

LULULEMON: Web Application for Identifying and Classifying Fashion Trends in Active Wear

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Abstract— The fashion industry is always changing, with customer preferences, technical breakthroughs, and cultural influences all contributing to the rapid movement of trends. In this article, a web application that uses machine learning techniques to identify and categorize fashion trends specifically in the active wear industry is developed. To differentiate between ancient and current fashion trends, the web application analyzes historical and modern fashion products using feature extraction and picture recognition models. Fashion trends are accurately classified by the system using machine learning algorithms like clustering and similar metrics. Furthermore, the application uses predictive modeling to predict the next fashion trends, giving designers the knowledge they need to produce inventive and marketable goods. The sustainability component is a major focus of the research since the program helps designers make environmentally beneficial decisions by giving them real-time feedback on how different designs affect the environment. The study emphasizes how fashion design and machine learning may work together to improve productivity, simplify procedures, and adapt to customer preferences. Additionally, the tool considers the psychological effects of fashion trends by forecasting how various fashion trends will impact social interactions and consumer confidence. The results highlight how the application helps the active wear business innovate and be more sustainable while giving designers useful tools to help them stay ahead of the competition in the fashion industry.

Keywords— Machine Learning, Fashion Trend Analysis, MySQL, Predictive Modeling, Textile Industry

I. INTRODUCTION

Fashion is more than simply clothes, it is a potent symbol of how people express themselves, how society changes, and how technology advances. Fashion has always reflected economic situations, creative trends, and cultural identities. It also changes continuously in response to changes in consumer tastes and technological advancements. It's getting harder to keep ahead of trends these days since the fashion business is moving at a never-before-seen rate. Rapid digitalization and shifting customer needs need a new strategy that uses technology to promote sustainability and innovation while streamlining procedures [1].

MAS Holdings, a leading clothing manufacturer, is at the forefront of incorporating machine intelligence into its design and production processes. The company aims to transform the fashion industry with data-driven, smart solutions powered by advanced computational techniques. Machine learning, a disruptive technology, plays a key role by not only improving sustainability [2] through better resource management but also enhancing trend predictions and personalizing customer experiences. This approach goes beyond just improving operational efficiency; it ensures that fashion remains

creative, sustainable, and responsive to the ever-changing demands of today's consumers. Through this strategic initiative, MAS Holdings has the potential to reshape the industry, setting new standards for innovation, responsibility, and customer satisfaction.

Fundamentally, MAS Holdings' approach identifies underlying patterns in fashion trends by fusing data analytics with creative intuition. The business may anticipate new trends, maximize resource use, and deepen its comprehension of customer behavior by using predictive modelling. This project is a paradigm shift that reinterprets the connection between fashion, sustainability, and human experience rather than only technological advancement. By emphasizing innovation and environmental awareness, MAS Holdings is redefining the fashion business and proving that technology and creative vision can live peacefully to build a brighter, more sustainable future [3].

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Machine learning algorithms have been increasingly employed in the fashion industry to classify and distinguish styles. Hu et al [4]. provide a comprehensive survey on the applications of ML in fashion, emphasizing convolutional neural networks (CNNs) for feature extraction and classification. These networks analyze images at multiple levels, capturing fine-grained details in clothing textures and patterns. Li et al [5]. demonstrate how image recognition techniques such as deep CNNs and transfer learning improve the accuracy of fashion trend analysis. Their work highlights the significance of large-scale labeled datasets in training robust models and discusses the role of data augmentation in improving model generalization.

Fashion trend analysis heavily relies on image recognition and feature extraction techniques. Advanced ML models have been applied to process fashion images and identify stylistic elements. These architectures enhance the ability to detect subtle differences in cuts, patterns, and colors across various fashion eras. Two researchers discuss how ML techniques can analyze user preferences and recommend clothing styles based on psychological factors [6]. The integration of AI-driven recommendation systems further enhances personalization in fashion retail by incorporating user feedback loops and reinforcement learning strategies to refine recommendations over time.

Understanding consumer psychology is essential for designing clothing that resonates with target audiences. Lee and Kim explore how different fashion styles impact consumer confidence, mood, and social interactions. They utilize ML-based sentiment analysis and biometric feedback to measure

emotional responses to various fashion trends. This research suggests that clothing styles influence perception at both an individual and societal level, affecting purchase decisions, social behavior, and self-esteem. Moreover, ML models trained on sentiment data help brands adapt their designs to evolving consumer emotions and cultural shifts.

