```
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, jsonify
from urlRetrieval Tfidf import sentence similarity query
app = Flask( name )
#app.debug=True
@app.route("/")
def home():
  return render template("index.html")
@app.route('/', methods=['POST'])
def hello():
  UserInput = request.form['msg']
  processed_text = sentence_similarity_query(UserInput.lower())
  return processed text
@app.route("/", methods=['GET'])
def get bot response():
  userText = request.args.get('msg')
  print(userText)
@app.route('/', methods=['POST'])
def my form post():
  text = request.form['text']
  processed_text = text.upper()
  return processed text
if name == " main ":
 app.run(debug=True)
URLRetreival_POS.py
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Mon Feb 12 22:00:56 2018
@author: pankaj
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from nltk import word_tokenize, pos_tag
from nltk.corpus import wordnet as wn
import re
df = pd.read csv("urls.csv", header=0)
urlList = df.URLS.tolist()
def penn to wn(tag):
  """ Convert between a Penn Treebank tag to a simplified Wordnet tag """
  if tag.startswith('N'):
    return 'n'
  if tag.startswith('V'):
    return 'v'
  if tag.startswith('J'):
    return 'a'
  if tag.startswith('R'):
    return 'r'
  return None
def tagged_to_synset(word, tag):
  wn tag = penn to wn(tag)
  if wn tag is None:
    return None
  try:
    return wn.synsets(word, wn tag)[0]
  except:
    return None
def sentence similarity(sentence1, sentence2):
 """ compute the sentence similarity using Wordnet """
  # Tokenize and tag
  sentence1 = pos tag(word tokenize(sentence1))
  sentence2 = pos tag(word tokenize(sentence2))
  # Get the synsets for the tagged words
  synsets1 = [tagged to synset(*tagged word) for tagged word in sentence1]
```

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synsets2 = [tagged_to_synset(*tagged_word) for tagged_word in sentence2]
  # Filter out the Nones
  synsets1 = [ss for ss in synsets1 if ss]
  synsets2 = [ss for ss in synsets2 if ss]
  score, count = 0.0, 0.001
  # For each word in the first sentence
  for synset in synsets1:
    # Get the similarity value of the most similar word in the other sentence
    # print [synset.path similarity(ss) for ss in synsets2]
    try:
      best score = max([synset.path similarity(ss) for ss in synsets2])
    except:
      best score = 0.0
    # Check that the similarity could have been computed
    if best score is not None:
      score += best score
      count += 1
  # Average the values
  score /= count
  return score
def symmetric sentence similarity(sentence1, sentence2):
  """ compute the symmetric sentence similarity using Wordnet """
  #print (sentence1,sentence2)
  return (sentence similarity(sentence1, sentence2) + sentence similarity(sentence2,
sentence1)) / 2
def sentence similarity query(userInput):
  userInput = " ".join(re.compile('\w+').findall(userInput.lower()))
  print(userInput)
  score list=[]
  for url in urlList:
    print(url)
    url = " ".join(re.compile('\w+').findall(url.lower()))
    score_list.append(symmetric_sentence_similarity(sentence1,url))
    print(score list)
  best match = urlList[score list.index(min(score list))]
  return best match
```

```
#sentence1="https://www.odyssey.com/dal/peoplesoft"
sentence2="I want a superdatascience features"
#sentence1 = pos_tag(word_tokenize(sentence1))
#" ".join(re.compile('\w+').findall(sentence1))
sentence similarity query(sentence2)
URLRetrieval Tfidf.py
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Tue Feb 13 14:37:42 2018
@author: pankaj
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import pandas as pd
import re
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine similarity
df = pd.read_csv("urls.csv", header=0)
urlList = df.URLS.tolist()
def sentence similarity(sentence1, sentence2):
  """ compute the cosine similarity using Tfidf Vectorizer """
  # Tokenize and tag
  finalText = [sentence1, sentence2]
  vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
  doc_vector = vectorizer.fit_transform(finalText)
  df = pd.DataFrame(doc vector.toarray().transpose(), index=vectorizer.get feature names(),
columns = ['userInput', 'URL'])
  txt1 = df['userInput'].values.reshape(1, -1)
```

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txt2 = df['URL'].values.reshape(1, -1)
  return cosine_similarity(txt1, txt2)
def sentence similarity query(userInput):
  userInput = " ".join(re.compile('\w+').findall(userInput.lower()))
  print(userInput)
  score list=[]
  for url in urlList:
    url = " ".join(re.compile('\w+').findall(url.lower()))
    score list.append(sentence similarity(userInput,url))
  best match = urlList[score list.index(max(score list))]
  return best match
#sentence1="https://www.odyssey.com/dal/peoplesoft"
sentence2="star technical document"
#sentence1 = pos tag(word tokenize(sentence1))
#" ".join(re.compile('\w+').findall(sentence1))
sentence similarity query(sentence2)
index
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Home</title>
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="/static/styles.css">
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.2.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
</head>
 <body>
  <h1>Document Search Engine</h1>
  <h3>Chatbot to find document links in Odyssey / WIKI / Confluence.</h3>
   <form action="/" method="post">
   UserInput: <input type="text" name="msg" placeholder="Message"/>
   <input type="submit" name="form"value="Submit"/>
  </form>
 </body>
</html>
```

