



AI & Smart Vision For Housing Management

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01

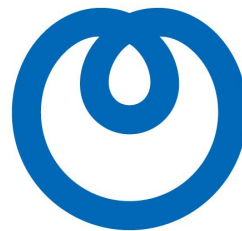
Overview

Problems, Opportunities, Objectives, and
Working Plan



Our Client

NTT e-MOI JSC, a subsidiary of NTT East Japan, drives business development and digital transformation with Managed Service Provider (MSP), IT Outsourcing (ITO), and low-code software development, emphasizing long-term partnerships and aligning with customer goals.



NTT
e-MOI

The Problems



Manual Inspection Inefficiencies

Time-consuming and prone to human error. delays and increased operational costs.



Low Scalability & Slow Response

Lack of automated system limits scalability and the ability to respond quickly to changes.



Competitive Disadvantages

High risk of falling behind competitors who adopt advanced technologies.

Opportunities

```
graph TD; Opportunities[Opportunities] --> Short-Term[Short-Term]; Opportunities --> Long-Term[Long-Term]; Short-Term --> ST1[Reduce inspection time and increase accuracy.]; Short-Term --> ST2[Streamlining operations, improving the reliability.]; Short-Term --> ST3[Immediate cost savings and operational efficiency.]; Long-Term --> LT1[Leading position in property management.]; Long-Term --> LT2[Enhanced satisfaction via data-driven decisions.]; Long-Term --> LT3[More opportunities for service offerings.];
```

Short-Term

Reduce inspection time and increase accuracy.

Streamlining operations, improving the reliability.

Immediate cost savings and operational efficiency.

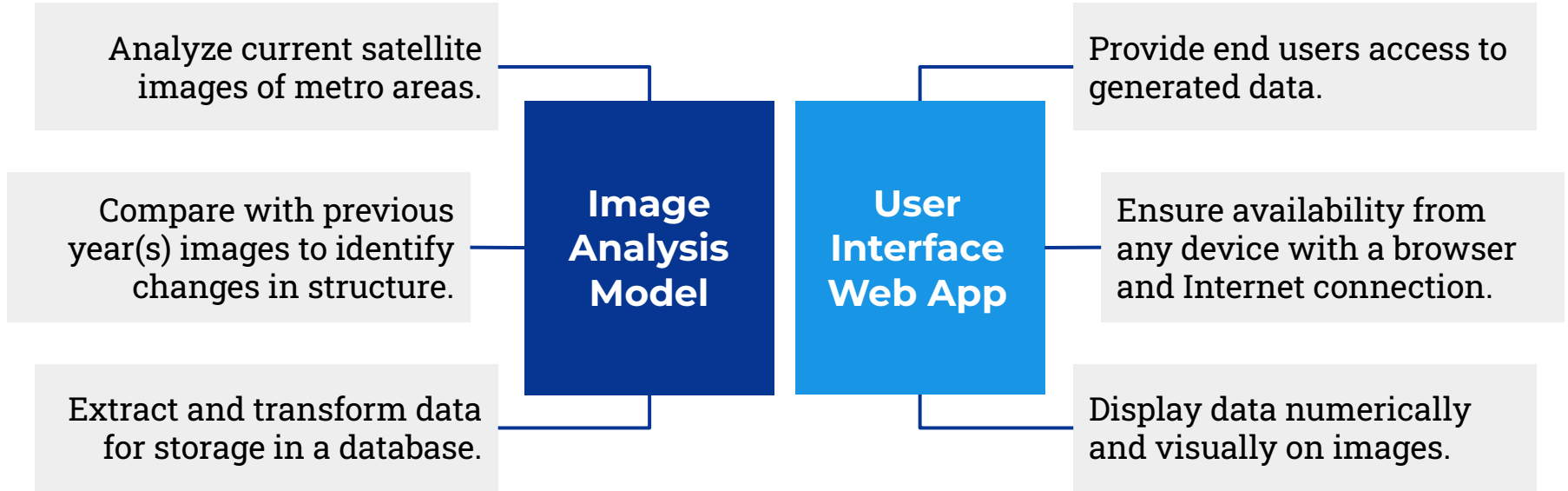
Long-Term

Leading position in property management.

