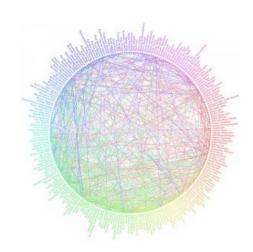
UEFA Euro 2016



Agenda

Main Research Question

- What are the characteristics of the teams competing in UEFA Euro 2016?
- Can the data gathering and presentation be automated for future events?
 (Feasibility)?

Sub Research Questions (per country or per position)

- What is the distribution of player height per team?
- What is the distribution of player age per team?
- What is the distribution of player market value per team?
- How do they compare on these characteristics?
- Where are the clubs located the players play for (geolocation of home ground)?

Conslusion

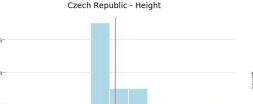
Main Research Question (Final Output)

"What are the characteristics of the teams competing in UEFA Euro 2016?"

UEFA Euro 2016 - Countries



Team histograms The distributions of player attributes (height, age, market value) for each country. The red line marks the median value. Select two countries in the sidebar to compare teams



4-2-170 180 180

Italy - Hergh R + B B X * - =

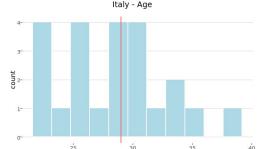
count: 6

Final output:

Multi-page Shiny application to interactively explore the teams and players

Czech Republic - Age

height



height

Motivation:

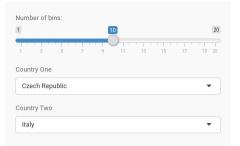
- Interested in Football and intrigued by the idea to quantify national teams
- Interested in web development and data visualization

https://lullrich.shinyapps.io/uefa2016/

The link doesn't work for me at the moment (again...) and it is not the latest version. To start the app locally, see main.R (the main entry point)

Sub Research Question (Final Output)

"Where are the clubs located the players play for?"



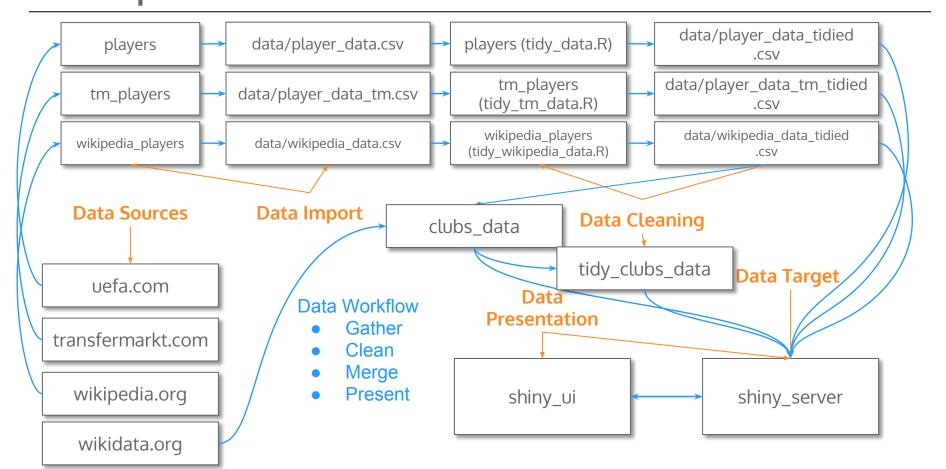


Map of player clubs

A map of every club that has players participating in EURO 2016. The size of the marker is equivalent to the number of players the club sent to France. Click on a circle to see information about the club.

