

By
Mohan Dasan

# **Contents**

# Section – 1

# **Project Overview**

- 1.1 Fields present in the data files
- 1.2 LookUp Tables
- 1.3 DATASET
- 1.4 Data Enrichment
- 1.5 Data Analysis (SHOULD BE IMPLEMETED IN SPARK)
- 1.6 Challenges and Optimizations:
- 1.7 Flow of operations

# Section – 2

# Design of the Project

- 2.1 Low Level Design
- 2.2 High Level Design

# Section - 3

**Hadoop Eco-System Implementation** 

# Section – 4

Data Ingestion, Formatting, Enrichment and Filtering

- 4.1 Stage 1 Data Ingestion
- 4.2 Stage 2 Data Formatting
- 4.3 Stage 3 Data Enrichment & Filtering
- 4.4 Stage 4 Data Analysis using Spark
- 4.5 Stage 5 Data Storage in MYSQL

### **Job Scheduling**

Problems faced during project installation and how it resolved

Highlights of the Project

**Project End Conclusion** 

# **Project Overview**

A leading music-catering company is planning to analyze large amount of data received from varieties of sources, namely mobile app and website to track the behavior of users, classify users, calculate royalties associated with the song and make appropriate business strategies. The file server receives data files periodically after every 3 hours.

# 1.1 Fields present in the data files

Data files contain below fields.

Field Name	Description
user_id	Unique identifier of every user
song_id	Unique identifier of every song
artist_id	Unique identifier of the lead artist of the song
Timestamp	Time stamp when the record was generated
start_ts	Start timestamp when the song started to play
end_ts	End timestamp when the song was stopped
geo_cd	Can be 'A' for USA region, 'AP' for Asia Pacific
	region, 'J' for Japan region, 'E' for Europe and
	'AU' for Australia region
station_id	Unique identifier of the station from where the
	song was played
song_end_type	How the song was terminated
	0 means completed successfully
	1 means song was skipped
	2 means song was paused
	3 means other type of failure like device issue,
	network error, etc
Like	0 means song was not liked
	1 means song was liked
Dislike	0 means song was not liked
	1 means song was liked

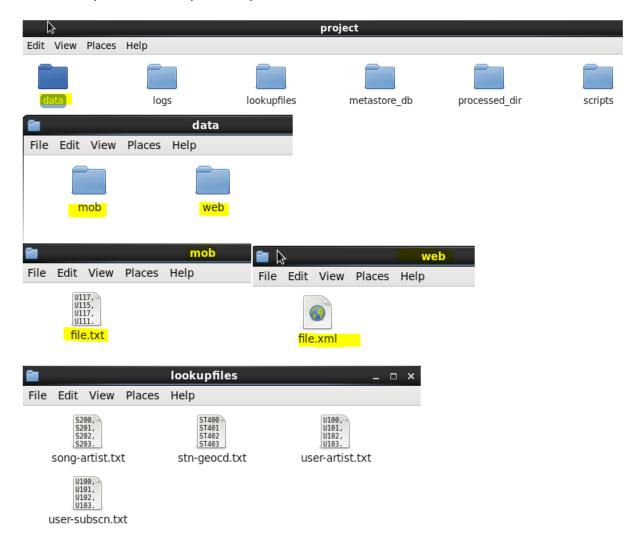
# 1.2 LookUp Tables

There are some existing look up tables present in **NoSQL** databases. They play an important role in data enrichment and analysis.

Table Name	Description					
station_Geo_Map	Contains mapping of a geo_cd with station_id					
subscribed_Users	Contains user_id, subscription_start_date and subscription_end_date					
song_Artist_Map	Contains mapping of song_id with artist_id alongwith royalty associated with each play of the song					
user_artist_Map	Contains an array of artist_id (s) followed by a user_id					

### 1.3 DATASET

- 1. Data coming from web applications reside in /data/web and has xml format.
- 2. Data coming from mobile applications reside in /data/mob and has csv format.
- 3. Data present in lookup directory should be used in HBase.



#### 1.4 Data Enrichment

Rules for data enrichment,

- 1. If any of like or dislike is NULL or absent, consider it as 0.
- 2. If fields like **geo\_cd** and **artist\_id** are NULL or absent, consult the lookup tables for fields **station\_id** and **song\_id** respectively to get the values of **geo\_cd** and **artist\_id**.
- 3. If corresponding lookup entry is not found, consider that record to be invalid.

NULL or absent field	Look up field	Look up table (Table from which record can be updated)					
Geo_cd	Station_id	Station_geo_map					
Artist_id	Song_id	Song_artist_map					

# 1.5 Data Analysis (SHOULD BE IMPLEMETED IN SPARK)

It is not only the data which is important, rather it is the insight it can be used to generate important. Once we have made the data ready for analysis, we have to perform below analysis on a daily basis.

- 1. Determine top 10 station\_id(s) where maximum number of songs were played, which were liked by unique users.
- 2. Determine total duration of songs played by each type of user, where type of user can be 'subscribed' or 'unsubscribed'. An unsubscribed user is the one whose record is either not present in Subscribed\_users lookup table or has subscription\_end\_date earlier than the timestamp of the song played by him.
- 3. Determine top 10 connected artists. Connected artists are those whose songs are most listened by the unique users who follow them.
- 4. Determine top 10 songs who have generated the maximum revenue. Royalty applies to a song only if it was liked or was completed successfully or both.
- 5. Determine top 10 unsubscribed users who listened to the songs for the longest duration.

## 1.6 Challenges and Optimizations:

- 1. LookUp tables are in NoSQL databases. Integrate them with the actual data flow.
- 2. Try to make joins as less expensive as possible.
- 3. Data Cleaning, Validation, Enrichment, Analysis and Post Analysis have to be automated. Try using schedulers.
- 4. Appropriate logs have to maintain to track the behavior and overcome failures in the pipeline.

## 1.7 Flow of operations

A schematic flow of operations is shown below,

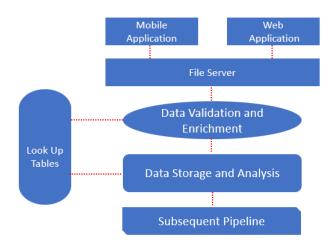


Fig-1

In the following sections, we are going to see the Music Data Analysis as per the above rules.

# Section - 2

# Design of the Project

#### 2.1 Low Level Design

The following flowchart shows the Low Level design of this project,

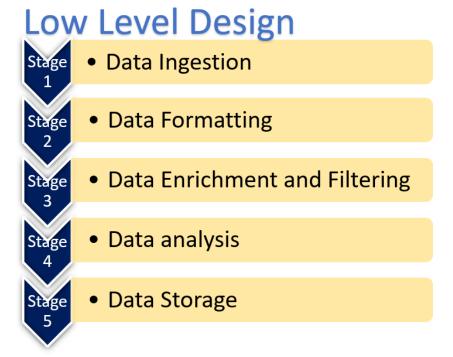


Fig 2

# 2.2 High Level Design

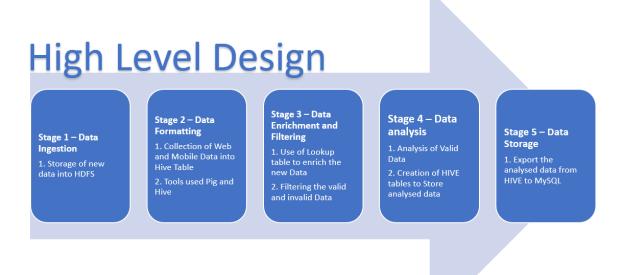


Fig-3

# Section-3 Hadoop Eco-System Implementation

1. We have created a batch file "start-daemon.sh" which starts the daemons such as hive, hbase, Mysql and rest of the all hadoop daemons.

Batch file script,

```
#!/bin/bash
if [ -f "/home/acadgild/Project 2 Music Data Analysis/logs/current-batch.txt" ]
then
echo "Batch File Found!"
else
echo -n "1" > "/home/acadgild/Project 2 Music Data Analysis/logs/current-batch.txt"
chmod 775 /home/acadgild/Project 2 Music Data Analysis/logs/current-batch.txt
batchid=`cat /home/acadgild/Project_2_Music_Data_Analysis/logs/current-batch.txt`
LOGFILE=/home/acadgild/Project_2_Music_Data_Analysis/logs/log_batch_$batchid
echo "Starting daemons" >> $LOGFILE
# To Start Hadoop Daemons:
start-all.sh
# To start the HMASTER service:
start-hbase.sh
# To Start the JobHistory server Services:
mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start historyserver
# To Start the mysql service
sudo service mysqld start
# To Start HIVE metastore:
hive --service metastore
```

#### 2. Starting all daemons,

## sh start-daemon.sh

As per the batch file script all the hadoop daemons and the Hive, MySql and Hive daemons are started shown in the below screen shot,

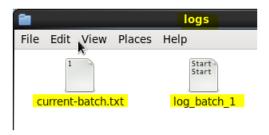
# Project 2 - Music Data Analysis

```
[acadgild@localhost sbin]s sh start-daemon.sh
Batch File Found!
This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh
This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh
This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh
This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh
This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh
This script is Deprecated. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack .c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
Is's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack .c localhor: Instead of the starting namenode. logging to /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/logs/hadoop-acadgild-namenode-localhost.localdomain.out
localhost: starting namenode, logging to /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/logs/hadoop-acadgild-datanode-localhost.localdomain.out
Starting secondary namenodes [0.0.0.0]
0.0.0.0: starting secondary namenodes [0.0.0.0]
0.0.0.0: starting secondary namenodes [0.0.0.0]
0.0.0.0: starting secondary namenodes [0.0.0.0]
10.0.0.0: starting secondary namenode-localhost.localdomain.out
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/logs/hadoop-acadgild-secondarynamenode-localhost.localdomain.out
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/libfle>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
Is's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c libfle>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
Is's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c lofle>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
Is's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack'.
Is's logly Installed with you fix the library with 'execstack'.
Is's logly Installed with you fix the library with 'execstack'.
Is's logly Installed with you fix the library with 'execstack'.
Is's logly Installed with you fix the library with 'execstack'.
Is's logly Installed with
```

3. We can see the list active services using the *jps* command, see below screen shot and also Starting the hive metastore created a metastore\_db in the location where we desired,



4. The **start-daemon.sh** script will check whether the current-batch.txt file is available in the logs folder or not. If not it will create the file and dump value '1' in that file and create LOGFILE with the current **batchid**.



