

//Lu Wang

//19230509

//Assignment7

```
Choose Shape1: [1.Circle 2.Rectangle 3.Random num exit input]1
Input Radius: 5
Choose Shape1: [1.Circle 2.Rectangle 3.Random num exit input]2
Input Width: 3
Input Length: 4
Choose Shape1: [1.Circle 2.Rectangle 3.Random num exit input]1
Input Radius: 2
Choose Shape1: [1.Circle 2.Rectangle 3.Random num exit input]9

Circle [radius=5.0,area=78.5]
Rectangle [length=4.0, width=3.0,area=12.0]
Circle [radius=2.0,area=12.56]

-----

Largest shape in the collection is:
Circle [radius=5.0,area=78.5]
-----
```

Parent Class:Shapes

package assignment7;

//Create a parent Class:Shapes with an Interface:ShapesRelate

abstract class Shapes implements ShapesRelate {

 //Protected type can be inherited by subclass

 protected double area;

 //Constructor of Shapes

 public Shapes() {

```
}
```

```
public double getArea() {
```

```
    return area;
```

```
}
```

```
//Create an abstract method: calculateArea
```

```
//Note that subclass must override all the abstract methods in father,
```

then the subclass can be Instantiated.

```
abstract void calculateArea();
```

```
//Implementation the interface
```

```
public int compareShapes(ShapesRelate ss) {
```

```
    //Force cast new object:ss to Shapes Class and put into temp
```

```
    Shapes temp=(Shapes)ss;
```

```
    //Compare area: if current area<new area, return value is 1
```

```
    if(this.area<temp.getArea()) {
```

```
        return 1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    //Compare area: if current area<=new area, return value is 0
```

```
    else {
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Interface:ShapesRelate

```
package assignment7;

//Create an interface class called ShapesRelate

public interface ShapesRelate {

    // Declare compareShapes method name:compareShapes

    public int compareShapes(ShapesRelate ss);

}
```

SubClass:Circle

```
package assignment7;

//Create a subclass:Circle inherited father class:Shapes

//Plz be aware circle class must implement father class's abstract method

//Or subclass will be an abstract class as father:shapes.

public class Circle extends Shapes {

    private double radius;

    private double PI=3.14;

    //Constructor:

    public Circle() {

        super();

    }

}
```

```
}
```

```
public Circle(double r) {
```

```
    this.setRadius(r);
```

```
}
```

```
public void setRadius(double radius) {
```

```
    this.radius = radius;
```

```
}
```

```
public double getRadius() {
```

```
    return radius;
```

```
}
```

```
//Override to implement Parent calculateArea Method
```

```
public void calculateArea() {
```

```
    super.area = PI * radius*radius;
```

```
}
```

```
//The inherited interface must be override
```

```
public int compareShapes(ShapesRelate ss) {
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
@Override
```

```
public String toString() {
```

```
    return "\nCircle [radius=" + radius + ",area="+area+"]";
```

```
}
```

Subclass:Rectangle

```
package assignment7;
```

```
//Create a subclass:Rectangle inherited father class:Shapes
```

```
//Plz be aware Rectangle class must implement father class's abstract method
```

```
//Or subclass will be an abstract class as father:shapes.
```

```
public class Rectangle extends Shapes {
```

```
    private double length;
```

```
    private double width;
```

```
// Constructor
```

```
public Rectangle() {
```

```
    super();
```

```
}
```

```
public Rectangle(double length, double width) {
```

```
    this.length = length;
```

```
        this.width = width;  
    }
```

```
// Method
```

```
public void setWidth(double width) {  
    this.width = width;  
  
}
```

```
public double getWidth() {  
    return width;  
}
```

```
public void setLength(double length) {  
    this.length = length;  
  
}
```

```
public double getLength() {  
    return length;  
}
```

```
// Override Parent Class:Shapes calculateArea Method
```

```

public void calculateArea() {
    super.area = length * width;
}

// The inherited interface must be override
public int compareShapes(ShapesRelate ss) {
    return 0;
}

// Override toString
public String toString() {
    return "\nRectangle [length=" + length + ", width=" + width +
",area="+area+"]";
}

```

Driver Class

```

package assignment7;

import java.util.ArrayList;

import java.util.List;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Driver {

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) { // Start main

    // Screen input declaration:

    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);

    // Create ArrayList

    ArrayList<Shapes> shapes = new ArrayList<Shapes>();

    // Initialize num=0

    int num = 0;

    // Infinite loop choose shape and related variables

    while (true) {

        System.out.print("Choose Shape" + (num + 1) + ": [1.Circle
2.Rectangle 3.Random num exit input]");

        int t = scan.nextInt();

        scan.nextLine();

        if (t == 1) {

            // Create instant:circle

            Circle circle = new Circle();

            System.out.print("Input Radius: ");

            int r = scan.nextInt();

            scan.nextLine();

            // setRadius:r of Circle class

            circle.setRadius(r);

            // Call calculateArea of to calculate Circle area

```



```
        circle.calculateArea();

        shapes.add(circle);
    }

    if (t == 2) {

        // Create instant:rectangle

        Rectangle rectangle = new Rectangle();

        System.out.print("Input Width: ");

        int w = scan.nextInt();

        scan.nextLine();

        rectangle.setWidth(w);

        System.out.print("Input Length: ");

        int l = scan.nextInt();

        scan.nextLine();

        rectangle.setLength(l);

        // Call calculateArea of to calculate Rectangle area

        rectangle.calculateArea();

        shapes.add(rectangle);
    }

    //input other numbers to end input

    if (t != 1 && t != 2) {

        break;
    }
```

```

    }

    System.out.print("\n");

    for (int i = 0; i < shapes.size(); i++) {

        System.out.print(shapes.get(i));

    }

    System.out.print("\n");

    // Call below largestShape method

    largestShape(shapes);

} // end main

// largestShape method to find out the largest area

public static Shapes largestShape(ArrayList<Shapes> list) {

    // Create a new object: max and randomly choose object: 0 as the current
largest box

    Shapes max = list.get(0);

    // for loop to choose each compare's larger area

    for (int i = 0; i < list.size() - 1; i++) {

        // Call parent's interface compareShapes method, if return value is 1

        if (max.compareShapes(list.get(i)) == 1) {

            // Store the current object into largest box

            max = list.get(i);

        }

    }

}

```

```
        System.out.print("\n-----\n");

        System.out.print("\n Largest shape in the collection is: " + max);

        System.out.print("\n-----\n");

        return max;

    } // end method

} // end class
```