Saham menyetujui rencana Perseroan untuk melaksanakan Penawaran Umum Terbatas II dengan Hak Memesan Efek Terlebih Dahulu (PUT II) sejumlah 1.335.702.240 saham biasa atas nama dengan nilai nominal Rp1.000 dimana melekat Waran Seri II yang akan dikeluarkan sehubungan dengan PUT II sejumlah 445.234.080 Waran Seri II, dengan ketentuan setiap pemegang saham yang memiliki 1 (satu) saham yang namanya tercatat dalam Daftar Pemegang Saham Perseroan pada tanggal 8 Juli 2014 pukul 16.00 WIB mempunyai 1 (satu) Hak Memesan Efek Terlebih Dahulu ("HMETD") dengan Harga Penawaran Rp1.000 per saham, dimana pada setiap 3 (tiga) saham hasil pelaksanaan HMETD tersebut melekat 1 (satu) Waran Seri II yang diberikan secara cuma-cuma sebagai insentif bagi pemegang HMETD yang melaksanakan haknya.

Per tanggal 23 Maret 2015, seluruh dana hasil Penawaran Umum Terbatas II (PUT II) sudah digunakan untuk setoran modal pada PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills.

Pada bulan Februari 2015, terjadi pelaksanaan waran sejumlah 33 lembar menjadi saham biasa.

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28. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

On December 19, 2013, the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders ("Meeting") of the Company could not be held since the required quorum was not reached. The second Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders was held on January 9, 2014.

Based on Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders dated January 9, 2014 ("Second meeting"), the shareholders have accepted and approved the plan to increase the paid-up capital in PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills ("OKI") by the Company in several stages until year of 2016, the total paid-up capital that will be paid by the Company shall be approximately up to USD407.0 million, and accepted and approved the Directors of the Company to take legal actions for creating a security over all or majority of the Company's assets in relation with the Company's loan to banks, financial institutions and/or other parties as lenders in one or several transactions, including but not limited to the approval for pledging all of the shares of the Company in OKI, whether existing now or subsequently acquired, as collateral for loans obtained by OKI from China Development Bank Corporation.

On June 25, 2014, the Company obtained effective participation from Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (OJK) to carry out Limited Public Offering II (PUT II).

Based on the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders dated June 26, 2014, the shareholders approved the Company's plan to carry out a Limited Public Offering II with Preemptive Rights/HMETD (PUT II) of 1,335,702,240 common stock with a nominal value of Rp1,000 in which attached 445,234,080 Warrant Series II to be issued in connection with PUT II, whereby any shareholder who holds 1 (one) common stock which registered in the Register of the Shareholder of the Company on July 8, 2014 at 16.00 WIB, have 1 (one) HMETD with the offering price of Rp1,000 per share, where every 3 (three) shares as the result of the execution of HMETD, attached 1 (one) Warrant Series II, which given freely as an incentive to the shareholders who exercise their right.

As of March 23, 2015, all the fund from Limited Public Offering II (PUT II) were already used for capital payment to PT OKI Pulp & Paper Mills.

In February 2015, 33 warrants were exercised into common stocks.

29. TAMBAHAN MODAL DISETOR

Akun ini bersumber dari kegiatan korporasi Perusahaan, antara lain penawaran umum perdana dan terbatas, penerbitan waran, saham bonus dan dividen saham sebesar USD29,0 juta pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

30. SALDO LABA DAN DIVIDEN

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan pada tanggal 25 Juni 2015, pemegang saham setuju untuk membagikan dividen kas tahun 2014 sebesar USD2,02 juta (setara dengan Rp26,7 miliar) atau setara dengan Rp10 per lembar saham. Dividen tersebut akan dibagikan untuk pemegang saham yang terdaftar pada tanggal 7 Juli 2015. Pembayaran dividen kas ini dilaksanakan pada tanggal 29 Juli 2015.

Dalam Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan tersebut, pemegang saham juga menetapkan saldo laba yang ditentukan penggunaannya sebesar USD1,0 juta (atau setara dengan Rp13,2 miliar) sebagai cadangan dana umum dalam rangka memenuhi ketentuan pasal 70 Undang-undang Perseroan Terbatas No. 40 Tahun 2007

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan pada tanggal 26 Juni 2014, pemegang saham setuju untuk membagikan dividen kas tahun 2013 sebesar USD2,30 juta (setara dengan Rp26,71 miliar) atau setara dengan Rp10 per lembar saham untuk pemegang saham yang terdaftar sampai dengan tanggal 22 Oktober 2014. Pembayaran dividen kas ini telah dilaksanakan pada tanggal 5 November 2014.

Dalam Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan tersebut, pemegang saham juga menetapkan saldo laba yang ditentukan penggunaannya sebesar USD1,0 juta (atau setara dengan Rp11,6 miliar) sebagai cadangan dana umum dalam rangka memenuhi ketentuan pasal 70 Undang-undang Perseroan Terbatas No. 40 Tahun 2007.

31. PENJUALAN NETO

Rincian penjualan neto diklasifikasikan sebagai berikut:

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29. ADDITIONAL PAID - IN CAPITAL

This account represents the balance incurred from the Company's corporate actions, among others, initial public offering and rights issue, issuance of warrants, bonus shares and share dividend amounted to USD29.0 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

30. RETAINED EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS

Based on the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated June 25, 2015, the shareholders approved the distribution of cash dividends for the year 2014 amounting to USD2.02 million (equivalent to Rp26.7 billion) or equivalent to Rp10 per share. The dividends will be distributed to all of its registered shareholders as of July 7, 2015. These cash dividends paid on July 29, 2015.

In the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the shareholders also approved the appropriation of retained earnings amounting to USD1.0 million (equivalent to Rp13.2 billion) for general reserve in compliance with the article 70 of Corporation Law No. 40 of 2007.

Based on the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated June 26, 2014, the shareholders approved the distribution of cash dividends for the year 2013 amounting to USD2.30 million (equivalent to Rp26.71 billion) or equivalent to Rp10 per share in favor of all its registered shareholders until October 22, 2014. These cash dividends have been paid on November 5, 2014.

In the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the shareholders also approved the appropriation of retained earnings amounting to USD1.0 million (equivalent to Rp11.6 billion) for general reserve in compliance with the article 70 of Corporation Law No. 40 of 2007.

31. NET SALES

The details of net sales were classified as follows:

	Enam bulan yang ber	akhir pada tanggal /	
	Six month	ns ended	
	30 Jun 2015/	30 Jun 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Jun 30, 2014	
Produk kertas	552.101	603.961	Paper products
Produk pengemas dan lainnya	35.520	34.501	Packaging products and others
Penjualan Neto (Catatan 38)	587.621	638.462	Net Sales (Note 38)

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31. PENJUALAN NETO (Lanjutan)

Rincian penjualan berdasarkan pelanggan adalah sebagai berikut:

31. NET SALES (Continued)

The details of sales based on customers are shown below:

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal /

		pass ta99a	
	Six month	s ended	
	30 Jun 2015/	30 Jun 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Jun 30, 2014	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
(masing-masing dibawah 10% dari			(each below 10% of
penjualan neto)	384.411	405.379	net sales)
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 39a)			Related parties (Note 39a)
<u>Lokal</u> :			Local:
PT Cakrawala Mega Indah	199.691	227.585	PT Cakrawala Mega Indah
Ekspor:			Export:
Cabang-cabang APP	774	1.618	APP Branches
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			Others (each below 10% of
10% dari penjualan neto)	2.745	3.880	net sales)
Sub-total	3.519	5.498	Sub-total
Total penjualan - pihak berelasi	203.210	233.083	Total sales - related parties
Penjualan Neto (Catatan 38)	587.621	638.462	Net Sales (Note 38)

Pelanggan dengan nilai penjualan neto melebihi 10% dari total penjualan neto adalah PT Cakrawala Mega Indah dengan total penjualan masing-masing sebesar USD199,7 juta dan USD227,6 juta untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014.

The customer with net sales exceeding 10% of the total net sales is PT Cakrawala Mega Indah with the total sales amounting to USD199.7 million and USD227.6 million for the six months period ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

32. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN

32. COST OF GOODS SOLD

Komponen beban pokok penjualan adalah sebagai berikut:

The components of cost of goods sold were as follows:

Enam	bulan '	vand	berakhir	pada	tanggal /
Liiuiii	Duiuii	yung	DCIUNIII	puuu	tuiiggui /

	Six months	s ended	
	30 Jun 2015/	30 Jun 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Jun 30, 2014	
Bahan baku			Raw materials
Saldo awal periode	56.535	63.590	At beginning of period
Pembelian	269.212	256.635	Purchases
Bahan baku tersedia untuk			Raw materials available for
diproduksi	325.747	320.225	manufacturing
Bahan baku pada akhir periode	(67.864)	(55.727)	Raw materials at end of period
Pemakaian bahan baku	257.883	264.498	Raw material used
Tenaga kerja langsung	17.239	17.079	Direct labor
Beban pabrikasi	228.647	239.978	Manufacturing overhead
Total beban produksi	503.769	521.555	Total manufacturing cost

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32. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN (Lanjutan)

32. COST OF GOODS SOLD (Continued)

	Enam bulan yang bera	akhir pada tanggal /	
	Six months ended		
	30 Jun 2015/	30 Jun 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Jun 30, 2014	
Persediaan barang dalam proses			Work-in-process inventory
Saldo awal periode	43.756	63.296	At beginning of period
Saldo akhir periode	(52.166)	(50.334)	At end of period
Beban pokok produksi	495.359	534.517	Cost of goods manufactured
Persediaan barang jadi			Finished goods inventory
Saldo awal periode	155.022	180.388	At beginning of period
Saldo akhir periode	(129.778)	(148.954)	At end of period
Beban Pokok Penjualan (Catatan 38)	520.603	565.951	Cost of Goods Sold (Note 38)

Perusahaan melakukan transaksi pembelian dengan pihak berelasi (Catatan 39b).

The Company had purchase transactions with related parties (Note 39b).

