Predicting Divorce with the DS Test: a quantitative approach CYO - Data Science: Capstone

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```
if(!require(magrittr)) install.packages("magrittr",
                                        repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
if(!require(utils)) install.packages("utils",
                                        repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
if(!require(ggplot2)) install.packages("ggplot2",
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if(!require(dplyr)) install.packages("dplyr", repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
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if(!require(factoextra)) install.packages("factoextra",
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if(!require(rpart.plot)) install.packages("rpart.plot",
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if(!require(randomForest)) install.packages("randomForest",
                                            repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
if(!require(Rtools)) install.packages("Rtools",
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```

1. Project Overview

I found this interesting article about Divorce Prediction https://dergipark.org.tr/en/download/article-file/748448. This is based on a Gottman's couples therapy research of more than 20 years and proposes that couples can find alert signs of divorce. If diagnosed on time, marriages can work on tackling their problems to have a happy marriage and avoid divorce. Gottman has designed therapies to help marriages to improve their quality of life and relationships.

The article analyzes a sample survey in Turkey and predicts divorce with 98% accuracy by using correlation based feature selection and artificial neural networks.

It is very exciting to be able to quantify emotions and behaviors and apply analytics in social sciences. It is also more difficult and biased because there are a lot of assumptions, like people are completely honest and that every person interpret the questions in the same way. That is why I want to explore this dataset and apply other prediction methods to see if I get the same prediction rate. I will predict a categorical variable, in this case whether a person will remain married(0) or will get divorced(1) based on their current behavior explained by the answers to the survey.

2. Analysis

Data Set Description

The dataset is taken from UCI Machine Learning Repository - Center for Machine Learning And Intelligent Systems https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/00497/. This corresponds to a dataset from a questionnaire that ask participants several questions related to their behavior with their partners based on the Divorce Predictors Scale (DPS) from Gottman couples therapy.

The initial research https://dergipark.org.tr/en/download/article-file/748448 was developed by Dr. Mustafa Kemal Yöntem, Dr. Kemal ADEM, Prof. Dr. Tahsin İlhan, and Lecturer Serhat Kılıçarslan, inspired by Gottman's DPS couples therapy.

The survey had a total of 170 Turkish participants, 84 males and 86 females between 20 to 63 years old, from which 84 are divorced(49%) and 86 are married(51%) who answered 54 questions. All responses were collected on a 5-point scale: (0=Never, 1=Seldom, 2=Averagely, 3=Frequently, 4=Always).

The last variable Class indicates marital status as 0 for married and 1 for divorced.

Downloading the dataset

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 0.000 0.000 2.000 1.776 3.000 4.000
```

print("Dataset glimpse")

[1] "Dataset glimpse"

tibble::glimpse(divorce)

```
## Rows: 170
## Columns: 55
## $ Atr1 <int> 2, 4, 2, 3, 2, 0, 3, 2, 2, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr2
          <int> 2, 4, 2, 2, 2, 0, 3, 1, 2, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
          <int> 4, 4, 2, 3, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3...
          <int> 1, 4, 2, 2, 1, 0, 2, 2, 0, 1, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 3...
## $ Atr4
## $ Atr5
          <int> 0, 4, 1, 3, 1, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr6 <int> 0, 0, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1...
## $ Atr7 <int> 0, 0, 2, 3, 0, 0, 4, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0...
## $ Atr8 <int> 0, 4, 1, 3, 0, 0, 3, 3, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
## $ Atr9 <int> 0, 4, 1, 3, 0, 0, 2, 3, 3, 2, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3...
## $ Atr10 <int> 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 2, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 3...
## $ Atr11 <int> 1, 4, 3, 4, 0, 0, 2, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr12 <int> 0, 3, 4, 3, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
## $ Atr13 <int> 1, 4, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 2, 3, 0, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr14 <int> 1, 0, 3, 4, 1, 0, 3, 3, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
## $ Atr15 <int> 0, 4, 3, 3, 1, 2, 2, 4, 3, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3...
## $ Atr16 <int> 1, 4, 3, 3, 1, 0, 3, 3, 0, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 3...
## $ Atr17 <int> 0, 4, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr18 <int> 0, 4, 3, 3, 1, 1, 3, 3, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
## $ Atr19 <int> 0, 3, 3, 3, 2, 0, 3, 2, 3, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr20 <int> 1, 2, 2, 4, 1, 1, 2, 1, 3, 0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
## $ Atr21 <int> 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 3, 2, 2, 0, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3...
## $ Atr22 <int> 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 3, 1, 2, 0, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 3...
## $ Atr23 <int> 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 3, 1, 2, 0, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr24 <int> 0, 2, 2, 1, 0, 0, 3, 2, 3, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
## $ Atr25 <int> 0, 2, 2, 2, 0, 2, 2, 3, 2, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr26 <int> 0, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
## $ Atr27 <int> 0, 2, 2, 1, 1, 0, 3, 2, 2, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3...
## $ Atr28 <int> 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 2, 3, 1, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 3...
## $ Atr29 <int> 0, 1, 3, 1, 1, 0, 2, 2, 2, 1, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4...
## $ Atr30 <int> 1, 1, 2, 3, 1, 0, 2, 3, 3, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3...
## $ Atr31 <int> 1, 0, 3, 2, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4...
## $ Atr32 <int> 2, 4, 3, 3, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4...
## $ Atr33 <int> 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4...
## $ Atr34 <int> 2, 3, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4...
## $ Atr35 <int> 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4.
## $ Atr36 <int> 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4...
## $ Atr37 <int> 2, 3, 2, 3, 0, 1, 3, 4, 1, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4.
## $ Atr38 <int> 1, 4, 1, 3, 0, 2, 2, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4...
## $ Atr39 <int> 3, 2, 3, 4, 2, 0, 2, 4, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4...
## $ Atr40 <int> 3, 4, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4...
## $ Atr41 <int> 2, 2, 3, 2, 0, 2, 3, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4...
## $ Atr42 <int> 1, 2, 3, 2, 2, 1, 3, 4, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4...
```

The survey design has some bias. From the initial article, the researchers explained that Turkey is among the 12 countries with increasing divorce rate (as of 2019 when the study was published). Divorced participants answered based on their marriage experience, while the married participants included were the ones who considered themselves as having a "happy marriage", without any thought of divorce. This means, married people who are having problems and have signs of divorce were excluded.

The dataset does not include any demographic variables and only have the 54 questions' responses and marital status(output variable).

Attribute Information

- 1. When one of us apologizes when our discussions go bad, the issue does not extend.
- 2. I know we can ignore our differences, even if things get hard sometimes.
- 3. When we need to, we can take our discussions from the beginning and correct it.
- 4. When I argue with my spouse, it will eventually work for me to contact him.
- 5. The time I spent with my spouse is special for us.
- 6. We don't have time at home as partners.
- 7. We are like two strangers who share the same environment at home rather than family.
- 8. I enjoy our holidays with my spouse.
- 9. I enjoy traveling with my spouse.
- 10. My spouse and most of our goals are common.
- 11. I think that some day, my spouse and I will bee in harmony with each other.
- 12. My spouse and I have similar values regarding personal freedom.
- 13. My spouse and I have similar entertainment.
- 14. Most of our goals in regards to people (children, friends, etc.) are the same.
- 15. My dreams of living are similar and harmonious with those of my spouse.
- 16. I'm compatible with my spouse about what love should be.
- 17. I share the same views with my spouse about being happy.
- 18. My spouse and I have similar ideas about how marriage should be.
- 19. My spouse and I have similar ideas about how roles should be in marriage.
- 20. My spouse and I have similar values regarding trust.
- 21. I know exactly what my spouse likes.
- 22. I know how my spouse wants to be taken care of when she's sick.
- 23. I know my spouse's favorite food.
- 24. I can tell you what kind of stress my spouse is having in life.
- 25. I have knowledge of my spouse's inner world.
- 26. I know my spouse's basic concerns.
- 27. I know what my spouse's current sources of stress are.
- 28. I know my spouse's hopes and wishes.
- 29. I know my spouse very well.
- 30. I know my spouse's friends and their social relationships.

- 31. I feel aggressive when I argue with my spouse.
- 32. When discussing with my spouse, I usually use expressions such as X, Y, Z.
- 33. I can use negative statements about my spouse's personality during our discussions.
- 34. I can use offensive expressions during our discussions.
- 35. I can insult our discussions.
- 36. I can be humiliating when we argue.
- 37. My argument with my spouse is not calm.
- 38. I hate my spouse's way of bringing it up.
- 39. Fights often occur suddenly.
- 40. We're just starting a fight before I know what's going on.
- 41. When I talk to my spouse about something, my calm suddenly breaks.
- 42. When I argue with my spouse, it only snaps in and I don't say a word.
- 43. I'm mostly willing to calm the environment a little bit.
- 44. Sometimes I think it's good for me to leave home for a while.
- 45. I'd rather stay silent than argue with my spouse.
- 46. Even if I'm right in the argument, I'm willing not to upset the other side.
- 47. When I argue with my spouse, I remain silent because I am afraid of not being able to control my anger.
- 48. I feel right in our discussions.
- 49. I have nothing to do with what I've been accused of.
- 50. I'm not actually the one who's guilty of what I'm accused of.
- 51. I'm not the one who's wrong about problems at home.
- 52. I wouldn't hesitate to tell her about my spouse's inadequacy.
- 53. I remind my spouse of her inadequacies during our discussion.
- 54. I'm not afraid to tell her about my spouse's incompetence.

Data wrangling

The decision variable *Class* is a binary variable, having married as 0 and divorced 1. I will adjust this vaiable as factor. Other than that, the dataste is very clean.

