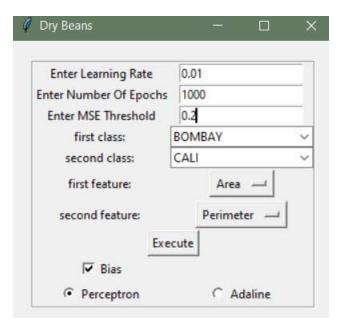
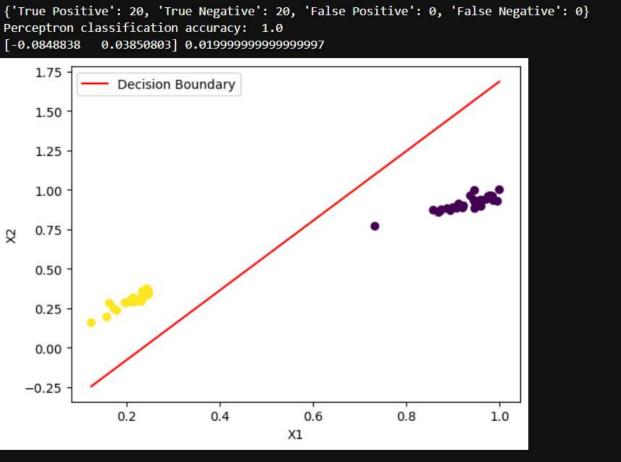
Neural Network and Deep Learning Task 1

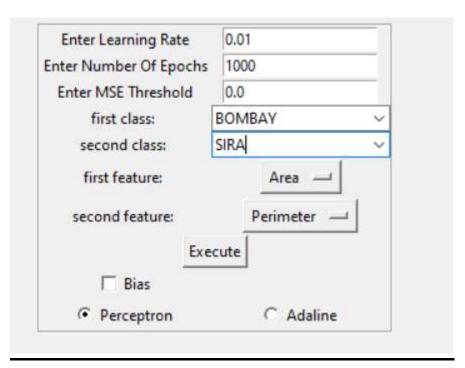
Name	ID	
Lunary Mohamed Sabry	20201700619	
Elsayed Moustafa Ibrahim	20201700138	
Ali Sameh Saad	20201700503	
Alhussein Gomaa Abdelfattah	20201701166	
Moustafa Mohamed Bayoumi	20201700837	
Youssef Ahmed Omar	20201701156	

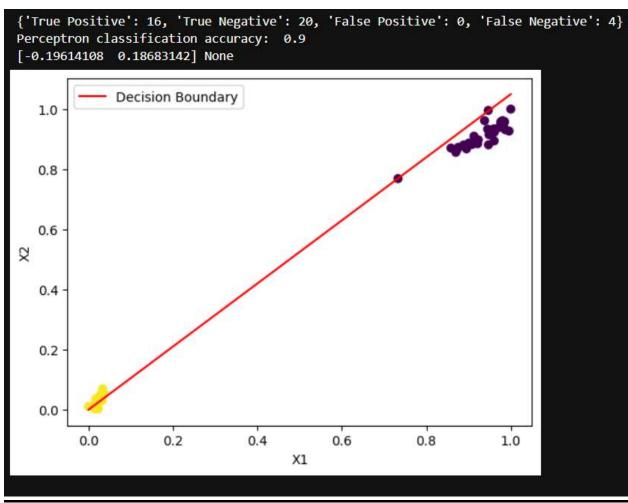
The following snippets show the overall accuracy using random combinations of features and classes

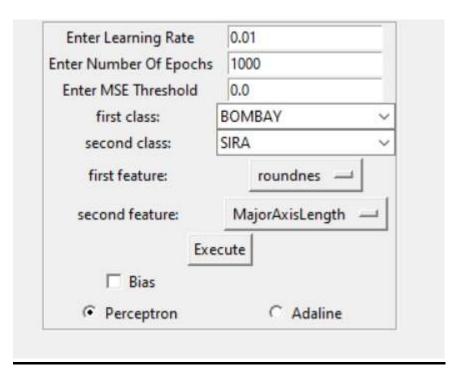
1. Perceptron Algorithm:

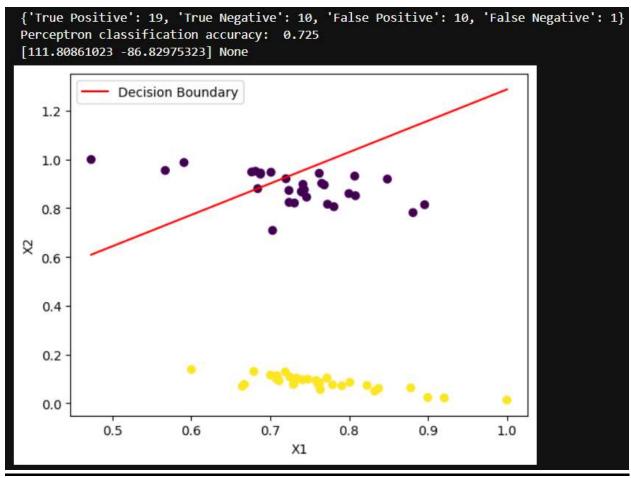


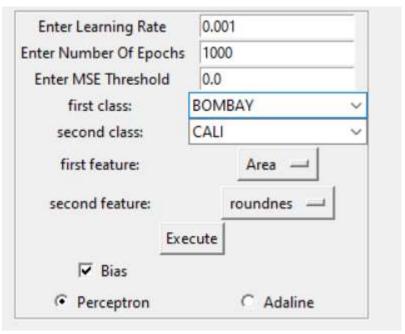


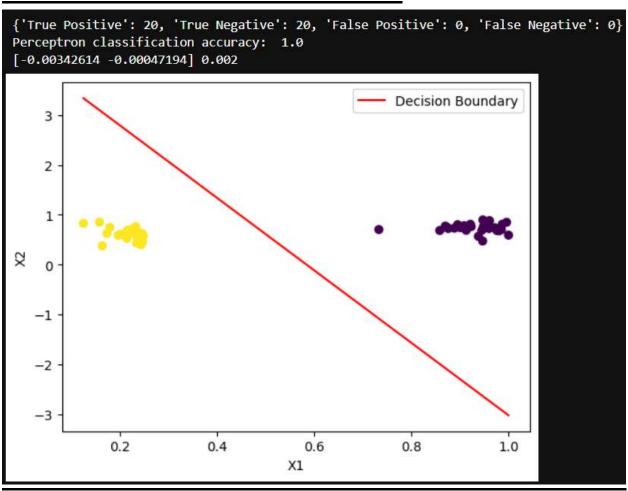


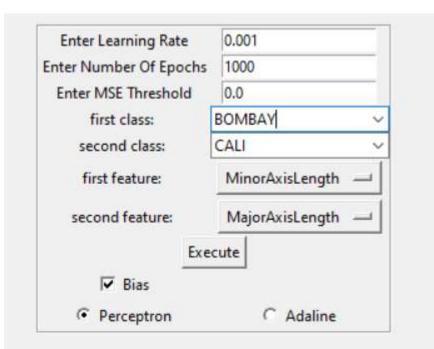


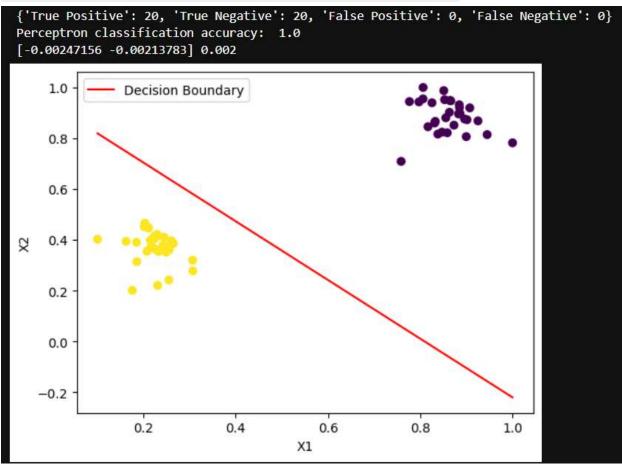




