paired-t-test.pdf

You run a paired t-test when you are interested in comparing similar observations between two groups. For example, comparing sepal length between two species (setosa and versicolor). This is a parametric test so it is necessary to test for the basic assumptions.

The data that I am using is iris.txt

iris <- read.table("iris.txt")</pre>

I want to compare sepal length between setosa and versicolor.

setosa <- iris\$Sepal.Length[iris\$Species == "setosa"]</pre>

versicolor <- iris\$Sepal.Length[iris\$Species == "versicolor"]</pre>

Testing the assumptions:

Make sure the data are the same length

length(setosa)

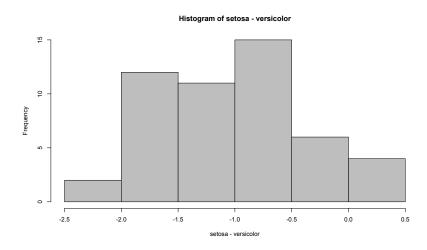
[1]50

length(versicolor)

[1]50

Ensure that the differences between the pairs are normally distributed

hist(setosa – versicolor)



Run the test using the build in function

t.test(setosa,versicolor,paired=TRUE, conf.level=0.95)

The output:

Paired t-test

data: setosa and versicolor
t = -10.146, df = 49, p-value = 1.242e-13
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
-1.114203 -0.745797
sample estimates:
mean of the differences
-0.93