Rincian pembelian bahan baku, bahan baku tidak langsung dan suku cadang dari pemasok adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of purchase from suppliers for raw material, indirect material and spare-parts were as follows:

Six months ended 30 Jun 2015/ 30 Jun 2014/ Jun 30, 2015 Jun 30, 2014		Enam bulan yang bera		
Jun 30, 2015 Jun 30, 2014		Six months	s ended	
<u> </u>		30 Jun 2015/	30 Jun 2014/	
<u>Pemasok</u> <u>Suppliers</u>		Jun 30, 2015	Jun 30, 2014	
	<u>Pemasok</u>			<u>Suppliers</u>
Pihak ketiga Third parties	Pihak ketiga			Third parties
(masing-masing dibawah (each below 10% of	(masing-masing dibawah			(each below 10% of
10% dari penjualan neto) 149.235 103.153 net sales)	10% dari penjualan neto)	149.235	103.153	net sales)
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 39b) Related parties (Note 39b)	Pihak berelasi (Catatan 39b)			Related parties (Note 39b)
PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk 102.436 61.466 PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk	PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk	102.436	61.466	PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk
PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &	PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &			PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &
Paper Industry 97.264 100.303 Paper Industry	Paper Industry	97.264	100.303	Paper Industry
Toprint Computer Supplies Pte, Ltd. 1.610 63.818 Toprint Computer Supplies Pte, Ltd.	Toprint Computer Supplies Pte, Ltd.	1.610	63.818	Toprint Computer Supplies Pte, Ltd.
Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah Others (each below	Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah			Others (each below
10% dari penjualan neto) 55.214 52.854 10% of net sales)	10% dari penjualan neto)	55.214	52.854	10% of net sales)
Sub-total 256.524 278.441 Sub-total	Sub-total	256.524	278.441	Sub-total
Total pembelian 405.759 381.594 Total purchases	Total pembelian	405.759	381.594	Total purchases
Pembelian bahan pembantu Purchase of indirect material	Pembelian bahan pembantu			Purchase of indirect material
dan suku cadang (136.547) (124.959) and spare parts	dan suku cadang	(136.547)	(124.959)	and spare parts
Pembelian Bahan Baku 269.212 256.635 Purchase of Raw Materials	Pembelian Bahan Baku	269.212	256.635	Purchase of Raw Materials

Rincian pemasok dengan nilai pembelian melebihi 10% dari total penjualan neto adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of suppliers with the purchase value exceeding 10% of the total net sales were as follows:

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32. BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN (Lanjutan)

	30 Jun 2015/ Jun 30, 2015	30 Jun 2014/ Jun 30, 2014	
PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &	102.436	61.466	PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp &
Paper Industry	97.264	100.303	Paper Industry
Total	199.700	161.769	Total

33. BEBAN USAHA

33. OPERATING EXPENSES

32. COST OF GOODS SOLD (Continued)

Rincian beban usaha adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of operating expenses were as follows:

a. Beban Penjualan

a. Selling Expenses

	Six month	s ended	
	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	30 Jun 2014/ <i>Jun 30, 2014</i>	
Ongkos angkut	24.931	22.072	Freight
Komisi	3.240	6.822	Commission
Gaji dan upah	1.903	1.845	Salaries and wages
Administrasi bank	962	852	Bank charges
Beban kantor (Catatan 39d)	791	696	Office expenses (Note 39d)
Perjalanan dinas	356	471	Traveling
Penyusutan (Catatan 15)	6	14	Depreciation (Note 15)
Lain-lain	3.693	3.782	Others
Total	35.882	36.554	Total

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal /

b. Beban Umum dan Administrasi

b. General and Administrative Expenses

	Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal / Six months ended		
	30 Jun 2015/ Jun 30, 2015	30 Jun 2014/ <i>Jun 30, 2014</i>	
Jasa manajemen dan			Management and
profesional (Catatan 39c)	6.903	11.074	professional fees (Note 39c)
Gaji dan upah	5.917	6.455	Salaries and wages
Asuransi	1.117	1.243	Insurance
Beban kantor (Catatan 39d)	861	583	Office expenses (Note 39d)
Perbaikan dan pemeliharaan	515	911	Repairs and maintenance
Penyusutan (Catatan 15)	399	464	Depreciation (Note 15)
Perjalanan dinas	177	193	Traveling
Lain-lain	2.464	2.091	Others
Total	18.353	23.014	Total

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34. BEBAN BUNGA

35.

Beban bunga berasal dari bunga atas pinjaman bank jangka pendek, pinjaman bank jangka panjang, wesel bayar dan liabilitas sewa pembiayaan.

34. INTEREST EXPENSE

30 Jun 2014/

Interest expense derived from interest incurred on shortterm and long-term bank loans, notes payable and lease liability.

Enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal	/
Enam months ended	

30 Jun 2015/

Jun 30, 2015	Jun 30, 2014	
22.609	19.217	Contractual interest expense Net adjustment on adoption of
(2.277)	2.730	PSAK 55 (Revised 2011)
20.332	21.947	Effective Interest Expense
3	5. TAXATION	
	a. Prepaid Taxes	
30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
3.549 22.443	19.738 21.850	Value-Added Tax Income taxes
25.992	41.588	Total
	b. Taxes Payable	
30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 31, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
		Income taxes
436	269	Article 21
23	26	Article 22
377	798	Article 23/26
- 24		Article 25 VAT out
860	2.224	Total
	22.609 (2.277) 20.332 30 Jun 2015/ Jun 31, 2015 3.549 22.443 25.992 30 Jun 2015/ Jun 31, 2015 436 23 377 24	22.609

c. Taksiran Manfaat (Beban) Pajak Penghasilan

c. Estimated Income Tax Benefit (Expense)

Taksiran manfaat (beban) pajak penghasilan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah sebagai berikut: Estimated income tax benefit (expense) of the Company and Subsidiaries was as follows:

	Enam bulan yang be	rakhir pada tanggal /	
	Six monti	hs ended	
	30 Jun 2015/	30 Jun 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Jun 30, 2014	
Kini			Current
Perusahaan	-	-	Company
Entitas Anak	-	-	Subsidiaries

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35. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

35. TAXATION (Continued)

7.550

Enam bulan yang bera	ıkhir pada tanggal /	
Six months ended		
30 Jun 2015/	30 Jun 2014/	
Juli 30, 2019	Juli 30, 2014	
		Deferred Taxes
3.028	7.346	Company
248	204	Subsidiaries
	Six months 30 Jun 2015/ Jun 30, 2015	30 Jun 2015/ 30 Jun 2014/ Jun 30, 2015 3.028 7.346

3.276

Rekonsiliasi antara laba (rugi) sebelum taksiran manfaat (beban) pajak penghasilan dan estimasi laba (rugi) fiskal untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggaltanggal 31 Desember 2015 dan 2014, berdasarkan laporan laba rugi komprehensif konsolidasian dalam Rupiah, adalah sebagai berikut:

Taksiran Manfaat Pajak Penghasilan

Reconciliation between estimated income (loss) before income tax benefit (expense) and estimated fiscal income (loss) for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, based on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in Indonesian Rupiah, was as follows:

Estimated Income Tax Benefit

	2015 (dalam jutaan Rupiah/ in millions of Rupiah)	2014 (dalam jutaan Rupiah/ <i>in millions</i> <i>of Rupiah</i>)	
Laba (rugi) perusahaan sebelum			Income (loss) before estimated
taksiran manfaat (beban)			income tax benefit (expense)
pajak penghasilan			attributable to the company
Januari - Juni	(222.426)	969.916	January - June
Juli - Desember (taksiran)	(47.371)	(549.570)	July - December (estimated)
Beda waktu:			Temporary differences:
Penyusutan aset tetap	12.277	(104.402)	Depreciation of fixed assets
Beban imbalan kerja	24.443	21.384	Employee benefit expense
Lain-lain	(67.287)	5.373	Others
Beda tetap:	, ,		Permanent differences:
Pendapatan final - bunga	(70.875)	(53.996)	Final interest income
Pendapatan final - rental	· -	(919)	Final rental income
Lain-lain	(8.438)	(5.598)	Others
Estimasi Laba (Rugi) Fiskal - Akhir Tahun	(379.677)	282.188	Estimated Fiscal Income (Loss) - End of Year

d. Pajak Tangguhan

Mutasi aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan - neto dan taksiran manfaat (beban) pajak yang terkait pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 adalah sebagai berikut:

d. Deferred Taxes

Movements of deferred tax assets (liabilities) - net and the related estimated tax benefit (expense) as of June 30, 2015 was as follow:

35. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

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35. TAXATION (Continued)

	1 Jan/ <i>Jan 1,</i> 2015	(Dibebankan) ke Laporan Laba Rugi Komprehensif Konsolidasian/ Credited (Charged) to Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	30 Jun/ <i>Jun 30,</i> 2015	
Perusahaan				Company
Aset pajak tangguhan				Deferred tax assets
Akumulasi rugi fiskal	14.238	2.151	16.389	Accumulated fiscal loss
Revaluasi aset tetap setelah				Revaluation of fixed assets -
dikurangi penyusutan	1.664	(153)	1.511	net of depreciation
Imbalan kerja	8.570	(103)	8.467	Employee benefits
Laba (rugi) bersih belum direalisasi				Net unrealized gain (loss)
atas perubahan nilai wajar				on fair value changes of
aset dan liabilitas keuangan	5.270	(429)	4.841	financial assets and liabilities
Total	29.742	1.466	31.208	Total
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan				Deferred tax liabilities
Aset tetap	59.225	(1.562)	57.663	Fixed assets
Liabilitas Pajak Tangguhan - Neto	(29.483)	3.028	(26.455)	Deferred Tax Liabilities - Net
Entitas anak				Subsidiary
Aset Pajak Tangguhan - Neto	2.077	248	2.325	Deferred Tax Assets - Net

Dikreditkan

Aset pajak tangguhan yang diakui dari rugi fiskal adalah sebesar jumlah yang menurut Perusahaan kemungkinan besar dapat dikompensasikan dengan laba fiskal selama 5 (lima) tahun sejak tahun terjadinya rugi fiskal tersebut.

e. Surat Ketetapan Pajak

Pada tanggal 26 Februari 2014, Perusahaan menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) No. 00003/406/12/092/14 atas Pajak Penghasilan Badan tahun pajak 2012 sebesar Rp76,4 miliar dan laba neto fiskal Perusahaan untuk tahun pajak 2012 ditetapkan sebesar Rp432,1 miliar.

Pada tanggal 17 Juni 2015, Perusahaan menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) No. 00072/406/13/092/15 atas Pajak Penghasilan Badan tahun pajak 2013 sebesar Rp115,8 miliar dan rugi neto fiskal Perusahaan untuk tahun pajak 2013 ditetapkan sebesar Rp1.5 triliun.

f. Peraturan Pemerintah

Undang-undang No. 36 Tahun 2008 mengenai "Pajak Penghasilan", yang berlaku efektif pada tanggal 1 Januari 2009, mencakup penetapan tarif tunggal sebesar 25% untuk tahun fiskal 2010 dan seterusnya.

Tax losses recorded as deferred tax assets represent amounts that management believes can be compensated against taxable income within a period of 5 (five) years from when the tax loss was incurred.

e. Tax Assessment

On February 26, 2014 the Company received tax overpayment assessment letter (SKPLB) No. 00003/406/12/092/14 on Corporate Income Tax for the fiscal year 2012 amounting to Rp76.4 billion and net fiscal corporate income for fiscal year 2012 amounting to Rp432.1 billion.

On June 17, 2015 the Company received tax overpayment assessment letter (SKPLB) No. 00072/406/13/092/15 on Corporate Income Tax for the fiscal year 2013 amounting to Rp115.8 billion and net fiscal corporate loss for fiscal year 2013 amounting to Rp1.5 trillion.

f. Government Regulation

Law No. 36 Year 2008 regarding "Income Tax", which became effective on January 1, 2009, included among others, the stipulation of a single rate of 25% for fiscal year 2010 onwards.

35. PERPAJAKAN (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014, Perusahaan telah memenuhi ketentuan dalam Peraturan Pemerintah No. 77 Tahun 2013 dan Undang-undang No. 36 Tahun 2008, dan oleh karena itu, telah menggunakan pengurangan tarif pajak sebesar 5% dalam penghitungan pajak penghasilan.

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014, pajak penghasilan kini dan tangguhan telah dihitung dengan menggunakan tarif-tarif pajak tersebut.

g. Administrasi

Berdasarkan Undang-undang perpajakan yang berlaku di Indonesia, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menghitung dan membayarkan sendiri besarnya total pajak yang terutang. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak lokal melakukan perhitungan dan melaporkan SPT sendiri. SPT konsolidasian tidak diperkenankan dalam peraturan perpajakan Indonesia. Direktorat Jendral Pajak dapat menetapkan dan mengubah liabilitas pajak dalam batas waktu lima (5) tahun sejak tanggal terutang pajak.