Enhanced satisfaction via data-driven decisions.

More opportunities for service offerings.

Project Objectives



Project Scope



Analysing Housing Images

- Data Acquisition
- Preprocessing
- Object Detection and Segmentation
- Change Detection



Implementing Smart Vision Algorithms

- Machine Learning Models
- Deep Learning Frameworks
- Continuous Learning



User Interface with 2D Map

- Interactive 2D Map
- Property Information
- Search and Filter Options
- Data Export

Out-Of-Scope



2D Mapping Instead of 3D

Performance: Ensures fast load times & smooth interaction.

Simplicity: Provides a clear, user-friendly interface without the complexity of 3D.

Compatibility: Works well on a wide range of devices.

Features: Allows annotation, zooming, and viewing property details easily.

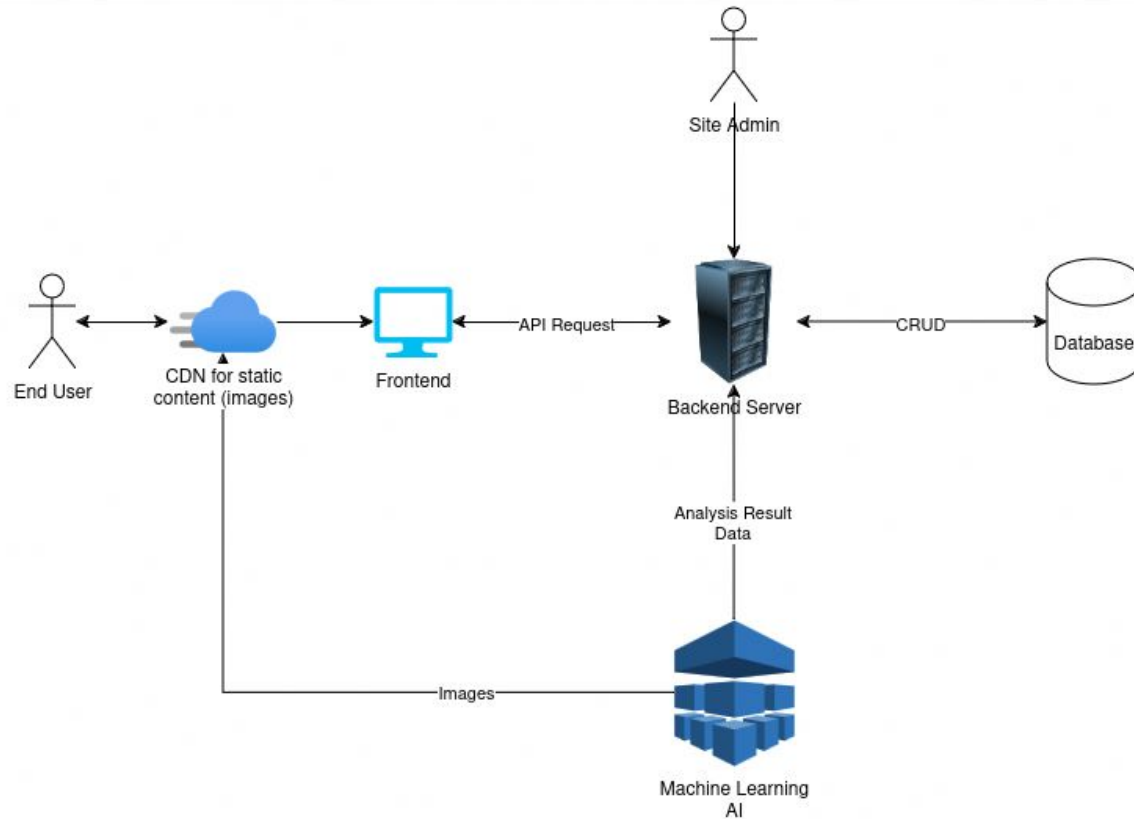


02

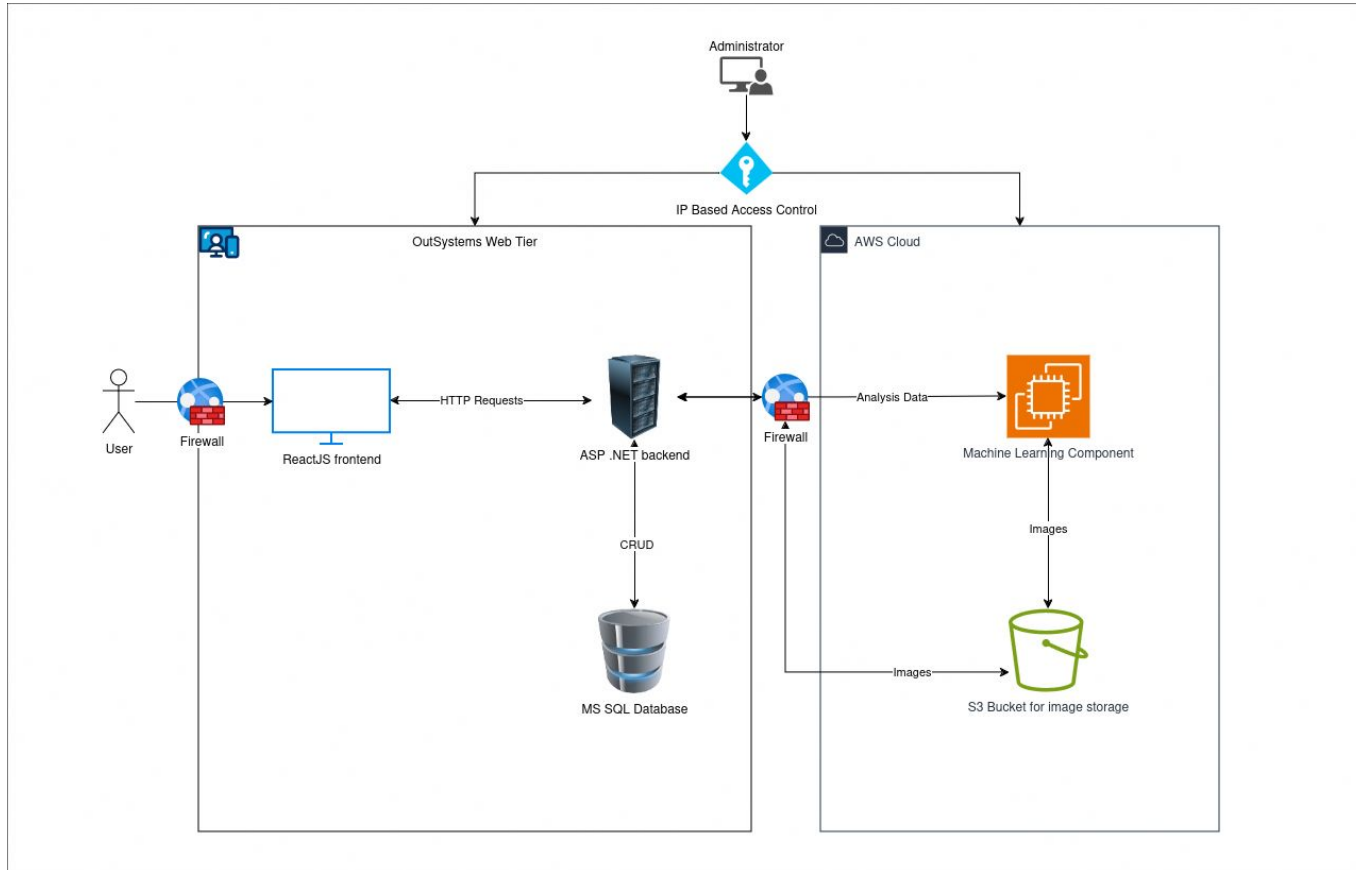
The Solution

Research, Design, Development and Outcome

Systems Architecture



Systems Architecture



Development Tools

Web App



Machine Learning



Amazon
S3

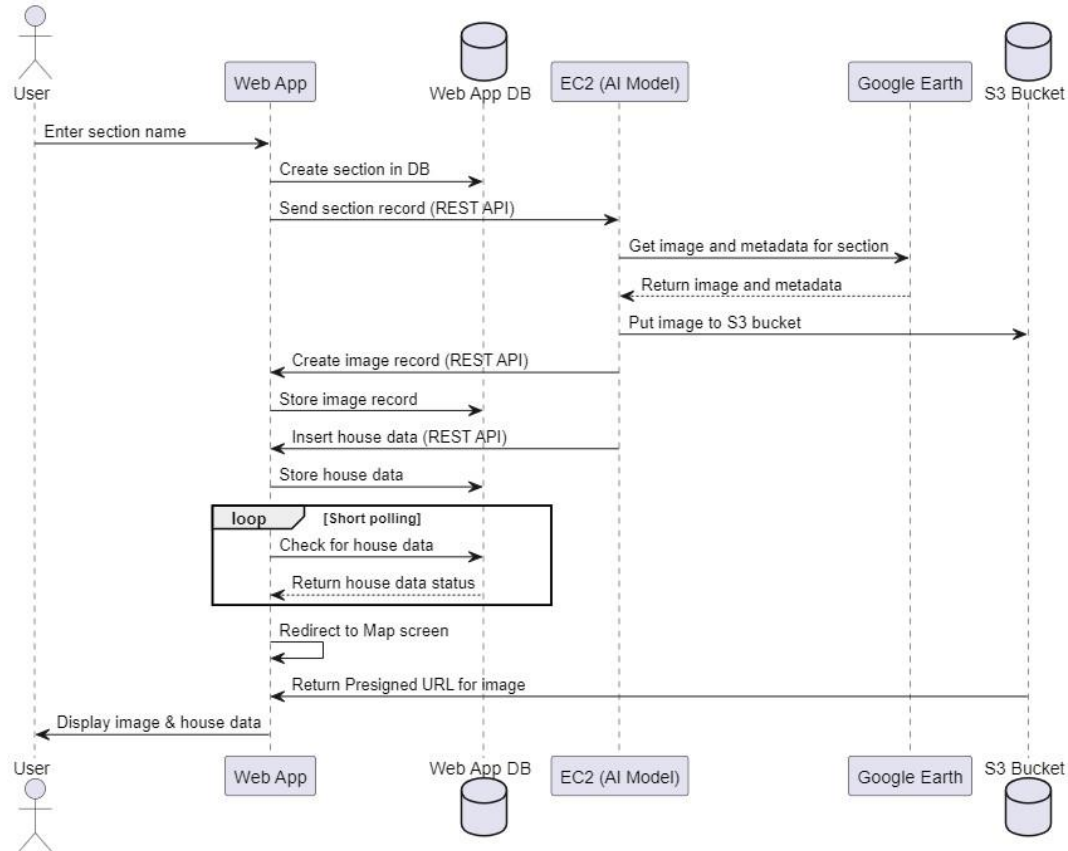


