



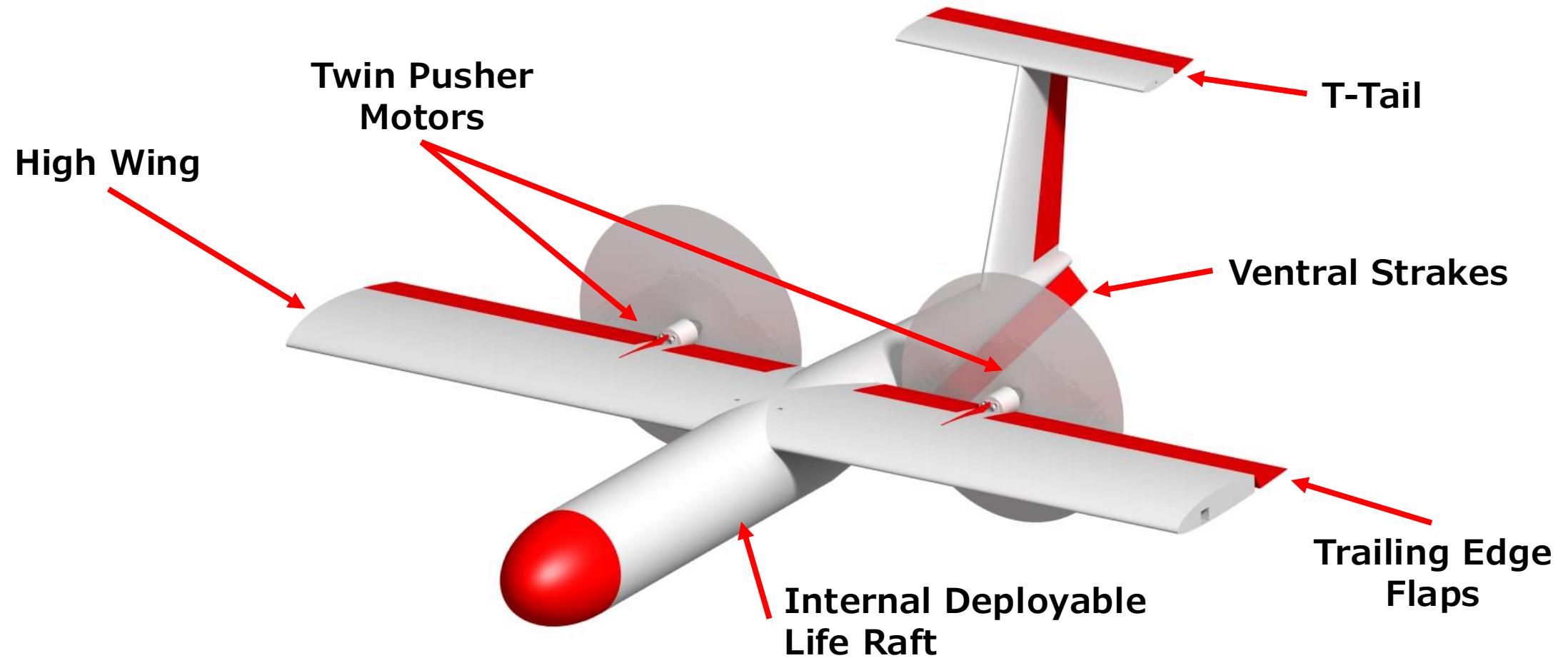
# **Project Calypso: Maritime Search & Rescue**

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Final Design Review

# Maritime SAR Aircraft Design Overview

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# Team Introduction

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**Jacob McMillin**  
Program Manager



**Ryan Lundell**  
Chief Engineer



**Joshua Carver**  
CFD Engineer



**Caleb Lynch**  
Systems Engineer



**Anthony Mclevsky**  
Avionics Engineer



**Khaled Alhammadi**  
Propulsion Engineer



**Tyler Phillips**  
Structures Engineer



**Marcello Montes**  
Aerodynamics Engineer

# Presentation Objectives

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- Introduce mission and **design-driver requirements**
- Present **final aircraft design**
- Justify design choices
- Validate design with wind tunnel testing
- Show performance of flight test article

# Naval Experience Defines Calypso's Operational Environment

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## Key Operation Parameters

- Small operational footprint
- Land- & ship-launch capable
- Supplement existing assets
- Integration with civilian systems

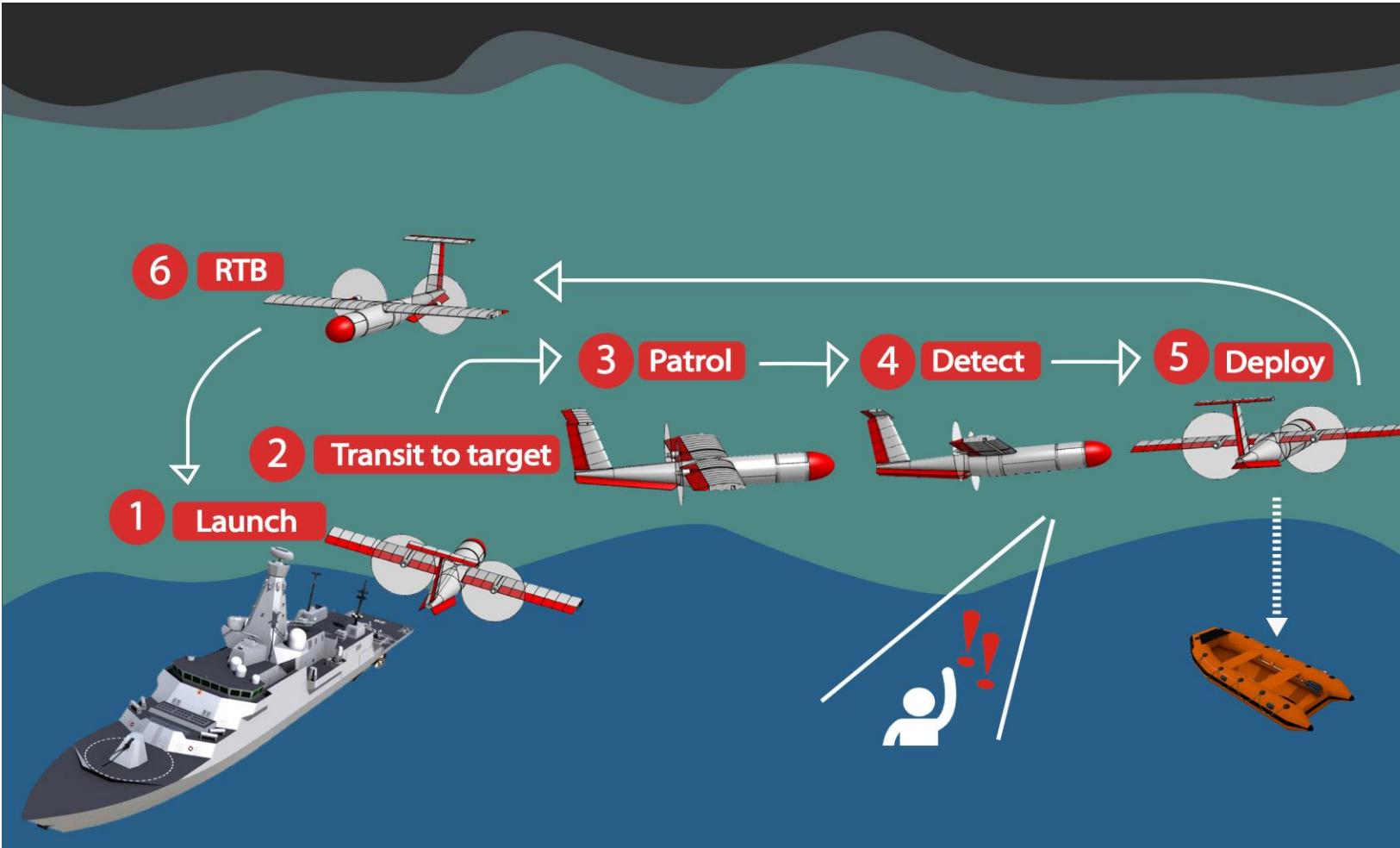


# Calypso Aircraft Offers SAR Capability Both on Land and Sea

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- Aircraft is **launched and recovered with standalone infrastructure**
- **Autonomous** launch, search, and recovery of aircraft
- **Low cost** compared to manned aircraft allows for widespread deployment
- Reduce rescue personnel risk during search phase

# Concept of Operations



# Requirements

# Requirements from Statement of Work

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Parameter	Requirement
Operating Altitude	Sea level to 400 ft ASL
Speed Requirement	Cover 17.5 nm in no more than 15 minutes
Operating Radius	17.5 nautical miles
Minimum Search Time	30 minutes
Load Factor	3.5 g
Climb Rate	1000 ft/min
<b>Payload</b>	<b>4 lbs. self-powered sensor Deployable life raft</b>
<b>Maximum Takeoff Weight</b>	<b>35 lbs.</b>
Minimum Service Interval	3 months
<b>Launch System Size</b>	<b>Mountable on 4 ft x 4 ft elevated platform</b>

# Derived Requirements

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Parameter	Requirement
Weather Conditions	Up to Beaufort Force 7 (28-33 kts winds, 13-19 ft waves)
Derived Minimum Cruise Speed Requirement	<b>100 kts</b>
Derived Endurance	<b>90 minutes (15-minute dash, 30-minute search, 45-minute return to base)</b>
Maximum Raft Weight	5 lbs.
Minimum Raft Buoyancy	Fully support two adults (360-lb)
Raft Stability	Withstand 19-ft waves
Raft Deployment	Automatic upon release from aircraft

# Life Raft and Payload Deployment

# Life Raft Must Meet Size, Weight, and Deployment Requirements

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Parameter	Requirement
<b>Maximum Weight</b>	<b>5 lbs.</b>
Size	Internal to Aircraft
Deployment	Automatic Inflation
Stability	Withstand 19-ft waves (Beaufort Force 7)
<b>Minimum Buoyancy</b>	<b>360 lbs. (2 adults)</b>

# Modified Version of Off-the-Shelf Raft Meets Requirements

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Added ballast bags and CO<sub>2</sub> inflator

15 in long by 5.25 in diameter packed dimensions

**5 lbs. weight**

**400 lbs. rated buoyancy**

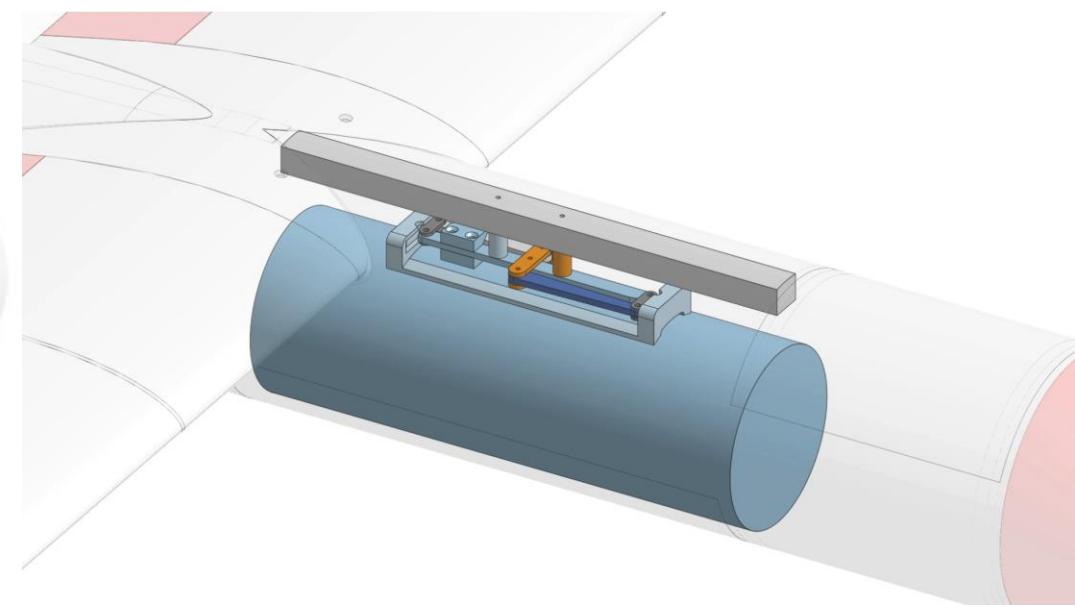
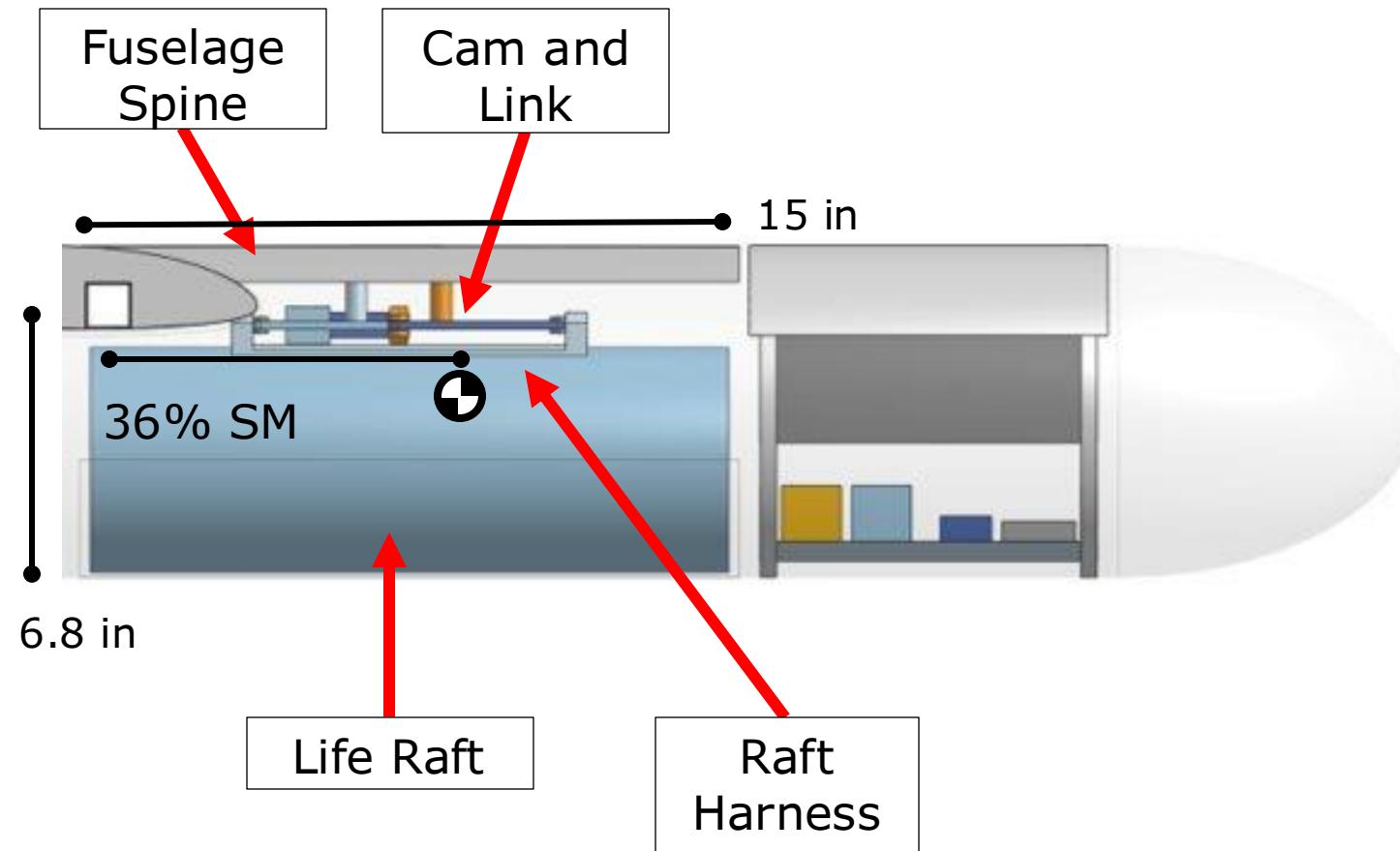


# Life Raft Deployment System Must Meet Following Requirements

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Item	Requirement
<b>Maximum Weight</b>	<b>1 lbs.</b>
Size	No more than 7-in diameter
Transmitter Channels	One
<b>Deployment</b>	<b>Does not decrease static margin</b>

