

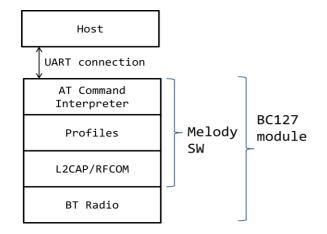


Key Specifications

- Best-in-Class Configurable Bluetooth 4.0 + BLE and Wireless Audio
- Embedded Software and Stack that provides an abstraction layer of the Bluetooth Link
- Controlled via UART, USB or GPIO interfaces
- Profiles: HFP and AG 1.6, PBAP, MAP, A2DP1.3 Sink and Source, AVRCP1.5, DIS, PXP, BC Smart, BC Proximity, iBeacon, HID, Melody command over BLE
- Multipoint Support
- True Wireless Stereo (TWS) support
- Supports data transfer over BLE, SPP, iAP1, and iAP2¹ protocols
- Supports aptX, AAC, SBC, and MP3 codecs
- Supports digital audio input and output I2S, PCM, SPDIFF at sample rates 39kHz - 50kHz
- Supports analogue audio input and output from module ADC and DAC
- Future proof uses the latest hardware and supports firmware upgrade (DFU)

Description

Melody is an embedded firmware running on the BC127 module. It offers both Classic Bluetooth and Bluetooth Low Energy functionality. It provides all functions needed for designing a wireless Audio device that can connect seamlessly to Smartphone applications and deliver the best audio quality and user experience



Applications

- Wireless Speakers, Docks and Headsets
- SmartPhone Controlled Audio Systems
- Automotive Infotainment Systems
- Medical Devices
- High Quality Audio Streaming
- Gaming Accessories and MP3 Players

¹iAP1 and iAP2 protocols are available to Apple MFI Licensees. Please, contact BlueCreation for access to the Melody-MFI Manual.







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Melodyis an embedded firmware solution running on the BC127 module. It includes an application, the Bluetooth profiles and the Bluetooth protocol stack both for Classic Bluetooth and Bluetooth Low Energy. It therefore allows using the BC127 module to develop a Bluetooth device without detailed knowledge of the

Bluetooth profiles and the Bluetooth protocol stack both for Classic Bluetooth and Bluetooth Low Energy. It therefore allows using the BC127 module to develop a Bluetooth device without detailed knowledge of the Bluetooth standard. Melody provides a simple high level UART-based command interface. So the Bluetooth module can be controlled from a host processor.

Setting Up - Equipment

To start you need to have:

- a) A Bluetooth Development board such as BC127-DEVKIT. Please contact <u>sales@bluecreation.com</u> for more information.
- b) A computer with a serial port running a serial terminal, such as PuTTY or HyperTerminal for Windows or an equivalent program, to communicate over the COM interface.

Connect your PC to your Bluetooth module using the serial port. By default, Melody uses the following UART settings:

Baud rate : 9600bpsData bits : 8Stop bits : 1

Parity bit : No parityHW Flow Control : Disabled

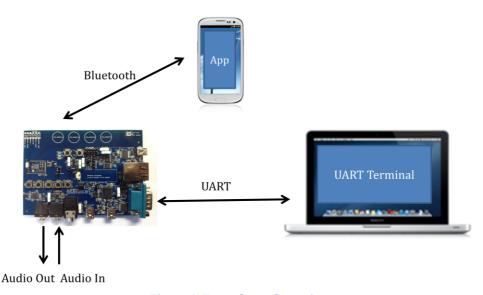


Figure 1: Example configuration



Once you have configured your serial terminal and opened the COM port, power up the development kit. You should see a prompt appear on the screen of the terminal. If you see a prompt and a READY, the module is ready to operate.

You are now ready to control the module!

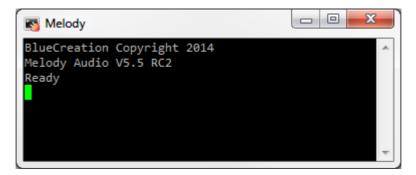


Figure 2: Melody initial load

If you do not see the prompt and READY appear, please check:

- 1) That the module is powered ON and receiving power
- 2) The UART settings on your serial terminal are the same as above
- 3) The module is preloaded with Melody firmware





Melody Default Behaviour and Operating Modes

When Melody boots with factory default settings, it will be discoverable. Any Bluetooth enabled phone or other Bluetooth device will be able to see it, if it scans for (discovers) Bluetooth devices. Melody will appear as 'BlueCreation-XXXXXX'²

When Melody boots with factory default settings, it will be in Command Mode. In this mode, Melody parses the commands coming from the UART and executes them. This allows control over the Bluetooth. Once connected, Melody will transparently transfer any audio stream to the DAC (by default), or I2S or PCM (when configured). If a SPP connection is established, the user can enter Data Mode. This is a mode in which Melody simply passes over data received to the UART acting as a simple data pipe. The Data Mode is explained later in the document in more details.

To switch between Melody operating modes: Command Mode and Data Mode, the following commands are used:

Command	Switch from:	Switch to:
\$\$\$\$	Data Mode	Command Mode
ENTER_DATA	Command Mode	Data Mode

Table 1: Operating mode commands

Blue Creation. St John's Innovation Centre, Cowley Road, Cambridge, CB4 0WS, United Kingdom

² XXXXXX will be six hexadecimal digits that correspond to the last six hexadecimal digits of the device Bluetooth address. If you are using the BC127-DEVKIT, the LED will be flashing alternatively to indicate It is Discoverable





Bluetooth Commands

When in Command mode, the module accepts commands from the host via the UART interface. The generic syntax for commands is:

COMMAND (parameter_1) (parameter_2) ... (parameter_n)\r

with a space between each parameter and a carriage return ('\r' or ASCII 0x0D) at the end of each command.

Commands need to be completely entered within the specified command timeout (400ms by default). Melody will return an 'OK' after each command to indicate that the command was executed. An 'ERROR' will be returned if the command has not been executed or if the parameters are wrong.

The different commands to control the Bluetooth link are listed in alphabetical order below. Mandatory parameters are listed in " () " optional parameters are listed in " [] ".

Please note that all optional [link_ID] parameters are mandatory for multipoint and TWS operation. For all commands that list [link_ID] as parameter, please supply the link id of the link you would like that command to be applied to.

UART Command	Description
\$\$\$\$	Exit Data mode
ADVERTISING (mode)	ON starts BLE advertising, OFF stops BLE advertising, for BLE_ROLE=1 ON starts iBeacon, OFF stops iBeacon, for BLE_ROLE=3
ANSWER [link_ID]	Accepts an incoming call on the HFP link.
BATTERY_STATUS	Returns the battery status of the battery attached to the module by detecting the voltage level
CALL [link_ID] (number)	Dials the number on the HFP link In AG no parameter is passed, and command initiates a bidirectional HFP audio connection between devices.
CLOSE (link_ID)	Terminates the Bluetooth Profile connection. Linked is a number that defines the connection ID. all closes all links
CONFIG	Shows all configuration registers
CVC_CFG (type) [(key) (length)]	Read or write the CVC configuration stored on the module. type can be WB or NB. If only type parameter is supplied all 4 config keys for this type will be displayed. If key and length parameters are present, the key indicated will be written with a value of size length. key can be 0 - 3 length is in 16 bit words and can be 0 - 64. 0 will delete the key. The CVC_CFG command will reply with OK/ERROR. If length was supplied after OK a raw list of upto 24 space separated words followed by carriage return has to be supplied.



	Each carriage return will be replied to with an OK/ERROR if the operation is successfully.
DFU	If more than the length words are supplied the overall operation will fail. Puts the device in DFU mode ³
DISCOVERABLE (mode)	OFF makes the device non discoverable ON puts the module in discoverable mode ⁴
DESC (size)	Sets the USB descriptor to use when acting as a hid device. Size is the length of binary data following (similar to Send when using raw data). By default an USB descriptor for a simple keyboard is loaded. When using this command any previously loaded USB descriptor is deleted. Any USB descriptor loaded with this command is not persistent across a reset.
DEV_INFO (param)=value	This command is used to set the data to be displayed by the BLE Device Information service. The param types and default values are listed below: ACCESSORY_NAME=XXXXXXXXX MANUFACTURER_NAME=XXXXXXXXX MODEL_NAME=XXXXXXXXXX SERIAL_NO=XXXXXXXXXX HARDWARE_VER=0 0 0 FIRMWARE VER=0 0 0
DUT	Enters DUT mode to use testing tools with the serial port and default UART configuration for production
END [link_ID]	Ends a call on the HFP/AG link
ENTER_DATA	Enters Data mode
HELP	Returns available list of commands
GET (config_name)	Reads the value of a configuration parameter.
INQUIRY (timeout) [TWS]	Searches Bluetooth devices in the area for maximum period of time (equal to 1.28s * timeout). Timeout takes a value between 1 and 48. Supplying the optional TWS parameter will only show TWS devices ⁵ .
LICENSE <flag></flag>	This command is used to retrieve the license keys for APTX and cVc if <flag> is omitted. If <flag> is set to APTX or CVC, then it will retrieve the corresponding license key.</flag></flag>
LICENSE <flag>=<value></value></flag>	This command is used to set the license key to either APTX or cVc. <flag> can be either CVC or APTX. <value> is 5 words consisting of the license key (e.g. 1111 2222 3333 4444 5555)</value></flag>
LIST	Lists paired devices in the format LIST (BT addr) (Space
MM CFG (key)	separated list of supported profiles) Read or write the Music Manager configuration stored on the module.
[(length)]	MM_CFG key will read the PSKey at that location. MM_CFG key

³DFU allows downloading a new firmware upgrades onto the Bluetooth module via the UART interface and allows users to upgrade melody to new releases.

