Research Module in Management and Applied Economics

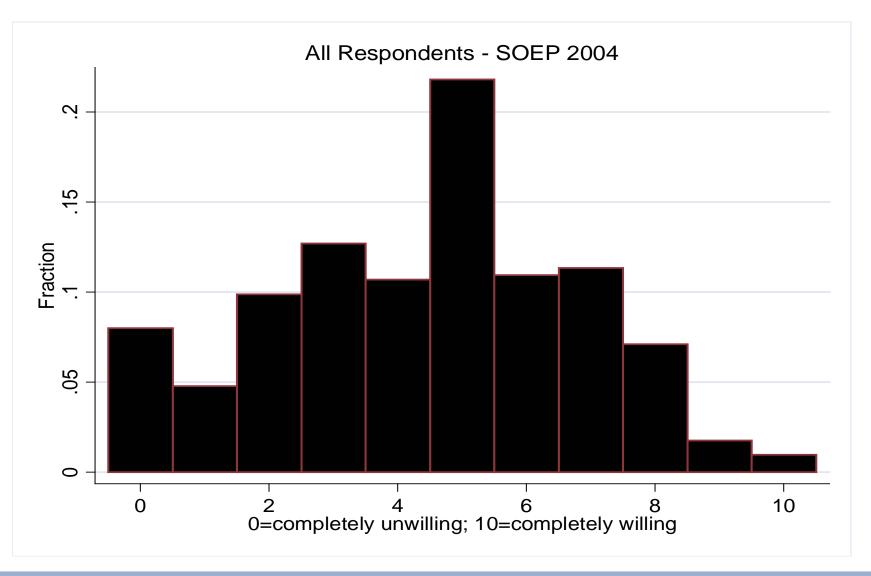
Fall/Winter Term 2020

Thomas Dohmen, University of Bonn

Economic Preferences: Heterogeneity and Determinants

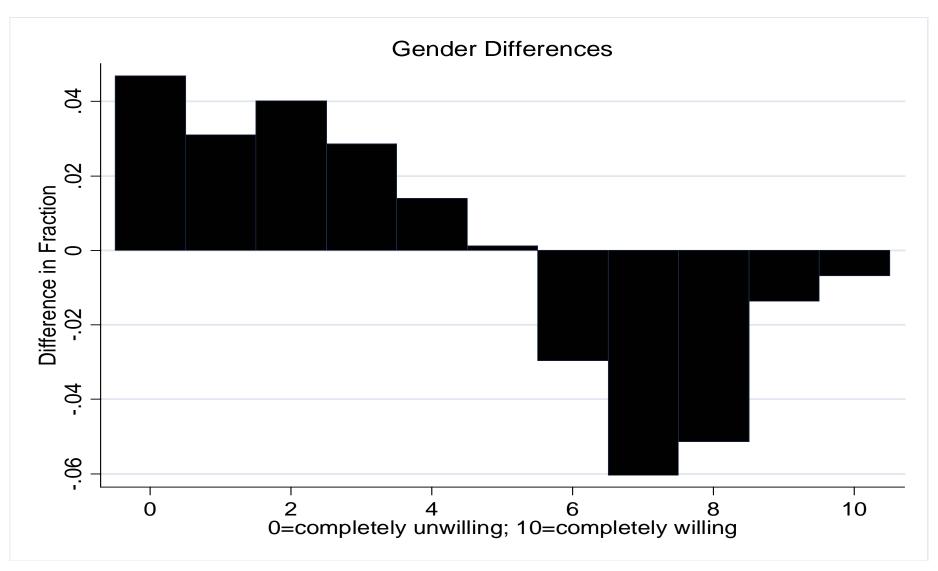
Heterogeneity

Distribution of Willingness to Take Risks

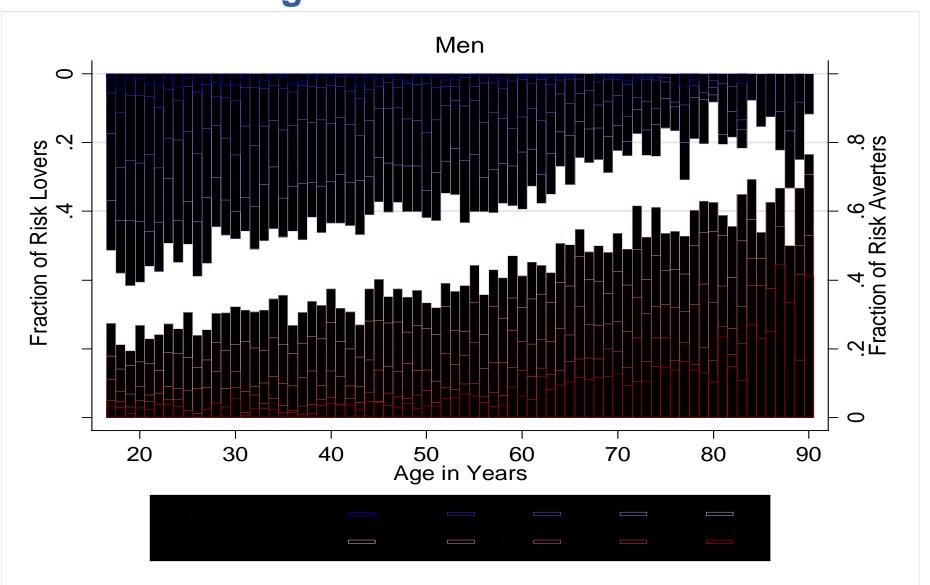


Determinants/Correlates of Economic Preferences

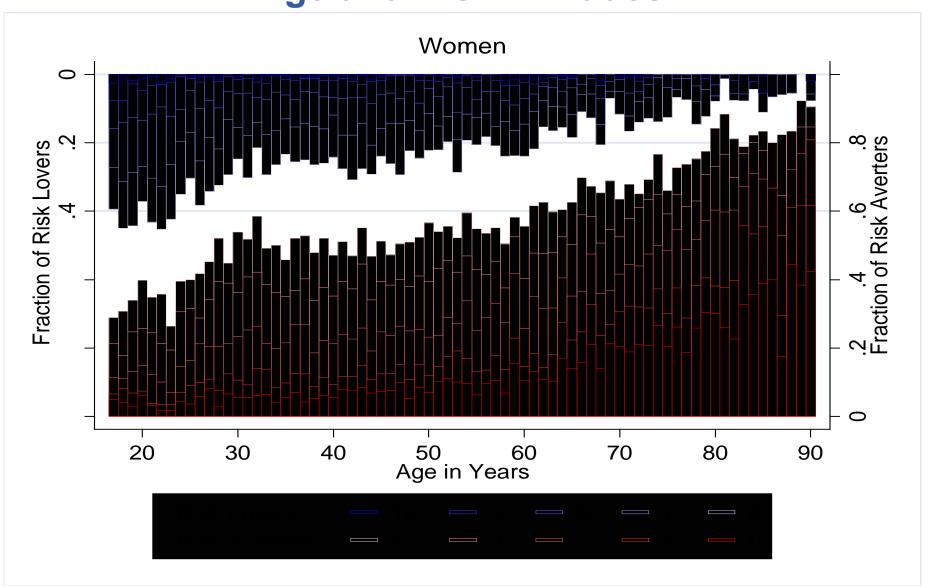
Gender and Risk Attitudes



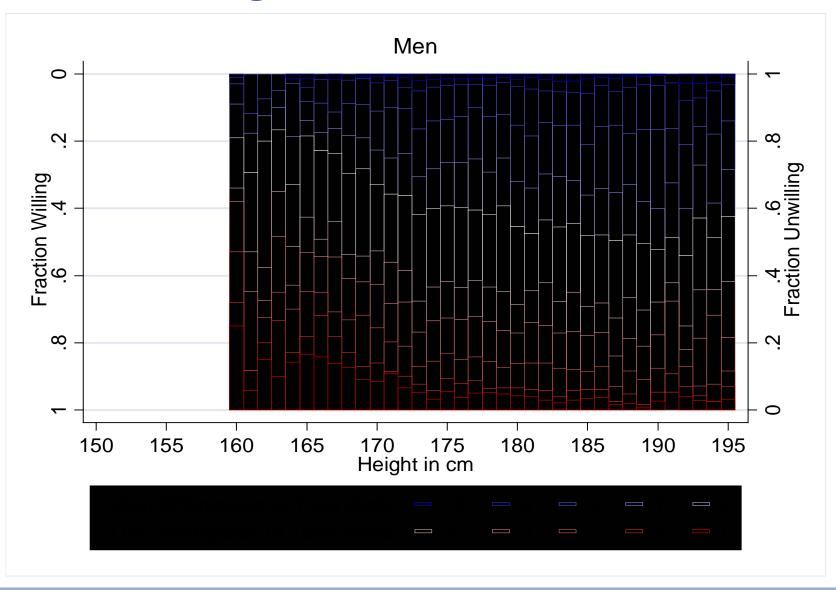
Age and Risk Attitudes



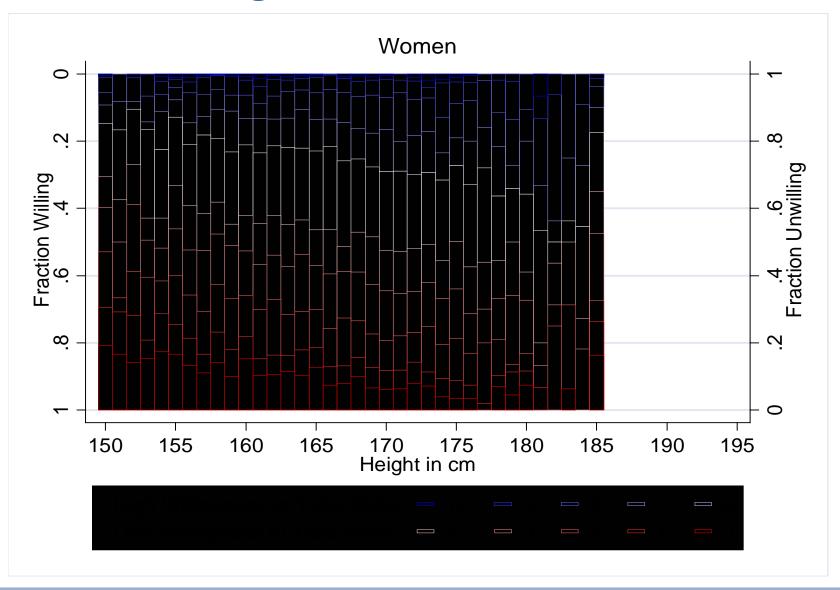
Age and Risk Attitudes



Height and Risk Attitudes



Height and Risk Attitudes

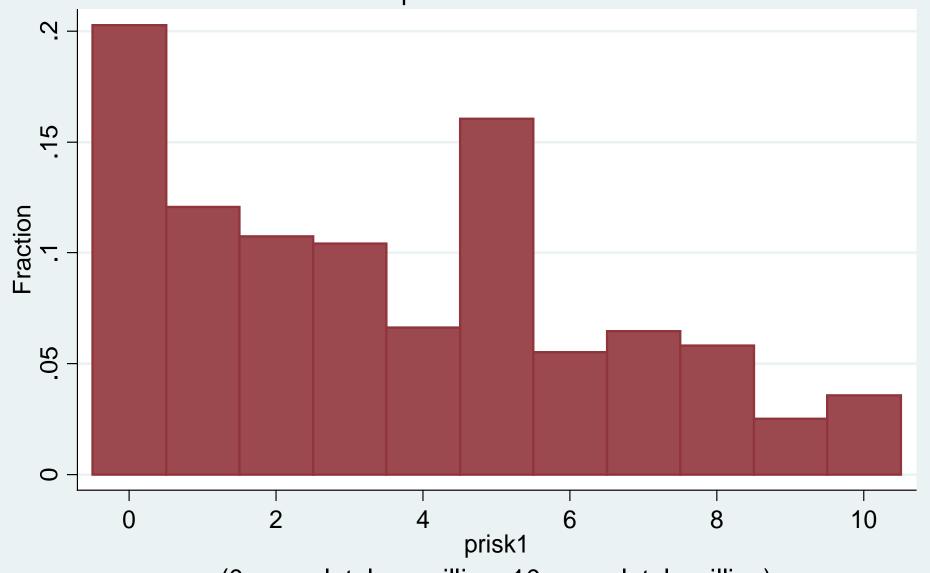


Determinants of Risk Attitudes

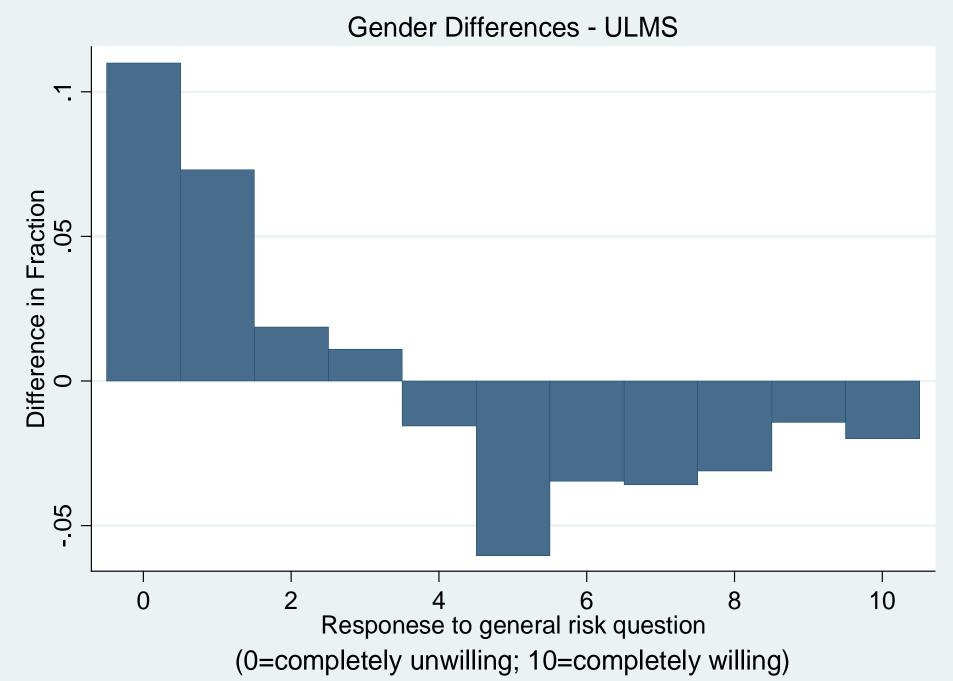
Primary Determinants of Genera	ıl Risk Attitu	des				
Dependent variable: willingness	to take risks	s in general				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Female	-0.591***	-0.613***	-0.614***	-0.618***	-0.605***	-0.577***
	[0.043]	[0.046]	[0.049]	[0.046]	[0.047]	[0.056]
Age (in years)	-0.035***	-0.034***	-0.034***	-0.028***	-0.027***	-0.018***
	[0.001]	[0.001]	[0.001]	[0.001]	[0.001]	[0.003]
Height (in cm)	0.030***	0.029***	0.027***	0.026***	0.027***	0.015***
	[0.003]	[0.003]	[0.003]	[0.003]	[0.003]	[0.003]
Abitur mother		0.241***	0.244***	0.247***	0.281***	0.172**
		[0.071]	[0.078]	[0.071]	[0.074]	[0.085]
Abitur father		0.286***	0.256***	0.234***	0.240***	0.029
		[0.054]	[0.060]	[0.054]	[0.056]	[0.064]
Log(household wealth in 2002)	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
Log(household income 2003)	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
Log(household income 2004)	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Other controls	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
log sigma	0.85***	0.84***	0.84***	0.84***	0.83***	0.81***
-	[0.005]	[0.006]	[0.006]	[0.006]	[0.006]	[0.007]
Log pseudo-likelihood	-47,456	-42,323	-36,829	-42,24	-39,052	-31,606
Observations	21785	19463	16948	19463	17998	14766