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Mon Feb 12 22:31:14 2018
@author: pankaj
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import re
import time
######## PART 1 - DATA PREPROCESSING #########
# Importing the dataset
lines = open('movie lines.txt', encoding = 'utf-8', errors = 'ignore').read().split('\n')
conversations = open('movie conversations.txt', encoding = 'utf-8', errors =
'ignore').read().split('\n')
# Creating a dictionary that maps each line and its id
id2line = {}
for line in lines:
  line = line.split(' +++$+++ ')
  if len( line) == 5:
    id2line[ line[0]] = line[4]
# Creating a list of all of the conversations
conversations ids = []
for conversation in conversations[:-1]:
  _conversation = conversation.split(' +++$+++ ')[-1][1:-1].replace("", "").replace(" ", "")
  conversations_ids.append(_conversation.split(','))
# Getting separately the questions and the answers
questions = []
answers = []
for conversation in conversations ids:
  for i in range(len(conversation) - 1):
    questions.append(id2line[conversation[i]])
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answers.append(id2line[conversation[i+1]])
```

```
# Doing a first cleaning of the texts
def clean text(text):
  text = text.lower()
  text = re.sub(r"i'm", "i am", text)
  text = re.sub(r"he's", "he is", text)
  text = re.sub(r"she's", "she is", text)
  text = re.sub(r"that's", "that is", text)
  text = re.sub(r"what's", "what is", text)
  text = re.sub(r"where's", "where is", text)
  text = re.sub(r"\'ll", " will", text)
  text = re.sub(r"\'ve", " have", text)
  text = re.sub(r"\'re", " are", text)
  text = re.sub(r"\'d", " would", text)
  text = re.sub(r"won't", "will not", text)
  text = re.sub(r"can't", "cannot", text)
  text = re.sub(r"[-()\"\#/@;:<>{}+=~|.?,]", "", text)
  return text
# Cleaning the questions
clean questions = []
for question in questions:
  clean_questions.append(clean_text(question))
# Cleaning the answers
clean answers = []
for answer in answers:
  clean answers.append(clean text(answer))
# Creating a dictionary that maps each word to its number of occurrences
word2count = {}
for question in clean_questions:
  for word in question.split():
    if word not in word2count:
      word2count[word] = 1
    else:
      word2count[word] += 1
for answer in clean_answers:
  for word in answer.split():
    if word not in word2count:
      word2count[word] = 1
    else:
      word2count[word] += 1
```

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# Creating two dictionaries that map the questions words and the answers words to a unique
integer
threshold questions = 20
questionswords2int = {}
word number = 0
for word, count in word2count.items():
  if count >= threshold guestions:
    questionswords2int[word] = word number
    word number += 1
threshold answers = 20
answerswords2int = {}
word number = 0
for word, count in word2count.items():
  if count >= threshold answers:
    answerswords2int[word] = word number
    word number += 1
# Adding the last tokens to these two dictionaries
tokens = ['<PAD>', '<EOS>', '<OUT>', '<SOS>']
for token in tokens:
  questionswords2int[token] = len(questionswords2int) + 1
for token in tokens:
  answerswords2int[token] = len(answerswords2int) + 1
# Creating the inverse dictionary of the answerswords2int dictionary
answersints2word = {w i: w for w, w i in answerswords2int.items()}
# Adding the End Of String token to the end of every answer
for i in range(len(clean answers)):
  clean answers[i] += ' <EOS>'
# Translating all the questions and the answers into integers
# and Replacing all the words that were filtered out by <OUT>
questions into int = []
for question in clean questions:
  ints = []
  for word in question.split():
    if word not in questionswords2int:
      ints.append(questionswords2int['<OUT>'])
    else:
      ints.append(questionswords2int[word])
  questions_into_int.append(ints)
answers into int = []
```

