

# Introduction to Intel® Distribution of **OpenVINO™** toolkit for Computer Vision Applications

100: Beginner-level  
Lesson 03

# Introduction to Intel® Distribution of **OpenVINO™** toolkit for Computer Vision Application

## OpenVINO 100 – Course agenda

**Lesson 1:** Introduction, why do we need Artificial Intelligence (AI).

**Lesson 2:** What is Video, what is computer vision, how do we accelerate it on modern computers.

**Lesson 3:** How to accelerate Video processing

**Lesson 4:** How to accelerate Neural Network for vision applications

**Lesson 5:** Video Analytics pipeline

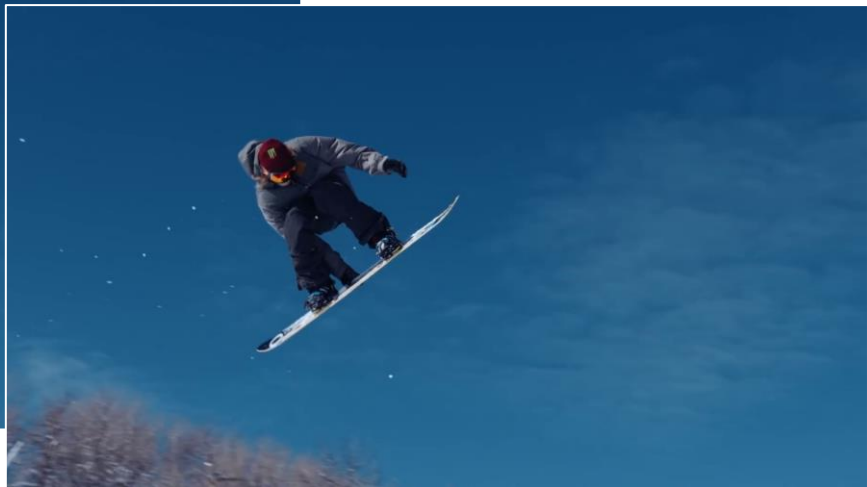
**Lesson 6:** Demos, OpenVINO at work

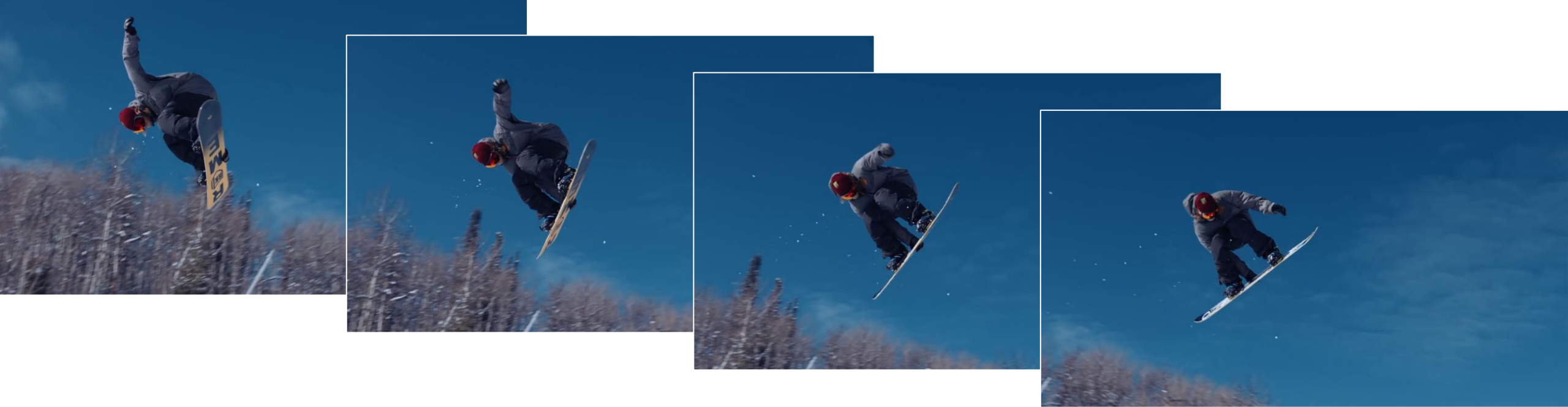
**Lesson 7:** The full flow, from Data to a product using Intel tools-Part 1.

**Lesson 8:** The full flow, from Data to a product using Intel tools-Part 2.

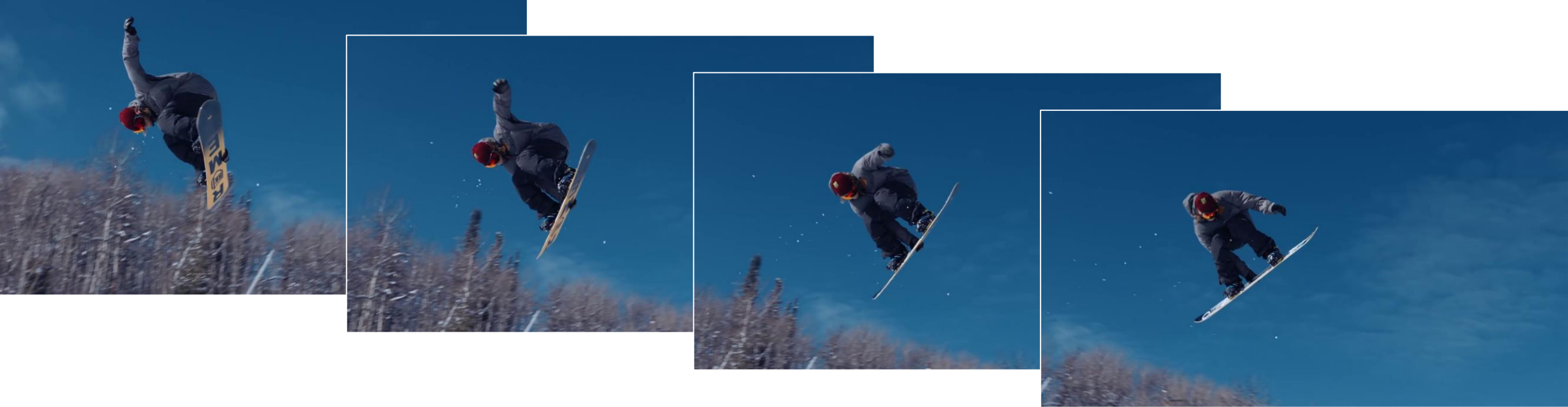
**Lesson 9:** Summary, intro to next course (200)