⁴DISCOVERABLE ON will disconnect all active connections.

⁵ To find TWS devices, the DEVICE_ID configuration needs to be the non-zero and the same on both sides.



MUSIC [link_ID] (instruction)	length will be write the PSKey. key is DSP PSKey number. It can be between 24 and 38. length is the number of 16bit words to be written for that PSKey. length can be 0 - 64. 0 will delete the key. The MM_CFG command will reply with OK/ERROR. After a valid MM_CFG key length command, BC127 will reply OK and expect a raw list of 16bit values followed by carriage (\r). If the list is greater than 24 x 16 bits values, an additional \r has to be supplied after 24 x 16bits values are sent. Each carriage return will be replied to with an OK/ERROR if the operation is successfully. If more than the length words are supplied the overall operation will fail. Controls the music stream state and sends AVRCP instructions (if AVRCP available)(Instruction=PLAY, PAUSE, STOP, FORWARD ⁶ , BACKWARD ⁴) If AVRCP is disabled or not connected, the PLAY, PAUSE, STOP commands will be applied as A2DP media state commands. Please note that these will not be active until the remote device starts the stream. Please use the A2Dp link ids for multipoint.
NAME (BT addr)	Returns the friendly name of device with the provided Bluetooth address
_	
OPEN (BT_addr) (profile)	Establishes a connection with a given Bluetooth address (formatted as 12 Hexadecimal digits with no separators. e.g.: 3859F9CCB893) and a certain profile. profile can be: SPP, A2DP, AVRCP, MAP ⁷ , HFP, PBAP ⁸ , HID. If profile is left blank, SPP will be assumed.
PASSKEY (type) (key)	This function is used to respond to a SSP user passkey confirm (type 1) or request (type 2), as indicated by a PAIR_PASSKEY notification. For confirmation, use key=1 to accept and key=0 to reject. For passkey request, please supply 6 digit passkey as requested.
PIO (PIOx) (state)	Sets the PIO state to the required level. PIOx is in [1,12]; level is 0 for low, and 1 for high
POWER (mode)	OFF disconnects all active connections and puts the device in limbo mode, where it is not connectable, or discoverable. As a consequence, the UART commands that cannot be executed are rejected. ON returns the device to a connectable state.
PULL_PBOOK (pbook)	If no parameter is specified downloads the phone book of the connected phone. (pbook) can be: phonebook - download phone book (same as no parameter) outgoing - download outgoing calls list incoming - download incoming calls list missed - download missed calls list combined - download the combined calls list The response format is: PBAP_PB NAME: Name PBAP_PB TEL: number

⁶ Only available when acting as Sink to A2DP connection i.e. CLASSIC_ROLE=0

⁷In Melody, MAP requires and active HFP connection. MAP Is optional and not part of the default release ⁸AVRCP requires an active A2DP connection; PBAB requires an active HFP connection.



	PBAP_PB OK when download completes
PULL_ABORT	Aborts an active phonebook download.
	By default, the PBAP profile will not be closed if an active download is in
	process.
	Aborting the operation is required before closing the pbap profile.
READ DESC (BT_addr)	Reads USB descriptor from SDP of the remote HID device with address
	BT_addr.
REJECT	Rejects an incoming call on the HFP link
RESET	Resets the device
RESTORE	Unpairs all paired devices and Restores configuration to factory settings;
RESTORE	Writing settings needs to be followed by WRITE and RESET for the changes to take effect.
ROLE ([link_ID] or	Change the classic connection role of the local device. Notification will
[profile) <role></role>	be sent if the new role is different from the current role. Multipoint only.
	link_IDis the link id to change the role on. Note that the id is required
	per device and not per profile.
	<role> can be:</role>
	MASTER – Change the role of the local device to be the master of the link
	SLAVE – Change the role of the local device to be the slave of the link.
ROUTE [audio_source]	Select which audio routing to apply. Only available audio sources will be
_	accepted.
	If no parameter is supplied, the current routing will be displayed. Please
	refer to audio_source below for enumeration of meanings.
	audio_source can be:
	0 – unroute current routeing; This will be overridden by next automatic
	route event (i.e. HFP call or A2DP media stream)
	2 – A2DP link 2 audio; This will be overridden by next automatic route
	event (i.e. HFP call or A2DP media stream)
	3 – A2DP link 3 audio; This will be overridden by next automatic route
	event (i.e. HFP call or A2DP media stream)
	8 – HFP link 8 audio; This will be overridden by next automatic route
	event (i.e. HFP call or A2DP media stream)
	9 – HFP link 9 audio; This will be overridden by next automatic route
	event (i.e. HFP call or A2DP media stream)
	40 – Analogue loopback; This routing will not be overridden by next
	automatic route event.
	41 – Analogue<->Digital bidirectional pass-through; This routing will not
	be overridden by next automatic route event.
	Notes:
	Notes:
	1) If the codec rate set is not 44.1kHz or 48kHz, when analogue
	loopback is used, the sample rate used will be 44.1kHz
	2) Analogue<->Digital pass-through can only operate at 44.1kHz



	and 48kHz. Please ensure that your digital interface is configured to one of these before using this routing; 3) Analogue<->Digital pass-through will not be available if Melody is not configured to use a digital interface 4) In order for a routing to be accepted there has to be an audio stream associated with that audio_sourse: for A2DP that means an active media stream, for HFP an ongoing call with audio; Analogue loopback and Analogue<->Digital pass-through will always have available audio streams
	5) Attempting to route an already routed stream will return ERROR
RSSI	Returns the receiver signal Strength of the link70dBm is a good link, -80dBm is a poor link
SCAN (timeout)	Searches BLE-enabled Melody devices in the area for maximum period of time (given in seconds). Use the value of 0 for an infinite timeout. Scans are stopped when a connection is attempted or when they time out.
SEND ([link_ID]or [profile])([characters] or [size])	Sends characters or data through a selected profile (HID, SPP or BLE). If no profile is specified, it will send to the first connected profile in the order (BLE, SPP). If Multipoint or Raw_Data mode the first supplied parameter must be a link id; For single point this must be a profile. If in Raw data mode the second parameter must be the length of the data to be sent. The command will return status based on the availability of space to send the data and profile connection status. Raw data of 'length' bytes must be sent over UART immediately afterwards. Melody will return into normal command mode after that length has been received. A notification will be sent by melody indicating the status of the data send. For BLE length is limited to 128bytes. When Raw Data is not enabled the second parameter is a string that must not exceed 128 characters. The string may contain all characters except: 0x00, 0x08, 0x0D as those are special characters used in command mode. When sending HID data, Raw data mode must be enabled.
SET (config)=value	Sets a new value to a configuration parameter.
SSRD (size) (raw_data)	Set the scan response data. This is a manufacturer specific data blob. The first 2 bytes need to be Bluetooth SIG manufacturer ID to be SIG compliant. size – the size of the data in decimal (including company id). Size must be <= 29. Size 0 with no additional arguments deletes the current Scan response data
	Raw_data – SIZE number of space separated ASCII represented



	unsigned octet values.
	Structure is: [company_id LSB] [company_ID MSB] [SIZE-2
	data bytes in manufacturer determined order]
	Eg. SSRD 8 01 23 45 67 89 AB CD EF
	Please note that this function will return error if BLE_ROLE != 1; for wrong size, or if the function cannot allocate size number of bytes when called.
	If function successfully performs internal actions "PENDING" result will be returned, followed by an asynchronous "OK" or "ERROR" status once the scan data registration request completes.
	Please note that this function may be called at any time, and will overwrite any pre-existing registered scan response data.
STATUS	Lists the device status for Classic and BLE: STATUS (Classic status) (BLE status) Where (Classic status) can be: OFF, CONNECTABLE DISCOVERABLE, CONNECTABLE, CONNECTED and (BLE status) can be: OFF, IDLE, ADVERTISING, CONNECTED.
	And Link status for established links in the format:
	LINK (link id) CONNECTED (BT_Addr) (Audio_Codec/AVRCP_State) (if applicable)
TOGGLE_VR [link_ID]	Start/Stop Voice call command on the phone
TONE ⁹ (flag) (value)	Plays a tone based on the input.
(flag) (value)	A tone must have at least 1 note.
	A note must have a length parameter.
	Please refer to Appendix B for full information regarding, flags, accepted values and descriptions.
	Flags: Tempo TE [0 - 4095] Timbre TI [0 - 7] Volume V [0 - 255] Decay D [00 - FF] (enter value in hex10) Note N [A - F + octave 0 - 9] eg:AF7, A7, AS7 Length L [1,2,464] or [3,6,1296] triplets
TRANSFER_CALL [link_ID]	This command will transfer the audio between Melody and the phone in a call. If the audio is in Melody, then after this command, the audio will be on the phone.

⁹ Currently not supported over digital audio output.