```
divorce <- divorce %>% dplyr::mutate(Class = factor(Class))
```

Datasets for model creation

This dataset has only 170 rows. Being a small dataset, I will split the data in a 80-20 proportion for training and testing. There will not be a validation dataset.

From the training dataset 50% of participants are divorced. From the testing dataset 48% are divorced. This is a very balanced split.

```
set.seed(1, sample.kind="Rounding")

test_index <- createDataPartition(y = divorce$Class, times = 1, p = 0.2, list = FALSE)

divorce_training <-divorce[-test_index, ]

divorce_testing <- divorce[test_index, ]

print("Training set proportions:")</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Training set proportions:"
```

```
prop.table(table(divorce_training$Class))

##

## 0 1

## 0.5037037 0.4962963

print("Testing set proportions:")

## [1] "Testing set proportions:"

prop.table(table(divorce_testing$Class))

##

## 0 1

## 0.5142857 0.4857143
```

Data Exploration

• Dataset overview

As explained before, there are 54 predictors, which are answers to a survey. The response scale is (0=Never, 1=Seldom, 2=Averagely, 3=Frequently, 4=Always).

From the data summary we can see that more than 20 answers have a mean greater than 2.

```
summary <- summary(divorce)
summary</pre>
```

```
##
         Atr1
                          Atr2
                                           Atr3
                                                            Atr4
##
           :0.000
                            :0.000
                                             :0.000
                                                              :0.000
                     1st Qu.:0.000
                                                       1st Qu.:0.000
##
    1st Qu.:0.000
                                      1st Qu.:0.000
##
    Median :2.000
                     Median :2.000
                                      Median :2.000
                                                       Median :1.000
                     Mean
                                                               :1.482
##
    Mean
           :1.776
                            :1.653
                                             :1.765
                                      Mean
                                                       Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:3.000
                     3rd Qu.:3.000
                                      3rd Qu.:3.000
                                                       3rd Qu.:3.000
##
    Max.
           :4.000
                     Max.
                            :4.000
                                      Max.
                                              :4.000
                                                       Max.
                                                               :4.000
##
         Atr5
                          Atr6
                                            Atr7
                                                              Atr8
##
   Min.
           :0.000
                            :0.0000
                                       Min.
                                               :0.0000
                                                         Min.
                                                                 :0.000
##
    1st Qu.:0.000
                     1st Qu.:0.0000
                                       1st Qu.:0.0000
                                                         1st Qu.:0.000
##
    Median :1.000
                     Median :0.0000
                                       Median :0.0000
                                                         Median :1.000
           :1.541
                                                                :1.453
##
    Mean
                            :0.7471
                                               :0.4941
                     Mean
                                       Mean
                                                         Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:3.000
                     3rd Qu.:1.0000
                                       3rd Qu.:1.0000
                                                         3rd Qu.:3.000
           :4.000
                            :4.0000
##
    Max.
                     Max.
                                       Max.
                                               :4.0000
                                                         Max.
                                                                 :4.000
##
         Atr9
                         Atr10
                                          Atr11
                                                           Atr12
           :0.000
                                                              :0.000
##
                            :0.000
                                              :0.000
    Min.
                     Min.
                                      Min.
                                                       Min.
    1st Qu.:0.000
                     1st Qu.:0.000
                                      1st Qu.:0.000
                                                       1st Qu.:0.000
##
   Median :1.000
                     Median :2.000
                                      Median :1.000
                                                       Median :1.500
    Mean
           :1.459
                            :1.576
                                              :1.688
##
                     Mean
                                      Mean
                                                       Mean
                                                              :1.653
##
    3rd Qu.:3.000
                     3rd Qu.:3.000
                                      3rd Qu.:3.000
                                                       3rd Qu.:3.000
##
    Max.
           :4.000
                     Max.
                            :4.000
                                      Max.
                                             :4.000
                                                       Max.
                                                              :4.000
##
        Atr13
                         Atr14
                                          Atr15
                                                           Atr16
```

```
Min.
          :0.000
                   Min.
                          :0.000
                                    Min. :0.000
                                                    Min. :0.000
                                                    1st Qu.:0.000
##
   1st Qu.:0.000
                   1st Qu.:0.000
                                    1st Qu.:0.000
   Median :2.000
                                   Median :1.000
                                                    Median :1.000
                   Median :1.000
   Mean
         :1.835
                   Mean :1.571
                                   Mean :1.571
                                                    Mean :1.476
##
##
    3rd Qu.:3.000
                   3rd Qu.:3.000
                                    3rd Qu.:3.000
                                                    3rd Qu.:3.000
##
   Max.
          :4.000
                          :4.000
                                    Max. :4.000
                                                          :4.000
                   Max.
                                                    Max.
                        Atr18
                                                        Atr20
##
        Atr17
                                       Atr19
##
   Min.
          :0.000
                   Min.
                          :0.000
                                   Min.
                                          :0.000
                                                    Min.
                                                          :0.000
##
    1st Qu.:0.000
                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                                    1st Qu.:0.000
##
   Median :1.000
                   Median :1.000
                                    Median :1.000
                                                    Median :1.000
   Mean :1.653
                   Mean :1.518
                                    Mean :1.641
                                                    Mean :1.459
    3rd Qu.:3.000
                    3rd Qu.:3.000
                                    3rd Qu.:3.000
                                                    3rd Qu.:3.000
##
##
   Max.
         :4.000
                   Max.
                         :4.000
                                    Max. :4.000
                                                    Max. :4.000
                                       Atr23
##
       Atr21
                       Atr22
                                                       Atr24
##
                          :0.000
                                                          :0.000
   Min.
          :0.000
                   Min.
                                    Min.
                                          :0.000
                                                    Min.
##
    1st Qu.:0.000
                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                                    1st Qu.:0.000
   Median :1.000
                   Median :0.000
                                    Median :0.000
                                                    Median :1.000
##
##
   Mean :1.388
                   Mean :1.247
                                    Mean :1.412
                                                    Mean :1.512
                   3rd Qu.:3.000
    3rd Qu.:3.000
                                    3rd Qu.:3.000
##
                                                    3rd Qu.:3.000
##
   Max. :4.000
                   Max. :4.000
                                    Max. :4.000
                                                    Max. :4.000
                       Atr26
                                       Atr27
##
       Atr25
                                                      Atr28
                                                                      Atr29
##
           :0.000
                           :0.000
                                           :0.0
                                                         :0.000
                                                                         :0.000
                   Min.
                                    Min.
                                                  Min.
                                                                  Min.
    1st Qu.:0.000
                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                    1st Qu.:0.0
                                                  1st Qu.:0.000
                                                                  1st Qu.:0.000
##
   Median :1.000
                   Median :1.000
                                    Median:1.0
                                                  Median :0.500
                                                                  Median :1.000
##
   Mean :1.629
                                    Mean :1.4
##
                   Mean :1.488
                                                  Mean :1.306
                                                                  Mean :1.494
    3rd Qu.:3.000
                    3rd Qu.:3.000
                                    3rd Qu.:3.0
                                                  3rd Qu.:3.000
                                                                  3rd Qu.:3.000
   Max. :4.000
                   Max. :4.000
                                    Max. :4.0
                                                  Max. :4.000
                                                                        :4.000
##
                                                                  Max.
##
       Atr30
                       Atr31
                                       Atr32
                                                        Atr33
                                                                        Atr34
##
          :0.000
                          :0.000
                                         :0.000
                                                          :0.000
                                                                    Min. :0.0
   Min.
                   Min.
                                    Min.
                                                    Min.
    1st Qu.:0.000
                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                                                    1st Qu.:0.0
##
   Median :1.000
                   Median :2.000
                                    Median :2.000
                                                    Median :1.000
                                                                    Median:1.0
##
   Mean :1.494
                   Mean :2.124
                                    Mean :2.059
                                                    Mean :1.806
                                                                    Mean :1.9
##
    3rd Qu.:3.000
                    3rd Qu.:4.000
                                    3rd Qu.:4.000
                                                    3rd Qu.:4.000
                                                                    3rd Qu.:4.0
         :4.000
                   Max. :4.000
                                    Max. :4.000
                                                    Max. :4.000
##
   Max.
                                                                    Max.
                                                                         :4.0
##
       Atr35
                        Atr36
                                       Atr37
                                                        Atr38
##
          :0.000
                          :0.000
                                          :0.000
                                                          :0.000
   Min.
                   Min.
                                   Min.
                                                    Min.
    1st Qu.:0.000
                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                                    1st Qu.:0.000
##
   Median : 0.500
                   Median : 0.000
                                   Median :2.000
                                                    Median :1.000
   Mean :1.671
                   Mean :1.606
                                    Mean :2.088
                                                    Mean :1.859
##
    3rd Qu.:4.000
                    3rd Qu.:4.000
                                    3rd Qu.:4.000
                                                    3rd Qu.:4.000
##
   Max. :4.000
                   Max. :4.000
                                    Max. :4.000
                                                    Max. :4.000
##
##
       Atr39
                       Atr40
                                       Atr41
                                                        Atr42
##
   Min.
          :0.000
                   Min.
                          :0.000
                                    Min.
                                          :0.000
                                                    Min.
                                                          :0.000
##
    1st Qu.:0.000
                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                    1st Qu.:0.000
                                                    1st Qu.:0.000
   Median :2.000
                   Median :1.500
                                    Median :2.000
                                                    Median :2.000
##
   Mean :2.088
                   Mean :1.871
                                    Mean :1.994
                                                    Mean :2.159
##
    3rd Qu.:4.000
                    3rd Qu.:4.000
                                    3rd Qu.:4.000
                                                    3rd Qu.:4.000
         :4.000
                          :4.000
                                    Max. :4.000
##
   Max.
                   Max.
                                                    Max. :4.000
       Atr43
                       Atr44
                                                       Atr46
##
                                       Atr45
##
   Min.
          :0.000
                   Min.
                          :0.000
                                    Min. :0.000
                                                    Min.
                                                          :0.000
##
    1st Qu.:2.000
                   1st Qu.:0.000
                                    1st Qu.:1.000
                                                    1st Qu.:2.000
   Median :3.000
                   Median :2.000
                                   Median :3.000
                                                    Median :3.000
##
   Mean :2.706
                   Mean :1.941
                                   Mean :2.459
                                                    Mean :2.553
   3rd Qu.:4.000
                   3rd Qu.:4.000
                                    3rd Qu.:4.000
                                                    3rd Qu.:4.000
```