Sustainability is a growing concern in the fashion industry. Smith and Nguyen investigate the role of ML in promoting sustainable fashion practices [7]. They propose ML-driven life cycle assessment (LCA) tools to measure the environmental impact of different clothing materials. The study highlights the importance of predictive modeling in optimizing supply chains and reducing waste in fashion production. Techniques such as generative adversarial networks (GANs) have also been employed to create synthetic fabric patterns that minimize waste and water consumption. Additionally, reinforcement learning approaches have been tested to develop efficient manufacturing processes that balance sustainability with production efficiency.

Machine learning enables the prediction of future fashion trends by analyzing historical data and social media influences. Brown reviews various ML techniques, including time series analysis, natural language processing (NLP) for trend discovery, and regression models for trend forecasting [8]. Their research underscores the need for real-time data processing to capture emerging fashion preferences effectively. The rise of influencer-driven fashion trends and online retail platforms has necessitated the integration of deep learning models that can detect fashion shifts through social media activity, user-generated content, and engagement metrics.

III. METHODOLOGY

This research methodology employs a data-driven approach, integrating machine learning and analytical tools to differentiate historical and contemporary fashion styles while addressing sustainability concerns and psychological impacts.

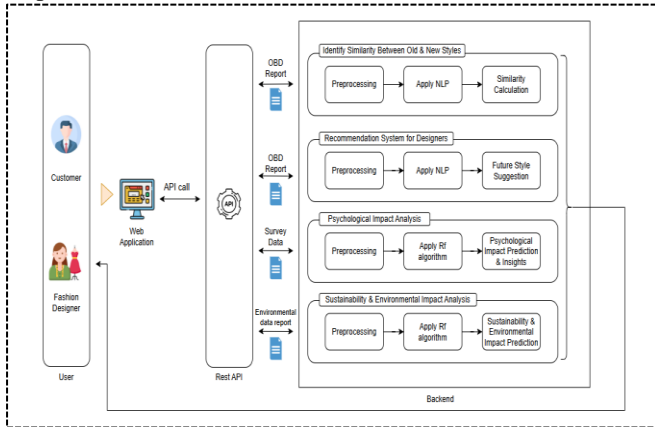


Figure 1. Overview of System Diagram

1. Measuring Similarities Between Old and New Fashion Styles

To classify and quantify similarities between past and present fashion styles, advanced machine learning techniques will be employed. A comprehensive dataset comprising labeled fashion images (categorized as old or new) will be collected from online fashion databases and digital archives. Image recognition and feature extraction methods will be utilized to analyze these datasets. Machine learning models, incorporating clustering algorithms and similarity metrics such as cosine similarity, will be developed to evaluate stylistic resemblances. The findings will be validated using a test subset of the dataset to ensure accuracy and reliability.

2. Reducing Similarities through Predictive Design

Suggestions

Building upon the similarity analysis, a recommendation system will be designed to assist fashion designers in creating more distinct styles. Utilizing decision trees, regression models, and deep learning techniques, the system will analyze design elements influencing similarity scores. Furthermore, time-series analysis and trend forecasting will predict emerging fashion trends. Designers will be able to input their concepts into a web-based interface and receive real-time feedback on how to differentiate their designs while aligning with future fashion movements. This tool aims to empower designers by fostering innovation and originality within the industry.

3. Assessing Psychological Impact of Clothing Styles

To explore the psychological effects of fashion trends, data will be gathered through online surveys and experimental studies. Participants will view images of various fashion styles and report their emotional responses, confidence levels, and social interaction perceptions. Additionally, wearable devices will be used to monitor physiological responses, such as heart rate and skin conductance, in real-time. The collected data will be stored in a centralized database and analysed using statistical software. The insights derived will enhance our understanding of how fashion influences human behaviour and well-being.

4. Evaluating Sustainability and Environmental Impact

The final section of this study will evaluate how sustainable fashion trends are for the environment. Smart manufacturing systems will be used to gather information on sustainability indicators including water use, carbon footprint, and material recyclability. This study attempts to make sure that new fashion trends are in line with eco-friendly practices by utilizing IT-driven analytical models.

This all-encompassing approach aims to combine ethical and sustainable fashion practices with technology breakthroughs, guaranteeing that industry innovation stays both progressive and ecologically aware.

The environmental impact score (EIS) is calculated using the following equation:

$$EIS = (w_1 \times CF) + (w_2 \times WU) + (w_3 \times WP) - (w_4 \times EF) - (w_5 \times RP)$$

Where,

- CF = Carbon Footprint (in metric tons)
- WU = Water Usage (in Liters)
- WP = Waste Production (in kg)
- EF = Eco-Friendly Manufacturing (1 if yes, 0 if no)
- RP = Recycling Programs (1 if yes, 0 if no)

$w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4,$ and w_5 are weighting factors derived from global sustainability standards.