¹⁰ Parsed as fixed point of the following format in binary bbbb.bbbb or hexadecimal X.X



	Note that some phones disconnect the Bluetooth link when the audio is transferred back to the phone
UNPAIR	Clears the list of previously paired devices
VERSION	Returns information on the firmware version number
VOLUME ¹¹ [(flag)[=value]]	Display volume information for <i>single point</i> scenario.
	Supplying the command without a parameter will display all volume data. Please be advised that this data is not accurate if the respective connection is not active and routed at the moment.
	If arguments are supplied, the following values are available:
	flag can be: (available in all scenarios) UP – increases the volume for current active routing DOWN – decreases the volume for current active routing HFP – returns the speaker volume of the connected HFP link MIC_MUTE – returns the MIC state of the mic A2DP returns the speaker volume of the connected A2DP link WIRED – display volume for current active wired mode WIRED_MUTE – display mute status for current active WIRED routing
	An additional argument [=value] cam be supplied to set the respective (flag)'s value as follows: HFP - value must be in [0; 15] - desired volume for link MIC_MUTE ¹² ¹³ - value can be ON/OFF and enables/disables microphone mute A2DP - value must be in [0; 15] - desired volume for link WIRED - value must be in [0; 15] - desired volume for link WIRED_MUTE ¹³ - value can be ON/OFF and enables/disables ADC input mute
	 Additional Notes on Volume command behaviour: Melody stores specifics and different volume levels for each profile. When in Analogue Loopback or Analogue<->Digital mode, the VOLUME UP/DOWN command will only affect the DAC gains. WIRED_MUTE will only affect the ADC gain; In addition changing

¹¹ Single Point version of VOLUME command

¹² Please note that this will not be applied if cVc plugin is used, as it has full control of the audio input signal path.

¹³ MUTE=ON sets ADC gain to 0; depending on input signal level, this may still result in some audio passing through. MIC_MUTE=OFF reverts to previous Input gain level



	volume for these routing will not save the respective volume levels. On subsequent re-routing the values specified in the WIRED config will be used.
	 In CLASSIC_ROLE=0 X (sink) volume changes the local volume or if the remote side supports it, indicates a volume change and the sides synchronise volumes using AVRCP Absolute volume. This does not affect the stream volume.
	 In CLASSIC_ROLE=1 X (source) volume changes are sent over the air as Absolute volume commands. No local/stream volume change is applied. In order to change the stream volume or control input levels, please use the INPUT_GAIN configuration.
VOLUME ¹⁴ (link_ID)[(value) or	Display volume information for <i>multi-point</i> scenario.
(flag) [=(value)]]	The link ID supplied must be one for either of the A2DP links (2,3) or HFP links (8,9), or the WIRED_A (40) or WIRED_D (41) routing link_id placeholders.
	Supplying only link_ID will display the volume information only for active links (connected and having audio streams associated) or in the case of WIRED links, when routed. Supplying a link_ID to an inactive link will return ERROR.
	Optional arguments can be supplied to set the values for active links. To set the volume for a specific link: Provide a link_ID and (value) which can be in [0; 15] Provide a link_ID and (flag) which can be UP/DOWN
	To set the MUTE parameters for a HFP and WIRED link the respective link_ID and the following (flag) can be used: MIC_MUTE ¹⁵ ¹⁶ — value can be ON/OFF and enables/disables ADC input mute WIRED_MUTE ¹⁶ — value can be ON/OFF and enables/disables ADC input mute
	Additional Notes on Volume command behaviour:
	 Melody stores specifics and different volume levels for each profile.
	 When in Analogue Loopback (WIRED_A) or Analogue<->Digital (WIRED_D) mode, the VOLUME UP/DOWN command will only

¹⁴ Multi Point version of VOLUME command

¹⁵ Please note that this will not be applied if cVc plugin is used, as it has full control of the audio input signal path.

¹⁶ MUTE=ON sets ADC gain to 0; depending on input signal level, this may still result in some audio passing through. MIC_MUTE=OFF reverts to previous Input gain level



	 WIRED_MUTE will only affect the ADC gain; In addition changing volume for these routing will not save the respective volume levels. On subsequent re-routing the values specified in the WIRED config will be used.
	 In CLASSIC_ROLE=0 X (sink) volume changes the local volume or if the remote side supports it, indicates a volume change and the sides synchronise volumes using AVRCP Absolute volume. This does not affect the stream volume.
	 In CLASSIC_ROLE=1 X (source) volume changes are sent over the air as Absolute volume commands. No local/stream volume change is applied. In order to change the stream volume or control input levels, please use the INPUT_GAIN configuration.
WRITE	Store configurations.

Table 2: Command Mode Bluetooth Commands





PIO Control

By default, the module can also be controlled by PIOs. This allows the module to work autonomously without the need of a host processor as in a wireless speaker for example. The table below lists the UART commands that also have a PIO equivalent. This PIO functionality can be turned off (See configuration parameters).

Please note that when in Multipoint, PIO controls will take effect on the primary (lower number) link id;

GPIO ¹⁷	Melody Classic Role	UART Equivalent	Description	
VREGEN single	0	DISCOVERABLE ON	If Sink, Melody will become discoverable. This disconnects all connections.	
VREGEN long	All	SET CLASSIC_ROLE=1 SET AUTOCONN=1 RESET	Enable Source mode and auto connection an resets Melody. On reset and failing autoconnection, Melody will start inquiry and pairing to first device with RSSI below the threshold set in the RSSI_THRESH configuration. ¹⁸	
PIO_0single	All	VOLUME UP	Increases volume for HFP and A2DP	
PIO_1single	All	VOLUME DOWN	Decreases volume for HFP and A2DP	
PIO_2 single	All	MUSIC PLAY/MUSIC PAUSE/ANSWER/END	Starts playing music or stop playing music for A2DP Source and Sink. If there is an incoming HFP call it will answer the call. During an ongoing call it will end the call.	
PIO_2 long	0	CALL	If Melody is Sink, it will initiate a CALL (last number redial).	
	1	CALL	If Source, it will initiate a call (CALL).	
PIO_4single	All	MUSIC BACKWARD	Sends AVRCP instruction BACKWARD	
PIO_5 single	All	MUSIC FORWARD	Sends AVRCP instruction FORWARD (Next track)	

Table 3: Command Mode General PIO Bluetooth Commands

Note: 'single' is defined as any press and release that happens within 999ms. 'long' is defined as holding the PIO high for 1000ms. A repeated 'long' press will be detected if the PIO is held high for multiples of 1000ms.

¹⁷ Refer to BC127 Datasheet for location of PIO on the module pinout.

¹⁸ Please note that this may fail if there is another discoverable device below this threshold. Please press VREG again and repeat procedure.





PIO Functionality with PIO Control Disabled

If PIO control is disabled (SET GPIOCONTROL=OFF), PIO(0) and PIO(5) are used as the table below.

Please note that when in Multipoint, PIO controls will take effect on the primary (lower number) link id;

PIO	Туре	Description
PIO_0	Output	High if Melody is connected
		Low if Melody is not connected
PIO_5	Input	High to enter data mode
		Low to enter command mode

Table 4: PIO control and indication

Audio Enable PIO

On non-MFI builds, PIO 3 will go high for an active SCO or A2DP stream. This can be used for example as an audio enable to an amplifier.

This feature is not configurable.





LED Indications

By default, the module has LEDs control enabled. This allows the module toggle the LEDs:

Please note that Classic and Smart indication occur on different LEDs and will be displayed concurrently based on state.

Classic State	LED pattern (repeating)
Discoverable	Fast Flash Toggle LED 0 and LED1
Connected Sink	LED 1 flashes once approx 2.5s
Connected Source	LED 0 flashes once approx 2.5s
Connectable Sink	LED 1 blinks slowly
Connectable Source	LED 0 blinks slowly
OFF or DFU	All LEDs are OFF

Table 5: LED Patterns Classic

Smart State	LED pattern (repeating)
Idle/Off	LED 2 off
Advertising	LED 2 blinks slowly
Connected	LED 2 flashes once approx 2.5s

Table 6: LED Patterns Smart

Other states	LED pattern (once)
Powering On	All LEDs On for 1s
Powering Off	All LEDs quick blink 3 times
Off or DFU	All LEDs off

Table 7: Other indications





Configuration Commands

When Melody is in Command mode, the user can configure general parameters for the module. These parameters are stored in the RAM memory. If required, the parameters can be stored to Flash memory. When the module reboots, it will boot with the parameters that are saved to Flash memory.

There are 4 main commands to configure parameters. The commands to modify configuration parameters are described below. Mandatory parameters are listed in "()" optional parameters are listed in "[]".

Command	Description
GET (config_name)	Reads the value of a configuration parameter.
RESTORE	Restore configuration parameters to default factory settings.
SET (config_name)=param_1 param_2param_n	Sets a new value to a configuration parameter.
WRITE	Write configuration changes to Flash memory. This command writes all the current configuration parameters to non-volatile memory. These are then read at boot-up time.

Table 8: General Configuration Commands

Note: If the module boots up with PIO_0 high, the factory default configurations are reset. This allows reverting to a known and working configuration state if severe problems are encountered.

The different configuration parameters are described in alphabetical order in the table below. Once modified, many configuration parameters will not take effect before a reboot. Therefore they need to be stored to Flash before rebooting.

Configuration Parameter	Description	Default	Require
			S
			Reboot
AUDIO=(value)	AUDIO allows to route the A2DP audio stream:	0	Yes
	0 – Analogue		
	1 – PCM Master ¹⁹		
	2 – PCM Slave		
	3 – I2S Master ¹⁹		
	4 – I2S Slave		
	5 – SPDIF ²⁰		

¹⁹ Please note that when Melody is acting as master of digital audio connections, clocks will only be supplied when there is an active routing at the moment.

