PHYS-GA 2000 Computational Physics PS5

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1 Problem 1

In problem 1, we implement Brent's 1D minimization method and verified that with the function:

$$y = (x - 0.3)^2 e^x (1)$$

I created a function with the golden section search. This method is a technique to find extremum for a function in a setting interval. We set up the starting point and step, by iterations we approaches the extremum in this problem. Here I will refer the psuedocode given in the hints to describe the optimization process:

```
def Brent(f, a, b, delta = 1e-7): if |f(a)| < |f(b)|: swap a and b c = a
```

flag = True denotes whether bisection (you'll want to replace this with golden mean search!) is used

while |a-b| < delta:

 $s = s_q uad_i nterp(a, b, c)$

if any of the following conditions are true:

Condition 1: $s \geq b$ s is outside of bracket: then resort to bisection

Condition 2: flag = True and $|s-b| \ge |b-c|$ —b-c— is size of previous step, bisection was previous step

Condition 3: flag = False and $|s - b| \ge |b - c|$ previous step not bisection and step before the previous step is larger smaller than the current step

then resort to bisection minimization: you'll want to replace this with golden mean search!

```
s = (a+b)/2
flag = True we used bisection
else: keep the Brent estimate
flag = False we used Brent
now iterate
d = c
c = b
a = s
```

```
if —f(a)—;—f(b)—: again swap a and b if needed swap a and b
```

return b return the minimum

That is the psuedocode of the progress. We compare this Brent method written by me and the scipy package, here's the result:

```
In [33]: print(optimized)
print(minimized)

0.299999225139618
0.29999857467940383

In [34]: print('The difference between my optimization with scipy package is', abs(minimized -optimized))
The difference between my optimization with scipy package is 1.3478345579631679e-06
```

We see the error is small. It is a valid method.

2 Problem 2

In this problem, we extract data from the file firstly, then model the probability with given function:

$$p(x) = \frac{1}{1 + exp[-(\beta_0 + \beta_1 x)]}$$
 (2)

Then we calculates the likelihood function:

$$\mathcal{L} = log f(x|\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \rho(x_i|\theta)$$
(3)

And we use the minimize function from scipy. Following is the error and covariance result:

```
Optimal parameters and error:
    p: [-5.62023318 0.10956342]
    dp: [0.07135651 0.00426131]

Covariance matrix of optimal parameters:
    C: [[ 5.09175175e-03 -1.17826017e-04]
[-1.17826017e-04 1.81587401e-05]]
```

Figure 1: It is the figure of Optimal parameters and error and Covariance matrix of optimal parameters

and the figure of the distribution:

This all work well for the likelihood function.

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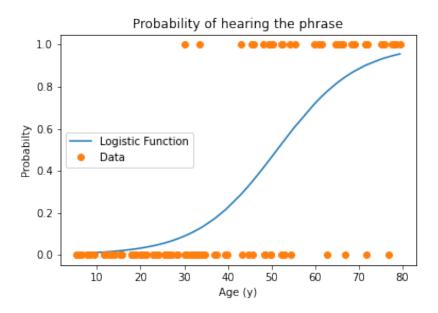


Figure 2: It is the figure of the distribution over the age (year).