# Life Raft Mechanism Integrates with Fuselage to Maintain Stability



# Life Raft Deployment System Meets Requirements

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Parameter	Requirement	Design
System Weight	< 6 lb total	5.32 lbs.
System Size	< 7-inch diameter	6.8-inch diameter
Life Raft Buoyancy	> 360 lbs.	400 lbs.
Self-Inflate on Deployment	Yes	Yes
Raft Stability	Capable of handling 19 ft waves	Capable of handling 19 ft waves

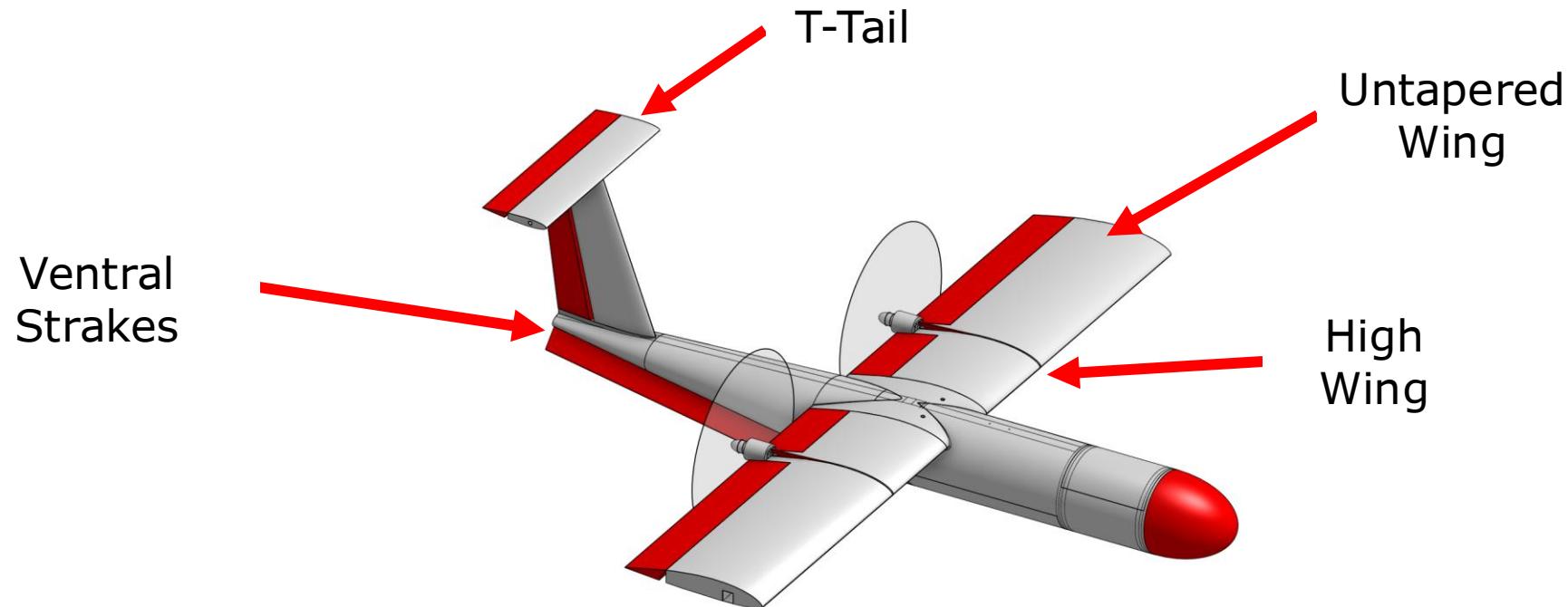
# Aerodynamic Design

# Aerodynamic Configuration Driving Requirements

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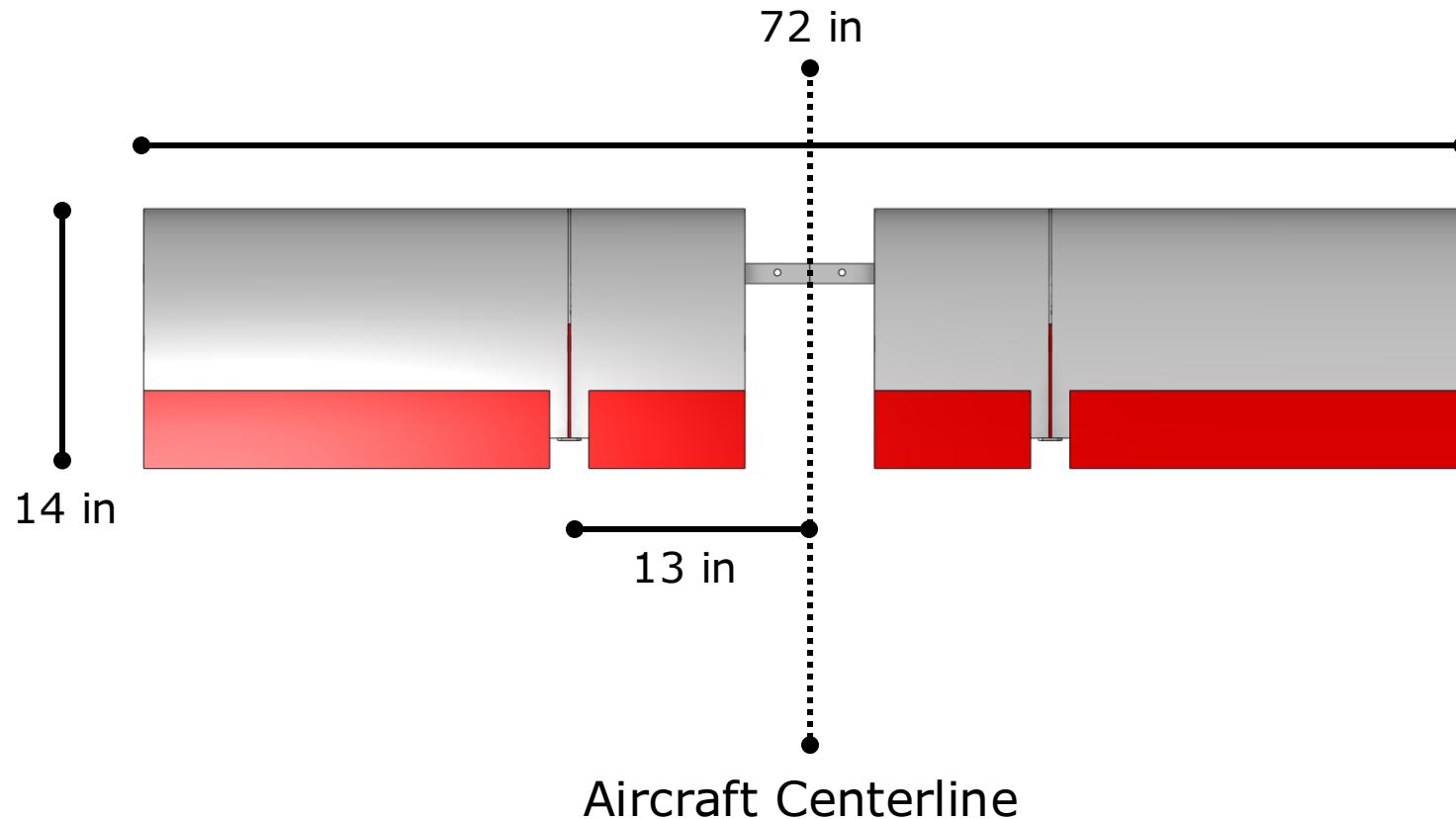
Parameter	Requirement
Operating Altitude	Sea level to 400 ft ASL
Environmental Conditions	Beaufort Force 7 (28-33 kts winds)
Minimum Dash Speed	100 kts
Maximum Stall Speed	33 kts

# Configuration Determined from Wind Tunnel & Trade Studies



- Overall Length: 68.75 in
- Wingspan: 72 in

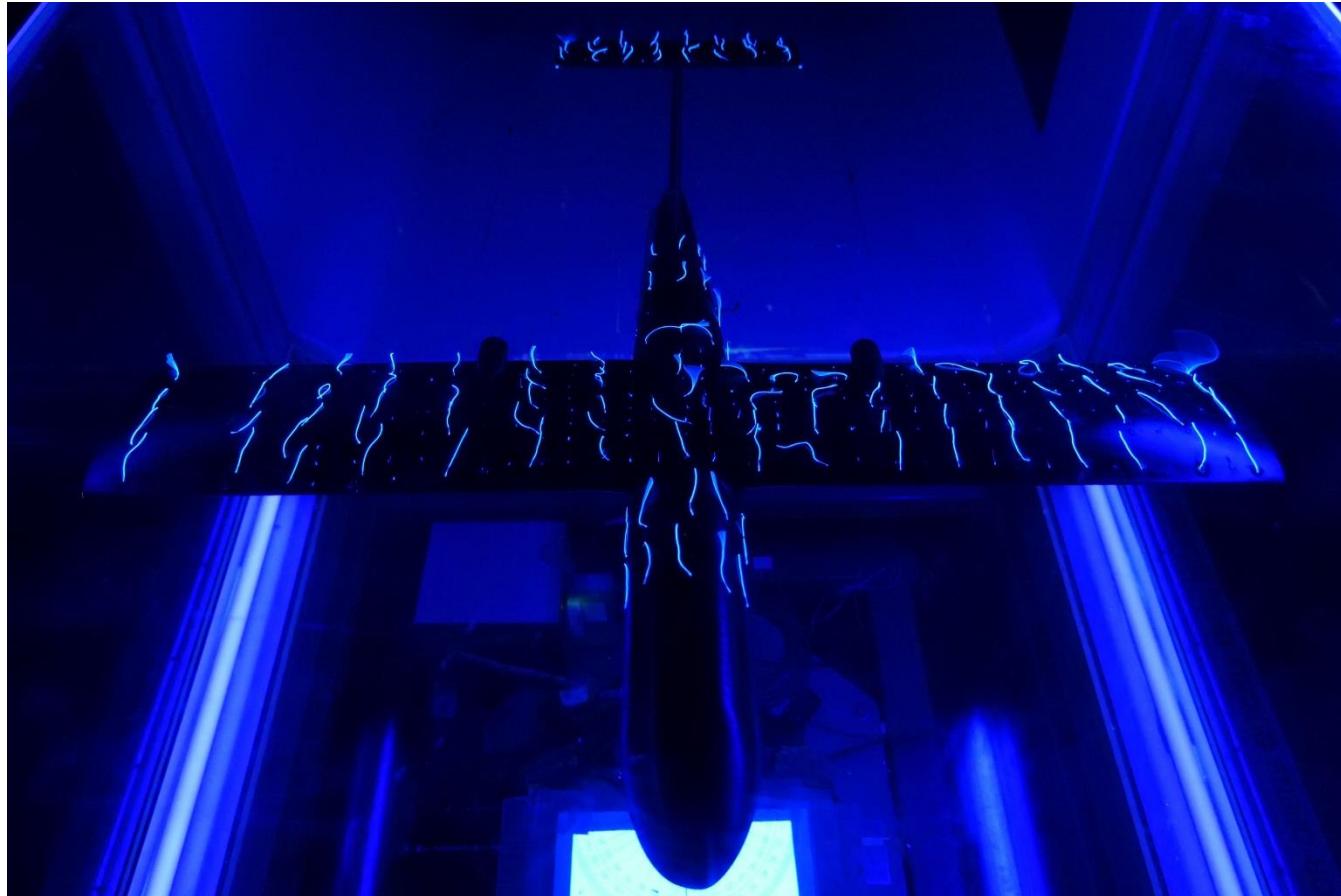
# Aerodynamics of Wing



Parameter	Value
Airfoil	MRC-16
$C_L$ Max	<b>0.94 at 12° AoA</b>
$C_L/C_D$ Max	9.06 at 7° AoA
$C_{L0}$	0.10
$C_{D0}$	0.021

# Aircraft Aerodynamic Performance Meets Mission Criteria

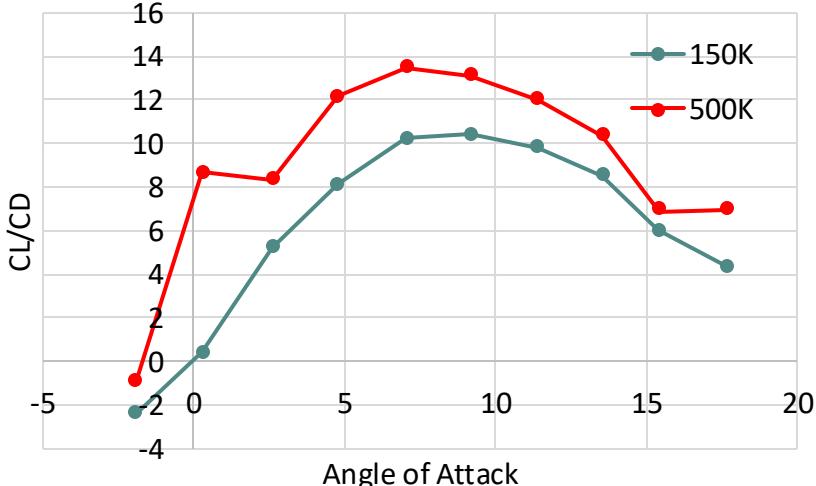
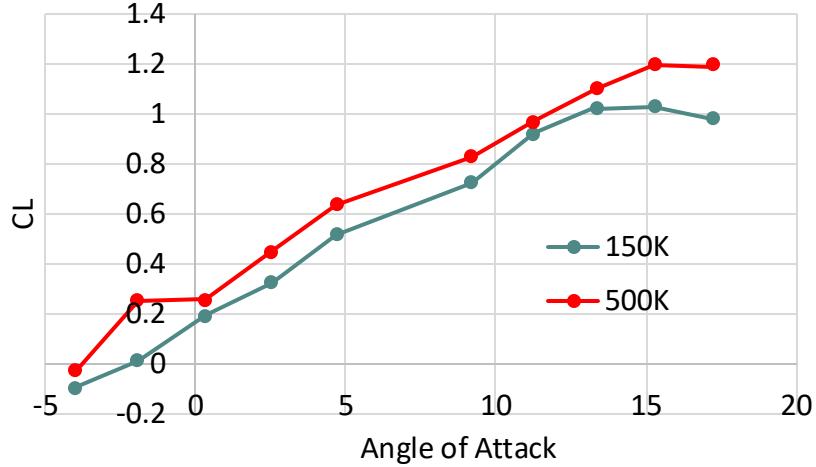
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Parameter	Value
Wing Area (in <sup>2</sup> )	1008
Stall speed (kts)	<b>26.7</b>
Wing loading (psf)	<b>4.464</b>
$C_L/C_D$ Max	<b>13.49, 7° AoA</b>
Aircraft $C_L$ Max	1.20, 16° AoA
Aircraft $C_{D0}$	0.029
Aircraft Cruise $C_D$	<b>0.047</b>

# Aircraft Demonstrates Recoverable Stall Characteristics

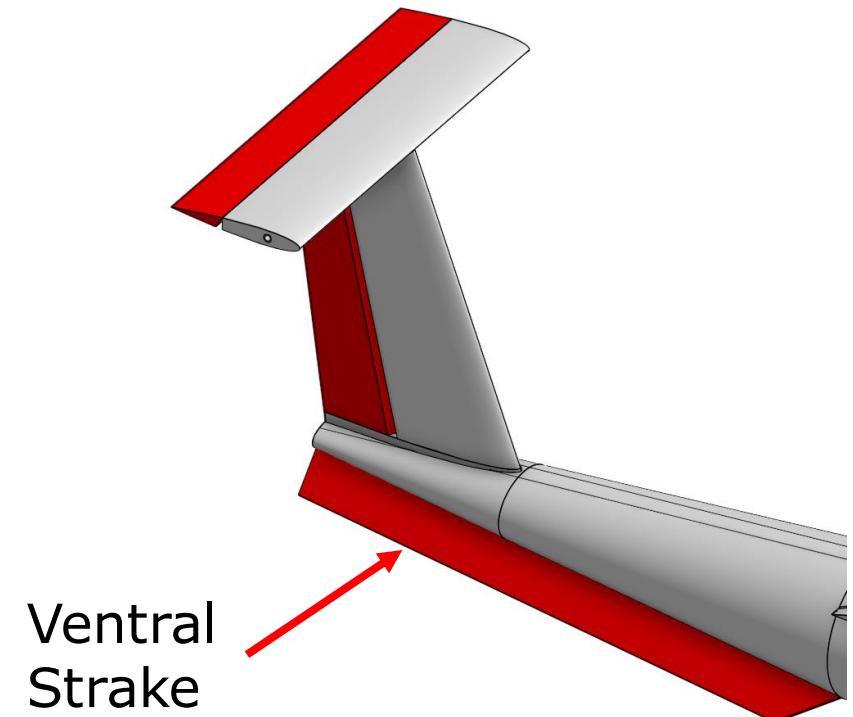
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- Aircraft stalls gradually, onset at approximately  $13-15^\circ$  Alpha
- Strakes improve stall recovery, acting as node of attachment
- Stall occurs around fuselage first, maintaining aileron, elevator and rudder authority