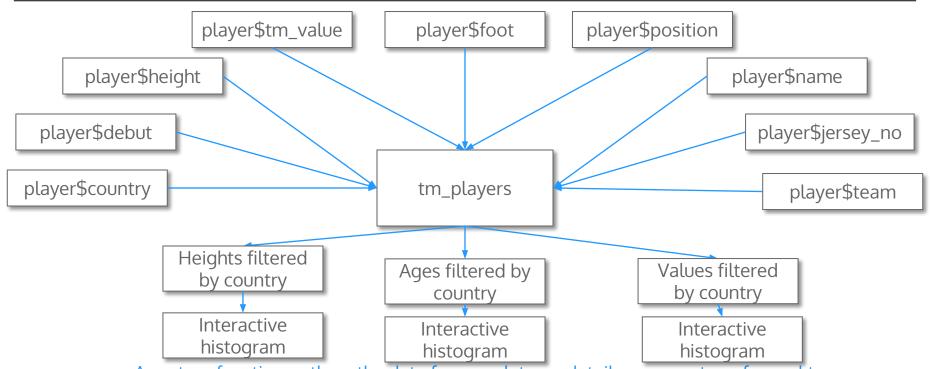


Status Update Data Pipeline



Status Update

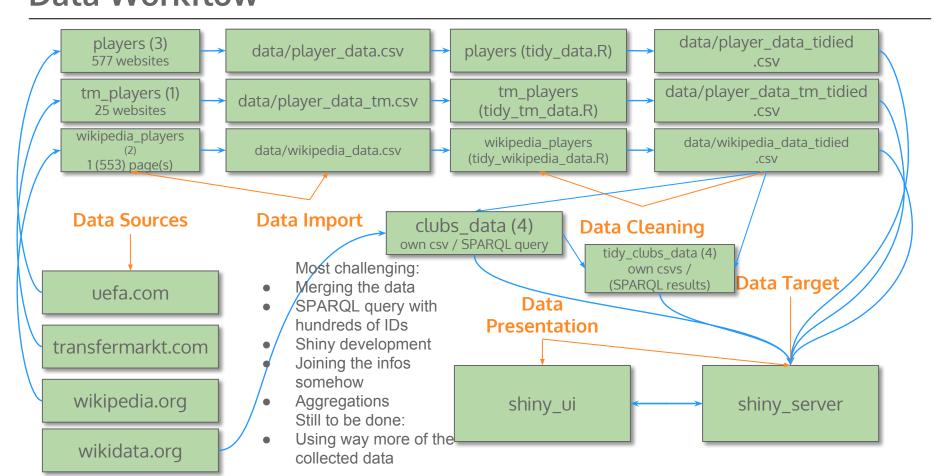
Data Elements (Sample) - data source transfermarkt.com



- A custom function gathers the data from each team details page on transfermarkt. com and constructs the player list.
- From this list a data.frame is created
- The list of data.frames is merged into one data.table

Status Update Data Workflow



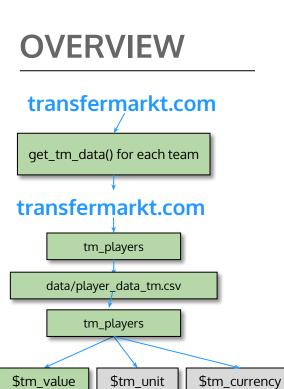


Agenda

Main Research Question

Sub Research Questions

Conclusion



tm_players\$tm_value

What is the distribution of play	ver value per team?						
Data Output	er vacce per ceanin						
-							
Name							
Туре	numeric						
Data Input 1							
name	No name. These values are just piped through to get to the next step.						
Data Format	URL for each country in HTML table						
Data type	chr						
Data Source (DS)	http://www.transfermarkt.com/europameisterschaft- 2016/startseite/pokalwettbewerb/EM16						
Data Input 2							
name	tm_players						
Data type	Data.table						
Data Category	Internet						
Data Source (DS)	http://www.transfermarkt.com/germany/kader/verein/3262/saison_id/2016 (sample)						
Data Input 3	'						
Data Format	R Output						
Data name	tm_players\$tm_value						
Data type	Chr						

Continued

	Activity 1		Get the URL for each team			
	Activity 2		Construct the needed URL s from the scraped URLs (so they point to the squad details view)			
	Activity 3		Visit each URL from step 2 and extract the information from HTML elements within a horribly formatted table			
	Activity 4		Save the data			
	Activity 5		Split the tm_value column into tm_value, tm_unit and tm_currency			
	Activity 6		format tm_value according to international number formatting (decimal point) and turn it into a numeric value			
	Activity 7		Multiply the value according to tm_value to arrive at the correct result (Th times 1000, Mill times 1000000)			
Fui	Functions					
	custom function	Get_tm_data, month_to_num				
	contains:	Unique, list, data.frame(base); mutate, extract_numeric (dplyr); unite, separate (tidyr); str_replace(stringr); read_html, html_node, html_text, html_attr (rvest); now, ymd (lubridate); fread, data.table (data.table)				

Data Input Samples mentioned in RQ OVERVIEW slide before

Data Input							
Data Format	HTML TABLE/HTML TAG						
Data Category	Internet						
Data Source	http://www.transfermarkt. com/europameisterschaft- 2016/startseite/pokalwettbewerb/EM16						
Data element in DS	CSS-Selector: "td.links.no-border-links.hauptlink > a.vereinprofil_tooltip", href						
Data quality	Ok, neeed to alter the URLs to get what i was after						
Selection reason	Gateway to the market value data I needed						

Da	Data Input								
	Data Format	HTML							
	Data Category	Internet							
	Data Source	http://www.transfermarkt. com/germany/kader/verein/3262/saison_id/2016 (sample)							
	Data element in DS	xpath: "//*[@id='yw1']/table/tbody/tr/td[10]"							
	Data quality	poor, horribly nested table							
	Selection reason	Best way to get market values							

Data Input							
	Data Format	CSV					
	Data Category	R Output					
	Data Source	"data/tm_player_data.csv"					
	Data element in DS	\$tm_value					
	Data quality	poor, values needed quite a bit reformatting					
	Selection reason	-					