Amazon
EC2

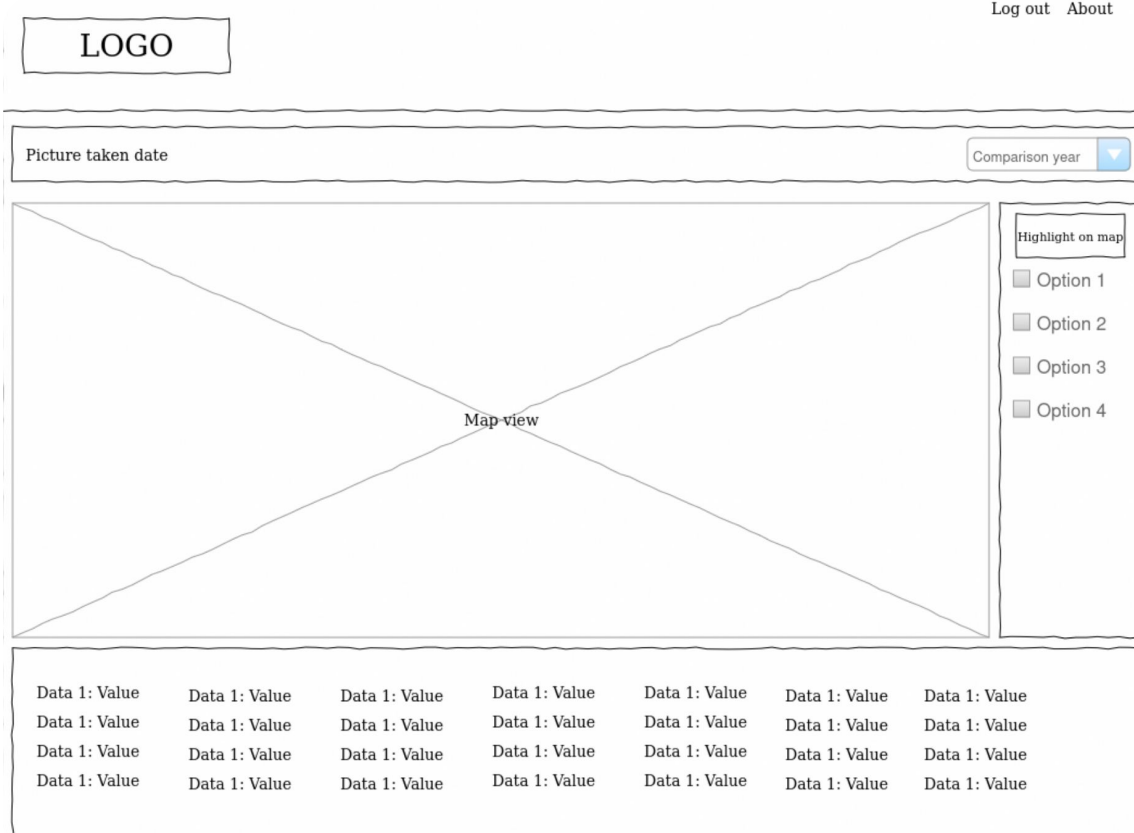
MINI  CONDA®

 FastAPI

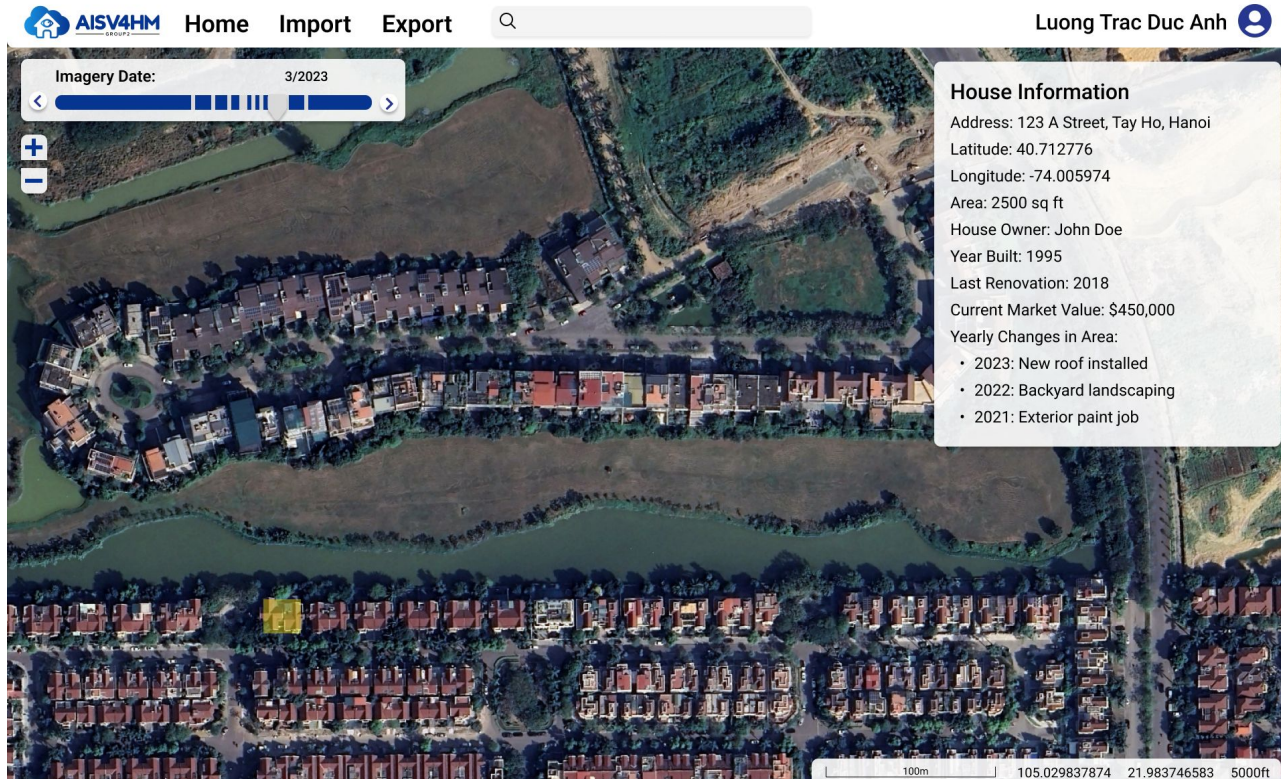
Systems Workflow



Web App: Wireframe



Web App: Prototype



Web App: Outcome



[Home](#) [Dashboard](#) [Export](#) [Log](#)

Trac Duc Anh Luong

Background: On

Bounding: On

Reset

100%

2024



House #95

- 2024: 164.97m²
- 2023: 164.97m²