²⁰ Please note that SPDIF only operates in output mode; additionally, the supported sample rates are 44.1kHz and 48kHz. SPDIF outputs stereo PCM data.



	Note: When using options 1 to 4, HFP calls are mono (only left channel).		
AUTOCONN=(value)	0 – Disabled 1 – Auto-connects on Reset (the device will try to reconnect to previously paired devices with all possible profiles) 2 – Auto-connect to specific address on Reset. (Melody will try and connect with the Bluetooth address specified by the REMOTE_ADDR parameter) Note: Melody will store up to 8 paired devices in its persistent memory. So AUTOCONN=1 means it will try to connect to each one and attempt a number of times (MAX_REC) before giving up. When the pairing memory is full, Melody will erase the oldest paired device. So the 8 stored paired devices are the 8 most recently paired devices	0	Yes
BATT_THRESH=(chrgLvl)(crit)(low)(lvl0)(lvl1)(lvl2)(lvl3)	Set the battery voltage level thresholds. These are used internally by the battery charger to determine behaviour, and also reflect the responses to the BATTERY_STATUS command. chrgLvl - charge voltage limit threshold - charging will stop once battery reaches this voltage (in mV) crit - critical battery level - device will shut off until charged above this level (in units of 20mV) low - low battery level (in units of 20mV) lvl0 - Level 0 (in units of 20mV) lvl1 - Level 1 (in units of 20mV) lvl2 - Level 2 (in units of 20mV) lvl2 - Level 3 (in units of 20mV)	4250 145 150 155 165 175	Yes
BAUD=(value)	UART Baud rate (9600,19200,38400,57600,115200, 230400, 460800, 921600)	9600	No
BLE_AUTO_ADV=(value)	Enable/Disable BLE constant advertisements when not connected ²¹²²	OFF	No
BLE_ROLE=(value)	Chooses the BLE role of the device: 0 - BLE disabled 1 - Peripheral 2 - Central 3 - iBeacon Before setting BLE_ROLE to 1, 2 or 3, HID_ROLE must be set to 0.	1	Yes

²¹ BLE_ROLE must be set to 1 for this to work

²² Please note that automatic advertisements override any Discoverable settings, and device will only be connectable and advertising when it boots.



,		1	
BPS=(value)	This is only for I2S and PCM Codecs. It defines the	16	Yes
	number of bits per sample.		
	16BPS - supported for PCM		
	16 and 24BPS - supported for I2S		
	When using 24BPS for output, the 8 least significant		
	bits will be zero padded.		
	Behaviour for 24bit input samples configured using I2S		
	config.		
	Note: If using I2S input, you must also configure I2C		
	input resolution in the I2S config.		
CLASSIC_ROLE=(role)	Sets the device role for the classic Bluetooth profiles	0	Yes
[mode]	HFP and A2DP; profiles supported in source are: HFP,		
	A2DP, AVRCP, and SPP		
	Role can be		
	0 – Sink		
	1 – Source		
	Mode can be:		
	0 – single point		
	1 – multipoint		
	2 – TWS		
CMD_TO=(value)	Guard time for detecting a \$\$\$\$ command to switch	20	No
	from data mode to command mode. There should be		
	20ms x CMD_TO between the last character and the		
	\$\$\$\$. And there should be 20ms x CMD_TO after the		
GOD- (1)	\$\$\$\$ for the command to be recognised.	240404	.,
COD=(value)	Configures Class of Device	240404	Yes
CODEC=(Codec)(Fs)(Mode	CODEC is a decimal representation of 4 bit value	00110	Yes
) [hfpBias] [a2dpBias]	specifying which codecs are to be enabled:		
	Eg:		
	0 – No extra codecs (SBC only) (bitmap 000b)		
	1 – aptX enabled (bitmap0001b) ²³		
	2 – MP3 enabled (bitmap0010b)		
	4 – AAC enabled5 (bitmap0100b)		
	8 – aptX Low Latency (bitmap 1000b)		
	15 – All extra codecs (bitmap1111b)		
	Fs - (Sample Rate in Hz) 39000 to 50000,		
	Note: For digital audio this parameter needs to be set		
	Note. For digital addio this parameter needs to be set		
	to something in range. For analogue output 0 indicates		

²³ Please contact BlueCreation if you require a licence for aptX or aptX-LL



		1	
	Mode: 0 is Mono, 1 is Stereo		
	hfpBias: enable/disable mic bias when in HFP mode		
	a2dpBias: enable/disable mic bias when in A2DP mode		
CONN_TO=(value)	Time Melody stays connectable (in seconds) after a connection has been established in Multipoint. Values accepted: 0 – 65534. 0 – never stop being connectable;	0	No
DEEP_SLEEP=(value)	Enable and Disable Deep Sleep	OFF	No
DEVICE_ID=(word_1) (word_8)	The Device ID sets the configuration parameters for the Device ID Profile. This profile sets the following as an SDP record so that remote devices can get extra information about the product: Vendor Id source (2 bytes) Vendor Id(2 bytes) Product Id(2 bytes) BCD version (2 bytes) Software version (8 bytes) For more information about these settings, refer to Device ID profile specification on the 22luetooth.org adopted specification page	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	Yes
DISCOVERABLE=(value) (t imeout)	Mode defines discoverable scheme after boot: 0 – non discoverable 1 – discoverable after reconnection failed, if autoconnect is enabled 2 – discoverable immediately overrides auto-connect Timeout defines time to discoverable after boot (timeout=0 means infinite, number is value in milliseconds to be discoverable before going into deep sleep).	1 0	Yes
ENABLE_A2DP=(value)	Enables and disables A2DP profile	ON	Yes
ENABLE_ANDROID_BLE=(va lue)	Enables and disables Android BLE support.	OFF	Yes
ENABLE_AVRCP=(value)	Enables and disables AVRCP profile (depends on A2DP profile)	ON	Yes
ENABLE_BATT_IND=(value)	Enables and disabled the iOS battery indication ²⁴	ON	No

²⁴ Due to iOS behaviour, this needs to be changed before initial Pairing to iOS device. Changing after that will not remove indicator on iOS.



	<u></u>	T	
ENABLE_HFP=(value)	Enables and disables HFP profile and AG in Source mode	ON	Yes
ENABLE HFP CVC=(value)	Enables and disables cVc	OFF	Yes
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Note: CVC is not supported by AG	011	103
ENABLE HFP NREC=(value	Sets the HFP NREC flag, which tells the AG not to use its	OFF	Yes
)	internal Noise Reduction/Echo Canceller algorithm. We	011	163
•	suggest you set this to ON if using CVC or an external		
	noise reduction platform.		
ENABLE HFP WBS=(value)	Enables and disables Wide band speech support	ON	Yes
	Note: WBS is not supported by AG	ON	163
ENABLE LED=(value)	Enables and disables LED support in Melody	ON	No
<u> </u>			_
ENABLE_MAP=(value)	Enables and disables MAP profile	ON	Yes
ENABLE_PBAP=(value)	Enables and disables PBAP profile (depends on HFP	ON	Yes
	profile)		
ENABLE_RAW_DATA=(val)	Enables and disables raw data mode.	OFF	Yes
ENABLE_SPP=(value)	Enables and disables SPP profile	ON	Yes
ENABLE_SPP_SNIFF=(stat	Enables SPP only connections to go into sniff mode	OFF 0 0 0 0 0	No ²⁵
e) [(min_interval) (max_	which allows Melody to use low power modes.		
interval) (attempt) (tim	These values take effect if SPP is the only connected		
eout) (duration)]	profile		
	state:		
	OFF – <i>active</i> (accept all remote sniff requests)		
	ON – passive (if all other parameters are supplied or		
	pre-set to 0; will go into high-power low latency state		
	and will not accept any sniff requests.)		
	 - sniff with passive (with parameters supplied and 		
	duration parameter non-zero)		
	Parameters:		
	min_interval: the minimum interval of the sniff period		
	max_interval: the maximum interval of the sniff period		
	attempt: Determines for how many slots the slave shall		
	listen when the slave is not treating this as a scatternet		
	link.		
	Timeout : Determines for how many additional slots the		
	slave shall listen when the slave is not treating this as a		
	scatternet link.		
	Duration : the time to stay in passive mode before		
	going into sniff mode, when sniff with passive is		
	configured.		
FLOW_CTRL=(value)	Enables and disables UART Flow Control	OFF	Yes
FORCE_ANALOG_MIC=(valu	Forces the use of the analogue input for MIC when a	OFF	Yes
e)	digital interface is selected in AUDIO (I2S, PCM, SPDIF)		

²⁵ Changing the sniff parameters require the connection to restart.