# Section - 4

# Data Ingestion, Formatting, Enrichment and Filtering

4.1 Stage – 1

**Data Ingestion** 

By using the "populate-lookup.sh" script we will create lookup tables in **Hbase**. These tables have to be used in,

Data formatting,

Data enrichment and Analysis stage

## **Lookup Tables**

Sl.no	Table Name	Description	Related File
1	station-geo-	Contains mapping of a geo_cd with	stn-geocd.txt
	map	station_id	
2	subscribed-	Contains user_id, subscription_start_date	user-subscn.txt
	users	and	
		subscription_end_date.	
		Contains details only for subscribed users	
3	song-artist-	Contains mapping of song_id with artist_id	song-artist.txt
	map	Along with royalty associated with each play	
		of	
		the song	
4	user-artist-	Contains an array of <b>artist_id(</b> s) followed by	user-artist.txt
	map	a	
		user_id	

Table-1

### "populate-lookup.sh" script

The "populate-lookup.sh" shell script creates the above 4 lookup tables in the Hbase and populate the data into the lookup tables from the dataset files.

In the below screen shots, we can see the create-lookup.sh scripts and the following screen shots shows the tables creation and population of the data in the Hbase. Also, the values loaded into the Hbase Tables are also shown, please see the below screen shots.

```
populate-lookup.sh
```

```
#!/bin/bash
      batchid=`cat /home/acadgild/project/logs/current-batch.txt`
 5
      LOGFILE=/home/acadgild/project/logs/log batch $batchid
 6
      echo "Creating LookUp Tables" >> $LOGFILE
 8
9
       echo "create 'station-geo-map', 'geo'" | hbase shell
      echo "create 'subscribed-users', 'subscn'" | hbase shell
echo "create 'song-artist-map', 'artist'" | hbase shell
11
12
13
      echo "Populating LookUp Tables" >> $LOGFILE
14
15
16
      file="/home/acadgild/project/lookupfiles/stn-geocd.txt"
17
      while IFS= read -r line
      do
18
19
       stnid='echo $line | cut -d',' -f1'
       geocd='echo $line | cut -d',' -f2'
20
21
        echo "put 'station-geo-map', '$stnid', 'geo:geo_cd', '$geocd'" | hbase shell
22
      done <"$file"
23
24
25
      file="/home/acadgild/project/lookupfiles/song-artist.txt"
26
      while IFS= read -r line
27
       songid='echo $line | cut -d',' -f1'
28
       artistid=`echo $line | cut -d',' -f2`
29
30
       echo "put 'song-artist-map', '$songid', 'artist:artistid', '$artistid'" | hbase shell
31
      done <"$file"
32
33
34
      file="/home/acadgild/project/lookupfiles/user-subscn.txt"
35
      while IFS= read -r line
     do
36
      userid=`echo $line | cut -d',' -f1`
startdt=`echo $line | cut -d',' -f2`
37
38
39
       enddt='echo $line | cut -d',' -f3'
       echo "put 'subscribed-users', '$userid', 'subscn:startdt', '$startdt'" | hbase shell
echo "put 'subscribed-users', '$userid', 'subscn:enddt', '$enddt'" | hbase shell
40
41
      done <"$file"
42
43
     hive -f /home/acadgild/project/scripts/user-artist.hgl
44
45
```

#### Run the script: ./populate-lookup.sh

```
-rwxrwxr--. 1 acadgild acadgild 412 Jan 19 22:14 wrapper.sh
[acadgild@localhost scripts]$ ./populate-lookup.sh
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hbase-1.0.3/lib/slf4j-located binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/share/hadoo er.class]
SLF4J: Found binding is of type [org.slf4j.impl.Log4jLoggerFactory]
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgil stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c 2018-01-19 22:42:24,744 WARN [main] util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to los where applicable
HBase Shell; enter 'help<RETURN>' for list of supported commands.
Type "exit<RETURN>" to leave the HBase Shell
Version 1.0.3, rfle1312f9790a7c40f6a4b5albab2ealdd559890, Tue Jan 19 19:2

create 'station-geo-map', 'geo'
0 row(s) in 1.3100 seconds

Hbase::Table - station-geo-map
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hbase-1.0.3/lib/slf4j-located binding in [jar:file] binding in [jar:file] binding binding binding binding binding binding binding bindin
```

```
create 'subscribed-users', 'subscn'
0 row(s) in 1.7040 seconds

Hbase::Table - subscribed-users

SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hbase-1.0.3/lib/slf4j-log4j1

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/share/hadoop/co
er.class]

SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanati

SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.slf4j.impl.Log4jloggerFactory]

Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/ha
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.

It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>
2018-01-19 22:43:17,551 WARN [main] util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load na
s where applicable

HBase Shell; enter 'help<RETURN>' for list of supported commands.

Type "exit<RETURN>" to leave the HBase Shell

Version 1.0.3, rf1e1312f9790a7c40f6a4b5a1bab2ea1dd559890, Tue Jan 19 19:26:53

create 'song-artist-map', 'artist'
0 row(s) in 1.4620 seconds

Hbase::Table - song-artist-map

Type "exit<RETURN>" to leave the HBase Shell

Version 1.0.3, rf1e1312f9790a7c40f6a4b5a1bab2ea1dd559890, Tue Jan 19 19:26:53

put 'subscribed-users', 'Ul14', 'subscn:enddt', '1468130523'
0 row(s) in 1.1740 seconds

SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/share/hadoop/com
er.class]

SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanatio
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanatio
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanatio
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings.
```

We can see the lookup tables created using the "populate-lookup.sh" in the below screen shot, Lookup Tables in the hbase shell,

```
hbase(main):040:0> list
TABLE
song-artist-map
station-geo-map
subscribed-users
3 row(s) in 0.1250 seconds
=> ["song-artist-map", "station-geo-map", "subscribed-users"]
hbase(main):041:0>
```

The values loaded in the Lookup tables are shown below, song-artist-map

```
        hbase(main):061:0* scan 'song-artist-map'

        ROW
        COLUMN+CELL

        $200
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341421411, value=A300

        $201
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341449406, value=A301

        $202
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341449406, value=A302

        $203
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341464984, value=A303

        $204
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341479845, value=A304

        $205
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341509536, value=A301

        $206
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341524259, value=A303

        $207
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341524259, value=A303

        $208
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341537840, value=A304

        $209
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341551721, value=A305

        $209
        column=artist:artistid, timestamp=1516341551721, value=A305
```

```
hbase(main):062:0> scan 'station-geo-map
                                                                              COLUMN+CELL
ROW
 ST400
                                                                              column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341188768, value=A
                                                                              column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341208229, value=AU
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341225914, value=AP
 ST401
 ST402
 ST403
                                                                              column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341247762, value=J
                                                                             column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341247702,
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341264812,
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341278706,
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341293480,
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341308185,
 ST404
                                                                                                                                                                           value=E
 ST405
                                                                                                                                                                           value=A
 ST406
                                                                                                                                                                           value=AU
  ST407
                                                                                                                                                                           value=AP
                                                                              column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341322088, value=E
 ST408
                                                                             column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341322088, value=E
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341337723, value=E
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341351596, value=A
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341365274, value=A
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341379574, value=AP
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341393291, value=J
column=geo:geo_cd, timestamp=1516341407388, value=E
 ST409
 ST410
 ST411
 ST412
 ST413
 ST414
15 row(s) in 0.0830 seconds
```

#### subscribed-users

```
base(main):063:0> scan 'subscribed-users'
COLUMN+CELL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       USETS'
COLUMN+CELL
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341581655, value=1465130523
column=subscn:startdt, timestamp=1516341566016, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341609966, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634169966, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634169844, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341625162, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341684849, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341684849, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341684423, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341726878, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341726878, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=15163417357, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341740927, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341740927, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341785496, value=1455130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=1516341785496, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634184290, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634184290, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634184290, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634184290, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634184290, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634184290, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634184390, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634184390, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634190490, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634190490, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634190490, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634193490490, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634193490490, value=1475130523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634193490490, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634193490490, value=1465230523
column=subscn:enddt, timestamp=151634193490490, value=1465230523
column=subscn:
ROW
U100
       U100
       U101
       U101
       U102
       U102
       U103
         U103
       U104
       U104
       U105
       U105
       U106
       U106
       U107
       U107
       U108
       U108
       U109
       U109
       U110
       0110
       U111
       U111
       U112
       U112
       U113
       U113
   15 row(s) in 0.1170 seconds
```

We have successfully created the lookup tables in the Hbase.

The populate-lookup.sh also creates a lookup table "users\_artists" in the HIVE, loading the data from the user-artist.txt, the below screen shot shows that the table has been created in the HIVE.

```
c: true
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stac
It's highly recommended that you fix the libr
OK
Time taken: 2.705 seconds
OK
Time taken: 0.089 seconds
OK
Time taken: 1.689 seconds
Loading data to table project.users_artists
OK
Time taken: 2.168 seconds
[acadgild@localhost scripts]$
```

#### hive > Select \* From users\_artists;

Now we need to link theses lookup tables in hive using the Hbase Storage Handler.