36. LABA PER SAHAM DASAR DAN DILUSIAN YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK

Perhitungan laba neto per saham dasar dan dilusian adalah sebagai berikut:

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35. TAXATION (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company has complied with the requirements of the Government Regulation No. 77 Year 2013 and Law No. 36 Year 2008, and therefore, has effected the 5% tax rate reduction in its corporate income tax computation.

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, current and deferred income taxes have been calculated using these enacted tax rates.

g. Administration

Under the taxation laws of Indonesia, the Company and certain domestic Subsidiaries submit their tax returns on the basis of self - assessment. The Company and certain domestic Subsidiaries calculate and submit their annual tax calculation and returns, consolidated tax returns being prohibited under the taxation laws of Indonesia. The Directorate General of Taxation may assess or amend taxes within five (5) years from the date the tax became due.

36. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The following presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Laba neto yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk / Net Income attributable to the owners of the parent (USD)	Rata-rata Tertimbang Saham Biasa / Weighted Average Number of Outstanding Ordinary Shares	Laba per saham dasar yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk / Basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the parent (USD)	
Januari - Juni 2015	14.096	2.671.404.506	0,0053	January - June 2015
Januari - Juni 2014	17.083	1.507.393.813	0,0113	January - June 2014
	Laba neto yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk / Net Income attributable to the owners of the parent (USD)	Rata-rata Tertimbang Saham Biasa / Weighted Average Number of Outstanding Ordinary Shares	Laba per saham dilusian yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk / Diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the parent (USD)	
Januari - Juni 2015	14.096	2.671.404.506	0,0053	January - June 2015
Januari - Juni 2014	17.083	1.507.393.813	0,0113	January - June 2014

36. LABA PER SAHAM DASAR DAN DILUSIAN YANG DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA PEMILIK ENTITAS INDUK (Lanjutan)

Jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham yang digunakan sebagai penyebut adalah sebagai berikut:

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36. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE PARENT (Continued)

The weighted average number of shares used as the denominator were as follows:

	Enam bulan yang ber	akilii paua laliyyai /	
	Six month	ns ended	
	30 Jun 2015/	30 Jun 2014/	
	Jun 30, 2015	Jun 30, 2014	
Jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham yang digunakan sebagai penyebut dalam perhitungan laba per saham dasar Penyesuaian untuk perhitungan laba per saham dilusian: Waran	2.671.404.506	1.507.393.813	Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share: Warrants
Jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham			Weighted average number of ordinary

1.507.393.813

2.671.404.506

Fnam hulan yang berakhir nada tanggal /

37. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG ASING SELAIN MATA UANG DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT

yang digunakan sebagai penyebut dalam

perhitungan laba per saham dilusian

Saldo aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang asing selain Dolar Amerika Serikat pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

37. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR

The outstanding monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than United States Dollar as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

shares used as the denominator in

calculating diluted earnings per share

		30 Jun 2015	Jun 30, 2015	
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands)	Setara Dolar AS/ Equivalent USD	
ASET				ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas dan aset lancar lainnya				Cash and cash equivalents and other current assets
Yuan Cina	CNY	756.749	123.782	Chinese Yuan
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	252.765.103	18.960	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	638	714	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	39.445	322	Japanese Yen
Dolar Hongkong	HKD	518	67	Hongkong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	24	18	Singaporean Dollar
Investasi pada reksadana				Investment in mutual funds
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	202.065.347	15.156	Indonesian Rupiah
Piutang usaha dan piutang lain-lain				Trade and other receivables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	1.585.494.059	118.925	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	148.298	24.257	Chinese Yuan
Euro Eropa	EUR	4.897	5.480	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	465.876	3.807	Japanese Yen

37. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG ASING SELAIN MATA UANG DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

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37. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

	30 Jun 2015	/ Jun 30, 2015	
	Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands)	Setara Dolar AS/ Equivalent USD	
GBP AUD	1.580 91	2.484 70	British Poundsterling Australian Dollar
SGD	2	l	Singaporean Dollar
Rp JPY MYR	2.940.363 2.304 7	220 19 2	Other receivables - related parties Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen Malaysian Ringgit
JPY	504.722	4.125	Non-current trade receivables Japanese Yen
Rp	14.030.458	1.052	Refundable deposits Indonesian Rupiah
		319.461	Total Assets
Rp JPY EUR SGD	1.554.788.054 7.867.640 48.904 69	116.621 64.299 54.725 51	LIABILITIES Short-term bank loans and long-term liabilities Indonesian Rupiah Japanese Yen European Euro Singaporean Dollar
Rp	429.992.000	32.253	Murabahah payable and musyarakah financing - short term Indonesian Rupiah
Rp EUR JPY SGD GBP HKD CNY AUD SEK	204.545.103 1.563 47.227 493 34 190 32 3	15.342 1.749 386 366 54 24 5 2	Trade payables and other payables Indonesian Rupiah European Euro Japanese Yen Singaporean Dollar British Poundsterling Hongkong Dollar Chinese Yuan Australian Dollar Swedish Krone Swiss Franc
	RP JPY MYR RP RP JPY EUR SGD RP LUR SGD RP HKNY AUD	Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands) GBP AUD 91 SGD 2 Rp 2.940.363 JPY 2.304 MYR 7 JPY 504.722 Rp 14.030.458 Rp 7.867.640 EUR 48.904 SGD 69 Rp 429.992.000 Rp 429.992.000 Rp 429.992.000 Rp 3429.992.000 Rp 429.992.000 Rp 34 HKD 190 CNY 32 AUD 3 SEK 14	(dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands) Setara Dolar AS/ Equivalent USD GBP AUD SGD 1.580 2.484 1.00 2.1 RP SGD 2.940.363 2.304 19 MYR 220 19 7.2 JPY JPY 504.722 3.19.461 4.125 Rp JPY 14.030.458 3.19.461 1.052 3.19.461 Rp JPY 7.867.640 7.867.640 7.867.640 64.299 51 EUR SGD 48.904 69 54.725 51 Rp JPY 429.992.000 47.227 386 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 36

37. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG ASING SELAIN MATA UANG DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

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37. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

		30 Jun 2015	Jun 30, 2015	
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands)	Setara Dolar AS/ Equivalent USD	
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi				Other payables - related parties
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	73.062	5	Indonesian Rupiah
Beban masih harus dibayar dan liabilitas imbalan kerja				Accrued expenses and employee benefits liabilities
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	608.663.329	45.655	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	246.212	2.012	Japanese Yen
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	199	314	British Poundsterling
Euro Eropa	EUR	242	270	European Euro
Dolar Hongkong	HKD	157	20	Hongkong Dollar
Total Liabilitas			334.156	Total Liabilities
Liabilitas Neto			(14.695)	Net Liabilities

		31 Des 2014		
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands)	Setara Dolar AS/ Equivalent USD	
ASET		(ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas dan aset lancar lainnya				Cash and cash equivalents and other current assets
Yuan Cina	CNY	672.602	109.923	Chinese Yuan
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	580.120.626	46.633	Indonesian Rupiah
Euro Eropa	EUR	1.074	1.306	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	62.318	522	Japanese Yen
Dolar Hongkong	HKD	417	54	Hongkong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	69	52	Singaporean Dollar
Investasi pada reksadana				Investment in mutual funds
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	195.126.537	15.686	Indonesian Rupiah
Piutang usaha dan piutang lain-lain				Trade and other receivables
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	981.119.888	78.870	Indonesian Rupiah
Yuan Cina	CNY	50.365	8.231	Chinese Yuan

37. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG ASING SELAIN MATA UANG DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

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37. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

		31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 2014		
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands)	Setara Dolar AS/ Equivalent USD	
Euro Eropa	EUR	4.249	5.169	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	582.626	4.882	Japanese Yen
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	839	1.306	British Poundsterling
Krone Denmark	DKK	7.464	1.219	Denmark Krone
Dirham Uni Emirat Arab	AED	1.227	334	Arab Emirates Dirhams
Dolar Selandia Baru	NZD	399	313	New Zealand Dollar
Dolar Australia	AUD	296	243	Australian Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	188	143	Singaporean Dollar
Riyal Arab Saudi	SAR	433	115	Saudi Arabia Riyal
Dolar Hongkong	HKD	390	50	Hongkong Dollar
Piutang lain - lain - pihak berelasi				Other receivables - related parties
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	8.866.934	713	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	2.304	19	Japanese Yen
Ringgit Malaysia	MYR	7	2	Malaysian Ringgit
Piutang usaha - tidak lancar				Non-current trade receivables
Yen Jepang	JPY	504.722	4.230	Japanese Yen
Uang Jaminan				Refundable deposits
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	14.030.458	1.128	Indonesian Rupiah
Total Aset			281.143	Total Assets
LIABILITAS				LIABILITIES
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek dan				Short-term bank loans and
liabilitas jangka panjang				long-term liabilities
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	995.782.379	80.045	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	8.155.719	68.346	Japanese Yen
Euro Eropa	EUR	50.637	61.598	European Euro
Franc Swiss	CHF	70	71	Swiss Franc
Dolar Singapura	SGD	36	28	Singaporean Dollar
Utang murabahah - jangka pendek Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	300.000.000	24.116	Murabahah payable - short-term Indonesian Rupiah
Utang usaha dan utang lain-lain Rupiah Indonesia		172.133.093	13.838	Trade payables and other payables Indonesian Rupiah
•	Rp			•
Euro Eropa	EUR	1.551	1.886	European Euro
Yen Jepang	JPY	36.764	308	Japanese Yen

37. ASET DAN LIABILITAS MONETER DALAM MATA UANG ASING SELAIN MATA UANG DOLAR AMERIKA SERIKAT (Lanjutan)

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37. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN CURRENCIES OTHER THAN UNITED STATES DOLLAR (Continued)

		31 Des 2014	/ Dec 31, 2014	
		Mata Uang (dalam ribuan)/ Currency (in thousands)	Setara Dolar AS/	
Dolar Singapura	SGD	387	293	Singaporean Dollar
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	31	48	British Poundsterling
Yuan Cina	CNY	32	5	Chinese Yuan
Dolar Australia	AUD	3	3	Australian Dollar
Krone Swedia	SEK	23	3	Swedish Krone
Dolar Hongkong	HKD	9	1	Hongkong Dollar
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	46.154	4	Other payables - related parties Indonesian Rupiah
Beban masih harus dibayar dan liabilitas imbalan kerja				Accrued expenses and employee benefits liabilities
Rupiah Indonesia	Rp	611.377.052	49.146	Indonesian Rupiah
Yen Jepang	JPY	326.101	2.733	Japanese Yen
Euro Eropa	EUR	116	141	European Euro
Poundsterling Inggris	GBP	9	14	British Poundsterling
Dolar Hongkong	HKD	43	5	Hongkong Dollar
Dolar Singapura	SGD	1	1	Singaporean Dollar
Total Liabilitas			302.633	Total Liabilities
Liabilitas Neto			(21.490)	Net Liabilities

38. INFORMASI SEGMEN

Perusahaan bergerak dalam 2 (dua) segmen usaha yaitu produk kertas dan produk pengemas. Segmen produk kertas terutama terdiri dari kertas cetak dan tulis dan produk kertas terkait lainnya. Segmen produk pengemas hanya terdiri dari kotak karton. Segmen produk pengemas termasuk didalamnya adalah penjualan produk kimia sampingan, yang tidak signifikan. Pemindahan antar segmen usaha dicatat dengan harga perolehan.