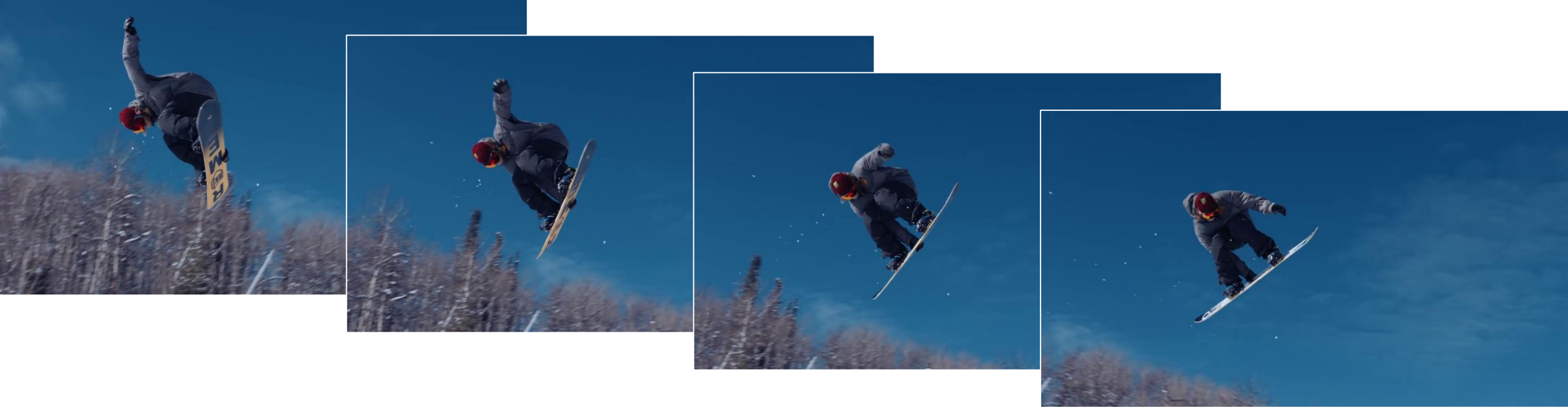




- 1 Frame = 1920 x 1080 pixels

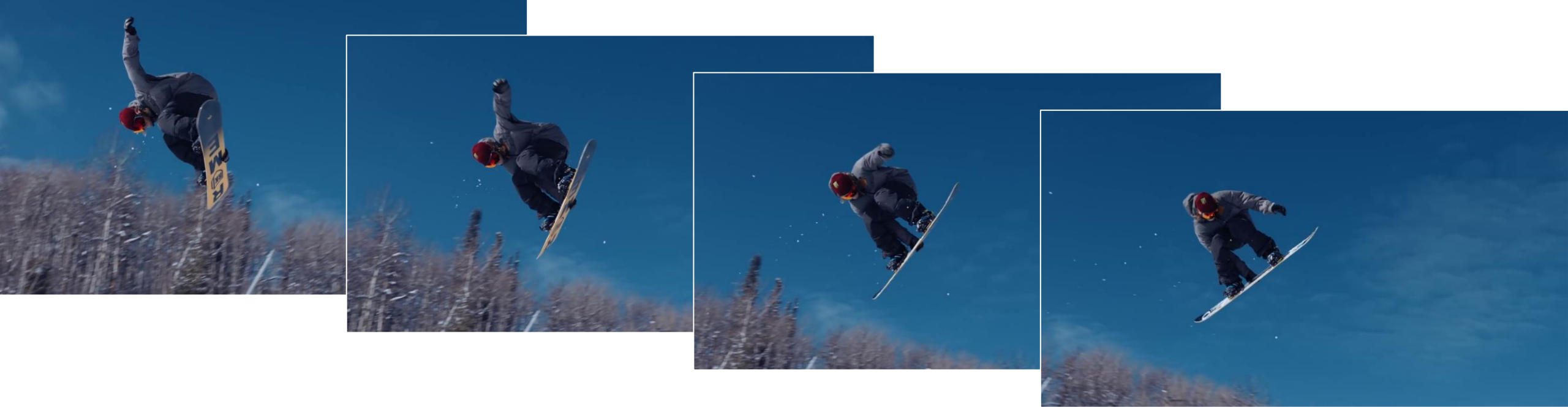


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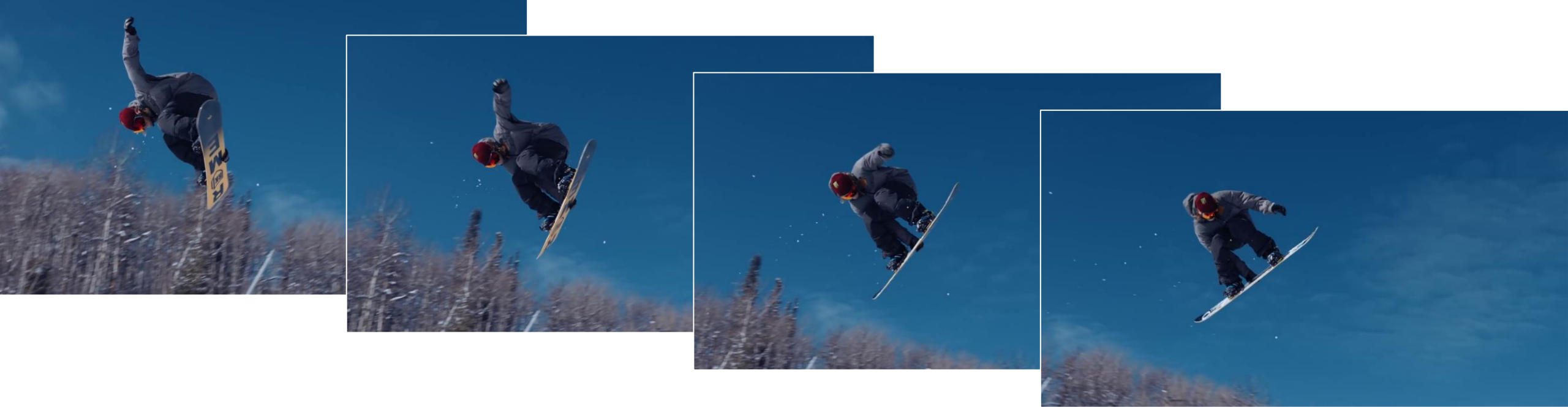


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- 1 Minute = **9.3 GB**