With the help of "data\_enrichment\_filtering\_schema.sh" file we will create hive tables on the top of Hbase tables using "create\_hive\_hbase\_lookup.hql".

#### **Creating Hive Tables on the top of Hbase:**

In this section with the help of Hbase storage handler & SerDe properties we are creating the hive external tables by matching the columns of Hbase tables to hive tables.

Run the script: ./data\_enrichment\_filtering\_schema.sh,

The script will run the "create\_hive\_hbase\_lookup.hql" which will create the HIVE external tables with the help of Hbase storage handler & SerDe properties. The hive external tables will match the columns of Hbase tables to HIVE tables.

```
#!/bin/bash

batchid=`cat /home/acadgild/project/logs/current-batch.txt`
LOGFILE=/home/acadgild/project/logs/log_batch_$batchid

echo "Creating hive tables on top of hbase tables for data enrichment and filtering..." >> $LOGFILE

hive -f /home/acadgild/project/scripts/create_hive_hbase_lookup.hql

10
```

#### create\_hive\_hbase\_lookup.hql

```
USE project;
 2 create external table if not exists station geo map
 4
    station id String,
    geo cd string
 6
    STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler'
    with serdeproperties
    ("hbase.columns.mapping"=":key,geo:geo_cd")
 9
    tblproperties("hbase.table.name"="station-geo-map");
11
12 create external table if not exists subscribed users
13
14
    user_id STRING,
15 subscn_start_dt STRING,
16 subscn_end_dt STRING
18 STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler'
19 with serdeproperties
20
    ("hbase.columns.mapping"=":key,subscn:startdt,subscn:enddt")
    tblproperties("hbase.table.name"="subscribed-users");
21
22
23
    create external table if not exists song_artist_map
24
25 song id STRING,
26 artist id STRING
    STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler'
28
29 with serdeproperties
    ("hbase.columns.mapping"=":key,artist:artistid")
30
31
     tblproperties("hbase.table.name"="song-artist-map");
32
```

The below screenshot we can see tables getting created in hive by running the "data\_enrichement\_filtering\_schema.sh file"

```
[acadgild@localhost scripts]$ ./data_enrichment_filtering_schema.sh
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/apache-hive-2.1.0-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.4.1.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/St
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.10.jar!/org/slf4
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.10.jar!/org/slf4
slF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]

Logging initialized using configuration in jar:file:/home/acadgild/apache-hive-2.1.0-bin/lib/hive-common-2.1.0.jar!/hive
c: true

Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 wh
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.

It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.

OK
Time taken: 1.77 seconds
OK
Time taken: 3.301 seconds
OK
Time taken: 0.271 seconds
lacadgild@localhost scripts]$ hive
```

#### Hive>Show Tables;

```
hive> use project;

OK
Time taken: 1.485 seconds
hive> show tables;

OK
song_artist_map
station_geo_map
subscribed_users
users_artists
Time taken: 0.513 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
hive>
```

### hive>Select \* From song\_artist\_map

### hive>Select \* From station\_geo\_map

```
hive> select * from station_geo_map;
OK
ST400 A
ST401 AU
ST402 AP
ST403
ST404
           J
E
ST405
ST406
           A
AU
ST407
           AP
ST408
ST409
           Ε
           E
ST410
ST411
           A
ST412
           ΑP
ST413
ST414
           J
           Ε
Time taken: 0.542 seconds, Fetched: 15 row(s)
```

#### hive>Select \* from subscribed\_users

```
hive> select * From subscribed_users;
U100
        1465230523
                         1465130523
U101
        1465230523
                         1475130523
        1465230523
U102
                        1475130523
U103
        1465230523
                         1475130523
U104
        1465230523
                         1475130523
U105
        1465230523
                         1475130523
U106
        1465230523
                         1485130523
        1465230523
U107
                         1455130523
U108
        1465230523
                         1465230623
U109
        1465230523
                         1475130523
U110
        1465230523
                         1475130523
        1465230523
U111
                         1475130523
        1465230523
U112
                         1475130523
U113
        1465230523
                         1485130523
U114
        1465230523
                         1468130523
Time taken: 0.643 seconds, Fetched: 15 row(s)
```

### 4.2 Stage - 2

# **Data Formatting**

In this stage we are merging the data coming from both **web** applications and **mobile** applications and create a common table for analyzing purpose and create partitioned data based on **batchid**, since we are running this scripts for every 3 hours.

Run the script: ./dataformatting.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
      batchid='cat /home/acadgild/project/logs/current-batch.txt'
     LOGFILE=/home/acadgild/project/logs/log batch $batchid
     echo "Placing data files from local to HDFS..." >> $LOGFILE
     hadoop fs -rm -r /user/acadgild/project/batch<a href="mailto:flushid-">(batchid)</a>/web/
     hadoop fs -rm -r /user/acadgild/project/batch $\footnote{\subseteq} \text{batchid} / \formatted web/
10
     hadoop fs -rm -r /user/acadgild/project/batch${batchid}/mob/
11
     hadoop fs -mkdir -p /user/acadgild/project/batch${batchid}/web/
12
    hadoop fs -mkdir -p /user/acadgild/project/batchs{batchid}/mob/
13
14
15
     hadoop fs -put /home/acadgild/project/data/web/* /user/acadgild/project/batchid /web/
    hadoop fs -put /home/acadgild/project/data/mob/* /user/acadgild/project/batchs (batchid)/mob/
16
18
      echo "Running pig script for data formatting..." >> $LOGFILE
19
     pig -param batchid=$batchid /home/acadgild/project/scripts/dataformatting.pig
21
      echo "Running hive script for formatted data load..." >> $LOGFILE
24
     hive -hiveconf batchid=Sbatchid -f /home/acadgild/project/scripts/formatted hive load.hql
25
```

```
-rwxrwxr--. 1 acadgild acadgild 412 Jan 19 22:14 wrapper.sh
[acadgild@localhost scripts]$ ./dataformatting.sh
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 which might have disabled
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
18/01/20 17:58:29 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applic
able
18/01/20 17:58:30 INFO fs.TrashPolicyDefault: Namenode trash configuration: Deletion interval = 0 minutes, Emptier interval = 0 minutes.
Deleted /user/acadgild/project/batch1/web
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 which might have disabled
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applic
able
rm: 'user/acadgild/project/batch1/formattedweb/': No such file or directory
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 which might have disabled
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applic
able
18/01/20 17:58:40 MARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applic
able
18/01/20 17:58:40 MARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applic
able
18/01/20 17:58:40 MARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applic
able
18/01/20 17:58:46 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop l
```

We are running two scripts to format the data. They are: Dataformatting.pig
Formatted\_hive\_load.hql

Pig script to parse the data from coming from **web\_data.xml** to **csv** format and partition both web and mob data based on based on batch ID's

#### Dataformatting.pig

```
REGISTER /home/acadgild/project/lib/piggybank.jar;

DEFINE XPath org.apache.pig.piggybank.evaluation.xml.XPath();

A = LOAD '/user/acadgild/project/batch$(batchid)/web/' using org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.XMLLoader('record') as (x:chararray);

B = FOREACH A GENERATE TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/user_id')) AS user_id,

TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/artist_id')) AS artist_id,

TOUnixTime(ToDate(TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/timestamp')), 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss')) AS timestamp,

TOUnixTime(ToDate(TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/start_ts')), 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss')) AS start_ts,

TOUNIXTIME(TODate(TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/end_ts')), 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss')) AS ond_ts,

TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/geo_cd')) AS geo_cd,

TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/song_end_type')) AS station_id,

TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/song_end_type')) AS song_end_type,

TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/song_end_type')) AS dislike;

TRIM(XPath(x, 'record/song_end_type')) AS dislike;

STORE B INTO '/user/acadgild/project/batch$(batchid)/formattedweb/' USING PigStorage(',');
```

```
set hive.support.sql11.reserved.keywords=false;
    USE project;
    CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS formatted input
5 (
    user_id STRING,
 6
    song id STRING,
8 artist id STRING,
9 timestp STRING,
10
    start_ts STRING,
11 end_ts STRING,
12 geo_cd STRING,
    station_id STRING,
13
    song_end_type INT,
14
15 like INT,
    dislike INT
16
17
18 PARTITIONED BY
19 (batchid INT)
20 ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
21
   FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';
22
LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/acadgild/project/batch${hiveconf:batchid}/formattedweb/'
INTO TABLE formatted_input PARTITION (batchid=${hiveconf:batchid});
   LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/acadgild/project/batch${hiveconf:batchid}/mob/'
26
    INTO TABLE formatted input PARTITION (batchid=${hiveconf:batchid});
```

In the below screenshot we can see the data both the scripts in action, first pig script will parse the data and then hive script will load the data into hive terminal successfully.

Pig script successful completion,

```
2018-01-20 18:00:32,408 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - mapred.reduce.tasks is deprecated. Instead, use mapreduce.job.reduces 2018-01-20 18:00:32,403 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to ResourceManager at /0.0.0.0:8032 2018-01-20 18:00:32,403 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.warn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to ResourceManager at /0.0.0.0:8032 2018-01-20 18:00:32,803 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.magneducelayer.MapReducelauncher - 100% complete 2018-01-20 18:00:32,829 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.tools.pigstats.mapreduce.SimplePigStats - Script Statistics:

Hadoopversion PigVersion UserId StartedAt FinishedAt Features 2:5.1 0.16.0 acadgild 2018-01-20 17:59:26 2018-01-20 18:00:32 UNKNOWN

Success!

