

Assignment 3

R-2.7 Let T be a binary tree with n nodes that is implemented with a vector, S , and let p be the level numbering of the nodes in T , as given in Section 2.3.4. Give pseudo-code descriptions of each of the methods `root`, `parent`, `leftChild`, `rightChild`, `isInternal`, `isExternal`, and `isRoot`.

R-2.8 Answer the following questions so as to justify Theorem 2.8.

- Draw a binary tree with height 5 and with the maximum number of external nodes.
- What is the minimum number of external nodes for a binary tree with height h ? Justify your answer.
- What is the maximum number of external nodes for a binary tree with height h ? Justify your answer.
- Let T be a binary tree with height h and n nodes. Show that
$$\log(n+1) - 1 \leq h \leq (n-1)/2$$
- For which values of n and h can the above lower and upper bounds on h be attained with equality?

C-2.2 Analyze your implementation of the queue ADT that used two stacks (from assignment 2). What is the amortized running time for `dequeue` and `enqueue`, assuming that the stacks support constant time `push`, `pop`, and `size` methods?

C-2.7 Using the Sequence ADT, describe an efficient way of putting a sequence representing a deck of n cards into random order. Use the function `randomInt(n)`, which returns a random number between 0 and $n-1$, inclusive. Your method should guarantee that every possible ordering is equally likely. What is the running time of your method, if the sequence is implemented with an array? What if it is implemented with a linked list?