Calculus IB: Solutions of Trail Exam

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Question 1 (one-side limit)

Find the limit:
$$\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{|x^2 - 9|}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$$
.

Solution

The procedure $x \to 3^-$ means we only needs to focus on the case x < 3, which means |x-3|=3-x. Then we have

$$\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{|x^2 - 9|}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{-|x - 3| \cdot |x + 3|}{(x - 3)(x + 1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{-(x - 3) \cdot |x + 3|}{(x - 3)(x + 1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{-|x + 3|}{x + 1}$$

$$= \frac{-|3 + 3|}{3 + 1} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

Question 2 (quotient rule, product rule)

Find the limit: $f(x) = \frac{xe^x}{1 + \sin x}$. Find the derivative f'(0).

Solution

Using the quotient rule and product rule to find f'(x):

$$f'(x) = \frac{(xe^x)'(1+\sin x) - xe^x(1+\sin x)'}{(1+\sin x)^2}$$
$$= \frac{(e^x + xe^x)(1+\sin x) - xe^x\cos x}{(1+\sin x)^2}.$$

Then, we have

$$f'(0) = \frac{(e^0 + 0 \cdot e^0)(1 + \sin 0) - 0 \cdot e^0 \cos 0}{(1 + \sin 0)^2} = 1.$$

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Question 3 (substitution rule)

Let f be a function with continuous second derivative f''. Some values of f and its derivative f' are given as follows:

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x = & 0 & 2 \\ f(x) = & 2 & 1 \\ f'(x) = & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Evaluate the integral $\int_0^2 2f'(x)f''(x)dx$.

Solution

Let u = f'(x). Consider that df'(x) = f''(x)dx, we have

$$\int_0^2 2f'(x)f''(x)dx = \int_0^2 2f'(x)df'(x) = \int_{f'(0)=1}^{f'(2)=2} 2udu = u^2\Big|_1^2 = 2^2 - 1^2 = 3.$$

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