General Risk Attitudes in Ukraine

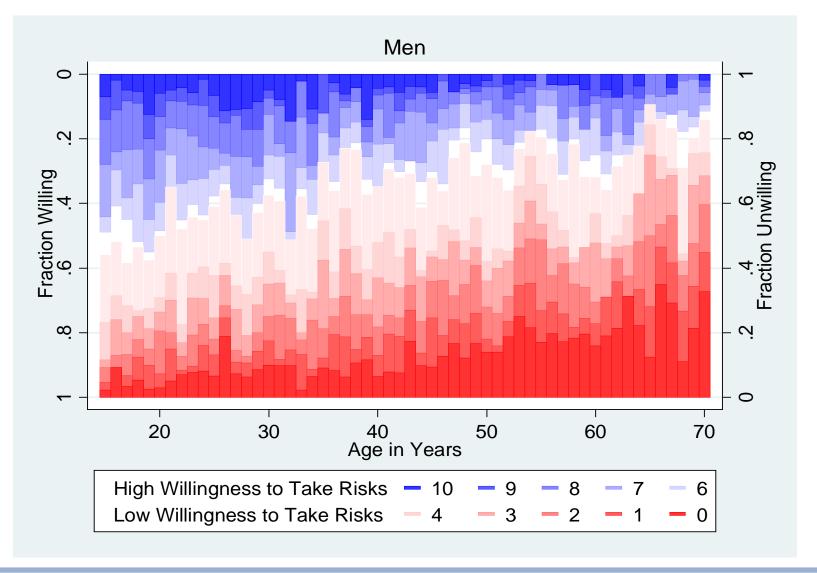
All Respondents - ULMS 2007



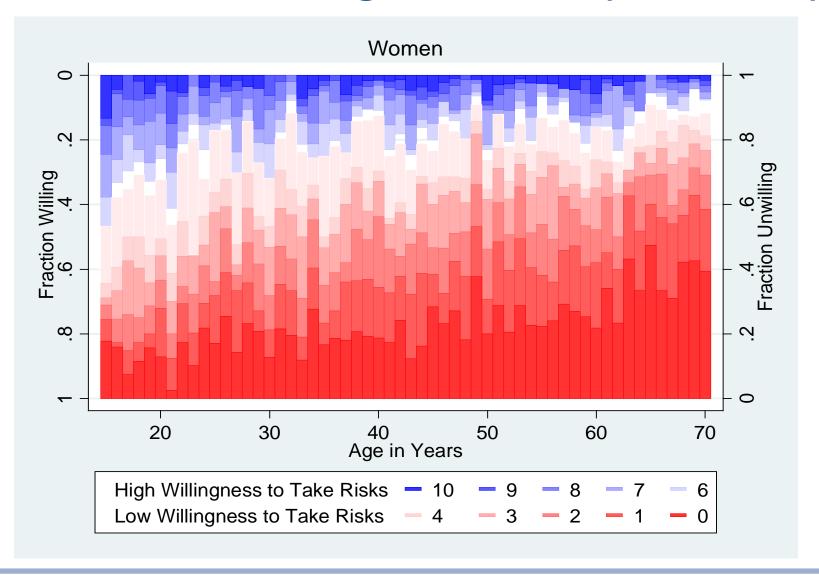
(0=completely unwilling; 10=completely willing)



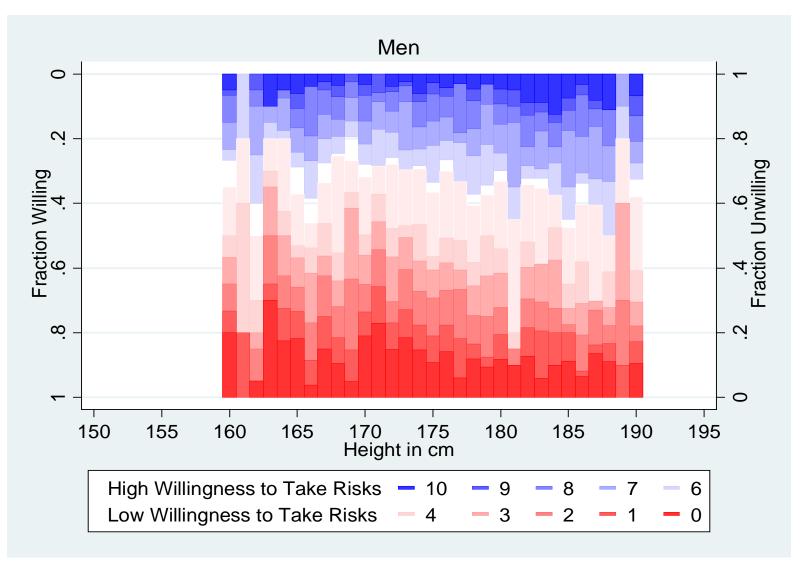
Risk Attitudes and Age in Ukraine (ULMS Data)



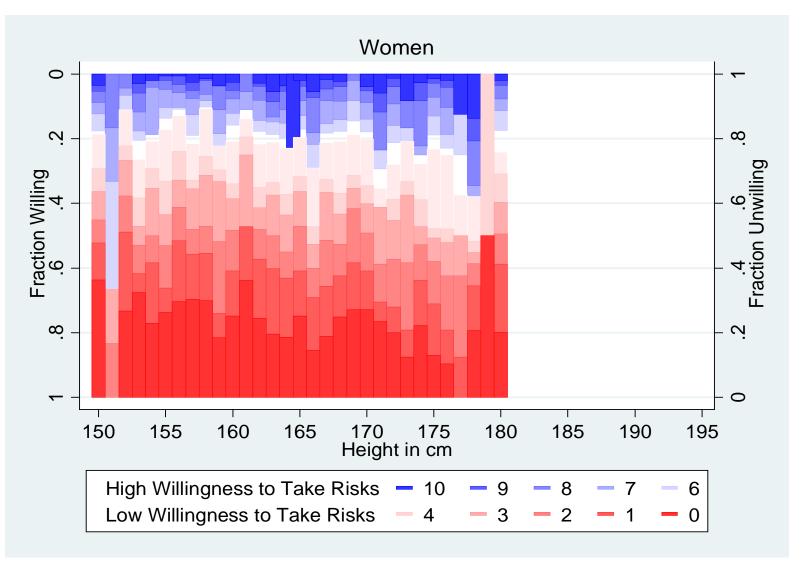
Risk Attitudes and Age in Ukraine (ULMS Data)



Height and Risk Attitudes in Ukraine



Height and Risk Attitudes in Ukraine



Heterogeneity in Preferences across Countries

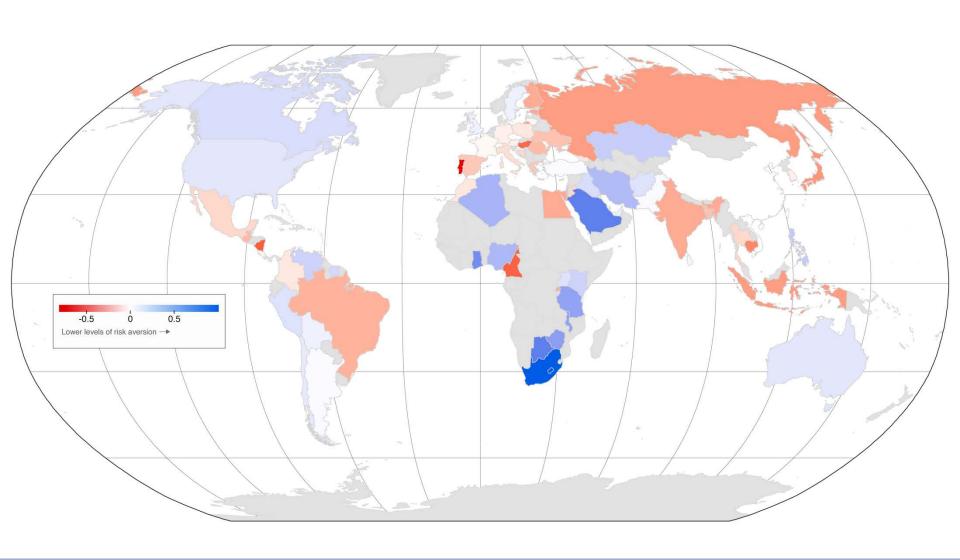
Global Preferences Survey

- Data collected within framework of the 2012 Gallup World Poll
- Representative samples in 76 countries, N=80,000
- Median sample size: 1000 participants per country
- Countries represent 90% of world population / global income
- Global coverage: all continents, various cultures, different levels of development
 - 15 countries from Americas
 - 25 countries from Europe
 - 22 countries from Asia and Pacific
 - 14 countries from Africa (11 Sub-Saharan)