Informasi atas segmen usaha Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

38. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in 2 (two) business segments i.e. paper products and packaging products. The paper products segment consists primarily of printing and writing paper and related paper products. The packaging products segment consists only of carton boxes. The packaging product segment includes the sale of chemical by-products, which are not significant. Transfers between business segments are accounted for at cost.

The information concerning the Company's business segments was as follows:

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38. INFORMASI SEGMEN (Lanjutan)

38. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

	Enam bulan yang ber		
	30 Jun 2015/ Jun 30, 2015	30 Jun 2014/ Jun 30, 2014	
Informasi Berdasarkan Wilayah Geografis:			Information Based on Geographical Area:
<u>Ekspor</u> Asia	184.175	162.282	<u>Export</u> Asia
Asia Amerika	65.278	65.241	Asia America
Afrika	55.943	73.887	Africa
Eropa	35.064	46.455	Europe
Timur tengah	34.690	54.583	Middle east
Lainnya	10.129	8.400	Others
Total Penjualan Ekspor	385.279	410.848	Total Export Sales
Lokal	202.342	227.614	Local
Total Penjualan Neto	587.621	638.462	Total Net Sales
Informasi Berdasarkan Jenis Produk: Penjualan neto:	FF0 404	000 004	Information Based on Type of Product: Net Sales:
Produk kertas	552.101	603.961	Paper products
Produk pengemas dan lainnya Penjualan Neto Konsolidasian	35.520 587.621	34.501 638.462	Packaging products and others Consolidated Net Sales
Beban Pokok Penjualan - Neto Produk kertas Produk pengemas dan lainnya	488.893 31.710	536.694 29.257	<u>Cost of Goods Sold - Net</u> Paper products Packaging products and others
Beban Pokok Penjualan Konsolidasian	520.603	565.951	Consolidated Cost of Goods Sold
<u>Laba Bruto</u> Produk kertas Produk pengemas dan lainnya	63.208 3.810	67.267 5.244	<u>Gross Profit</u> Paper products Packaging products and others
Laba Bruto Konsolidasian	67.018	72.511	Consolidated Gross Profit
Beban Usaha Produk kertas Produk pengemas dan lainnya	50.957 3.278	56.349 3.219	<u>Operating Expenses</u> Paper products Packaging products and others
Total Beban Usaha Konsolidasian	54.235	59.568	Total Consolidated Operating Expenses
<u>Laba Usaha</u> Produk kertas Produk pengemas dan lainnya	12.251 532	10.918 2.025	<u>Income from Operation</u> Paper products Packaging products and others
Laba Usaha Konsolidasian	12.783	12.943	Consolidated Income from Operation
Persentase dari total aset dan liabilitas: Produk kertas	97%	97%	Percentage of total assets and liabilities: Paper products
Produk pengemas dan lainnya	3%	3%	Packaging products and others
Total	100%	100%	Total

39. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI

Dalam kegiatan usaha normal, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak melakukan transaksi usaha dan transaksi keuangan dengan pihak berelasi. Pihak-pihak berelasi berada di bawah pengendalian pemegang saham dan/atau Direksi dan/atau Dewan Komisaris yang sama dengan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak.

Transaksi usaha yang dilakukan dengan pihak berelasi terutama meliputi penjualan barang jadi dan pembelian bahan baku. Total penjualan barang jadi ke pihak berelasi sekitar 34,58% dan 36,51% dari total penjualan neto masing-masing untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014. Total pembelian bahan baku (pulp) dari pihak berelasi lebih kurang sebesar 92,82% dan 100% dari total pembelian pulp, masing-masing untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014.

Transaksi-transaksi signifikan dengan pihak berelasi adalah sebagai berikut:

- a. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjual kertas, pengemas dan kertas avalan di pasar lokal dan pasar internasional melalui pihak berelasi. Total penjualan ekspor melalui pihak berelasi adalah sebesar 0.91% dan 1,34% dari total penjualan ekspor masing-masing untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 (Catatan 31). Total penjualan lokal melalui pihak berelasi adalah masingmasing sebesar 98,69% dan 99,99% dari total penjualan lokal untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 (Catatan 31). Saldo piutang dari pihak berelasi tersebut pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 disajikan dalam "Piutang Usaha - Pihak Berelasi" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 6).
- b. Perusahaan membeli bahan baku, bahan pembantu dan suku cadang dari PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry dan pihak berelasi lainnya, masing-masing sebesar USD256,5 juta dan USD278,4 juta masing-masing untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 atau sekitar 43,65% dan 43,61% dari total penjualan neto. Saldo sehubungan dengan transaksi ini pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 disajikan dalam "Uang muka Pemasok" (Catatan 9) dan "Utang Usaha Pihak Berelasi" (Catatan 20) pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.

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39. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company and its Subsidiaries, in the ordinary course of business, enter into trade and financial transactions with related parties. The related parties are under common control by the same stockholders and/or the same Boards of Directors and/or Board of Commissioners of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

Trade transactions made with related parties consist primarily of sales of finished goods and purchases of raw materials. Sales to related parties represent approximately 34.58% and 36.51% of the Company's net sales for the six months period ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Total raw material purchases (pulp) from related parties represent approximately 92.82% and 100% of the Company's total pulp purchases for the six months period ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Significant transactions with related parties were as follows:

- a. The Company and its Subsidiaries sell paper, packaging and scrap paper on the local and international market through related parties. Total export sales through related parties represents approximately 0.91% and 1.34% of the Company's export sales for the six months period ended 30. 2015 and 2014. respectively (Note 31). Total local sales through related parties represents approximately 98.69% and 99.99% of the total local sales for the six months period ended 30. 2015 and 2014, respectively (Note 31). The related party receivables as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 are presented as part of "Trade Receivables - Related Parties" in the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 6).
- b. The Company purchased raw materials, indirect materials and spare-parts from PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry and other related parties amounting to USD256.5 million and USD278.4 million for the six months period ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, representing approximately 43.65% and 43.61% of the net sales. Balances related to these transactions as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 are presented as part of "Advances to Suppliers" (Note 9) and "Trade Payables Related Parties" (Note 20) in the consolidated statements of financial position.

39. SALDO DAN TRANSAKSI SIGNIFIKAN DENGAN PIHAK BERELASI (Lanjutan)

- c. APP menyediakan jasa manajemen tertentu kepada Perusahaan. Beban manajemen sehubungan dengan jasa-jasa tersebut masing-masing adalah sebesar USD4,7 juta dan USD6,2 juta untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 yang disajikan dalam "Beban Usaha - Umum dan Administrasi - Jasa Manajemen dan Profesional" (Catatan 33).
- d. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengadakan perjanjian sewa dengan PT Royal Oriental, pihak berelasi, meliputi sewa ruang kantor dengan total area seluas 3.786 m² pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 dengan uang sewa masing-masing sebesar USD25 per bulan per m² dan USD16 per bulan per m² serta jasa pelayanan masing-masing sebesar USD9,5 per bulan per m² dan USD8,0 per bulan per m² pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014.

Total beban sewa dan jasa pelayanan yang dibebankan pada usaha untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 masing-masing sebesar USD497,3 ribu dan USD172,8 ribu, dicatat dalam "Beban Usaha - Penjualan - Beban Kantor" dan "Beban Usaha - Umum dan Administrasi - Beban Kantor" (Catatan 33). Sewa dibayar dimuka disajikan dalam "Uang Muka dan Biaya Dibayar dimuka" pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (Catatan 9).

e. Perusahaan juga memiliki rekening bank dan deposito berjangka pada PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk dan investasi jangka pendek pada PT Sinarmas Sekuritas, masing-masing bersaldo USD16,1 juta dan USD24,3 juta pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014 (Catatan 5 dan 10).

f. Kompensasi manajemen kunci

Total kompensasi imbalan kerja jangka pendek yang dibayar kepada personil manajemen kunci Perusahaan (Dewan komisaris dan Direksi) untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 2014 adalah sebagai berikut:

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39. BALANCES AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

- c. APP provides certain management services to the Company. The management fee in connection with these services was USD4.7 million and USD6.2 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, which was presented under "Operating Expenses General and Administrative Management and Professional Fee" (Note 33).
- d. The Company and its Subsidiary entered into rental agreements with PT Royal Oriental, a related party, for office space with a total area of 3,786 m² as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, monthly rental fee of USD25 per m² and USD16 per m² and monthly service charge of USD9.5 per m² and USD8.0 per m² as of June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Total rental and service expense charged to operations amounting to USD497.3 thousand and USD172.8 thousand for the six months period ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, were recorded under "Operating Expenses - Selling - Office Expense" and "Operating Expenses - General and Administrative - Office Expense" (Note 33). The prepaid rent is presented under "Advances and Prepaid Expenses" respectively, on the consolidated statements of financial position (Note 9).

e. The Company has bank accounts and deposits in PT Bank Sinarmas Tbk and short-term investment in PT Sinarmas Sekuritas amounting to USD16.1 million and USD24.3 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively (Notes 5 and 10).

f. Key management compensation

The total amounts of short-term employee benefits compensation paid to the Company's key management personnel (Boards of Commissioners and Directors) for the six months period ended June 30. 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	30 Jun 2015	30 Jun 2015 / <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>		/ Jun 30, 2014	
	Dalam ribuan Rupiah/ In thousand Rupiah	Setara dalam ribuan Dolar AS/ Equivalent in thousand of US Dollar	Dalam ribuan Rupiah/ In thousand Rupiah	Setara dalam ribuan Dolar AS/ Equivalent in thousand of US Dollar	
Dewan Komisaris	2.044.260	153	4.129.093	345	Board of Commissioners
Direksi	5.853.244	439	5.027.642	420	Board of Directors
Total	7.897.504	592	9.156.735	765	Total

40. RESTRUKTURISASI UTANG

Berikut ini adalah ringkasan peristiwa-peristiwa signifikan sehubungan dengan restrukturisasi utang:

- a. Pada tanggal 12 Maret 2001, APP dan Entitas Anak, termasuk Perusahaan mengumumkan standstill atas seluruh pembayaran kewajiban dari Grup APP (termasuk APP, sebagai Perusahaan Holding di Singapura). Pengumuman standstill oleh APP pada dasarnya merupakan pengakuan dari APP atas ketidakmampuan entitas-entitas di bawah Grup APP, termasuk Perusahaan untuk membayar utangnya secara tepat waktu. Tindak lanjut atas pengumuman tersebut, APP melakukan negosiasi prasyarat perjanjian restrukturisasi utang secara konsensus dengan para krediturnya.
- b. Pada tanggal 30 Oktober 2003, Principal Indonesian Operating Companies within the APP Group (PIOCs) yaitu Perusahaan, PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills dan PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry menandatangani Master Restructuring Agreement ("MRA") dengan Badan Penyehatan Perbankan Nasional (BPPN), pihak-pihak tertentu dalam Export Credit Agencies, bank-bank komersial internasional tertentu dan perusahaan perdagangan Jepang (atau secara kolektif disebut kreditur yang berunding). MRA dan dokumen restrukturisasi lainnya merupakan dokumen restrukturisasi yang definitif berupa Perjanjian Komposisi dan Restrukturisasi Utang yang telah ditandatangani pada tanggal 18 Desember 2002.
- c. Pada tanggal 3 Desember 2004, kondisi Pre-Effective Date terpenuhi dan selanjutnya pada tanggal 28 April 2005, perjanjian penyelesaian restrukturisasi utang MRA yang telah ditandatangani sebelumnya oleh Perusahaan dengan para kreditur menjadi efektif.
- d. Prasyarat MRA selanjutnya diubah beberapa kali. Perubahan-perubahan tersebut termuat dalam sepuluh Confirmation and Amandment Letters ("CAL"), yang masing-masing ditandatangani oleh Perusahaan, Indah Kiat dan Pindo Deli dengan DBS Bank Limited (bertindak sebagai Administrative Agent dan mewakili Negotiating Creditors and Accepting Creditors) sebagai berikut:
 - CAL I ditandatangani pada tanggal 25 Juni 2004.
 - CAL II ditandatangani pada tanggal 3 September 2004.
 - CAL III ditandatangani pada tanggal 10 Nopember 2004.
 - CAL IV ditandatangani pada tanggal 28 April 2005.