GPIOCONTROL=(value)	Enables and disables PIO control	ON	Yes
HID_ROLE=(value)	Value is 0 if hid if disabled, 1 if host and 2 if hid device. Before setting HID_ROLE to 1 or 2, BLE_ROLE must be set to 0.	0	Yes
I2S=(value)	Configures the I2S parameters. I2Sconfig is a 10 bit value represented by the 10 LSB of a 4 digit hexadecimal number: Bit [0]: Justification format: 0 – left justified; 1 – right justified. Bit [1]: Left Justify delay: 0 – MSB of SD data occurs in the first SCLK period following WS transition; 1 – is MSB of SD data occurs in the second SCLK period. Bit [2]: Channel polarity: 0 – SD data is left channel when WS is high; 1 – SD data is right channel. Bit [3]: Audio attenuation enable (On SD_IN): 0 – 17-bit SD data is rounded down to 16bits; 1 – the audio attenuation defined in bits [7:4] is applied over 24 bits with saturated rounding. Requires Bit [10] to be 0. Bits [7:4]: Audio attenuation configuration in 6dB steps. Bits [9:8]: Justify resolution of data on SD_IN: 00 – 16-bit; 01 – 20-bit; 10 – 24-bit; 11 – reserved. Bit [10]: 16 bit crop enable: 0 – 17-bit SD_IN data is rounded down to 16bits; 1 – only the most significant 16bits of data are received. Please note: 1) In Master mode the Bit Clock (BCLK) is generated at 4*bps*Fs Hz. 2) In Slave mode, please supply a Bit Clock (BCLK) of at least 4*bps*Fs Hz and upto 256*Fs Hz. 3) The word/sync clock is generated at Fs Hz. Fs is taken from the CODEC config; bps is supplied by the BPS config.	0006	Yes
IBEACON_MAJOR=(value)	Sets the iBeacon Major data field.	8765	Yes
IBEACON_MINOR=(value)	Sets the iBeacon Minor data field.	4321	Yes
IBEACON_POWER=(value)	Sets the iBeacon power field (in dBm)	-35	Yes
IBEACON_UUID=(values)	Sets the 128bit (16 octet) iBeacon UUID in Little Endian format.	00 00 11 01 00 00 10 00 80 00 00 80 5F 9B 34 FB	Yes



INPUT_GAIN=(value)	Sets the analogue input gain. Values supported are 0 - 15	15	No
LOCAL_ADDR=(value ²⁶)	Contains the local Bluetooth address of the device.	0	No
MAX_REC=(value)	Maximum times to try to reconnect to a device in PDL	2	Yes
MM (enable) [(user_eq_en) (bank) (bass_boost_en) (3d_enhance_en) (compander_en) (dither en)	Configure the Music Manager audio enhancements for A2DP music streams. All configuration parameters following MM are 0 or 1 except bank which is between 0 and 6.	0000000	No
(speaker_eq_en)]	enable – mandatory, enable or disable MM		
	All subsequent parameters are optional but must be provided in order. i.e. if you want to modify (bass boos) you have to supply (user_eq_en) and (bank).		
	user_eq_en - enable/disable the user equaliser block bank - set the equaliser bank to use when user equaliser is enabled. Available banks are 0 to 6. bass_boost_en - enable/disable the bass boost block 3d_enhance_en - enable/disable the 3D enhancement block compander_en - enable/disable the compander (compressor/expander) block dither_en - enable/disable the post processing/dither block speaker_eq_en - enable/disable the speaker equaliser block Please note that these configurations only enable/disable music manager blocks. Those need to be configured use UFE, as specified by CSR.		
MUSIC_META_DATA=(value)	Enable (ON) and disable (OFF) AVRCP 1.3 metadata notifications sent by Melody.	ON	No
NAME=(value)	Friendly Name; Last 6 symbols of the name XXXXXX are the last 6 symbols of the Bluetooth address	BlueCreation-	Yes
NAME_SHORT=(value)	Short Name, used for Melody Smart Advertisements, maximum of 7 characters, where XXXXX are the last 5 hex digits of the Bluetooth address	BCXXXXX	Yes
PARITY=(value)	UART Parity (1=none, 2=even, 3=odd)	1	No
PIN=(value)	Pin Code	0000	
REMOTE_ADDR=(value)	Address of device to auto-connect to on reset. Works only if devices are paired. Will attempt MAX_REC times	0	Yes

²⁶ Please note that value is a read only.



	and then go discoverable		
RSSI_THRESH=(value)	Set threshold for Source RSSI pair/connection	-75	Yes
SPP_TRANSPARENT=(value)	Enable SPP Data Mode immediately on SPP connection. For multipoint this is only active on the primary link.	OFF	Yes
SSP_CAPS=(value)	Set SSP capabilities for this device. Accepted values are: 0 – display only 1 – display yes/no 2 – keyboard only 3 – no display, no keyboard (i.e.JustWorks) 4 – display and keyboard 5 – reject SSP request	3	No
TWS_MODE=(value)	Set the TWS mode. Mode can be: 0 – Auto (Master is Left Ch, Slave is Right Ch) 1 – Left Ch 2 – Right Ch 3 – Stereo	0	No
USB_HOST=(value)	Used to be able to send commands over USB (ON) instead of UART (OFF)	OFF	Yes
UUID_DATA=(value)	Change the default value for Melody Smart Data Characteristic UUID	89F7 D93C	Yes
UUID_SPP=(value)	Change the UUID for the SPP profile	00 00 11 01 00 00 10 00 80 00 00 80 5F 9B 34 FB	Yes
UUID_SRV=(value)	Change the default value for Melody Smart primary service UUID (BLE)	68E3 28F0	Yes
VREG_ROLE=(value)	Changes behaviour of VREG button when held (3s press) 0 - Nothing 1 - Power On/Off 2 - Switch role between Source/Sink	0	No
WIRED=(out_gain) [(in_gain) [(bias) [(preamp)]]]	Set the desired configuration for the Analogue interface when using WIRED routing. out_gain - must be in 0 - 15 in_gain - must be in 0 - 15 bias - must be 0 or 1 to disable/enable MIC bias on input lines preamp - must be 0 or 1 to disable/enable Mic Pre- Amp (+20dB) on input lines Only the first parameter is mandatory; all subsequent parameters are optional but must be provided in order. i.e. if you want to modify (bias) you have to supply (in_gain).	8800	No



Please note that these configurations will be loaded at		
the start of every wired routing and will not be applied		
while a routing is active.	ļ	

Table 9: Configuration Parameters and values





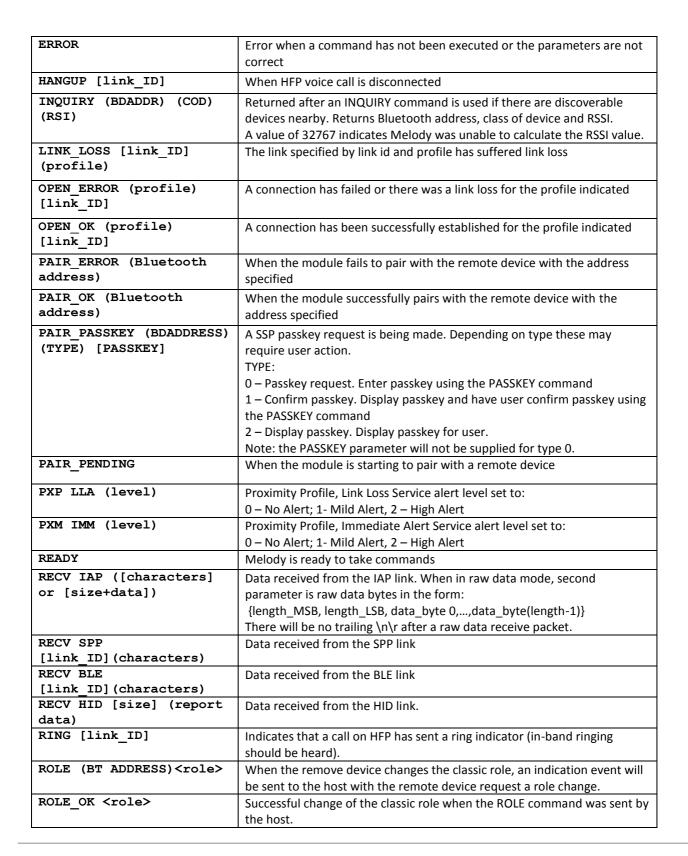
Event Notifications

Melody uses 'notifications', or text prompts, to notify the host of events in the Bluetooth link (for example, completed commands or incoming connections), to provide information, or to require action. Notifications are generated only when Melody is in command or remote configuration mode.

The syntax used is NOTIFICATION [link_ID] (Parameter).

Event	Description
A2DP STEAM START	Indicates that the A2DP media stream has been opened. One or more of
(link_ID)	these messages may be displayed when the remote or local side has
	requested the A2DP media channel state to change. Please note that an
	open media stream does not guarantee that there is an active music
	stream.
A2DP_STEAM_SUSPEND	Indicates that the A2DP media stream has been suspended. One or more
(link_ID)	of these messages may be displayed when the remote or local side has
	requested the A2DP media channel state to change. Please note that an a
	media stream suspend may come some time after the active music stream
	has ended, or depending on phone implementation, may not come at all.
ABS_VOL=[link_ID] (value)	The current absolute volume set as an integer in the range 0 – 127
	(representing 0 – 100% as per spec).
AVRCP_MEDIA	ARTIST: string
[link_ID] (property:	TITLE: string
value)	ALBUM: string
	NUMBER: integer TOTAL NUMBER: integer
	PLAYING TIME (MS): integer
AVRCP PLAY [link ID]	When an AVRCP play event is received from the remote device
AVRCP STOP [link ID]	When an AVRCP stop event is received from the remote device
AVRCP PAUSE [link ID]	When an AVRCP pause event is received from the remote device
AVRCP FORWARD [link ID]	When an AVRCP forward event is received from the remote device
AVRCP_BACKWARD [link_ID]	When an AVRCP backward event is received from the remote device
BC_SMART PROX (value)	BC Smart Proximity Service indicates that this is the closest (1) or not (0) device. If an indication of 0 is received the remote side may disconnect.
CALL (phone number)	In HFP mode, indicates that there is an incoming call form the supplied
[link_ID]	phone number. In AG mode, indicates that the handsfree wants to
	establish a call to this number.
CALL_ACTIVE[link_ID]	Indicates call is in progress.
CALL_END[link_ID]	Indicates call has been ended.
CALL_INCOMING [link_IS]	Indicates an incoming call.
CLOSE_ERROR (profile)	A connection could not be closed for the profile indicated.
[link_ID]	
CVC_CFG	TYPE – WB or NB for wideband and narrowband CVC keys.
(TYPE) (KEY) [value]	KEY is the key id 0 – 3;
	Value – is the key value in ASCII representation of 16bit hexadecimal
	words. Value will not be present if the key is empty.