# Strakes Improve Aerodynamic Stability in Sideslip Conditions

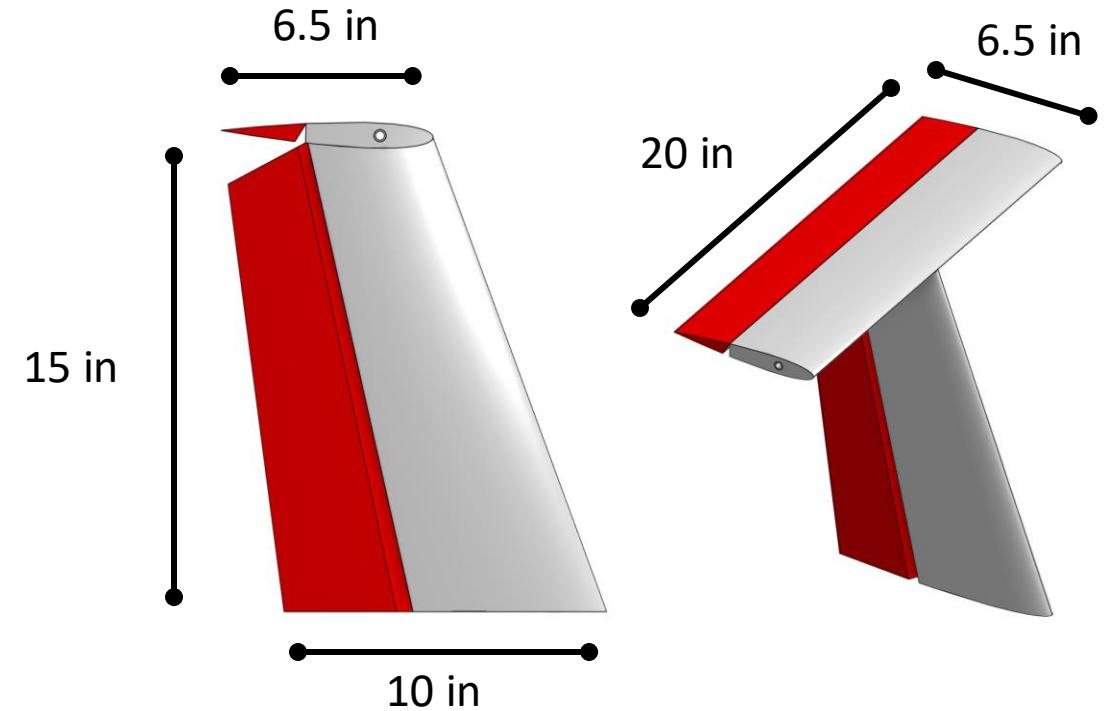
Parameter	Unmodified	Modified With Strakes
<b>Vertical Surface Area (in<sup>2</sup>)</b>	123.75	206.33
<b><math>C_L/C_{D\max}</math></b>	12.40	13.49
<b><math>C_Y</math> (<math>\beta=10^\circ</math>, <math>\alpha=10^\circ</math>)</b>	0.00197	0.00340



# Empennage Configuration

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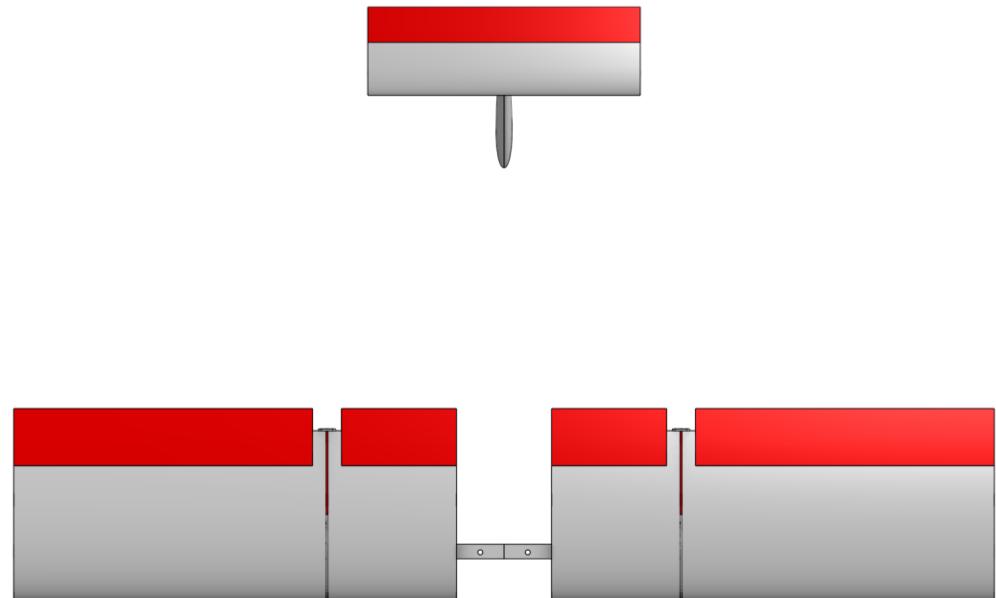
Parameter	Value
Vertical Tail Airfoil	NACA 0012
Vertical Tail Coefficient	<b>0.072</b>
Horizontal Tail Airfoil	NACA 0012
Horizontal Tail Coefficient	<b>0.0387</b>



# Control Surface: Ailerons & Elevator

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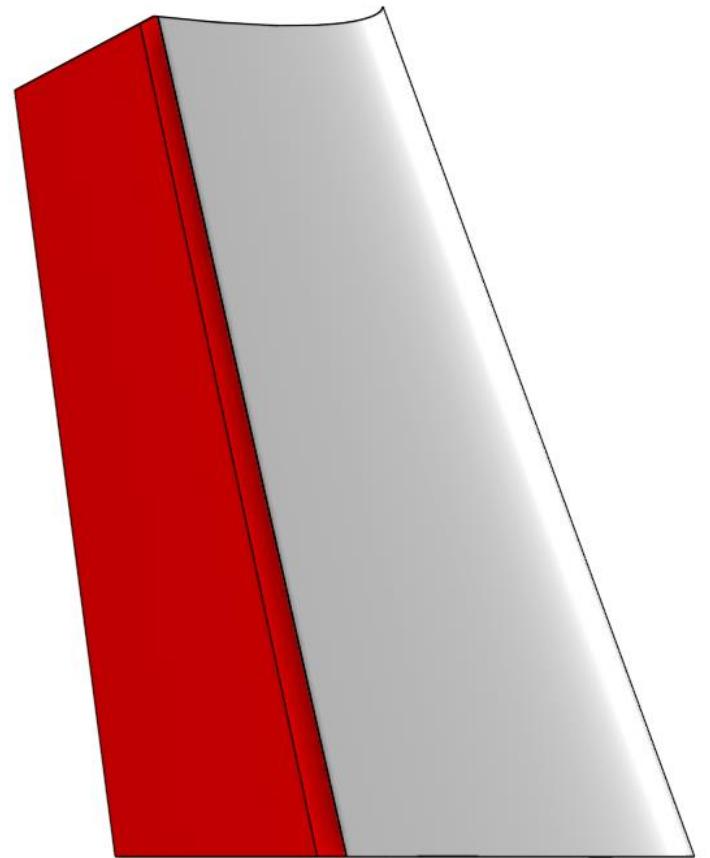
Control Surface	Length	Width	Effectiveness ( $\tau$ )
Ailerons	55% to 100% of wing	30% of chord	0.54
Elevator	Full Span	40% of chord	0.60



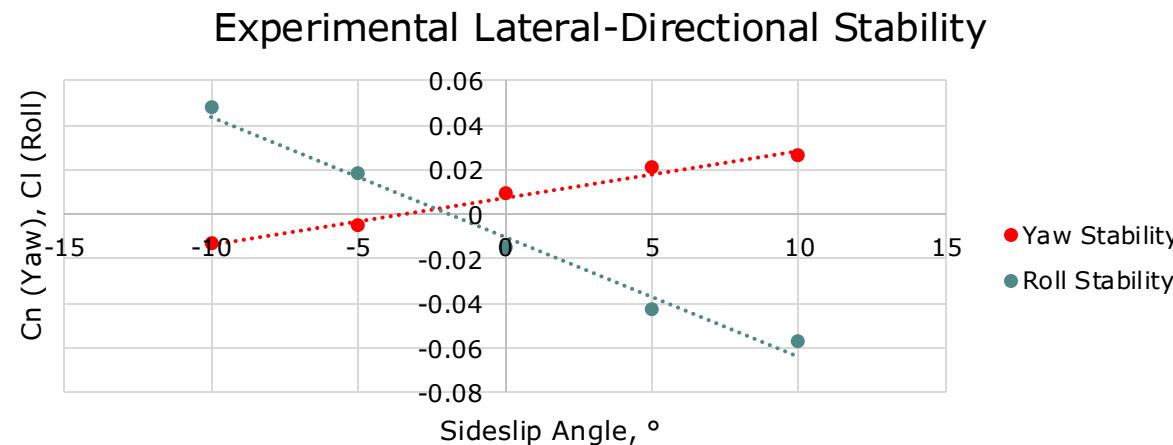
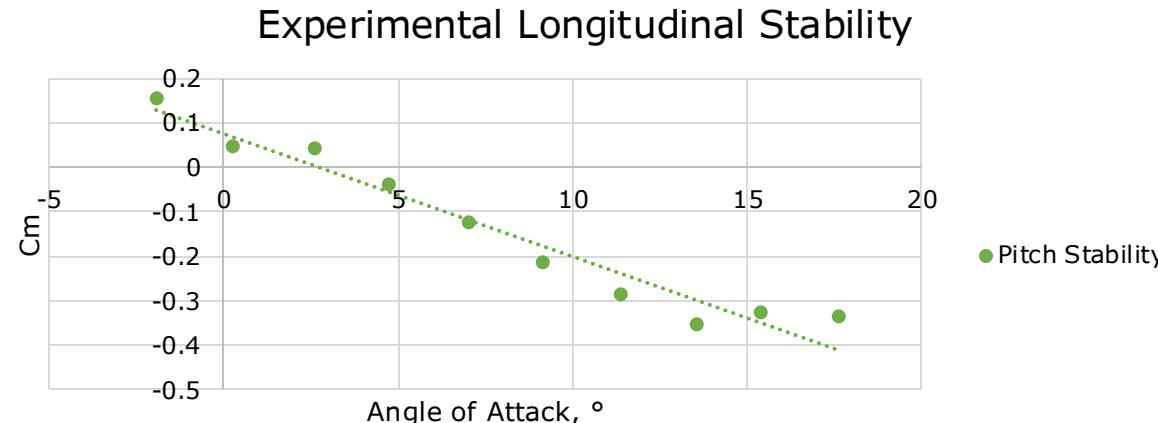
# Control Surface: Rudder

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Control Surface	Length	Width	Effectiveness (T)
Rudder	90% Span	40% of chord	0.55

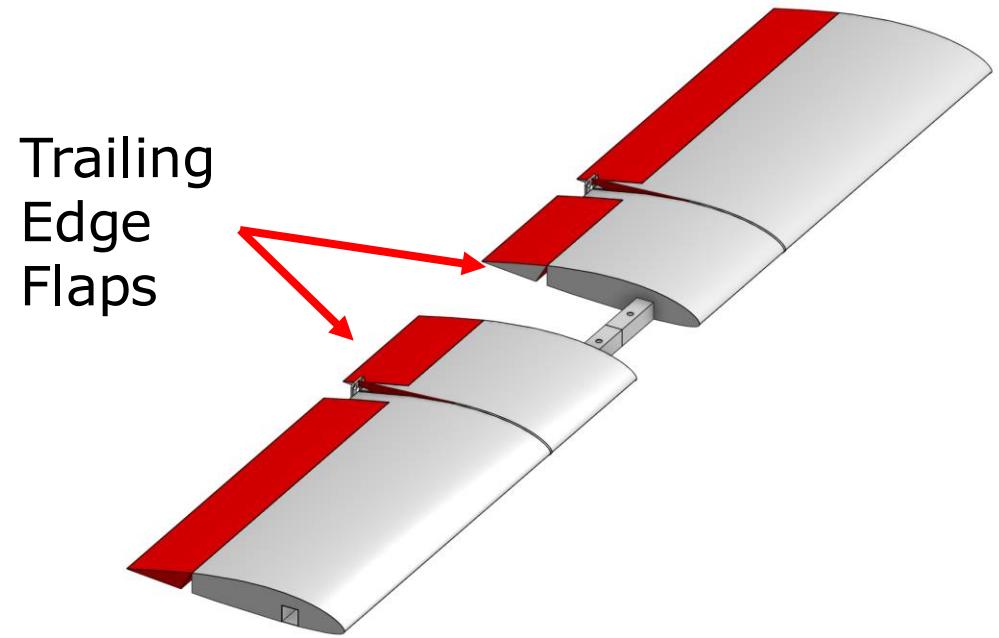
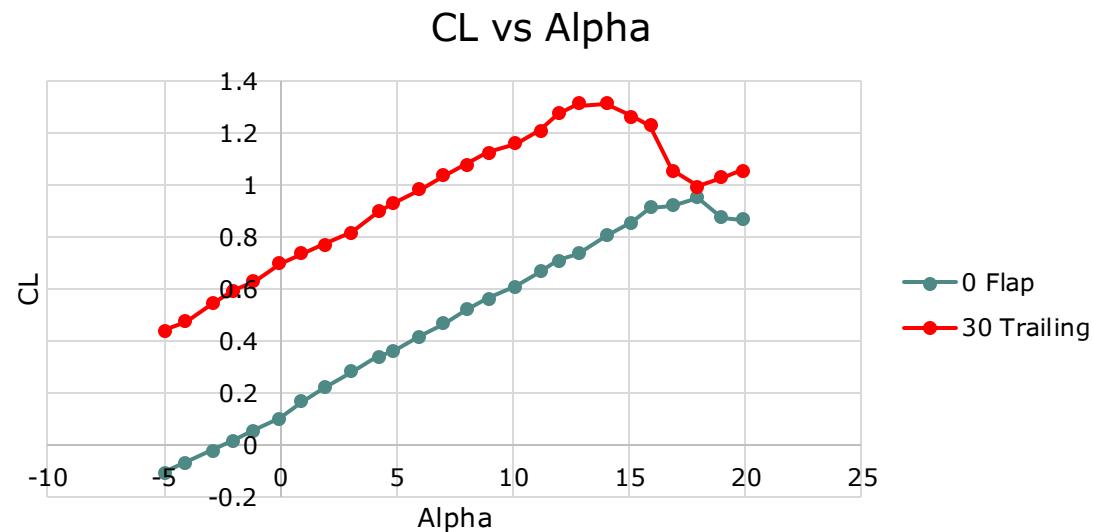


# Simulations and Testing Agree that Aircraft is Stable



Simulation Type	Stability	Damping Ratio
SPPO	Stable	0.283
Phugoid	Stable	0.056
Roll Mode	Stable	~
Dutch Roll	Stable	0.060
Spiral Mode	Unstable	~

# Trailing Edge Flaps Selected



- Ailerons act as flaperons
- Provides  $C_L$  Max = 1.31

Width	Length	Deflection (degrees)
30% chord	90% span	30

# Structural Design

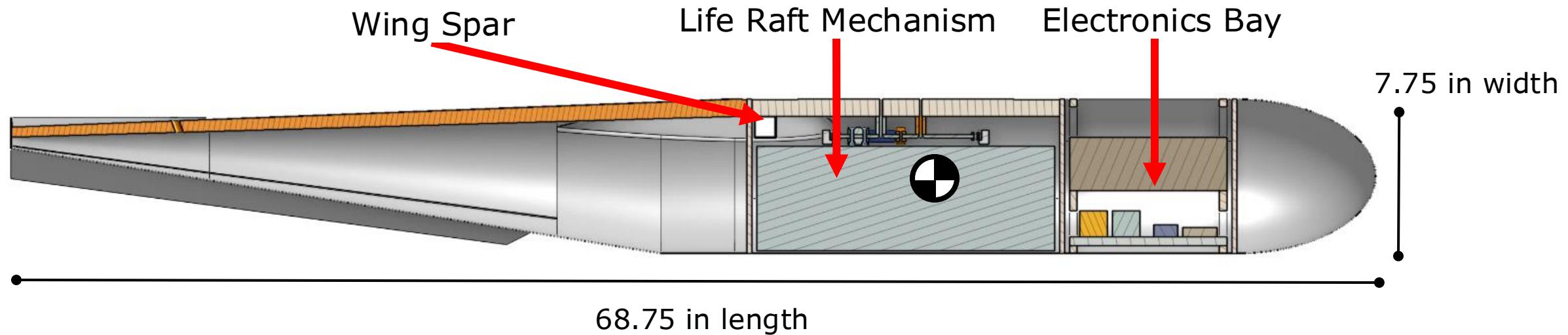
# Requirements

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Parameter	Requirement
Maximum g Loading	3.5 g
Life Raft Mechanism Support	Aerodynamically enclosed
Static Margin	Positive before and after raft deployment
Aircraft Total Weight	$\leq$ 35 lbs.

