## Title

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### Hydrodynamic force

One-body limit:

$$\mathbf{F}_i^{\text{self}} = -6\pi\mu a(\mathbf{v}_i - \mathbf{U}^{\infty}(\mathbf{r}_i)) \tag{1}$$

$$T_i^{\text{self}} = -8\pi\mu a^3(\boldsymbol{\omega}_i - \boldsymbol{\Omega}^{\infty}) \tag{2}$$

Melrose and Ball [2004] uses the leading squeeze mode of lubrication force:

$$\boldsymbol{F}_{ij}^{\text{pair}} = -\alpha_{\text{n}}(h_{ij}) \{ (\boldsymbol{v}_i - \boldsymbol{v}_j) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij}$$
(3)

$$T_{ij}^{\text{pair}} = \mathbf{0},$$
 (4)

where

$$\alpha_{\rm n}(h_{ij}) = \frac{3\pi\mu a^2}{2h_{ij}} \tag{5}$$

Hydrodynamic interaction acting on particle i is given by

$$\boldsymbol{F}_{i}^{\mathrm{H}} = \boldsymbol{F}_{i}^{\mathrm{self}} + \sum_{j} \boldsymbol{F}_{ij}^{\mathrm{pair}}$$
 (6)

$$T_i^{\mathrm{H}} = T_i^{\mathrm{self}}$$
 (7)

### Dimensionless equations

The unit of length, velocity and force are given:  $L_0 = a$ ,  $v_0 = a\dot{\gamma}$ , and  $F_0 \equiv 6\pi\mu av_0$ . The dimensionless variables are introduced:  $\tilde{h}_{ij} = h_{ij}/L_0$ ,  $\tilde{\boldsymbol{v}}_i = \boldsymbol{v}_i/U_0$ , and  $\tilde{\boldsymbol{F}}_{ij}^{\text{pair}} = \boldsymbol{F}_{ij}^{\text{pair}}/F_0$ . The relations are written as follows:

$$\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_i^{\text{self}} = -(\tilde{\mathbf{v}}_i - \tilde{\mathbf{U}}^{\infty}(\tilde{\mathbf{r}}_i)) \tag{8}$$

$$\tilde{\boldsymbol{F}}_{ij}^{\text{pair}} = -\frac{1}{4\tilde{h}_{ij}} \left\{ (\tilde{\boldsymbol{v}}_i - \tilde{\boldsymbol{v}}_i) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \right\} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij}$$
(9)

$$\boldsymbol{U}^{\infty}(\boldsymbol{r}) = \dot{\gamma}z\boldsymbol{e}_x \tag{10}$$

$$\Longrightarrow \tilde{\boldsymbol{U}}^{\infty}(\tilde{\boldsymbol{r}}) = \dot{\gamma}z\boldsymbol{e}_x/U_0 = \dot{\gamma}z\boldsymbol{e}_x/(\dot{\gamma}a) = \tilde{z}\boldsymbol{e}_x \tag{11}$$

#### Matrix form

$$\boldsymbol{F}_{ij}^{\text{pair}} = -\frac{1}{4h_{ij}} \{ (\boldsymbol{v}_i - \boldsymbol{v}_j) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij}$$
(12)

$$= -\frac{1}{4h_{ij}} \left[ \left\{ (\boldsymbol{v}_i - \boldsymbol{U}_i^{\infty}) - (\boldsymbol{v}_j - \boldsymbol{U}_j^{\infty}) + \boldsymbol{U}_i^{\infty} - \boldsymbol{U}_j^{\infty} \right\} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \right] \boldsymbol{n}_{ij}$$
(13)

 $\Delta \boldsymbol{v} \equiv (\boldsymbol{v} - \boldsymbol{U}^{\infty})$ 

$$\Delta \boldsymbol{v} \cdot \boldsymbol{n} \boldsymbol{n} = (\Delta v_x n_x + \Delta v_y n_y + \Delta v_z n_z) n_x \boldsymbol{i}$$
(14)

$$+ (\Delta v_x n_x + \Delta v_y n_y + \Delta v_z n_z) n_y \mathbf{j} \tag{15}$$

$$+ (\Delta v_x n_x + \Delta v_y n_y + \Delta v_z n_z) n_z \mathbf{k} \tag{16}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} n_x n_x & n_y n_x & n_z n_x \\ n_x n_y & n_y n_y & n_z n_y \\ n_x n_z & n_y n_z & n_z n_z \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Delta v_x \\ \Delta v_y \\ \Delta v_z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(17)$$

$$= \mathbf{n} \otimes \mathbf{n} \Delta \mathbf{v} \tag{18}$$

$$\boldsymbol{F}_{i} = -\Delta \boldsymbol{v}_{i} - \sum_{j} \left( \frac{1}{4h_{ij}} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \otimes \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \Delta \boldsymbol{v}_{i} - \frac{1}{4h_{ij}} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \otimes \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \Delta \boldsymbol{v}_{j} + \frac{1}{4h_{ij}} (\boldsymbol{U}_{i}^{\infty} - \boldsymbol{U}_{j}^{\infty}) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \right)$$
(19)

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\vdots \\
\mathbf{F}_{i} \\
\vdots \\
\mathbf{F}_{j} \\
\vdots
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
\vdots \\
\mathbf{F}_{i}^{\text{self}} + \mathbf{F}_{ij}^{\text{pair}} \\
\vdots \\
\mathbf{F}_{j}^{\text{self}} + \mathbf{F}_{ji}^{\text{pair}} \\
\vdots
\end{pmatrix} (20)$$

$$= - \begin{pmatrix} \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \\ \cdots & 1 + \frac{1}{4h_{ij}} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \otimes \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} & \cdots & -\frac{1}{4h_{ij}} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \otimes \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} & \cdots \\ \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \\ \cdots & -\frac{1}{4h_{ji}} \boldsymbol{n}_{ji} \otimes \boldsymbol{n}_{ji} & \cdots & 1 + \frac{1}{4h_{ji}} \boldsymbol{n}_{ji} \otimes \boldsymbol{n}_{ji} & \cdots \\ \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \Delta \boldsymbol{v}_i \\ \vdots \\ \Delta \boldsymbol{v}_j \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$
(21)

$$+ \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ -\frac{1}{4h_{ij}} (\boldsymbol{U}_{i}^{\infty} - \boldsymbol{U}_{j}^{\infty}) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \boldsymbol{n}_{ij} \\ \vdots \\ -\frac{1}{4h_{ji}} (\boldsymbol{U}_{j}^{\infty} - \boldsymbol{U}_{i}^{\infty}) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{ji} \boldsymbol{n}_{ji} \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(22)$$

# References

J. R. Melrose and R. C. Ball. Continuous shear thickening transitions in model concentrated colloids—the role of interparticle forces. *J. Rheol.*, 48:937–960, 2004.