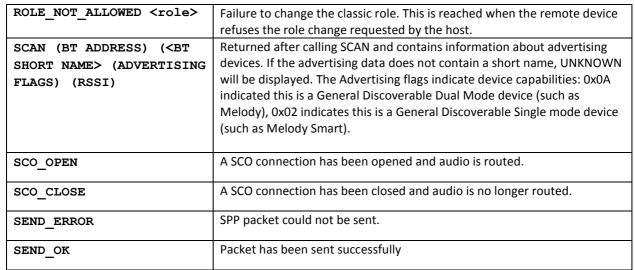


Table 10: Melody Notifications





Data Mode

When the module is connected, it will parse all received data, to identify commands. However, for SPP connections and in order to speed up data rate, the host can put the module into Data Mode. In Data Mode, the module becomes a transparent link and forwards any data received from the UART to the SPP connection. Melody no longer parses the incoming UART stream. To return to Command Mode, one has to stop sending data for a period of time equal to or greater than the set command timeout (CMD_TO) and send '\$\$\$\$' via the UART line, within the command timeout.

cVc and HFP 1.6 Wide Band Speech (WBS)

Melody 4.0 adds support for Clear Voice Capture (cVc) which is an algorithm provided by Cambridge Silicon Radio (CSR) for echo and noise cancellation and HFP 1.6 which adds Wide Band Speech (WBS) to supported codecs.cVc enabled is required for WBS to work. The commands for enabling cVc and WBS are in the parameters table. The use of cVc requires a license key. Please contact info@blue-creation.com or your distributor for more information about cVc.

Pairing

When discoverable, Melody will accept any pairing request from devices in range. By default Melody will use secure simple pairing (Bluetooth 2.1 and above). If the devices trying to pair are older (Bluetooth 2.0 and below), Melody will accept the older pairing procedure.

For Bluetooth 2.1 devices and newer Melody will accept any pairing request using the 'Just Works' Bluetooth 2.1 method. This means that the module will accept any connection from Smartphones and other devices. The user of the device will not be required to enter a PIN code.

For Bluetooth 2.0 devices and older Melody will require a PIN code to accept a connection. The PIN code is set to 0000 by default, but can be reconfigured. This means that the phone user will be required to enter the pin code in order to pair successfully.





Power management

Melody is configured to reduce the power consumption in both connected and not connected state.

Not Connected

By default, if Melody is not connected, it will be connectable and stays discoverable for a certain amount of time (configurable). If connection is lost, Melody will attempt to reconnect the number of times specified by the MAX_REC parameter. After that, and if Deep Sleep is enabled, Melody will go into Deep sleep mode (a very low power consumption mode). In this mode Melody will not be discoverable or able to accept any connection. This allows reducing current consumption to a minimum when the device is not connected and not operational. In order for Melody to get out of this mode, a random character has to be sent through the UART. After a 20ms wake-up time the module will be operational again. If GPIO commands are enabled, any GPIO change will also get Melody out Deep Sleep.

Note: Waking Melody up will not disable Deep Sleep and the module will go back into Deep Sleep after the command is executed. It is recommended if Deep Sleep is enabled, to always send a carriage return before a command. This will not return anything if Melody wakes up from Deep Sleep and will return ERROR if Melody is already awake. After sending the carriage return, wait for 20ms (the chip wake-up time) and then send the command. The chip will stay awake for 1s after the last byte is received on the UART.

Connected:

When Melody is connected, it is set-up to reduce power consumption while maintaining the connection. In this state, Melody will automatically establish a link policy to allow it to reduce power consumption while still being able to receive link updates.

Note: If Deep Sleep is enabled, Melody will go into deep sleep after 50ms of no activity.

Melody Source

Melody 5 adds support to source HFP-AG and A2DP source. This mode can be activated by setting the CLASSIC_ROLE=1 configuration to ON, writing, and resetting the device. Once Melody is reset, it will disable all profiles that are not supported in source mode.

In source mode, Melody can pair and connect with another Melody in sink mode or to regular headsets. It can then stream music over A2DP to the headset, send AVRCP commands for control, and start a voice call with the headset.





Melody Multipoint

Melody 5.2 supports Multipoint allowing two (2) connections for the HFP/AG, A2DP, AVRCP, and SPP profiles, along with a single connection over Bluetooth Smart.

To enable Multipoint Melody needs to be configured to be in CLASSIC ROLE=X 1. X - any accepted value.

This forces all commands and notifications to use the [link id] parameter, to allow for control of the two connection instances per profile. GPIO control will only work on the primary (lower number) connection, if established.

Melody TWS

Melody 5.2 includes True Wireless Stereo (TWS) support. TWS allows two Melody boards to connect to each other and share audio that is being streamed to one of them. The Melody boards can be configured to be Left, Right or Stereo channels. This allows the use case for true wireless stereo speakers over Bluetooth.

To enable TWS Melody needs to be configured to be in CLASSIC_ROLE=X 2 - any accepted value. If Melody is in CLASSIC_ROLE=1 X, CLASSIC_ROLE will be reverted to CLASSIC_ROLE=0 2.

Please note that in TWS mode, volume controls are only available on the A2DP link to the streaming device.

DFU (Device Firmware Upgrade)

Melody versions above 4 RC2 support firmware upgrade. This can be done over UART from your PC using the Melody Device Firnware Upgrade Tool available from BlueCreation. Please http://bluecreation.com/firmwareupdates.php for more details and downloads.

You can use DFU to upgrade to a newer version of Melody and add additional features.





General Notes

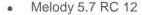
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Change Log

- Melody 5.7 RC 17 RA
 - Resolved issue preventing Melody in sink mode from operating properly when codec rates were set to non 44.1kHz and 48kHz values. Streaming now works from the full supported sample rate range.
 - Input gain in now correctly limited to 15 in configuration.
- Melody 5.7 RC 16 RA
 - Added ability to control and indicate A2DP media state when AVRCP is not available. Please look at MUSIC command and A2DP_STREAM_XXX events.
 - Resolved issue with boot time configuration restore using PIO 0.
 - When requesting a tone to be played back, if another tone is being played back it is going to be stopped, and then the new tone will be played back. This resolves some glitches and race conditions when multiple tones are played in quick succession.
- Melody 5.7 RC 15 RB
 - Updated SSRD command description to reflect release command functionality.
- Melody 5.7 RC 15 RA
 - o Added SSRD command to set scan response data.
- Melody 5.7 RC 14 RB
 - Updated Single Point Volume command description to correctly use syntax required for WIRED routing
- Melody 5.7 RC 14
 - Resolved issue with Route command, causing A2DP streams to be connected when not active
 - Resolved issue with SRA and digital interface slave modes causing device dependent audio glitches
 - Changed default I2S config to 0006 to be I2C WS polarity compliant.
- Melody 5.7 RC 13
 - o Resolved issue with INPUT_GAIN not being applied at runtime





Resolved issue with Melody Smart data characteristic

Melody 5.7 RC 11

- Resolved issues with HID profile
- CALL command will now accept any alphanumeric character and the following special characters: '+', '*', '#' as phone number parameter
- o Fixed ordering of commands displayed by HELP command to conform to alphabetical order
- Added BLE_AUTO_ADV config that will cause Melody to advertise all the time whenever BLE is in peripheral mode and not connected
- Fixed baud rate value from 921200 to 921600 (manual)

Melody 5.7 RC 10

- ENABLE_SPP_CONFIG reworked and now takes only 6 parameters; default values also changed. Please see config entry in manual for details.
- Resolved some issues with certain SPP sniff parameters causing a firmware panic
- Resolved issue with Melody in CLASSIC_ROLE=1 1 when issuing an MUSIC PLAY
 command on the non-streaming device without stopping the stream on the streaming device
 caused a firmware panic. MUSIC PLAY will now automatically swap streams to requested
 device.
- O Melody default parameters changed ENABLE ANDROID BLE to ON
- Resolved issue with Melody in CLASSIC ROLE=1 X when long press on PIO 2 (initiate Call to remote device) caused a firmware panic.
- Changes to SPDIF output configuration; Disabled SPDIF input, if AUDIO=5 is used, then analogue input is used.

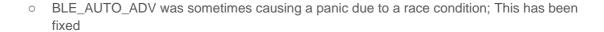
Melody 5.7 RC 9

- o Internal release
- Minor performance improvements

Melody 5.7 RC 8

- Calling wired route modes twice in a row caused a panic. This has now been resolved, a routing will not be allowed if it is already active.
- PCM interface configuration fixes: PCM interface operates at 16BPS, stereo, bit clock equal to 2*16*Fs, long sync is used with a sync length of 16 bit clocks.
- Issuing AVRCP PLAY from remote device in CLASSIC_ROLE=1 1 now works as expected
- Microphone bias is now correctly applied for WIRED A routing





Melody 5.7 RC7

- ROUTE command re-worked with routing syntax and logic changed and additional routing options introduced.
- VOLUME command appended to work with WIRED_A and WORED_D routing; Manual entry re-structured to clarify syntax and behaviour.