Job Stats (time in seconds):
    JobId Maps Reduces MaxMapTime MinMapTime AvgMapTime MedianMapTime MaxReduceTime MinReduceTime AvgReduceTime MedianMapTiols.piol.1516450284102,0001 1 0 18 18 18 18 0 0 0 0 A,B MAP_ONLY /user/acadgild/project/batch1/domattedweb,

Input(s):
    Successfully read 20 records (7111 bytes) from: */user/acadgild/project/batch1/domattedweb*

Counters:
    Total records written: 20
    Total bytes written: 20
    Total bytes written: 241
    Suilable Maps proactively spilled: 0
    Job DAG:
    job_1516450284102_0001

Job DAG:
    job_1516450284102_0001
```

#### Hive script successfully load the data into hive terminal,

```
er.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]
Logging initialized using configuration in jar:file:/home/acadgild/apache-hive-c: true
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hado stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', OK
Time taken: 2.627 seconds
OK
Time taken: 2.714 seconds
Loading data to table project.formatted_input partition (batchid=1)
OK
Time taken: 4.048 seconds
Loading data to table project.formatted_input partition (batchid=1)
OK
Time taken: 1.662 seconds
[acadgild@localhost scripts]$
```

In the above screenshot we can see the **dataformatting.pig** along with the **formatted\_hive\_load.hql** executed successfully.

The output of dataformatting.sh script in HDFS folders:

```
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2018-01-20 16:29 project
[acadgild@localhost ~]s hadoop fs -ls /user/acadgild/project
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 whi stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.

It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.

18/01/20 19:05:34 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-jav able

Found 1 items

drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2018-01-20 18:12 /user/acadgild/project/batch1

Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 whi stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.

It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.

18/01/20 19:05:47 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-jav able

Found 3 items

drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2018-01-20 18:12 /user/acadgild/project/batch1/formattedweb

drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2018-01-20 18:12 /user/acadgild/project/batch1/formattedweb

drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2018-01-20 18:11 /user/acadgild/project/batch1/web

[acadgild@localhost ~]$ [acadgild
```

The output of the **formatted web data** obtained from the **Dataformatting.pig** is shown in the below screen shot.

#### Command,

hadoop fs -cat /user/acadgild/project/batch1/formattedweb/\*

```
[acadgild@localhost ~]$
[acadgild@localhost ~]$ hadoop fs -cat /user/acadgild/project/batchl/formattedweb/*
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or li
18/01/20 19:09:24 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library fo
able
U113,S205,A305,1462863262,1465490556,1462863262,AP,ST407,3,0,1
U102,S200,A301,1494297562,1465490556,1465490556,AP,ST400,1,0,1
U110,S201,A300,1468094889,1462863262,1468094889,AU,ST406,2,1,1
U110,S201,A300,1468094889,1462863262,1468094889,AU,ST413,2,0,1
U102,S203,A305,1465490556,1494297562,1465490556,A,ST414,2,0,0
,S209,A304,1465490556,1462863262,1465490556,E,ST412,0,0,1
U105,S203,A300,1462863262,1468094889,1468094889,U,ST407,2,1,1
U113,S205,A303,1462863262,1468094889,1468094889,E,ST415,2,0,1
U120,S205,A302,1494297562,1494297562,E,ST410,1,0,1
U117,S206,A300,1468094889,1462863262,1494297562,E,ST410,1,0,1
U117,S206,A300,1468094889,1468094889,1468094889,E,ST40,0,1,0
U114,S200,A301,1462863262,1468094889,1468094889,E,ST405,1,0,1
U110,S208,A303,1494297562,1468094889,1468094889,E,ST405,1,0,1
U110,S208,A303,1494297562,1468094889,1468094889,AP,ST407,2,1,1
U103,S209,A305,1465490556,1468094889,1468094889,AP,ST407,2,1,1
U103,S209,A305,1465490556,1468094889,1468094889,AP,ST407,2,1,1
U103,S209,A305,1465490556,1468094889,1468094889,AP,ST407,2,1,1
U103,S209,A305,1465490556,1468094889,1468094889,AP,ST407,2,1,1
U103,S209,A305,1465490556,1468094889,1468094889,AP,ST407,2,1,1
U103,S209,A305,1465490556,146490556,1494297562,AU,ST408,2,0,0
U113,S210,A304,1468094889,1465490556,1494297562,AU,ST408,2,0,0
U113,S210,A304,1468094889,1465490556,1494297562,E,ST403,2,0,1
U104,S203,A300,1468094889,1468094889,1494297562,B,ST408,2,0,0
U113,S210,A304,1468094889,1468094889,1494297562,B,ST406,1,0,1
U104,S203,A300,1468094889,1468094889,1494297562,B,ST406,1,0,1
U104,S203,A300,1468094889,1468094889,1494297562,B,ST406,1,0,1
U104,S
```

The new Tables has been created and show below,

```
to using hive 1.x reteases.
hive> use project;
0K
Time taken: 1.467 seconds
hive> show tables;
0K
formatted_input
song_artist_map
station_geo_map
subscribed_users
users_artists
Time taken: 0.719 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
```

DataFormatting.sh output in hive terminal,

# hive> select \* from formatted input;

			nds, Fetched: 5	row(s)							
e>	select *	from fo	rmatted_input;								
17	5204	A301	1495130523	1465130523	1475130523	Α	ST402	Θ	1	Θ	1
5	5203	A305	1465230523	1465130523	1475130523	AP	ST409	0	i	Ö	i
7	S208	A305	1465130523	1465130523	1465130523	AP	ST407	3	Ð	1	i
1	S206	A303	1465230523	1485130523	1465130523	Ü	ST414	1	Θ	Ö	i
9	5207	A301	1465230523	1475130523	1485130523	AU	ST408	i	1	1	i
	5209	A301	1465230523	1465230523	1485130523	U	ST411	3	ē	i	i
2	S207	A302	1465230523	1465230523	1475130523	AU	ST411	9	1	i	i
.8	S207	A304	1475130523	1465130523	1465230523	U	ST403	Θ	Ð	Ö	i
1	5204	A301	1475130523	1485130523	1485130523	U	ST411	2	Θ	1	i
3	5207	MOOI	1465230523	1465130523	1465130523	Α	ST400	1	1	1	i
3	5207	A300	1465130523	1475130523	1475130523	Ü	ST415	1	1	9	1
)4	5202	A303	1495130523	1465130523	1475130523	Ü	ST413	1	1	1	i
13	5207	A305	1495130523	1465130523	1485130523	AU	ST401	Ō	Ð	i	i
)1	5207	A305	1465130523	1465230523	1465230523	AP	ST415	3	Θ	9	i
.0	5200	A303	1495130523	1465130523	1465130523	AP	ST413	9	Θ	1	i
.8	5202	A304	1465130523	1475130523	1465130523	E	ST413	Θ	1	1	i
.8	5200	A304 A305	1475130523	1465230523	1465230523	E	ST410	Θ	0	9	1
8	5209	A300	1495130523	1475130523	1465230523	Ū	ST400	1	Θ	1	i
15	5208	A300	1465130523	1475130523	1465230523	AU	ST410	1	Θ	9	i
.8	5200	A304	1465230523	1475130523	1485130523	A	ST418	2	1	1	i
.3	5201	A304 A305	1462863262	1465490556	1462863262	AP	ST407	3	0	1	1
2	S203	A303	1494297562	1465490556	1465490556	A	ST407	1	Θ	1	1
15	S200	A301	1494297562	1468094889	1465490556	AU	ST406	2	1	1	1
10	5207	A301	1468094889	1462863262	1468094889	AU	ST413	2	9	1	1
2	5201	A305	1465490556	1494297562	1465490556	A	ST413	2	Θ	9	1
12	S203	A303	1465490556	1462863262	1465490556	E	ST414	9	Θ	1	1
15	S203	A304	1462863262	1468094889	1468094889	U	ST412	2	1	1	i
.3	S205	A303	1462863262	1468094889	1468094889	E	ST415	2	9	1	i
0	S205	A303	1494297562	1494297562	1494297562		ST413	9	1	9	1
15	S210	A302	1468094889	1462863262	1494297562	Е	ST410	1	Θ	1	1
7	5216	A300	1468094889	1468094889	1465490556	A	ST410	2	Θ	Θ	1
4	5200	A300	1462863262	1468094889	1462863262	AP	ST414	1	1	1	1
L4 L0	5208	A301 A303	1494297562	1468094889	1468094889	E	ST405	1	9	1	1
5	5200	A303	1465490556	1465490556	1494297562	AU	ST405	2	1	1	1
3	5201	A305	1465490556	1468094889	1468094889	AU	ST407	3	9	1	1
2	5210	A303	1494297562	1494297562	1462863262	AU	ST408	2	1	Θ	1
18	5210	A303 A301	1468094889	1465490556	1468094889	AP	ST414	0	9	1	1
00	5202	A301	1462863262	1494297562	1494297562	AU	ST414	2	Θ	Θ	1
3	5210	A301 A304	1462863262	1465490556	1494297562	E	ST408	2	Θ	1	1
14	5210	A304 A300	1468094889	1468094889	1494297562	AU	ST405	1	Θ	1	1
			nds, Fetched: 4		143429/302	AU	31400	1	Ð	1	

- In the above screenshot we can see the formatted input data with some null values in user\_id, aritist\_id and geo\_cd columns which we will fill the enrichment script based on rules of enrichment for artist\_id and geo\_cd only. We will get neglect user\_id because they didn't mentioned anything about user\_id for enrichment purpose.
- Data formatting phase is executed successfully by loading both **mobile** and **web** data and partitioned based on **batchid**.

### 4.3 Stage - 3

## **Data Enrichment & Filtering**

In this stage, we will enrich the data coming from **web** and **mobile** applications using the lookup table stored in **Hbase** and divide the records based on the enrichment rules into 'pass' and 'fail' records.

#### Rules for data enrichment,

- 1. If any of like or dislike is **NULL** or **absent**, consider it as **0**.
- 2. If fields like **Geo\_cd** and **Artist\_id** are NULL or absent, consult the lookup tables for fields **Station\_id** and **Song\_id** respectively to get the values of **Geo\_cd** and **Artist\_id**.
- 3. If corresponding lookup entry is not found, consider that record to be invalid

So based on the enrichment rules we will fill the null **geo\_cd** and **artist\_id** values with the help of corresponding lookup values in **song-artist-map** and **station-geo-map** tables in **Hive-Hbase** tables.

#### data\_enrichment.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
      batchid=`cat /home/acadgild/project/logs/current-batch.txt`
      LOGFILE=/home/acadgild/project/logs/log_batch_$batchid
      VALIDDIR=/home/acadgild/project/processed_dir/valid/batch_$batchid
      INVALIDDIR=/home/acadgild/project/processed_dir/invalid/batch_$batchid
      echo "Running hive script for data enrichment and filtering..." >> $LOGFILE
10
      hive -hiveconf batchid=$batchid -f /home/acadgild/project/scripts/data enrichment.hql
12
      if [ ! -d "$VALIDDIR" ]
13
      mkdir -p "$VALIDDIR"
14
15
16
17
      if [ ! -d "$INVALIDDIR" ]
18
      mkdir -p "$INVALIDDIR"
19
20
21
22
23
24
      echo "Copying valid and invalid records in local file system..." >> $LOGFILE
      hadoop fs -get /user/hive/warehouse/project.db/enriched data/batchid=$batchid/status=pass/* $VALIDDIR
25
      hadoop fs -get /user/hive/warehouse/project.db/enriched data/batchid=$batchid|status=fail/* $INVALIDDIR
27
      echo "Deleting older valid and invalid records from local file system..." >> $LOGFILE
28
29
      find /home/acadgild/project/processed_dir/ -mtime +7 -exec rm {} \;
```