```
##
            :4.000
                             :4.000
                                              :4.000
                                                               :4.000
    Max.
                     Max.
                                      Max.
                                                        Max.
##
        Atr47
                         Atr48
                                           Atr49
                                                            Atr50
           :0.000
                             :0.000
                                              :0.000
##
   Min.
                     Min.
                                      Min.
                                                        Min.
                                                               :0.000
    1st Qu.:1.000
                     1st Qu.:2.000
                                      1st Qu.:1.000
                                                        1st Qu.:1.000
##
##
    Median :2.000
                     Median :3.000
                                      Median :3.000
                                                        Median :2.000
           :2.271
##
    Mean
                     Mean
                             :2.741
                                      Mean
                                              :2.382
                                                               :2.429
                                                        Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:4.000
                     3rd Qu.:4.000
                                      3rd Qu.:4.000
                                                        3rd Qu.:4.000
##
    Max.
            :4.000
                     Max.
                             :4.000
                                      Max.
                                              :4.000
                                                        Max.
                                                               :4.000
##
        Atr51
                          Atr52
                                           Atr53
                                                            Atr54
                                                                         Class
##
   \mathtt{Min}.
            :0.000
                     Min.
                             :0.000
                                      Min.
                                              :0.000
                                                        Min.
                                                               :0.000
                                                                         0:86
   1st Qu.:2.000
                     1st Qu.:1.000
                                      1st Qu.:1.000
                                                        1st Qu.:0.000
                                                                         1:84
  Median :3.000
                     Median :3.000
                                      Median :2.000
                                                        Median :2.000
##
           :2.476
                                              :2.241
                                                               :2.012
## Mean
                     Mean
                             :2.518
                                      Mean
                                                        Mean
## 3rd Qu.:4.000
                                                        3rd Qu.:4.000
                     3rd Qu.:4.000
                                       3rd Qu.:4.000
            :4.000
                             :4.000
                                              :4.000
                                                               :4.000
## Max.
                     Max.
                                      Max.
                                                        Max.
```

• Missing values

9350

The dataset does not have any missing values that need to be removed or handle.

```
table(is.na(divorce))

##
## FALSE
```

• Histograms of predictor variables

A visual inspection tells us that the attributes that could predict divorce based on the counts and more filled as divorced are: atr1, atr3, atr13, atr25, atr32, atr39.

```
## store predictor variables
attributes <- setdiff(colnames(divorce), "Class")</pre>
## initialize an empty list to store plots
histograms = list()
## initialize plot index
i = 1
## create plot and fill plot list
for (attr in attributes) {
 hist = ggplot2::ggplot(divorce_training) +
    ggplot2::geom_histogram(aes_string(x=attr, fill="Class"),
                   position="stack", alpha=0.6) +
    ggplot2::theme classic() +
    ggplot2::theme(legend.position="bottom")
 histograms[[i]] = hist
  i = i + 1
}
```

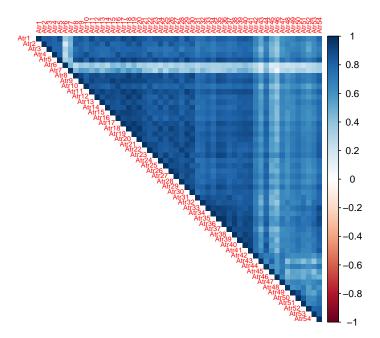
```
## display plots. I will plot this graphs at the end after the references for clarity
#histograms
#do.call("grid.arrange", c(histograms, ncol=3))
```

• Evaluating variables correlation

```
main_vars <- divorce_training[, 1:54]

#calculating correlation among variables in divorce
corr_divorce <- cor(main_vars)

corrplot::corrplot(corr_divorce, type="upper", method="shade",tl.cex = 0.6)</pre>
```



The correlation chart shows there are many variables highly correlated, as shown with the darkets blue shade (values close to 1). We need to find the relevant variables to run a predictive model, thus, we want to remove highly correlated variables to avoid overfitting.

• Eliminating highly correlated variables

##

To efficiently reduce the amount of predictors, we will be using Principal Component Analisys (PCA)

The first 9 elements account for 90% of the variability. The 25 first elements account for 98% of the variability. Only the first component explains 77% of the variability.

```
x <- divorce_training[ ,attributes] #Selecting attributes from dataset
divorce_training_pca <- prcomp(x) #Calculating PC from attributes
summary(divorce_training_pca)
## Importance of components:</pre>
```

PC2

PC3

PC5

PC6

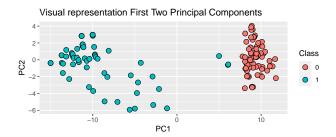
PC7

PC4

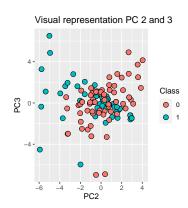
PC1

```
9.9169 2.10905 1.90120 1.40838 1.32143 1.26750 1.20208
## Standard deviation
## Proportion of Variance 0.7724 0.03493 0.02839 0.01558 0.01371 0.01262 0.01135
## Cumulative Proportion 0.7724 0.80732 0.83571 0.85129 0.86501 0.87762 0.88897
                                                                      PC13
##
                              PC8
                                      PC9
                                             PC10
                                                     PC11
                                                             PC12
                                                                              PC14
## Standard deviation
                          1.12240 1.09812 1.01164 0.97886 0.93897 0.85697 0.83375
## Proportion of Variance 0.00989 0.00947 0.00804 0.00753 0.00692 0.00577 0.00546
## Cumulative Proportion 0.89887 0.90834 0.91637 0.92390 0.93082 0.93659 0.94205
##
                             PC15
                                     PC16
                                             PC17
                                                     PC18
                                                             PC19
                                                                      PC20
## Standard deviation
                          0.81812 0.74315 0.72554 0.69914 0.68521 0.61560 0.57906
## Proportion of Variance 0.00526 0.00434 0.00413 0.00384 0.00369 0.00298 0.00263
## Cumulative Proportion 0.94731 0.95165 0.95578 0.95962 0.96331 0.96628 0.96892
##
                             PC22
                                     PC23
                                             PC24
                                                     PC25
                                                             PC26
                                                                      PC27
                                                                              PC28
## Standard deviation
                          0.57025 0.54391 0.53732 0.51584 0.50180 0.47519 0.44590
## Proportion of Variance 0.00255 0.00232 0.00227 0.00209 0.00198 0.00177 0.00156
## Cumulative Proportion 0.97147 0.97379 0.97606 0.97815 0.98013 0.98190 0.98346
##
                             PC29
                                     PC30
                                             PC31
                                                     PC32
                                                              PC33
                                                                      PC34
                                                                              PC35
## Standard deviation
                          0.43946 0.43497 0.41335 0.38767 0.36893 0.36494 0.35122
## Proportion of Variance 0.00152 0.00149 0.00134 0.00118 0.00107 0.00105 0.00097
## Cumulative Proportion 0.98498 0.98647 0.98781 0.98899 0.99006 0.99110 0.99207
##
                             PC36
                                     PC37
                                            PC38
                                                    PC39
                                                             PC40
                                                                     PC41
                                                                             PC42
## Standard deviation
                          0.34239 0.32768 0.3189 0.29698 0.27924 0.26448 0.25400
## Proportion of Variance 0.00092 0.00084 0.0008 0.00069 0.00061 0.00055 0.00051
## Cumulative Proportion 0.99299 0.99384 0.9946 0.99533 0.99594 0.99649 0.99700
                                                    PC46
                             PC43
                                    PC44
                                            PC45
                                                             PC47
                                                                     PC48
                          0.24348 0.2247 0.21123 0.20330 0.19254 0.18120 0.16258
## Standard deviation
## Proportion of Variance 0.00047 0.0004 0.00035 0.00032 0.00029 0.00026 0.00021
## Cumulative Proportion 0.99746 0.9979 0.99821 0.99853 0.99882 0.99908 0.99929
                             PC50
                                     PC51
                                             PC52
                                                     PC53
                                                              PC54
                          0.15695 0.14094 0.13272 0.12741 0.10986
## Standard deviation
## Proportion of Variance 0.00019 0.00016 0.00014 0.00013 0.00009
## Cumulative Proportion 0.99948 0.99964 0.99978 0.99991 1.00000
```

