```
/**
 2
     * Definition for singly-linked list.
 3
     * struct ListNode {
4
           int val;
     *
 5
          ListNode *next;
6
     * ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
7
     * };
8
     */
9
     class Solution {
10
     public:
11
         bool hasCycle(ListNode *head) {
12
             ListNode* current=head;
13
             int i=0:
14
             unordered_map<ListNode*,int> hashtable;
15
16
             if(current=nullptr){
17
                 return false;
18
             }
19
20
             while(1){
21
                 auto it=hashtable.find(current);
22
                 if(it≠hashtable.end()){
23
                     return true;
24
                     break;
25
26
                 else{
27
                     hashtable[current]=i;
28
                     i++;
29
                     current=current→next;
30
                 }
31
                 if(current=nullptr){
32
                     return false;
33
                     break;
34
                }
35
             }
36
37
        }
     };};```
38
39
40
41
```

```
42
43
    题解:
44
45
46
    ```C++
47
 class Solution {
48
 public:
49
 bool hasCycle(ListNode *head) {
 unordered_set<ListNode*> seen;
50
 while (head ≠ nullptr) {
51
 if (seen.count(head)) {
52
53
 return true;
54
 }
55
 seen.insert(head);
56
 head = head→next;
57
 }
58
 return false;
 }
59
60 };
```