#### data\_enrichment.hql

```
set hive.support.sql11.reserved.keywords=false;
    SET hive.auto.convert.join=false;
   SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode=nonstrict;
5
   USE project;
   CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS enriched data
8 (
9 user_id STRING,
10 song_id STRING,
11 artist id STRING,
timestp STRING,
start_ts STRING,
14 end_ts STRING,
15 geo_cd STRING,
16
   station id STRING,
   song_end_type INT,
17
18 like INT,
   dislike INT
19
20
21 PARTITIONED BY
   (batchid INT,
22
    status STRING)
24 STORED AS ORC:
26 INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE enriched data
27 PARL
28 SELECT
    PARTITION (batchid, status)
29 i.user id,
30 i.song_id,
    IF(i.artist id is NULL OR i.artist id='',sa.artist id,i.artist id) AS artist id,
31
32 i.timestp,
33 i.start_ts,
34
    i.end ts.
    IF(i.geo_cd is NULL OR i.geo_cd='',sg.geo_cd,i.geo_cd) AS geo_cd,
35
36 i.station id,
37 IF (i.song_end_type IS NULL,3,i.song_end_type) AS song_end_type,
    IF (i.like IS NULL, 0, i.like) AS like,
39 IF (i.dislike IS NULL, 0, i.dislike) AS dislike,
40 i.batchid,
41
    IF((i.like=1 AND i.dislike=1)
    OR i.user_id IS NULL
42
43 OR i.song id IS NULL
44 OR i.timestp IS NULL
45 OR i.start ts IS NULL
46 OR i.end ts IS NULL
47 OR i.user_id=''
    OR i.song id=''
48
49 OR i.timestp=''
50 OR i.start ts=''
51 OR i.end_ts=''
    OR sg.geo_cd=''
52
53 OR sg.geo cd IS NULL
54 OR sa.artist_id IS NULL
    OR sa.artist id='','fail','pass') AS status
56 FROM formatted_input i
57 LEFT OUTER JOIN station_geo_map sg ON i.station_id = sg.station_id
58 LEFT OUTER JOIN song_artist_map sa ON i.song_id = sa.song_id 59 WHERE i.batchid=${hiveconf:batchid};
```

```
[acadgild@localhost scripts]$ ./data_enrichment.sh
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/apache-hive-2.1.0-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j
  er.classl
  SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]
  Logging initialized using configuration in jar:file:/home/acadgild/apache-hive-2.1.0-bin/li
  c: true
 Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it
  0K
   Time taken: 2.344 seconds
  0K
    Time taken: 1.592 seconds
 WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.

Query ID = acadgild_20180121050629_4da8c068-b197-457a-8f78-6cd1e80c34b7

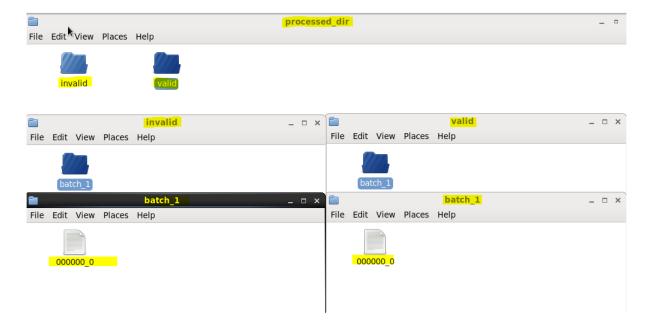
Total_iobs = 2
Query ID = acadgild_20180121050629_4da8c068-b197-457a-8f78-6cdle80c34b7

Total_iohs = 2

In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
    set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
    In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
    set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
    In order to set a constant number of reducers:
    set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
    Starting Job = job_1516485910189_0006, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1516485910189_0006/
    Kill Command = /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1516485910189_0006
Hadoop job information for Stage-2: number of mappers: 2; number of reducers: 1
2018-01-21 05:08:49,177 Stage-2 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2018-01-21 05:09:12,849 Stage-2 map = 50%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 2.2 sec
2018-01-21 05:09:15,182 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 5.74 sec
2018-01-21 05:09:31,414 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 9.86 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 9 seconds 860 msec
Ended Job = job_1516485910189_0006
Loading data to table project.enriched_data partition (batchid=null, status=null)
 Loaded: 2/2 partitions.
Time taken to load dynamic partitions: 1.231 seconds
Time taken for adding to write entity: 0.004 seconds
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 3 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 14.16 sec HDFS Read: 50542 HDFS Write: 3280 SUCCESS
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 2 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 9.86 sec HDFS Read: 25154 HDFS Write: 3177 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 24 seconds 20 msec
 on Time taken: 182.412 seconds
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 wh stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard niew.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
18/01/21 05:09:40 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-ja
 able
Java HotSpot(TM) Client VM warning: You have loaded library /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/lib/native/libhadoop.so.1.0.0 wl
stack guard. The VM will try to fix the stack guard now.
It's highly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack -c <libfile>', or link it with '-z noexecstack'.
18/01/21 05:09:45 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-jable
```

At the end script will automatically divide the records based on status **pass** & **fail** and dump the result into **processed\_dir** folder with valid and invalid folders.

```
drwxrwxr-x. 3 acadgild acadgild 4096 Jan 21 05:09 invalid drwxrwxr-x. 3 acadgild acadgild 4096 Jan 21 05:09 valid [acadgild@localhost processed_dir]$ ls -l invalid total 4 drwxrwxr-x. 2 acadgild acadgild 4096 Jan 21 05:09 batch_1 [acadgild@localhost processed_dir]$ ls -l invalid/batch_1 total 4 -rw-r--r-. 1 acadgild acadgild 1505 Jan 21 05:09 000000_0 [acadgild@localhost processed_dir]$ ls -l valid/batch_1 total 4 -rw-r--r-. 1 acadgild acadgild 1507 Jan 21 05:09 000000_0 [acadgild@localhost processed_dir]$
```



Now we can check whether the data properly loaded in the hive terminal or not.

```
hive> use project;

OK
Time taken: 2.773 seconds
hive> show tables;

OK
enriched_data
formatted_input
song_artist_map
station_geo_map
subscribed_users
users_artists
Time taken: 1.291 seconds, Fetched: 6 row(s)
hive> select * from enriched_data;
```

In the below screenshot we have data for **enriched\_data** table where we filled the null values of **artist\_id** and **geo\_cd** of formatted input with the help of lookup tables,

hive>select \* From enriched\_data;