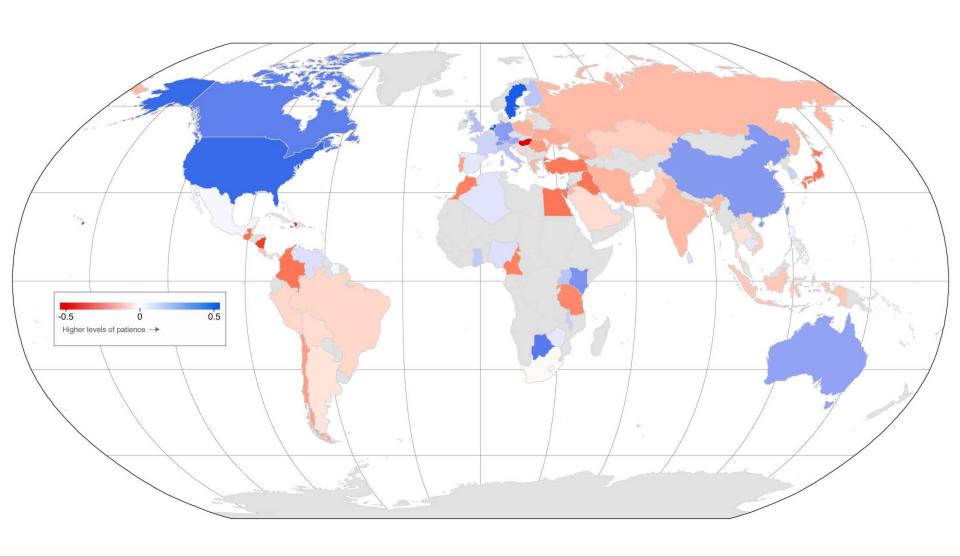
Countries Covered



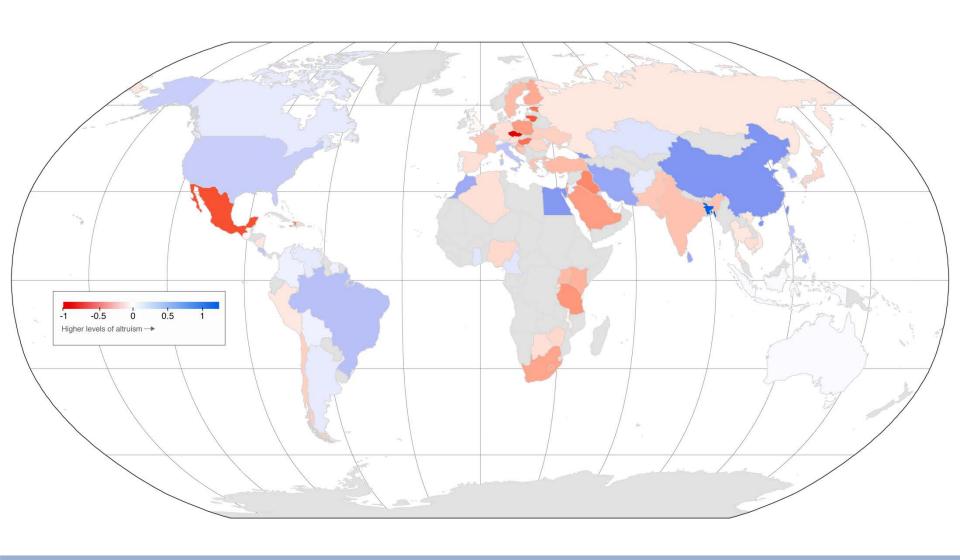
Risk Aversion



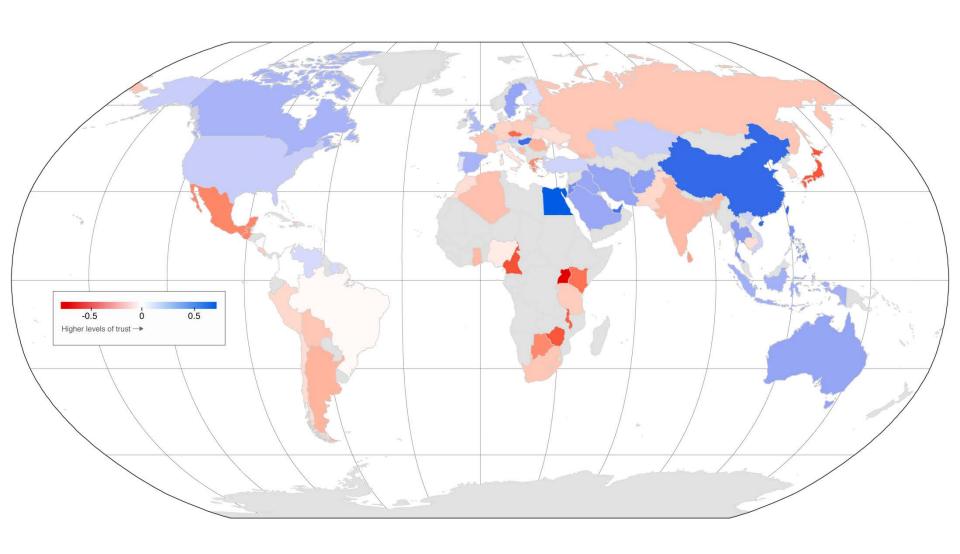
Patience



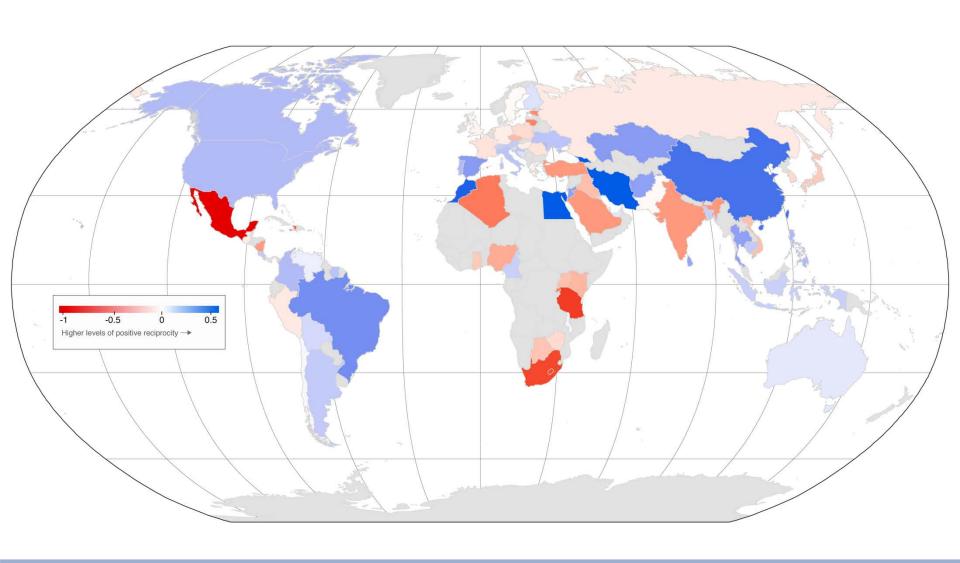
Altruism



Trust



Positive Reciprocity



Negative Reciprocity

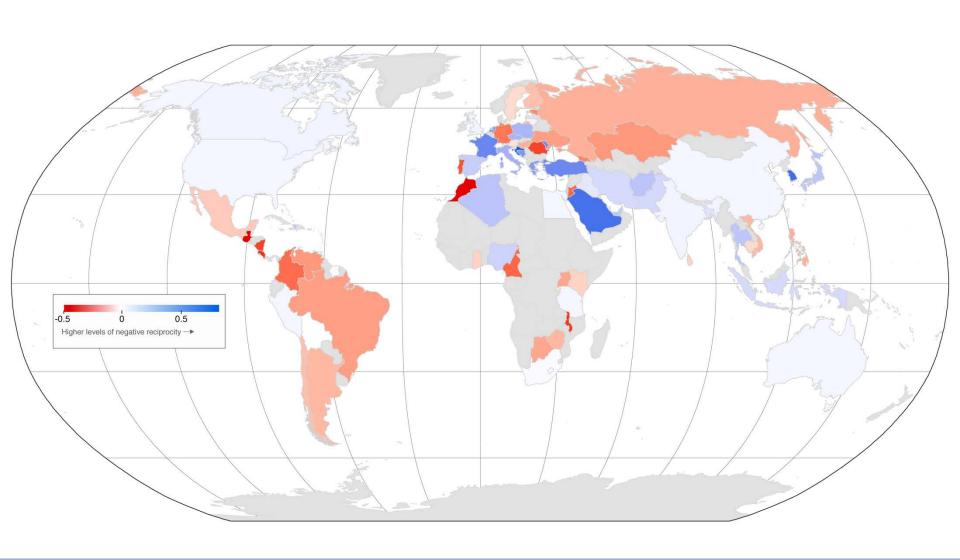


Table 3: Regional averages and variance decomposition

	Patience	Risk taking	Pos. recip.	Neg. recip.	Altruism	Trust	# Obs.
Western Europe	0.49	-0.11	0.06	0.04	-0.04	0.10	11
Eastern Europe	-0.12	-0.12	-0.02	0.10	-0.22	-0.07	16
Neo Europe	0.73	0.15	0.16	0.02	0.26	0.23	3
South and East Asia	-0.01	-0.10	0.07	0.11	0.13	0.04	13
North Africa & ME	-0.14	0.16	0.07	0.08	0.13	0.23	9
Sub-Saharan Africa	-0.16	0.34	-0.34	-0.11	-0.15	-0.33	11