```
data.frame(divorce_training_pca$x[,1:2], Class=divorce_training$Class) %>%
    ggplot2::ggplot(aes(PC1,PC2, fill = Class))+
    ggplot2::geom_point(cex=3, pch=21) +
    ggplot2::coord_fixed(ratio = 1)+
    ggplot2::ggtitle("Visual representation First Two Principal Components")
```



```
data.frame(divorce_training_pca$x[,2:3], Class=divorce_training$Class) %>%
    ggplot2::ggplot(aes(PC2,PC3, fill = Class))+
    ggplot2::geom_point(cex=3, pch=21) +
    ggplot2::coord_fixed(ratio = 1)+
    ggplot2::ggtitle("Visual representation PC 2 and 3")
```

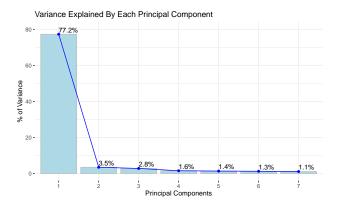


Now we will create a new training and testing dataset with principal components to use in the modeling session.

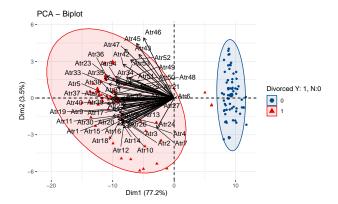
```
divorce_training_pc = as.data.frame(divorce_training_pca$x)
divorce_training_pc$Class = divorce_training$Class
head(divorce_training_pc)
```

```
##
         PC1
                    PC2
                              PC3
                                        PC4
                                                   PC5
                                                             PC6
                                                                      PC7
    5.001927
             0.4482030 -1.9183911 -0.4050889
                                            2.07916074 -2.4164406 -0.494351
## 3 -2.131388 -3.4694589
                        1.6256846
                                  2.3380452 -0.78482827 -1.1632855
                                                                 1.539369
## 4 -4.752328 -3.9502921
                        0.9283251
                                  0.8547924
                                            0.52184214 -3.3619236
                                                                 1.761967
    6.056497 -0.6087961
                       1.7336813 -0.6574911
                                            0.78846621 -0.2286895 -0.505369
    6.095386 -0.5550061 -1.3081149
                                  2.7564768
                                            0.77774284
                                                      1.6858438
                                                                 1.009736
## 7 -4.629296 -2.6933806
                                  0.4245280
                                            0.03805505 -0.8893236
                        2.7921849
                                                                 1.111097
           PC8
                     PC9
                             PC10
                                       PC11
                                                 PC12
                                                           PC13
               0.3213686 0.9630951
                                  3.1690760 -1.7297686
                                                      0.7022726 -0.09165216
## 1 -0.3828507
    1.3076764 2.0083988 0.8576773 -0.8056156
                                            0.4054828 -0.1688673 -0.13026595
    0.1093031 -0.4881266 0.9061661
                                 0.2117650
                                            0.1587790
                                                      0.1896811
                                                                1.14357272
## 5 -0.6234749 -0.3774705 0.4807929 0.9321649
                                            0.5315559 -1.7625150 -0.36416526
    1.1923196 1.6190475 1.2334267 -2.2687860 -0.1356265
                                                     0.9835357
                                                                1.26326869
     1.9948610 -0.2144704 1.2097839 -0.4789832 -1.3445787 -1.4860855 -1.38843781
                                                             PC20
         PC15
                    PC16
                                        PC18
                                                   PC19
##
                              PC17
                                  0.7919400 0.36003064 -1.1979412 -1.2224653
## 1
     0.8780461 -0.1607495 -1.2302091
                        1.5511447
                                   0.4575502 -0.09111096 -0.9224207 -0.4927741
    1.7475863 -0.1860201
## 4 -0.9600942
              1.3454632
                        0.8642120
                                   2.0205829 0.29516376 -1.0793850 0.3175153
    0.8694334 -0.8452825
                         1.1500063
                                  0.9531644 -0.43131328 -0.0697104 0.2276545
## 6 -0.5504636 -1.5397232 0.9459050 -1.4566373 0.11364548 -1.3958371 -0.6464744
## 7
     1.1742153
                                                                 0.2529383
           PC22
                      PC23
                                 PC24
                                             PC25
                                                       PC26
                                                                 PC27
## 1 -0.127571579 -0.07161427
                           0.8931457
## 3 0.003912372 -0.47243435 -0.18952314 -1.001357301 0.20558906 -0.4275691
## 5 -0.398490059 -0.36803277 -1.15774333 -0.012233225 1.66455407 -1.5377373
```

```
## 6 0.252193479 0.67587544 0.09738649 1.040229824 0.21877661 -1.2836662
    0.299361558 1.32286848 1.80090766 -0.705892002 0.01290306 0.7781087
                                         PC31
         PC28
                    PC29
                              PC30
                                                    PC32
## 1 0.2831462 0.18575733 1.00722010 0.27743906 0.561596537 -0.13752957
## 3 -0.5251967 0.80721182 -0.03782090 -1.73513270 0.687582514 -0.17270602
## 4 1.4692071 -1.23530007 -0.26844745 0.18048194 0.003543012 0.09525928
## 5 0.2890830 0.08404252 1.36860394 0.12308114 -0.640749245 0.11019362
## 6 0.5390956 0.68130435 0.07000135 -0.07103052 -0.303898503 0.37072636
## 7 -1.1739270 -0.15805067 0.81946269 0.06812937 0.762958374 0.84774121
        PC34
                    PC35
                             PC36
                                       PC37
                                                  PC38
## 1 0.1583347 -0.005603301 -0.6540078 -0.3213327 -0.04936921 -0.9146279
## 4 0.3866160 0.496901705 0.5589019 0.3444398 0.22239626 -0.1210227
## 5 0.1986656 -0.175479502 -0.4004802 -0.4990597 -0.33526177 0.2112228
## 7 0.3746570 -0.265292997 0.6837553 -0.3537728 0.36073001 0.3866860
          PC40
                    PC41
                              PC42
                                          PC43
                                                   PC44
## 1 -0.02966737 0.1178952 0.20361309 -0.217933068 0.2823155 -0.313384785
## 3 0.39829938 -0.5904353 -0.03062511 -0.256609267 -0.2817708 0.198534294
## 4 0.49401989 0.6681529 0.19735677 0.032685234 -0.1299638 -0.007100035
## 6 -0.27982142 -0.1132089 0.09504793 -0.100302811 0.3339586 -0.655476789
## 7 -0.40690683 -0.1807528 -0.35601455 -0.002339044 0.2880148 0.334591304
          PC46
                     PC47
                               PC48
                                           PC49
                                                     PC50
## 1 0.13014615 -0.07598285 0.05177478 -0.029211762 -0.02074489 0.11460665
## 3 0.60036620 0.17002531 -0.12623810 -0.131477388 -0.13925237
                                                          0.09832337
## 4 -0.08448601 0.42703425 -0.05156991 -0.258556486 0.25761210 0.08405680
## 5 -0.23484856 0.11673140 -0.08753785 0.094750062 0.04304332 -0.31857092
## 7 -0.04713392 -0.07623524 0.04462132 -0.338139890 0.02031832 -0.18400468
                                PC54 Class
          PC52
                     PC53
## 1 -0.45447250 0.01791921 0.006505286
## 3 -0.16046745 -0.18603486 -0.045096214
## 4 -0.11839101 -0.04804378 -0.056844668
                                        1
## 5 0.21332102 -0.14694180 -0.173686280
## 6 -0.06626001 0.02315277 0.113020238
## 7 -0.30166746 0.11309212 -0.032099722
divorce_testing_pc = predict(divorce_training_pca, newdata = divorce_testing)
divorce_testing_pc = as.data.frame(divorce_training_pc)
divorce_testing_pc$class = divorce_testing$class
factoextra::fviz_eig(divorce_training_pca, addlabels=TRUE,
                  ylim=c(0,80), geom = c("bar", "line"),
                  barfill="lightblue", barcolor="grey", linecolor="blue", ncp=7) +
labs(title = "Variance Explained By Each Principal Component",
       x = "Principal Components", y = "% of Variance")
```



The following chart also shows how the first component explains 72% of variability.



Models

In this section I will explore different methods to predict divorce like logistic regression, kNN, decision trees and random forest and then compare which models provides the best accuracy. I will also use the models in the original data and with the principal components for comparison.

Baseline prediction

Randomly guessing whether a person will get divorced based on the answers to the questionare, we get that 51% of them would get divorce. We assume that each person has an equal chance of getting divorced. Randomly guessing gives a divorce estimated greater than the value in the data set which is 43%. The accuracy of randomly guessing is just 63%.

