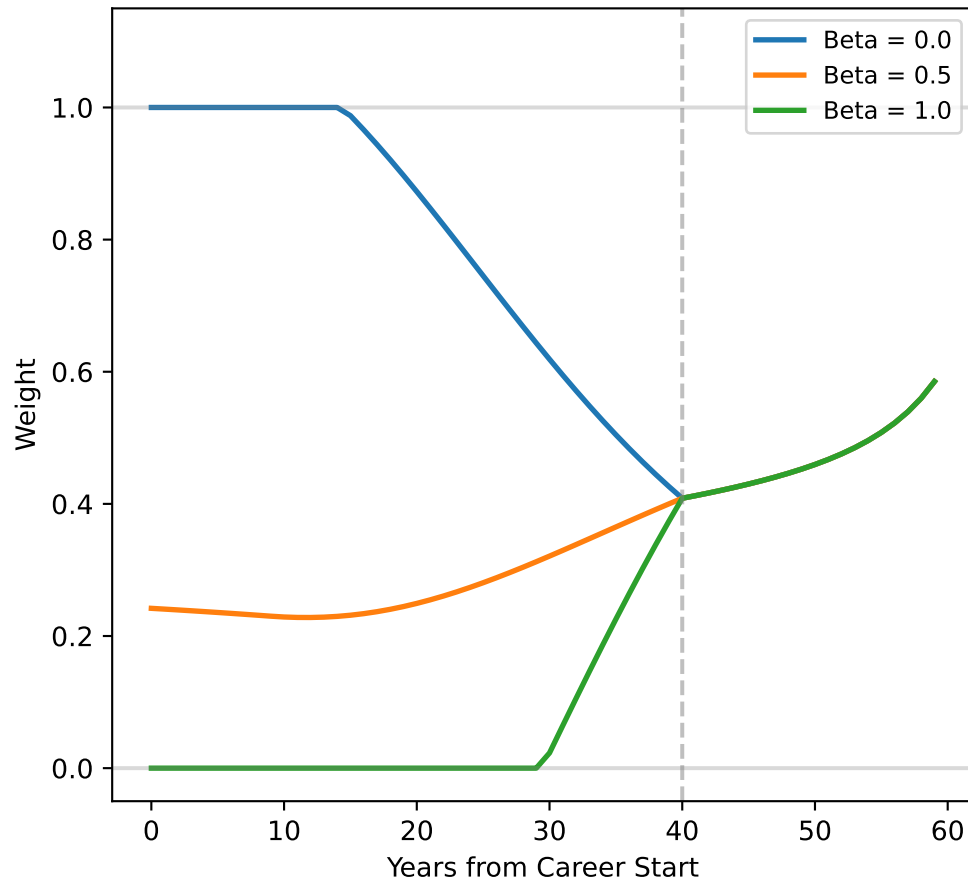
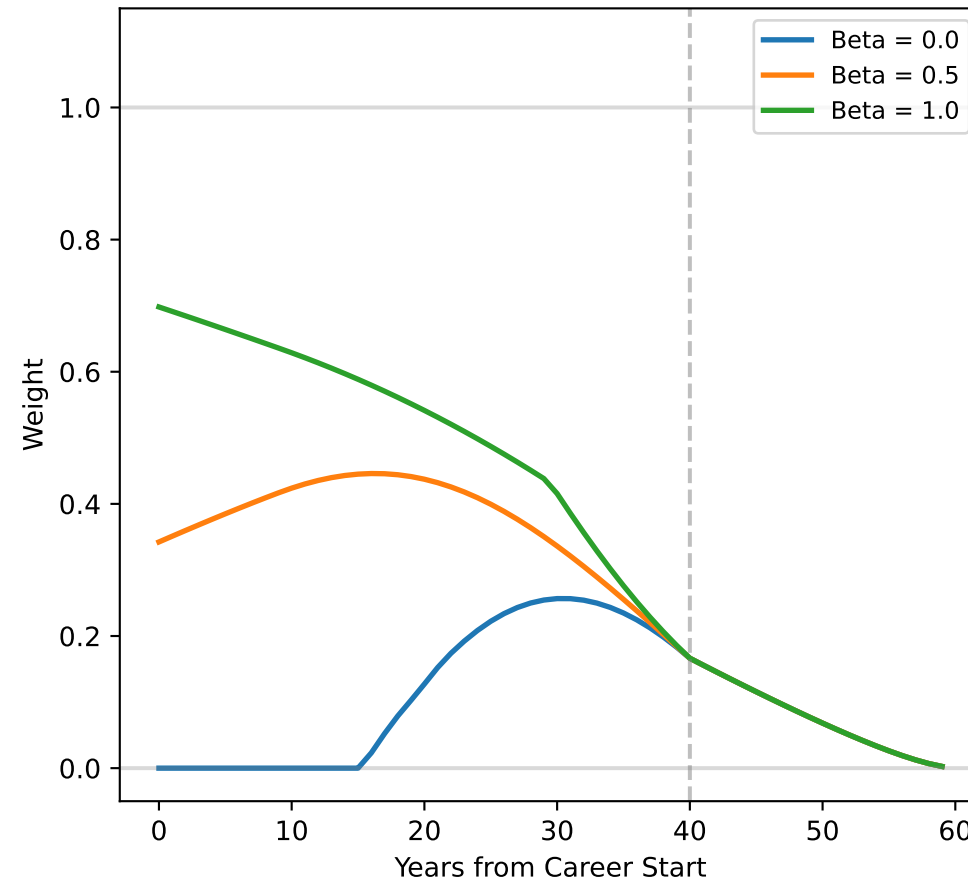


