

The influence of weather on population health and economy

ChengWen Luo

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Synopsis

Storms and other severe weather events can cause both public health and economic problems for communities and municipalities. Many severe events can result in fatalities, injuries, and property damage, and preventing such outcomes to the extent possible is a key concern. This project involves exploring the U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) storm database. We asked two questions in the current assignment: (1) Across the United States, which types of events (as indicated in the `EVTYPE` variable) are most harmful with respect to population health? (2) Across the United States, which types of events have the greatest economic consequences?. The assignment has two parts: section 1 describes the data processing, and section 2 presents the main findings. The key variables used are: "FATALITIES", "INJURIES", "PROPDMG", "CROPDMG" and "EVTYPE".

Data processing

```
setwd("/Volumes/Daisy/R/R_assignmant/R_markdown/final/")
dat<-read.csv("repdata-data-StormData.csv.bz2",head=T)
```

sum of death caused by different events

```
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

frequency.event<-data.frame(tapply(dat$EVTYPE,dat$EVTYPE,length))
names(frequency.event) <- "event.frequency"
head(frequency.event,10)

##               event.frequency
## HIGH SURF ADVISORY           1
## COASTAL FLOOD                1
## FLASH FLOOD                  1
## LIGHTNING                    1
```

```
## TSTM WIND 4
## TSTM WIND (G45) 1
## WATERSPOUT 1
## WIND 1
## ? 1
## ABNORMAL WARMTH 4
```

Many events are essentially the same type, but are considered as different categories, here I group them together.

1. check how many unique event types

```
unique.evt<-unique(dat$EVTYPE)
length(unique.evt)

## [1] 985
```

2. changing events by lowering case and excluding punctuations/blanks

```
dat$EVTYPE <- tolower (dat$EVTYPE)
dat$EVTYPE <- gsub("[:blank:][:punct:]+", " ", dat$EVTYPE)
dat[grepl("hurricane",dat$EVTYPE),]$EVTYPE = "hurricane"
dat[grepl("severe thunderstorm",dat$EVTYPE),]$EVTYPE = "severe thunderstorm"
dat[grepl("tstm wind",dat$EVTYPE),]$EVTYPE = "tstm wind"
dat[grepl("flood",dat$EVTYPE),]$EVTYPE = "flood"
dat[grepl("heat",dat$EVTYPE),]$EVTYPE = "heat"
dat[grepl("thunderstorm",dat$EVTYPE),]$EVTYPE = "thunderstorm"
unique.evt<-unique(dat$EVTYPE)
length(unique.evt)

## [1] 662

head(unique.evt)

## [1] "tornado" "tstm wind" "hail" "freezing rain"
## [5] "snow" "flood"
```

Results

```
sum_death<-data.frame(tapply(dat$FATALITIES,dat$EVTYPE,sum,na.rm=T))
sum_death$event.type<-rownames(sum_death)
rownames(sum_death)<-1:dim(sum_death)[1]
names(sum_death)<-c("sum.death","event.type")
death.order<-sum_death[order(sum_death$sum.death ,decreasing=TRUE),]
death.order$rank.fatalities <-1:dim(sum_death)[1]
head.de<-head(death.order,6)
head.de

##      sum.death  event.type rank.fatalities
## 559      5633      tornado              1
## 189      3138        heat              2
## 120      1525       flood              3
## 328       816 lightning              4
```

```
## 579      544  tstm wind      5
## 418      368 rip current    6
```

Injury caused by different types of event

```
sum_injury<-data.frame(tapply(dat$INJURIES,dat$EVTYPE,sum,na.rm=T))
sum_injury$event.type<-rownames(sum_injury)
rownames(sum_injury)<-1:dim(sum_injury)[1]
names(sum_injury)<-c("sum.injury","event.type")
injury.order<-sum_injury[order(sum_injury$sum.injury ,decreasing=TRUE),]
injury.order$rank.INJURIES <-1:dim(sum_injury)[1]
head.in<-head(injury.order,6)
head.in
```