```
set.seed(3, sample.kind = "Rounding")
# guess with equal probability of divorce
guess_divorce <- sample(c(0,1), nrow(divorce_testing), replace = TRUE)
#how many people would be divorced
print("Proportion of people whow would get divorced")</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Proportion of people whow would get divorced"

mean(guess_divorce)

## [1] 0.5142857

#Calculating accuracy comparing guessing with testing data set
print("Accuracy")

## [1] "Accuracy"

mean(guess_divorce == divorce_testing$Class)

## [1] 0.6285714

### Accuracy table
summary_accuracy <- tibble(Method = "Baseline Prediction", Accuracy = 0.6285)
kable(summary_accuracy, booktabs = T) %>%
```

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285

kableExtra::kable_styling(position = "center", latex_options = "striped")

Logistic regression

[1] 0.5037037

Logistic regression is a regression method where we calculate the probabilities of an output variable to belong to a certain class. Since the logistic regression model provides probabilities between 0-1, to predict the outcome I determine them as 1 or 0 like: if probability > 0.5 the outcome is 1 (divorced, that is our target variable), otherwise it is 0.

• glm model with all data

```
set.seed(3, sample.kind = "Rounding")
logistic_model <- glm(Class ~.,family=binomial(link='logit'),data=divorce_training)

#summary(logistic_model)

glm_preds_divorce <- predict(logistic_model, type="response")
print("Divorce rate in logistic regression")

## [1] "Divorce rate in logistic regression"

mean((ifelse(glm_preds_divorce > 0.5, 1, 0)) == divorce_testing$Class)
```

• Accuracy in testing set Logistic regression

```
## create prediction probabilities (on test dataset)
glm_test_pred_probs = predict(logistic_model, type="response", newdata=divorce_testing)
## create predictions (on test dataset)
glm_test_preds = as.factor(ifelse(glm_test_pred_probs > 0.5, 1,0))
## evaluate performance (on test dataset)
confusionMatrix(glm_test_preds, divorce_testing$Class)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
           0 18 2
##
            1 0 15
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.9429
##
                    95% CI: (0.8084, 0.993)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5143
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 4.406e-08
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.8852
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.4795
##
               Sensitivity: 1.0000
##
##
               Specificity: 0.8824
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9000
##
            Neg Pred Value: 1.0000
##
                Prevalence: 0.5143
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5143
##
     Detection Prevalence: 0.5714
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.9412
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
##
### Accuracy table
# Update table based on testing data
summary_accuracy <- bind_rows(summary_accuracy,</pre>
                    tibble(Method = "Logistic Regression",
                           Accuracy = 0.9429)
# Show table
knitr::kable(summary_accuracy)%>%
 kableExtra::kable_styling(position = "center", latex_options = "striped")
```

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429

• glm model with Principal Components data

```
set.seed(3, sample.kind = "Rounding")
logistic_model_pc <- glm(Class ~.,family=binomial(link='logit'),data=divorce_training_pc)</pre>
```

```
• Accuracy in testing set Principal Components Logistic regression
## create prediction probabilities (on test dataset)
glm_test_pred_probs_pc = predict(logistic_model_pc, type="response",
                                 newdata=divorce_testing_pc)
## create predictions (on test dataset)
glm_test_preds_pc = as.factor(ifelse(glm_test_pred_probs_pc > 0.5, 1,0))
## evaluate performance (on test dataset)
confusionMatrix(glm_test_preds_pc, divorce_testing_pc$Class)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction 0 1
            0 68 0
            1 0 67
##
##
##
                  Accuracy: 1
##
                    95% CI: (0.973, 1)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5037
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 1
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
##
               Sensitivity: 1.0000
##
               Specificity: 1.0000
            Pos Pred Value: 1.0000
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 1.0000
##
                Prevalence: 0.5037
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5037
      Detection Prevalence: 0.5037
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 1.0000
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
##
### Accuracy table
# Update the accuracy table base on testing data
summary_accuracy <- bind_rows(summary_accuracy,</pre>
                    tibble(Method = "Logistic Regression PC",
                           Accuracy = 1))
# Show the RMSE improvement
knitr::kable(summary_accuracy)%>%
  kableExtra::kable_styling(position = "center", latex_options = "striped")
```

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000

kNN Model

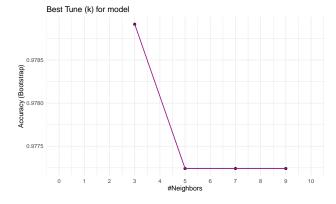
• Model with all the data

The kNN model (k-nearest neighbors) is a classification algorithm that consists of finding areas called neighbors. It will group the data points in areas measuring the distance between the points. The final value is the value more common among the neighbor.

First, we finding best tune. For this model the best parameter is 3. It means that with 3 neighbors the model can classify the information accurately. Additional neighbors do not improve the accuracy, but actually decreases it.

k ## 1 3

```
ggplot2::ggplot(train_knn_divorce) +
   ggplot2::geom_line(colour="#ba1ea8") +
   ggplot2::geom_point(colour="#ba1ea8", shape=4)+
   ggplot2::scale_x_continuous(limits = c(0,10), breaks=seq(0,12,1)) +
   ggplot2::ggtitle("Best Tune (k) for model")+
   theme_minimal()
```



```
knn_preds_divorce <- predict(train_knn_divorce, divorce_testing)
mean(knn_preds_divorce == divorce_testing$Class)</pre>
```

[1] 0.9714286

```
### Accuracy table
# Update table
summary_accuracy <- bind_rows(summary_accuracy,</pre>
                    tibble(Method = "kNN original data",
                            Accuracy = 0.9714))
# Show table
knitr::kable(summary_accuracy)%>%
  kableExtra::kable_styling(position = "center", latex_options = "striped")
```

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000
kNN original data	0.9714

• kNN Crossvalidation

Now I want to try crossvalidation to see if we can get a better model. Crossvalidation here is a nice tool since the dataset is small.

```
set.seed(8, sample.kind = "Rounding") # simulate R 3.5
train_knn_cv_divorce <- train(Class ~ .,</pre>
                         method = "knn",
                          data = divorce_training,
                          tuneGrid = data.frame(k = seq(3, 30, 2)),
                          trControl = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10, p = 0.9))
train_knn_cv_divorce$bestTune
##
       k
## 14 29
knn_cv_preds_divorce <- predict(train_knn_cv_divorce, divorce_testing)</pre>
mean(knn_cv_preds_divorce == divorce_testing$Class)
```

[1] 0.9714286