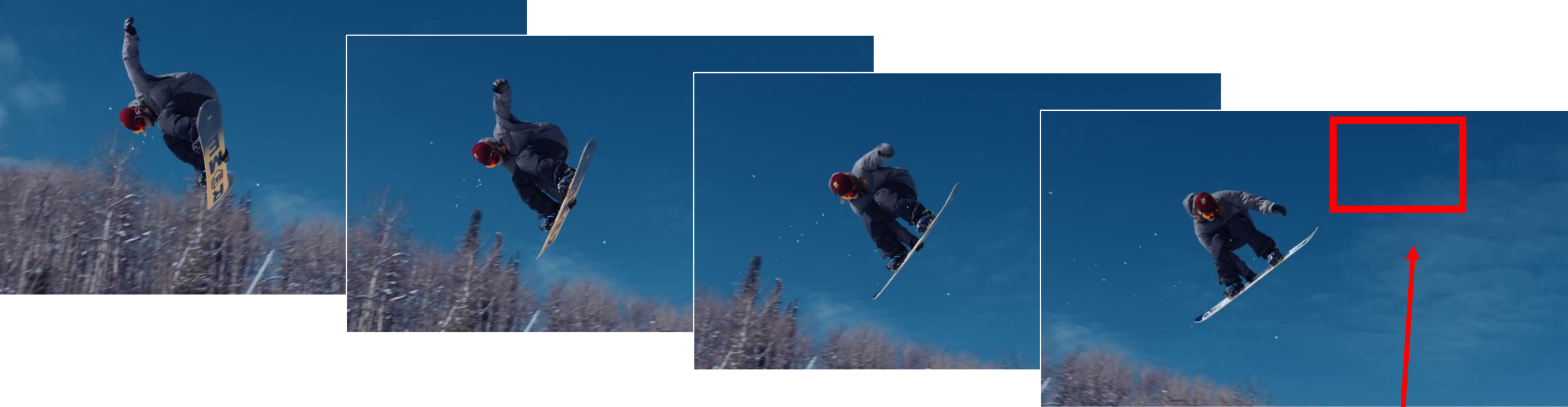




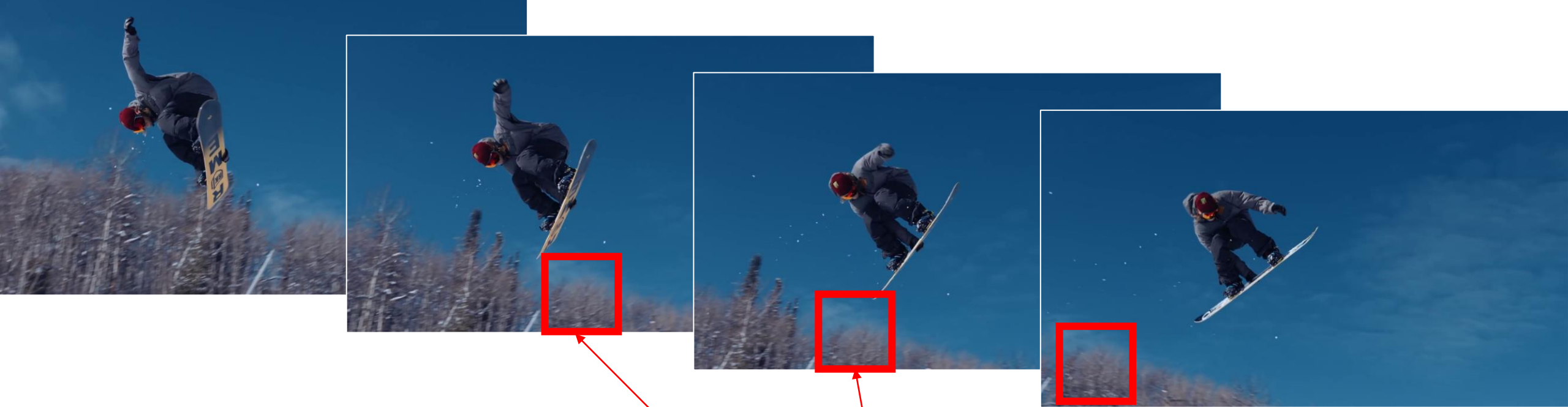
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- 1 Frame = 1920 x 1080 x 3 bytes = 6,220,800 Bytes (6.2MB)
- 1 Second = 6.2 MB x 25 = 155 MB
- 1 Minute = **9.3 GB**
- 1 Minute YouTube compressed = **71.9MB**