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40. DEBT RESTRUCTURING

A summary of significant events related to the debt restructuring is as follows:

- a. On March 12, 2001, APP and Subsidiaries, including the Company, declared a standstill with respect to the debt obligations of the APP Group (including APP, which is the Singapore incorporated Holding Company for the group). This standstill declaration by APP essentially represented the publication by APP of the inability entities of APP Group members, including the Company, to timely service their respective debt obligations. Subsequent to the announcement standstill, APP was negotiating terms for a consensual debt restructuring agreement with its creditors.
- b. On October 30, 2003, The Principal Indonesian Operating Companies within the APP Group (PIOCs) namely the Company, PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Tbk, PT Pindo Deli Pulp And Paper Mills and PT Lontar Papyrus Pulp & Paper Industry signed individual Master Restructuring Agreement (MRA) with the Indonesian Bank Restructuring Agency (IBRA), certain Export Credit Agencies, international commercial banks and Japanese trading corporations (or collectively the "Negotiating Creditors"). These MRA and other restructuring documents constituted definitive restructurina documentation contemplated by the Composition Agreement and Debt Restructuring previously signed December 18, 2002.
- c. On December 3, 2004, the Pre-Effective Date condition was fulfilled and on April 28, 2005, the agreement of the MRA that had been previously signed by the Company and creditors became effective.
- d. The terms of the MRA have been subsequently amended. These amendments were documented in the ten Confirmation and Amendment Letters ("CAL"), by each of the Company, Indah Kiat and Pindo Deli with DBS Bank Limited (acting as Administrative Agent and to pursuant a vote of Negotiating Creditors) as follows:
 - CAL I was executed on June 25, 2004.
 - CAL II was executed on September 3, 2004.
 - CAL III was executed on November 10, 2004.
 - CAL IV was executed on April 28, 2005.

40. RESTRUKTURISASI UTANG (Lanjutan)

- CAL V ditandatangani pada tanggal 13 Januari 2006.
- CAL VI ditandatangani pada tanggal 18 Mei 2007
- CAL VII ditandatangani pada tanggal 5 April 2011.
- CAL VIII ditandatangani pada tanggal 15 Agustus 2012.
- CAL IX ditandatangani pada tanggal 9 Januari 2013 dan berlaku efektif sejak 7 Desember 2012 pada saat Special Resolution of Accepting Creditors tercapai.
- CAL X ditandatangani pada tanggal 21 Februari 2014.

Pada tanggal 9 Juni 2014, DBS Bank Limited mengundurkan diri sebagai *Administrative Agent* dan digantikan oleh Madison Pacific Pte. Ltd.

Walaupun Tanggal Efektif dari MRA telah tercapai, namun masih ada beberapa klaim yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA yang masih dari pihak terutang yang sedang dalam proses penyelesaian, termasuk dengan cara penyelesaian sesuai dengan ketentuan dalam MRA. Apabila klaim tersebut belum diselesaikan secara menyeluruh, ada kemungkinan Perusahaan atau Entitas Anak masih harus mengakui liabilitas tambahan atau penalti.

41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL

Sehubungan dengan kompleksitas proses penelaahan klaim yang diajukan kreditur sehubungan dengan restrukturisasi Perusahaan, terdapat ketidakpastian atas hasil akhir penelaahan tersebut. Hasil akhir dari penelaahan tersebut dapat berupa keputusan dimana Perusahaan harus membayar klaim-klaim yang diajukan dan atau liabilitas-liabilitas lainnya karena klaim-klaim tersebut didukung oleh bukti pendukung yang cukup kuat atau sebaliknya, Perusahaan dibebaskan dari kewajiban membayar karena bukti pendukung yang tidak cukup maupun seluruhnya. Akibatnya, sebagian kewajiban-kewajiban Perusahaan yang berkaitan dengan klaim-klaim tertentu, termasuk klaim-klaim disebutkan di bawah ini, menjadi tidak pasti dan terdapat kemungkinan dimana kesimpulannya Perusahaan dibebaskan dari liabilitas untuk membayar klaim tersebut.

Berikut ini adalah gugatan dan tuntutan yang signifikan yang melibatkan Perusahaan baik langsung maupun tidak langsung:

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40. DEBT RESTRUCTURING (Continued)

- CAL V was executed on January 13, 2006.
- CAL VI was executed on May 18, 2007.
- CAL VII was executed on April 5, 2011.
- CAL VIII was executed on August 15, 2012.
- CAL IX was executed on January 9, 2013 and was effective since December 7, 2012 when the Special Resolution of Accepting Creditors was achieved.
- CAL X was executed on February 21, 2014.

On June 9, 2014, DBS Bank Limited resigned as Administrative Agent and was replaced by Madison Pacific Pte. Ltd.

Although the effective date of the MRA has been achieved, there are some claims from non-participants in the MRA which debts are still outstanding and in the process of resolution, including by way of settlement in accordance with the provisions of the MRA. If the claims are not settled completely, there is the possibility that the Company or the Subsidiaries still have to recognize additional liabilities or penalties.

41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

In light of the complex claims review that continues to be undertaken in the context of the Company's restructuring exercise, there continues to be uncertainty as to the final results of such review and so the possibility exists that certain claims made against the Company and/or certain alleged liabilities of the Company are not well-founded or a conclusion will be reached that they are not well-founded, whether in whole or in part. As a consequence, the Company's obligations with respect to certain claims, including the claims set forth below, are uncertain and it is possible that a conclusion is reached that the Company has no liability in relation to such claims.

The following are the significant litigation and claims directly and indirectly involving the Company:

41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

Pada bulan Agustus 2002, Bank One, N.A ("Bank One") mengajukan tuntutan di Pengadilan Negeri Amerika Serikat di Nothern District of Illinois terhadap Perusahaan, Indah Kiat dan APP. Klaim terhadap Perusahaan dan Indah Kiat adalah atas kegagalan untuk membayar dua (2) promissory notes yang diterbitkan oleh Perusahaan dan Indah Kiat, pada tanggal 25 April 1998 dengan nilai masing-masing sebesar USD21,8 juta dan USD16,2 juta. APP juga menjadi tergugat karena APP menjadi penjamin kedua promissory notes tersebut.

Promissory notes tersebut diterbitkan untuk Beloit Corporation sebagai pembayaran sebagian atas mesin, dan promissory notes diserahkan kepada First National Bank of Chicago, yang sekarang bernama Bank One.

Pada akhir tahun 2004, JP Morgan Chase ("JP Morgan") mengambil alih Bank One dan berhasil dalam permohonannya untuk menggantikan Bank One sebagai Penggugat di dalam gugatan.

Pada tanggal 14 Oktober 2009, Hakim Yang Mulia James F. Holderman mengabulkan mosi untuk *summary judgment* yang diajukan JP Morgan melawan Perusahaan dan Indah Kiat.

Pada tanggal 21 April 2010, Hakim Yang Mulia James F. Holderman mengeluarkan memorandum *Opinion and Order* yang mengabulkan *Summary Judgment* untuk JP Morgan melawan APP. Perusahaan, Indah Kiat, dan APP telah mengajukan putusan Hakim Yang Mulia James F. Holderman yang mengabulkan *summary judgment* yang diajukan JP Morgan.

JP Morgan telah mengeluarkan beberapa *citations* untuk menemukan aset-aset terhadap Perusahaan, Indah Kiat dan APP. Perusahaan, Indah Kiat dan APP telah mengajukan permohonan untuk menunda pelaksanaan *citations* tersebut dengan dasar bahwa telah ada perintah dari Pengadilan di Indonesia yang melarang pemberian informasi yang terkait dengan keberadaan aset-aset para tergugat. Hakim Brown menolak permohonan tersebut, dan terhadap Keputusan Hakim Brown ini telah diajukan banding kepada Hakim Holderman dan kepada Pengadilan Banding oleh para tergugat. Seluruh *citations* untuk menemukan aset-aset telah diberhentikan.

Pada tanggal 1 Juni 2012, Pengadilan Banding mengkonsolidasikan banding atas *summary judgment* dengan banding atas keputusan Hakim Holderman yang menolak keberatan yang diajukan oleh Perusahaan, Indah Kiat dan APP sehubungan dengan penolakan Hakim Brown atas *motion to stay*.

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41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

In August 2002, Bank One, N.A. ("Bank One") filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois against the Company, Indah Kiat and APP. The claim against the Company and Indah Kiat is for their failure to pay two (2) promissory notes issued by the Company and Indah Kiat that, as of April 25, 1998, had a face value of USD21.8 million and USD16.2 million, respectively. APP was named as codefendant because APP was the guarantor for both promissory notes.

The promissory notes were originally issued to Beloit Corporation as part-payment for machinery, and they were subsequently assigned to the First National Bank of Chicago, the predecessor of Bank One.

In late 2004, JP Morgan Chase (JP Morgan) acquired Bank One and subsequently successfully applied to Court to substitute Bank One as the plaintiffs in the complaint.

On October 14, 2009, Honorable James F. Holderman granted JP Morgan's motion for summary judgment against the Company and Indah Kiat.

On April 21, 2010, Honorable James F. Holderman issued the Memorandum Opinion And Order which granted the summary judgment in favor of JP Morgan against APP. The Company, Indah Kiat and APP filed an appeal against the Honorable Holderman's order granting summary judgment submitted JP Morgan.

JP Morgan issued several citations to discover assets on the Company, Indah Kiat and APP. The Company, Indah Kiat and APP filed a motion to postpone the execution of the citations against them on the ground that an injunction issued in Indonesia prevented the disclosure of the requested information. Magistrate Judge Brown denied the motion to postpone. This decision was appealed to Judge Holderman and the Court of Appeals. All citations to discover assets have been dismissed.

On June 1, 2012, the Court of Appeals consolidated the appeal regarding the entry of summary judgment with the appeal of Judge Holderman's decision to overrule the objections filed by the Company, Indah Kiat and APP to Magistrate Judge Brown's denial of the motion to stay.

41. GUGATAN DAN TUNTUTAN YANG MATERIAL (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 21 Februari 2013, Pengadilan Banding menguatkan keputusan Hakim Ketua Holderman untuk memberikan summary judgment kepada JP Morgan. Pengadilan Banding tidak membahas mengenai masalah apakah penolakan motion to stay citations dari JP Morgan untuk menemukan aset-aset dari Perusahaan, Indah Kiat dan APP oleh Hakim Ketua Holderman telah tepat sehubungan dengan adanya dugaan bahwa pengajuan banding diduga prematur.