Data Output						
	Data Format	R OUTPUT				
	Data name	tm_player_data\$tm_value				
	Data type	Data table: numeric				

What is the distribution of player value per team?

transfermarkt.com

get_tm_data() for each team

PARTICIPATING TEAMS OF THE EUR	20.2	2016
--------------------------------	------	------

Club		Squad ⇔	ø-Age ⇔	Legionäre 💠	Market value ⇔	ø-Market value 🕏	
=	Spain	23	28,2	10	597,00 Mill. €	25,96 Mill. €	
=	Germany	23	25,9	9	585,00 Mill. €	25,43 Mill. €	
П	France	23	27,9	20	510,50 Mill. €	22,20 Mill. €	
	England	23	26,0	0	477,00 Mill. €	20,74 Mill. €	
	Belgium	23	26,6	22	472,00 Mill. €	20,52 Mill. €	
•	Portugal	23	28,5	16	364,00 Mill. €	15,83 Mill. €	
=	Croatia	22	26,5	18	296,75 Mill. €	13,49 Mill. €	
	Italy	23	29,0	6	276,50 Mill. €	12,02 Mill. €	
_	Poland	23	27,7	14	194,45 Mill. €	8,45 Mill. €	
G	Turkey	23	27,1	7	180,50 Mill. €	7,85 Mill. €	
***	Wales	23	27,5	20	180,10 Mill. €	7,83 Mill. €	
٠	Switzerland	22	25,9	20	172,85 Mill. €	7,86 Mill. €	
_	Austria	22	27,7	20	126,45 Mill. €	5,75 Mill. €	
	Ukraine	23	28,0	7	121,90 Mill. €	5,30 Mill. €	
	Russia	23	29,2	2	117,10 Mill. €	5,09 Mill. €	
	Republic of Ireland	23	30,0	23	87,30 Mill. €	3,80 Mill. €	
	Slovakia	24	29,2	21	87,10 Mill. €	3,63 Mill. €	
+	Sweden	19	26,8	17	69,35 Mill. €	3,65 Mill. €	
	Romania	23	28,9	16	54,60 Mill. €	2,37 Mill. €	
	Czech Republic	18	27,9	11	49,70 Mill. €	2,76 Mill. €	

What is the distribution of player value per team?



	Player(s)	⇒ born/age ₹	Club(s)	Height ⇒	F001 ⇒	International caps 😓	Goats ⇒	Debut ⇒	Market value
1	Manuel Neuer Keeper	Mar 27, 1986 (30)	0	1,93 m	right	71	170	Jun 2, 2009	45,00 MIII. €
12	Bernd Leno Keeper	Mar 4, 1992 (24)	***	1,90 m	right	1	120	May 29, 2016	16,00 MIII. €
22	Marc-André ter Stegen Keeper	Apr 30, 1992 (24)	*	1,87 m	right	6	-	May 26, 2012	15,00 MIII. €
17	Jérôme Boateng ⊙ Centre Back	Sep 3, 1988 (27)	0	1,92 m	right	65	1	Oct 10, 2009	40,00 MIII. €
5	Mats Hummels Centre Back	Dec 16, 1988 (27)	0	1,92 m	right	50	4	May 13, 2010	38,00 MIII. € 1
2	Shkodran Mustafi Centre Back	Apr-17, 1992 (24)	•	1,84 m	right	12	1	May 13, 2014	20,00 MIII. €
4	Benedikt Höwedes Centre Back	Feb 29, 1988 (28)		1,87 m	right	40	2	May 29, 2011	16,00 MIII. €
16	Jonathan Tah Centre Back	Feb 11, 1996 (20)	•	1,94 m	right	1		Mar 26, 2016	12,00 MIII. €
3	Jonas Hector Left-Back	May 27, 1990 (26)	*	1,85 m	left	20	1	Nov 14, 2014	11,00 MIII. €
14	Emre Can Defensive Midfield	Jan 12, 1994 (22)	8	1,84 m	right	7	-	Sep 4, 2015	18,00 MIII. € 1
15	Julian Weigl Defensive Midfield	Sep 8, 1995 (20)	BVB	1,87 m	right	1	-	May 29, 2016	14,00 MIII. € 1
21	Joshua Kimmich Defensive Midfield	Feb 8, 1995 (21)	0	1,76 m	right	5		May 29, 2016	13,00 MIII. € 1
18	Toni Kroos Central Midfield	Jan 4, 1990 (26)	8	1,82 m	both	71	11	Mar 3, 2010	55,00 MIII. € 1
6	Sami Khedira Central Midfield	Apr 4, 1987 (29)	0	1,89 m	right	65	5	Sep 5, 2009	20,00 MIII. €
0	Bastian Schweinsteiger Central Midfield	Aug 1, 1984 (31)	0	1,83 m	right	120	24	Jun 6, 2004	12,00 MIII. €
3	Mesut Özil Attacking Midfield	Oct 15, 1988 (27)	9	1,80 m	left	79	20	Feb 11, 2009	50,00 MIII. €

What is the distribution of player value per team?