```
### Accuracy table
# Update the table
summary_accuracy <- bind_rows(summary_accuracy,</pre>
                    tibble(Method = "kNN original data Cross Validation",
                           Accuracy = 0.9714))
# Show table
knitr::kable(summary_accuracy)%>%
  kableExtra::kable_styling(position = "center", latex_options = "striped")
```

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000
kNN original data	0.9714
kNN original data Cross Validation	0.9714

Crossvalidation in this case does not improve the accuracy.

• kNN with only PCA

Now I want to test if I get better results using the data with principal components. For this model, k is the same as the one obtained with the full training data.

[1] 0.9777778

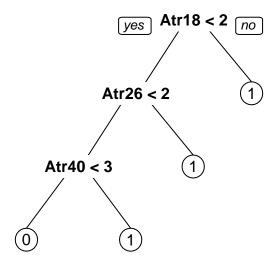
Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000
kNN original data	0.9714
kNN original data Cross Validation	0.9714
kNN PC	0.9778

Classification Tree

• All the data

A classification tree starts by moving into branches, which are observations about the the output variables to predict it. This is an instintive model that starts splitting the data and evaluates if it contributes to the decision variable. The process is repeated in a recursive manner evaluating all the variables until the new branches does not add value to the outcome variable.

Decision Tree to Predict Divorce



Accuracy = 0.5)

Show the Accuracy table knitr::kable(summary_accuracy)%>% kableExtra::kable_styling(position = "center", latex_options = "striped")

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000
kNN original data	0.9714
kNN original data Cross Validation	0.9714
kNN PC	0.9778
Classification tree	0.5000

varImp(train_rpart_divorce)

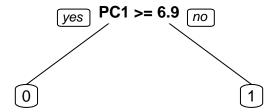
```
Overall
##
## Atr11 59.9407407
## Atr17 61.6425414
## Atr18 61.7498174
## Atr19 61.6425414
## Atr20 61.6872196
## Atr26 3.7754644
## Atr28
        1.8607646
## Atr3
         0.9710145
## Atr34 0.3043478
        2.4140108
## Atr36
## Atr39 0.9710145
## Atr40 3.8317791
## Atr1
         0.0000000
## Atr2
        0.0000000
## Atr4
         0.0000000
## Atr5
        0.0000000
## Atr6
        0.0000000
         0.0000000
## Atr7
## Atr8
         0.0000000
## Atr9
         0.0000000
## Atr10 0.0000000
## Atr12 0.000000
## Atr13 0.0000000
## Atr14 0.000000
## Atr15 0.0000000
## Atr16 0.0000000
## Atr21 0.0000000
## Atr22
         0.0000000
## Atr23
         0.0000000
## Atr24
        0.0000000
## Atr25
         0.0000000
## Atr27 0.0000000
## Atr29 0.0000000
## Atr30 0.0000000
## Atr31 0.0000000
## Atr32 0.0000000
```

```
## Atr33 0.0000000
## Atr35 0.0000000
## Atr37 0.0000000
## Atr38 0.000000
## Atr41 0.000000
## Atr42 0.000000
## Atr43 0.0000000
## Atr44 0.000000
## Atr45 0.0000000
## Atr46 0.0000000
## Atr47 0.0000000
## Atr48 0.000000
## Atr49 0.000000
## Atr50 0.0000000
## Atr51 0.0000000
## Atr52 0.000000
## Atr53 0.0000000
## Atr54 0.000000
```

From the classification tree we found that the main attributes to predict divorce are Atrr 20,19,18,17,11,26,28,3,34,36,39 and 40. All this questions are related to knowing your spouse and her/his needs. When people have low scores on those questions that highly predicts divorce.

• Classification tree principal components

Decision Tree to Predict Divorce PC



Since the first principal component explains 73% of the variability, it is not surprised that PC1 is picked on the decision tree. However the accuracy is not improved.

Accuracy

```
ct_preds_divorce_pc <- predict(train_rpart_divorce_pc, divorce_testing_pc)
mean(ct_preds_divorce_pc == divorce_testing_pc$Class)</pre>
```

[1] 0.5

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000
kNN original data	0.9714
kNN original data Cross Validation	0.9714
kNN PC	0.9778
Classification tree	0.5000
Classification tree PC	0.5000

Random Forest

• All data

```
set.seed(14, sample.kind = "Rounding") # simulate R 3.5
train_rf_divorce <- train(Class ~ .,</pre>
                   data = divorce_training,
                   method = "rf",
                   ntree = 100,
                    tuneGrid = data.frame(mtry = seq(1:7)))
train_rf_divorce$bestTune
## mtry
## 1
       1
rf_preds_divorce <- predict(train_rf_divorce, divorce_testing)</pre>
mean(rf_preds_divorce == divorce_testing$Class)
## [1] 0.9714286
varImp(train_rf_divorce)
## rf variable importance
##
   only 20 most important variables shown (out of 54)
##
##
        Overall
## Atr23 100.00
## Atr40
         99.80
## Atr36 80.88
## Atr9
          74.12
         62.61
## Atr11
## Atr17
           60.54
## Atr38
          57.16
## Atr44
           56.42
## Atr41
          54.81
## Atr21
           54.48
## Atr50
          50.18
## Atr27
          48.95
## Atr39 48.30
```

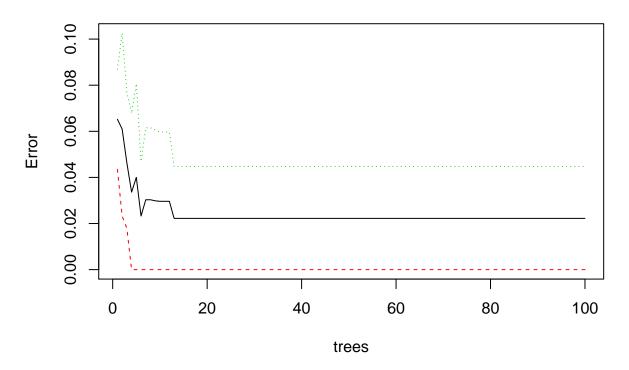
Random forest shows the top 3 variables predicting divorce are Atr 23,40,36.

- 23. I know my spouse's favorite food.
- 24. I can be humiliating when we argue.
- 25. We're just starting a fight before I know what's going on.

$\verb|train_rf_divorce| \$final Model | \# inspect | final | model|$

```
##
## Call:
##
   randomForest(x = x, y = y, ntree = 100, mtry = param$mtry)
                 Type of random forest: classification
##
                        Number of trees: 100
## No. of variables tried at each split: 1
##
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 2.22%
## Confusion matrix:
      0 1 class.error
## 0 68 0 0.0000000
## 1 3 64 0.04477612
# make plot of decision tree
plot(train_rf_divorce$finalModel, margin = 0.1)
```

train_rf_divorce\$finalModel



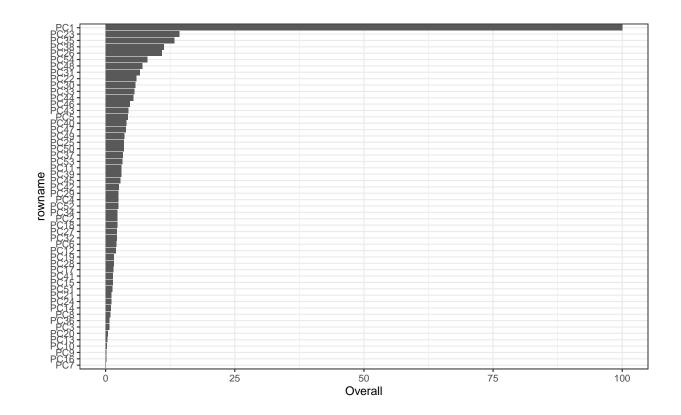
The error graphs shows that even though the algorithm ran 100 trees, the error stays constant from tree number 15.

```
## Accuracy
## 0.9714286
```

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000
kNN original data	0.9714
kNN original data Cross Validation	0.9714
kNN PC	0.9778
Classification tree	0.5000
Classification tree PC	0.5000
Random Forest	0.9714

• Random Forest with Principal Components

```
set.seed(14, sample.kind = "Rounding") # simulate R 3.5
train_rf_divorce_pc <- train(Class ~ .,</pre>
                    data = divorce_training_pc,
                    method = "rf",
                    ntree = 100,
                    tuneGrid = data.frame(mtry = seq(1:7)))
train_rf_divorce$bestTune
     mtry
## 1
        1
rf_preds_divorce_pc <- predict(train_rf_divorce_pc, divorce_testing_pc)</pre>
mean(rf_preds_divorce_pc == divorce_testing_pc$Class)
## [1] 1
varImp(train_rf_divorce_pc)$importance %>%
  as.data.frame() %>%
  rownames_to_column() %>%
  arrange(Overall) %>%
  mutate(rowname = forcats::fct_inorder(rowname )) %>%
    geom_col(aes(x = rowname, y = Overall))+
    coord_flip()+
    theme_bw()
```

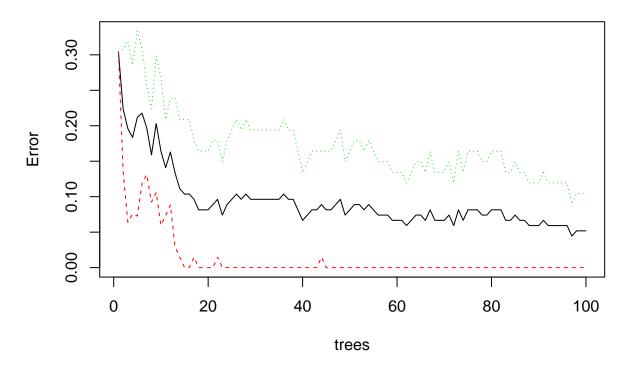


train_rf_divorce_pc\$finalModel # inspect final model

plot(train_rf_divorce_pc\$finalModel, margin = 0.1)

```
##
## Call:
## randomForest(x = x, y = y, ntree = 100, mtry = param$mtry)
##
                 Type of random forest: classification
                       Number of trees: 100
##
## No. of variables tried at each split: 7
##
##
          OOB estimate of error rate: 5.19%
## Confusion matrix:
     0 1 class.error
## 0 68 0
           0.0000000
## 1 7 60 0.1044776
# make plot of decision tree
```

train_rf_divorce_pc\$finalModel



$\#text(train_rf_divorce\$finalModel)$

The error graphs shows that even though the algorithm ran 100 trees, the error stays constant after tree number 20.

