Seamless Network-Wide IGP Migrations



Laurent Vanbever, Stefano Vissicchio, Cristel Pelsser, Pierre Francois, and Olivier Bonaventure laurent.vanbever@uclouvain.be

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It is not the strongest of the species that survives, nor the most intelligent.

Leon Megginson(miss-attributed to Darwin)



It is not the strongest of the species that survives, nor the most intelligent. It is the one that is most adaptable to change.

Leon Megginson
 (miss-attributed to Darwin)

Last week on the NANOG mailing-list ...

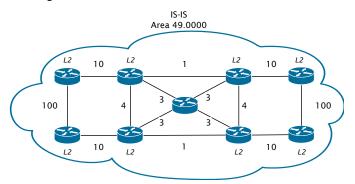
Is there any reason to run IS-IS over OSPF in the service provider core? Currently, we are running IS-IS but we are redesigning our core and now would be a good time to switch.

I would like to switch to OSPF, mostly because of familiarity with OSPF over IS-IS.

What does everyone think?

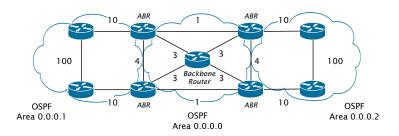
Migrating the IGP is about network-wide reconfiguration

How do we get from here ...



Migrating the IGP is about network-wide reconfiguration

... to there?



Reconfiguring the IGP can provide immediate benefits to the network

IGP reconfigurations can improve the

- manageability
- performance
- stability
- security

of the entire network

Migrating the IGP is operationally complex

Reconfigure a running network while respecting Service Level Agreement

Make highly distributed changes on all the routers, in a coordinated manner

Face potential routing anomalies as non-migrated routers interact with migrated ones

Current approaches do not entirely solve the problem

Reconfigure weights/links

Disruption free topology reconfiguration [Francois et al. INFOCOMM'2007]

Loop-free updates of forwarding tables [Fu et al. IEEE TNSM 2008, Shi et al. ICC'2009]

Graceful Network Operations [Raza et al. INFOCOMM'2009]

Modify the routers

Shadow Configuration [Alimi et al. SIGCOMM'2008]

Take advantage of virtualization

VROOM [Wang et al. SIGCOMM'2008]

BGP Grafting [Keller et al. NSDI'2010]

Problem Replace the anomaly-free IGP configuration of a running network, router-by-router,

without causing any routing anomalies

Sub-problem 1 Replace the anomaly-free IGP configuration of a running network, router-by-router, without causing any routing anomalies

Current Run the two IGP configurations in parallel Practice

Abstract model of a router

Control-plane Initial IGP

Initial

At first, the initial IGP dictates the forwarding paths being used

Data-plane

Forwarding paths









Sub-problem 1

of a running network, router-by-router,

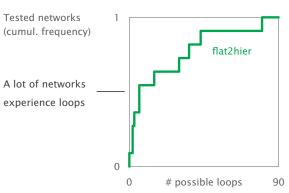
Replace the anomaly-free IGP configuration

without causing any routing anomalies

Sub-problem 2 Replace the anomaly-free IGP configuration of a running network, router-by-router,

without causing any routing anomalies

Migrating the IGP can create *migration loops*



Up to 90 migration loops can arise during an IGP migration

Sub-problem 2 Replace the anomaly-free IGP configuration of a running network, router-by-router,

without causing any routing anomalies

Sub-problem 2 Replace the anomaly-free IGP configuration of a running network, router-by-router, without causing any routing anomalies

Seamless IGP migration is possible as long as the reconfiguration process follows a strict ordering

without causing any routing anomalies

Contributions Seamless IGP migration is possible as long as the reconfiguration process follows a strict ordering which one ?