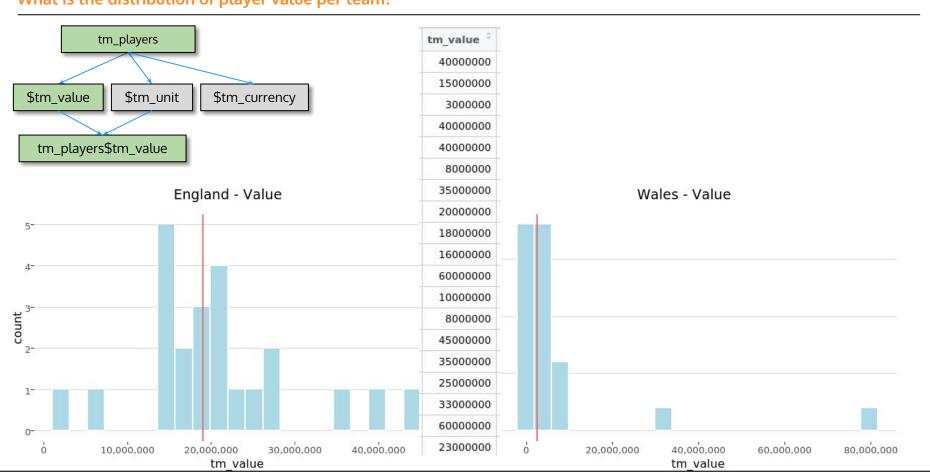
transfermarkt.com

\downarrow	
tm nlavers	

	jersey_no ‡	name	tm_id ‡	tm_position *	birthday [‡]	tm_team_id [‡]	tm_team	† foot †	tm_value ‡	height [‡]	debut [‡]	country [‡]
1	13	David de Gea	59377	Keeper	Nov 7, 1990 (25)	985	Manchester United	right	40,00 Mill. €	1,89 m	Jun 8, 2014	Spain
2	23	Sergio Rico	207302	Keeper	Sep 1, 1993 (22)	368	Sevilla FC	right	15,00 Mill. €	1,94 m	Jun 1, 2016	Spain
3	1	Iker Casillas	3979	Keeper	May 20, 1981 (35)	720	FC Porto	left	3,00 MiII. €	1,82 m	Jun 3, 2000	Spain
4	3	Gerard Piqué	18944	Centre Back	Feb 2, 1987 (29)	131	FC Barcelona	right	40,00 Mill. €	1,93 m	Feb 11, 2009	Spain
5	15	Sergio Ramos	25557	Centre Back	Mar 30, 1986 (30)	418	Real Madrid	right	40,00 Mill. €	1,83 m	Mar 26, 2005	Spain
6	4	Marc Bartra	99922	Centre Back	Jan 15, 1991 (25)	131	FC Barcelona	right	8,00 MiII. €	1,83 m	Nov 16, 2013	Spain
7	18	Jordi Alba	69751	Left-Back	Mar 21, 1989 (27)	131	FC Barcelona	left	35,00 Mill. €	1,70 m	Oct 11, 2011	Spain
8	2	César Azpilicueta	57500	Right-Back	Aug 28, 1989 (26)	631	Chelsea FC	right	20,00 Mill. €	1,78 m	Feb 6, 2013	Spain
9	12	Héctor Bellerín	191217	Right-Back	Mar 19, 1995 (21)	11	Arsenal FC	right	18,00 Mill. €	1,78 m	May 29, 2016	Spain
.0	16	Juanfran	16635	Right-Back	Jan 9, 1985 (31)	13	Atlético Madrid	right	16,00 Mill. €	1,81 m	May 26, 2012	Spain
1	5	Sergio Busquets	65230	Defensive Midfield	Jul 16, 1988 (27)	131	FC Barcelona	right	60,00 Mill. €	1,89 m	Apr 1, 2009	Spain
2	17	Mikel San José	52469	Defensive Midfield	May 30, 1989 (27)	621	Athletic Bilbao	right	10,00 Mill. €	1,86 m	Sep 4, 2014	Spain
.3	19	Bruno Soriano	44412	Defensive Midfield	Jun 12, 1984 (32)	1050	Villarreal CF	left	8,00 Mill. €	1,84 m	Aug 11, 2010	Spain
4	10	Cesc Fàbregas	8806	Central Midfield	May 4, 1987 (29)	631	Chelsea FC	right	45,00 Mill. €	1,75 m	Mar 1, 2006	Spain
L5	6	Andrés Iniesta	7600	Central Midfield	May 11, 1984 (32)	131	FC Barcelona	right	35,00 Mill. €	1,71 m	May 27, 2006	Spain
16	14	Thiago	60444	Central Midfield	Apr 11, 1991 (25)	27	Bayern Munich	right	25,00 Mill. €	1,74 m	Aug 10, 2011	Spain
.7	21	David Silva	35518	Attacking Midfield	Jan 8, 1986 (30)	281	Manchester City	left	33,00 Mill. €	1,70 m	Nov 15, 2006	Spain
8	8	Koke	74229	Left Wing	Jan 8, 1992 (24)	13	Atlético Madrid	right	60,00 Mill. €	1,76 m	Aug 14, 2013	Spain
0	11	Dedro	65278	Dight Wing	hd 28 1987 (28)	631	Chalcas FC	hoth	23 00 Mill &	1 67 m	May 20 2010	Snain

