A graph is acyclic if it has no cycles

weighted. Given a directed acyclic graph (DA 61) vertices s and to In G.

find a longest part from 5 roe.

1. topologically sort the vertices:

O(mtn)

 V_1, V_2, \dots, V_r

Vi S V X Vh

2. for Ci=1; i=n; i+t) dist[vi]= -0

3. Suppose SEUK; distLS]=0

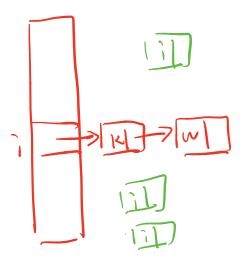
4. for Ci=K+|5| \le n \ i+t)

for (each edge [Vh, Vi])

if dist [Vi] < dist [Vh) + we (Vh, Vi)

dist [vi] = dist [vn) + we (vn, vi);

dad [vi] = vn;



4. for $(1=k, i \le n, i + t)$ for (each edge [V_1, V_n])

if $(d:st[V_n] < d:st[V_i] + wt(V_i, V_n)$)

dist $[V_n] = d:st[V_i] + wt(V_i, V_n)$ dad $[V_n] = V_i$

given 2 seguences

a, az az an
b, bz bz bm

xy xy xy xy xy xy __ yx yx yx yx yx empty symbol

add "_ "s to the sequences

to make them if equal
length so that the Score

is maximized.

sequence alignment.

a1 a2 an an bm bm