House #96

House #97

House #98

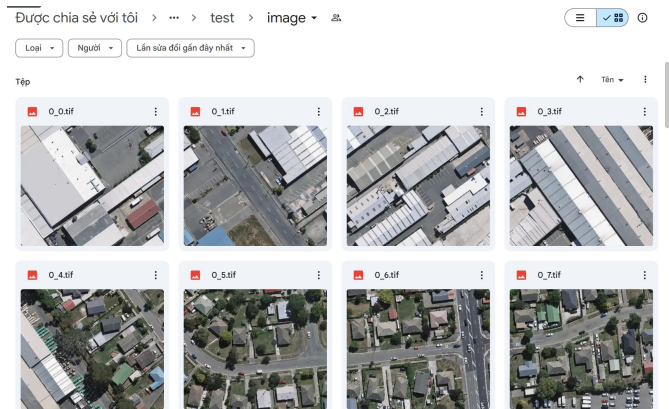
House #99

House #100

AI Model: Data Gathering

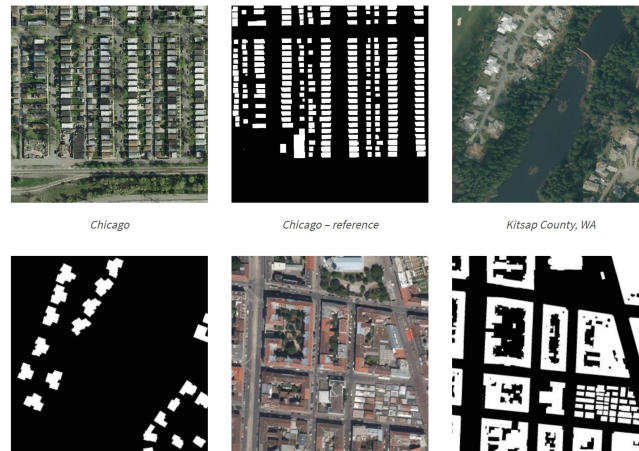
The WHU building dataset include:

- ~12,000 satellite images
- Image size: 512x512
- Image format: GEO TIF
- Labeled carefully
- 2012 with 12,796 buildings/20.5 km²
- 2016 with 16,077 buildings/20.5 km²

