```
In [12]:
 %cd /home/mw/project/
/home/mw/project
In [13]:
 import torch
 import torch.nn.functional as F
 import torchvision.transforms as transforms
 import torch.backends.cudnn as cudnn
 import numpy as np
 from nltk.translate.bleu_score import corpus_bleu
 from tqdm import tqdm
 from datasets import *
 from utils import *
In [14]:
 # Parameters
 data_folder = '/home/mw/work/project/coco2014' # folder with data files saved
 data_name = 'coco_5_cap_per_img_5_min_word_freq' # base name shared by data fi
 checkpoint = '/home/mw/project/BEST_checkpoint_coco_5_cap_per_img_5_min_word_fr
 word_map_file = '/home/mw/work/project/coco2014/WORDMAP_coco_5_cap_per_img_5_mi
 device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
 cudnn.benchmark = True
 beam_size = 1
 attention = True
```

```
In [15]:
 # Load model
 checkpoint = torch.load(checkpoint)
 encoder = checkpoint['encoder']
 encoder = encoder.to(device)
 encoder.eval()
 decoder = checkpoint['decoder']
 decoder = decoder.to(device)
 decoder.eval()
DecoderWithAttention(
  (attention): Attention(
    (encoder_att): Linear(in_features=2048, out_features=512, bias=True)
    (decoder_att): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=512, bias=True)
    (att): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=1, bias=True)
    (relu): ReLU()
    (softmax): Softmax(dim=1)
  )
  (embedding): Embedding(9490, 512)
  (decode_step): LSTMCell(2560, 512)
  (init_h): Linear(in_features=2048, out_features=512, bias=True)
  (init_c): Linear(in_features=2048, out_features=512, bias=True)
  (beta): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=1, bias=True)
  (fc): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=9490, bias=True)
  (dropout_layer): Dropout(p=0.5, inplace=False)
  (bn): BatchNorm1d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.01, affine=True, track_running_st
)
In [16]:
 # Load word map (word2ix)
 with open(word_map_file, 'r') as j:
     word_map = json.load(j)
 rev_word_map = {v: k for k, v in word_map.items()}
 vocab_size = len(word_map)
In [17]:
 # Normalization transform
 normalize = transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.485, 0.456, 0.406],
                                   std=[0.229, 0.224, 0.225])
In [18]:
 # DataLoader
 loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
     CaptionDataset(data_folder, data_name, 'TEST', transform=transforms.Compose
     batch_size=1, shuffle=False, num_workers=1, pin_memory=True)
```

In [19]:

```
# Lists to store references (true captions), and hypothesis (prediction) for ea
# If for n images, we have n hypotheses, and references a, b, c... for each ima
# references = [[ref1a, ref1b, ref1c], [ref2a, ref2b], ...], hypotheses = [hyp1
references = list()
hypotheses = list()
```

```
In [20]:
 # For each image
 for i, (image, caps, caplens, allcaps) in enumerate(tqdm(loader, desc="EVALUATI
     k = beam_size
     # Tensor to store top k previous words at each step; now they're just <star
     k_prev_words = torch.LongTensor([[word_map['<start>']]] * k).to(device) #
     # Tensor to store top k sequences; now they're just <start>
     seqs = k_prev_words \# (k, 1)
     # Tensor to store top k sequences' scores; now they're just 0
     top_k_scores = torch.zeros(k, 1).to(device) # (k, 1)
     # Lists to store completed sequences and scores
     complete_seqs = list()
     complete_seqs_scores = list()
     # Move to GPU device, if available
     image = image.to(device) # (1, 3, 256, 256)
     # Encode
     encoder_out = encoder(image) # (1, enc_image_size, enc_image_size, encoder
     # Flatten encoding
     # We'll treat the problem as having a batch size of k
     if attention:
         encoder_dim = encoder_out.size(3)
