# quiz5

### 2024-02-06

## R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

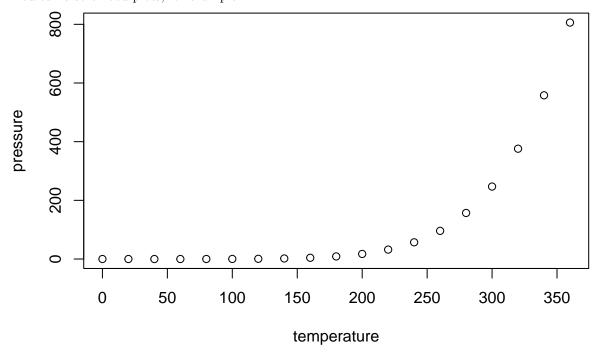
When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

#### summary(cars)

```
##
                          dist
        speed
                               2.00
##
    Min.
            : 4.0
                    Min.
                            :
##
    1st Qu.:12.0
                    1st Qu.: 26.00
    Median:15.0
                    Median : 36.00
##
            :15.4
                    Mean
                            : 42.98
##
    Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:19.0
                    3rd Qu.: 56.00
    Max.
            :25.0
                    Max.
                            :120.00
```

## **Including Plots**

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

```
# Setting seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)
# Number of days
days <- 100
# Simulate reading pages for each undergraduate, assuming independence
matt <- rnorm(days, mean=30, sd=10)</pre>
ash <- rnorm(days, mean=50, sd=15)
jacki <- rnorm(days, mean=20, sd=5)</pre>
rol <- rnorm(days, mean=45, sd=10)</pre>
mike <- rnorm(days, mean=40, sd=20)
# Ensuring no negative page counts
matt <- ifelse(matt < 0, 0, matt)</pre>
ash <- ifelse(ash < 0, 0, ash)
jacki <- ifelse(jacki < 0, 0, jacki)</pre>
rol <- ifelse(rol < 0, 0, rol)</pre>
mike <- ifelse(mike < 0, 0, mike)
# Creating a data frame
data <- data.frame(Day=1:days, Matt=matt, Ash=ash, Jacki=jacki, Rol=rol, Mike=mike)
# Performing five tests based on the simulated data
# 1. Test for normality for Matt's reading pattern
shapiro.test(data$Matt)
##
   Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: data$Matt
## W = 0.98122, p-value = 0.1654
# 2. Test for normality for Ash's reading pattern
shapiro.test(data$Ash)
##
   Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: data$Ash
## W = 0.98732, p-value = 0.4595
# 3. Correlation test between Matt and Ash (expecting low correlation due to independence)
cor.test(data$Matt, data$Ash)
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: data$Matt and data$Ash
## t = 0.30981, df = 98, p-value = 0.7574
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1661592 0.2263075
## sample estimates:
```

```
##
         cor
## 0.03127984
# 4. Variance analysis - ANOVA to compare means across all undergraduates
anova(lm(cbind(Matt, Ash, Jacki, Rol, Mike) ~ Day, data=data))
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
##
              Df Pillai approx F num Df den Df Pr(>F)
## (Intercept) 1 0.98518 1249.39
                                       5
                                             94 <2e-16 ***
                                       5
                                             94 0.7535
               1 0.02739
                             0.53
## Day
## Residuals
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# 5. Pairwise comparison of mean pages read per day between all undergraduates using Tukey's HSD test
install.packages("reshape2")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
library(reshape2)
data_long <- melt(data, id.vars = "Day", variable.name = "Undergraduate", value.name = "Pages")
# ANOVA to compare means across all undergraduates
model <- aov(Pages ~ Undergraduate, data=data_long)</pre>
summary(model)
##
                 Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Undergraduate
                  4 54029
                             13507
                                     84.74 <2e-16 ***
                495 78899
## Residuals
                               159
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Tukey's HSD test for pairwise comparison between all undergraduates
TukeyHSD(model)
##
    Tukey multiple comparisons of means
      95% family-wise confidence level
##
##
## Fit: aov(formula = Pages ~ Undergraduate, data = data_long)
## $Undergraduate
##
                                                  p adj
                   diff
                               lwr
                                          upr
              18.362596 13.474281
                                   23.250911 0.0000000
## Ash-Matt
## Jacki-Matt -10.376989 -15.265304
                                    -5.488674 0.0000001
## Rol-Matt
              15.004216 10.115901 19.892532 0.0000000
## Mike-Matt
              7.490227
                         2.601912 12.378542 0.0003112
## Jacki-Ash -28.739585 -33.627900 -23.851270 0.0000000
## Rol-Ash
              -3.358380 -8.246695
                                     1.529935 0.3289468
## Mike-Ash
            -10.872369 -15.760684 -5.984054 0.0000000
## Rol-Jacki 25.381206 20.492890 30.269521 0.0000000
## Mike-Jacki 17.867216 12.978901 22.755531 0.0000000
## Mike-Rol
              -7.513990 -12.402305 -2.625674 0.0002942
```