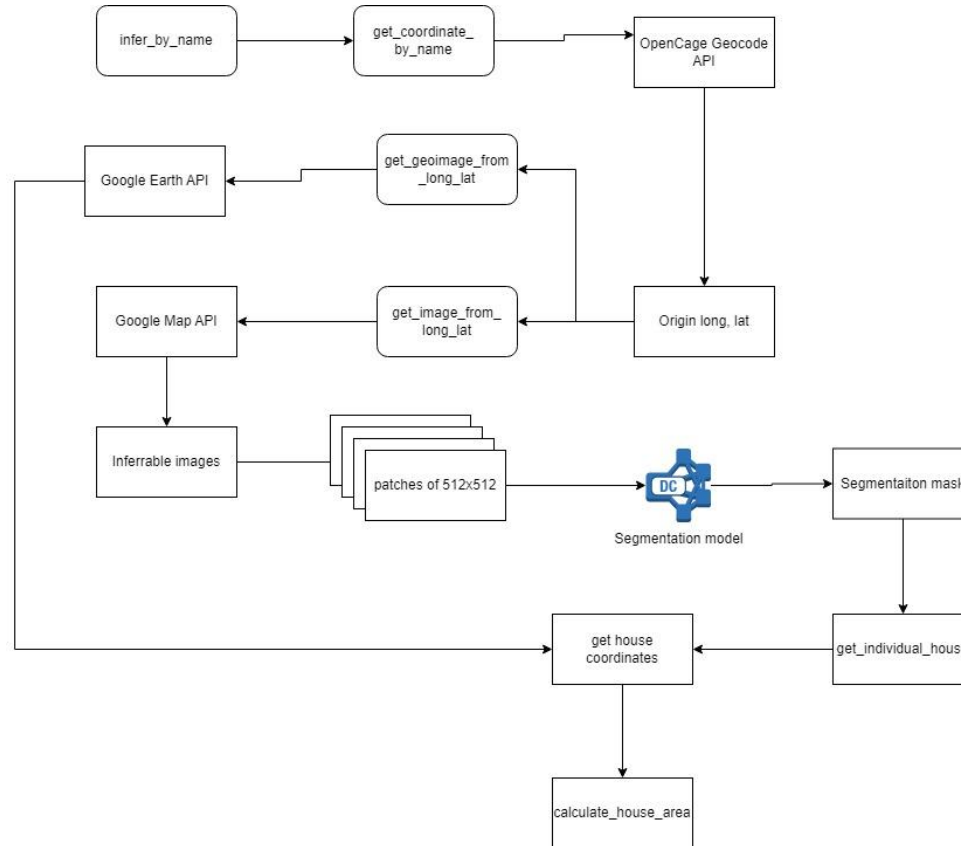


The Inria Aerial Image Labeling dataset include:

- Coverage of 810 km²
- Aerial orthorectified color imagery, spatial resolution of 0.3 m
- Ground truth data for two semantic classes: building and not building



AI Model: Pipeline Design



AI Model: Model Training

Encoder	Decoder	Average Val dataset IOU (higher is better)
ResNet	Unet	0.52
ResNet	FPN	0.61
ResNet	MANet	0.74
EfficientNet	Unet	0.66
EfficientNet	FPN	0.67
EfficientNet	MANet	0.77
Mix Vision Transformer	Unet	0.67
Mix Vision Transformer	FPN	0.73
Mix Vision Transformer	MANet	0.81