Melody 5.7 RC6

- o Fixed some issues with multiple A2DP connections when in source mode
- Changed default I2S configuration parameters to be I2S compliant
- Some fixes with tone generation/playback support

Melody 5.7 RC5

 Added Music Manager Support for Non-TWS mode. This is supported through the MM_CFG command and MM config

Melody 5.7 RC4

Added the ability to send commands via USB

Melody 5.7 RC3

Fix an issue where INQUIRY command was not finishing after the correct timeout.

Melody 5.7 RC2

Revert A2DP DSP and plugin to an older commit since they contained some issues.

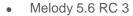
Melody 5.7 RC1

Add BLE command mode to be able to send commands and receive replies from Melody.
 Currently the only command that returns other than "OK" and "ERROR" is the "GET" command

Melody 5.6 RC5

- Bug fixing and code clean-up
- o Fix a bug where power off was not working correctly.





 When in HID host mode, the HID protocol will try to automatically reconnect in accordance with the AUTOCONN configuration parameter

Melody 5.6 RC 2

- In source mode, the CODEC config's sample rate controls the sample rate over the air. Valid values are 44100 Hz and 48000 Hz. If the value is different than 44100, the default of 48000 Hz is used.
- Added new indicators for the SCO connection's state: SCO_OPEN and SCO_CLOSE
- o Added new indicators for the call state: CALL_INCOMING
- o Fixed existing indicators CALL_ACTIVE and CALL_END to reflect the actual call state
- Added a new parameter to the ROUTE command: ROUTE_DIGITAL_{ON, OFF} which allows audio routing between the analogue inputs/outputs and a chosen digital interface

Melody 5.5 RC 11

- o ROLE command to switch roles on classic Bluetooth
- ROLE_OK and ROLE_NOT_ALLOWED events to notify the host of the result of the ROLE command
- ROLE <BD ADDR> to notify the host when the remote device changed the role.

Melody 5.5 RC 10

 On non-MFI builds, PIO 3 will go high when and active audio connection is made (SCO or A2DP stream).

Melody 5.5 RC 9

- Add error handling to ensure BLE and HID are not enabled concurrently.
- o Add "PENDING" when "READ DESC" command Is send and "OK" when reply is received.

Melody 5.5 RC 8

o HID device support added.

Melody 5.5 RC 7

HID host support added.

Melody 5.5 RC 2

- iBeacon support added
- Proximity Service support added





- Melody 5.5 RC 1
 - Device Information Service support added
- Melody 5.2 RC 1
 - o Multipoint support
 - TWS support
 - o Raw Data send for all profiles
 - o Classic and Smart states displayed separately
 - o LED indications updated to reflect new state structure
 - Configurable Secure Simple Pairing (SSP) support (out of band pairing not supported)
 - Microphone Bias control for both A2DP and HFP links
 - Access to CVC configuration keys
 - o Timeout before entering Sniff mode for SPP is now configurable.

Melody 5.0 RC11

Melody now goes into connectable mode (Classic) if all classic connections are closed, but a BLE connection remains open.

Melody 5.0 RC10

- Melody parser accepts all octet values. Melody SEND functions will accepts all input other than backspace (0x08) and carriage return (0x0D). Those are currently reserved for deleting the last character in the input buffer and issuing a command.
- o UART now additionally supports 230400, 460800, 921200 bps.
- Battery charging and threshold parameter configuration added (BATT THRESH)
- o iOS battery indication enable/disable configuration added (ENABLE BATT IND)
- o Android 4.3 BLE support configuration added (ENABLE ANDROID SUPPORT)
- SPP Sniff parameters are now also applied to iAP connections (on MFI builds)
- Source pairing procedure configuration added ability to choose RSSI level (RSSI THRESH)
- Melody 5.0 RC9
 - Added configuration to retrieve local Bluetooth address (LOCAL ADDRESS)
- Melody 5.0 RC8
 - Added SPP Sniff parameter configuration (SPP SNIFF)





Tones are defined as a sequence of notes described with pitch (N or TN) described through length (L), tempo (TE), loudness (V), timbre (TI) and decay (D). All of these parameters can be individually set for each note, changed at any place in the tone string or omitted (all except length) to use default values. Below you can find tables describing the different parameters and the flags used to set them and the values accepted.

Parameter	Flag	Accepted value and meaning	
Tempo	TE	0 – 4095	
		Given in quarter notes (crotches) per minute. If no tempo is specified, default is 120.	
Timbre	TI	0-7	
		Defines timber of following notes. Please see Table 9 for all available timbres. Default is 0 (Sine).	
Volume	v	0 – 255	
		Sets the volume for the tone. Default is 255 (max).	
Decay	D	00 – FF	
		Takes a hexadecimal values that is interpreted as a fixed point decimal number according to this format 0000.0000. Eg 15 = 1.5.	
		As each tone is played, its volume decreases with a variable rate. Low values for this parameter cause notes to decay very quickly, whereas high values cause the notes to continue with an almost constant volume.	
		A value of 005 (meaning 0.5) will cause each note to reach zero halfway through its duration giving a staccato feel.	
		A value of 20 (meaning 2.0) will cause each note to reach half its initial volume when the next note starts.	
		The default value is 20. This allows notes of the same length to be tied together with TN.	
Note	N	This describes a note pitch in the format:	
		Note{F/S} [octave]	
		Note is any note in A – G or R. R is used for a rest or pause. It has to be described for consistency with an octave eg RO.	



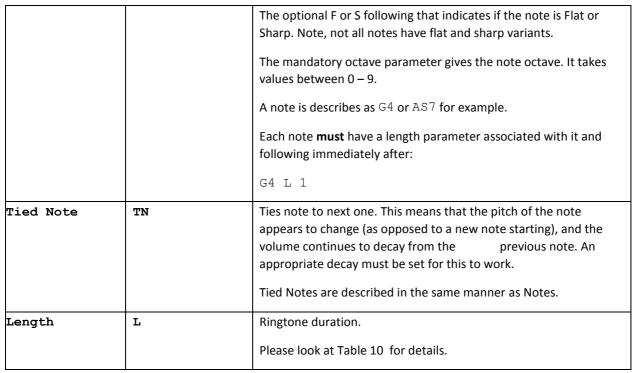


Table 11: TONE parameter detailed description

Timbre Value	Timbre Description
0	Sine wave
1	Square wave
2	Sawtooth wave
3	Triangle wave
4	Triangle wave (asymmetric)
5	Clipped sine wave
6	Simulates a plucked instrument

Table 12: Timbre value and description

Length Values	UK Notation	American Notation
1	Semibreve	Whole note



2	Minim	Half note
4	Crotchet	Quarter note
8	Quaver	Eighth note
16	Semiquaver	Sixteenth note
32	Demisemiquaver	Thirty-second note
64	Hemidemisemiquaver	Sixty-forth note
3	Minim triplet	Half note triplet
6	Crotchet triplet	Quarter note triplet
12	Quaver triplet	Eighth note triplet
24	Semiquaver triplet	Sixteenth note triplet
48	Demisemiquaver triplet	Thirty-second note triplet
96	Hemidemisemiquaver triplet	Sixty-forth note triplet

Table 13: Note length values and description





Appendix B: Use case example:

1. Discovering and pairing with devices

Discovering a phone from Melody and initiating paring:

Make sure BT is on and the phone is discoverable if you want to be able to see it in Melody. Look for discoverable devices.

>INQUIRY 15

Melody will return a list of discoverable device Bluetooth addresses and device classes.

```
>INQUIRY {BT ADDRESS} {DEVICE CLASS} {RSSI}
```

If you do not know your phone's BT address, but you know its name you can have Melody resolve device names.

>NAME {BTADDRESS}

Melody will return:

>NAME {BT ADDRESS} {DEVICE NAME}

Keep doing that until you find the correct device. Take note of its BD address. Type in:

```
>OPEN {BD ADDRESS} {PROFILE}
```

This will automatically pair Melody and the device and open the respective profile connection. Have in mind that pairing is sometimes linked to specific profiles; therefore it is best if you open all profiles that you want to use with the given device while the two devices are still in pairing stage.

Melody will respond with a status OPEN OK/OPEN ERROR for each opened profiles.

Discovering Melody from a phone and initiating paring:

Use status command to make sure Melody is discoverable

>STATUS

If not, type:

>DISCOVERABLE ON

Now look for devices from your mobile phone. Select and initiate pairing with Melody. This should also automatically connect the phone to Melody for all available profiles.

Melody will display OPEN_OK /OPEN_ERRPR confirmations for every profile connection opened.





2. Tones

The Tone command is used to play back tones on the Melody/BC127 audio output. Tones are mixed with any ongoing audio playback.

These are some example tones that demonstrate some of the Tone command capabilities:

>TONE TE 400 V 64 TI 0 N C5 L 8 N R0 L 32 N E5 L 8 N R0 L 32 N G5 L 8 N R0 L 32 N B5 L 4 N R0 L 1 N C6 L 2 TN C6 L 8

A sample tone is played back.