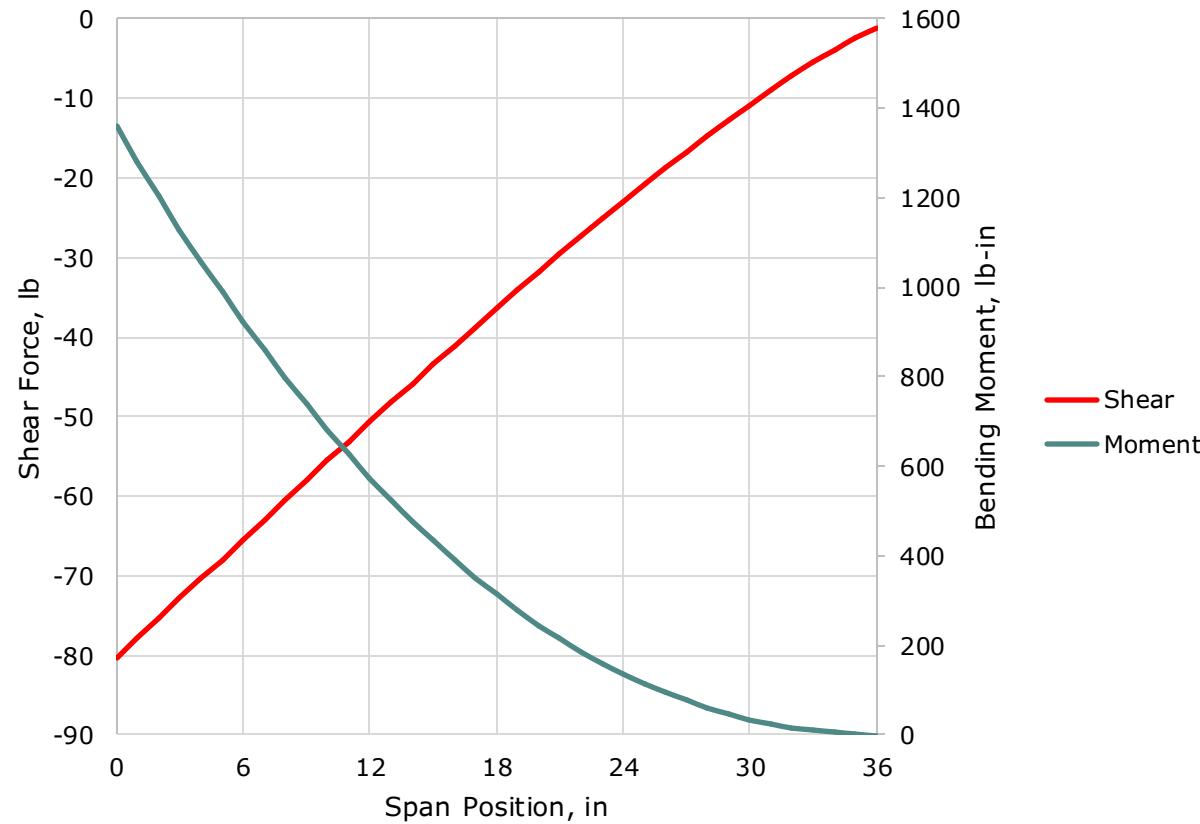
# Fuselage Sized to Fit Life Raft Mechanism

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# Structural Loading

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Maximum Stress at Wing Root

Maximum Shear Force = 80 lb

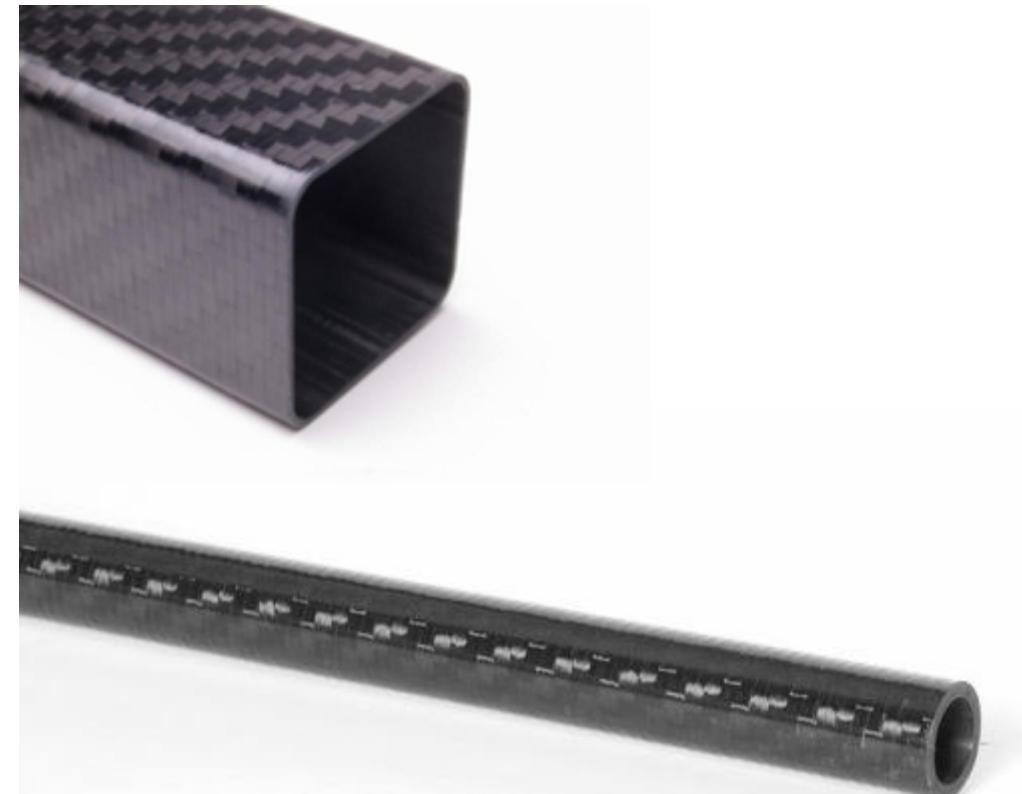
Maximum Moment = 133 lb-ft

Using Tsai-Hill Method:  
Maximum Stress = 29.616 ksi

# Spars Sized to Provide High Margin of Safety

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Parameter	Wing Spar	Tail Spars
Shape	Square	Round
Outside Dimension	1.07 in.	0.375 in.
Wall Thickness	0.035 in.	0.07 in.
Margin of Safety	1.2	2.4

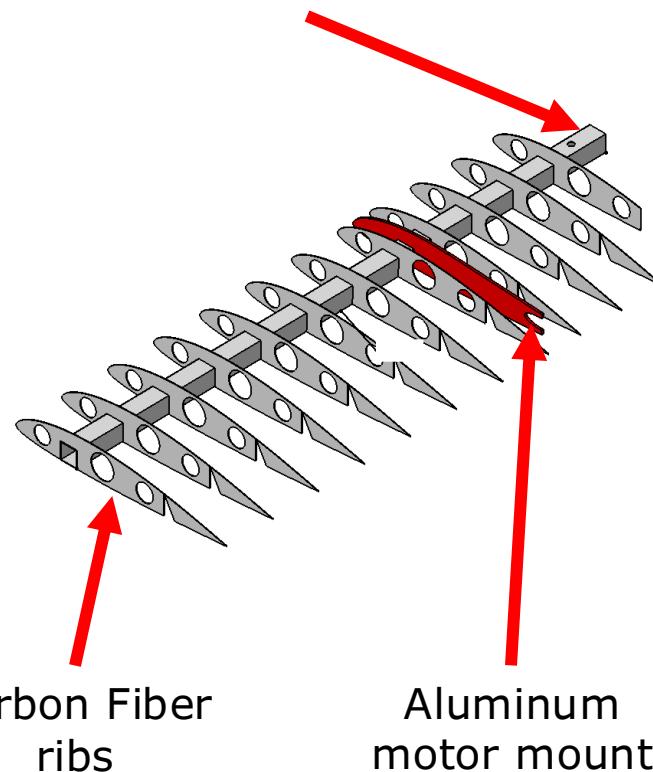


# Aerodynamic Surfaces Use Composite Spar-Rib Construction

Carbon Fiber  
wing layup



1 in square  
carbon spar



Parameter	Design
Rib Thickness	0.04 in
Rib Spacing	Wing: 3 in V Tail: 3 in H Tail: 3.5 in

# Fuselage Uses Molded Composite Skin and Bulkheads

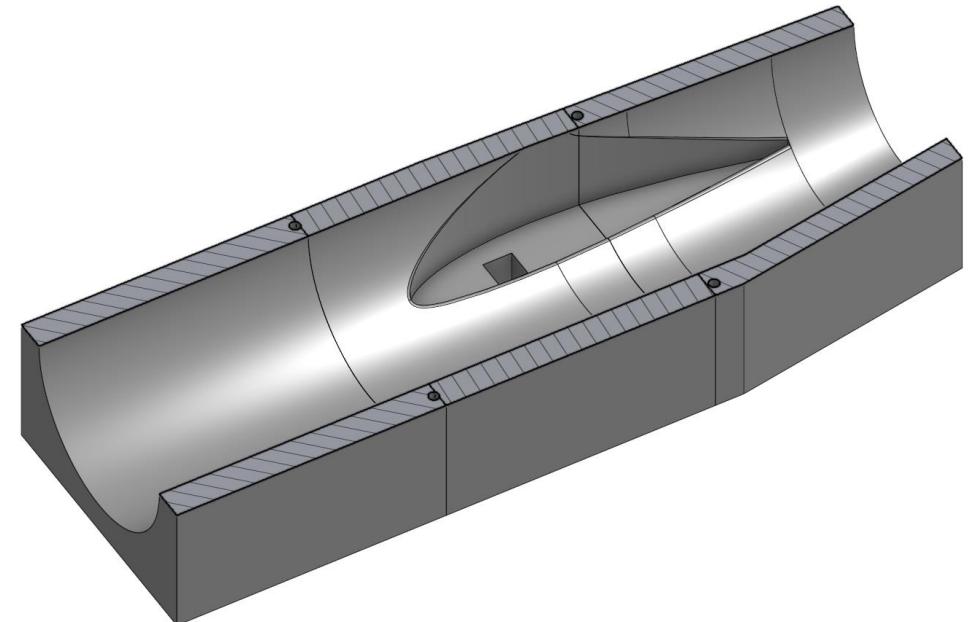
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## Negative molds of fuselage sections

- 3 layers of carbon fiber fabric

## Composite bulkheads

- 0.25 in. Nomex honeycomb core, 1 layer of carbon fiber fabric



# Aircraft Weight Meets Requirements

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Component	Weight, lbs.
Structures	11.37
Life Raft	5.00
Raft Mechanism	0.32
Avionics	4.12 (including sensor)
Propulsion	4.74
Battery	5.64
<b>Aircraft Total Weight</b>	<b>31.25</b>

# Structural Design Provides Sufficient Strength to Meet Requirements

Parameter	Requirement	Design
Maximum g Loading	3.5 g	7.8 g
Life Raft Mechanism Support	Aerodynamically Enclosed	Fully enclosed
Static Margin	Positive before and after raft deployment	36% before, 39% after
Aircraft Total Weight	35 lbs.	31.25 lbs. (estimated)

# Launch and Recovery

# Design Requirements Drive Launch & Recovery System Selection

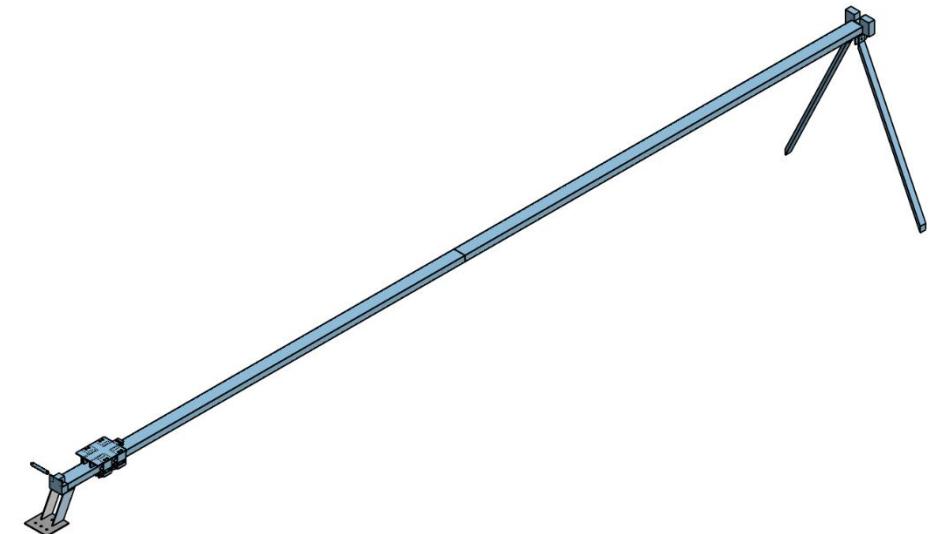
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Parameter	Requirement
Maximum Load Factor	3.5 g
Aircraft Weight	<b>31.25 lbs.</b>
Launch Platform Size	<b>4 ft x 4 ft platform</b>
User Input	<b>Autonomous</b>
Launch Energy	<b>&gt;975 ft-lbs</b>
Aircraft Takeoff Speed	33 kts

# Elastic Launch System Best Fits Project Needs

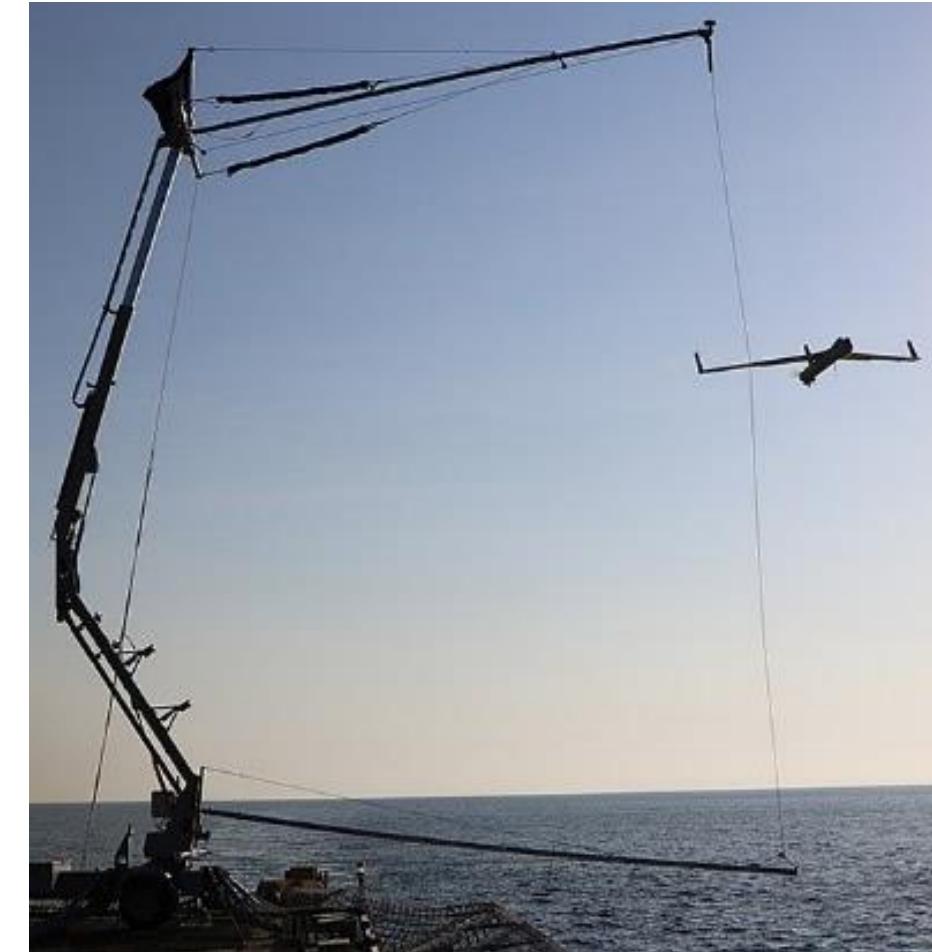
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Parameter	Requirement	Calypso Catapult
Energy	$\geq 945$ ft-lb	975 ft-lb
Size	4 ft x 4 ft platform	10 ft length with bipod mount
User Input	Autonomous	Trigger



# Cable Recovery System Best Fits Project Needs

Parameter	Requirement	Calypso CRS
Energy	$\geq 945$ ft-lb	1475 ft-lb
Size	4 ft x 4 ft platform	8 ft x 12 ft mount
User Input	Autonomous	Passive



# Flight Controller and Communications

# Mission Requirements for Avionics

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Parameter	Requirement
Flight controller capabilities	Fully autonomous takeoff, cruise, missions, and landing
Flight controller operation	Allow for operator takeover
Flight controller integration	Good sensor redundancy
Communication bandwidth	Transmit telemetry and HD video to operator
<b>Communication range</b>	<b>≥ 17.5 NM</b>
<b>Total avionics weight</b>	<b>≤ 1 lbs.</b>

# Pixhawk 4 Flight Controller Exceeds Derived Requirements

Parameter	Requirement	Specification
I/O ports	$\geq 8$	16
Implementation	Easy to implement	Good availability, good documentation
Weight	$\leq 0.5$ lbs.	0.03 lbs.



