1. Multiple y format (LR) X\_train <- read.csv("ModelData/X\_train2.csv")[,-1]; Y\_train <- read.csv("ModelData/Y\_train2.csv")[,-1]</pre> X\_val <- read.csv("ModelData/X\_val2.csv")[,-1]; Y\_val <- read.csv("ModelData/Y\_val2.csv")[,-1]</pre> X\_test <- read.csv("ModelData/X\_test2.csv")[,-1]; Y\_test <- read.csv("ModelData/Y\_test2.csv")[,-1]</pre> colnames(Y\_train) <- c("Y1","Y2","Y3","Y4","Y5","Y6","Y7") Data\_train <- cbind(Y\_train,X\_train); #head(Data\_train); dim(Data\_train)</pre> colnames(Y\_val) <- c("Y1","Y2","Y3","Y4","Y5","Y6","Y7") Data\_val <- cbind(Y\_val, X\_val); #head(Data\_val); dim(Data\_val)</pre> colnames(Y\_test) <- c("Y1", "Y2", "Y3", "Y4", "Y5", "Y6", "Y7") Data\_test <- cbind(Y\_test,X\_test); #head(Data\_test); dim(Data\_test)</pre> 1.1. Linear regression without interactions m1 <- lm(cbind(Data\_train\$Y1,Data\_train\$Y2,Data\_train\$Y3,Data\_train\$Y4,Data\_train\$Y5,Data\_train\$Y6,Data\_train\$Y7) ~ . , Data\_train[,-c(1:7)]) #summary(m1) #cat("MSE:", mean(m1\$residuals^2)) #cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean(m1\$residuals^2))) y\_pred <- predict(m1, Data\_val)</pre> y\_real <- Y\_val</pre> y\_pred <- rbind(y\_pred[,1],y\_pred[,2],y\_pred[,3],y\_pred[,4],y\_pred[,5],y\_pred[,6],y\_pred[,7])</pre> y\_real <- rbind(y\_real[,1],y\_real[,2],y\_real[,3],y\_real[,4],y\_real[,5],y\_real[,6],y\_real[,7])</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.1117158 cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))) ## RMSE: 0.3342391 y\_pred <- predict(m1, Data\_test)</pre> y\_real <- Y\_test</pre> y\_pred <- rbind(y\_pred[,1],y\_pred[,2],y\_pred[,3],y\_pred[,4],y\_pred[,5],y\_pred[,6],y\_pred[,7])</pre> y\_real <- rbind(y\_real[,1],y\_real[,2],y\_real[,3],y\_real[,4],y\_real[,5],y\_real[,6],y\_real[,7])</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.09493806 cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y real-y pred)^2))) ## RMSE: 0.3081202 2. One y format, "all var & station" interactions (LR, LASSO, Ridge, Decision Tree) # read data Train <- read.csv("ModelData/Train2 long.csv"); #head(Train); dim(Train)</pre> Val <- read.csv("ModelData/Val2\_long.csv"); #head(Val); dim(Val)</pre> Test <- read.csv("ModelData/Test2\_long.csv"); #head(Test); dim(Test)</pre> # categorical var for(i in c(4:6)){ Train[,i] <- as.character(Train[,i])</pre> Val[,i] <- as.character(Val[,i])</pre> Test[,i] <- as.character(Test[,i])</pre>

median\_test <- median(Test[,3]); iqr\_test <- IQR(Test[,3])</pre> Train  $\leftarrow$  Train[,-3]; Val  $\leftarrow$  Val[,-3]; Test  $\leftarrow$  Test[,-3] #summary(Train); summary(Val); summary(Test) 2.1. Linear regression with interactions lr\_model <- lm(mrt\_flow~ . \* mrt\_station, Train)</pre> #lr\_model <- lm(mrt\_flow ~ . \* mrt\_station, rbind(Train, Val))</pre> #summary(lr\_model) #cat("MSE:", mean(m1\$residuals^2)) #cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean(m1\$residuals^2))) y\_pred <- predict(lr\_model, Val)</pre> ## Warning in predict.lm(lr model, Val): prediction from a rank-deficient fit may

## be misleading y\_real <- Val\$mrt\_flow</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.104414 cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))) ## RMSE: 0.3231316 cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y\_real\*iqr\_test+median\_test) - (y\_pred\*iqr\_test+median\_test) )^2))) ## Original RMSE: 725.4304 y\_pred <- predict(lr\_model, Test)</pre>

## Warning in predict.lm(lr\_model, Test): prediction from a rank-deficient fit may

## be misleading

y real <- Test\$mrt flow</pre>

2.2. LASSO with interactions

## RMSE: 0.3192557

## RMSE: 0.2648535

## Original RMSE: 594.5962

y\_pred <- predict(ridge\_model, x)</pre>

cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)))

## RMSE: 0.2586278

## Original RMSE: 580.6195

y\_real <- Val\$mrt\_flow</pre>

## MSE: 0.1012653

cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))

y\_pred <- predict(ridge\_model, x)</pre>

2.5. Regression tree (decision tree)

cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)))