 Seamless IGP migration is possible as long as the reconfiguration process follows a strict ordering

- Seamless IGP migration is possible as long as the reconfiguration process follows a strict ordering
- Decide if an ordering exists is NP-complete

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- 2. Decide if an ordering exists is NP-complete
- 3. Develop an exponential algorithm as well as a heuristic to compute the ordering

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- Seamless IGP migration is possible as long as the reconfiguration process follows a strict ordering
- 2. Decide if an ordering exists is NP-complete
- Develop an exponential algorithm as well as a heuristic to compute the ordering
- 4. Provide fallback solutions when no ordering exists
- 5. Outline solutions for link failures and congestion

Seamless IGP migration is possible as long as the reconfiguration process follows a strict ordering

which one?

Seamless Network-Wide IGP Migrations



- 1 Identify the ordering Avoid anomalies
- 2 Compute the ordering Manage complexity
- 3 Apply the ordering Stable, efficient

Seamless Network-Wide IGP Migrations



Identify the ordering

Avoid anomalies

Compute the ordering

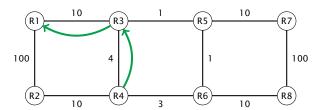
Manage complexity

Apply the ordering Stable, efficient

Reconfiguring the IGP might change the forwarding paths being used

In a flat IGP, routers forward traffic according to the shortest-path towards the destination.

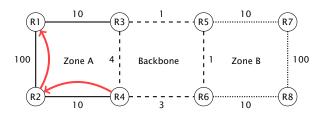
In a flat IGP, R4 reaches R1 via R3



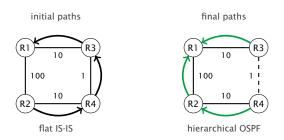
Reconfiguring the IGP might change the forwarding paths being used

In a hierarchical IGP, routers prefer paths contained within a single zone over the ones crossing several zones

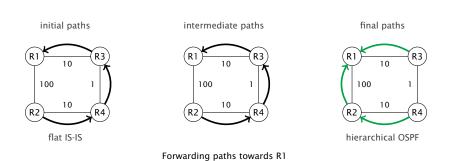
In a hierarchical IGP, R4 reaches R1 via R2



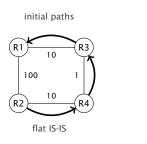
Whenever the forwarding paths change, forwarding loops can be created

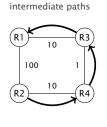


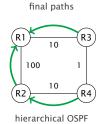
Forwarding paths towards R1



First, we migrate R3

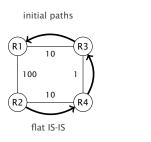


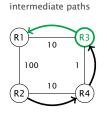


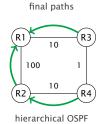


Forwarding paths towards R1

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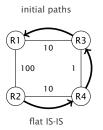


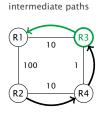


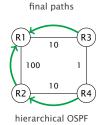


Forwarding paths towards R1

Then, we migrate R4

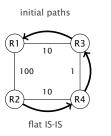


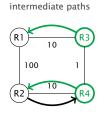


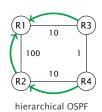


Forwarding paths towards R1

Then, we migrate R4





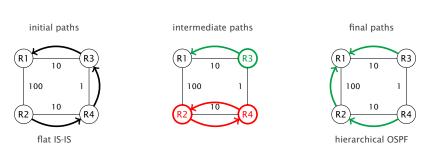


final paths

Forwarding paths towards R1

Whenever the forwarding paths change, forwarding loops can be created

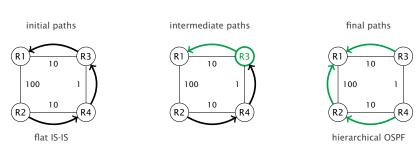
A loop is created if R4 is migrated before R2



Forwarding paths towards R1

Migrations have to be performed following a precise ordering

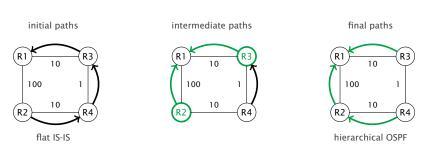
No loop arises if R2 is migrated before R4