Output

What is the distribution of player value per team?



Additional Notes

Where are the clubs located the players play for (geolocation of home ground)? + additional club information

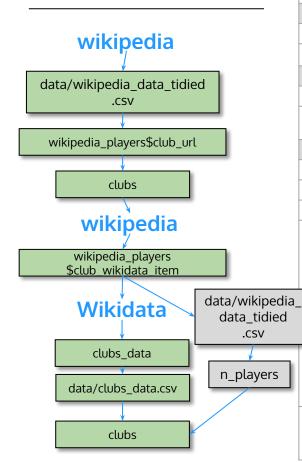
Challenges

- Html was not nice to scrape
- Splitting, formatting and multiplying the value

Extra Work (Functions that were not covered in class)

- Data.table (and everything belonging to that package including the syntax for data manipulation)
- Also rvest, lubridate, dplyr, tidyr
- Custom functions
- Shiny for presentation

OVERVIEW



Where	Where are the clubs located the players play for (geolocation of home ground)?					
Data C	Output					
	Name	clubs_data\$latitude,clubs_data\$longitude				
	Туре	numeric				
Data I	nput 1 (from collected data store	ed in local csv)				
	name	wikipedia_players\$club_url (Input for the collected data = Wikipedia)				
	type	Data.table element (for original Input = html tag)				
Data I	nput 2 (collected from the web /	/ computed)				
	name	clubs				
	type	Chr-vector of urls from visiting every club page on Wikipedia using the distinct URLs in wikipedia_players and applying a custom function to extract the Wikidata link.				
Data I	nput 3 (collected from web)					
	Data Category	Linked Data				
	Data Source (DS)	Wikidata				
	URL	https://query.wikidata.org/sparql?query={SPARQL} (SPARQL endpoint)				
	Location of data element in DS	query <- sprintf("SELECT ?team ?teamLabel ?venueLabel ?capacity ?coords ?team_twitter ?image WHERE { VALUES (?team) {%s}. ?team wdt:P641 wd:Q2736. ?team wdt:P15 ?venue. ?venue wdt:P625 ?coords. ?venue wdt:P1083 ?capacity. OPTIONAL{ ?team wdt:P2002 ?team_twitter. } OPTIONAL{ ?team wdt:P18 ?image. }				
		SERVICE wikibase:label{bd:serviceParam wikibase:language 'en'.}}", formatted_ids) The VALUES keywords makes it possible to pre-filter a query. In this case by a list of 218 possible entity IDs for ?team. The final query can be found in "data/query.txt".				
	Data quality	(+) most clubs are found (+) most have coords				

Continued clubs\$coords.value



Internal Flow	
Activity 1	Read csv
Activity 2	Get the unique club_url valuesVisit every URL and get the wikidata link -> add to the data.table
Activity 3	Construct a query with a list of item IDs to insert into VALUES
Activity 4	Query data
Activity 5	Parse the returned json
Activity 6	Seperate the coords.value into two new columns longitude and latitude by splitting the string and extracting the numeric values

Functions

	custom function	get_wikidata_link
	contains:	unique, sprintf (base); seperate (dplyr);str_c, str_detect, str_extract (stringr); read_html, html_node, html_attr (rvest); now (lubridate); fread, data.table (data.table); GET, content (httr); fromJSON (jsonlite)

Data Input Samples mentioned in RQ OVERVIEW slide before

Data Input	
Data Format	HTML TABLE
Data Category	Internet
Data Source	https://en.wikipedia. org/wiki/UEFA_Euro_2016_squads
Data element in DS	Every table with class "table.sortable.wikitable"
Data quality	Fairly good
Selection reason	Possibility to get to the wikidata links for every player and team
Data Input	
Data Format	SPARQL
Data Category	Semantic Web
Data Source	wikidata.org
Data element in DS	See query above
Data quality	good
Selection reason	Easiest to get all locations