Effect of Stock Beta on Portfolio Allocation & Human Capital

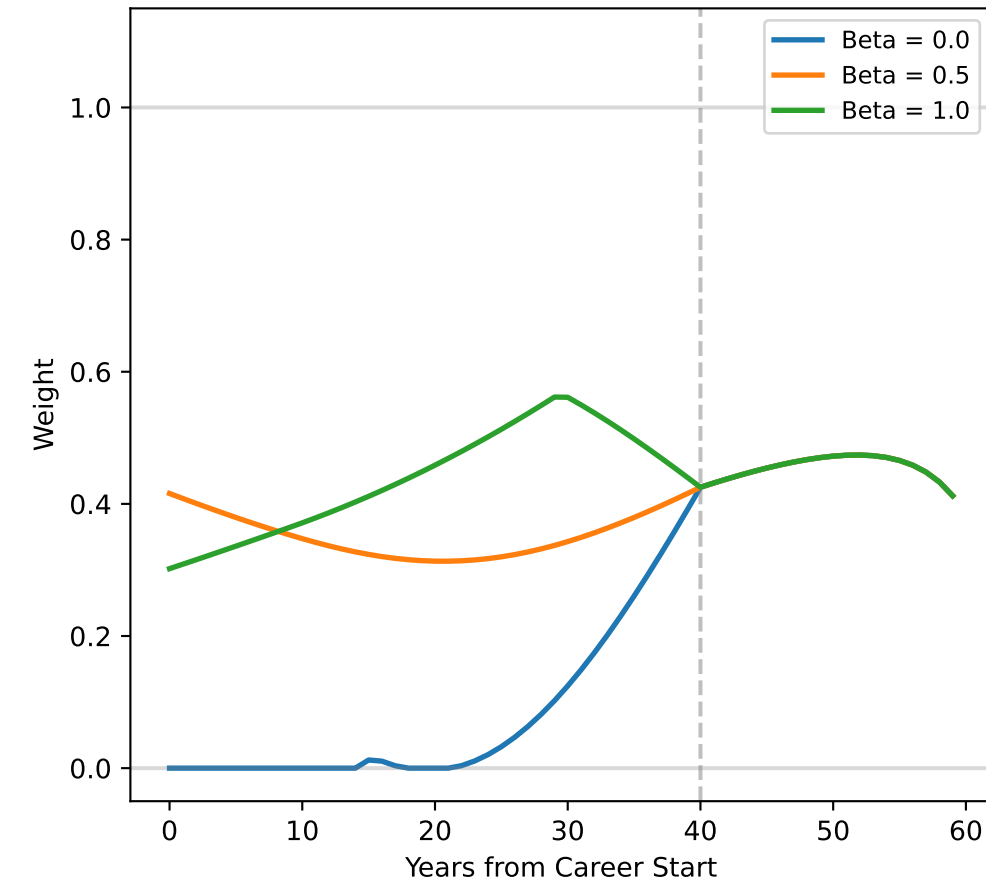
Stock Weight by Beta



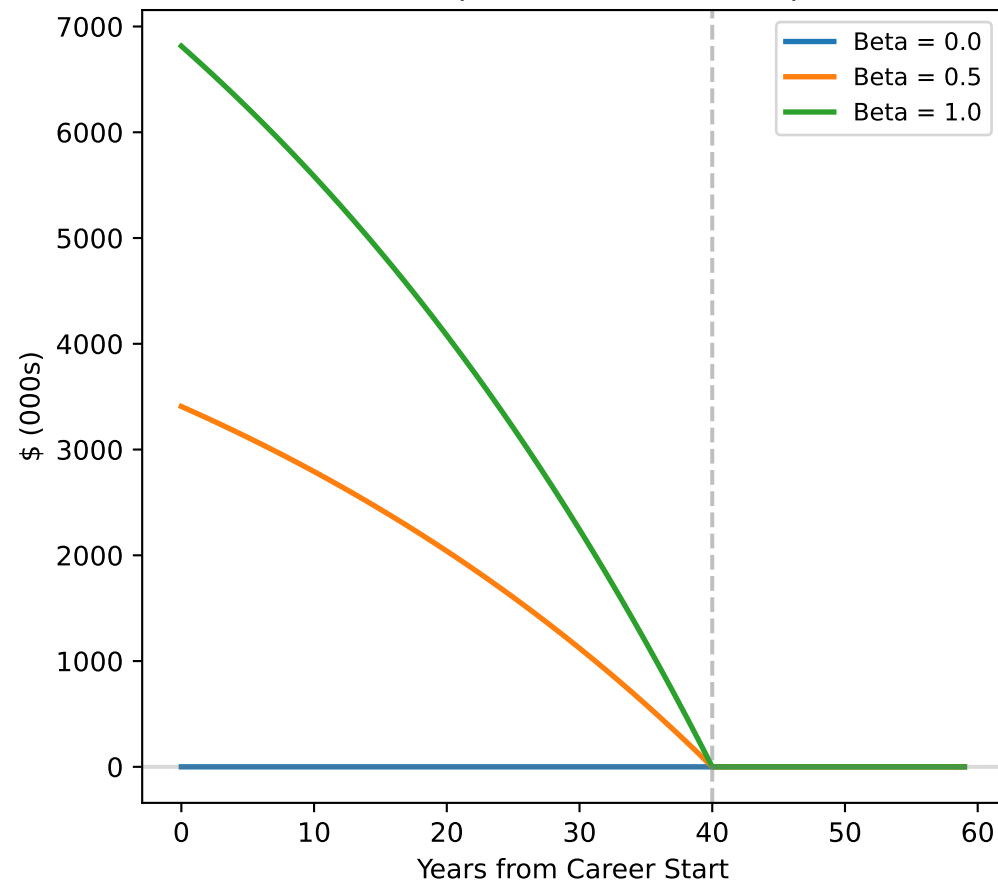
Bond Weight by Beta



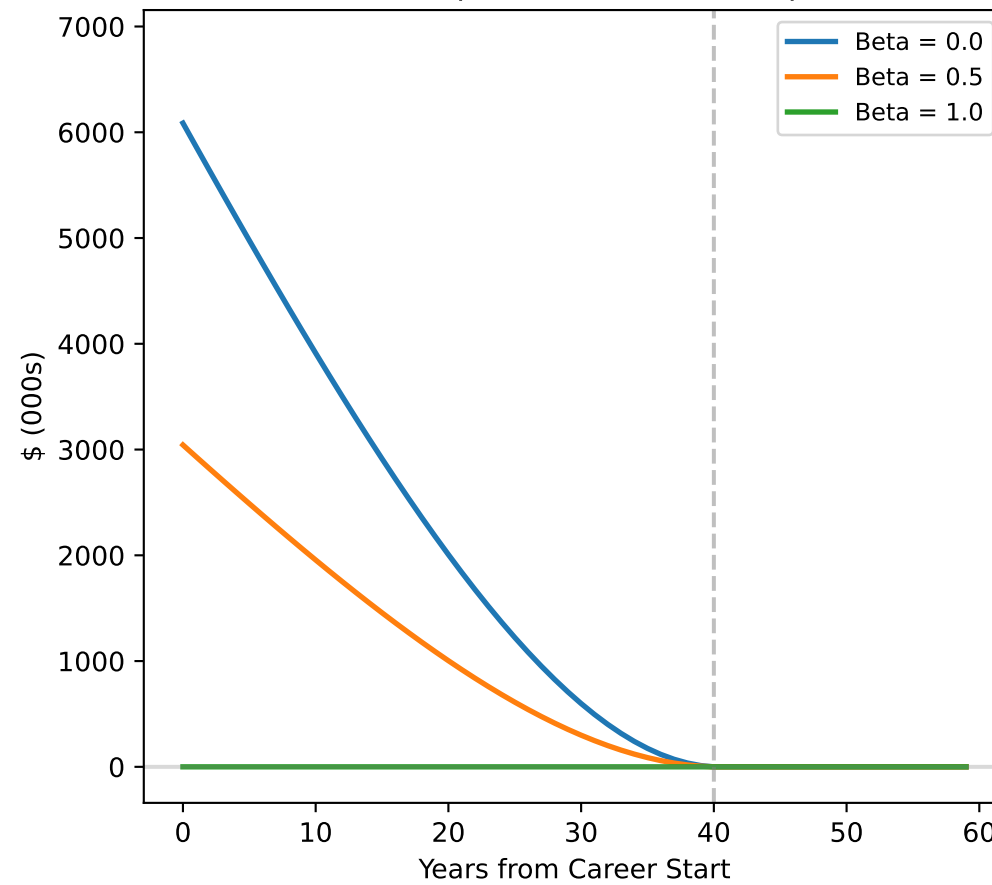
Cash Weight by Beta



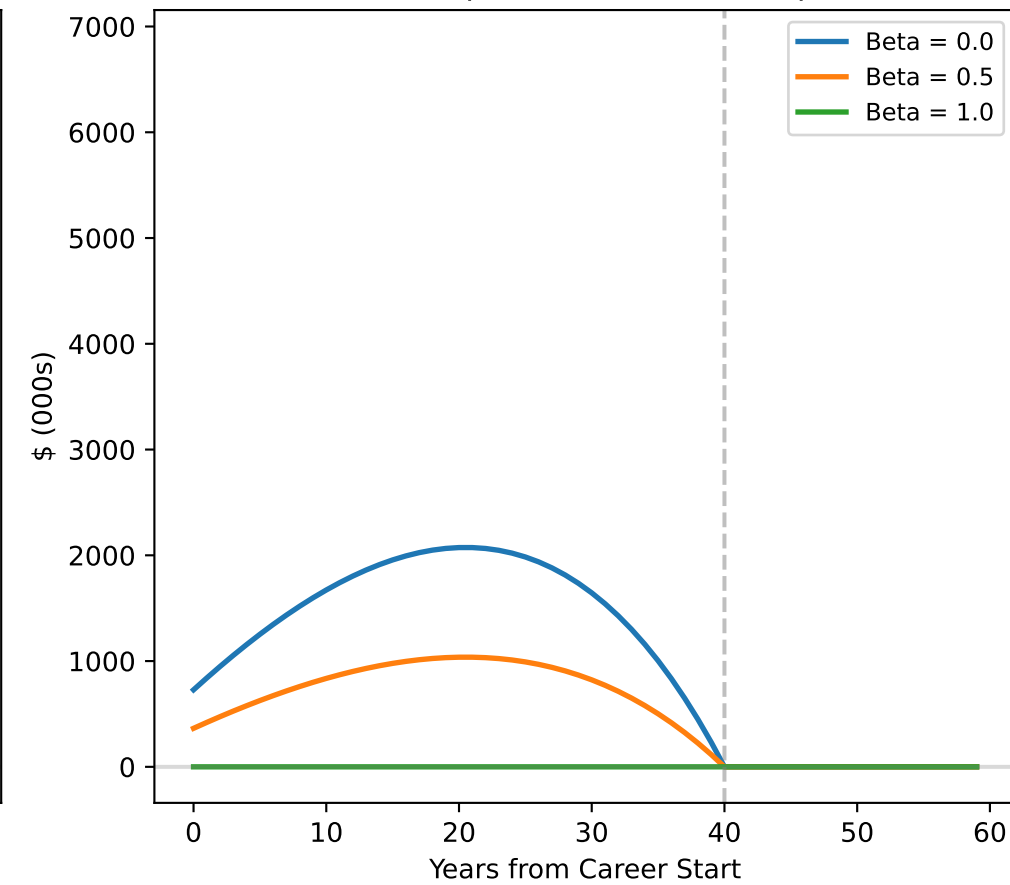
Stock Component of Human Capital



Bond Component of Human Capital



Cash Component of Human Capital



Lifecycle Investment Strategy Parameters

=====

Age Parameters:

- Career Start: 25
- Retirement Age: 65
- Planning Horizon: 85

Income Parameters:

- Initial Earnings: \$250k
- Earnings Growth: 0.0%
- Peak Earnings Age: 65

Subsistence Expense Parameters:

- Base Expenses: \$100k
- Retirement Expenses: \$100k

Initial Wealth:

- Starting Financial Wealth: \$100k

Consumption Model:

- Total Consumption = Subsistence + Rate x Net Worth
- Net Worth = Human Capital + Financial Wealth - PV(Future Expenses)
- Consumption Rate = Median Return + 1.0pp

Human Capital Allocation:

- Stock Beta: 0.00
- Bond Duration: 20.0 years (used for HC decomposition and MV optimization)

Mean-Variance Optimization (Full VCV):

- Risk-Free Rate (r_{bar}): 2.0%
- Stock Excess Return (μ_s): 4.0%
- Bond Sharpe Ratio: 0.00 $\rightarrow \mu_b = 0.00\%$
- Stock Volatility (σ_s): 18%
- Rate Shock Volatility (σ_r): 0.6%
- Rate/Stock Correlation (ρ): 0.00
- Risk Aversion (γ): 2.0
- Allocation Source: Mean-Variance Optimization (Full VCV)
- $w^* = (1/\gamma) * \Sigma^{-1} * \mu$ (Full VCV Merton solution)

VCV-Based Asset Return Models:

- Stock: $R_s = r + \mu_s + \sigma_s * \epsilon_s$
- Bond: $R_b = r + \mu_b - D * \sigma_r * \epsilon_r$
- Bond Vol: $D * \sigma_r = 12.0\%$
- Cov(R_s, R_b): $-D * \sigma_s * \sigma_r * \rho = -0.000\%$

Target Total Wealth Allocation (from MV):

- Stocks: 61.7%
- Bonds: 0.0%
- Cash: 38.3%

Key Insights:

1. Portfolio allocation is derived from full Merton solution: $w^* = (1/\gamma) * \Sigma^{-1} * \mu$
2. The VCV matrix accounts for bond return volatility from duration and rate shock correlation with stocks.
3. Changing γ , μ , σ , ρ , or duration allows studying how portfolios respond to assumptions.
4. Human capital is treated as implicit asset holdings, and financial portfolio adjusts to reach total targets.