

# 英语笔记

LTQ

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## 1 定语

**Definition 1.1.** 定语: 句子中, 一切修订限定 *n.*(名词) 的词或结构

**Example 1.1.** *The ugly (定语) dog bit handsome Steven who helped me last week.*

**Example 1.2.** *There is a boy asking barber cut his hair in David Beckham's style.*

**Example 1.3.** *A dancing woman.*

**Example 1.4.** *A woman picking apples.*

**Example 1.5.** *This is a bridge founded by Jack.*

**Example 1.6.** *A repaired bicycle.*

**Example 1.7.** *Bicycle repaired by Losy.*

ugly	adj.	定语	
running	r→adj	定语	(现在分词) 主/进
killed	v→adj	定语	(过去分词) 被/完
dying	v→adj	定语	(现在分词) 主/进
died	v→adj	定语	(过去分词) 被/完

1. adj.(ugly)dog

adj→定

2. (running)dog

v→adj

现在分词 → 定

3. (killed) dog

v→adj

过去分词 → 定

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\*last update date

4. dog (to save)  
to do  
不定式
5. dog (of great ugliness)  
prep+n  
介宾短语.
6. dog (which is) killed by Steven  
定语从句

## 2 状语

**Definition 2.1.** 状语：句子中，一切说明动作 (*v.*) 发生状态词或结构。

**Example 2.1.** *adv.* The dog crazily bit Steven.

形态：adv. → 种类：方式状语

**Example 2.2.** Seeing Steven, she ran away.

形态：现在分词 → 种类：原因状语

**Example 2.3.** Enraged(very angry) by Steven, She cried all night.

形态：过去分词 → 种类：原因状语

**Example 2.4.** *He spent all his savings to save me.*

形态：不定式 → 种类：目的状语

**Example 2.5.** *The dog crazily bit Steven in the park.*

形态：介宾短语 → 种类：地点状语

**Example 2.6.** *He saved me by spending all his savings.*

形态：介宾短语 → 种类：方式状语

**Example 2.7.** Because she saw Steven, she ran away.

conj. 状语从句

**Example 2.8.** If we are united, we stand. → United, we stand.

## 2.1 状语种类

{ 时间状语  
 地点状语  
 原因状语  
 结果状语  
 目的状语  
 条件状语  
 方式状语  
 让步状语  
 伴随状语

## 3 动词分类

{  $(v \rightarrow v.)$  谓语 { 完整的时态 (16): I am looking for my wallet.  
 完整的语态 (16): { I have finished my homework.  
 The bike was repaired by Lucy.  
 完整的情态: I should leave the city.  
 $(v \rightarrow x)$  非谓语 { 分词 { 现在分词  $Ving \Rightarrow \begin{cases} v \rightarrow adj \Rightarrow n \\ v \rightarrow adv \Rightarrow v \end{cases}$   
 过去分词  $Ved$   
 不定式 to do  $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} v \rightarrow adj \Rightarrow n \\ v \rightarrow adv \Rightarrow v \\ v \rightarrow n(\text{主宾表}) \end{cases}$   
 动名词  $Ving \Rightarrow v \rightarrow n \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{主} \\ \text{宾} \\ \text{表} \end{cases}$