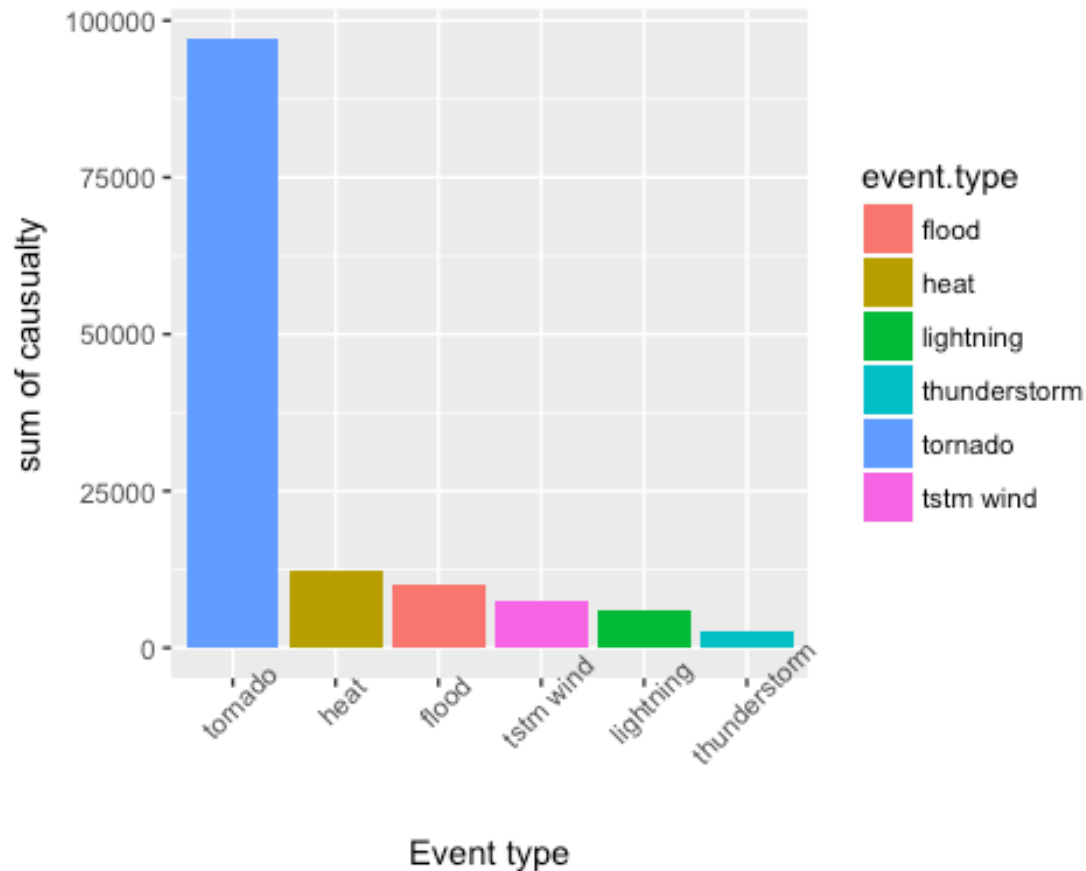
```
##      sum.injury  event.type rank.INJURIES
## 559      91346      tornado           1
## 189       9224        heat           2
## 120      8604       flood           3
## 579       7065      tstm wind           4
## 328       5230     lightning           5
## 552       2479 thunderstorm           6
```

Casualty rate caused by different types of event

```
dat$CASUALTY <- dat$INJURIES + dat$FATALITIES
sum_casualty<-data.frame(tapply(dat$CASUALTY,dat$EVTYPE,sum,na.rm=T))
sum_casualty$event.type<-rownames(sum_casualty)
rownames(sum_casualty)<-1:dim(sum_casualty)[1]
names(sum_casualty)<-c("sum.casualty","event.type")
casualty.order<-sum_casualty[order(sum_casualty$sum.casualty
,decreasing=TRUE),]
casualty.order$rank.CASUALTY <-1:dim(sum_casualty)[1]
top.casualty<-head(casualty.order,6)
top.event<-top.casualty$event.type
top.casualty
```

```
##      sum.casualty  event.type rank.CASUALTY
## 559      96979      tornado           1
## 189     12362       heat           2
## 120     10129       flood           3
## 579      7609      tstm wind           4
## 328      6046     lightning           5
## 552      2689 thunderstorm           6
```

```
library(ggplot2)
m<-ggplot(top.casualty,aes(x=reorder(event.type,
rank.CASUALTY),y=sum.casualty,fill=event.type))
m + geom_col() + theme(axis.text.x = (element_text(angle=45))) + xlab('Event
type') + ylab ("sum of causality")
```



Sum of property damage due to various events

```
sum.property.damage<-data.frame(tapply(dat$PROPDMG,dat$EVTYPE,sum,na.rm=T))
sum.property.damage$event.type<-rownames(sum.property.damage)
rownames(sum.property.damage)<-1:dim(sum.property.damage)[1]
names(sum.property.damage)<-c("sum.property","event.type")
property.order<-sum.property.damage[order(sum.property.damage$sum.property,decreasing=TRUE),]
property.order$rank.property <-1:dim(sum.property.damage)[1]
top.property<-head(property.order,6)
top.event<-top.property$event.type
top.property
```

##	sum.property	event.type	rank.property
## 559	3212258.2	tornado	1
## 120	2436131.5	flood	2
## 579	1347464.3	tstm wind	3
## 552	1329707.6	thunderstorm	4
## 159	688693.4	hail	5
## 328	603351.8	lightning	6

Sum of crop damage due to various events

```

sum.crop.damage<-data.frame(tapply(dat$CROPDMG, dat$EVTYPE, sum, na.rm=T))
sum.crop.damage$event.type<-rownames(sum.crop.damage)
rownames(sum.crop.damage)<-1:dim(sum.crop.damage)[1]
names(sum.crop.damage)<-c("sum.crop", "event.type")
crop.order<-sum.crop.damage[order(sum.crop.damage$sum.crop
,decreasing=TRUE),]
crop.order$rank.crop <-1:dim(sum.crop.damage)[1]
top.crop<-head(crop.order,6)
top.event<-top.crop$event.type
top.crop

