

SUBSET SUM

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Question :

Given an integer array nums, return true if you can partition the array into two subsets, such that the sum of the elements in both subsets is equal or False otherwise.

Example :

Input : nums = [1, 5, 11, 5]

Output : true

Explanation : The array can be partitioned as [1, 5, 5] and [11].

Constraints :

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 200$

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 100$

CODE

```
VECTOR<INT> NUMS;
```

```
INT DP[205][20005];
```

```
BOOL FUNC (INT i, INT SUM)
```

```
{
```

```
    IF (SUM == 0) RETURN 1;
```

```
    IF (i < 0) RETURN 0;
```

```
if (DP[i][sum] != -1) return DP[i][sum];
```

→ Not consider ith index

```
int isPossible = FUNC(i-1, sum);
```

→ Consider ith index

```
if (sum - NUMS[i] ≥ 0) isPossible |=  
    FUNC(i-1, sum - NUMS[i]);
```

```
return DP[i][sum] = isPossible;
```

```
}
```

```
bool canPartition ()
```

```
{
```

```
int sum = ACCUMULATE (NUMS.BEGIN(),  
                      NUMS.END(), 0);
```

```
if (sum & 1) return FALSE; // ODD
```

```
sum = sum / 2;
```

```
return FUNC (NUMS.SIZE() - 1, sum);
```

```
}
```

```
int MAIN ()
```

```
{
```

```
memset (DP, -1, sizeof (DP));
```

```
NUMS = {1, 5, 11, 5};
```

```
cout << canPartition () << "\n";
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

RECURSION TREE (for given input) w/o DP