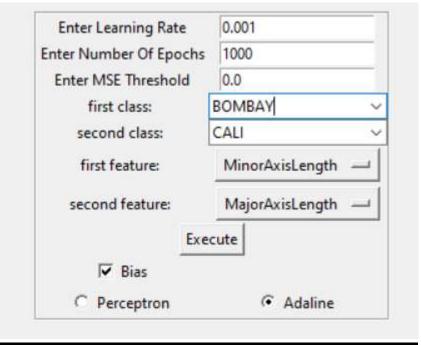


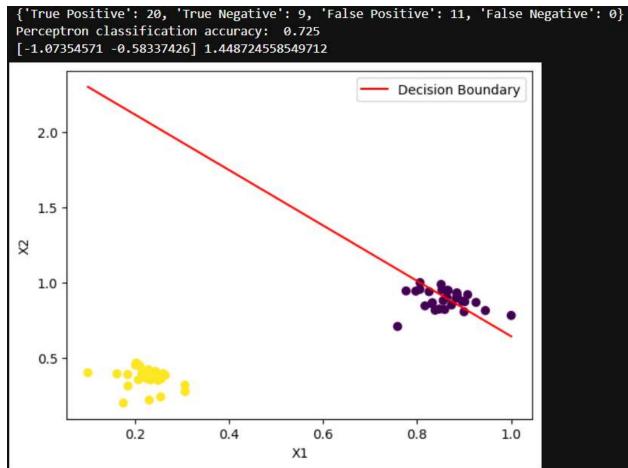


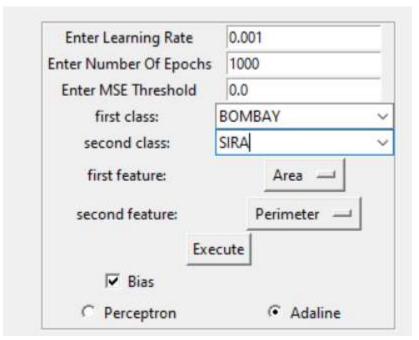


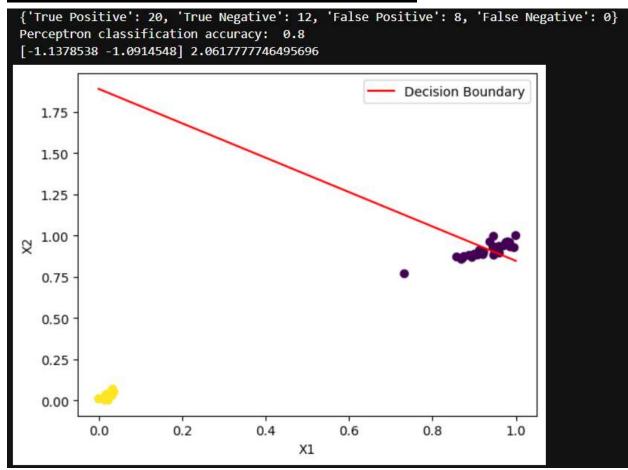


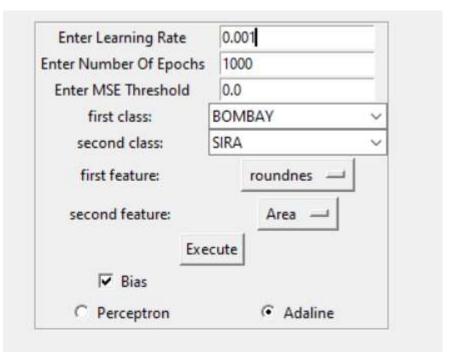
2. Adaline Algorithm:

