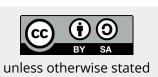
# **Global Variants in the Czech Language**

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- Content
  - How have we identified global variants?
  - What types of global variants have we seen?

- MorfFlex 2.0
  - o lemma: voprášit\_,h\_^(^GC\*\*oprášit)
  - o lemma: lavor\_,s\_^(^DD\*\*lavór)
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- Slovník spisovného jazyka českého (SSJČ)
  - v. = viz (see) in "obepsati v. opsati"
  - o comma in "*mysliti*, *mysleti*"
  - řidč. = řidčeji (rarely) in "zpěvánka, řidč. zpěvanka, zpívánka"

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- long tradition of linguistic studies on the topic of spelling variants

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- 4. uploading variants to MorfFlex and DeriNet

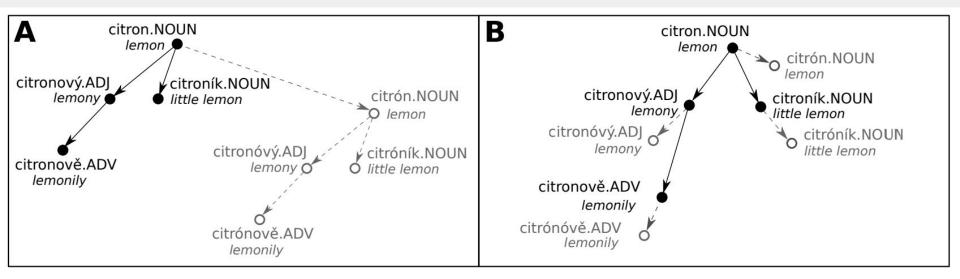
#### **Global variants into MorfFlex CZ**

- 33,477 *n*-tuples were annotated in the MorfFlex 2.0
- 18,167 n-tuples were newly added to future ver.

• the main increment is recorded for smaller *n* 

| n  | MorfFlex 2.0 | after  |  |
|----|--------------|--------|--|
| 2  | 31,919       | 49,079 |  |
| 3  | 1,227        | 2,089  |  |
| 4  | 121          | 264    |  |
| 5  | 16           | 18     |  |
| 6  | 187          | 187    |  |
| 8  | 4            | 4      |  |
| 9  | 1            | 1      |  |
| 11 | 1            | 1      |  |
| 12 | 1            | 1      |  |

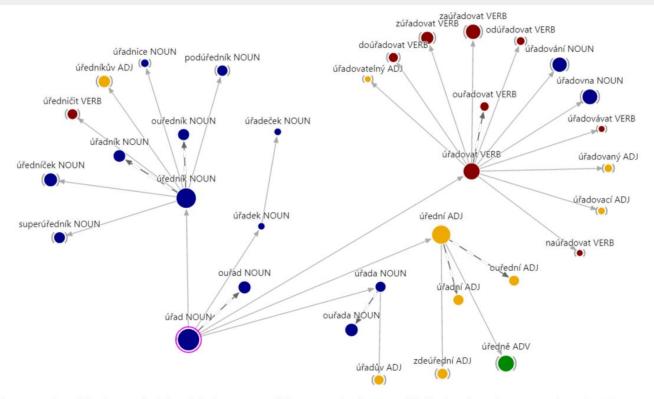
#### **Global variants into DeriNet**



**Figure 1:** Two possible ways of representing global variants in the rooted trees; (A) making parallel branches, (B) connecting variants to the basic variant (the latter option implemented in DeriNet 2.1).

- in A, a missing word/variant, e.g., citrón, would disconnect the branch
- in B, there is a need for a representative **basic variant** for each *n*-tuple

# **Example of global variants from DeriNet 2.1**



**Figure 2:** Simplified record of the global variants of the noun  $u\check{r}ad \sim ou\check{r}ad$  (office) and its derivatives from DeriNet 2.1. Variant relations are represented by dark grey dashed arrows that are shorter than the light grey solid arrows, which represent derivational relations. Size of the nodes corresponds to the token frequency of the lemmas in the corpus SYNv4 [8]. Brackets around nodes indicate that the node's derivatives were hidden for spatial reasons.