Pada tanggal 26 Juni 2013, Perusahaan, Indah Kiat, dan APP mengajukan permohonan writ of certiorari kepada Mahkamah Agung Amerika Serikat untuk membahas pendapat dari Pengadilan Banding. Pada tanggal 17 September 2013, permohonan Writ of Certiorari telah ditarik. Sehubungan dengan penarikan permohonan Writ of Certiorari, Shenton World Partners menggantikan JP Morgan selaku penggugat.

Perusahaan belum dapat mengetahui dampak dari kasus litigasi terhadap Perusahaan karena status kasus litigasi yang belum final.

42. KOMITMEN

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mempunyai komitmenkomitmen sebagai berikut:

- Kegiatan usaha Perusahaan sangat tergantung kepada peraturan pemerintah mengenai lingkungan hidup. Peraturan tersebut terus menerus ditelaah dan diperbaharui. Perusahaan mungkin diharuskan untuk mengeluarkan beban-beban yang signifikan agar dapat memenuhi perubahan peraturan mengenai lingkungan hidup tersebut. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa kegiatan usaha Perusahaan sudah sesuai, dalam segala hal yang material, dengan peraturan lingkungan hidup yang ada.
- 2. Walaupun tanggal efektif dari MRA telah tercapai, namun masih ada beberapa klaim yang tidak berpartisipasi dalam MRA yang masih terutang dari pihak yang sedang dalam proses penyelesaian, termasuk dengan cara penyelesaian sesuai dengan ketentuan MRA. Apabila klaim tersebut belum diselesaikan secara menyeluruh, ada kemungkinan Perusahaan atau Entitas Anak masih harus mengakui liabilitas tambahan atau penalti.

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41. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION AND CLAIMS (Continued)

On February 21, 2013, The Court of Appeals affirmed Chief Judge Holderman's orders granting JP Morgan summary judgment. The Court of Appeals did not reach the issue of whether Chief Judgment Holderman properly denied the motion to stay JP Morgan's citations to discover assets against the Company, Indah Kiat and APP finding that the appeal was premature.

On June 26, 2013, the Company, Indah Kiat, and APP filed a petition for writ of certiorari with the United States Supreme Court to review the Court of Appeal's opinion. On September 17, 2013, the Petition for Writ of Certiorari has been withdrawn. Following withdrawal of the Petition for Writ of Certiorari, Shenton World Partners replaced JP Morgan as plaintiff.

The Company cannot determine the impact of the litigation case to the Company since status of the litigations is not final yet.

42. COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company and its Subsidiaries have the following commitments:

- 1. The Company's operations are subject to extensive government environmental regulations. Such regulations are continuously being reviewed and amended. The Company may be required to incur significant expenditures in order to comply with changing environmental regulations. The management believes that the Company's operations are in compliance, in all material respects, with existing environmental regulations.
- 2. Although the effective date of the MRA has been achieved, there are some claims from non-participants in the MRA which debts are still outstanding and in the process of resolution, including by way of settlement in accordance with the provisions of the MRA. If the claims are not settled completely, there is the possibility of the Company or the Subsidiaries still have to recognize additional liabilities or penalties.

43. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN

Tabel berikut menyajikan nilai tercatat dan taksiran nilai wajar dari instrumen keuangan yang dicatat di laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014:

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43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table sets forth the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments that are carried in the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	30 Jun 2015 / a	Jun 30, 2015	
	Nilai Tercatat/	Nilai Wajar/	
Akun	Carrying Amounts	Fair Values	Accounts
Aset Keuangan			Financial Assets
Nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi			Fair value through profit or loss
(FVTPL)			(FVTPL)
Investasi pada reksadana	15.156	15.156	Investment in mutual fund
Pinjaman yang diberikan			
dan piutang			Loans and Receivables
Kas dan setara kas	68.216	68.216	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi			Trade receivables - net of
penyisihan atas penurunan nilai	190.066	190.066	allowance for impairment
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	1.317	1.317	Other receivables - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	252.294	252.294	Other current assets
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi -			Non-current trade receivables -
tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi			related parties - net of allowance
penyisihan atas penurunan nilai	22.354	22.354	for impairment
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non current other receivables -
tidak lancar	139.313	139.313	related parties
Total Aset Keuangan	688.716	688.716	Total Financial Assets
Liabilitas Keuangan			Financial Liabilities
Liabilitas dicatat pada			
biaya perolehan diamortisasi			Liabilities at amortized cost
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	445.056	445.056	Short-term bank loans
Utang murabahah	22.502	22.502	Murabahah payable
Pembiayaan musyarakah	9.751	9.751	Musyarakah financing
Utang usaha	36.356	36.356	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	10.085	10.085	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	12.573	12.573	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non current - other payables -
jangka panjang	4.651	4.651	related parties
Liabilitas jangka panjang:			Long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	1.130	1.130	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank	146.404	146.404	Bank loan
Pembiayaan musyarakah -	·	·	Musyarakah financing -
pihak ketiga	7.501	7.501	third party
Pinjaman	177.595	177.595	Loans
Wesel bayar	842.817	842.817	Notes payable
Total Liabilitas Keuangan	1.716.421	1.716.421	Total Financial Liabilities

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43. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31 Des 2014 / Dec 31, 201			
	Nilai Tercatat/	Nilai Wajar/	
Akun	Carrying Amounts	Fair Values	Accounts
Aset Keuangan Nilai wajar melalui laporan laba rugi			Financial Assets Fair value through profit or loss
(FVTPL)			(FVTPL)
Investasi pada reksadana	15.686	15.686	Investment in mutual fund
Pinjaman yang diberikan			
dan piutang			Loans and Receivables
Kas dan setara kas	142.360	142.360	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha - setelah dikurangi			Trade receivables - net of
penyisihan atas penurunan nilai	129.755	129.755	allowance for impairment
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	584	584	Other receivables - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	171.592	171.592	Other current assets
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi -			Non-current trade receivables -
tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi			related parties - net of allowance
penyisihan atas penurunan nilai	22.047	22.047	for impairment
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non current other receivables -
tidak lancar	138.498	138.498	related parties
Total Aset Keuangan	620.522	620.522	Total Financial Assets
Liabilitas Keuangan			Financial Liabilities
Liabilitas dicatat pada			
biaya perolehan diamortisasi			Liabilities at amortized cost
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	371.856	371.856	Short-term bank loans
Utang murabahah	24.116	24.116	Murabahah payable
Utang usaha	42.006	42.006	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	5.430	5.430	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	13.307	13.307	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non current - other payables -
jangka panjang	4.655	4.655	related parties
Liabilitas jangka panjang:			Long-term liabilities:
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	1.455	1.455	Lease liabilities
Pinjaman bank	156.013	156.013	Bank loan
Pinjaman	190.849	190.849	Loans
Wesel bayar	865.786	865.786	Notes payable
Total Liabilitas Keuangan	1.675.473	1.675.473	Total Financial Liabilities
. C.a. =omao i.oaangan			. otaaold Elabi

Berdasarkan PSAK 60, "Instrumen Keuangan: Pengungkapan", terdapat tingkatan hirarki nilai wajar sebagai berikut:

(a) harga kuotasian (tidak disesuaikan) dalam pasar aktif untuk aset atau liabilitas yang identik (tingkat 1), Based on PSAK 60, "Financial Instruments: Disclosures", there are levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

(a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liability (level 1)

43. INSTRUMEN KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

- (b) input selain harga kuotasian yang termasuk dalam tingkat 1 yang dapat diobservasi untuk aset atau liabilitas, baik secara langsung (misalnya harga) atau secara tidak langsung (misalnya derivasi dari harga pasar) (tingkat 2), dan
- (c) input untuk aset atau liabilitas yang bukan berdasarkan data pasar yang dapat diobservasi (input yang tidak dapat diobservasi) (tingkat 3).

Metode dan asumsi berikut ini digunakan untuk mengestimasi nilai wajar untuk setiap kelompok instrumen keuangan sepanjang nilai tersebut dapat diestimasi:

Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka pendek:

Instrumen keuangan jangka pendek dengan jatuh tempo satu tahun atau kurang.

Instrumen keuangan ini diperkirakan sebesar nilai tercatat mereka karena sebagian besar merupakan jangka pendek (tingkat 2).

Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang:

 Liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang dengan suku bunga tetap dan variabel.

Nilai wajar dari liabilitas keuangan ini ditentukan dengan mendiskontokan arus kas masa datang menggunakan suku bunga yang berlaku dari transaksi pasar yang dapat diamati untuk instrumen dengan persyaratan, risiko kredit dan jatuh tempo yang sama (tingkat 2).

· Aset dan liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang lainnya.

Estimasi nilai wajar didasarkan pada nilai diskonto dari arus kas masa datang yang disesuaikan untuk mencerminkan risiko pihak lawan (untuk aset keuangan) dan risiko kredit Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak (untuk liabilitas keuangan) dan menggunakan suku bunga bebas risiko (*risk-free rates*) dari instrumen yang serupa (tingkat 2).

Instrumen keuangan yang dikuotasikan dalam pasar aktif.

Merupakan investasi pada unit reksadana yang nilai wajarnya ditentukan berdasarkan nilai aset neto yang dipublikasikan dan investasi dalam obligasi yang nilai wajarnya ditentukan dengan mengacu pada kuotasi harga pasar terakhir yang di publikasikan pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014.

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43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from market prices) (level 2), and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Short-term financial assets and liability:

 Short-term financial instruments with remaining maturities of one year or less.

These financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts largely due to their short-term maturities (level 2).

Long-term financial assets and liability:

• Long-term fixed-rate and variable-rate financial liability.

The fair value of these financial liabilities is determined by discounting future cash flows using applicable rates from observable current market transactions for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities (level 2).

· Other long-term financial assets and liabilities.

Estimated fair value is based on discounted value of future cash flows adjusted to reflect counterparty risk (for financial assets) and the Companies and Subsidiaries' own credit risk (for financial liabilities) and using risk-free rates for similar instruments (level 2).

Financial instruments quoted in an active market.