         encoder_out = encoder_out.view(1, -1, encoder_dim) # (1, num_pixels, \epsilon
         num_pixels = encoder_out.size(1)
         encoder_out = encoder_out.expand(k, num_pixels, encoder_dim) # (k, num
     else:
         encoder_out = encoder_out.reshape(1, -1)
         encoder_dim = encoder_out.size(1)
         encoder_out = encoder_out.expand(k, encoder_dim)
     # Start decoding
     step = 1
     if attention:
         mean_encoder_out = encoder_out.mean(dim=1)
         h = decoder.init_h(mean_encoder_out) # (1, decoder_dim)
         c = decoder.init_c(mean_encoder_out)
     else:
         init_input = decoder.bn(decoder.init(encoder_out))
         h, c = decoder.decode_step(init_input) # (batch_size_t, decoder_dim)
     smoth_wrong = False
```

# s is a number less than or equal to k, because sequences are removed from

```
while True:
    embeddings = decoder.embedding(k_prev_words).squeeze(1) # (s, embed_di
    if attention:
        scores, _, h, c = decoder.one_step(embeddings, encoder_out, h, c)
    else:
        scores, h, c = decoder.one_step(embeddings, h, c)
    scores = F.log_softmax(scores, dim=1)
    scores = top_k_scores.expand_as(scores) + scores # (s, vocab_size)
    # For the first step, all k points will have the same scores (since sam
    if step == 1:
        top_k_scores, top_k_words = scores[0].topk(k, 0, True, True) # (s)
    else:
        # Unroll and find top scores, and their unrolled indices
        top_k_scores, top_k_words = scores.view(-1).topk(k, 0, True, True)
    # Convert unrolled indices to actual indices of scores
    prev_word_inds = top_k_words // vocab_size # (s)
    next_word_inds = top_k_words % vocab_size # (s)
    # Add new words to sequences
    seqs = torch.cat([seqs[prev_word_inds], next_word_inds.unsqueeze(1)], d
    # Which sequences are incomplete (didn't reach <end>)?
    incomplete_inds = [ind for ind, next_word in enumerate(next_word_inds)
                       next_word != word_map['<end>']]
    complete_inds = list(set(range(len(next_word_inds))) - set(incomplete_i
    # Set aside complete sequences
    if len(complete_inds) > 0:
        complete_seqs.extend(seqs[complete_inds].tolist())
        complete_seqs_scores.extend(top_k_scores[complete_inds])
    k -= len(complete_inds) # reduce beam length accordingly
    # Proceed with incomplete sequences
    if k == 0:
        break
    seqs = seqs[incomplete_inds]
    h = h[prev_word_inds[incomplete_inds]]
    c = c[prev_word_inds[incomplete_inds]]
    encoder_out = encoder_out[prev_word_inds[incomplete_inds]]
    top_k_scores = top_k_scores[incomplete_inds].unsqueeze(1)
    k_prev_words = next_word_inds[incomplete_inds].unsqueeze(1)
    # Break if things have been going on too long
    if step > 50:
        smoth_wrong = True
        break
    step += 1
if not smoth_wrong:
    i = complete_seqs_scores.index(max(complete_seqs_scores))
    seq = complete_seqs[i]
else:
    seq = seqs[0][:20]
# References
img_caps = allcaps[0].tolist()
```

```
img_captions = list(
         map(lambda c: [w for w in c if w not in {word_map['<start>'], word_map[
             img_caps)) # remove <start> and pads
     references.append(img_captions)
     # Hypotheses
     hypotheses.append([w for w in seq if w not in {word_map['<start>'], word_ma
     assert len(references) == len(hypotheses)
                                         _| 0/25000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]/opt/conda/l
EVALUATING AT BEAM SIZE 1:
                             0%|
EVALUATING AT BEAM SIZE 1: 100%
                                           25000/25000 [14:08<00:00, 29.46it/s]
In [21]:
 # Calculate BLEU-4 scores
 bleu4 = corpus_bleu(references, hypotheses)
 print(bleu4)
0.2607194479996266
In [ ]:
```