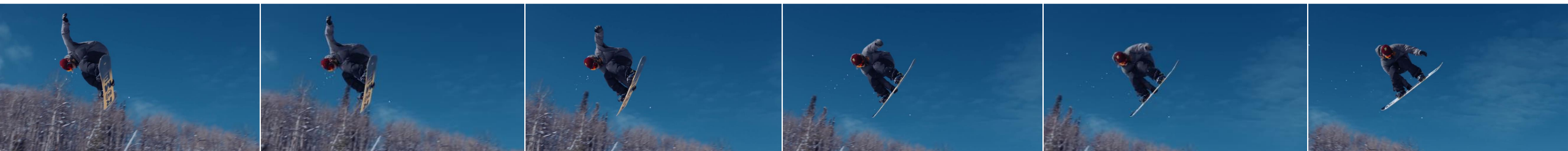
- In order to compress we need **redundancy**
  - Ability to present a lot of data with smaller amount of pixels/bits.. without losing information (lossless)



**Spatial  
Redundancy**



**Temporal  
redundancy**



1 frame

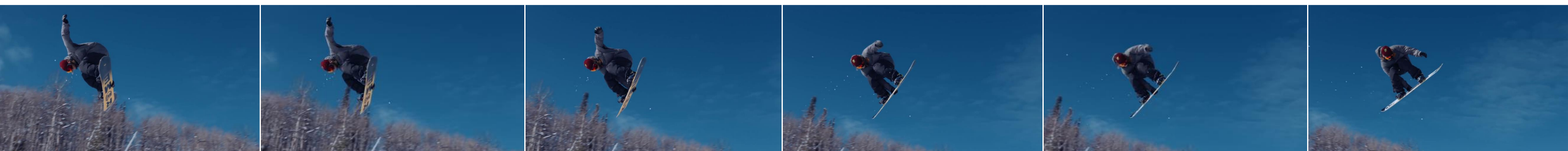


1 frame



2 M pixels

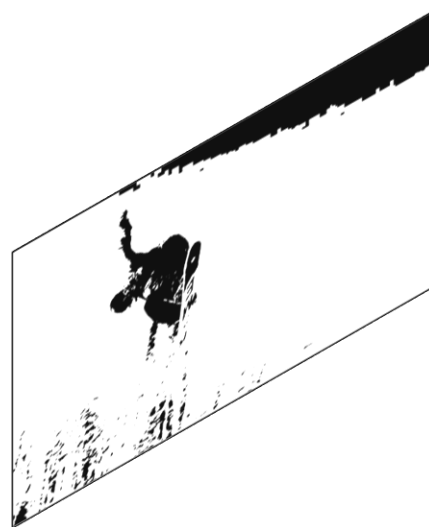




**I** frame



**P** frame



½ the data of "I frame"