This methodology suits with international sustainability guidelines including:

- ISO 14040: Life Cycle Assessment Principles [9].
- Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Sustainability Standards [10].
- United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) [11].

IV. DATA COLLOECTION AND ANALYSIS

This section uses MAS Holdings proprietary data and consumer survey responses to analyze the psychological and environmental effects of fashion trends. In order to evaluate sustainability, the study uses statistical techniques to examine consumer sentiments and perceptions while analyzing material usage, production procedures, and energy consumption. Machine learning methods assist in predicting sustainable fashion trends, identifying patterns, and classifying apparel according to these characteristics.

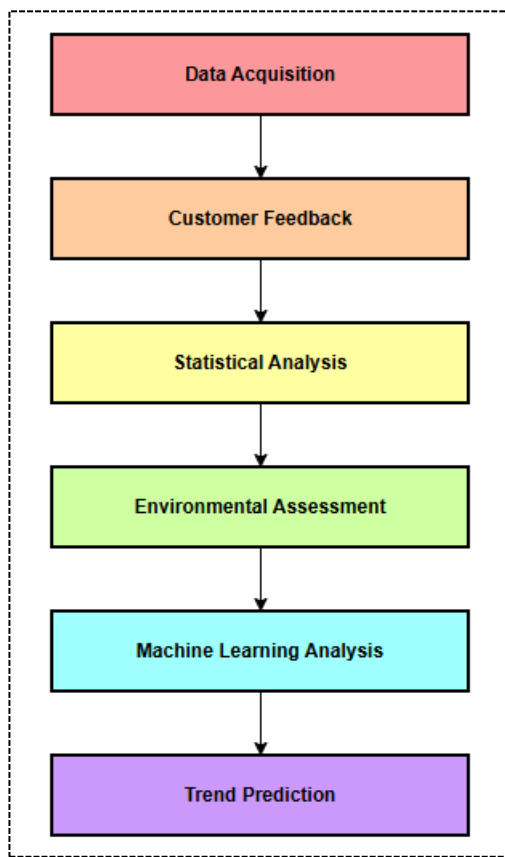


Figure 2. Overview of Data Collection and Analysis

In this research, the data collection process was carried out through collaboration with MAS Holdings, a leading apparel manufacturer, which provided valuable proprietary data on various clothing styles and their environmental impacts. MAS Holdings granted explicit consent for the use of their data, which included information on material types, production processes, and energy consumption associated with different fashion items. This data formed the basis for our comprehensive analysis of the environmental impact of clothing styles.

To understand the psychological effects of clothing styles, customer feedback was gathered through a structured survey. The survey targeted MAS Holdings' consumers, with questions designed to explore the emotional and psychological responses evoked by different clothing styles. These responses provided insights into how customers perceive and emotionally react to various fashion trends, including their perceived comfort, self-esteem, and confidence. Statistical analysis was applied to the survey data to detect correlations between clothing styles and psychological impacts, such as mood shifts and social perceptions.

Additionally, the environmental impact of clothing styles was assessed using the data supplied by MAS Holdings, which included insights into raw material usage, energy consumption, and waste production throughout the supply chain. This information was analyzed to compare the environmental sustainability of older clothing styles with newer, more eco-friendly alternatives. The aim was to identify practices that could reduce environmental footprints while still meeting consumer demands for trendy, stylish apparel [12].

Machine learning algorithms were utilized to process and analyze both customer feedback and fashion-related data. Supervised learning techniques were employed to classify clothing items based on their environmental and psychological attributes, while clustering methods helped identify patterns in customer preferences and sustainability metrics. This combination of techniques enabled the identification of similarities between various clothing styles, providing suggestions for improvements in both psychological appeal and environmental sustainability. Moreover, machine learning

models predicted future trends, contributing to the identification of more sustainable practices in the fashion industry.

By integrating customer surveys, environmental data, and advanced machine learning methods, this study provided a comprehensive analysis of the factors that influence consumer behavior in fashion, as well as the broader environmental implications of different clothing styles [13].

V. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The main objective of this research is to create a web application that identifies and classifies fashion trends in active wear using machine learning techniques. It consists of four main components. First, the similarity between old and new styles of active wear is measured. Then, methods are suggested to reduce that similarity. In addition, the psychological impact, sustainability and environmental impact of these old and new styles are investigated. Considering all the results obtained, a new active wear style is created. It is beneficial for both customer satisfaction and the company.

The similarity of old and new styles is measured using operational breakdown reports obtained from MAS Holdings. The reports contain a step-by-step guide that explains how to make a style. After uploading the reports, the similarity of those styles is obtained as a percentage. Also, which steps are similar and which steps are dissimilar can be obtained as a separate report. The NLP model was trained using 400 text data.

