模式分类作业9_23

一. 题目描述

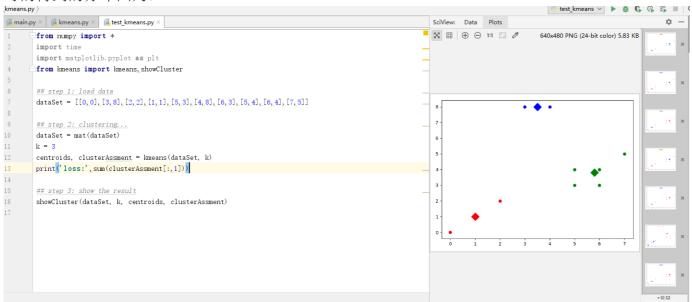
使用k-均值法对以下模式分布进行聚类分析,点集为: {X1[0, 0], X2[3, 8], X3[2, 2], X4[1, 1], X5[5, 3], X6[4, 8], X7[6,3], X8[5, 4], X9[6, 4], X10[7, 5]}。

二. 数据分析

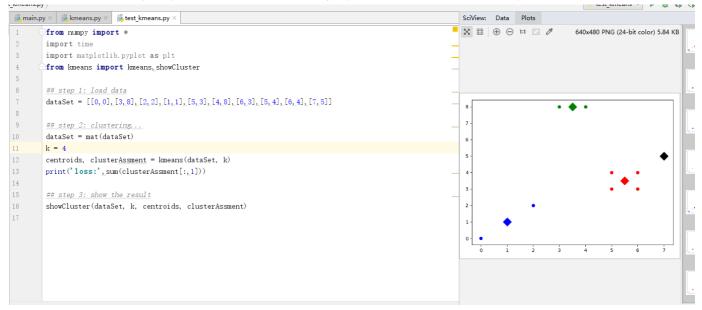
在坐标系上画出散点分布情况,如下图:

data.plot.scatter(x='x', y='y', xlim=(0,10),ylim=(0,10));

我们可以大致看出图上散点大致可分为3类到4类,通过附件中的代码运行分别计算当聚类数目为3时的得到的分布图为:



此时,他的准则函数的值为10.1。同理,当聚类数目为4时,他的准则函数为6.5,他的分布图为:



三. 手动计算过程及结果

1.
$$k = 3, Z_1(1) = X_1 = [0,0], Z_2(1) = X_6 = [6,4], Z_3(1) = [3,8]$$

2. 计算距离,聚类:

$$X_{1} \begin{cases} D_{1} = ||X_{1} - Z_{1}(1)|| = 0 \\ D_{2} = ||X_{1} - Z_{2}(1)|| = \sqrt{52} \\ D_{3} = ||X_{1} - Z_{3}(1)|| = \sqrt{73} \end{cases} X_{1} \in S_{1}(1)$$

同理可得到,

$$S_1(1) = \{X_1, X_3, X_4\}, S_2(1) = \{X_2, X_6\}, S_3(1) = \{X_4, X_7, X_8, X_9, X_{10}\}$$

3. 计算新的聚类中心:

$$Z_1(2) = \frac{1}{N_1} \sum_{X \in S_1(1)} X = \frac{1}{3} (X_1 + X_3 + X_4) = (1, 1)$$

$$Z_2(2) = \frac{1}{N_2} \sum_{X \in S_2(1)} X = \frac{1}{2} (X_2 + X_6) = (3.5, 8)$$

$$Z_3(2) = \frac{1}{N_3} \sum_{X \in S_3(1)} X = \frac{1}{5} (X_4 + X_7 + X_8 + X_9 + X_{10}) = (5.8, 3.8)$$

- 4. 判断,由于 $Z_j(2) \neq Z_j(1), j = 1,2,3$,故返回第二步;
- 5. 重新计算距离,聚类:

$$X_{1} \begin{cases} D_{1} = ||X_{1} - Z_{1}(2)|| = \sqrt{2} \\ D_{2} = ||X_{1} - Z_{2}(2)|| = \sqrt{55.25} \\ D_{3} = ||X_{1} - Z_{3}(2)|| = \sqrt{30.88} \end{cases} X_{1} \in S_{1}(2)$$

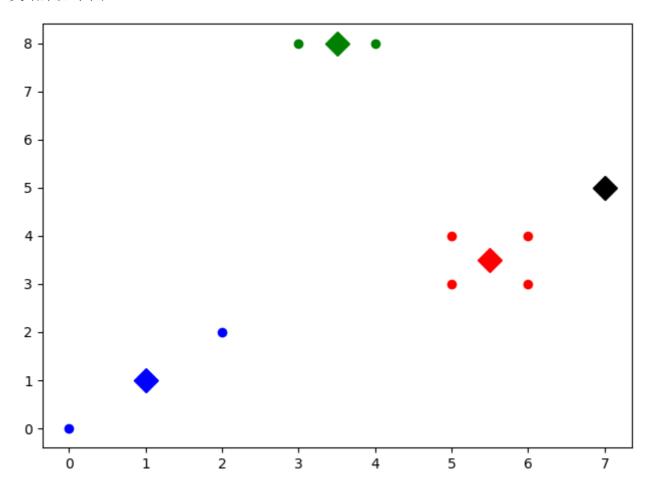
同理,可得到:

$$S_1(1) = \{X_1, X_3, X_4\}, S_2(1) = \{X_2, X_6\}, S_3(1) = \{X_4, X_7, X_8, X_9, X_{10}\}$$

6. 计算新的聚类中心,

$$Z_1(3) = (1,1), Z_2(3) = (3.5,8), Z_3(3) = (5.8,3.8)$$

7. 判断,由于 $Z_j(2)=Z_j(1),j=1,2,3$,故算法收敛,得到聚类中心 $Z_j(2)=Z_j(1),j=1,2,3$,聚类结果如下图:



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