**I** frame



2 M pixels



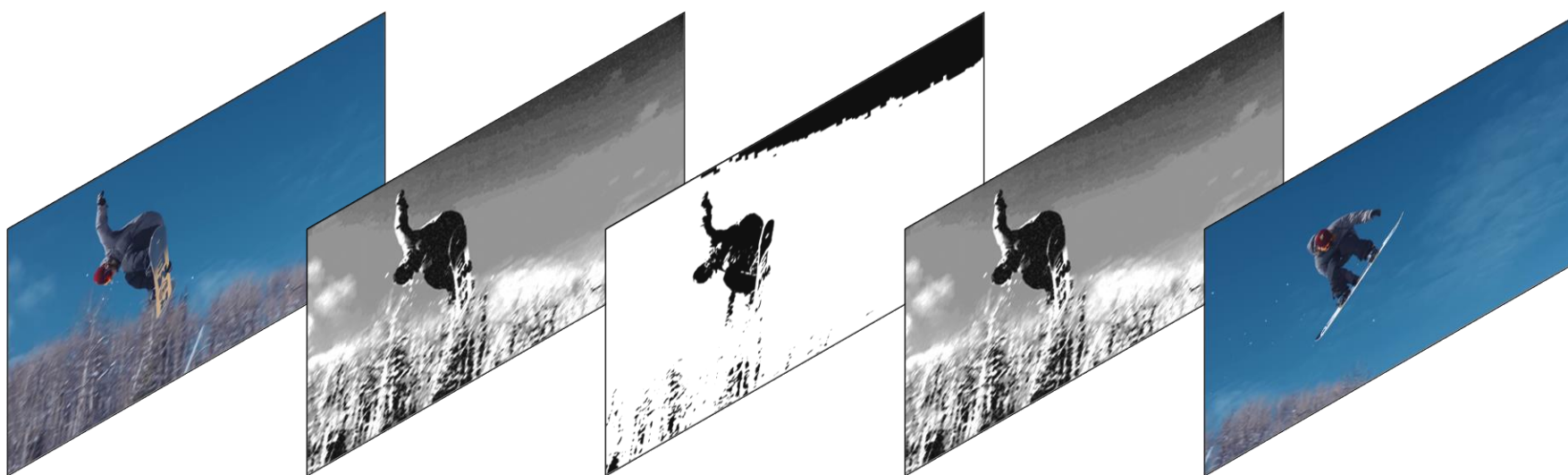
**I** frame

**B** frame

**P** frame

**B** frame

**I** frame



$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

2 M pixels



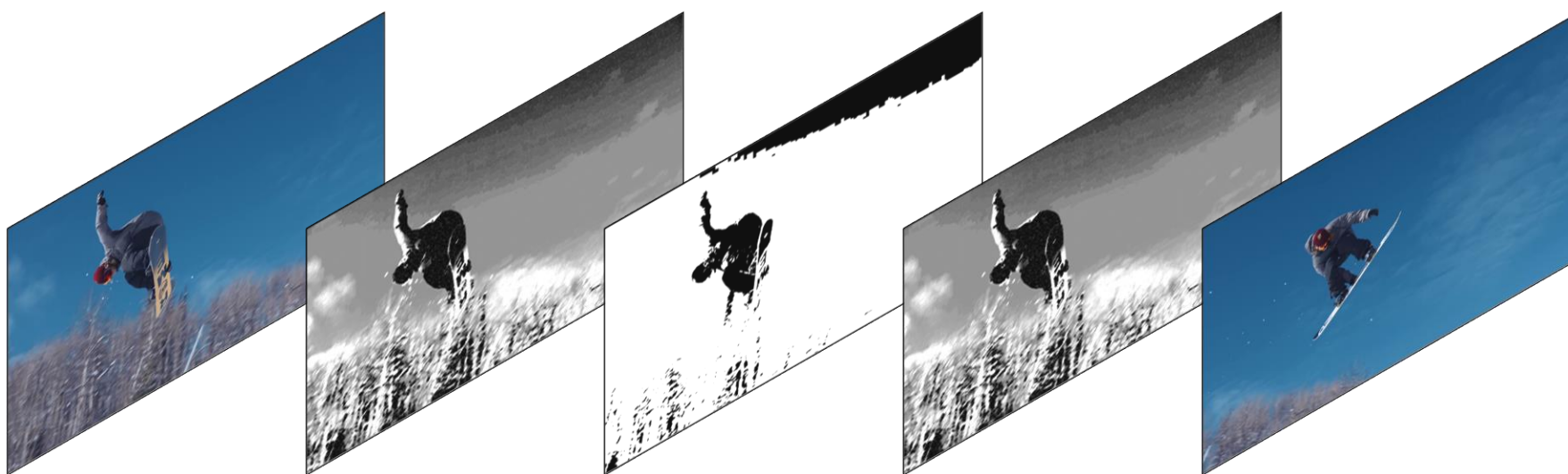
**I** frame

**B** frame

**P** frame

**B** frame

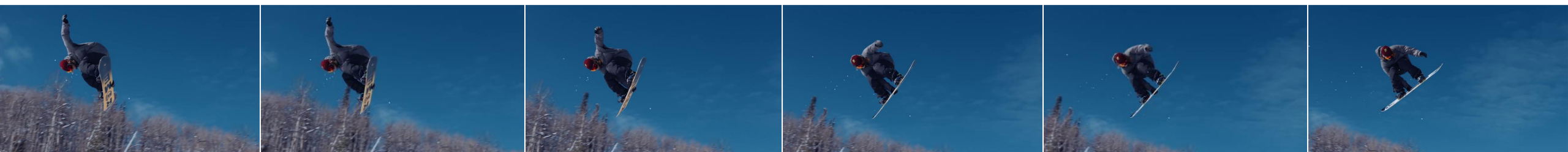
**I** frame



$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

2 M pixels



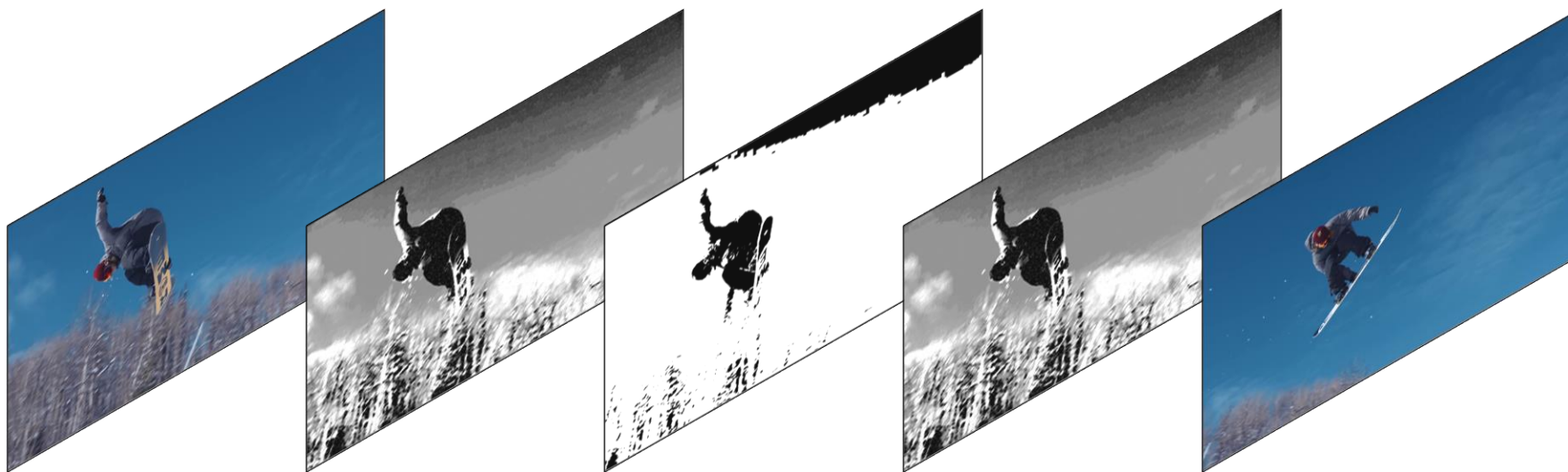