```
## Accuracy
## 1
```

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000
kNN original data	0.9714
kNN original data Cross Validation	0.9714
kNN PC	0.9778
Classification tree	0.5000
Classification tree PC	0.5000
Random Forest	0.9714
Random Forest PC	1.0000

Results

After running logistic regression, kNN method, classification tree and Random Forest on the divorce dataset to predict divorce in couples based on their answers to the survey, I found that the best models are Logistic Regression and Random Forest when using Principal Components in both with Accuracy of 1. The worse model was classification tree. It seems to be because once it takes one branch, adding other variables are not very powerful when predicting in the test data. Random Forest and kNN with the original data have the same accuracy.

Even though this is a very subjective topic, it is interesting that from random forest the main variable to predict divorce is not knowing something basic as your spouse's favorite food. The other 2 variables are related to unhealthy behaviors on the relationship.

Main variables that predict divorce based on Random Forest with all data

- 23. I know my spouse's favorite food.
- 24. I can be humiliating when we argue.
- 25. We're just starting a fight before I know what's going on.

```
knitr::kable(summary_accuracy)%>%
kableExtra::kable_styling(position = "center", latex_options = "striped")
```

Method	Accuracy
Baseline Prediction	0.6285
Logistic Regression	0.9429
Logistic Regression PC	1.0000
kNN original data	0.9714
kNN original data Cross Validation	0.9714
kNN PC	0.9778
Classification tree	0.5000
Classification tree PC	0.5000
Random Forest	0.9714
Random Forest PC	1.0000

Conclusion

This was a great exercise to compare different classification methods. I wanted to explore this type of models since this is usually applied for situations that are more difficult to represent in a model. In this case, evaluating whether a person would get divorce is very subjective and it is a field out of my expertise.

Just starting, the data exploration requires creativity, We can't have regular histograms or counts like what you do with continuous variables. An additional issue, is that we have more than 50 predictors. Trying to understand all of them was not easy. It was helpful to use the *for* loop.

On the modeling side, it was useful to run the models to see how much the accuracy changes if you use the original data or principal components. Regarding Principal Components, since in this dataset the first component explained more than 70% of the variability it was not surprising that this was the best predictor.

References

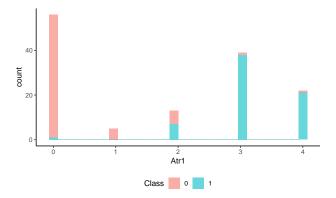
- 1. Divorce Analysis in R by Howard, https://www.rpubs.com/howard_song/538809
- 2. Data Science Book from Rafael Irizarry, https://rafalab.github.io/dsbook/
- 3. Predicting whether a couple is going to get divorced or not using artificial neural networks by Ibrahim M. Nasser: http://dstore.alazhar.edu.ps/xmlui/bitstream/handle/123456789/545/IJEAIS191007.pdf? sequence=1&isAllowed=v
- 4. Initial research by Mustafa Kemal, Kemal Adem, Tahsin Ilhan and Serhat Kilicarslan: Divorce prediction using correlation based feature selection and artificial neural networks https://dergipark.org.tr/en/download/article-file/748448