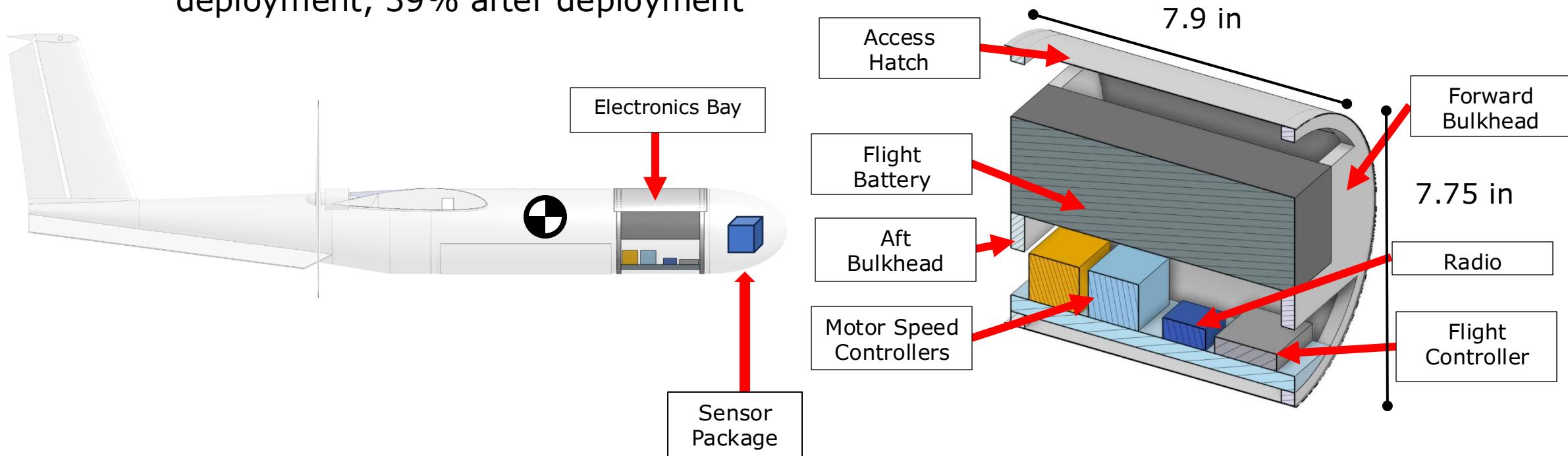
# Commtact MDLS Radio Meets All Communication Requirements

Parameter	Requirement	Specification
Weight	$\leq 0.5$ lbs.	0.22 lbs.
Range	$\geq 17.5$ NM	<b>21.75 NM</b>
Bandwidth	Support any video transmission	Supports HD video



# Electronics Bay Maintains Access to Components and Positive Margin

36% static margin before raft deployment, 39% after deployment



# Propulsion

# Requirements That Drive Propulsion Configuration

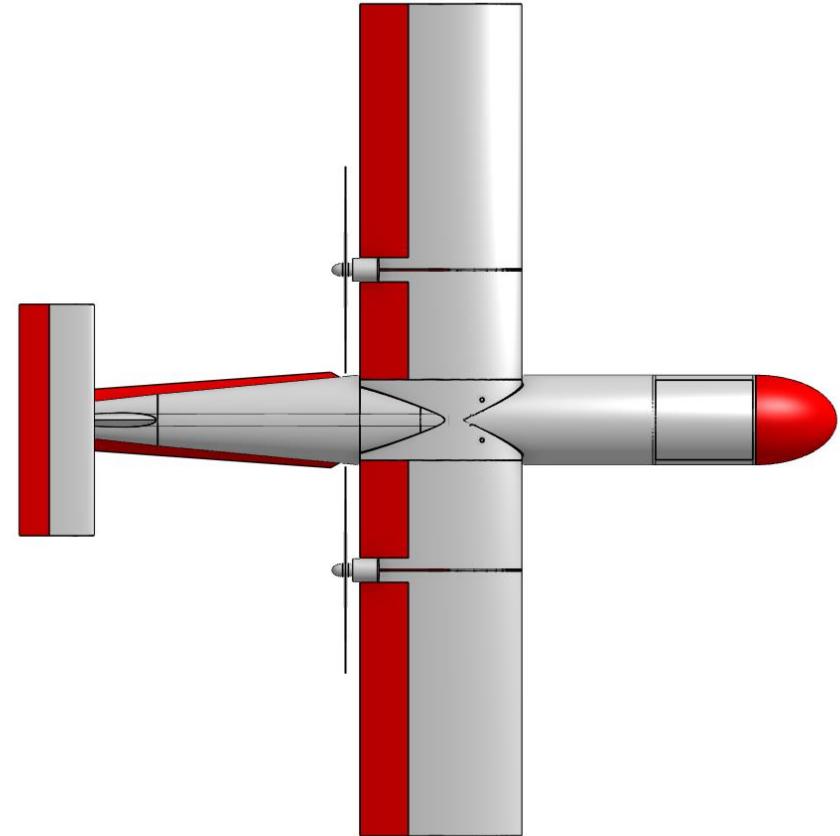
Parameter	Requirement
Minimum endurance	<b>90 min</b>
Minimum power	5,500 W
Minimum cruise speed	<b>100 kts</b>
Minimum Service Interval	3 months
Reduction of Recovery Risk	Avoid damage from net or wire recovery
Whole Aircraft Drag	<b>Cruise <math>C_D = 0.047</math></b> <b>Cruise Drag = 7.72 lbf</b>

# Twin Pusher Configuration Meets Recovery Requirement

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Pusher propellers allow for use of leading edge as wire contact surface

Twin motors reduce thrust moment and simplify integration



# Selected Propellers Allow for Flight at 100 kts

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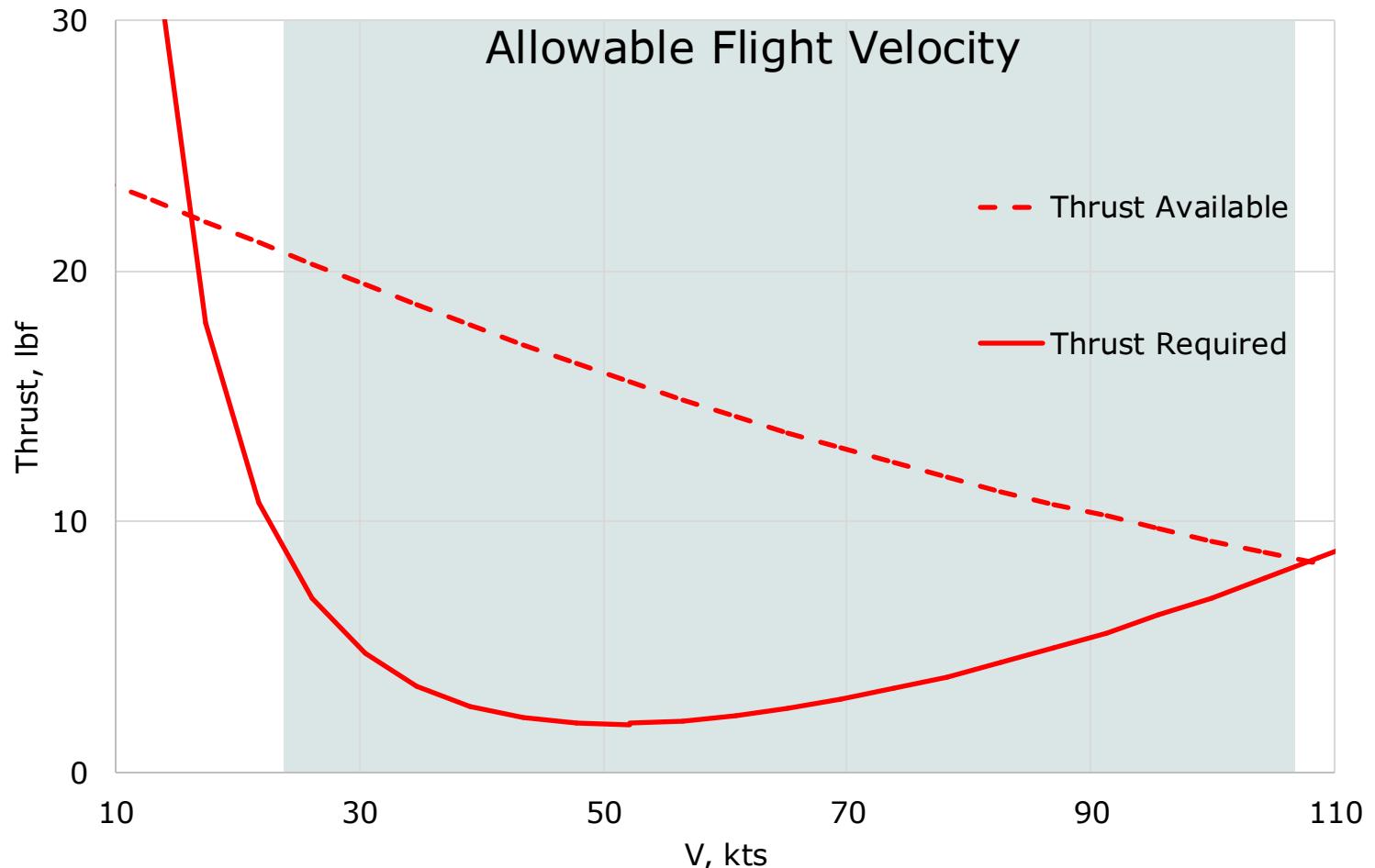
## 18 in Diameter, 12 in Pitch Propellers

- 7.72 lbf thrust @ 100 kts and 10,000 rpm
- Counter-rotating propellers reduce thrust moment



# Propulsion Configuration Produces Excess Thrust at All Flight Speeds

- Net thrust generated from 17-100 kts
- Takeoff speed limited by aerodynamics, not propulsion



# Motors Provide Sufficient Power for Flight at 100 kts

Parameter	Requirement	Design
Propulsive Power	$\geq 5,500$ W Total	2,750 W per motor
Motor Max RPM	10,000 RPM	10,500 RPM



Sunnysky X4123 V3  
480kV Motors

# Propulsion Configuration Meets Performance Requirements

Parameter	Requirement	Design
Propulsive Power	$\geq 5,500$ W	5,500 W
Maximum cruise speed	100 kts	108 kts
Minimum Service Interval	$> 3$ months	Unlimited with battery trickle charging
Propeller Protection	Avoid damage from wire or net recovery	Propellers behind wing
Minimum Thrust	7.72 lbf @ 100 kts	9.74 lbf @ 100 kts

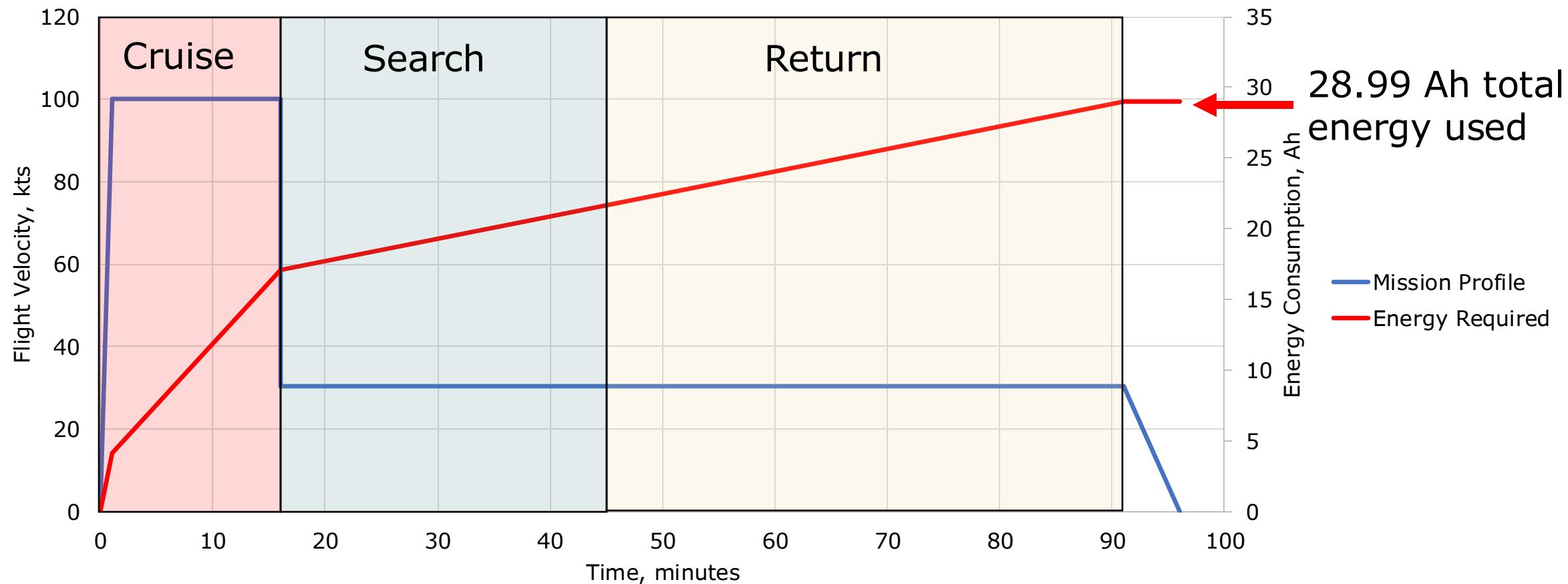
# Selected Battery Configuration Provides Sufficient Energy

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Parameter	Specification
Energy Required	28.99 Ah
Total Energy	30 Ah
Energy Margin	3.5%