South America	-0.21	-0.03	-0.08	-0.16	-0.05	-0.10	13
% between- country variation	13.5	9.0	12.0	7.0	12.3	8.2	

Country-Level Analysis

	Patienc e	Risk taking	Pos. reciprocity	Neg. reciprocity	Altruis m	Trust
Patience	1			. ,		
Risk taking	0.230**	1				
Pos. reciprocity	0.016	-0.256**	1			
Neg. reciprocity	0.258**	0.193*	-0.154	1		
Altruism	-0.010	-0.015	0.711***	-0.132	1	
Trust	0.190	-0.062	0.363***	0.160	0.273**	1

Table 4: Pairwise correlations between preferences at country level

⇒ Patience and risk taking moderately correlated; high correlations among "prosocial" traits altruism, positive reciprocity, and trust

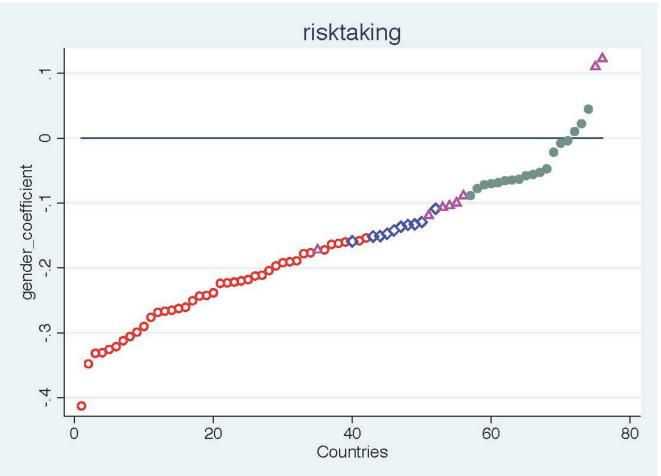
Determinants/Correlates of Economic Preferences