```

```

##      sum.crop  event.type rank.crop
## 159 579596.28      hail         1
## 120 364506.73     flood         2
## 579 113561.75  tstm wind         3
## 559 100018.52   tornado         4
## 552  85801.13 thunderstorm         5
## 70   33898.62    drought         6

```

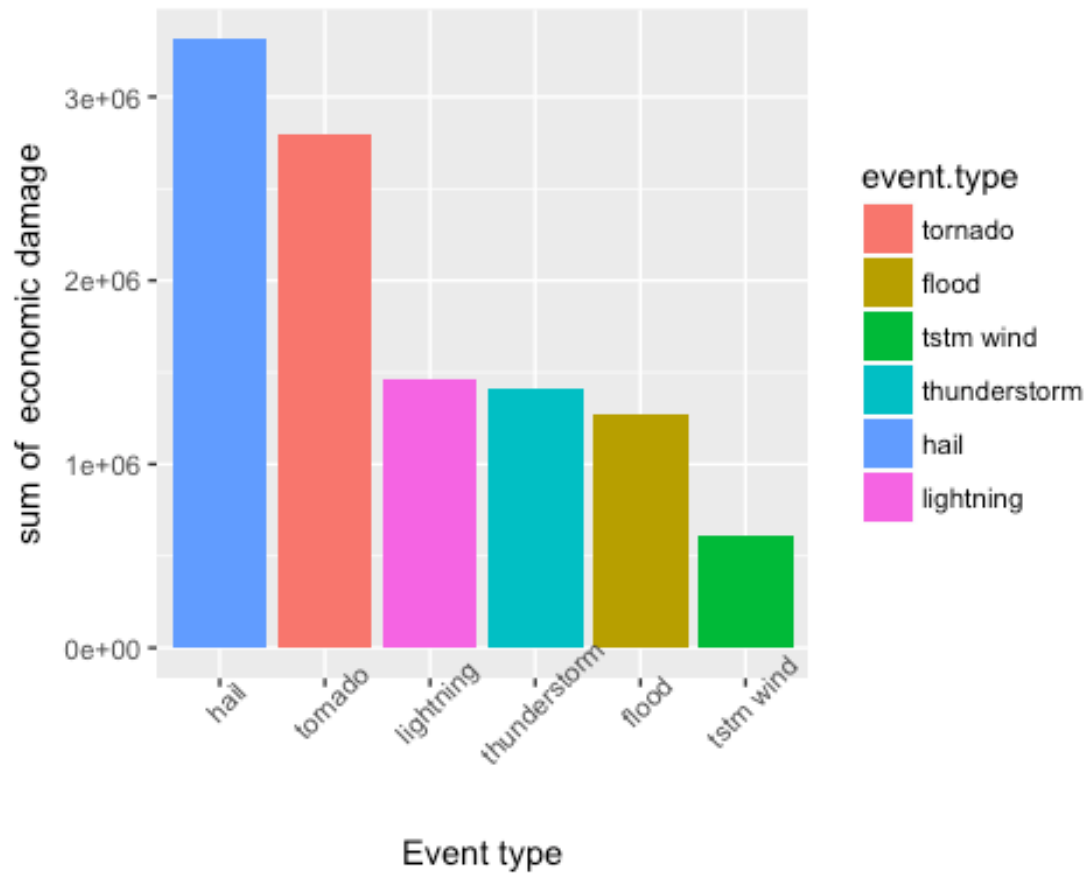
Sum of total damage due to various events

```

dat$ECO <- dat$CROPDMG + dat$PROPDGM
sum.economic.damage<-data.frame(tapply(dat$ECO, dat$EVTYPE, sum, na.rm=T))
sum.economic.damage$event.type<-rownames(sum.economic.damage)
rownames(sum.economic.damage)<-1:dim(sum.economic.damage)[1]
names(sum.economic.damage)<-c("sum.economic", "event.type")
economic.order<-sum.economic.damage[order(sum.economic.damage$sum.economic
,decreasing=TRUE),]
economic.order$rank.economic <-1:dim(sum.economic.damage)[1]
top.economic<-head(economic.order,6)
top.economic$event.type <- as.factor(top.economic$event.type)
levels(top.economic$event.type) <-
top.economic[top.economic$rank.economic[1:6],]$event.type

g<-
ggplot(top.economic, aes(x=reorder(event.type, rank.economic), y=sum.economic, fi
ll=event.type))+ geom_col() + theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle=45)) +
xlab('Event type') + ylab ("sum of economic damage")
g

```



Conclusion

The results show that tornado is the most severe cause of casualty, following by heat, flood, tstm wind, lightening and ice storm. As to which types of natural disasters lead to greater economic damages, our analyses indicate that hail is the leading cause, followed by tornado, lightening, thunderstorm, flood and tstm wind.