# Energy Required Primarily Driven by Cruise Phase Speed



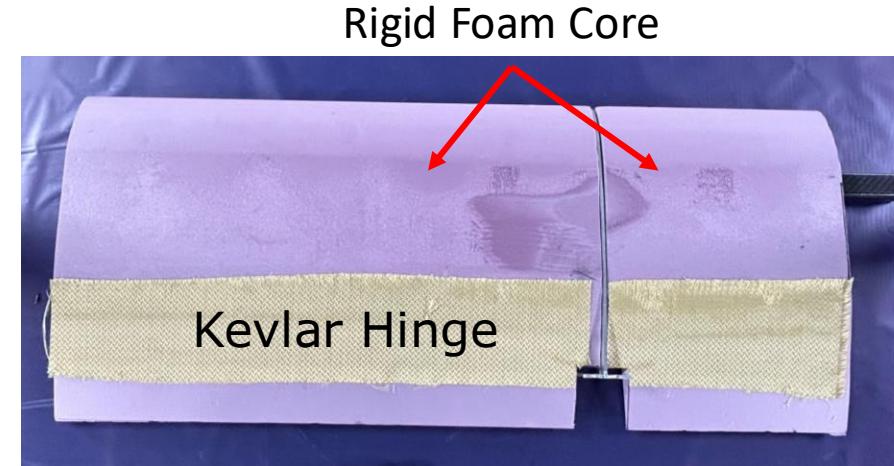
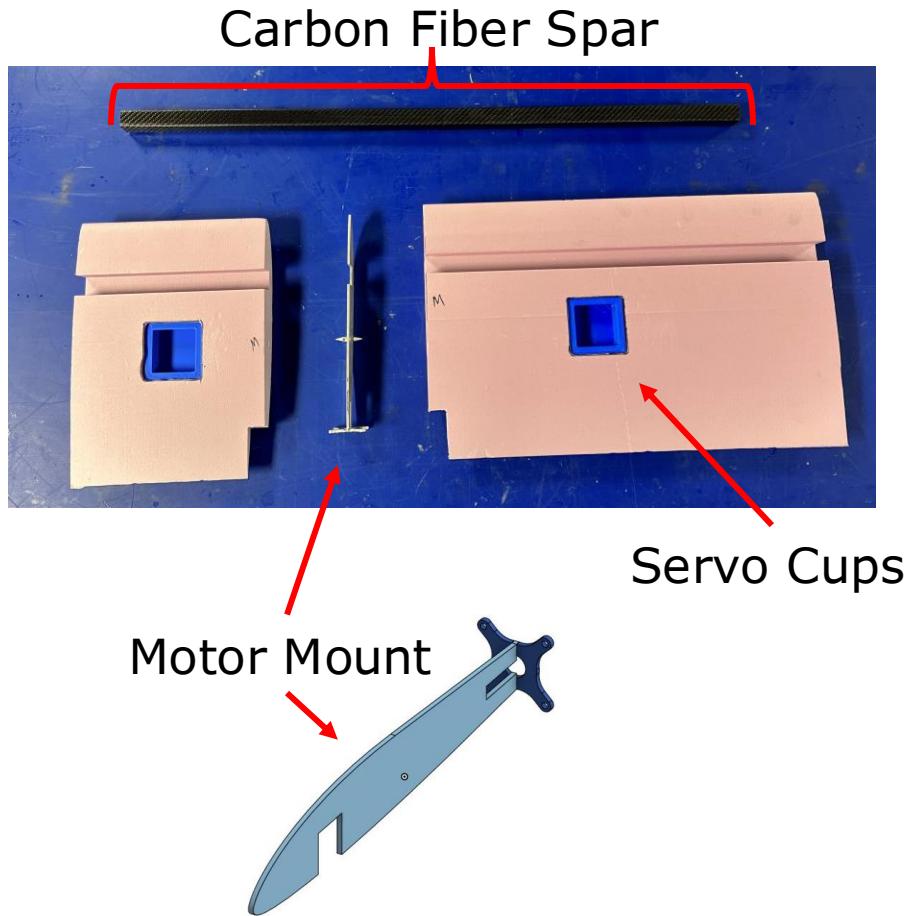
# Battery Configuration Meets Performance Requirements

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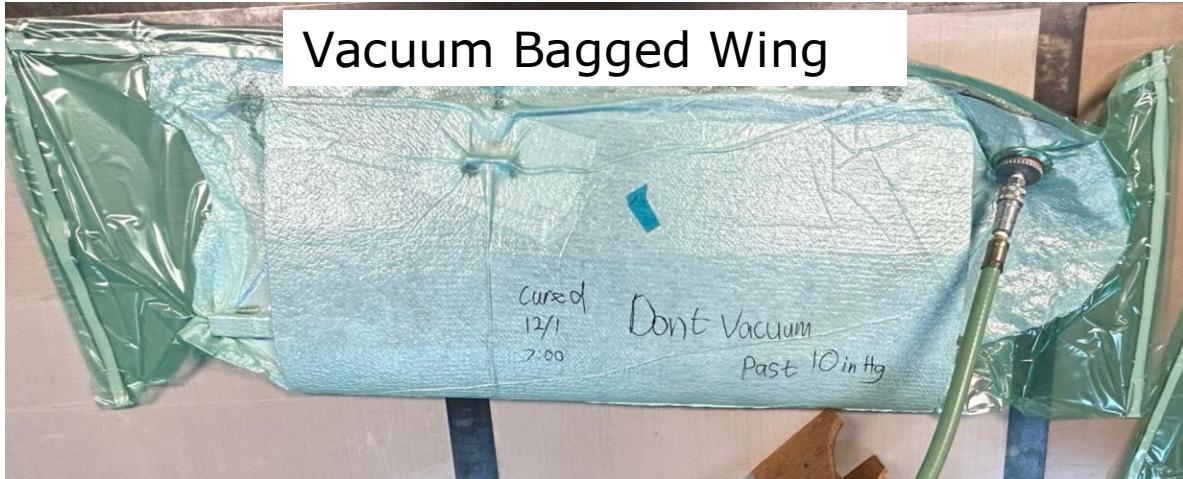
Parameter	Requirement	Design
Minimum Endurance	90 minutes	3.5% margin for 90-minute mission
Maximum Propulsion System Weight	13.3 lb	1x battery: 5.63 lb 2x motors: 1.56 lb 2x propellers: 0.33 lb 2x ESCs: ~0.55 lb Total: 8.07 lb

# Flight Test Article

# Main Wing Construction



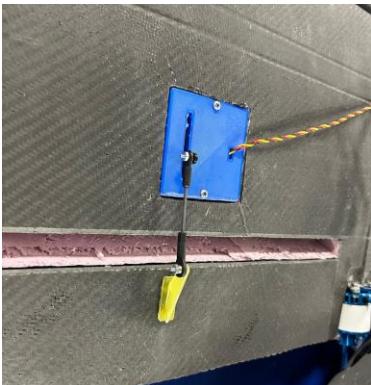
# Main Wing Construction



Vacuum Bagged Wing



Pre-Processed Wing



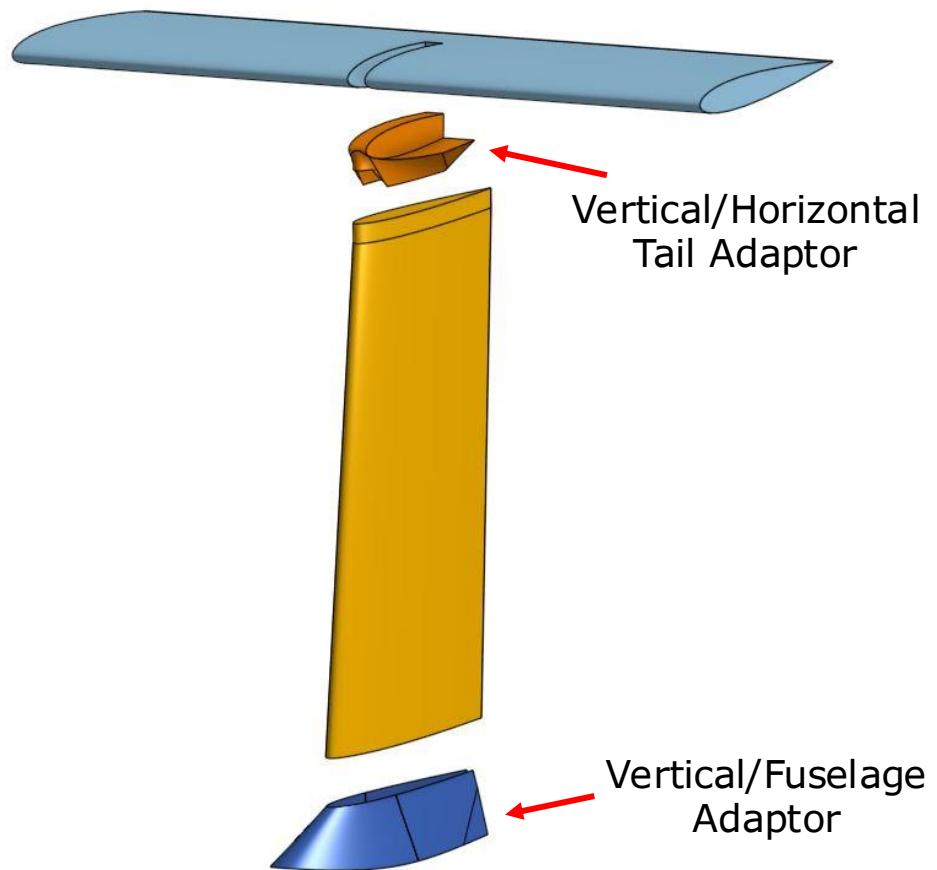
Integrated Servo Cup



Completed Wing

# Tail Wing Construction

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# Fuselage Construction – Nose Section

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Kevlar Reinforcement



Positive Mold

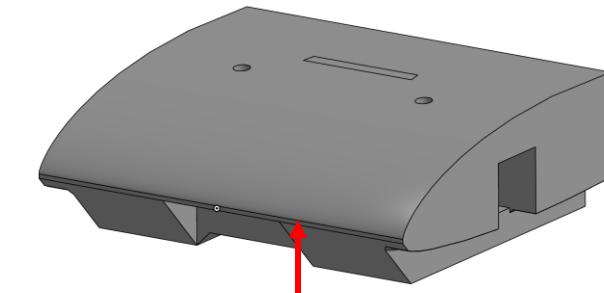
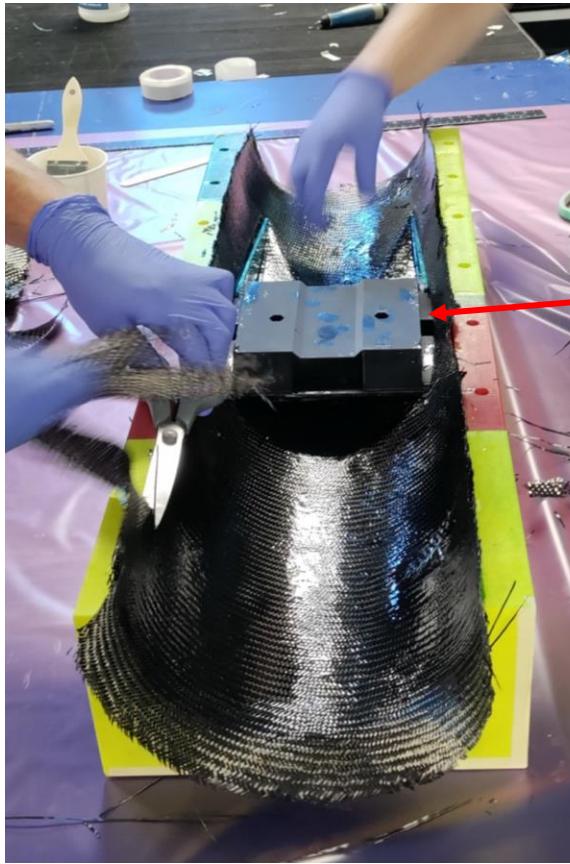
Carbon Fiber Sleeves

Finished Product



# Fuselage Construction – Mid-Section

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# Fuselage Construction – Mid-Section



Carbon Fiber  
Strips Joining  
Halves



Carbon Fiber/Kevlar  
Reinforcement on  
Mating Ends



Plywood  
Reinforcements



# Fuselage Construction – Tail Section



Positive Mold

Carbon Fiber  
Sleeves

Kevlar  
Reinforcement



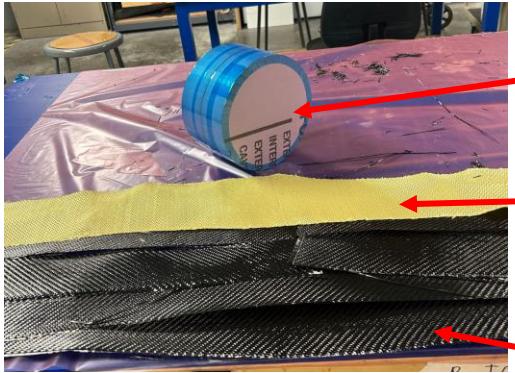
Integrated  
Vertical Tail



Finished  
Product



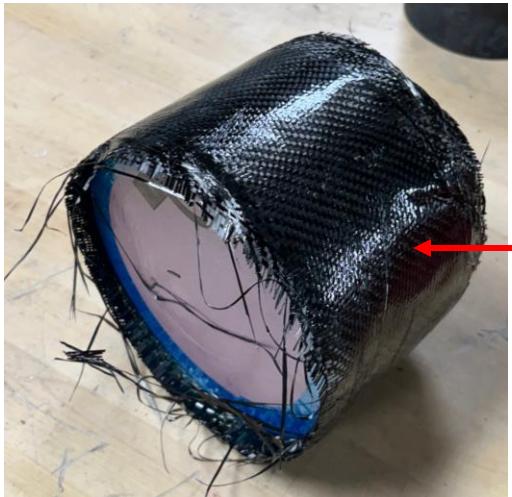
# Nose/Mid-Section Adapter



Positive Mold  
Kevlar  
Reinforcement  
Carbon Fiber  
Strips



Post Processed  
Part

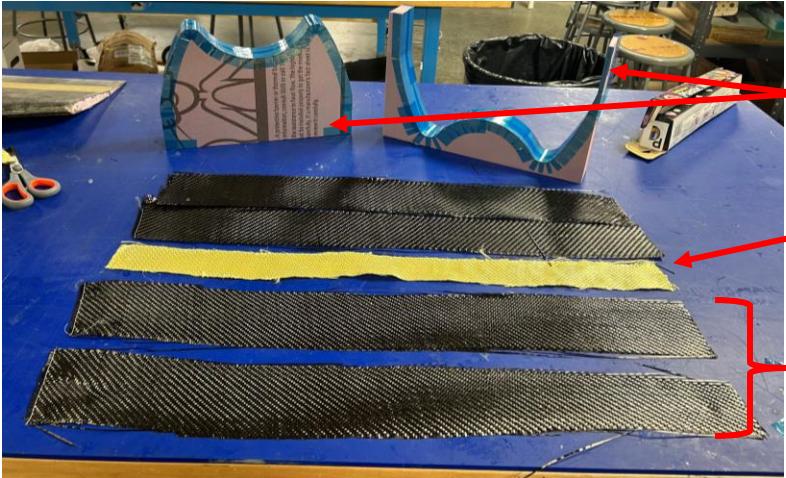


Pre-Processed  
Part



Machine  
Screws

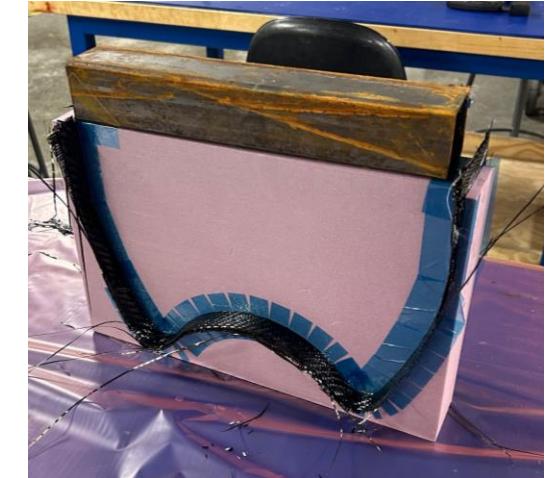
# Landing Gear



Negative Molds

Kevlar  
Reinforcement

Carbon Fiber  
Strips



Shape Matches  
Fuselage Curvature

Reinforced with  
Threaded Rod



# Fabrication of Flight Test Article is Not Identical to Design

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## Structures

- Extensive use of foam cores in layups to simplify fabrication
- Increased structural weight

## Propulsion

- Lower capacity battery(10 Ah vs. 30 Ah)
- Lower pitch propellers(18x10e vs. 18x12e)

## Landing Gear Included

# Prototype used for Flight Test Differs From Final FTA

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- Fiberglass skin on wing with 2 smaller spars
- Foam board/plywood reinforced square fuselage
- Taller landing gear





# Flight Test Results

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Right propeller ejected after take off



Aircraft is stable with one engine

Operator error resulted in loss of control



# Flight Test Data

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Parameter	Value
Time of Flight (s)	13.5
Take Off Distance (feet)	220
Take Off Speed (kts)	30.2
Max Speed (kts)	47.0
Max Climb Rate (ft/min)	1100
Longitudinal Stability?	Yes
Lateral Stability?	Yes

# Conclusion

# Design Studies & Testing Indicate All Requirements Met

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Parameter	Requirement	Recommended Design
Minimum Service Ceiling	400 ft ASL	>5,000 ft ASL
Minimum Cruise Speed	100 kts	108 kts
Operating Radius	17.5 NM	19 NM
Minimum Loiter Time	30 minutes	36.5 minutes
Climb Rate	1000 ft/min	2,525 ft/min
Sensor Payload	4 lbs. self-powered sensor	4 lbs. self-powered sensor
Life Raft Payload	Deployable life raft	5 lbs. self-inflating life raft, carried internally
Maximum Takeoff Weight	35 lbs.	31.25 lbs.