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for answer in clean answers:
  ints = []
  for word in answer.split():
    if word not in answerswords2int:
      ints.append(answerswords2int['<OUT>'])
    else:
      ints.append(answerswords2int[word])
  answers into int.append(ints)
# Sorting questions and answers by the length of questions
sorted clean questions = []
sorted clean answers = []
for length in range(1, 25 + 1):
  for i in enumerate(questions into int):
    if len(i[1]) == length:
      sorted clean questions.append(questions into int[i[0]])
      sorted clean answers.append(answers into int[i[0]])
######## PART 2 - BUILDING THE SEQ2SEQ MODEL #########
# Creating placeholders for the inputs and the targets
def model inputs():
  inputs = tf.placeholder(tf.int32, [None, None], name = 'input')
  targets = tf.placeholder(tf.int32, [None, None], name = 'target')
  Ir = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, name = 'learning rate')
  keep prob = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, name = 'keep prob')
  return inputs, targets, Ir, keep prob
# Preprocessing the targets
def preprocess_targets(targets, word2int, batch size):
  left side = tf.fill([batch size, 1], word2int['<SOS>'])
  right side = tf.strided slice(targets, [0,0], [batch size, -1], [1,1])
  preprocessed targets = tf.concat([left side, right side], 1)
  return preprocessed targets
# Creating the Encoder RNN
def encoder rnn(rnn inputs, rnn size, num layers, keep prob, sequence length):
  lstm = tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(rnn size)
  lstm dropout = tf.contrib.rnn.DropoutWrapper(lstm, input keep prob = keep prob)
  encoder cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell([lstm dropout] * num layers)
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encoder output, encoder state = tf.nn.bidirectional dynamic rnn(cell fw = encoder cell,
                                    cell bw = encoder cell,
                                    sequence length = sequence length,
                                    inputs = rnn inputs,
                                    dtype = tf.float32)
  return encoder state
# Decoding the training set
def decode training set(encoder state, decoder cell, decoder embedded input,
sequence length, decoding scope, output function, keep prob, batch size):
  attention states = tf.zeros([batch size, 1, decoder cell.output size])
  attention keys, attention values, attention score function, attention construct function =
tf.contrib.seq2seq.prepare attention(attention states, attention option = "bahdanau",
num units = decoder cell.output size)
  training decoder function =
tf.contrib.seq2seq.attention decoder fn train(encoder state[0],
                                         attention keys,
                                         attention values,
                                         attention score function,
                                         attention construct function,
                                          name = "attn dec train")
  decoder output, decoder final state, decoder final context state =
tf.contrib.seg2seg.dynamic rnn decoder(decoder cell,
                                                          training_decoder_function,
                                                          decoder embedded input,
                                                          sequence length,
                                                          scope = decoding_scope)
  decoder output dropout = tf.nn.dropout(decoder output, keep prob)
  return output function(decoder output dropout)
# Decoding the test/validation set
def decode test set(encoder state, decoder cell, decoder embeddings matrix, sos id,
eos_id, maximum_length, num_words, decoding_scope, output_function, keep_prob,
batch size):
  attention states = tf.zeros([batch size, 1, decoder cell.output size])
  attention keys, attention values, attention score function, attention construct function =
tf.contrib.seq2seq.prepare attention(attention states, attention option = "bahdanau",
num units = decoder cell.output size)
  test_decoder_function =
tf.contrib.seq2seq.attention decoder fn inference(output function,
                                         encoder state[0],
                                         attention keys,
                                         attention values,
                                         attention score function,
```

```
attention construct function,
                                         decoder embeddings matrix,
                                         sos_id,
                                         eos id,
                                         maximum length,
                                         num_words,
                                         name = "attn dec inf")
  test_predictions, decoder_final_state, decoder_final_context_state =
tf.contrib.seq2seq.dynamic_rnn_decoder(decoder_cell,
                                                           test decoder function,
                                                           scope = decoding scope)
  return test predictions
# Creating the Decoder RNN
def decoder_rnn(decoder_embedded_input, decoder_embeddings_matrix, encoder_state,
num words, sequence length, rnn size, num layers, word2int, keep prob, batch size):
  with tf.variable scope("decoding") as decoding scope:
    lstm = tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(rnn size)
   lstm dropout = tf.contrib.rnn.DropoutWrapper(lstm, input keep prob = keep prob)
    decoder cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell([lstm dropout] * num layers)
    weights = tf.truncated normal initializer(stddev = 0.1)
    biases = tf.zeros initializer()
    output function = lambda x: tf.contrib.layers.fully connected(x,
                                     num_words,
                                     None,
                                     scope = decoding scope,
                                     weights initializer = weights,
                                     biases initializer = biases)
   training predictions = decode training set(encoder state,
                           decoder cell,
                           decoder embedded input,
                           sequence length,
                           decoding_scope,
                           output function,
                           keep prob,
                           batch size)
    decoding scope.reuse variables()
    test predictions = decode test set(encoder state,
                      decoder_cell,
                      decoder embeddings matrix,
                      word2int['<SOS>'],
                      word2int['<EOS>'],
                      sequence length - 1,
                      num words,
```

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decoding scope,
                      output function,
                      keep_prob,
                      batch size)
  return training predictions, test predictions
# Building the seq2seq model
def seq2seq model(inputs, targets, keep prob, batch size, sequence length,
answers num words, questions num words, encoder embedding size,
decoder embedding size, rnn size, num layers, questionswords2int):
  encoder embedded input = tf.contrib.layers.embed sequence(inputs,
                                answers num words + 1,
                                encoder_embedding size,
                                initializer = tf.random uniform initializer(0, 1))
  encoder state = encoder rnn(encoder embedded input, rnn size, num layers, keep prob,
sequence length)
  preprocessed targets = preprocess targets(targets, questionswords2int, batch size)
  decoder embeddings matrix = tf.Variable(tf.random uniform([questions num words + 1,
decoder embedding_size], 0, 1))
  decoder embedded input = tf.nn.embedding lookup(decoder embeddings matrix,
preprocessed targets)
  training predictions, test predictions = decoder rnn(decoder embedded input,
                             decoder embeddings matrix,
                             encoder state,
                             questions num words,
                             sequence length,
                             rnn size,
                             num layers,
                             questionswords2int,
                             keep prob,
                             batch size)
  return training predictions, test predictions
```