# **Prototypical Cases of Global Variants**

- Long and Short vowels
  - svíčkař ~ svíčkář ( who makes candles)
  - kvikat ~ kvíkat (to oink/squeak)

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- Soft and Hard Adjectives
  - námezdný ~ námezdní (hired)
  - přívodný ~ přívodní (feed, inflow e.g. pipe)

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- Stylistics (ú ~ ou, ý ~ ej, th ~ t, s ~ z)
  - mechanismus ~ mechanizmus (mechanism),
  - vytékat ~ vytejkat (flow/leak out)
  - úzký ~ ouzký (narrow),
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- Vocalized and Non-vocalised Prefixes
  - vpisovat ~ vepisovat (inscribe)
  - střást ~ setřást (shake off)
  - objet ~ obejet (go around)
  - předběhnout ~ předeběhnout (overtake)
  - předepisovat ~ předpisovat (prescribe)

# **Foreign Names**

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  - Paris + Paříž, Moscow + Moskva
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- Exceptions:
  - Slavic names with ending -ski or -skij inflectional variants
    - Čajkovský ~ Čajkovskij ~ Čajkovski ... only for singular nominative and vocative
  - Ancient Greek names with endings -es or -és
    - **■** Empedokles ~ Empedoklés

#### **Nouns with more paradigms**

- Usually not global variants
- one wordform for lemma: kužel (cone), chmel (hop), korbel (mug)
  - o combined inflectional paradigm (hrad + stroj) merged, wordforms = inflectional var.

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- different wordforms of lemma: *kapuca/kapuce* (hood);
  - **brambor/brambora** (potato)
    - should be merged, too, but due to different lemmas not yet
      - $\blacksquare$  the same gender (kapuca) no problem, lemmas might be inflectional variants
      - different genders (*brambor*) **Principle of morphological differentiation**: the paradigm must have a single gender ... PROBLEM

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  - different genders (*brambor*) **Principle of morphological differentiation**: the paradigm must have a single gender ... PROBLEM
- One wordform, different genders:
  - o **kredenc** (masc. inan. / fem.)
  - o **tenor, hajzl** (masc. inan. / masc. anim.)

#### Conclusion

- Inventory of Czech global variants
- Precise distinction between global and inflectional variants (variant lemma is not enough for global variant)
- New version of DeriNet
- MorfFlex new links in future official edition (concept is already implemented in version 2.0 from 2020)
- Fuzzy border between variants and non-variants (pécéčko \*písíčko, zvýhodněný \*zvýhodnělý) ... to be reconsidered

**Questions?** 

**Comments?** 

**Suggestions?** 

#### **Prototypical Cases ... too detailed !!!**

#### Vocalized and Non-vocalised Prefixes

| V-  | S-  | VZ-  | roz-  | od-  | pod-  | nad-  | ob-  | před-  |
|-----|-----|------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|--------|
| ve- | se- | vze- | roze- | ode- | pode- | nade- | obe- | přede- |

- vpisovat ~ vepisovat (inscribe), vemlouvat ~ vmlouvat (ingratiate)
- střást ~ setřást (shake off)
- vzplát ~ vzeplát (flare up), vzedmout ~ vzdmout (surge)
- rozsmutnit ~ rozesmutnit (make sad), rozebírat ~ rozbírat (disassemble)
- odjet ~ odejet (leave), odečítat ~ odčítat (subtract)
- podebírat ~ podbírat (scoop up), podjet ~ podejet (go under)
- objet ~ obejet (go around), obestavět ~ obstavět (build around)
- předběhnout ~ předeběhnout (overtake), předepisovat ~ předpisovat (prescribe)

#### **Acknowledgement**

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