**I** frame

**B** frame

**P** frame

**B** frame

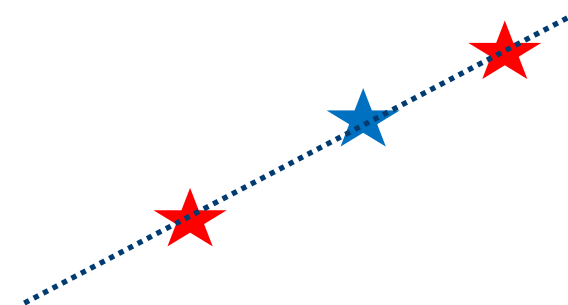
**I** frame



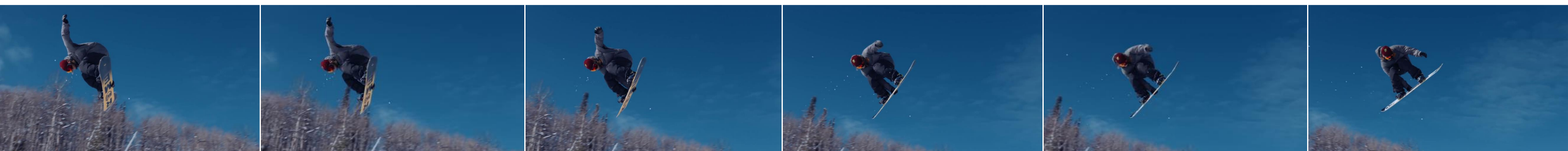
$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

2 M pixels







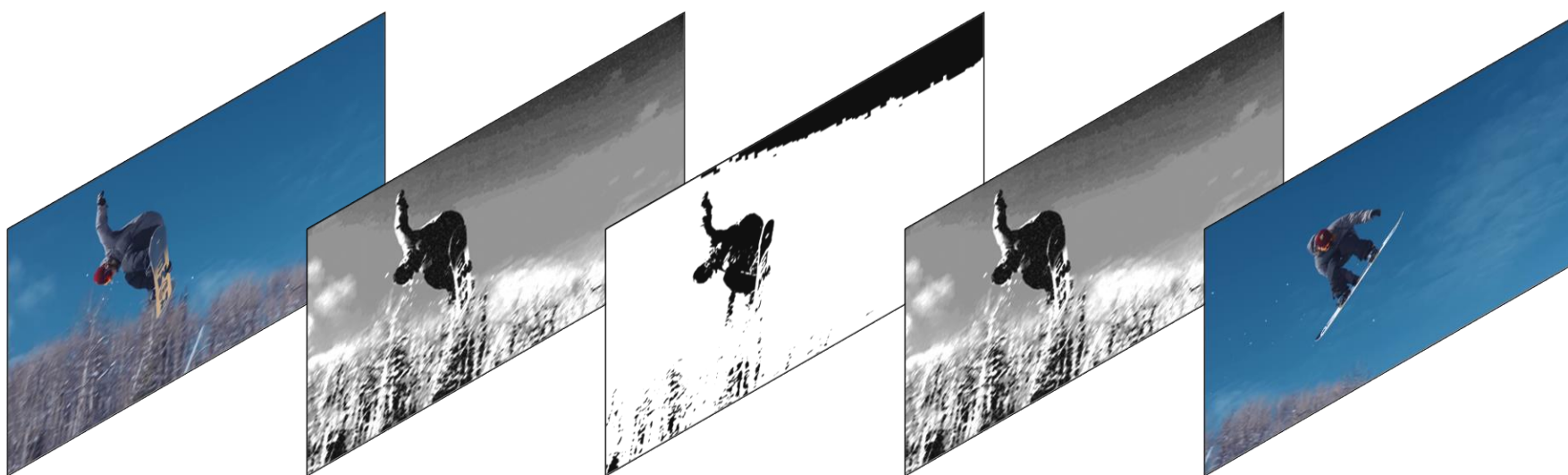
**I** frame

**B** frame

**P** frame

**B** frame

**I** frame

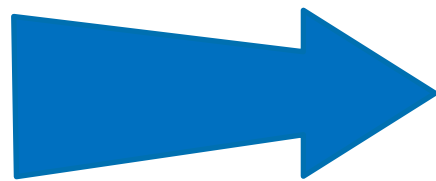


$\frac{1}{4}$

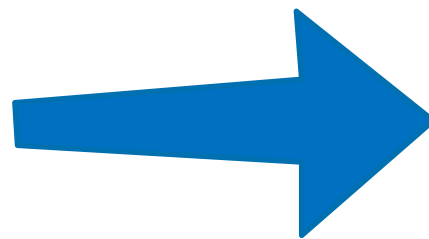
$\frac{1}{2}$

2 M pixels



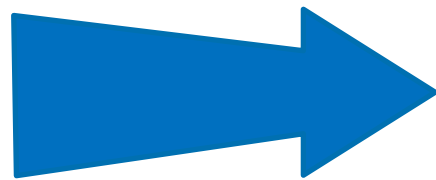
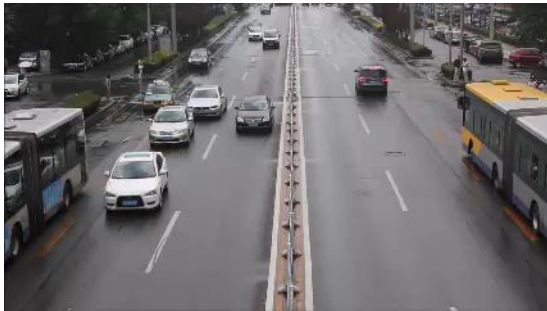