Consist of investment in mutual funds which fair value is based on net asset published and investment in bonds which fair values are based on the latest published quoted price as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

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44. PENGARUH PENERAPAN PSAK 55 (REVISI 2011)

Per tanggal 30 Juni 2015 dan 31 Desember 2014, penerapan PSAK 55 (Revisi 2011) (Catatan 2f) menyebabkan penyesuaian berikut ini:

Saldo sebelum penyesuaian/

Balance before

44. EFFECT OF ADOPTION OF PSAK 55 (REVISED 2011)

Setelah

penyesuaian/

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the adoption of PSAK 55 (Revised 2011) (Note 2f) resulted to the following adjustments:

	Balance before adjustment	neτο/ Net adjustment	penyesuaian/ As Adjusted	
	aujustinent	Net aujustinent	AS Aujusteu	
LABORAN BOOKS VENANGAN				INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN				STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL
INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN				POSITION
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi -				Non-current trade receivables -
tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi				related parties - net of allowance
penyisihan atas penurunan nilai	22.719	(365)	22.354	for impairment
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -				Non current other
tidak lancar	140.530	(1.217)	139.313	receivables - related parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	(32.415)	19.842	(12.573)	Accrued expenses
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto	(30.868)	4.413	(26.455)	Deferred tax liabilities - net
Pinjaman jangka panjang	(170.332)	(7.263)	(177.595)	Long-term liabilities
Wesel bayar	(809.757)	(33.060)	(842.817)	Notes payable INTERIM
LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHEI	NSIF			CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF
INTERIM KONSOLIDASIAN	····			COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Beban bunga	(22.609)	2.277	(20.332)	Interest expense
Laba selisih kurs - neto	9.349	222	9.571	Gain on foreign exchange - net
Laba belum direalisasi atas	3.543		9.571	Unrealized gain on fair value
perubahan nilai wajar piutang				changes of non-current
		1.788	1.788	
usaha tidak lancar	4 400			trade receivables
Manfaat pajak tangguhan	4.132	(856)	3.276	Deferred tax benefit
		es 2014 / <i>Dec 31, 20</i>	14	
	Saldo sebelum	D	0-4-1-1-	
	penyesuaian/	Penyesuaian	Setelah	
	Balance before	neto/	penyesuaian/	
		-		
	Balance before	neto/	penyesuaian/	CONSOLIDATED
LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN	Balance before	neto/	penyesuaian/	CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL
LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN KONSOLIDASIAN	Balance before	neto/	penyesuaian/	
	Balance before	neto/	penyesuaian/	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL
KONSOLIDASIAN	Balance before	neto/	penyesuaian/	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi	Balance before	neto/	penyesuaian/	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai	Balance before adjustment	neto/ Net adjustment	penyesuaian/ As Adjusted	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables -
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi	Balance before adjustment 22.823	neto/ Net adjustment (776)	penyesuaian/ As Adjusted	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar	Balance before adjustment 22.823 141.092	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594)	penyesuaian/ As Adjusted 22.047 138.498	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar	22.823 141.092 (24.638)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331	22.047 138.498 (13.307)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar	22.823 141.092 (24.638)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331	22.047 138.498 (13.307)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto Pinjaman jangka panjang Wesel bayar	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504)	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto Pinjaman jangka panjang Wesel bayar LAPORAN LABA RUGI	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504)	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto Pinjaman jangka panjang Wesel bayar LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF KONSOLIDASIAN	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345) (837.978)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504) (27.808)	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849) (865.786)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto Pinjaman jangka panjang Wesel bayar LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF KONSOLIDASIAN Beban bunga	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345) (837.978)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504) (27.808)	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849) (865.786)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Interest expense
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto Pinjaman jangka panjang Wesel bayar LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF KONSOLIDASIAN Beban bunga Laba selisih kurs - neto	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345) (837.978)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504) (27.808)	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849) (865.786)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Interest expense Gain on foreign exchange - net
KONSOLIDASIAN Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar - setelah dikurangi penyisihan atas penurunan nilai Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar Beban masih harus dibayar Liabilitas pajak tangguhan - neto Pinjaman jangka panjang Wesel bayar LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF KONSOLIDASIAN Beban bunga Laba selisih kurs - neto Laba belum direalisasi atas	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345) (837.978)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504) (27.808)	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849) (865.786)	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Interest expense Gain on foreign exchange - net Unrealized gain on fair value
Financial Resident Policy Resi	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345) (837.978)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504) (27.808) (954) 350	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849) (865.786) (45.091) 23.183	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Interest expense Gain on foreign exchange - net Unrealized gain on fair value changes of non-current
Financial Resident Political Res	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345) (837.978) (44.137) 22.833	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504) (27.808) (954) 350	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849) (865.786) (45.091) 23.183	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Interest expense Gain on foreign exchange - net Unrealized gain on fair value changes of non-current trade receivables
Financial Resident Policy Resi	22.823 141.092 (24.638) (34.753) (184.345) (837.978)	neto/ Net adjustment (776) (2.594) 11.331 5.270 (6.504) (27.808) (954) 350	22.047 138.498 (13.307) (29.483) (190.849) (865.786) (45.091) 23.183	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION Non-current trade receivables - related parties - net of allowance for impairment Non current other receivables - related parties Accrued expenses Deferred tax liabilities - net Long-term liabilities Notes payable CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Interest expense Gain on foreign exchange - net Unrealized gain on fair value changes of non-current

30 Jun 2015 / Jun 30, 2015

Penyesuaian

neto/

45. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN

Manajemen Risiko Keuangan

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dipengaruhi oleh berbagai risiko keuangan, termasuk risiko pasar (termasuk risiko nilai tukar mata uang asing, risiko tingkat bunga dan risiko fluktuasi harga), risiko kredit dan risiko likuiditas. Tujuan manajemen risiko Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak secara keseluruhan adalah untuk secara efektif mengendalikan risiko-risiko ini dan meminimalisasi pengaruh merugikan yang dapat terjadi terhadap kinerja keuangan mereka.

a. Risiko nilai tukar mata uang asing

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terkena risiko perubahan nilai tukar mata uang asing terutama dalam Rupiah Indonesia, Euro Eropa, Yen Jepang dan Yuan Cina atas biaya, aset dan liabilitas tertentu yang timbul karena aktivitas pendanaan dan kegiatan operasional sehari-hari. Informasi mengenai aset dan liabilitas moneter Perusahaan dan Entitas anak dalam mata uang asing disajikan pada Catatan 37.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memonitor dan mengelola risiko ini dengan menyepadankan kewajiban keuangan dalam mata uang asing dengan aset keuangan dalam mata uang asing terkait dan melakukan pembelian atau penjualan mata uang asing saat diperlukan.

Jika pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 Dolar AS melemah/menguat 5% terhadap mata uang Rupiah Indonesia, Euro Eropa dan Yen Jepang dan Yuan Cina, dengan seluruh variabel lain tetap, maka laba neto interim konsolidasi untuk periode enam bulan yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015 akan berupa penurunan/peningkatan USD0,8 juta.

b. Risiko tingkat bunga

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak didanai dengan berbagai pinjaman bank dan surat utang yang dikenakan bunga. Oleh karena itu, eksposur Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terhadap risiko pasar sehubungan dengan perubahan tingkat suku bunga terutama atas liabilitas jangka panjang serta aset dan liabilitas yang dikenakan bunga. Kebijakan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah untuk memperoleh tingkat suku bunga yang paling menguntungkan tanpa meningkatkan eksposur terhadap mata uang asing dengan mengelola biaya pinjamannya menggunakan kombinasi antara utang dan liabilitas jangka panjang dengan tingkat suku bunga tetap dan mengambang.

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45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial Risk Management

The Company and Subsidiaries are influenced by a various financial risk, along with market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price fluctuation risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company and Subsidiaries overall risk management objectives are to effectively manage these risks and minimize potential adverse effects on their financial performance.

a. Foreign exchange risk

The Company and Subsidiaries are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate movements primarily in Indonesian Rupiah, European Euro, Japanese Yen and Chinese Yuan on certain expenses, assets and liability that arise from financing activities and daily operations. Information about monetary assets and liabilities of the Company and its Subsidiaries in foreign currencies are disclosed in Note 37.

The Company and Subsidiaries monitor and manage the risk by matching the foreign currency financial obligation with relevant foreign currency financial assets and buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rate when necessary.

If as of June 30, 2015, US Dollar had weakened/strengthened by 5% against Indonesian Rupiah, European Euro, Japanese Yen and Chinese Yuan with all other variables held constant, interim consolidated net income for the six months period ended June 30, 2015 would have been a decrease/increase of approximately USD0.8 million.

b. Interest rate risk

The Company and Subsidiaries are financed through interest-bearing bank loans and notes. Therefore, the Company and Subsidiaries' exposures to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to their long-term borrowing liabilities and interest-bearing assets and liabilities. The Company and Subsidiaries' policies are to obtain the most favorable interest rates available without increasing their foreign currency exposure by managing their interest cost using a mixture of fixed and floating rate debts and long-term borrowings.

45. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015, jika suku bunga lebih tinggi/rendah 50 basis point dengan seluruh variabel lain tetap, maka laba tahun berjalan akan menjadi lebih rendah/tinggi USD1,0 juta yang terutama timbul sebagai akibat beban bunga yang lebih tinggi/rendah atas pinjaman dengan suku bunga mengambang.

c. Risiko kredit

Eksposur Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak terhadap risiko kredit timbul dari wanprestasi pihak lain, dengan eksposur maksimum sebesar nilai nominal aset keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak, sebagai berikut:

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45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015, if the interest rate had been 50 basis points higher/lower with all variables held constant, profit for the year would have been USD1.0 million lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate loans.

c. Credit risk

The Company and Subsidiaries' exposure to credit risk arises from the default of other parties, with maximum exposure equal the nominal value of its financial assets, as follows:

	30 Jun 2015/ <i>Jun 30, 2015</i>	31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014	
Kas dan setara kas	68.178	142.322	Cash and cash equivalent
Piutang usaha	190.066	129.755	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	1.317	584	Other receivable - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	252.294	171.592	Other current assets
Investasi pada reksadana	15.156	15.686	Investment in mutual funds
Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi -			Non-current trade receivables -
tidak lancar pada nilai nominal	22.719	22.823	related parties at nominal value
Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi -			Non current - other receivable -
tidak lancar pada nilai nominal	140.530	141.092	related parties at nominal value
Total	690.260	623.854	Total

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak memiliki dan menerapkan kebijakan dan prosedur pemberian kredit untuk memastikan adanya evaluasi kredit yang hati-hati dan pengawasan akun piutang yang aktif.

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengelola risiko kredit yang terkait dengan simpanan di bank dengan memonitor reputasi, peringkat kredit dan membatasi risiko agregat dari masing-masing pihak dalam kontrak. Tidak terdapat konsentrasi risiko kredit yang signifikan terkait dengan piutang usaha, hal ini disebabkan keragaman pelanggan.

Analisis umur aset keuangan yang belum jatuh tempo atau tidak mengalami penurunan nilai dan yang lewat jatuh tempo pada akhir periode pelaporan tetapi tidak mengalami penurunan nilai adalah sebagai berikut: The Company and Subsidiaries have in place credit policies and procedures to ensure prudent credit evaluation and active account monitoring.

The Company and Subsidiaries manage credit risk exposure from their deposits with banks by monitoring reputation, credit ratings and limiting the aggregate risk to any individual counterparty. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables due to their diverse customer base.

The analysis of the age of financial assets that were neither past due nor impaired and past due as at the end of the reporting period but not impaired was as follows:

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45. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

		30 J	un 2015 / <i>Jun 30, 20</i>	115		
	Belum Jatuh Tempo ataupun	Telah Jatuh				
	mengalami Penurunan Nilai/ Neither Past Due or Impaired	Kurang dari 3 bulan/ Less than 3 months	3 bulan - 12 bulan/ 3 months - 12 months	Lebih dari 1 tahun/ More than 1 year	Total/ Total	
Kas dan setara kas	68.178	-	-	-	68.178	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	169.378	9.746	127	10.815	190.066	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	1.317	-	-	-	1.317	Other receivable - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	252.294	-	-	-	252.294	Other current assets
Investasi pada reksadana Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar	15.156	-	-	-	15.156	Investment in mutual funds Non-current trade receivables - related parties at
pada nilai nominal Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar	22.719	-	-	-	22.719	nominal value Non current other receivable - related parties at
pada nilai nominal	140.530	-			140.530	nominal value
Total	669.572	9.746	127	10.815	690.260	Total

	Belum Jatuh Tempo ataupun	Telah Jatuh				
	mengalami Penurunan Nilai/ Neither Past Due or Impaired	Kurang dari 3 bulan/ Less than 3 months	3 bulan - 12 bulan/ 3 months - 12 months	Lebih dari 1 tahun/ More than 1 year	Total/ Total	
Kas dan setara kas	142.322	-	-	-	142.322	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	107.576	10.117	8	12.054	129.755	Trade receivables
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	584	-	-	-	584	Other receivable - third parties
Aset lancar lainnya	171.592	-	-	-	171.592	Other current assets
Investasi pada reksadana Piutang usaha - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar	15.686	-	-	-	15.686	Investment in mutual funds Non-current trade receivables - related parties at
pada nilai nominal Piutang lain-lain - pihak berelasi - tidak lancar	22.823	-	-	-	22.823	nominal value Non current other receivable - related parties at
pada nilai nominal	141.092	-			141.092	nominal value
Total	601.675	10.117	8	12.054	623.854	Total

d. Risiko likuiditas

Manajemen risiko likuiditas yang hati-hati berimplikasi menyiapkan kas dan setara kas yang cukup untuk mendukung aktivitas usaha secara tepat waktu. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak menjaga keseimbangan antara kontinuitas penerimaan piutang dan fleksibilitas dengan menggunakan utang bank dan pinjaman lainnya.

