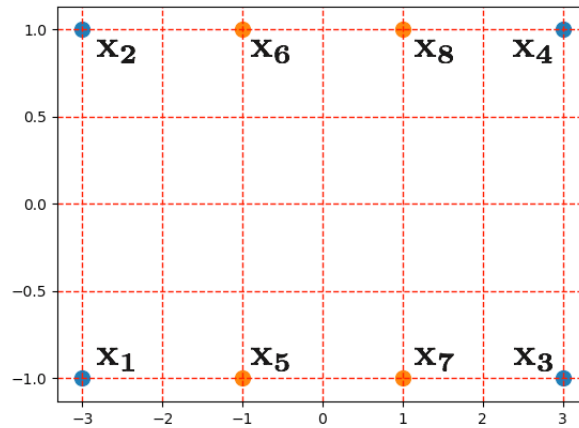


Consider the following 2-class binary problem. We will run Adaboost for two iterations.

Class 0 ( $y = -1$ ):  $\mathbf{x}_1 = [-3, -1]$ ,  $\mathbf{x}_2 = [-3, 1]$ ,  $\mathbf{x}_3 = [3, -1]$ ,  $\mathbf{x}_4 = [3, 1]$

Class 1 ( $y = 1$ ):  $\mathbf{x}_5 = [-1, -1]$ ,  $\mathbf{x}_6 = [-1, 1]$ ,  $\mathbf{x}_7 = [1, -1]$ ,  $\mathbf{x}_8 = [1, 1]$



- (a) Assuming that the first classifier is  $h_1(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} -1 & \text{if } \mathbf{x} < -2 \\ +1 & \text{if } \mathbf{x} > -2 \end{cases}$ , compute the classification error  $\epsilon_1$  and new weights  $w_2(n)$  for every sample  $n = 1, \dots, 8$  that result from the first iteration ( $t = 1$ ) of Adaboost.

(b) Based on the error that you computed in (a), what would be a reasonable classification boundary  $h_2(\mathbf{x})$  for the second iteration of Adaboost?

(c) Compute the classification error  $\epsilon_2$  and new weights  $w_3(n)$  for every sample  $n = 1, \dots, 8$  that result from the second iteration ( $t = 2$ ) of Adaboost.

(d) What would be the final decision rule based on the first two iterations of Adaboost and the computed variables  $h_1$ ,  $h_2$ ,  $\beta_1$ , and  $\beta_2$ ? Would this result in all samples being correctly classified? What would you do if not?