# Calypso Team Recommends Additional Testing

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Wind tunnel testing has verified design features

Flight test article has given **limited validation** of aircraft performance

**Additional flight testing is required** to confirm that the aircraft meets all requirements

# Recommendations for Future Work

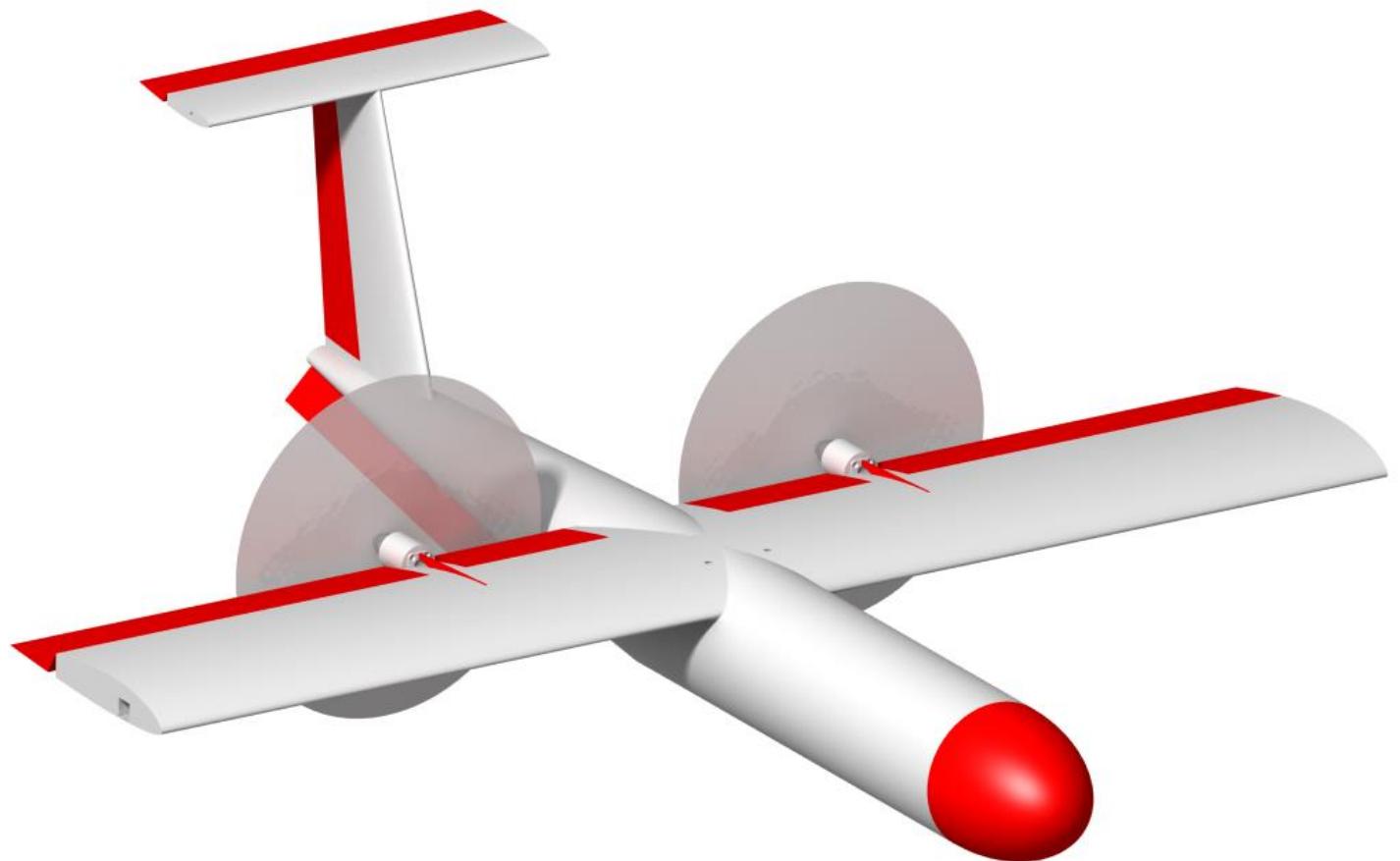
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Ensure that FTA is designed according to manufacturing capabilities

Plan to include landing gear on FTA from beginning of design process

Follow wing loading and power loading guidelines for RC aircraft

# Questions?

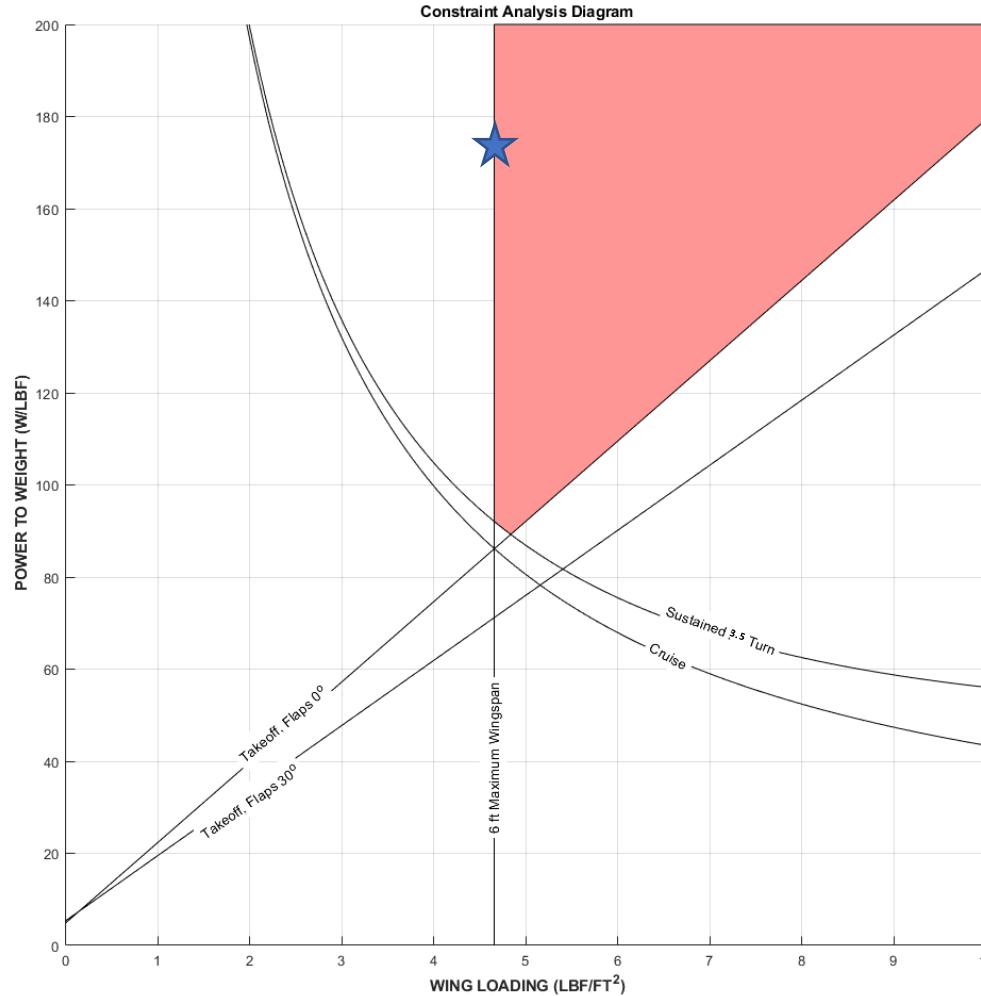


# Appendix

# Statement of Work Requirements

Parameter	Requirement
Operating Altitude	Sea level to 400-ft ASL
Operating Temperature	-20° to 40°-C
Speed Requirement	Cover 20-miles in no more than 15-min
Operating Radius	17.5 NM
Minimum Loiter Time	30-min
Load Factor	3.5-g
Climb Rate	1000-ft/min
Weather Conditions	Up to Level 7 Beaufort scale (28-33 kts winds, 13-19 ft waves)
Sensor Payload	4-lb self-powered payload.
Maximum Takeoff Weight	35-lb.
Minimum Service Int.	3 months
Maximum Reset Time	1-hr.
Minimum Service Life	250-hrs.
Launch System Size	Mountable on 4 ft x 4 ft elevated platform

# Constraint Analysis Diagram



Red area is design space

Blue star is design point

# Launch System Comparison

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Design Consideration	Elastic Launch	Pneumatic Launch	Rocket Propelled
Takeoff Speed	1	2	3
G-Loading	3	2	1
Size	2	1	3
User Input	3	1	2
Cost	3	2	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>

# Recovery System Comparison

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Design Consideration	Net Recovery	Cable Recovery	Parachute Recovery
Accuracy	3	2	1
Airframe Impact	2	3	1
G-Loading	2	1	3
User Input	2	3	1
Cost	2	3	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>7</b>

# Aircraft Configuration Trade Study Table

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Aircraft Configuration					
Category	4+1	Tailsitter VTOL	Catapult Conventional	Score Factor	
TO/Landing	9	9	1	5	
System Weight	1	3	9	3	
Speed	3	3	9	5	
Stability	3	9	9	2	
Controllability	3	9	9	3	
Power requirements	3	3	9	1	
Complexity	9	3	9	4	
<b>Total:</b>	117	129	167		

# Wing Configuration Trade Study Tables

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	Wing Configuration						
	Rectangular	Tapered Straight	Sweptwing (low speed)	Elliptical	Rear Wing Canards	Score Factor	
Stability	5	3		3	4	2	4
Lift	4	4		4	3	4	4
Drag	1	4		3	4	3	3
Maneuverability	3	3		2	3	3	3
Fabrication	4	4		2	1	3	2
Structural Weight	2	3		3	3	3	2
Totals:	60	63		53	57	54	

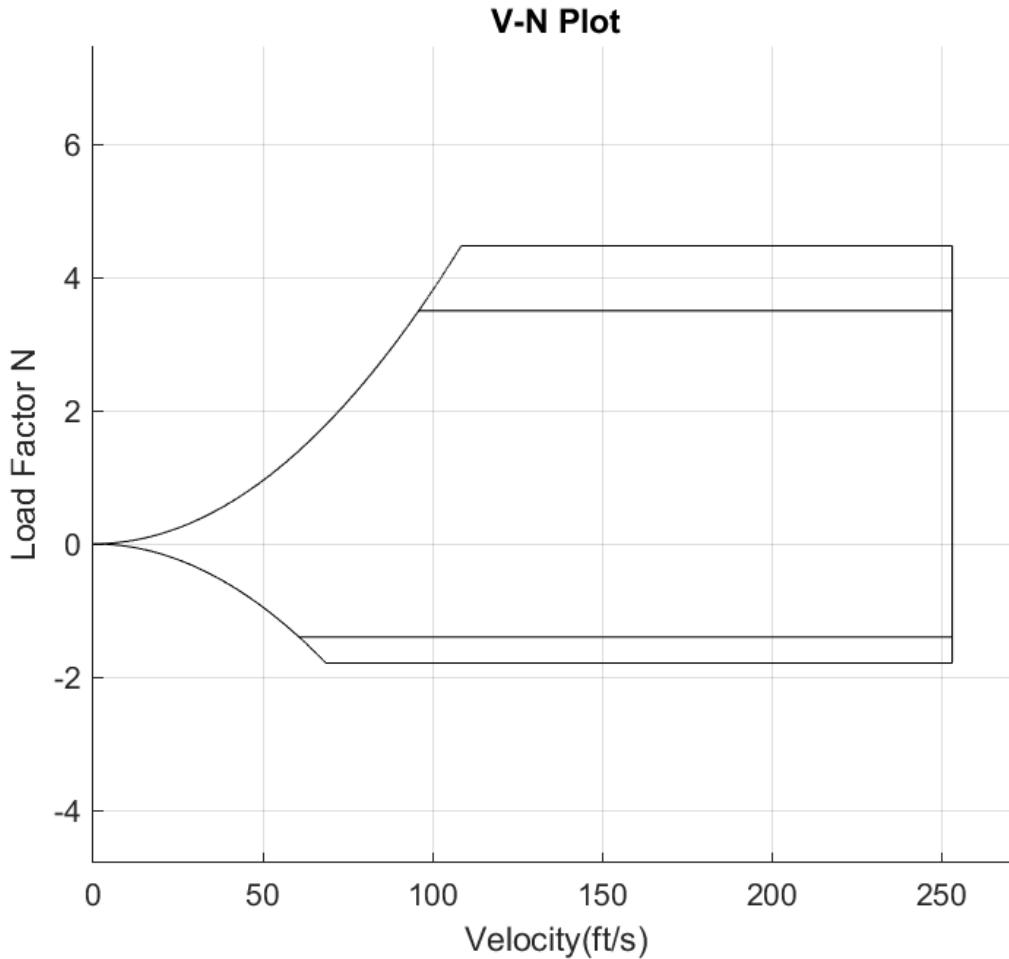
	Wing Location			
	High	Mid	Low	Score Factor
Roll and Stability	4	4	3	4
Tail Interference	3	3	4	2
Maneuverability	3	4	4	2
Cruise	3	2	3	2
Payload	4	2	4	3
Stall Characteristics	4	5	3	4
Totals:	62	60	58	