Evidence from World Poll Data

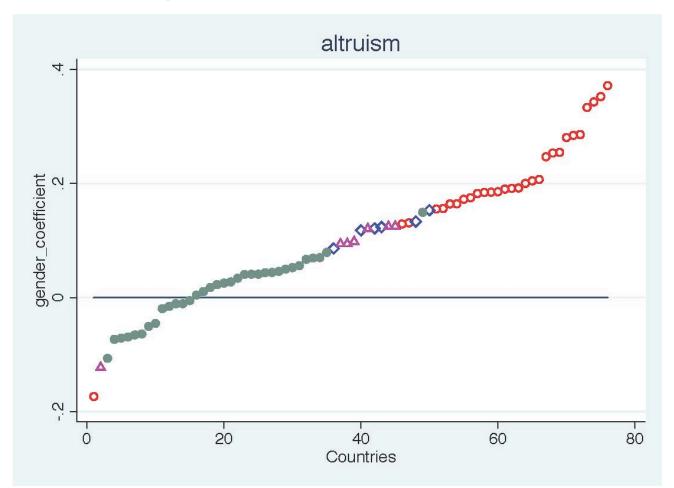
Preferences and Individual Characteristics

	Patience	Risk taking	Pos. reciprocity	Neg. reciprocity	Altruism	Trust
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Age	0.72***	-0.083	1.02***	-0.36*	-0.0060	0.37*
	(0.17)	(0.20)	(0.17)	(0.19)	(0.14)	(0.21)
Age squared	-1.45***	-1.20***	-1.17***	-0.45**	0.015	0.032
	(0.20)	(0.21)	(0.18)	(0.18)	(0.15)	(0.20)
1 if female	-0.056***	-0.17***	0.049***	-0.13***	0.10***	0.066***
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Subj. math skills	0.028***	0.046***	0.038***	0.040***	0.044***	0.056***
	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Constant	-0.37***	0.21***	-0.079**	0.37***	-0.064**	-0.078**
	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(0.04)
Country FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Observations	78501	78445	78869	77521	78632	77814
_R 2	0.165	0.167	0.128	0.112	0.135	0.111