^ ^	Select *	From en	riched data;									
)K			_									
1114	S200	A301	1462863262	1468094889	1462863262	AP	ST408	1	1	1	1	fail
118	5201	A304	1465230523	1475130523	1485130523	Α	ST408	2	1	1	1	fail
115	5201	A303	1465490556	1465490556	1494297562	AU	ST407	2	1	1	1	fail
113	5202	A300	1465130523	1475130523	1475130523	U	ST415	1	1	Θ	1	fail
105	5203	A300	1462863262	1468094889	1468094889	U	ST407	2	1	1	1	fail
113	S205	A303	1462863262	1468094889	1468094889	E	ST415	2	Θ	1	1	fail
101	5206	A305	1465130523	1465230523	1465230523	AP	ST415	3	Θ	Θ	1	fail
104	S206	A303	1495130523	1465130523	1475130523	U	ST401	1	1	1	1	fail
112	5207	A302	1465230523	1465230523	1475130523	AU	ST410	Θ	1	1	1	fail
103	S207	A303	1465230523	1465130523	1465130523	Α	ST400	1	1	1	1	fail
119	5207	A301	1465230523	1475130523	1485130523	AU	ST408	1	1	1	1	fail
115	S207	A301	1494297562	1468094889	1465490556	AU	ST406	2	1	1	1	fail
118	5208	A304	1465130523	1475130523	1465130523	E	ST410	Θ	1	1	1	fail
	5209	A301	1465230523	1465230523	1485130523	U	ST411	3	Θ	1	1	fail
	5209	A304	1465490556	1462863262	1465490556	E	ST412	Θ	Θ	1	1	fail
113	5210	A304	1468094889	1465490556	1494297562	E	ST403	2	Θ	1	1	fail
105	5210	NULL	1468094889	1462863262	1494297562	E	ST410	1	Θ	1	1	fail
112	5210	A303	1494297562	1494297562	1462863262	AU	ST408	2	1	Θ	1	fail
102	5200	A301	1494297562	1465490556	1465490556	Α	ST400	1	Θ	1	1	pass
108	5200	A300	1495130523	1475130523	1465230523	U	ST400	1	Θ	1	1	pass
100	S200	A301	1462863262	1494297562	1494297562	AU	ST408	2	Θ	Θ	1	pass
110	5201	A300	1468094889	1462863262	1468094889	AU	ST413	2	Θ	1	1	pass
110	5202	A303	1495130523	1465130523	1465130523	AP	ST413	Θ	0	1	1	pass
118	5202	A301	1468094889	1465490556	1468094889	AP	ST414	Θ	0	1	1	pass
118	5203	A304	1475130523	1465130523	1465230523	U	ST403	Θ	0	Θ	1	pass
104	5203	A300	1468094889	1468094889	1494297562	AU	ST406	1	Θ	1	1	pass
115	5203	A305	1465230523	1465130523	1475130523	AP	ST409	Θ	1	0	1	pass
102	5203	A305	1465490556	1494297562	1465490556	A	ST414	2	Θ	Θ	1	pass
101	5204	A301	1475130523	1485130523	1485130523	A	ST411	2	0	1	1	pass
117	S204	A301	1495130523	1465130523	1475130523	A AP	ST402	Θ	1	0 1	1	pass
113	S205	A305	1462863262	1465490556	1462863262		ST407	3	0		1	pass
120	S205	A302	1494297562	1494297562	1494297562	A	ST400	Θ	1	Θ	1	pass
117	5206	A300	1468094889	1468094889	1465490556	A	ST414	2	Θ	0	1	pass
111	5206	A303	1465230523	1485130523	1465130523	U	ST414	1	Θ	Θ	1	pass
113	S207	A305	1495130523	1465130523	1485130523	AU AP	ST402	0	0	1	1	pass
117	5208	A305	1465130523	1465130523	1465130523		ST407	3	0	1	1	pass
110	S208	A303	1494297562	1468094889	1468094889	E	ST405	1	0	1	1	pass
105	5208	A300	1465130523	1475130523	1465230523	AU	ST410	1	0	Θ	1	pass
103	5209	A305	1465490556	1468094889	1468094889	AU	ST408	3	Θ	1	1	pass
118	5209	A305	1475130523	1465230523	1465230523	E	ST400	Θ	Θ	Θ	1	pass
ime τ ive>		Zbb seco	nds, Fetched: 4	O row(s)								

By applying the provided rules, we have successfully accomplished Data enrichment and Filtering stage.

# Stage – 4 Data Analysis using Spark

In this stage we will do analysis on enriched data using Spark SQL and run the program using Spark Submit command.

Before running the spark-submit command we have to zip –d command to remove the bad manifests in created spark project jar file to avoid the invalid Signature exception. We used two spark-submits for analysis.

- a. Spark\_analysis for creating tables for each query/problem statement.
- b. Spark\_analysis\_2 for displaying results for each query in terminal.

#### DataAnalysis.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
       batchid=`cat /home/acadgild/project/logs/current-batch.txt`
       LOGFILE=/home/acadgild/project/logs/log batch $batchid
       echo "Running script for data analysis using spark..." >> $LOGFILE
chmod 775 /home/acadgild/project/lib/sparkanalysis.jar
       zip -d /home/acadgild/project/lib/sparkanalysis.jar META-INF/*.DSA META-INF/*.RSA META-INF/*.SF
       /home/acadgild/spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7/bin/spark-submit
       --class Spark_analysis \
       --master local[2] \
15
16
17
18
19
       --driver-class-path /home/acadgild/apache-hive-2.1.0-bin/lib/hive-hbase-handler-2.1.0.jar:/home/acadgild/hbase-1.0.3/lib/*
       /home/acadgild/project/lib/sparkanalysis.jar $batchid
       /home/acadgild/spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7/bin/spark-submit
       --class Spark_analysis_2 \
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
       --master local[2] \
       --driver-class-path /home/acadgild/apache-hive-2.1.0-bin/lib/hive-hbase-handler-2.1.0.jar:/home/acadgild/hbase-1.0.3/lib/* \
       /home/acadgild/project/lib/sparkanalysis.jar $batchic
      echo "Exporting data to MYSQL using sqoop export..." >> $LOGFILE
sh /home/acadgild/project/scripts/data export.sh
              'Incrementing batchid..." >> $LOGFILE
28
29
       batchid='expr $batchid + 1'
       echo -n $batchid > /home/acadgild/project/logs/current-batch.txt
```

# Spark\_analysis.scala

```
import org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.`lazy`.LazySimpleSerDe
import org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession
            object Spark_analysis {
                 def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
                      val sparkSession = SparkSession.builder()
                          .master("local[2]")
                           .mapName("Data Analysis Main_1")
.config("spark.sgl.warehouse.dir","/user/hive/warehouse")
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
                           .config("hive.metastore.uris","thrift://127.0.0.1:9083")
                           .enableHiveSupport()
                           .getOrCreate()
                     val batchId = args(0)
                     //<<>>
PROBLEM 1 - Creation of table and Insertion of data ----->>>>>>>
//Determine top 10 station_id(s) Where maximum number of songs were played, which were liked by unique users.
                      val set_properties = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("set hive.auto.convert.join=false")
                     val use_project_database = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("USE project")
                      val create_hive_table_top_10_stations = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS project.top_10_stations"+
                          " station id STRING,"+
                          " total_distinct_songs_played INT,"+
                           " distinct_user_count INT"
                          ")"+
" PARTITIONED BY (batchid INT)"+
" ROW FORMAT DELIMITED"+
 31
32
                          " FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','"+
                          " STORED AS TEXTFILE")
 33
                      val insert_into_top_10_stations = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE project.top_10_stations"+
    s" PARTITION (batchid=$batchId)"+
    " SELECT"+
 36
37
38
39
41
42
43
44
45
50
51
52
53
54
55
66
66
67
                          " station_id,"+
" COUNT(DISTINCT song_id) AS total_distinct_songs_played,"+
" COUNT(DISTINCT user_id) AS distinct_user_count"+
" FROM project.enriched_data"+
                           " WHERE status='pass'"+
s" AND (batchid=$batchId)"
" AND like=1"+
                          " ARD IRE-1."
" GROUP BY station_id"+
" ORDER BY total_distinct_songs_played DESC"+
" LIMIT 10")
                      //<<<>>
/*Comparison of the second of the se
                      " user_type STRING,"+
" song_id STRING,"+
                               artist_id STRING,"-
                             " total_duration_in_minutes DOUBLE"+
                           ")"+
" PARTITIONED BY (batchid INT)"+
                            " ROW FORMAT DELIMITED"+
                            " FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','"+
                            " STORED AS TEXTFILE";
```

```
sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE project.song duration"+
                              val insert into song duration =
                                   al insert into song duration = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE project.song_duration"+
s" PARTITION (batchid=SbatchId)"+
" SELECT"+
" e.user_id STRING,"+
" If(e.user_id!=s.user_id"+
" OR (CAST(s.subscn_end_dt as BIGINT) < CAST(e.start_ts as BIGINT)),'unsubscribed','subscribed') AS user_type,"+
" e.song_id STRING,"+
" e.artist_id STRING,"+
" e.artist_id STRING,"+
" (cast(e.end_ts as BIGINT)-cast(e.start_ts as BIGINT))/60 AS total_duration_in_minutes"+
" TROW reports_reprised_dsss_s"+
" TROW reports_reprised_dsss_s"+
" TROW reports_reprised_dsss_s"+
" TROW reports_reprised_dsss_s"+
  70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
90
91
92
93
94
95
97
98
99
                                    " FROM project.enriched_data e"-
                                    " LEFT OUTER JOIN project.subscribed users s"+
                                  " ON e.user_id=s.user_id"+
" WHERE e.status='pass'"+
s" AND (batchid=$batchId)")
                                                                                          //Determine top 10 connected artists.
                             //Connected artists are those whose songs are most listened by the unique users who follow them.
                              val create hive_table_top_10_connected_artists = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS project.connected_artists"+
                                  "("+
" artist_id STRING,"+
" total_distinct_songs INT,"+
" unique_followers INT"+
")"+
" PARTITIONED BY (batchid INT)"+
" ROW FORMAT DELIMITED"+
" THING TERMINISTED BY ' "
                                   " FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','"+
" STORED AS TEXTFILE")
                            val insert_into_top_10_connected_artists = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE project.connected_artists"+
s" PARTITION (batchid=$batchId)"+
" SELECT"+
" SELECT"+