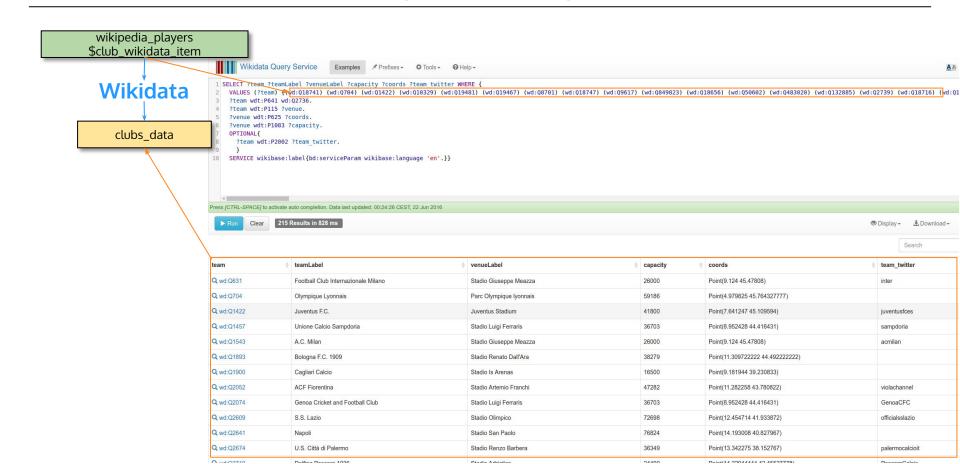
Da	ta Input	
	Data Format	HTML TAG
	Data Category	Internet
	Data Source	https://en.wikipedia. org/wiki/UEFA_Euro_2016_squads
	Data element in DS	<pre> Tottenham Hotspur //td[7]/a/@href in every table</pre>
	Data quality	good
	Selection reason	
	Data Format	R OUTPUT
	Data name	clubs\$longitude, clubs\$latitude
	Data type	Data table: both numeric

Where are the clubs located the players play for (geolocation of home ground)? + additional club information

wikipedia_players\$clubs_url

#	Pos.	PI	ayer \$	Date of birth (age)	+	Caps	•	Goals	+	Club	+
1	GK	Hugo Lloris (captain)		26 December 1986 (aged 29)		75		0		Tottenham Hotspur	
2	DF	Christophe Jallet		31 October 1983 (aged 32)		11		1		Lyon	
3	DF	Patrice Evra		15 May 1981 (aged 35)		73		0		Juventus	
4	DF	Adil Rami		27 December 1985 (aged 30)		28		1		Sevilla	
5	MF	N'Golo Kanté		29 March 1991 (aged 25)		4		1		Leicester City	
6	MF	Yohan Cabaye		14 January 1986 (aged 30)		46		4		Crystal Palace	
7	FW	Antoine Griezmann		21 March 1991 (aged 25)		27		7		Atlético Madrid	
8	MF	Dimitri Payet		29 March 1987 (aged 29)		19		3		→ West Ham United	
9	FW	Olivier Giroud		30 September 1986 (aged 29)		49		17			
10	FW	André-Pierre Gignac		5 December 1985 (aged 30)		27		7		■●■ UANL	
11	FW	Anthony Martial		5 December 1995 (aged 20)		9		0		Manchester United	
12	MF	Morgan Schneiderlin		8 November 1989 (aged 26)		15		0	_	Manchester United	
13	DF	Eliaquim Mangala		13 February 1991 (aged 25)		7		0		Manchester City	
14	MF	Blaise Matuidi		9 April 1987 (aged 29)		44		8		Paris Saint-Germain	
15	MF	Paul Pogba		15 March 1993 (aged 23)		31		5		Juventus	
16	GK	Steve Mandanda		28 March 1985 (aged 31)		22		0		■ Marseille	
17	DF	Lucas Digne		20 July 1993 (aged 22)		13		0		Roma	
18	MF	Moussa Sissoko		16 August 1989 (aged 26)		38		1		Newcastle United	
19	DF	Bacary Sagna		14 February 1983 (aged 33)		57		0		Manchester City	
20	FW	Kingsley Coman		13 June 1996 (aged 19)		5		1		Bayern Munich	
21	DF	Laurent Koscielny		10 September 1985 (aged 30)		29		1			
22	DF	Samuel Umtiti		14 November 1993 (aged 22)		0		0		Lyon	
23	GK	Benoît Costil		3 July 1987 (aged 28)		0		0		Rennes	

Where are the clubs located the players play for (geolocation of home ground)? + additional club information