>TONE V 64 N C6 L 4 V 128 N C6 L 4 V 255 N C6 L 4 V 128 N C6 L 4 V 64 N C6 L 4

A variable volume single note is played back.

>TONE V 128 TI 0 N C4 L 8 N D4 L 8 N E4 L 8 N F4 L 8 N G4 L 8 N A4 L 8 N B4 L 8 N C5 L 8

A musical scale starting from C4 and omitting any flat and sharp tones is played.





3. Music (A2DP & AVRCP)

This use case assumes devices are paired.

If A2DP and AVRCP are not connected open those profiles now. This can be done either by connecting to Melody from the phone or by connecting from Melody:

```
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} A2DP
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} AVRCP (if supported)
```

Initiate playback on phone.

Now use Melody to control playback, if AVRCP is open and supported:

>MUSIC PAUSE pauses playback

>MUSIC PLAY resumes playback

>MUSIC FORWARD plays next song

>MUSIC BACKWARD starts current song from beginning or if repeated in quick succession plays previous song

>VOLUME UP increases Melody DAC volume

>VOLUME DOWN decreases Melody DAC volume

>MUSIC STOP stops playback

Note: On phones that support AVRCP 1.3 and newer song information is displayed





4. HFP & PBAP

This use case assumes devices are paired.

If HFP and PBAP (if supported) are not connected open those profiles now. This can be done either by connecting to Melody from the phone or by connecting from Melody:

```
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} HFP
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} PBAP
```

Making a call:

>CALL {NUMBER}

To accept or reject an incoming call

>ANSWER or >REJECT

To end any call:

>END

To pull the phonebook from the phone

>PULL PBOOK

Note: Pulling the phonebook will just display phonebook information. Melody will not store and cannot utilize this data in any way.





5. Data transfer (SPP)

This use case assumes devices are paired.

Note: a special application on the phone is needed in order to use SPP and connection to SPP needs to be initiated from that application.

To send data to the phones type:

```
>SEND {CHARACTERS}
```

Whenever data is received from the phone it will be displayed as follows:

```
>RECV SPP {character}
```

Data mode can be used to increase data throughput.

To enter data mode, type:

```
>ENTER DATA
```

Everything sent over UART will then immediately be forwarded to SPP and vice versa.

To exit DATA mode, type:

```
>$$$$
```

```
In ENABLE RAW DATA mode:
```

```
>SEND 0 {size}
```

<OK

>{raw data of length 'size' bytes}

<OK





Note: For BLE: a special application on the phone is needed to scan for, discover, connect and interact with the Melody service to transfer data.

To send data to the phones type:

```
>SEND {CHARACTERS}
```

<OK

Whenever data is received from the phone it will be displayed as follows:

```
>RECV BLE {character}
In ENABLE_RAW_DATA mode:

>SEND 12 {size}
<OK
>{raw data of length 'size' bytes}
```



7. HFP-AG

Set Melody to source mode and reset to start the new mode.

>SET CLASSIC_ROLE=1

>WRITE

>RESET

Open a connection with a headset using the HFP-AG profile

>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} AG

Make a voice call and open audio

>CALL

To end any call:

>END





8. Music Source (A2DP & AVRCP)

This use case assumes Melody is in source mode and devices are paired. Melody has a music player connected to its stereo input jack.

If A2DP and AVRCP are not connected open those profiles now. This can be done either by connecting to Melody from the phone or by connecting from Melody:

```
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} A2DP
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} AVRCP (if supported)
```

Use Melody to control playback:

>MUSIC PLAY starts playback

 $\verb|>VOLUME| UP increases Melody ADC volume| \\$

>VOLUME DOWN decreases Melody ADC volume

>MUSIC STOP stops playback

Issuing AVRCP commands on the headset will result in an event, and in case of AVRCP_PLAY and AVRCP_STOP, an immediate effect will occur alongside the event.





This use case shows how Melody can be used in the BLE Central role.

Enable BLE Central role:

>SET BLE_ROLE=2 >WRITE

On the partner device(s), issue the ADVERTISING ON command.

Scan for BLE-enabled Melody devices:

>SCAN 10

>RESET

Melody will return a list of discovered devices:

>SCAN {BT ADDRESS} <{BT SHORT NAME}>{ADVERTISING FLAGS} {RSSI}
> ...

>OK

Open a BT connection to a selected device:

```
>PEN {BT ADDRESS} BLE 
>OPEN_OK BLE
```

Melody connects to the partner's Melody service and is ready for data exchange.

>SEND hello

>OK

On message reception, a notification is issued:

>RECV BLE hello





This use case assumes devices are paired.

First ensure hid is enabled and data can be sent:

```
> SET ENABLE_RAW_DATA=ON
> SET BLE_ROLE=0
> SET HID_ROLE=1
```

>WRITE

>RESET

To open a hid connection to a hid device:

```
> OPEN {BT ADDRESS} HID
```

To read the USB descriptor from the remote HID device:

```
> READ DESC {BT ADDRESS}
```

When HID reports are received over hid, an event will be received:

```
>RECV HID {size} {data}
```

Size is the number of octets of binary data following. Melody simply outputs the received data without processing. It is the responsibility of the host to handle it.

To send data:

```
>SEND 16 {size}
> {binary data}
```

16 is the connection id for the first hid connection. size is the length of the following binary data. Similarly to received data, any data sent is not parsed or processed by Melody, only sent to the remote device.

The connection status can be viewed using status:

> STATUS

The connection can be closed using close:

> CLOSE 16





This use case assumes devices are paired.

First ensure hid is enabled and data can be sent:

```
> SET COD=000540
> SET ENABLE_RAW_DATA=ON
> SET BLE_ROLE=0
> SET HID_ROLE=2
>WRITE
>RESET
```

This will make Melody, on pairing with the remote device, enumerate as a keyboard.

By default, the usb descriptor is set to behave as a simple keyboard.

To set the usb descriptor:

```
>DESC {size}
> {binary data}
```

Size is the number of octets of binary data following.

When HID reports are received over hid, an event will be received:

```
> RECV HID {size} {data}
```

Size is the number of octets of binary data following. Melody simply outputs the received data without processing. It is the responsibility of the host to handle it.

To send data:

```
>SEND 16 {size}
> {binary data}
```

16 is the connection id for the first hid connection. size is the length of the following binary data. Similarly to receive data, any data sent is not parsed or processed by Melody, only sent to the remote device.

The connection status can be viewed using status:

```
> STATUS
```

The connection can be closed using close:

```
> CLOSE 16
```





Examples:

Keyboard:

Melody act by default as a simple Keyboard, here are some examples of HID report that you can send:

- Pressing 'a':
- > SEND 16 8
- > 0000040000000000027
- Release key:
- > SEND 16 8
- > 00000000000000000

Mouse:

If you want to use Melody as a Mouse, you have to change the COD (000580) and set a different USB descriptor. Here is an example:

> DESC 71

>05010902A1010901A10005091901290815002501950875018102950081030501093009311601F826 FF07750C9502810609381581257F750895018106050C0A380295018106C0C0

Here are some HID reports that you can send:

- Move the mouse vertically:
- > SEND 16 6
- > 000030000000
- Left-Button press:
- > SEND 16 6
- > 010000000000
- Button release:
- > SEND 16 6
- > 000000000000

²⁷ Please note that the binary data are hexadecimal values in those examples





Melody ships with generic example configurations for the Music Manger.

The pre-set equalizer banks give the following settings:

- 0 Flat response
- 1 Bass boost
- 2 Treble boost
- 3 Rock
- 4 Jazz
- 5 Bass boost (identical to 1)
- 6 Treble boost (identical to 2)

The other enhancement blocks are pre-set to the following:

Bass boost - +6dB for frequencies under 400Hz

3d Enhancement - 300 sample delay path modelling

Compander - 2:1 Compress from -20dB, Hard Limit from -6dB

Dithering - Noise shaped dithering

Speaker Eq - flat response

Enable Music Manager and set equaliser to Rock

> SET MM=1 1 3

Enable Music Manager and set equaliser to Rock and add 3d Enhancement

> SET MM=1 1 3 0 1

Enable Music Manager and set equaliser to Rock and add Bass boost and 3d Enhancement

> SET MM=1 1 3 1 1

All Music Manager configurations can be modified using CSR UFE from ADK 2.0 following the procedures outlined in CSR documentation.





13. Routing example

Melody allows users to select which audio stream to send to the configured audio output.

This example assumes Melody is configured for multi-point mode (CLASSIC ROLE=0 1), analogue audio output is used (AUDIO=0) and that two phones have been paired and connected and streaming has been started on both phones.

Melody will be routing the first started stream by default. You can check current routing:

- > ROUTE
- < ROUTE=2

This indicates that the phone that connected first started the stream first and is routed to the audio output

To switch to the other phone:

- > ROUTE 3
- < OK

You should immediately hear the new audio stream on the output

To switch audio routing to Analogue Loopback mode (WIRED_A):

- > Route 40
- < OK

This will output whatever signal is present on the analogue audio input to the analogue output. By default, the analogue input is configured as a line input.

To change wired mode settings, please use the WIRED command.

If you wish to for stop any audio from being routed:

- > ROUTE 0
- < OK

This will disconnect any current routing from the output.

Please note that since Melody does auto routing, any subsequent incoming Bluetooth audio event (new stream or new call) will be routed according to the output.

Also, please note that WIRED routing modes are overrides and will stop auto routing events from routing.