" artist id,"+

" COUNT (DISTINCT song_id) AS total_distinct_songs,"+

" COUNT (DISTINCT user_id) AS unique_followers"+

" FROM project.enriched_data"+

" RROM project.enriched_data"+

" WHERE status='pass'"+

s" AND (batchid=$batchId)"+

" GROUP BY artist_id"+

" ORDER BY unique_followers desc,total_distinct_songs desc"+

" LIMIT 10")
                            //</>
//ccc.... PROBLEM 4 - Creation of table and Insertion of data ----->>>>>> //Determine top 10 songs who have generated the maximum revenue.
//NOTE: Royalty applies to a song only if it was liked or was completed successfully or both.
                            val create_hive_table_top_10_songs_maxrevenue = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS project.top_10_songs_maxrevenue"
"("+
" song_id STRING,"+
" artist_id STRING,"+
" total_duration_in_minutes DOUBLE"+
" )"+
                                 " PARTITIONED BY (batchid INT)"+
" ROW FORMAT DELIMITED"+
" FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','"+
" STORED AS TEXTFILE")
                           | val insert_into_top_10_songs_maxrevenue = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE project.top_10_songs_maxrevenue"+
    s" PARTITION (batchid=SbatchId)"+
    " SELECT"+
    " song_id,"+
    " artist_id,"+
    " (cast(end_ts_as_BIGINT)-cast(start_ts_as_BIGINT))/60 AS_total_duration_in_minutes"+
    " FROM_project.enriched_data"+
    " WHERE_status="pass"    " AND_Charts_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_Table_total_Data_
131
132
133
134
135
136
137
138
139
140
141
142
143
144
145
145
151
152
153
154
155
155
157
158
                                s" AND (batchid=$batchId)"+
"AND (like=1 OR song end type=0 OR (like=1 and song end type=0))"+
"ORDER BY total_duration_in_minutes desc"+
"LIMIT 10")
                           val create hive table top 10 unsubscribed users = sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS project.top 10 unsubscribed users"+
                              "("+
" user id STRING,"+
" song_id STRING,"+
" tist_id STRING,"+
" total duration_in minutes DOUBLE"+
")"+
" PARTITIONED BY (batchid INT)"+
" ROW FORMAT DELIMITED"+
" FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',""+
" STORED AS TEXTFILE")
```

#### Spark\_analysis\_2.scala

```
package sparkanalysis
       import org.apache.spark.{SparkConf,SparkContext}
      import org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession
5
      object Spark_analysis_2 {
6
       def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
          val sparkSession = SparkSession.builder.master("local").appName("Spark Session example")
            .config("spark.sql.warehouse.dir", "/user/hive/warehouse")
8
             .config("hive.metastore.uris", "thrift://localhost:9083")
9
            .enableHiveSupport().getOrCreate()
          val batchId = args(0)
11
          sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("USE project")
13
          sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("SELECT station_id from top_10_stations").show()
14
          sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("SELECT user_type,total_duration_in_minutes from song_duration").show()
15
16
          sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("SELECT artist id from connected artists").show()
          sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("SELECT song id from top 10 songs maxrevenue").show()
18
           sparkSession.sqlContext.sql("SELECT user_id from top_10_unsubscribed_users").show()
19
      ∳ }
       }}
```

```
ime taken: 1.729 seconds
             inme taken: 1.437 seconds
VARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e.
spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild_20180122102731_b67f3e6a-6470-44f7-bc68-6e98ef39b68d
WARNING: Hive-on-Fix 13 uspression in the content of the content 
       Loading data to table project.top_10_stations partition (batchid=7)

set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting 30b = job_1516485910189_0021, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1516485910189_0021/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1516485910189_0021
Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2018-01-22 10:30:30,030 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 5.88 sec
2018-01-22 10:30:30,036 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 9.78 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 9 seconds 780 msec
Ended Job = job_1516485910189_0021

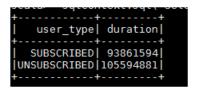
Launching Job 2 out of 2
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1516485910189_0022 Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1516485910189_0022/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/hadoop-2.7.2/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1516485910189_0022
Hadoop job information for Stage-2 map = 00%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 1.92 sec
2018-01-22 10:31:26,662 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 5.33 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 5 seconds 330 msec
Ended Job = job_1516485910189_0022
Loading data to table project.users_behaviour partition (batchid=7)
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 5 seconds 330 msec
Ended Job = job_1516485910189_0022
Loading data to table project.users_behaviour partition (batchid=7)
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU Time Spent: 15 seconds 110 msec
0K

Time taken: 132.863 seconds
             Time taken: 132.863 seconds
         OK
Time taken: 0.138 seconds
<del>WARNING</del>: Hive-on-MR is <mark>deprecated i</mark>n Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engin
```

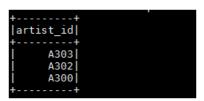
Query-1: Determine top 10 **station\_id(s)** where maximum number of songs were played, which were liked by unique users.

```
| ST402 | ST405 | ST40
```

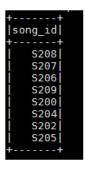
Query-2: Determine total duration of songs played by each type of user, where type of user can be 'subscribed' or 'unsubscribed'. An unsubscribed user is the one whose record is either not present in Subscribed\_users lookup table or has subscription\_end\_date earlier than the timestamp of the song played by him.



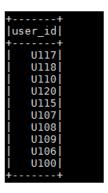
Query-3: Determine top 10 connected artists. Connected artists are those whose songs are most listened by the unique users who follow them



Query-4: Determine top 10 songs who have generated the maximum revenue. Royalty applies to a song only if it was liked or was completed successfully or both



Query-5: Determine top 10 unsubscribed users who listened to the songs for the longest duration.



#### Table Creation in HIVE and Data analysis using HIVE,

```
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=xnumber>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
set hive.exec.reducers.max=xnumber>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
set mapreduce.job.reduces=xnumber>
Starting Job = job.1516485910189 0029, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1516485910189_0029/
Kill Command = /home/acadqild/hadoop-2.7.2/bin/hadoop job .kill job.1516485910189_0029
Hadoop job information for stage-2: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2018-01-22 10:37:50,781 Stage-2 map = 0%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 2.26 sec
2018-01-22 10:38:06,434 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 4.34 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 4 seconds 340 msec
Finded Job = job.1516485910189_0029

Launching Job 3 out of 3
Number of reduce tasks determined at compile time: 1
In order to change the maximum number of reducers:
set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=xnumber>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
starting Job = job.1516485910189_0030, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1516485910189_0030/
Kill Command = /home/acadqild/hadoop-2.7.2/bin/hadoop job - kill job_1516485910189_0030/
Kill Command = /home/acadqild/hadoop-2.7.2/bin/hadoop job - kill job_1516485910189_0030

Hadoop job information for stage-3 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 1.8 sec
2018-01-22 10:38:30,610 Stage-3 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 1.8 sec
2018-01-22 10:38:356,880 Stage-3 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 4.73 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 4 seconds 730 msec
Ended Job = job | 516485910189 0030

Hadoop job information for stage-3 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 4.73 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 4 seconds 730 msec
Ended Job = job | 516485910189 180 030

Loading data to table project.top_10_unsubscribed_users partition (batchid=7)

MapR
```

The tables have also been created in the Hive,

We have seen all the spark queries creating the tables for each query. So Data Analysis using Spark is executed successfully.

The data analysis result is shown in the Hive tables below in the screen shot, Output from, connected\_artists, top\_10\_royalty\_songs, top\_10\_stations.

Output from top\_10\_unsubscribed\_users, users\_behaviour.

Now, we need to export all the data to the MYSQL using sqoop, run the script data\_export.sh,

### Stage – 5

### Data Storage in MYSQL

Using the bash file shown below, **data\_export.sh** we are going to export the data from the hive tables into MySQL using **Sqoop** export.

**create\_schema.sql** – Make sure that you logged in to MySql. The below schema will create the database and tables in the MySQL.

```
CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS project;
2
3
    USE project;
 5
     CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS top_10_stations
 6 □ (
     station_id VARCHAR(50),
 8
      total distinct songs played INT,
9
     distinct_user_count INT
10
11
     CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS users_behaviour
12
13
     user_type VARCHAR(50),
14
15
     duration BIGINT
    L);
16
17
     CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS connected artists
18
19
20
     artist id VARCHAR(50),
    user_count INT
);
21
22
23
     CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS top_10_royalty_songs
24
25
     song_id VARCHAR(50),
26
27
     duration BIGINT
28
29
30
     CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS top 10 unsubscribed users
31
32
     user id VARCHAR(50),
     duration BIGINT
33
    L);
34
35
36
    commit;
```

Now we can see the data exported successfully into the MYSQL Database for all the 5 queries.

```
It's bindly recommended that you fix the library with 'execstack .c clipfile>', or link it with '.z noexecstack'.

18/81/24 99:57:24 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applic able
Found 1 items
drwxrwxr- acadgild supergroup
[acadgildglocalhost-]s sqoop export .- connect jdbc:mysql://localhost/project .- using builtin-java classes where applic able
found 1 items
drwxrwxr- acadgild supergroup
[acadgildglocalhost-]s sqoop export .- connect jdbc:mysql://localhost/project .- using builtin-java classes where applic able
found 1 items
drwxrwxr- acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./localhost/project .- using builtin-java classes where applic able
for the drive your detailed in the project of your Acadgild your platform. .- your detailed your detailed in your Hotalday installation.
Warning: /home/acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.
Please set $200KEPER HOME to the root of your Acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.

Please set $200KEPER HOME to the root of your Acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.

Please set $200KEPER HOME to the root of your Acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./accumulo imports will fail.

Please set $200KEPER HOME to the root of your Acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./accumulo imports will fail.

Please set $200KEPER HOME to the root of your Acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./accumulo imports will fail.