Forwarding paths towards R1

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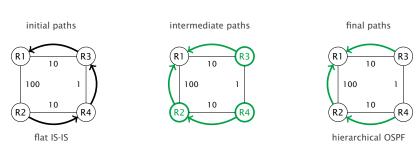
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Forwarding paths towards R1

Migrations have to be performed following a precise ordering

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Forwarding paths towards R1

Seamless Network-Wide IGP Migrations



Identify the ordering

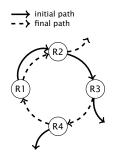
Avoid anomalies

2 Compute the ordering Manage complexity

> Apply the ordering Stable, efficient

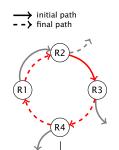
The Enumeration Algorithm [correct & complete]

- 1. Merge the initial and the final forwarding paths
- For each migration loop in the merged graph, Output ordering constraints such that at least one router in the initial state is migrated before at least one in the final
- 3. Solve the system by using Linear Programming



The Enumeration Algorithm [correct & complete]

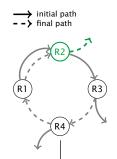
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In every migration loop, at least one router is not migrated (R2) while at least one is migrated (R4, R3)

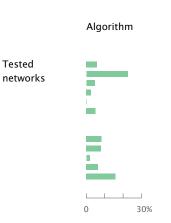


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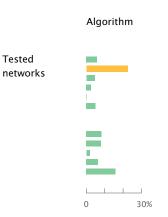
Migrate R2 before R3 or R4 avoids the loop

In all the tested scenarios, the algorithm has found a solution



Routers involved in ordering

More than 20% of the routers might be involved in the ordering



Routers involved in ordering

To deal with failures during the migration, time-efficient techniques are needed

Failures can change the computed ordering as they modify the underlying IGP topology

Solutions

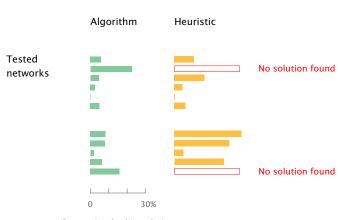
- Precompute failover orderings
- Compute a new ordering when a failure is detected

To manage complexity, we implemented a correct, but not complete heuristic

The heuristic is

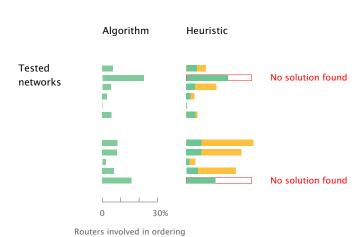
- based on sufficient, butnot necessary conditionmigrate each routerafter all its successors
- one order of magnitude faster than the complete algorithm

The heuristic may not find a solution, even if it exists



Routers involved in ordering

The heuristic involves more routers in the ordering than needed



Seamless Network-Wide IGP Migrations



Identify the ordering

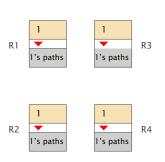
Avoid anomalies

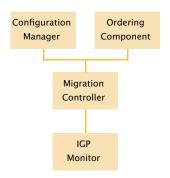
Compute the ordering

Manage complexity

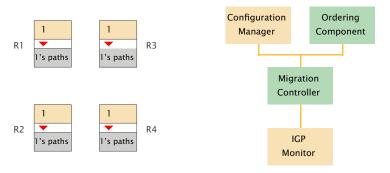
Apply the ordering
Stable, efficient

We implemented a provisioning system which automates the process

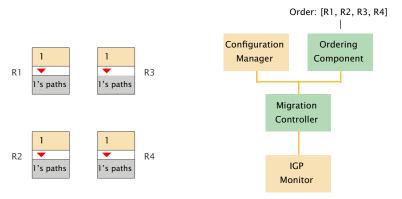




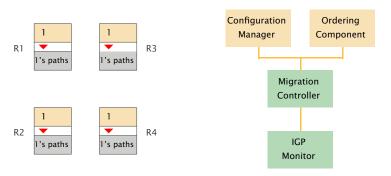
First, the *Ordering Component* computes the ordering (if any)



