PART 01:

1. Create a new class called 'Item' with two protected instance variables (private variables), an integer variable called 'location', and a String variable called 'description'.

2. Add a constructor method for the Item class that takes an integer and a String as arguments (in that order).

3. The constructor should assign the value of these parameters to the corresponding instance variables.

4. Add getter and setter methods for the location and description variables.

5. Add another class called Monster and make the Monster class a sub-class of the Item class.

6. Add a constructor method to the Monster class that takes an integer and a String argument just like the Item class constructor.

7. Use these arguments to call the Item super class constructor from within the Monster class constructor so that the instance variables in the superclass are instantiated correctly.

```
public class Item {

    //create variable location & description (protected)

        protected int location;
        protected String description;

        // constructor  method

        public Item(int location ,  String description) {
            this.location = location;
            this.description=description;
            }

        //getter and setter method for 'location'
        protected int getLocation() {
```

```
            return location;
        }
        protected void setLocation(int location) {
            this.location=location;
        }

        //getter and setter method for 'description'
        protected String getDescription() {
            return description;
        }
        protected void setDescription(String description) {
            this.description=description;
        }



    }
```

```
public class Monster extends Item {

    //constructor with integer and strign argument
    public Monster(int location , String description) {
        super(location,description); // call the constructor
of the superclass(item)
    }

}
```

PART 02

1. Which of these keywords is used to refer to member of base class from a sub class?
   a) upper b) super c) this d) None of the mentioned

3. The modifier which specifies that the member can only be accessed in its own class is
   a) public b) private c) protected d) none

4. Which of these is a mechanism for naming and visibility control of a class and its content?
   a) Object b) Packages
   c) Interfaces d) None of the Mentioned.

5. Which of the following is correct way of importing an entire package ‘pkg’?
   a) import pkg. b) Import pkg.
   c) import pkg.* ; d) Import pkg.*

6. Which of these method of class String is used to extract a single character from a String object?
   a) CHARAT() b) charat()
   c) charAt() d) CharAt()

7. Which of these method of class String is used to obtain length of String object?
   a) get() b) Sizeof()
   c) lengthof() d) length()

PART 03: Fill in the blanks using appropriate term.

1. Real-world objects contain **attribute** and **behavier**.
2. A software object's state is stored in **instance variables.**.
3. A software object's behavior is exposed through **methods**.
4. Hiding internal data from the outside world, and accessing it only through publicly exposed methods is known as data **encapsulation.**
5. A blueprint for a software object is called a **class**.
6. Common behavior can be defined in a **base class** and inherited into a **derived class** using the **extends** keyword.
7. A collection of methods with no implementation is called an **interface**.
8. A namespace that organizes classes and interfaces by functionality is called a **package**.
9. The term API stands for **Application Programming Interface**.?