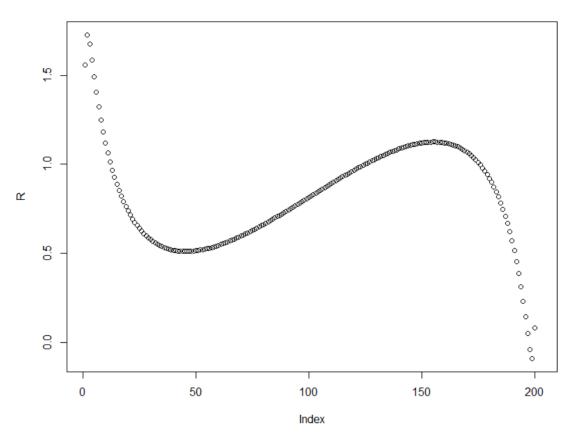
```
1)
  foward<-function(x,error)</pre>
    a=n-1
    A11=1
    A12=0
    B11=1
    B12=1
    c1=A11*b+A12*a
c2=B11*b+B12*a
    C=c1/c2
    aproxnorm=1- C^* dnorm(x, mean = 0, sd = 1, log=FALSE)
    while(abs(realnorm(x)-aproxnorm)>error)
       A12=A11
      B12=B11
       A11=c1
       B11=c2
       a=n-1
       c1=A11*b+A12*a
      c2=B11*b+B12*a
       aproxnorm=1- c1/c2* dnorm(x, mean = 0, sd = 1, log=FALSE)
    return(C)
  foward(4.7,0.00001)* dnorm(4.7, mean = 0, sd = 1, log=FALSE)
[1] 5.252312e-06
2)
  func2 < -function(x,n)
     a=vector(length=n)
    a[1]=1
    a[i]=i
c=seq(1,100,by=2)
for(i in 2:n){
    a[i]=cumprod(c[1:(i-1)])[i-1]*(-1)**(i-1)/x**(2*(i-1))
     p=exp(-x**2/2)/sqrt(2*pi)/x*sum(a)
     return(p)
> func2(4.7,12)
[1] 1.300792e-06
Not very similar with 1)
3)
   R=numeric(202)
   for(i in 0:202)
                                                                  5
     R[i]=funcr(x[i])
   x=qnorm(seq(0,1,length.out=202))[2:201]
   R=numeric(202)
                                                                  0.
   for(i in 0:202)
                                                               Y
     R[i]=funcr(x[i])
> plot(R)
                                                                  0.5
> plot(R)
  qqnorm(R)
   x=qnorm(seq(0,1,length.out=202))[2:201]
   R=numeric(202)
                                                                  0.0
   for(i in 0:202)
                                                                       0
                                                                                     50
                                                                                                   100
                                                                                                                 150
                                                                                                                               200
     R[i]=funcr(x[i])
                                                                                                   Index
```

> plot(R)

```
4)
> funcr<-function(x)
+ {
+ m2=3/242
+ m3 = -21/17303
+ m4=5.6067*0.0001
+ m5=-1.4329*0.0001
+ m6=5.4559*10**-5
+ k2=m2
+ k3=m3
  k4=m4-3*m2**2
+ k6=m6-15*m2*m4-10*m3**2+30*m2**2
  g2=k4/k2**2
g4=k6/k2**3
+ he1=x
+ he2=x**2-1
+ he3=x**3-3*x
+ he4=x**4-6*x**2+3
  he5=x**5-10*x**3+15*x
+ h2=he3/24
+ h4=he5/720
+ h22=-(3*he5+6*he3+2*he1)/384
+ w=x+g2*h2+g4*h4+g2**2*h22
+ r=9/11+3/242*w
  return(r)
+ }
> x=qnorm(seq(0,1,length.out=202))[2:201]
  R=numeric(202)
  for(i in 0:202)
    R[i]=funcr(x[i])
> plot(R)
```



```
4
> n=12
> m2=4/45
> m3=16/945
  m4=16/945
> m5=128/18711
  m6=4.648*10**-3
> k2=m2
> k3=m3
> k4=m4-3*m2**2
> k6=m6-15*m2*m4-10*m3**2+30*m2**2
                                             R4
  g2=k4/(n*k2**2)
  g4=k6/(n**2*k2**3)
  func4<-function(x)</pre>
+
  {
    he1=x
    he2=x**2-1
                                                                                   150
                                                                                             200
                                                             50
                                                                        100
    he3=x**3-3*x
                                                                        Index
    he4=x**4-6*x**2+3
    he5=x**5-10*x**3+15*x
    h2=he3/24
                                                                                Normal Q-Q Plot
    h4=he5/720
    h22 = -(3*he5+6*he3+2*he1)/384
    w=x+g2*h2+g4*h4+g2**2*h22
    r=n/3+2*sqrt(5*n)/15*w
    return(r)
                                                          Sample Quantiles
  x=qnorm(seq(0,1,length.out=202))[2:201]
  R4=numeric(202)
  for(i in 0:202)
  {
     R4[i]=func4(x[i])
                                                                      -2
                                                                                     0
  }
+
> plot(R4)
                                                                                 Theoretical Quantiles
> qqnorm(R4)
5)
library(pbivnorm)
rho = 0.5
Hermite_Gauss_inte = function(lambda, y){
  HG = lambda * pnorm((1.6 + sqrt(2*rho)*y)/sqrt(1-rho)) * pnorm((2 + sqrt(2*rho)*y)/sqrt(1-rho))
  return(HG)
I = (Hermite\_Gauss\_inte(0.94520872, 0) + Hermite\_Gauss\_inte(0.39361932, 0.9585725) +
  Hermite_Gauss_inte(0.39361932, -0.9585725) + Hermite_Gauss_inte(0.019953242, 2.0201829) +
     Hermite_Gauss_inte(0.019953242, -2.0201829))/sqrt(pi)
```

```
> pbivnorm(1.6, 2, rho = 0.5, recycle = TRUE)
[1] 0.9297111
```