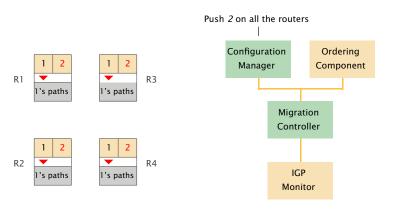
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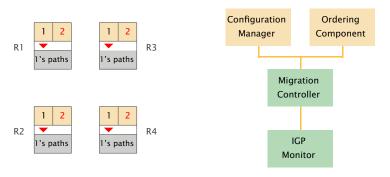
Second, the *IGP Monitor* builds a dynamic view of the IGP and assesses its stability

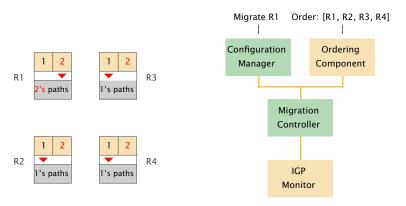


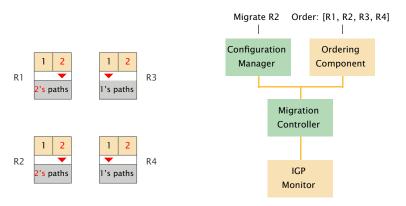
Third, the *Configuration Manager* introduces the, final configuration (not yet used) on all the routers

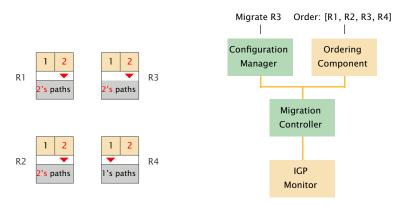


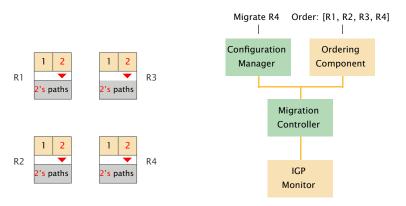
Fourth, the final IGP's completeness and stability are verified by the *IGP Monitor*



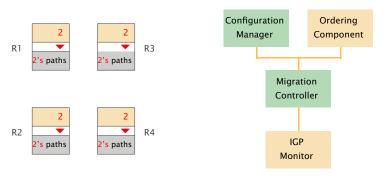




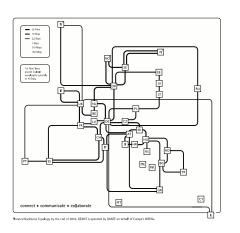




Sixth, the IGP migration is over. The *Configuration Manager* removes the initial IGP configuration from each router



Let's reconfigure an existing network from a *flat* IGP ...



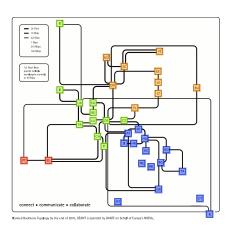
GEANT

European research network

36 routers

53 links

Let's reconfigure an existing network from a *flat* IGP to a *hierarchical* IGP



GEANT

European research network

36 routers

53 links

Backbone zone

South-west zone

South-east zone

North-east zone

Lossless reconfiguration is possible, by following the precomputed ordering



Average results (50 repetitions) computed on 700+ pings per step from every router to 5 problematic destinations

Seamless Network-Wide IGP Migrations



- Identify the ordering
 Avoid anomalies
- 2 Compute the ordering Manage complexity
- 3 Apply the ordering Stable, efficient

Don't fear network reconfiguration, adapt the network to its environment

Add flexibility in network management seamlessly move to the current best configuration

Apply to other types of network migrations that translate to a change of forwarding paths

Introduce a whole new family of problems How do you reconfigure BGP, MPLS, multicast, etc.

Seamless Network-Wide IGP Migrations



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Seamless Network-Wide IGP Migrations towards more agile networking