# Tail Configuration Trade Study Table

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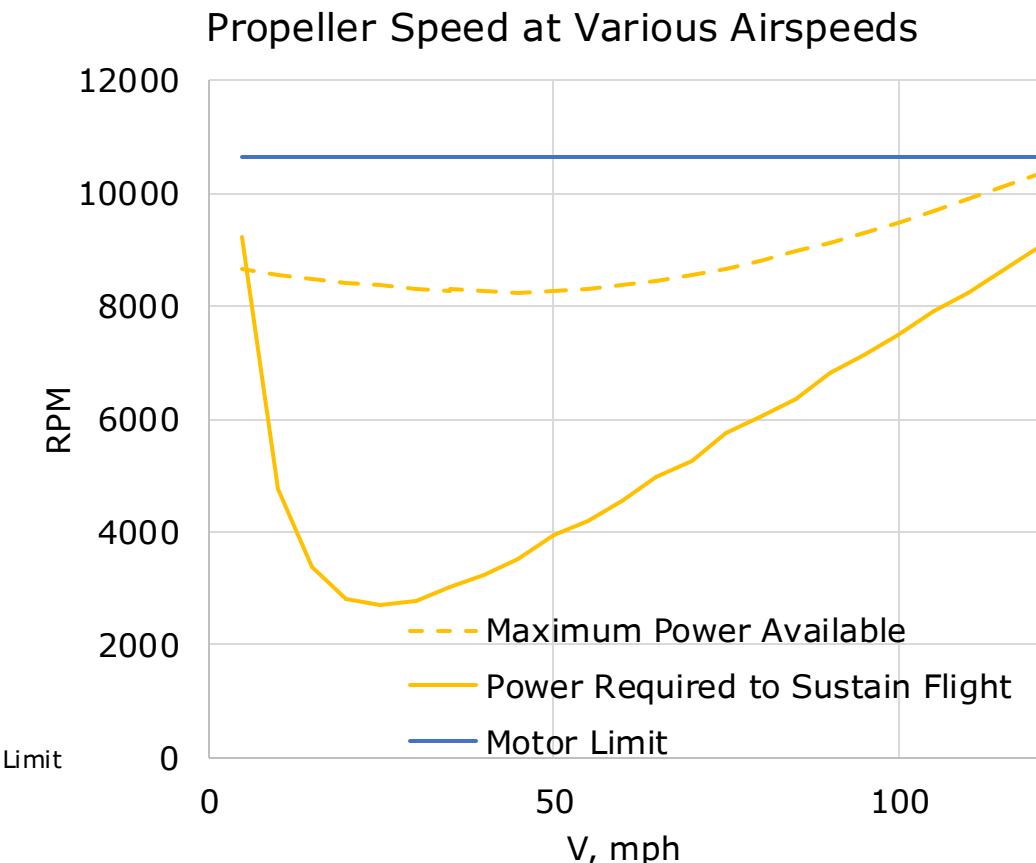
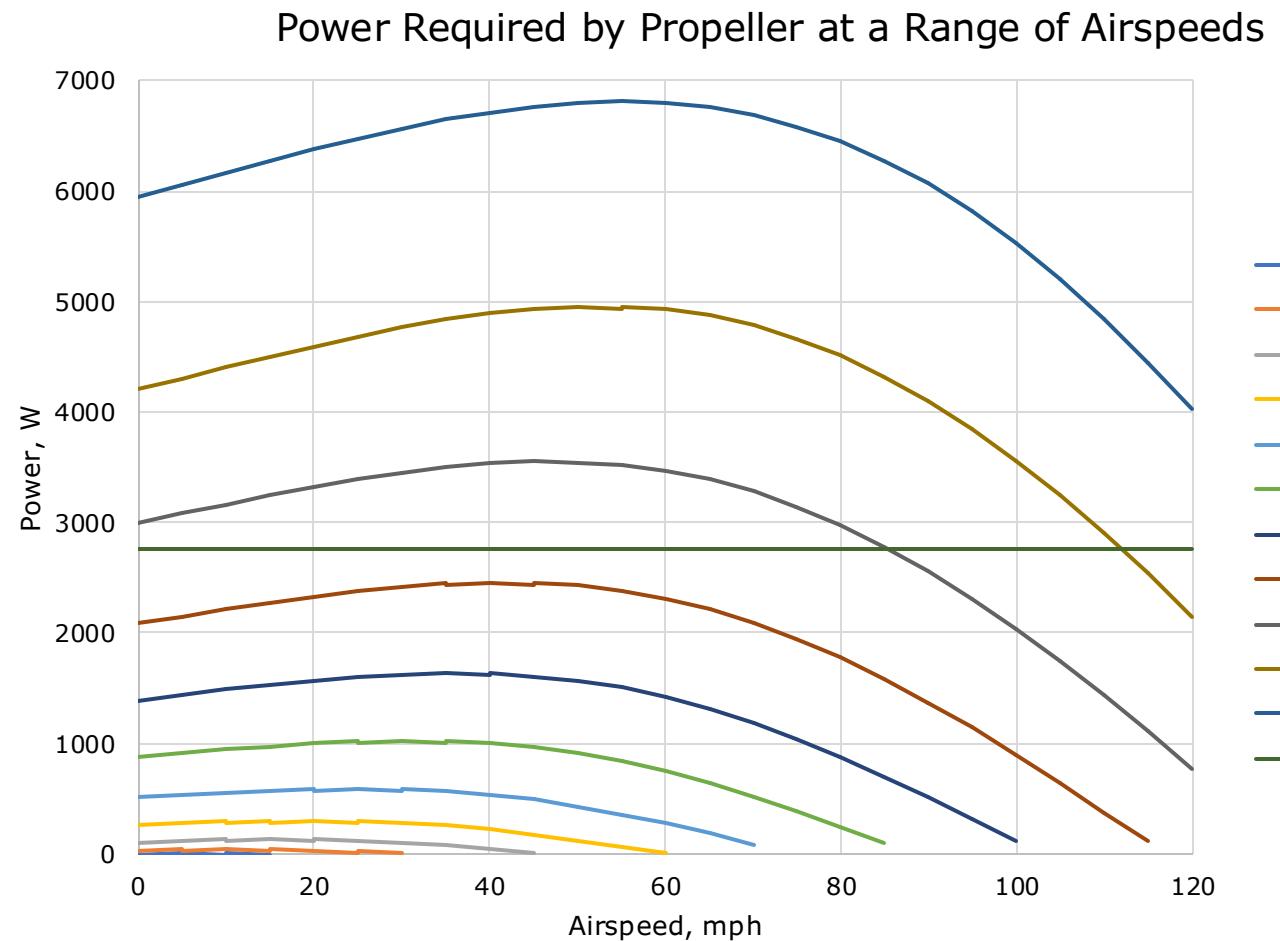
Tail Configuration					
	Conventional	T- Tail	V Tail	Inverted V tail (twin boom)	Score Factor
Stability	4	4	2	3	4
Control	3	4	4	3	5
Drag	3	4	3	2	2
Structural Weight	3	2	4	2	2
<b>Totals:</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>35</b>	

# Aircraft Performance Flight Envelope



Velocity (kts)	$V_d$	$V_c$	$V_{cmin}$	$V_a$	$V_s$	
	120	100		80	75	
Maneuver Loads	+	-	<b>Ref: Sec. 23.337 Amd 23-7</b>			
(n)	4.492	-1.79665	MTOW			
(n)	4.494	-1.798	MINTOW			
At MTOW						
$Ug\_{3D}$	26.796217					
$Kg\_{3D}$	0.7346869					
$n\_{3D} (+)$	<b>7.170473</b>					
$n\_{3D} (-)$	<b>-5.170473</b>					
At MINTOW						
$Ug\_{3D}$	19.140155					
$Kg\_{3D}$	0.6891665					
$n\_{3D} (+)$	<b>9.10342</b>					
$n\_{3D} (-)$	<b>-7.10342</b>					

# Motor and Propeller Performance



# Catapult Performance

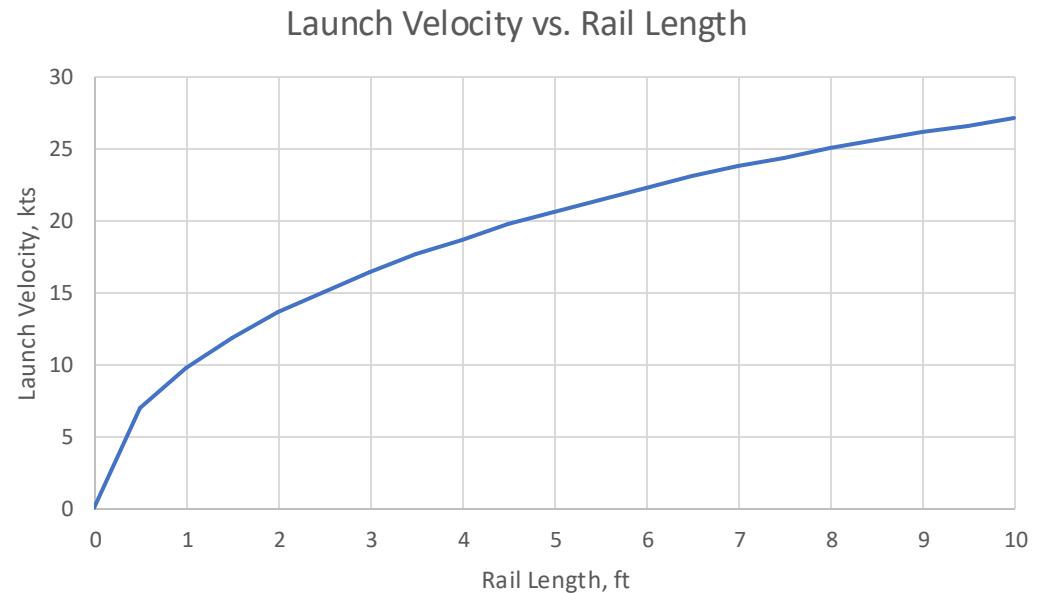
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4 bands, 0.375-in ID, 0.125 wall silicone tubing

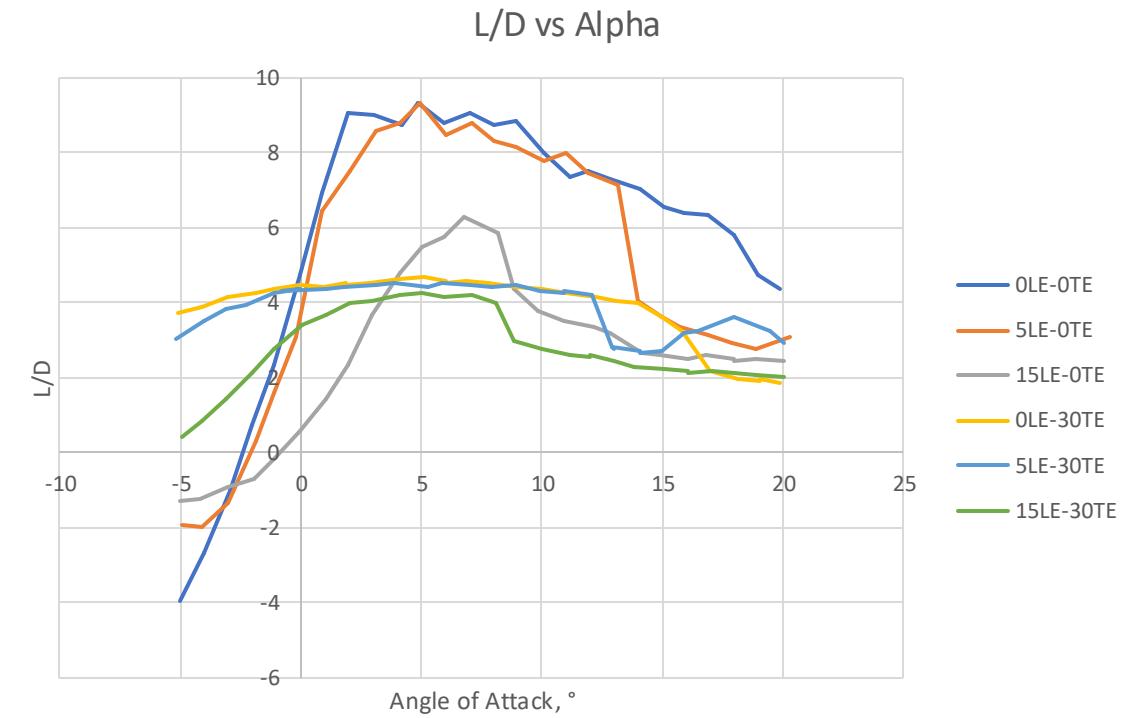
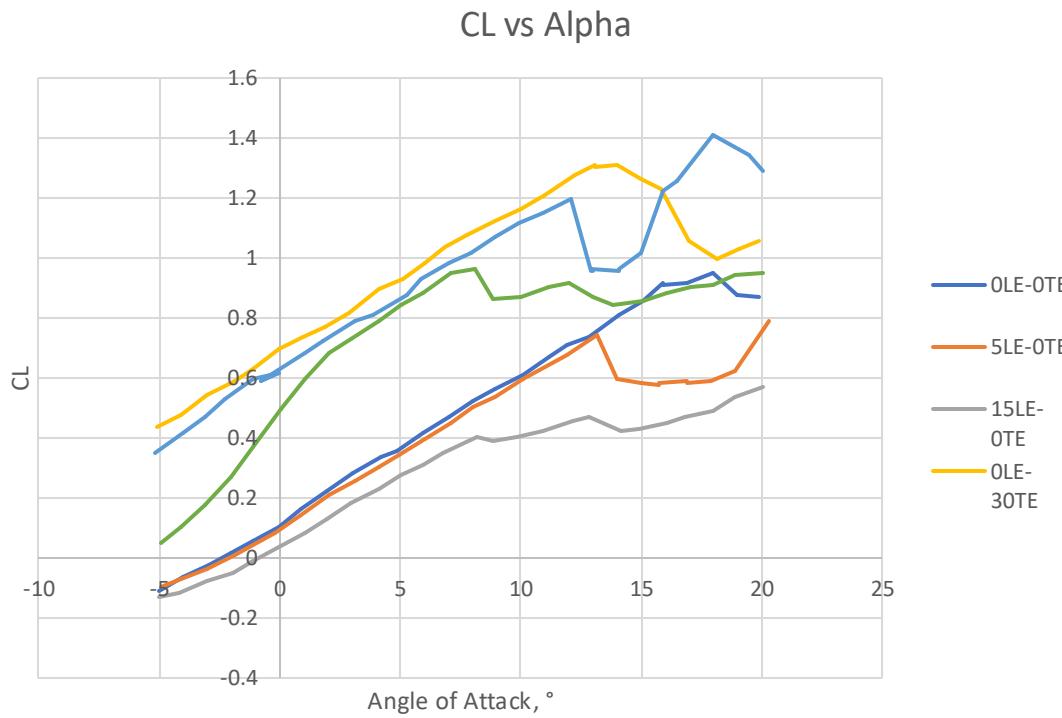
Launch Velocity: 27.1 kts

Avg g-load: 3.3

Maximum Energy: 975 lbf-ft



# Wind Tunnel Test Data - Mechanized Wing



# References

Slide #	Item
5	United States Coast Guard, <i>Search and Rescue Summary Statistics</i> , 2017.
5	Schuldt, D. and Kurucar, J., <i>Maritime Search and Rescue via Multiple Coordinated UAS</i> , MIT Lincoln Laboratory, 2017.
5	Remmers, T., "U.S. Coast Guard Unmanned Systems," <i>U.S. Coast Guard Assistant Commandant for Capability</i> , 2022.
13	Uncharted Supply Co., "Rapid Raft," <a href="https://unchartedsupplyco.com/products/rapid-raft">https://unchartedsupplyco.com/products/rapid-raft</a> , 2023.
19	PX4 Dev Team, "Pixhawk 4," <i>PX4 Autopilot User Guide</i> , 2020.
20	Commtact Systems, "Mini Micro Data Link System (MDLS)", <a href="https://commtact-systems.com/products/micro-data-link-system/">https://commtact-systems.com/products/micro-data-link-system/</a> , 2023.

# References

Slide #	Item
41-42	Aileron design Chapter 12 design of Control Surfaces" Available: <a href="http://aero.us.es/adesign/Slides/Extra/Stability/Design_Control_Surface_Chapter%2012.%20Desig%20of%20Control%20Surfaces%20(Aileron).pdf">http://aero.us.es/adesign/Slides/Extra/Stability/Design_Control_Surface_Chapter%2012.%20Desig%20of%20Control%20Surfaces%20(Aileron).pdf</a>
41-42	"Design and fabrication of a fixed-wing unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV)," Ain Shams Engineering Journal Available: <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2090447922004051">https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2090447922004051</a>
41-42	"Rudder design Chapter 12 design of Control Surfaces" Available: <a href="http://aero.us.es/adesign/Slides/Extra/Stability/Design_Control_Surface/Chapter%2012.%20Desig%20of%20Control%20Surfaces%20(Rudder).pdf">http://aero.us.es/adesign/Slides/Extra/Stability/Design_Control_Surface/Chapter%2012.%20Desig%20of%20Control%20Surfaces%20(Rudder).pdf</a>
41-42	Charles River Radio Controllers - conventional vs. V-tails Available: <a href="http://www.charlesriverrc.org/articles/design/donstackhouse_conventionalvsverticaltail.htm">http://www.charlesriverrc.org/articles/design/donstackhouse_conventionalvsverticaltail.htm</a>
41-42	"Comparative analysis of aerodynamic characteristics of rectangular and ..." Available: <a href="https://www.researchgate.net/publication/344160569_Comparative_Analysis_of_Aero dynamic_Characteristics_of_Rectangular_and_Curved_Leading_Edge_Wing_Platforms">https://www.researchgate.net/publication/344160569_Comparative_Analysis_of_Aero dynamic_Characteristics_of_Rectangular_and_Curved_Leading_Edge_Wing_Platforms</a>

# Figure References

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Slide #	Item	Source
5	Render Background	<a href="#">Link</a>
13	Uncharted Supply Co. Rapid Raft Outdoors	<a href="#">Link</a>
19	Pixhawk 4 Flight Controller	<a href="#">Link</a>
20	Commtact MDLS Radio Communications	<a href="#">Link</a>
32	Wire Recovery of Boeing ScanEagle	<a href="#">Link</a>
48	APC 18x12e Propeller	<a href="#">Link</a>
50	Sunnysky X4125 V3 Motor	<a href="#">Link</a>
52	Liperiair 30,000 mAh Battery	<a href="#">Link</a>