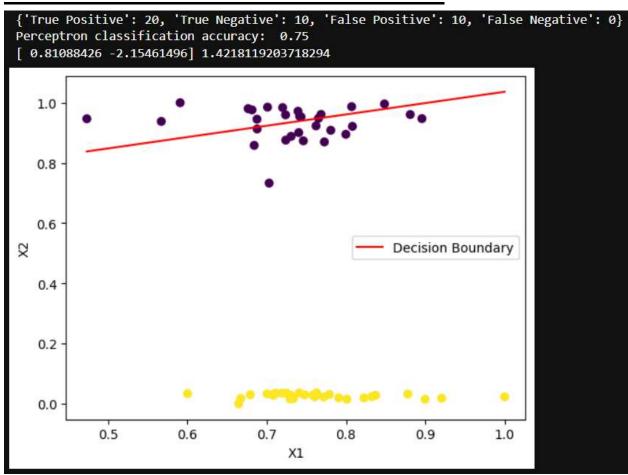


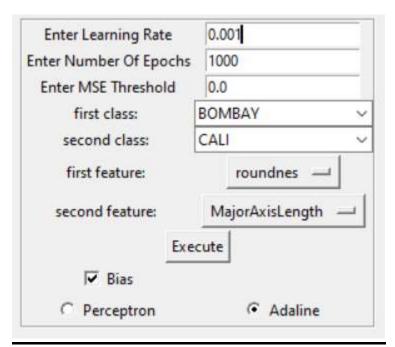


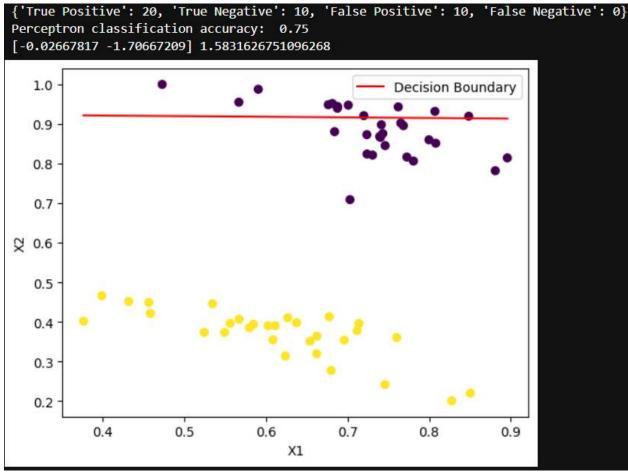


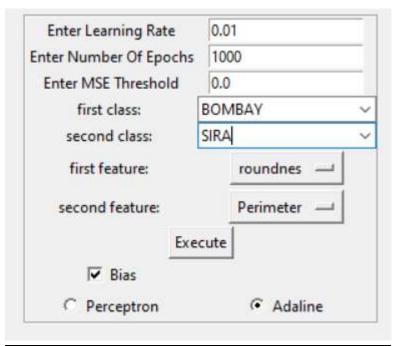


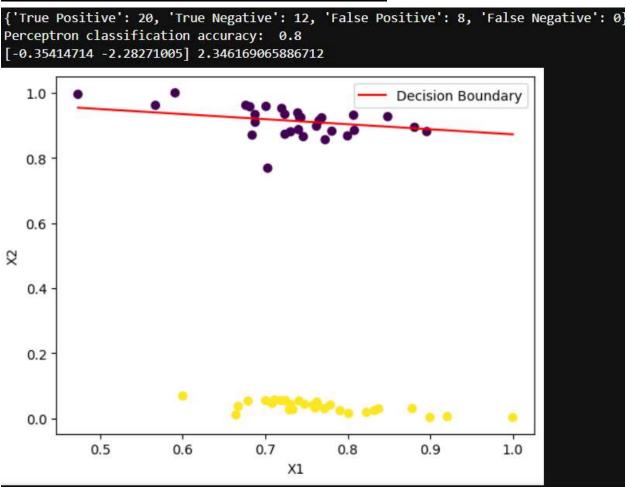












**conclusion:

In our experience, Single-layer perceptron can reach up to very high accuracy, 100% in some cases, however, the average accuracy of adaline algorithm is higher which is expected since while both algorithms are linear classifiers, Adaline is more versatile and can handle a broader range of problems, including those that are not linearly separable.

We also noticed that some features when used give higher accuracy than others, same thing with some classes when used together.

**features achieved the highest accuracy after running Perceptron:

"Area" and "Perimeter" with accuracy 1.0 when used with "BOMBAY" and "CALI" classes

**features achieved the highest accuracy after running Adaline:

"roundnes" and "perimeter" with accuracy 0.8 when used with "BOMBAY" and "SIRA" classes