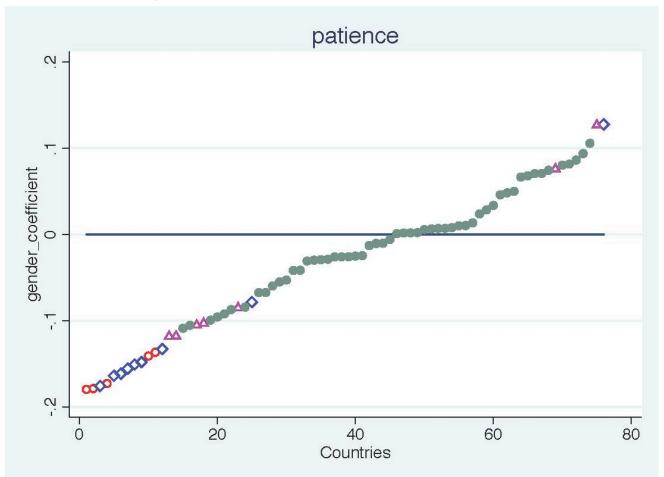
Gender and Risk Attitudes



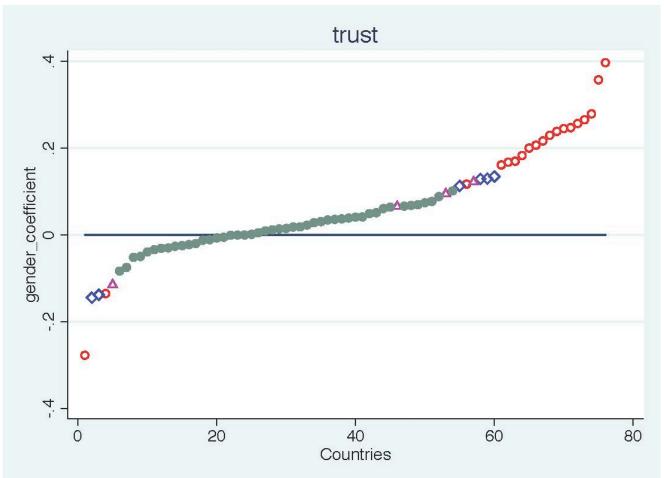
Gender and Altruism



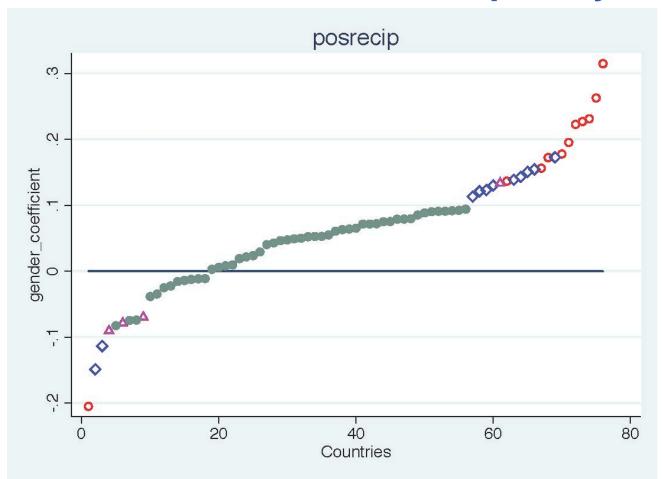
Gender and Patience



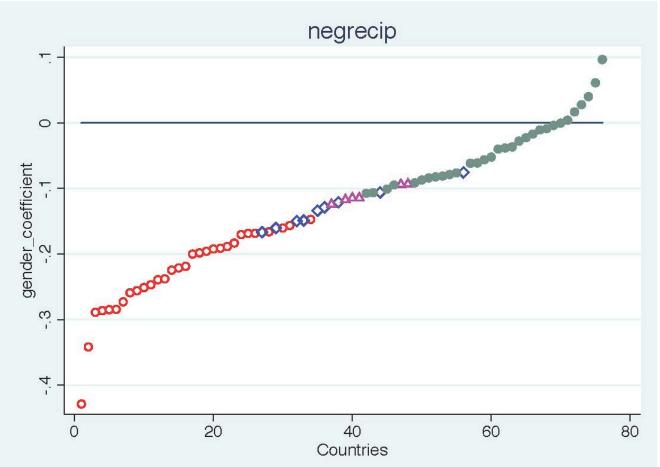
Gender and Trust



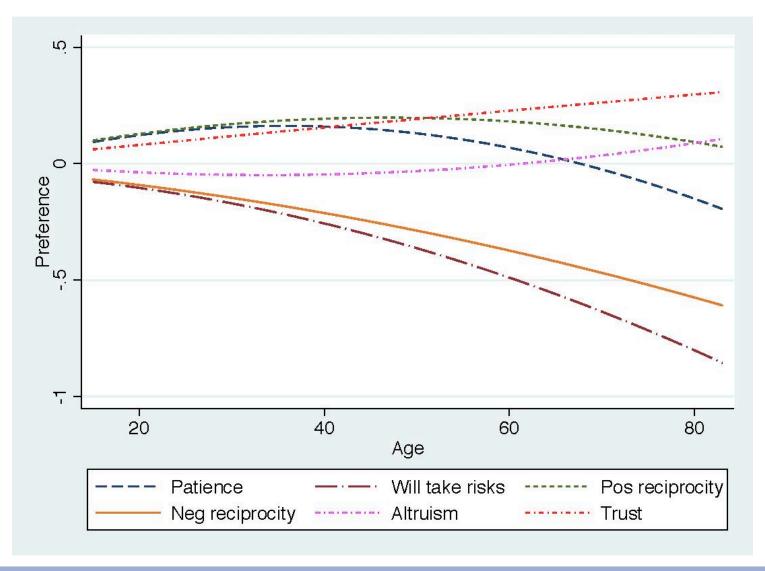
Gender and Positive Reciprocity



Gender and Negative Reciprocity



Age effects



Determinants/Correlates of Big Five

Table Correlates of Big Five Traits

	Males					Females						
	0	C	E	A	N	Loc	0	C	E	A	N	Loc
Christalized intelligence	018 (.033)	.035 (.033)	.063* (.036)	014 (.032)	.027 (.034)	.037 (.035)	065** (.03)	.034 (.036)	.001 (.034)	065** (.029)	039 (.032)	008 (.033)
Fluid intelligence	(.038)	(.034)	002 (.037)	0.028 (0.034)	029 $(.037)$	03 (.037)	.059* (.033)	(.037)	.031 (.037)	(.03)	(.035)	033 $(.034)$
Age	.044*** (.014)	003 (.013)	014 (.013)	024** (.012)	0.002 0.013	016 $(.014)$.044*** (.012)	003 003	0.008 (.013)	01 (.011)	.033*** (.012)	022* (.012)
Age^2	0004*** (.0001)	5.15e-06 (.0001)	0.00007 (0.0001)	.0002** (.0001)	$0.00004 \\ (0.0001)$	$0.0001 \\ 0.0001$	0004*** (.0001)	$\frac{0001}{(.0001)}$	00006 (.0001)	$0001 \\ 0001$	0003*** (.0001)	.0002* (.0001
Height	$001 \\ (.004)$.012*** (.005)	$0.005 \\ 0.005$	005 (.004)	002 (.005)	0.0001 0.005	003 (.005)	.013** (.005)	$013^{***} (.005)$	0009 (.004)	$\frac{003}{(.005)}$	0.003 (0.005)
Ln(income)	.036** (.018)	0.025 0.016	(.015)	002 (.014)	013 (.017)	0.025 0.016	.009 (.017)	0009 $(.016)$	$0.024 \\ (0.016)$	$006 \\ (.015)$	041*** (.015)	.051*** (.017)
Ln(income from assets)	$\frac{011}{(.014)}$	002 (.014)	$\frac{002}{(.015)}$	035*** (.013)	025* (.014)	.045*** (.014)	.001 (.014)	$0.006 \\ (0.015)$	$\frac{001}{(.014)}$	02 (.012)	0.018 0.014	005 (.015)
Ln(income from pubtrans)	.008 (.01)	(.009)	007 (.009)	005 (.009)	0005 (009)	006 (.009)	019** (.01)	0003 (.01)	0.014 0.009	014* (.008)	$\frac{012}{(.01)}$	005 (.009)