## RMSE: 0.1555518

## Original RMSE: 349.2138

cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))

y\_real <- Test\$mrt\_flow</pre>

## MSE: 0.06683383

library(rpart)

cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)))

cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y real-y pred)^2)))

cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.06850735 cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))) ## RMSE: 0.2617391 cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y real\*iqr test+median test) - (y pred\*iqr test+median test) )^2))) ## Original RMSE: 587.6042

f <- as.formula(mrt\_flow ~ .\* mrt\_station) # using .\*. for all interactions y <- Train\$mrt\_flow x <- model.matrix(f, Train)[,-1] # using model.matrix to take advantage of f #y <- rbind(Train, Val)\$mrt\_flow</pre> #x <- model.matrix(f, rbind(Train, Val))[,-1] # using model.matrix to take advantage of f</pre> library(glmnet) ## Loading required package: Matrix ## Loaded glmnet 4.1-7 lasso\_kfold <- cv.glmnet(x, y, alpha=0, nfolds=10)</pre> lasso\_best\_lambda <- lasso\_kfold\$lambda.min</pre>

lasso\_model <- glmnet(x, y, alpha=0, lambda=lasso\_best\_lambda)</pre> x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train, Val))[,-1][-(1:nrow(Train)),]</pre> y\_pred <- predict(lasso\_model, x)</pre> y\_real <- Val\$mrt\_flow</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.1019242 cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)))

cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y\_real\*iqr\_test+median\_test) - (y\_pred\*iqr\_test+median\_test) )^2))) ## Original RMSE: 716.729 x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train,Test))[,-1][-(1:nrow(Train)),]</pre> #x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train, Val, Test))[,-1][-(1:nrow(rbind(Train, Val))),]</pre> y pred <- predict(lasso model, x)</pre> y\_real <- Test\$mrt\_flow</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.07014739

cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y real\*iqr test+median test) - (y pred\*iqr test+median test) )^2)))

x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train, Val))[,-1][-(1:nrow(Train)),]</pre>

2.3. Ridge with interactions f <- as.formula(mrt\_flow ~ .\* mrt\_station) # using .\*. for all interactions y <- Train\$mrt\_flow</pre> x <- model.matrix(f, Train)[,-1] # using model.matrix to take advantage of f #y <- rbind(Train, Val)\$mrt\_flow</pre> #x <- model.matrix(f, rbind(Train, Val))[,-1] # using model.matrix to take advantage of f</pre> library(glmnet) ridge\_kfold <- cv.glmnet(x, y, alpha=1, nfolds=10)</pre> ridge\_best\_lambda <- ridge\_kfold\$lambda.min</pre> ridge\_model <- glmnet(x, y, alpha=0, lambda=ridge\_best\_lambda)</pre>

y\_real <- Val\$mrt\_flow</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y real-y pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.1013714 cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))) ## RMSE: 0.3183888 cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y\_real\*iqr\_test+median\_test) - (y\_pred\*iqr\_test+median\_test) )^2))) ## Original RMSE: 714.7828 x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train,Test))[,-1][-(1:nrow(Train)),]</pre> #x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train, Val, Test))[,-1][-(1:nrow(rbind(Train, Val))),]</pre> y\_pred <- predict(ridge\_model, x)</pre> y\_real <- Test\$mrt\_flow</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.06688835

2.4. GLMNET (combine LASSO and Ridge) with interactions f <- as.formula(mrt\_flow ~ .\* mrt\_station) # using .\*. for all interactions y <- Train\$mrt\_flow</pre>  $x \leftarrow model.matrix(f, Train)[,-1] \# using model.matrix to take advantage of f$ #y <- rbind(Train, Val)\$mrt flow</pre> #x <- model.matrix(f, rbind(Train, Val))[,-1] # using model.matrix to take advantage of f</pre> library(glmnet) ridge\_kfold <- cv.glmnet(x, y, alpha=0.05, nfolds=10) # choose alpha by the performance in val ridge\_best\_lambda <- ridge\_kfold\$lambda.min</pre> ridge\_model <- glmnet(x, y, alpha=0, lambda=ridge\_best\_lambda)</pre> x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train, Val))[,-1][-(1:nrow(Train)),]</pre> y\_pred <- predict(ridge\_model, x)</pre>

cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y\_real\*iqr\_test+median\_test) - (y\_pred\*iqr\_test+median\_test) )^2)))

## RMSE: 0.3182221 cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y\_real\*iqr\_test+median\_test) - (y\_pred\*iqr\_test+median\_test) )^2))) ## Original RMSE: 714.4087 x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train,Test))[,-1][-(1:nrow(Train)),]</pre> #x <- model.matrix(mrt\_flow ~.\*mrt\_station, rbind(Train, Val, Test))[,-1][-(1:nrow(rbind(Train, Val))),]</pre>

cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))) ## RMSE: 0.2585224 cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y\_real\*iqr\_test+median\_test) - (y\_pred\*iqr\_test+median\_test) )^2))) ## Original RMSE: 580.3828

dt\_model <- rpart(mrt\_flow~., Train, cp=0.000005) # choose cp by the performance in val #dt\_model <- rpart(mrt\_flow~.,rbind(Train,Val))</pre> #summary(dt\_model) #printcp(dt\_model) #plotcp(dt\_model) #dt\_model\_pruned <- prune(dt\_model, cp = 0.000001)</pre> y\_pred <- predict(dt\_model, Val)</pre> y\_real <- Val\$mrt\_flow</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))

## MSE: 0.053406 cat("RMSE:", sqrt(mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2))) ## RMSE: 0.2310974

cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y\_real\*iqr\_test+median\_test) - (y\_pred\*iqr\_test+median\_test) )^2))) ## Original RMSE: 518.8136 y\_pred <- predict(dt\_model, Test)</pre> #y\_pred <- predict(dt\_model\_pruned, Test)</pre> y\_real <- Test\$mrt\_flow</pre> cat("MSE:", mean((y\_real-y\_pred)^2)) ## MSE: 0.02419636

cat("Original RMSE:", sqrt(mean(( (y\_real\*iqr\_test+median\_test) - (y\_pred\*iqr\_test+median\_test) )^2)))