Tabel di bawah menunjukkan analisis jatuh tempo liabilitas keuangan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak dalam rentang waktu yang menunjukkan jatuh tempo kontraktual untuk semua liabilitas keuangan non-derivatif yang diperlukan dalam pemahaman jatuh tempo kebutuhan arus kas. Jumlah yang diungkapkan dalam tabel adalah arus kas kontraktual yang tidak terdiskonto (tidak termasuk beban bunga pinjaman):

d. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents to support business activities on timely basis. The Company and Subsidiaries maintain a balance between continuity of accounts receivable collectibility and flexibility through the use of bank loans and other borrowings.

The following table analyze the Company and Subsidiaries' financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities which are essential in understanding the timing of cash flows requirements. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (excluding interest expense on loans):

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45. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

	Nilai arus kas kontraktual / Contractual cash flows amounts						
		Lebih dari					
		1 tahun sampai					
	O	5 tahun/	Lebih dari				
	Sampai dengan 1 tahun/	After 1 year but not more than	5 tahun/ <i>More than</i>	Total/			
	Within 1 year	not more than 5 years	wore than 5 years	Total			
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	445.056	-	-	445.056	Short-term bank loans		
Utang murabahah	22.502	-	-	22.502	Murabahah payable		
Pembiayaan musyarakah	9.751	-	-	9.751	Musyarakah financing		
Utang usaha	36.356	-	-	36.356	Trade payables		
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	10.085	-	-	10.085	Other payables - third parties		
Beban masih harus dibayar	31.689	726	-	32.415	Accrued expenses		
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi	4.651	-	-	4.651	Due to related parties		
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	630	500	-	1.130	Lease liability		
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	25.099	101.189	20.116	146.404	Long-term bank loans		
Pembiayaan musyarakah -					Musyarakah financing -		
jangka panjang - pihak ketiga	-	7.501	-	7.501	long-term - third party		
Pinjaman jangka panjang pada					Long-term loans at		
nilai nominal	9.325	51.145	109.862	170.332	nominal value		
Wesel bayar pada					Notes payable at		
nilai nominal	45.104	247.780	516.873	809.757	nominal value		
Total	640.248	408.841	646.851	1.695.940	Total		

	Sampai dengan 1 tahun/ Within 1 year	Contractual cash Lebih dari 1 tahun sampai 5 tahun/ After 1 year but not more than 5 years	Lebih dari 5 tahun/ More than 5 years	Total/ Total	
Pinjaman bank jangka pendek	371.856	-	-	371.856	Short-term bank loans
Utang murabahah	24.116	-	-	24.116	Murabahah payable
Utang usaha	42.006	-	-	42.006	Trade payables
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	5.430	-	-	5.430	Other payables - third parties
Beban masih harus dibayar	23.912	726	-	24.638	Accrued expenses
Utang lain-lain - pihak berelasi	4.655	-	-	4.655	Due to related parties
Liabilitas sewa pembiayaan	651	804	-	1.455	Lease liability
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	24.895	131.118	_	156.013	Long-term bank loans
Pinjaman jangka panjang pada					Long-term loans at
nilai nominal	8.575	52.171	123.599	184.345	nominal value
Wesel bayar pada					Notes payable at
nilai nominal	39.491	240.361	558.126	837.978	nominal value
Total	545.587	425.180	681.725	1.652.492	Total

Pengelolaan Permodalan

Tujuan utama dari pengelolaan permodalan Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak adalah untuk memastikan bahwa dipertahankannya rasio modal yang sehat agar dapat mendukung kelancaran usahanya dan memaksimalkan nilai dari pemegang saham. Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak mengelola struktur modalnya dan membuat penyesuaian-penyesuaian sehubungan dengan perubahan kondisi ekonomi dan karakteristik dari

Capital Management

The main objective of the Company and Subsidiaries' capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support their business and maximize shareholder value. The Company and Subsidiaries manage their capital structure and make adjustments with respect to changes in economic conditions and the characteristics of their business risks. No changes have been made in the objectives, policies

45. TUJUAN DAN KEBIJAKAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO KEUANGAN (Lanjutan)

risiko usahanya. Tidak ada perubahan dalam tujuan, kebijakan dan proses dan sama seperti penerapan tahun-tahun sebelumnya.

Perusahaan memonitor struktur modalnya dengan menggunakan rasio utang terhadap ekuitas dimana total utang dibagi dengan total ekuitas. Total utang ini adalah utang pokok dari pinjaman yang berbunga.

 30 Jun 2015/ Jun 30, 2015
 31 Des 2014/ Dec 31, 2014

 Pinjaman berbunga
 1.421.313
 1.417.248

 Ekuitas
 947.036
 931.307

 Rasio Utang terhadap Ekuitas
 1,5
 1,5

46. PERISTIWA SETELAH PERIODE PELAPORAN

Pada tanggal 9 Juli 2015, Bank of China Limited ("BOC") telah setuju untuk memperpanjang *Combine Facility Sight & Usance L/C* atau *SKBDN & T/R Facility* yang telah diterima Perusahaan sampai dengan 17 Juni 2016.

47. INFORMASI TAMBAHAN ARUS KAS

Aktivitas yang tidak mempengaruhi arus kas:

46. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

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years.

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45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND

and processes as they have been applied in previous

The Company monitors its use of capital structure using

a debt-to-equity ratio which is total debt divided by total

equity. Total debt represents interest bearing borrowings.

Interest bearing borrowings

Debt to Equity Ratio

Equity

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)

States Dollar, unless otherwise stated)

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On July 9, 2015, Bank of China Limited ("BOC") has agreed to extended Combine Facility Sight & Usance L/C or SKBDN & T/R Facility, which has been received by the Company up to June, 17, 2016.

47. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

Activities not affecting cash flows:

 30 Jun 2015/ Jun 30, 2015
 30 Jun 2014/ Jun 30, 2014

 Reklasifikasi aset dalam penyelesaian
 Reclassification asset 2.970

48. REKLASIFIKASI AKUN

Beberapa angka perbandingan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian tanggal 31 Desember 2014 telah direklasifikasi agar sesuai dengan penyajian laporan keuangan interim konsolidasian pada tanggal 30 Juni 2015. Reklasifikasi tersebut adalah sebagai berikut:

48. RECLASSIFICATION OF ACCOUNTS

Certain comparative figures in consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2014 have been reclassified to conform to the interim consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2015. These reclassifications are as follows:

	31	Des 2014 / <i>Dec 31, 2</i>	014	
	Dilaporkan			
	Sebelumnya/		Setelah	
	As Previously	Reklasifikasi/	Direklasifikasi/	
	Reported	Reclassification	As Reclassified	
Laporan Posisi Keuangan				Consolidated Statement of
Konsolidasian				Financial Position
Hutan tanaman industri	167	26.842	27.009	Industrial timber estate
Hutan tanaman industri -				Industrial timber estate -
dalam pengembangan	26.842	(26.842)	-	under development

49. STANDAR AKUNTANSI YANG BARU

Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia (IAI) telah menerbitkan standar dan interpretasi baru dan revisi yang belum berlaku efektif untuk tahun buku yang dimulai pada tanggal 1 Januari 2014.

Standar dan interpretasi berikut ini berlaku untuk laporan keuangan untuk tahun yang dimulai pada atau setelah 1 Januari 2015:

- PSAK No. 1 (Revisi 2013) Penyajian Laporan Keuangan
- PSAK No. 4 (Revisi 2013) Laporan Keuangan Tersendiri
- PSAK No. 15 (Revisi 2013) Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi dan Ventura Bersama
- PSAK No. 24 (Revisi 2013) Imbalan Kerja
- PSAK No. 46 (Revisi 2014) Pajak Penghasilan PSAK No. 48 (Revisi 2014) Penurunan Nilai Aset
- PSAK No. 50 (Revisi 2014) Instrumen Keuangan: Penvaiian
- PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2014) Instrumen Keuangan: Pengakuan dan Pengukuran
- PSAK No. 60 (Revisi 2014) Instrumen Keuangan: Pengungkapan
- PSAK No. 65 Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian
- PSAK No. 66 Pengaturan Bersama
- PSAK No. 67 Pengungkapan Kepentingan dalam **Entitas Lain**
- PSAK No. 68 Pengukuran Nilai Waiar
- ISAK No. 26 (Revisi 2014) Penilaian Ulang Derivatif Melekat

Penerapan dini standar dan interpretasi diatas sebelum 1 Januari 2015 tidak diijinkan.

Pencabutan interpretasi berikut ini penerapannya disyaratkan untuk tahun buku yang dimulai 1 Januari 2015:

- ISAK No. 7 Entitas Bertujuan Khusus
- ISAK No. 12 Pengendalian Bersama Entitas -Kontribusi Aset Nonmoneter oleh Venturer

Perusahaan dan Entitas Anak sedang mempelajari dampak yang mungkin timbul dari penerapan standarstandar tersebut laporan terhadap keuangan konsolidasian.

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49. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS **PRONOUNCEMENTS**

The Indonesian Institute of Accountants (IAI) has issued new and revised standards and interpretation of accounting standards which are not yet effective for the financial year beginning January 1, 2014.

The following standards and interpretation are effective for financial statements for the year commencing from on or after January 1, 2015:

- PSAK No. 1 (Revised 2013) Presentation of Financial Statements
- PSAK No. 4 (Revised 2013) Separate Financial Statements
- PSAK No. 15 (Revised 2013) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
- PSAK No. 24 (Revised 2013) Employee Benefits
- PSAK No. 46 (Revised 2014) Income Taxes PSAK No. 48 (Revised 2014) Impairment of Assets
- PSAK No. 50 (Revised 2014) Financial Instrument: Presentation
- PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2014) Financial Instrument: Recognition and Measurement
- PSAK No. 60 (Revised 2014) Financial Instrument: Disclosures
- PSAK No. 65 Consolidated Financial Statements
- PSAK No. 66 Joint Arrangements
- PSAK No. 67 Disclosure of Interests in Other **Entities**
- PSAK No. 68 Fair Value Measurement
- ISAK No. 26 (Revised 2014) Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives

Early adoption of these standards and interpretation prior to January 1, 2015 is not permitted.

Revocation of the following interpretations are mandatory for the financial year beginning January 1, 2015:

- ISAK No. 7 Special Purpose Entities
- ISAK No. 12 Jointly Controlled Entities: Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers

The Company and Subsidiaries are evaluating the potential impact on the consolidated financial statements as a result of the adoption of the above accounting standards.