Please set $200KEPER HOME to the root of your Acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-1.4.6.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-2.0.4-alpha/./acadgild/sqoop-2.0.4-
```

The sqoop export command exported the tables from the hive and it stored in the Mysql. The below screen shot show the successful Sqoop export from hive to mysql. The data stored in the Mysql is shown in the successive screen shots,

```
2018-01-24 10:06:14,233 INFO

Main] input.FileInputFormat: Total input paths to process: 1
2018-01-24 10:06:14,463 INFO

Main] mapreduce.JobSubmitter: number of splits: 1
2018-01-24 10:06:14,643 INFO

Main] mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1516764714140_0018
2018-01-24 10:06:14,791 INFO

Main] mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1516764714140_0018
2018-01-24 10:06:10,402 INFO

Main] mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1516764714140_0018
2018-01-24 10:06:10,402 INFO

Main] mapreduce.Job: Neurit to track the job: http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1516764714140_0018
2018-01-24 10:06:10,402 INFO

Main] mapreduce.Job: Neurit to track the job: http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1516764714140_0018
2018-01-24 10:06:10,402 INFO

Main] mapreduce.Job: Neuring job: job_1516764714140_0018 running job under mode: false

2018-01-24 10:06:10,402 INFO

Main] mapreduce.Job: Neuring job: job_1516764714140_0018 running in uber mode: false

2018-01-24 10:06:10,402 INFO

Main] mapreduce.Job: Job job_1516764714140_0018 running in uber mode: false

2018-01-24 10:07:01,503 INFO

Main] mapreduce.Job: Job job_1516764714140_0018 running in uber mode: false

File: Number of pytes written=186426

File: Number of pytes written=186426

File: Number of fread operations=0

File: Number of veries operations=0

HDFS: Number of veries operations=0

HDFS: Number of bytes read=011

HDFS: Number of large read operations=0

HDFS: Number of large read operations=0

HDFS: Number of large read operations=0

Job Counters

Launched map tasks=1

Data-local map tasks=1

Data-local map tasks=1

Total time spent by all maps in occupied slots (ms)=12452

Total time spent by all map tasks (ms)=12452

Total time spent by all map tasks=12750048

Map. ruput records=10

Map output records=10

False Map output records=10

Map output percords=10

Total time false Map output percords=10

Total time false Map
```

The data base *project* had been exported from the hive and the below screen shot shows the data base presence, output from **top\_10\_stations**, **connected\_artists** shown below,

```
mysql> use project;
Database changed
mysql> show tables;
  Tables_in_project
  connected_artists
top_10_royalty_songs
top_10_stations
top_10_unsubscribed_users
users_behaviour
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> Select * From top_10_stations;
| station_id | total_distinct_songs_played | distinct_user_count |
                                                    2 | 1 |
  ST407
                                                                                 3
1
2
1
  ST414
  ST411
  ST402
                                                     1
  ST406
                                                     1
  ST405
                                                     1 |
                                                                                 1
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> Select * From connected_artists;
| artist_id | user_count |
  A303
                             2
  A302
  A300
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

top\_10\_royalty\_songs,

```
mysql> Select * From top_10_royalty_songs;
| song_id | duration |
             22627294
20000000
 S208
  S207
 S206
             19900000
             15254588
 S209
  S200
              9900000
  S204
              2604333
  S202
               100000
  S205
                    Θ
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Output from top\_10\_unsubscribed\_users and users\_behaviour

```
mysql> Select * From top_10_unsubscribed_users;
 user_id | duration |
 U117
            20000000
            20000000
 U118
            20000000
 U110
 U120
            12627294
12527294
  U115
  U107
            10000000
 U108
             5231627
 U109
             2604333
 U106
             2604333
 U100
                    Θ
10 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> Select * From users_behaviour;
 user_type
               duration
 SUBSCRIBED
                  93861594
 UNSUBSCRIBED | 105594881 |
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

# Job Scheduling:

Now after exporting data into MySQL **batchid** will be incremented to additional 1 means one batch of data operations is successfully completed and new batch of data will be loaded for the analysis after every 3 hours.

```
--driver-class-path /home/acadgild/apache-hive-2.1.0-bin/lib/hive-hbase-handler-
22
     /home/acadgild/project/lib/sparkanalysis.jar $batchid
23
     echo "Exporting data to MYSQL using sqoop export..." >> $LOGFILE
24
25
     sh /home/acadgild/project/scripts/data export.sh
26
27
    echo "Incrementing batchid..." >> $LOGFILE
28
    batchid=`expr $batchid + 1`
29
     echo -n $batchid > /home/acadgild/project/logs/current-batch.txt
30
```

We can check logs to track the behavior of the operations we have done on the data and overcome failures in the pipeline and we can see the **batchid** incremented value in **current-batch.txt** 

```
[acadgild@localhost project]$ cd logs
[acadgild@localhost logs]$ ls -l
total 24
-rwxrwxr-x. 1 acadgild acadgild 1 Jan 24 09:44 current-batch.txt
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 679 Jan 24 09:03 derby.log
drwxrwxr-x. 3 acadgild acadgild 4096 Jan 24 09:02 hdfs:
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 523 Jan 24 09:44 log_batch_1
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 77 Jan 24 09:44 log_batch_1???
drwxrwxr-x. 5 acadgild acadgild 4096 Jan 24 09:03 metastore_db
[acadgild@localhost logs]$ cat current-batch.txt
2[acadgild@localhost logs]$
[acadgild@localhost logs]$
[acadgild@localhost logs]$
[acadgild@localhost logs]$
```

The log file captured all the data and steps we performed so far,

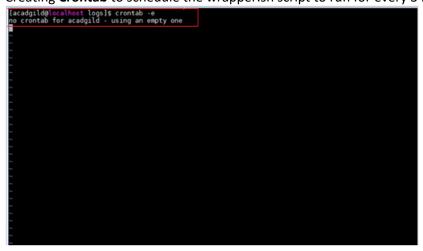
```
[acadgild@localhost logs]$ cat log_batch_1
Starting daemons
Creating LookUp Tables
Populating LookUp Tables
Creating hive tables on top of hbase tables for data enrichment and filtering...
Placing data files from local to HDFS...
Running pig script for data formatting...
Running hive script for formatted data load...
Running hive script for data enrichment and filtering...
Copying valid and invalid records in local file system...
Deleting older valid and invalid records from local file system...
Running hive script for data analysis...
[acadgild@localhost logs]$
```

Wrapping all the scripts inside the single script file and scheduling this file to run at the periodic interval of every 3 hours.

#### wrapper.sh

**The wrapper.sh** will be running for every 3 hours as per the job scheduling done below, as per the above order the wrapper.sh will run the scripts.

Creating Crontab to schedule the wrapper.sh script to run for every 3 hour interval.



Installing the crontab in the vm,

The **crontab** job scheduler will run the **wrappr.sh** every 3 hours and for every 3 hours we will get incremental batch ID's. **Hence, as per the request this job scheduling has been done.** 

```
Deleting older valid and invalid records from local file system...
Running hive script for data analysis...
Incrementing batchid...
[acadgild@localhost logs]$ cd
[acadgild@localhost ~]$ crontab -l
#do this for every 3 hours
* */3 * * * date>>/home/acadgild/project/scripts/wrapper.sh >> /home/acadgild@localhost ~]$
[acadgild@localhost ~]$
[acadgild@localhost ~]$
[acadgild@localhost ~]$
[acadgild@localhost ~]$
```

# Problems faced during project installation and how it resolved

**1.** The hive tables cannot be created when we run the data\_enrichment\_filtering\_schema.sh *Error: Exception in thread "main" java.lang.RuntimeException: Hive metastore database is not initialized.* 

Please use schematool (e.g. ./schematool -initSchema -dbType ...) to create the schema. If needed, don't forget to include the option to auto-create the underlying database in your JDBC connection string (e.g.createDatabaseIfNotExist=true for mysql)

#### Solution:

The metastore already existed, but not in complete form.

Before you run hive for the first time, run the below commands where the **metastore\_db** is located,

schematool -initSchema -dbType derby mv metastore\_db metastore\_db.tmp schematool -initSchema -dbType derby

2. The hive cannot be created and receiving the below errors, Error:FailedPredicateException(identifier,{useSQL11ReservedKeywordsForIdentifier()}?) at org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.parse.HiveParser\_IdentifiersParser.identifier(HiveParser\_IdentifiersParser.jav a:11644) at org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.parse.HiveParser.identifier(HiveParser.java:45920) at

#### Solution

Setting set hive.support.sql11.reserved.keywords=false; to false resolved the issue.

org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.parse.HiveParser.tabTypeExpr(HiveParser.java:15574)

3. The spark submit cannot connect to the Hive,

#### Solution

Move **hive-site.xml** from \$HIVE\_HOME/conf/hive-site.xml to \$SPARK\_HOME/conf/hive-site.xml. Make an entry regarding hive metastore uris in this file. The entry will look like this:

The above modified **hive-site.xml** site is linked to the \$SPARK\_HOME/conf using below command, **\$SPARK\_HOME/conf]\$ In -s /home/acadgild/project/scripts/hive-site.xml** 

```
-rwxrwxr-x. 1 acadgild acadgild 3764 Nov 25 05:01 spark-env.sh.template
[acadgild@localhost conf]$ ln -s /home/acadgild/project/scripts/hive-site.xml
[acadgild@localhost conf]$ ls -l
total 32
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 996 Nov 25 05:01 docker.properties.template
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 1105 Nov 25 05:01 fairscheduler.xml.template
lrwxrwxrwxx. 1 acadgild acadgild 44 Jan 25 00:44 hive-site.xml -> /home/acadgild/project/scripts/hive-site.xml
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 2025 Nov 25 05:01 log4].properties.template
-rw-rw-r---. 1 acadgild acadgild 313 Nov 25 05:01 metrics.properties.template
-rw-rw-r---. 1 acadgild acadgild 386 Nov 25 05:01 slaves.template
-rw-rw-r---. 1 acadgild acadgild 1292 Nov 25 05:01 spark-defuls.conf.template
-rwxrwxr-x. 1 acadgild acadgild 3764 Nov 25 05:01 spark-env.sh.template
[acadgild@localhost conf]$ cat hive-site.xml
```

Source: https://acadgild.com/blog/how-to-access-hive-tables-to-spark-sql/

# Highlights of the Project

- No join of query is used while analysis. Data is already enriched with new fields and using broadcast maps on Lookup tables so as to avoid any join.
- We used full automated bash scripts from start to end.

# Project End Conclusion:

So we performed all the data operations as per the sequence mentioned in the **wrapper.sh** file and obtained results successfully for the one of the leading music company.