Encode  
(Compress)

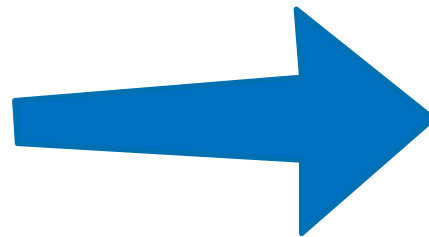


Decode  
(Un-Compress)





Encode  
(Compress)



Decode  
(Un-Compress)



CODEC



Video.mp4



container



**Video Stream**  
h.264



**Audio Stream**  
mp3



**Meta Data**  
Bitrate, Resolution...  
Codec

# Accelerating Video Processing

## Video Processing tasks

- Handling big buffers,
- high memory bandwidth, BITSTREAM decoder
- Fast images/pixels comparisons (motion vectors detection, redundancy detection..)
- Image processing tasks: scaling, denoising, color conversions..



# Accelerating Video Processing

## Hardware

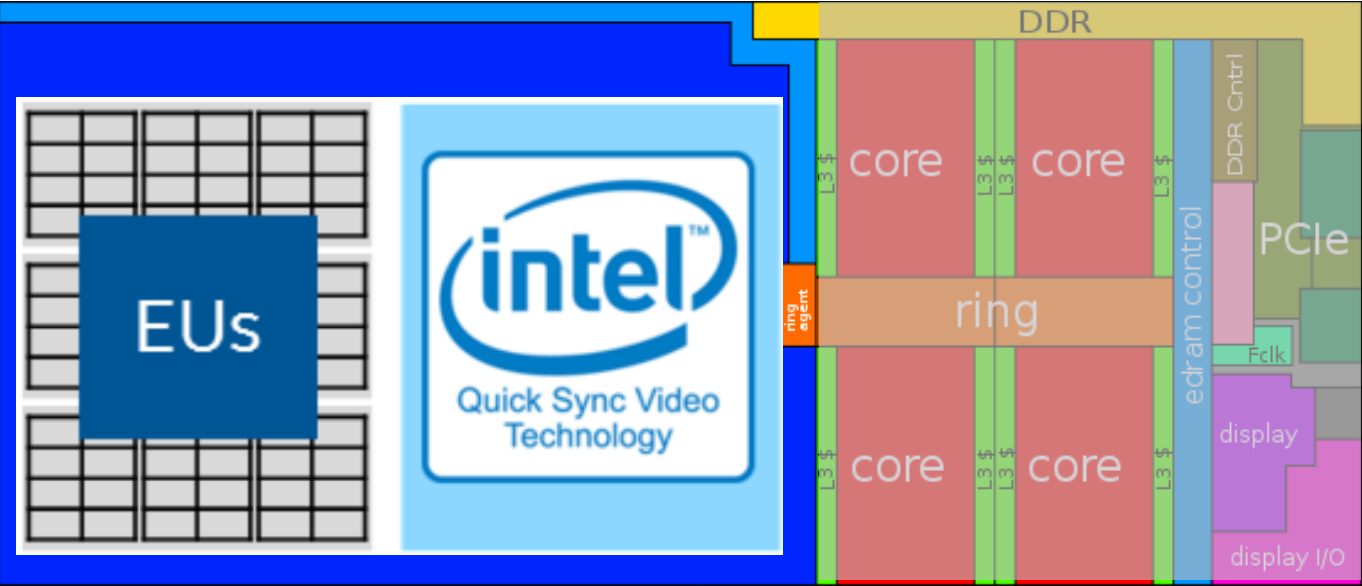
- Intel CPU can do a great job decoding/encoding
- BUT our iGPU has dedicated fixed functions for that.
  - They can do more, more efficiently
  - It's call Intel "**Quick Sync**"





# Accelerating Video Processing

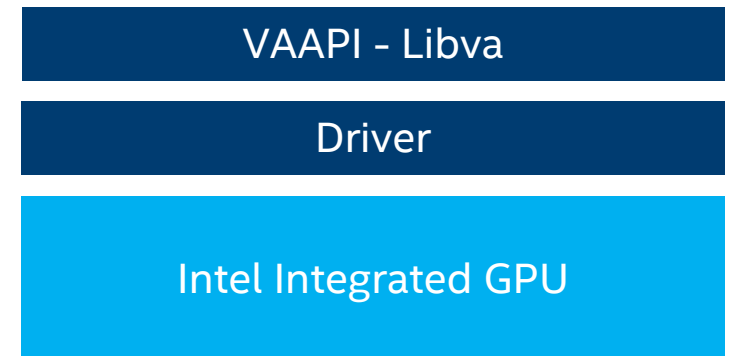
Intel integrated GPU →



	Performance
Decode	20x 1080p30 AVC
Encode	12x 1080p30 AVC

**Disclaimer** : The benchmark results reported in this deck may need to be revised as additional testing is conducted. The results depend on the specific platform configurations and workloads utilized in the testing, and may not be applicable to any particular user's components, computer system or workloads. The results are not necessarily representative of other benchmarks and other benchmark results may show greater or lesser impact from mitigations. For more complete information about performance and benchmark results, visit [www.intel.com/benchmarks](http://www.intel.com/benchmarks). Configuration: Intel® Core™ i7-8700(coffee lake) CPU @ 3.20GHz fixed, GPU GT2 (UHD Graphics 630)@ 1.20GHz fixed Internal ONLY testing, performed 12/10/2019 Test – Ubuntu\* 16.04, OpenVINO™ 2019 R3. Tests were based on various parameters such as model used (these are public), batch size, and other factors. Different models can be accelerated with different Intel hardware solutions, yet use the same Intel software tools. Benchmark Source: Intel Corporation.