AI Model: Image extract pipeline



**Generate
Coordinates**

**Obtain
Images**



Google Maps



**Stitch Image
Patches**

**Extract
Geo-Metadata**



Google Earth Engine



**Align
Geo-Metadata**

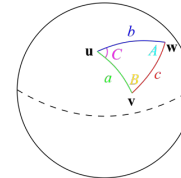
**Extract House
Contours**



OpenCV

**Haversine
formula**

**Calculate
Areas**

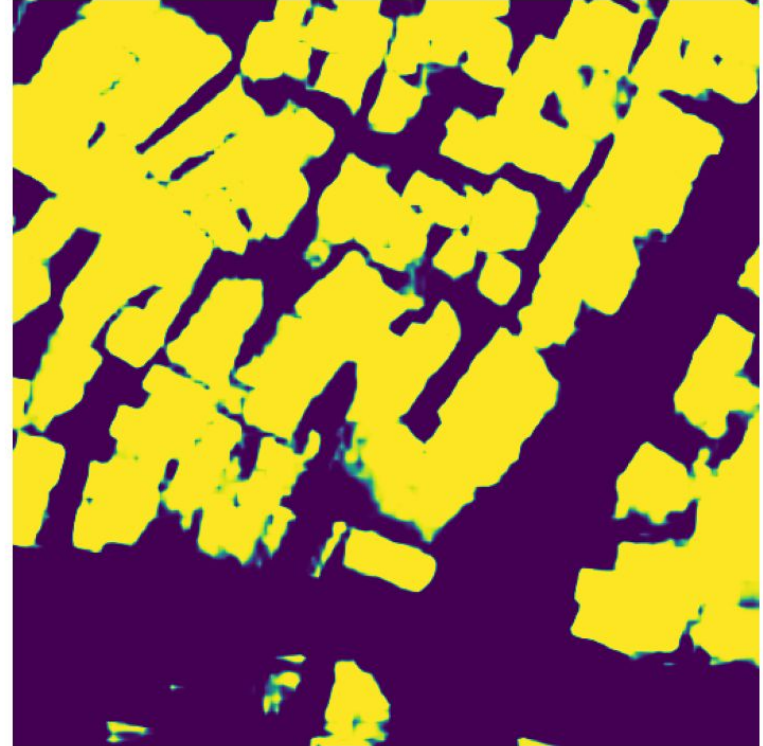


AI Model: Training Outcome

Image



Prediction



AI Model: Training Outcome

Image



Prediction



AI Model: Final Outcome

Use mathematical model to calculate areas
based on geometric coordinates

Segmentation => Contours => Polygon in
format of (x, y) => Convert to geometric
coordinates => Calculate areas

Image processing complete!

```
[
  0 : {
    "area" : 643.715269156804
    "shape" :
      [ 0 - 100 ]
      [ 100 - 103 ]
    "center" : {
      "x" : 1500
      "y" : 993
    }
    "building_id" : 23
    "coord" : {
      "lat" : 21.052102562116673
      "lon" : 105.79422842381483
    }
  }
]
```

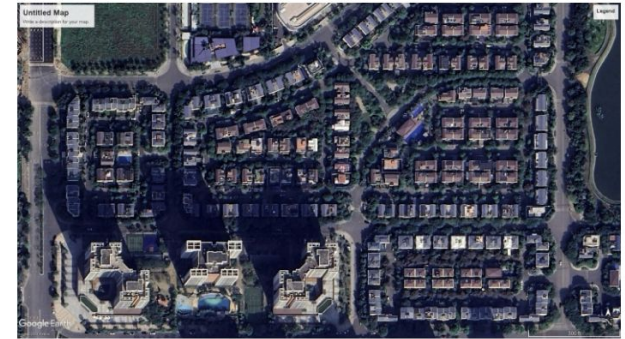
Image Upload and Display

Choose an image...

Drag and drop file here
Limit 200MB per file • JPG, JPEG, PNG, TIFF, TIF

Browse files

1k_ver2_modified.tif 5.9MB



Uploaded Image



Processed Image

Image processing complete!

03

Product Demo

The most interesting part of this presentation



References

- [1] Aerial Images dataset: <https://project.inria.fr/aerialimagelabeling/>
- [2] WHU building dataset: http://gpcv.whu.edu.cn/data/building_dataset.html
- [3] OpenCage Geocoder API: <https://opencagedata.com/>
- [4] Google Maps API: <https://mapsplatform.google.com/>
- [5] Google Earth Engine API: <https://developers.google.com/earth-engine>

Thanks!

Do you have any questions?

If Yes we will assume it is No.

ICT30001 - Information Technology Project

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