Yrs of Edu	(.014)	.07*** (.012)	$0.016 \\ (0.013)$	0.005 0.011	009 (.013)	.026** (.012)	.011 (.013)	$045^{***} (.014)$.031** (.012)	0.004 0.011	039*** (.013)	.04*** (.013)
Number of children	$\frac{024}{(.048)}$	094** (.042)	036 $(.045)$	0.037 0.041	$06 \\ (.049)$	0.031 (0.046)	.018 (.045)	126*** (.042)	073 $(.045)$	(.038)	0.067 (0.042)	.085** (.04)
Risk aversion (f)	(.036)	088*** (.033)	144^{***} $(.034)$	071** (.028)	(.032)	069** (.032)	061** (.028)	063** (.031)	11*** (.03)	094*** (.026)	(.034)	083** (.031)
Trust (f)	081** (.034)	023 033	0.021 0.034	(.032)	023 $(.034)$	$0.055 \\ (0.035)$	086*** (.031)	$008 \\ (.033)$	056* (.032)	$0.036 \\ (0.028)$	089*** (.032)	.093** (.034)
Positive Reciprocity (f)	.296*** (.037)	.148*** (.03)	.181*** (.032)	.287*** (.03)	.003 (.03)	0.052* (0.031)	.262*** (.036)	.126*** (.033)	.139*** (.035)	.288*** (.033)	0.016 0.03	0.046 0.031
Negative Reciprocity (f)	057* (.031)	0.038 (0.033)	056* (.033)	223*** (.032)	.156*** (.033)	183*** (.033)	114*** (.03)	(.033)	$\frac{037}{(.031)}$	305*** (.027)	.066** (.033)	182** (.032)
Impatience	1*** (.03)	013 (.032)	0.022 0.033	139*** (.029)	.185*** (.034)	063** (.032)	067** (.03)	0.007 0.031	017 (.03)	129*** (.026)	.193*** (.032)	$\frac{056}{(.032)}$
N R-squared	1011 .123	1011 .097	1011 .069	1011 .193	1011	1011 .096	1085 .112	1085 .055	1085 .044	1085 $.251$	1085 .076	1085 .087

Notes: O=Openness to Experience, C=Conscientiousness, E=Extraversion, A=Agreeableness, N=Neuroticism. The table displays regression coefficients of factor scores on covariates. Height is a person's body height, Ln(income), Ln(income from assets) and Ln(income from pubtrans) denote total yearly gross household income, total yearly gross household income from public transfers respectively. Source: GSOEP, waves 2004-2008, own calculations.