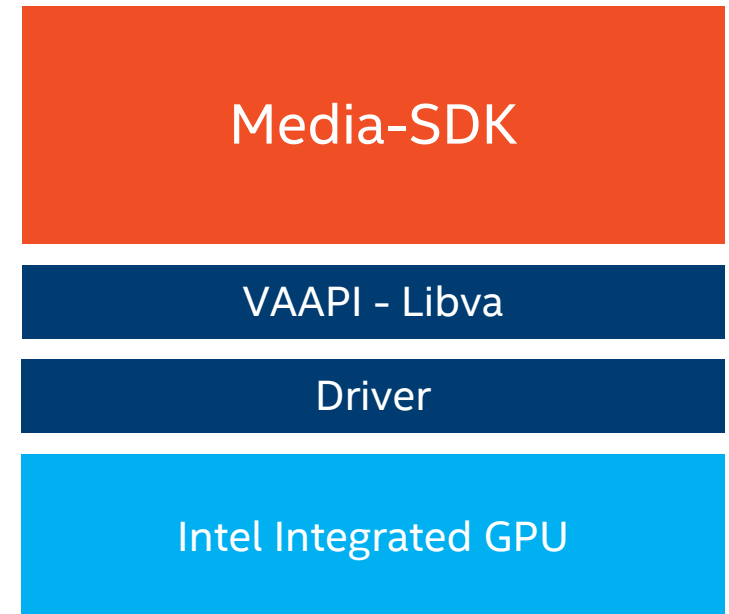
# Accelerating Video Processing



# Accelerating Video Processing

## Media-SDK

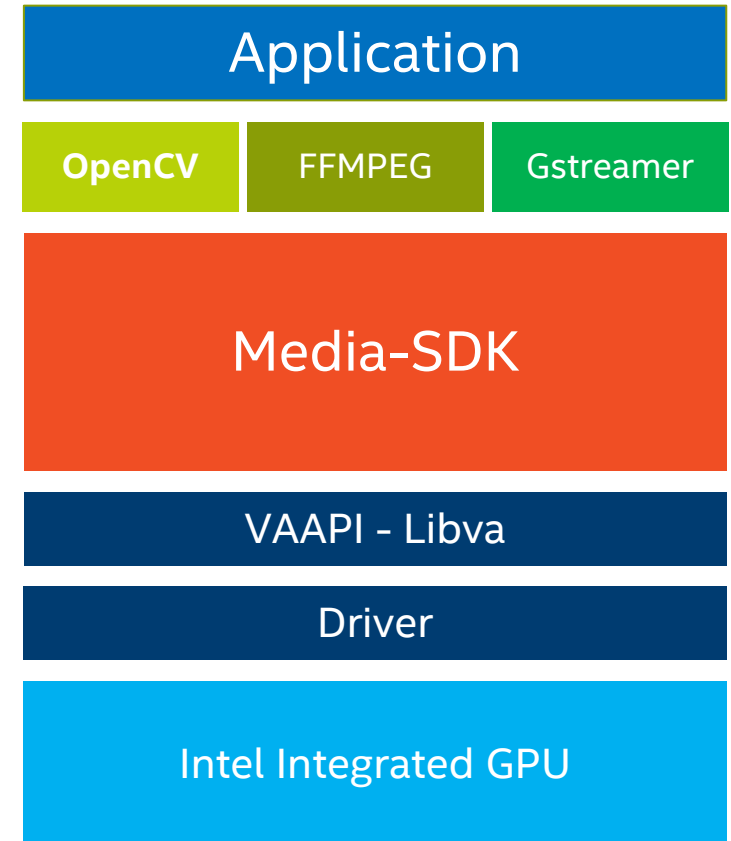
- Cross OS, cross-platform, open source
- Better performance & quality
- API (C++/Python)
- Decode/Encode/Resize/Convert/Compare ....
- Accelerated on Intel integrated **GPU**



# Accelerating Video Processing

## Media-SDK

- Cross OS, cross-platform, open source
- Better performance & quality
- API (C++/Python)
- Decode/Encode/Resize/Convert/Compare ....
- Accelerated on Intel integrated **GPU**
- Easy access using OpenCV, FFMPEG, Gstreamer



# Intel® Distribution of OpenVINO™ toolkit

## Traditional Computer Vision

### Optimized Libraries & Code Samples

OpenCV\*

OpenVX\*

Samples

For Intel® CPU & GPU/Intel® Processor Graphics

## Tools & Libraries

### Increase Media/Video/Graphics Performance

Intel® Media SDK  
Open Source version

OpenCL™  
Drivers & Runtimes

For GPU/Intel® Processor Graphics

### Optimize Intel® FPGA (Linux\* only)

FPGA RunTime  
Environment  
(from Intel® FPGA SDK for OpenCL™)

Bitstreams

Intel® Architecture-Based  
Platforms Support



Intel® Vision Accelerator  
Design Products &  
AI in Production/  
Developer Kits

**OS Support:** CentOS\* 7.4 (64 bit), Ubuntu\* 16.04.3 LTS (64 bit), Microsoft Windows\* 10 (64 bit), Yocto Project\* version Poky Jethro v2.0.3 (64 bit), macOS\* 10.13 & 10.14 (64 bit)



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- The bottom of the slide features a decorative graphic consisting of several overlapping geometric shapes. On the left, there is a green triangle pointing right. Next to it is a light blue triangle pointing right. The largest shape is a dark blue triangle pointing right, which covers most of the bottom. A thin orange line runs diagonally across the bottom right corner.

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  - **Media-SDK** is part of **OpenVINO**
- 