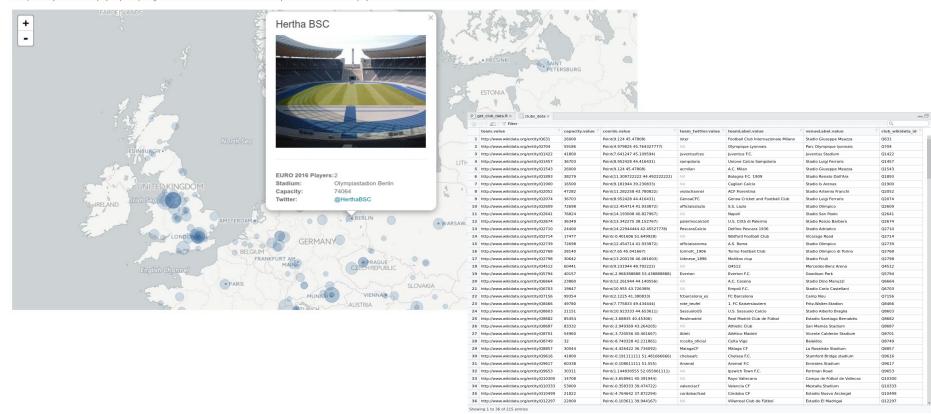


Output

Where are the clubs located the players play for (geolocation of home ground)? + additional club information

Map of player clubs

A map of every club that has players participating in EURO 2016. The size of the marker is equivalent to the number of players the club sent to France. Click on a circle to see information about the club.



Additional Notes

Where are the clubs located the players play for (geolocation of home ground)? + additional club information

Challenges

- Querying SPARQL endpoints with multiple possible values for a variable (finding out about and using the VALUES keyword
- Getting the wikidata item for every team from a list of wikipedia pages in a data.table
- Merging the data

• Extra Work (Functions that were not covered in class)

- Data.table (and everything belonging to that package including the syntax for data manipulation)
- Also rvest, lubridate, dplyr, tidyr, jsonlite
- Custom functions
- Additional SPARQL keyword VALUES
- Shiny & leaflet for presentation

Agenda

Main Research Question

Sub Research Questions

Conclusion

Conclusion

- How good was the data that could be used as input?
 - Data quality overall was ok and data was plentiful
 - Data had to be extensively cleaned
- How good is the data that could be computed?
 - The data for the map is very good
 - The data for the histograms is ok, quality of the computation depends on user input for bins
- How much more work would need to be put into this project to come to a reliable answer?
 - There is not a reliable answer to my rather vague question. The sub questions have been answered rather reliably. The data seems reliable.
 - Too much time was spent gathering data and figuring out shiny and time in class was almost always spent helping others (and in preparation of tutorials) which I loved to do,

Conclusion

Outlook: How could this research questions further be extended?

- There was way more data gathered than i ended up using, so there is a solid foundation for developing the shiny app further.
- It remains to be seen, if some of the code for scraping the information will be re-usable come the next European or World Cup.
- If the layout of the "special" pages stays mostly the same (which is doubtful), it would hopefully be easy to gather the information again with minimal effort
- Not only the shiny app itself, but also just the map can be extended, either with information already available or by altering the SPARQL query to include further geographical information

Additional notes

Overall Problems

- I focused too much on data gathering and cleaning
- There is much unused potential in the data
- I wasted much time, trying to unify all the data from my different sources and couldn't get it to work because a common key was missing and couldn't be constructed artificially by me
- I've written much more code than this that ultimately had to be discarded
- Shiny development is quite finicky and it isn't always clear right away what went wrong especially when deploying to shinyapp.io
- I started out commenting my code quite extensively, but as time went on and frustration grew, I stopped commenting as much. But there is still much additional information in the files themselves and I also tried my best to write clear and concise code

Requirements

CHECK	REQUIREMENT		Files
yes	SPARQL Query		data_gathering/get_club_data.R
yes	Parse HTML table		data_gathering/get_wikipedia_data.R
yes	Parse HTML tags		All files in "data_gathering"
	Data Frame/Data Table	Select some columns	All files in "data_cleaning"; server.R
		Rename columns	data_cleaning/tidy_club_data.R a.o.
		Filter rows	All files in "data_cleaning"; server.R
		Combine two data frames (e.g., with merger)	data_cleaning/tidy_club_data.R
unclear	Connect two web pages		Not sure. data_cleaning/tidy_club_data.R
yes	User defined function		setup.R
	Get one URL from one website and use it to call another website		All files in "data_gathering"
	Manipulate Strings		All files in "data_cleaning"

setup.R

	package:UDFs [‡]	package:rvest [‡]	package:stringr [‡]	package:utils [‡]	package:xml2
1	as.list	html_attr	str_extract	install.packages	read_html
2	с	html_node	str_extract_all	NA	NA
3	data.frame	html_nodes	NA	NA	NA
4	library	html_text	NA	NA	NA
5	list	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	names	NA	NA	NA	NA
7	options	NA	NA	NA	NA
8	require	NA	NA	NA	NA
9	sapply	NA	NA	NA	NA
10	tolower	NA	NA	NA	NA
11	unique	NA	NA	NA	NA

