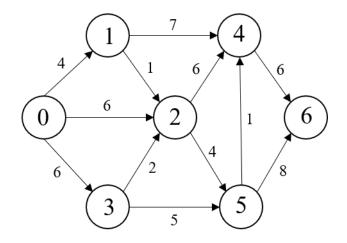
Question 1. Write codes for Dijkstra's algorithm using unsorted array for priority Q.



```
#include <vector>
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
#include <cstdio>
using namespace std;
#define LAG 20000
#define INF 20000
struct vertex{
   int p,k;
   bool operator < (const vertex & r) const{</pre>
        if(k == r.k) return p < r.p;
       else return k > r.k;
    }
};
int vertex_number = 7;
int length[LAG];
int visit[LAG];
vector<vertex> record[LAG];
void D_Algorithm(int start_vertex){
   for(int i = 1; i <= vertex_number; i++){</pre>
        length[i] = INF;
        visit[i] = 0;
    length[start_vertex] = 0;
   visit[start_vertex] = 0;
```

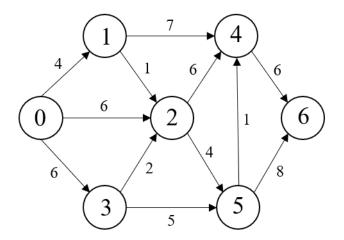
```
priority_queue<vertex> Q;
    Q.push(vertex{start_vertex,length[start_vertex]});
    while(!Q.empty()){
       vertex node = Q.top();
       Q.pop();
       if(visit[node.p]){
            continue;
       visit[node.p] = 1;
       for(int i = 0; i < record[node.p].size(); i++){</pre>
           vertex tmp = record[node.p][i];
           if(length[tmp.p] > node.k + tmp.k){
               length[tmp.p] = node.k + tmp.k;
               Q.push(vertex{tmp.p,length[tmp.p]});
int main(){
    int edge_number = 12;
    int start_vertex = 0;
    int source_vertex;
    int end vertex;
    int porperty;
    for(int i = 0; i <= vertex_number; i++){</pre>
       record[i].clear();
    printf("Format: start_vertex end_vertex property.\n");
    while(edge number--)
        scanf("%d %d %d", &source_vertex, &end_vertex, &porperty);
       record[source_vertex].push_back(vertex{end_vertex,porperty});
    D Algorithm(start vertex);
    printf("Vertex vertex number
                                    Shortest length between this vertex
and start vertex\n");
   printf("0
                                   0\n");
    for (int i = 1; i < 7; i++){
       printf("%d
                                        %d\n", i, length[i]);
```

```
return 0;
}
```

Results:

```
PS D:\Code> cd "c:\Users\11099\Desktop\" ; if ($?) { g++ Untitled-3.cpp -o Untitled-3 } ; if ($?) { .\Untitled-3 } Format: start_vertex end_vertex property.
0 1 4
0 2 6
0 3 6
1 2 1
3 2 2
1 4 7
3 5 5
2 4 6
2 5 4
5 4 1
4 6 6
5 6 8
Vertex vertex number Shortest length between this vertex and start vertex
0 0 0
1 4
2 5
3 6
4 10
5 9
6 16
```

Question 2. Write codes for Bellman-Ford algorithm.



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Edge
{
   int start_vertex, end_vertex, property;
};

struct Graph
{
   int Vertex, Edge;
   struct Edge * edge;
```

```
};
struct Graph * Graph_Initialization(int Vertex, int Edge)
   struct Graph * graph = (struct Graph *) malloc( sizeof(struct
Graph));
   graph->Vertex = Vertex;
   graph->Edge = Edge;
   graph->edge = (struct Edge *) malloc( 12 * sizeof( struct Edge ) );
   return graph;
};
void BF_Algorithm(struct Graph* graph, int start_vertex)
   int Record[7];
   for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++){
       Record[i] = 1000;
   Record[start_vertex] = 0;
   for (int i = 1; i <= 6; i++)
       for (int k = 0; k < 12; k++)
          int property = graph->edge[k].property;
          if (Record[graph->edge[k].start_vertex] + property <</pre>
Record[graph->edge[k].end_vertex]){
              Record[graph->edge[k].end_vertex] =
Record[graph->edge[k].start_vertex] + property;
   and start vertex\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++){
       printf("%d
                                   %d\n", i, Record[i]);
   }
   return;
```

```
int main()
{
    int Vertex = 7;
    int Edge = 12;
    int Start_Vertex = 0;

    struct Graph* graph = Graph_Initialization(Vertex, Edge);

    printf("Format: start_vertex end_vertex property.\n");
    for(int i = 0; i < 12; i++){
        scanf("%d",&graph->edge[i].start_vertex);
        scanf("%d",&graph->edge[i].end_vertex);
        scanf("%d",&graph->edge[i].property);
    }

    BF_Algorithm(graph, Start_Vertex);
    return 0;
}
```

Results:

```
PS D:\Code> cd "c:\Users\11099\Desktop\"; if ($?) { g++ Untitled-3.cpp -0 Untitled-3 }; if ($?) { .\Untitled-3 } Format: start_vertex end_vertex property.
0 1 4
0 2 6
0 3 6
1 2 1
3 2 2
1 4 7
3 5 5
2 4 6
2 5 4
5 4 1
4 6 6
5 6 8

Vertex node number Shortest length between this vertex and start vertex
0 0
1 4
2 5
3 6
4 10
5 9
6 16
```