Using the same reports, a Recommendation System for Fashion Designers is created to reduce similarity. By analyzing data, new styles are created that are adapted to the future, away from existing styles. This entire process is done through Natural Language Processing techniques. Using consumer preferences and historical data, it is made easier for designers to stay at the forefront of the fashion world.

Consumer psychology is at the core of controlling how fashion choice impacts emotional state, confidence, and interpersonal relationships. To research, MAS Holdings carried out surveys on their customers of activewear to determine how they emotionally and psychologically responded to different apparel styles. The data that was gathered from the surveys was used to train a RandomForestRegressor machine learning model with 1000 data samples. This model forecasts the psychological impact of every style, such as the way it will influence mood, confidence, and self-esteem. Based on these predictions, the model offers personalized fashion recommendations, giving consumers helpful information regarding how their fashion decisions have the potential to impact their day-to-day lives and social experiences. Additionally, this data is also extremely crucial for MAS Holdings since it tells the company which new and existing clothing styles are more popular and in greater demand. This allows the company to rationalize its product lines to be more in tune with the tastes and expectations of the consumers.

Consumers today are increasingly conscious of the environmental and social impact of their purchases [14]. Data from MAS Holdings is used to analyze sustainability and environmental impact. Using that data, a machine learning model predicts the environmental impact for each style. This requires inputting data such as material type, water usage, carbon footprint usage, and material recyclability. The results are aligned with recognized sustainability standards. Over 5000 environmental data reports were used for this process. In the machine learning model training, nearly 500 trained data were used to find the best one using different algorithms. RandomForestRegressor, K Neighbors Classifier, Lasso, Decision Tree Regressor and Ridge have 99%, 51%, 71%,

99%, 95% values respectively and RandomForestRegressor was selected for prediction [15] [16].

| Task | Model Used | Accuracy (%) |
|--|-----------------|--------------|
| Identify Similarity Between Old & New Styles | NLP based model | 80% |
| Recommendation System for Designers | NLP based model | 81% |
| Psychological Impact Analysis | Random Forest | 80% |
| Sustainability & Environmental Impact Analysis | Random Forest | 82% |

Figure 3. Accuracies of Models

Therefore, new styles are created through environmentally friendly optimizing material choices and production processes. Ultimately, this system enables the creation of new styles that are less similar to previous styles, have a better psychological impact on the consumer, are environmentally friendly, and are in line with trends.

Overall, this research project illustrates how technology, psychology, and sustainability are intertwined in the fashion industry. By leveraging machine learning, this project not only addresses current industry challenges but also helps shape future designs. Integrating these tools into design workflows can improve customer satisfaction, increase sustainable practices, and create new designs. Future research could further expand the data, focusing on personalized fashion recommendations or real-time trend analysis using machine learning, and bring the fashion industry to the forefront with technology.

VI. CONCLUSION

This study emphasizes the revolutionary capacity of machine learning in the fashion industry, particularly with regard to spotting vintage and contemporary fashion trends. Using advanced processes such as image recognition, feature extraction, and similarity calculation, the study offers a step-by-step approach to analyzing fashion trends. The use of machine learning enables further investigation into trend creation, allowing for more rational design decisions. This method not only helps in the classification of fashion style but also enhances the designing process by predicting future fashion, which can aid designers in coming up with creative and trend-adhering designs that appeal to changing customer tastes.

The research also presents a helpful recommendation system that anticipates future trends to avoid designers making overuse of similarities between new and old trends. The tool, being dependent on predictive modeling, remains one step ahead of fashion, stimulating innovation and innovation. The system also presents real-world applications that allow the fashion industry to navigate the constantly changing market with greater precision, allowing firms to respond quickly to customers' demands and competitive pressures.

Aside from fashion trend observation, the study is concerned with the psychology of fashion impacts on consumers in regards to mood influence, self-esteem, and social perceptions. Such an awareness bridges the technology divide between consumer psychology and offers a comprehensive view of the fashion process. Additionally, the inclusion of sustainability criteria ensures that innovative fashion design equates to sustainable and eco-friendly design practices, prioritizing ethical production and consumption.

In summary, this research highlights the linkages between machine learning, fashion design, consumerism, and sustainability. By applying cutting-edge technology, it sets the

ground for future innovation in the fashion world that is driven by creativity, consumer-centric designs, and ecological sustainability. The findings of this research have the potential to shape the future of the international fashion and textile sector by fostering a more data-driven, sustainable fashion practice that considers both the creativity and ethicality of fashion.

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