Others

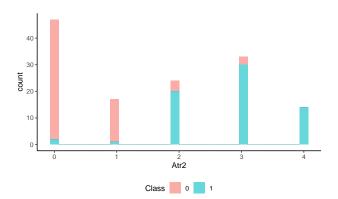
Dataset variables histograms

histograms

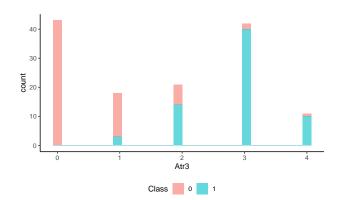
[[1]]



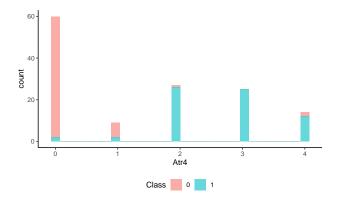
[[2]]



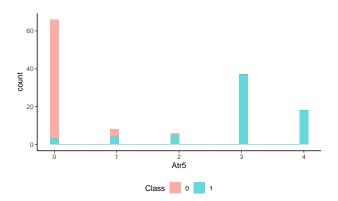
[[3]]



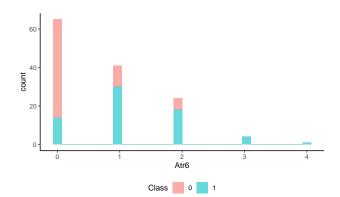
[[4]]



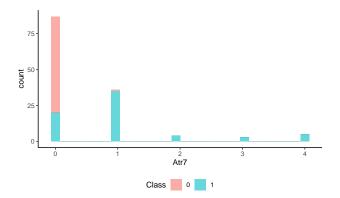
[[5]]



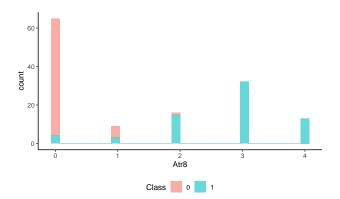
[[6]]



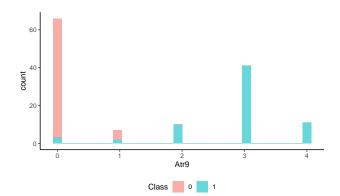
[[7]]



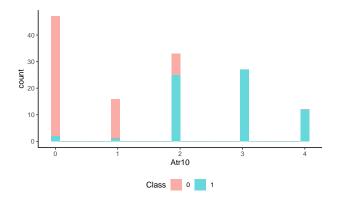
[[8]]



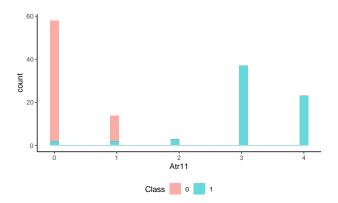
[[9]]



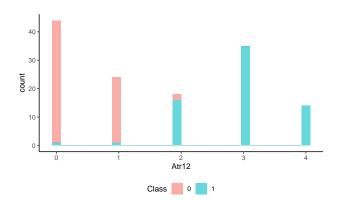
[[10]]



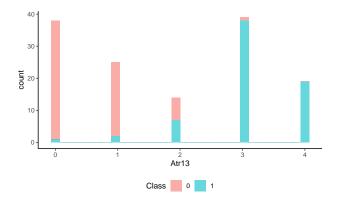
[[11]]



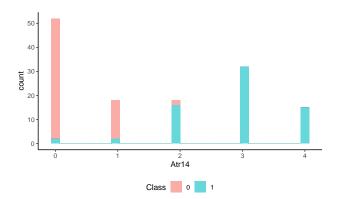
[[12]]



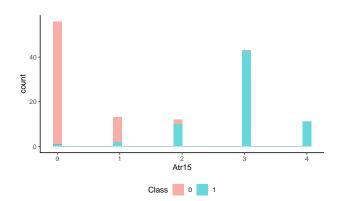
[[13]]



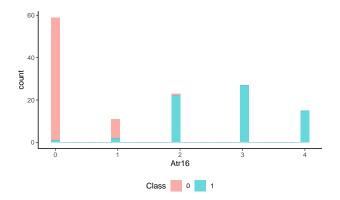
[[14]]



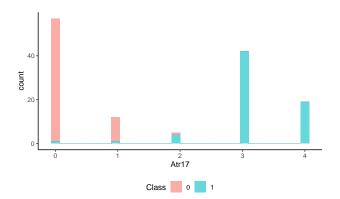
[[15]]



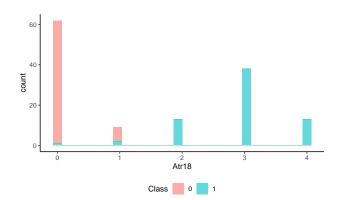
[[16]]



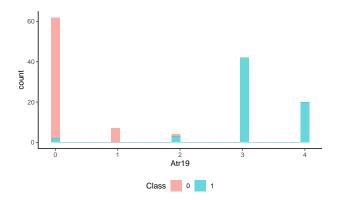
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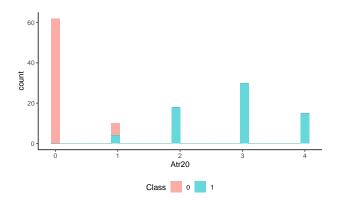
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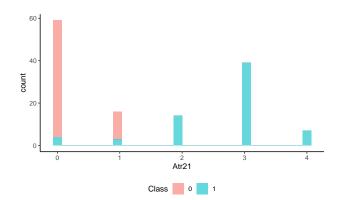
[[19]]



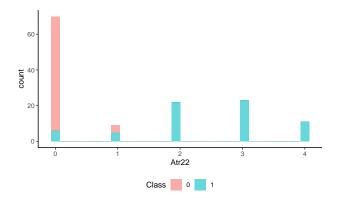
[[20]]



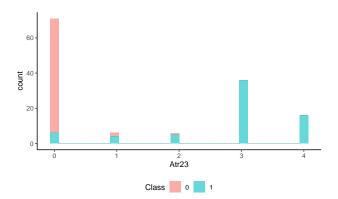
[[21]]



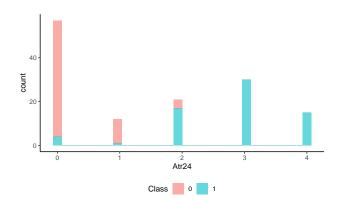
[[22]]



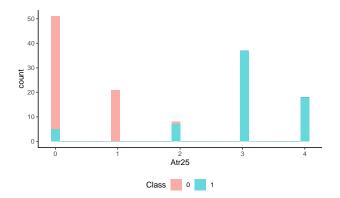
[[23]]



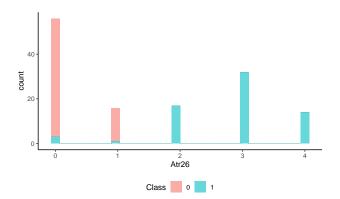
[[24]]



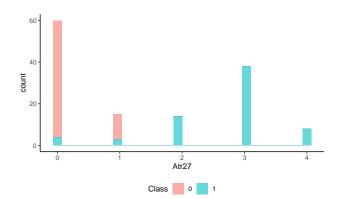
[[25]]



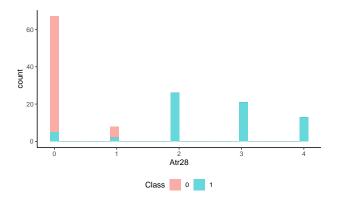
[[26]]



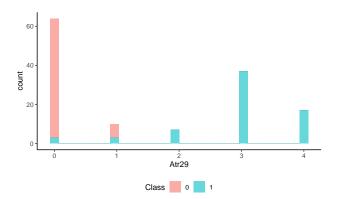
[[27]]



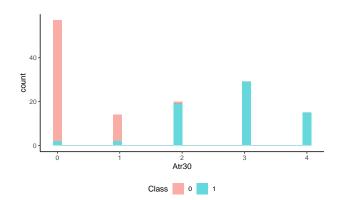
[[28]]



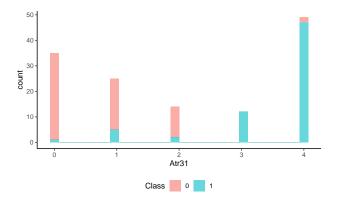
[[29]]



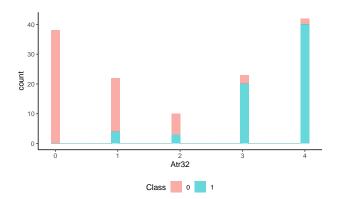
[[30]]



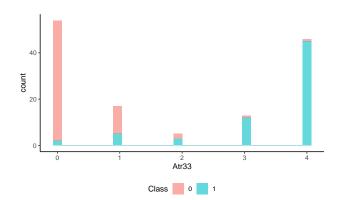
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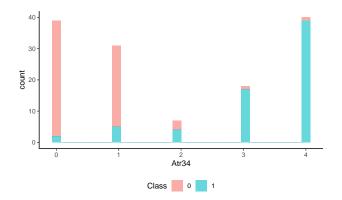
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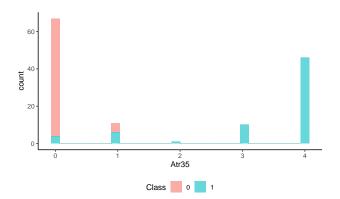
[[33]]



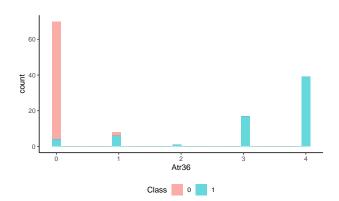
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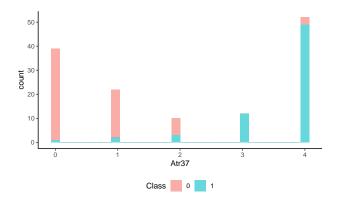
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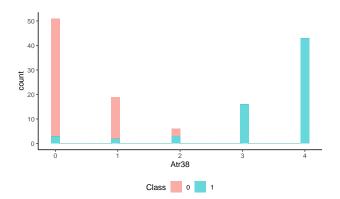
[[36]]



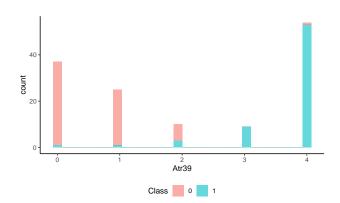
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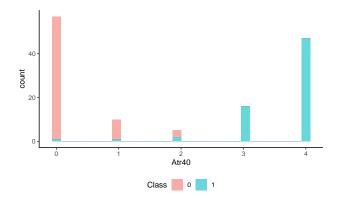
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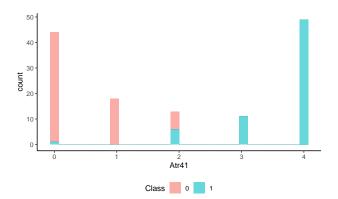
[[39]]



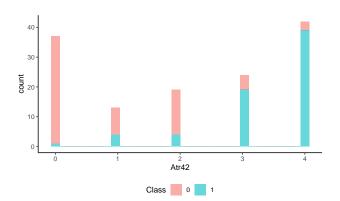
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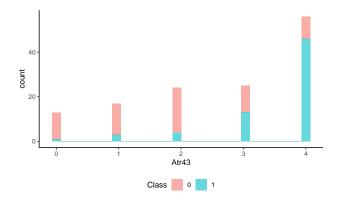
[[41]]



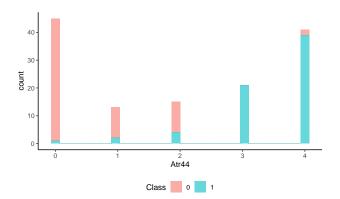
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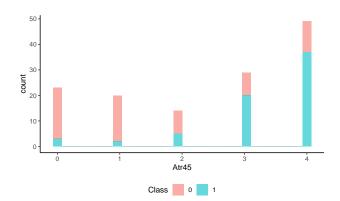
[[43]]



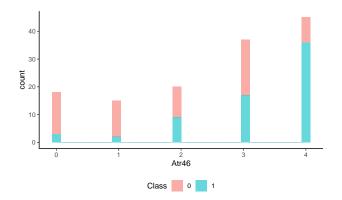
[[44]]



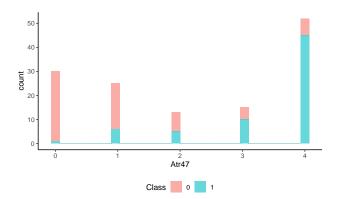
[[45]]



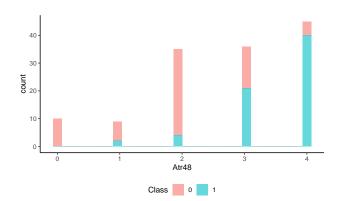
[[46]]



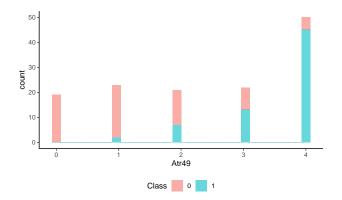
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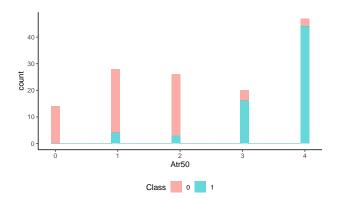
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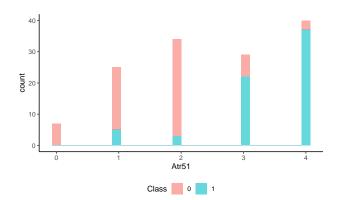
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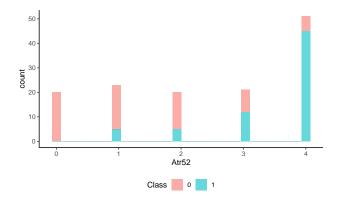
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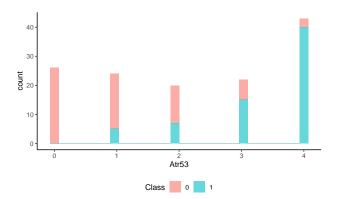
[[51]]



[[52]]



[[53]]



[[54]]