server.R

	package:UDFs =	package:base	package:data.table	package:ggplot2 [©]	package:ggthemes	package:leaflet	package:plotly	package:shiny	package:stats	package:stringr
1	select_data1	library	fread	aes	theme_hc	addCircleMarkers	ggplotly	reactive	median	str_c
2	select_data2	options	NA	geom_histogram	NA	addProviderTiles	renderPlotly	shinyServer	NA	NA
3	NA	return	NA	geom_vline	NA	leaflet	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	NA	sqrt	NA	ggplot	NA	renderLeaflet	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	NA	unique	NA	ggtitle	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	NA	NA	NA	scale_x_continuous	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

ui.R

	package:UDFs [©]	package:data.table [‡]	package:leaflet [‡]	package:plotly [‡]	package:shiny [‡]
1	library	fread	leafletOutput	plotlyOutput	column
2	options	NA	NA	NA	fluidPage
3	order	NA	NA	NA	fluidRow
4	NA	NA	NA	NA	h3
5	NA	NA	NA	NA	mainPanel
6	NA	NA	NA	NA	р
7	NA	NA	NA	NA	selectInput
8	NA	NA	NA	NA	shinyUI
9	NA	NA	NA	NA	sidebarLayout
10	NA	NA	NA	NA	sidebarPanel
11	NA	NA	NA	NA	sliderInput
12	NA	NA	NA	NA	tabPanel
13	NA	NA	NA	NA	tabsetPanel
14	NA	NA	NA	NA	titlePanel

data_gathering/get_data.R

	package:UDFs ‡	package:data.table	package:lubridate ‡	package:rvest ‡	package:stringr ‡	package:utils ‡	package:xml2
1	colnames	rbindlist	now	html_attr	str_replace_all	write.csv	read_html
2	lapply	NA	NA	html_nodes	str_to_lower	NA	NA
3	sapply	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	unique	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	unlist	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

data_gathering/get_tm_data.R

	package:UDFs ÷	package:data.table [‡]	package:lubridate ÷	package:rvest [‡]	package:stringr ‡	package:utils ‡	package:xml2
1	lapply	rbindlist	now	html_attr	str_c	write.csv	read_html
2	sapply	NA	NA	html_nodes	str_replace	NA	NA
3	unique	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

data_gathering/get_wikipedia_data.R

	package:UDFs [‡]	package:base	package:data.table	package:lubridate	package:rvest ÷	package:utils [‡]	package:xml2
1	get_wikidata_link	lapply	rbindlist	now	html_attr	write.csv	read_html
2	NA	list	NA	NA	html_nodes	NA	NA
3	NA	rep	NA	NA	html_table	NA	NA
4	NA	unique	NA	NA	html_text	NA	NA
5	NA	unlist	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

data_gathering/get_club_data.R

	package:UDFs =	package:data.table	package:httr	package:jsonlite [‡]	package:lubridate	package:stringr	package:utils
1	colnames	data.table	content	fromJSON	now	str_c	write.csv
2	list	fread	GET	NA	NA	str_detect	NA
3	sapply	NA	NA	NA	NA	str_extract	NA
4	sprintf	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	unique	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	write	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

data_cleaning/tidy_data.R

	package:UDFs ÷	package:base ‡	package:countrycode ‡	package:data.table ‡	package:dplyr [‡]	package:lubridate [‡]	package:stringr [‡]	package:tidyr	package:utils [‡]
1	contains	as.numeric	countrycode	fread	mutate	dmy	str_replace_all	extract_numeric	write.csv
2	NA	c	NA	set	select	NA	NA	separate	NA
3	NA	colnames	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

data_cleaning/tidy_tm_data.R

	package:UDFs ‡	package:base ‡	package:data.table $^{\circ}$	package:dplyr ‡	package:lubridate ÷	package:stringr [‡]	package:tidyr [‡]	package:utils ‡
1	month_to_num	с	fread	mutate	ymd	str_replace	extract_numeric	write.csv
2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	str_replace_all	separate	NA
3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	unite	NA

data_cleaning/tidy_wikipedia_data.R

	package:UDFs ‡	package:data.table ‡	package:lubridate ‡	package:stringr ‡	package:tidyr ‡	package:utils ‡
1	colnames	fread	ymd	str_extract	extract_numeric	write.csv
2	tolower	setnames	NA	str_replace	NA	NA
3	trimws	NA	NA	str_replace_all	NA	NA

data_cleaning/tidy_club_data.R

	package:UDFs ‡	package:data.table	package:stringr [‡]	package:tidyr [‡]	package:utils [‡]
1	c	fread	str_c	extract_numeric	write.csv
2	is.na	setkey	str_extract	separate	NA
3	list	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	merge	NA	NA	NA	NA