In [1]: import numpy as np

```
In [2]: states = ["Alabama", "Alaska", "Arizona", "Arkansas", "California", "Colorad o", "Connecticut", "Delaware", "District of Columbia", "Florida", "Georgia", "Hawaii", "Idaho", "Illinois", "Indiana", "Iowa", "Kansas", "Kentuck y", "Louisiana", "Maine", "Maryland", "Massachusetts", "Michigan", "Minnesota", "Mississippi", "Missouri", "Montana", "Nebraska", "Ne vada", "New Hampshire", "New Jersey", "New Mexico", "New York", "North Carolina", "North Dakota", "Ohio", "Oklahoma", "Oregon", "P ennsylvania", "Rhode Island", "South Carolina", "South Dakota", "Tennessee", "Texas", "Utah", "Vermont", "Virginia", "Washingt on", "West Virginia", "Wisconsin", "Wyoming"] votes = [9,3,11,6,55,9,7,3,3,29,16,4,4,20,11,6,6,8,8,4,10,11,16,10,6,10,3,5,6,4,14,5,29,15,3,18,7,7,20,4,9,3,11,38,6,3,13,12,5,10,3]
```

The total number of ways to achieve tie is 16976480564070.

```
In [4]: #Justification for a.
    #Following the linear programming method, the number of ways to sum to S
    within n first elements is
    #the number of ways to sum to S within n-1 first elements(excluding the
        nth element) plus the number of ways
    #to sum to S-(nth element) within n-1 first elements(including the nth e
    lement).
    #The algorithm starts with
```

```
In [21]: #b. find a combination
         subset = [[set() for i in range(270)] for j in range(51)]
         subset[0][votes[0]] = \{0\}
         for i in range(1, 51):
             for j in range(1, 270):
                 p1 = subset[i - 1][j].copy()
                 p2 = set()
                  if ((j - votes[i]) >= 0):
                      p2 = subset[i - 1][j - votes[i]].copy()
                  if p1:
                      subset[i][j] = p1
                  elif p2:
                      p2.add(i)
                      subset[i][j] = p2
         if subset[50][269]:
             states_chosen = []
             s = 0
             for j in subset[50][269]:
                  states chosen.append(states[j])
                  s += votes[j]
             print("A way to achieve tie is " + str(states_chosen) + ".")
         else:
             print("Not feasible.")
```

A way to achieve tie is ['Alabama', 'Alaska', 'Arizona', 'Arkansas', 'C alifornia', 'Colorado', 'Connecticut', 'Delaware', 'District of Columbi a', 'Florida', 'Georgia', 'Hawaii', 'Idaho', 'Illinois', 'Indiana', 'Io wa', 'Kansas', 'Kentucky', 'Louisiana', 'Maine', 'Maryland', 'Massachus etts', 'Michigan', 'Minnesota'].

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{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23}

```
In [108]: #Justification for b.
    #As a modified version of a., the algorithm stores the combination direc
    tly in a set. For either comtaining
    #current element or not, if there exists a solution, or solutions, subse
    t[i, s] is either subset[i-1, s] or
    #subset[i-1, s-(nth element)] union nth element.
```

```
In [ ]: #d. runtime analysis and justification
    #For dynamic programming in part a and b, the dimension of the 2D array
    is
    #number of states(n) * number of total votes(K).
    #And the algorithm visits every grids once and compare one or two values
    in other grids, counting up to O(2nK)=O(nK)
```