

实现区间树

LUIS LUZERN YUVEN *

数学科学学院，信息与计算科学专业

学号：3190300985

December 20, 2020

1 问题

在红黑树结构的基础之上，扩展为区间树

2 实验结果

首先，先插入区间 [17.5, 19.8], [21.2, 23.1], [5.6, 11.4], [15.35, 18.28], [4.67, 8.95], [7.34, 10.87], [20.45, 24.98], [19.35, 25.8], 到区间树里。排序之后可得

```
Format : [low, high, max]
[4.67 , 8.95 , 8.95]    [5.6 , 11.4 , 18.28]    [7.34 , 10.87 , 10.87]    [15.35 , 18.28 , 18.28]
[17.5 , 19.8 , 25.8]    [18.35 , 25.8 , 25.8]    [20.45 , 24.98 , 25.8]    [21.2 , 23.1 , 23.1]
```

利用 interval_search 功能找重叠的区间，如果这样的区间不只有一个，则只返回第一次找到的区间。若没找到，返回 “This interval does not overlap with any interval in the tree !”

```
Interval overlapping with [14.65, 16.32] :
[15.35 , 18.28]
Interval overlapping with [12.4, 14.8] :
This interval does not overlap with any interval in the tree !
```

下面删除区间树里的节点 [15.35, 18.28], [18.35, 25.8], [20.45, 24.98], 且保持 max 的值。

```
Deleting [15.35, 18.28]...
[4.67 , 8.95 , 8.95]    [5.6 , 11.4 , 11.4]    [7.34 , 10.87 , 10.87]    [17.5 , 19.8 , 25.8]
[18.35 , 25.8 , 25.8]    [20.45 , 24.98 , 25.8]    [21.2 , 23.1 , 23.1]

Deleting [18.35, 25.8]...
[4.67 , 8.95 , 8.95]    [5.6 , 11.4 , 11.4]    [7.34 , 10.87 , 10.87]    [17.5 , 19.8 , 24.98]
[20.45 , 24.98 , 24.98]    [21.2 , 23.1 , 23.1]

Deleting [20.45, 24.98]...
[4.67 , 8.95 , 8.95]    [5.6 , 11.4 , 11.4]    [7.34 , 10.87 , 10.87]    [17.5 , 19.8 , 23.1]
[21.2 , 23.1 , 23.1]
```